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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	XCore
Core Size	32-Bit 24-Core
Speed	4000MIPS
Connectivity	USB
Peripherals	-
Number of I/O	176
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	•
RAM Size	1M x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	0.95V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	•
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	374-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	374-FBGA (18x18)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xmos/xuf224-1024-fb374-i40

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Signal Function Type Properties X3D42 8D⁶ 16B¹⁴ I/O IOT, PD

X3D43

	System pins (4)								
Signal	Function	Properties							
CLK	PLL reference clock	Input	IOL, PD, ST						
GLOBAL_DEBUG	Multi-chip debug	I/O	IOL, PU						
MODE0	Boot mode select	Input	PU						
MODE1	Boot mode select	Input	PU						

8D⁷

16B¹⁵

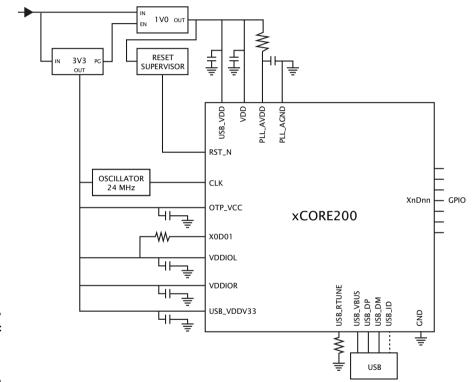
I/0

IOT, PD

	usb pins (10)		
Signal	Function	Туре	Properties
USB_DM_0		I/O	
USB_DM_1		I/O	
USB_DP_0		I/O	
USB_DP_1		I/O	
USB_ID_0		I/O	
USB_ID_1		I/O	
USB_RTUNE_0		I/O	
USB_RTUNE_1		I/0	
USB_VBUS_0		I/0	
VUSB_BUS_1		I/0	

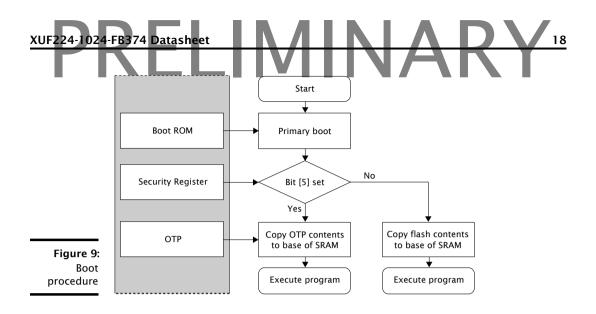
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Figure 2: Simplified Reference Schematic



- A 32-bit program size *s* in words.
- Program consisting of $s \times 4$ bytes.
- ▶ A 32-bit CRC, or the value 0x0D15AB1E to indicate that no CRC check should be performed.

The program size and CRC are stored least significant byte first. The program is loaded into the lowest memory address of RAM, and the program is started from that address. The CRC is calculated over the byte stream represented by the program size and the program itself. The polynomial used is 0xEDB88320 (IEEE 802.3); the CRC register is initialized with 0xFFFFFFFF and the residue is inverted to produce the CRC.

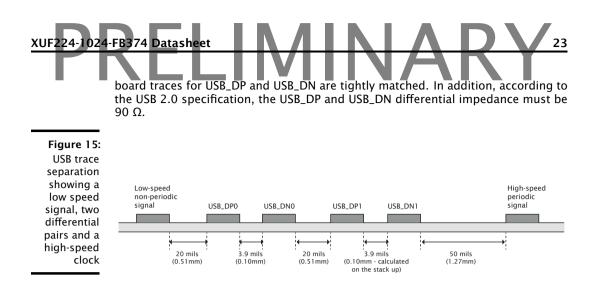
8.1 Security register

The security register enables security features on the xCORE tile. The features shown in Figure 10 provide a strong level of protection and are sufficient for providing strong IP security.

9 Memory

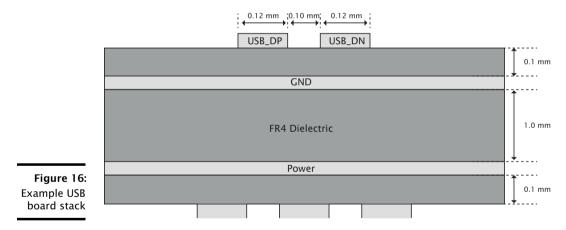
9.1 OTP

Each xCORE Tile integrates 8 KB one-time programmable (OTP) memory along with a security register that configures system wide security features. The OTP holds data in four sectors each containing 512 rows of 32 bits which can be used to implement secure bootloaders and store encryption keys. Data for the security register is loaded from the OTP on power up. All additional data in OTP is copied from the OTP to SRAM and executed first on the processor.



12.2.1 General routing and placement guidelines

The following guidelines will help to avoid signal quality and EMI problems on high speed USB designs. They relate to a four-layer (Signal, GND, Power, Signal) PCB.



For best results, most of the routing should be done on the top layer (assuming the USB connector and XS2-UF24A-1024-FB374 are on the top layer) closest to GND. Reference planes should be below the transmission lines in order to maintain control of the trace impedance.

We recommend that the high-speed clock and high-speed USB differential pairs are routed first before any other routing. When routing high speed USB signals, the following guidelines should be followed:

- ▶ High speed differential pairs should be routed together.
- ▶ High-speed USB signal pair traces should be trace-length matched. Maximum trace-length mismatch should be no greater than 4mm.





13.1 Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	Notes
VDD	Tile DC supply voltage	0.95	1.00	1.05	V	
VDDIO	I/O supply voltage	2.30	3.30	3.60	V	
VDDIOT 3v3	I/O supply voltage	3.135	3.30	3.465	V	
VDDIOT 2v5	I/O supply voltage	2.375	2.50	2.625	V	
VDD33	Peripheral supply	3.135	3.30	3.465	V	
PLL_AVDD	PLL analog supply	0.95	1.00	1.05	V	
CI	xCORE Tile I/O load capacitance			25	pF	
Та	Ambient operating temperature (Commercial)	0		70	°C	
	Ambient operating temperature (Industrial)	-40		85	°C	
Тј	Junction temperature			125	°C	
Tstg	Storage temperature	-65		150	°C	

Figure 17: Operating conditions

Figure 18: DC characteristics

13.2 DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	Notes
V(IH)	Input high voltage	2.00		3.60	V	А
V(IL)	Input low voltage	-0.30		0.70	V	А
V(OH)	Output high voltage	2.20			V	B, C
V(OL)	Output low voltage			0.40	V	B, C
R(PU)	Pull-up resistance		35K		Ω	D
R(PD)	Pull-down resistance		35K		Ω	D

A All pins except power supply pins.

B All general-purpose I/Os are nominal 4 mA.

C Measured with 4 mA drivers sourcing 4 mA, 8 mA drivers sourcing 8 mA.

D Used to guarantee logic state for an I/O when high impedance. The internal pull-ups/pull-downs should not be used to pull external circuitry.

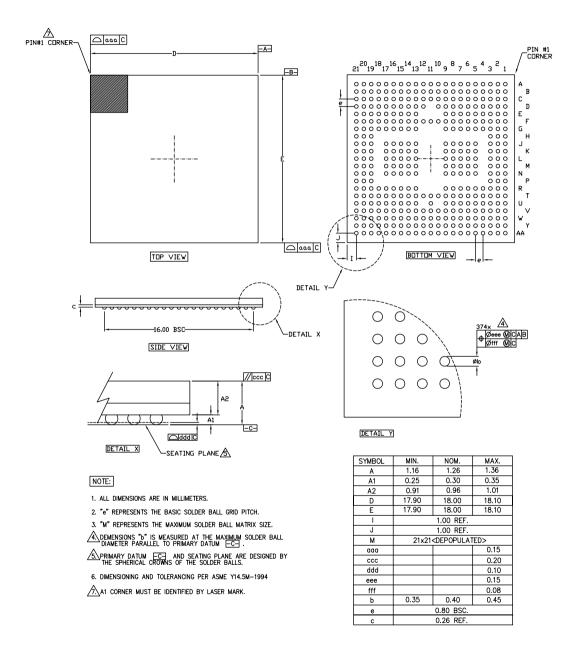
13.3 ESD Stress Voltage

Figure 19:	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	Notes
ESD stress	HBM	Human body model	-2.00		2.00	KV	
voltage	CDM	Charged Device Model	-500		500	V	

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control-token	24-bit response	8-bit	8-bit	data	control-token
36	channel-end identifier	register number	size		1

The response to a write message comprises either control tokens 3 and 1 (for success), or control tokens 4 and 1 (for failure).

A read message comprises the following:

control-token	24-bit response	8-bit	8-bit	control-token
37	channel-end identifier	register number	size	1

The response to the read message comprises either control token 3, data, and control-token 1 (for success), or control tokens 4 and 1 (for failure).

XUF224-1024-1	FB374 D	atashee	et		ΝΙ	Λ	D	V	37
					\mathbf{I}	A	Γ		
	Bits	Perm	Init	Description					

Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31:26	RO	-	Reserved
25:18	RW	0	RGMII TX data delay value (in PLL output cycle increments)
17:9	RW	0	RGMII TX clock divider value. TX clk rises when counter (clocked by PLL output) reaches this value and falls when counter reaches (value»1). Value programmed into this field should be actual divide value required minus 1
8	RW	0	Enable RGMII interface periph ports
7:6	RO	-	Reserved
5	RW	0	Select the dynamic mode (1) for the clock divider when the clock divider is enabled. In dynamic mode the clock divider is only activated when all active threads are paused. In static mode the clock divider is always enabled.
4	RW	0	Enable the clock divider. This divides the output of the PLL to facilitate one of the low power modes.
3	RO	-	Reserved
2	RW		Select between UTMI (1) and ULPI (0) mode.
1	RW		Enable the ULPI Hardware support module
0	RO	-	Reserved

0x02: xCORE Tile control

B.4 xCORE Tile boot status: 0x03

This read-only register describes the boot status of the xCORE tile.

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Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31:24	RO	-	Reserved
23:16	RO		Processor number.
15:9	RO	-	Reserved
8	RO		Overwrite BOOT_MODE.
7:6	RO	-	Reserved
5	RO		Indicates if core1 has been powered off
4	RO		Cause the ROM to not poll the OTP for correct read levels
3	RO		Boot ROM boots from RAM
2	RO		Boot ROM boots from JTAG
1:0	RO		The boot PLL mode pin value.

0x03 xCORE Tile boot status



Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31	RW		Disables write permission on this register
30:15	RO	-	Reserved
14	RW		Disable access to XCore's global debug
13	RO	-	Reserved
12	RW		lock all OTP sectors
11:8	RW		lock bit for each OTP sector
7	RW		Enable OTP reduanacy
6	RO	-	Reserved
5	RW		Override boot mode and read boot image from OTP
4	RW		Disable JTAG access to the PLL/BOOT configuration registers
3:1	RO	-	Reserved
0	RW		Disable access to XCore's JTAG debug TAP

Copy of the security register as read from OTP.

0x05: Security configuration

B.6 Ring Oscillator Control: 0x06

There are four free-running oscillators that clock four counters. The oscillators can be started and stopped using this register. The counters should only be read when the ring oscillator has been stopped for at least 10 core clock cycles (this can be achieved by inserting two nop instructions between the SETPS and GETPS). The counter values can be read using four subsequent registers. The ring oscillators are asynchronous to the xCORE tile clock and can be used as a source of random bits.

0x06: Ring Oscillator Control

•	Bits	Perm	Init	Description	
:	31:2	RO	-	Reserved	
	1	RW	0	Core ring oscillator enable.	
	0	RW	0	Peripheral ring oscillator enable.	

B.7 Ring Oscillator Value: 0x07

This register contains the current count of the xCORE Tile Cell ring oscillator. This value is not reset on a system reset.

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B.8 Ring Oscillator Value: 0x08

This register contains the current count of the xCORE Tile Wire ring oscillator. This value is not reset on a system reset.

0x08 Ring Oscillator Value

08: ing	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
tor	31:16	RO	-	Reserved
lue	15:0	RO	0	Ring oscillator Counter data.

B.9 Ring Oscillator Value: 0x09

This register contains the current count of the Peripheral Cell ring oscillator. This value is not reset on a system reset.

0x09 Ring Oscillator Value

9:	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
ig or	31:16	RO	-	Reserved
ie	15:0	RO	0	Ring oscillator Counter data.

B.10 Ring Oscillator Value: 0x0A

This register contains the current count of the Peripheral Wire ring oscillator. This value is not reset on a system reset.

0x0A: Ring Oscillator Value

)A: ng	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
tor	31:16	RO	-	Reserved
ue	15:0	RO	0	Ring oscillator Counter data.

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B.11 RAM size: 0x0C

The size of the RAM in bytes

XUF224-1024-	FB374	Datashe	et	IMINARY ⁴⁰
	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
0x0C:	31:2	RO		Most significant 16 bits of all addresses.
RAM size	1:0	RO	-	Reserved

B.12 Debug SSR: 0x10

This register contains the value of the SSR register when the debugger was called.

Bits	Perm	Init	Description	
31:11	RO	-	Reserved	
10	DRW		Address space indentifier	
9	DRW		Determines the issue mode (DI bit) upon Kernel Entry after Exception or Interrupt.	
8	RO		Determines the issue mode (DI bit).	
7	DRW		When 1 the thread is in fast mode and will continually issue.	
6	DRW		When 1 the thread is paused waiting for events, a lock or another resource.	
5	RO	-	Reserved	
4	DRW		1 when in kernel mode.	
3	DRW		1 when in an interrupt handler.	
2	DRW		1 when in an event enabling sequence.	
1	DRW		When 1 interrupts are enabled for the thread.	
0	DRW		When 1 events are enabled for the thread.	

0x10: Debug SSR

B.13 Debug SPC: 0x11

This register contains the value of the SPC register when the debugger was called.

0x11:	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
Debug SPC	31:0	DRW		Value.

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B.14 Debug SSP: 0x12

This register contains the value of the SSP register when the debugger was called.

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	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
	31:24	RO	-	Reserved
	23:16	DRW	0	A bit for each thread in the machine allowing the breakpoint to be enabled individually for each thread.
0x9C 0x9F: Resources	15:2	RO	-	Reserved
breakpoint control	1	DRW	0	When 0 break when condition A is met. When 1 = break when condition B is met.
register	0	DRW	0	When 1 the instruction breakpoint is enabled.



XUF224-1024-1	FB374 D	atashee	et	MINARY ⁴⁹
	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
	31	CRO		Disables write permission on this register
	30:15	RO	-	Reserved
	14	CRO		Disable access to XCore's global debug
	13	RO	-	Reserved
	12	CRO		lock all OTP sectors
	11:8	CRO		lock bit for each OTP sector
	7	CRO		Enable OTP reduanacy
	6	RO	-	Reserved
	5	CRO		Override boot mode and read boot image from OTP
0x07:	4	CRO		Disable JTAG access to the PLL/BOOT configuration registers
Security	3:1	RO	-	Reserved
configuration	0	CRO		Disable access to XCore's JTAG debug TAP

C.8 Debug scratch: 0x20 .. 0x27

A set of registers used by the debug ROM to communicate with an external debugger, for example over the switch. This is the same set of registers as the Debug Scratch registers in the processor status.

0x20 .. 0x27 Debug scratch

0x27: Debug	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
cratch	31:0	CRW		Value.

C.9 PC of logical core 0: 0x40

Value of the PC of logical core 0.

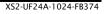
0x40 PC of logical core 0

0x40: ogical	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
ore 0	31:0	CRO		Value.

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C.10 PC of logical core 1: 0x41

Value of the PC of logical core 1.





Value of the SR of logical core 7

0x67: SR of logical	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
core 7	31:0	CRO		Value.



54 XUF224-1024-FB374 Datasheet **Node Configuration** D

The digital node control registers can be accessed using configuration reads and writes (use write_node_config_reg(device, ...) and read_node_config_reg(device, \rightarrow ...) for reads and writes).

Number	Perm	Description
0x00	RO	Device identification
0x01	RO	System switch description
0x04	RW	Switch configuration
0x05	RW	Switch node identifier
0x06	RW	PLL settings
0x07	RW	System switch clock divider
0x08	RW	Reference clock
0x09	R	System JTAG device ID register
0x0A	R	System USERCODE register
0x0C	RW	Directions 0-7
0x0D	RW	Directions 8-15
0x10	RW	Reserved
0x11	RW	Reserved.
0x1F	RO	Debug source
0x20 0x28	RW	Link status, direction, and network
0x40 0x47	RO	PLink status and network
0x80 0x88	RW	Link configuration and initialization
0xA0 0xA7	RW	Static link configuration

Figure 31: Summary

D.1 Device identification: 0x00

This register contains version and revision identifiers and the mode-pins as sampled at boot-time.

	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
	31:24	RO	-	Reserved
0x00:	23:16 RO Sampled values of BootCtl pins on Power On Reset.		Sampled values of BootCtl pins on Power On Reset.	
Device	15:8	RO		SSwitch revision.
tification	7:0	RO		SSwitch version.

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identi

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	Bits Perm Init Description		Description	
	31:28	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is F.
	27:24 RW 0		0	The direction for packets whose dimension is E.
	23:20	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is D.
	19:16	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is C.
	15:12	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is B.
0x0D:	11:8	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is A.
Directions	7:4	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is 9.
8-15	3:0	RW	0	The direction for packets whose dimension is 8.

D.12 Reserved: 0x10

Reserved.

0x10:
Reserved

Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31:2	RO	-	Reserved
1	RW	0	Reserved.
0	RW	0	Reserved.

D.13 Reserved.: 0x11

Reserved.

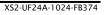
0x11: Reserved.

Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31:2	RO	-	Reserved
1	RW	0	Reserved.
0	RW	0	Reserved.

D.14 Debug source: 0x1F

Contains the source of the most recent debug event.

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The USB node control registers can be accessed using configuration reads and writes (use write_node_config_reg(device, ...) and read_node_config_reg(device, \rightarrow ...) for reads and writes).

Number	Perm	Description
0x00	RO	Device identification register
0x04	RW	Node configuration register
0x05	RW	Node identifier
0x51	RW	System clock frequency
0x80	RW	Link Control and Status

Figure 32: Summary

E.1 Device identification register: 0x00

This register contains version information, and information on power-on behavior.

0x00: Device identification register

Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31:24	RO	0x0F	Chip identifier
23:16	RO	-	Reserved
15:8	RO	0x02	Revision number of the USB block
7:0	RO	0x00	Version number of the USB block

E.2 Node configuration register: 0x04

This register is used to set the communication model to use (1 or 3 byte headers), and to prevent any further updates.

	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
0x04:	31	RW	0	Set to 1 to disable further updates to the node configuration and link control and status registers.
Node ration	30:1	RO	-	Reserved
gister	0	RW	0	Header mode. 0: 3-byte headers; 1: 1-byte headers.

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65 XUF224-1024-FB374 Datasheet Bits Perm Init Description 31:8 RO _ Reserved 7 RW 0 Set to 1 to enable XEVACKMODE mode. 6 RW 0 Set to 1 to enable SOFISTOKEN mode. 5 RW 0 Set to 1 to enable UIFM power signalling mode. 4 RW 0 Set to 1 to enable IF timing mode.

0x04: **UIFM IFM**

control

3

2

1

0

RO

RW

RW

RW

F.3 UIFM Device Address: 0x08

_

0

0

0

Reserved

The device address whose packets should be received. 0 until enumeration, it should be set to the assigned value after enumeration.

Set to 1 to enable UIFM linestate decoder.

Set to 1 to enable UIFM DOTOKENS mode.

Set to 1 to enable UIFM CHECKTOKENS mode.

0x08: **UIFM Device** Address

Bits	Perm	Init	Description
31:7	RO	-	Reserved
6:0	RW	0	The enumerated USB device address must be stored here. Only packets to this address are passed on.

F.4 UIFM functional control: 0x0C

0x0C: UIFM functional control

	Bits	Perm	Init	Description
	31:5	RO	-	Reserved
:	4:2	RW	1	Set to 0 to disable UIFM to UTMI+ OPMODE mode.
	1	RW	1	Set to 1 to switch UIFM to UTMI+ TERMSELECT mode.
-	0	RW	1	Set to 1 to switch UIFM to UTMI+ XCVRSELECT mode.

F.5 UIFM on-the-go control: 0x10

This register is used to negotiate an on-the-go connection.

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Document Title	Information	Document Number
Estimating Power Consumption For XS1-UF Devices	Power consumption	
Programming XC on XMOS Devices	Timers, ports, clocks, cores and channels	X9577
xTIMEcomposer User Guide	Compilers, assembler and linker/mapper	X3766
	Timing analyzer, xScope, debugger	
	Flash and OTP programming utilities	

L Related Documentation

Document Title	Information	Document Number
The XMOS XS1 Architecture	ISA manual	X7879
XS1 Port I/O Timing	Port timings	X5821
xCONNECT Architecture	Link, switch and system information	X4249
XS1-UF Link Performance and Design Guidelines	Link timings	
XS1-UF Clock Frequency Control	Advanced clock control	

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XUF224-1024-FB374 Datasheet 77 M Revision History

Date	Description	
2015-03-20	Preliminary release	
2015-04-14	Added RST to pins to be pulled hard, and removed reference to TCK from Errata	
	Removed TRST_N references in packages that have no TRST_N	
	New diagram for boot from embedded flash showing ports	
	Pull up requirements for shared clock and external resistor for QSPI	
2015-05-06	Removed references tro DEBUG_N	
2015-07-09	Updated electrical characteristics - Section 13	
2015-08-19	Added I(USB_VDD) - Section 13	
	Added USB layout guidelines - Section 12	
2015-08-27	Updated part marking and product code - Section 15	



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