NXP USA Inc. - MKV31F256VLH12P Datasheet





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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	120MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	46
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	48K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 2x16b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mkv31f256vlh12p

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

• Up to 70 general-purpose I/O (GPIO)

- Implements Field Orient Control (FOC) using Back EMF to improve motor efficiency
- Utilizes SpinTAC control theory that improves overall system performance and reliability

Ordering Information

Part Number	Mei	Number of GPIOs	
	Flash (KB)	SRAM (KB)	
MKV31F256VLL12	256	48	70
MKV31F256VLH12	256	48	46
MKV31F256VLH12P	248	48	46

Related Resources

Туре	Description	Resource
Selector Guide	The Freescale Solution Advisor is a web-based tool that features interactive application wizards and a dynamic product selector	Product Selector
Product Brief	The Product Brief contains concise overview/summary information to enable quick evaluation of a device for design suitability.	KV30FKV31FPB
Reference Manual	The Reference Manual contains a comprehensive description of the structure and function (operation) of a device.	KV31P100M120SF8RM
Data Sheet	The Data Sheet is this document. It includes electrical characteristics and signal connections.	KV31P100M120SF8
Chip Errata	The chip mask set Errata provides additional or corrective information for a particular device mask set.	KINETIS_xN51M ¹
KMS User Guide	The KMS User Guide provides a comprehensive description of the features and functions of the Kinetis Motor Suite solution.	Kinetis Motor Suite User's Guide (KMS100UG) ²
KMS API Reference Manual	The KMS API reference manual provides a comprehensive description of the API of the Kinetis Motor Suite function blocks.	Kinetis Motor Suite API Reference Manual (KMS100RM) ²
Package drawing	Package dimensions are provided by part number: • MKV31F256VLL12 • MKV31F256VLH12 • MKV31F256VLH12P	Package drawing: • 98ASS23308W • 98ASS23234W • 98ASS23234W

1. To find the associated resource, go to freescale.com and perform a search using this term with the *x* replaced by the revision of the device you are using.

2. To find the associated resource, go to freescale.com and perform a search using Document ID

Figure 1 shows the functional modules in the chip.

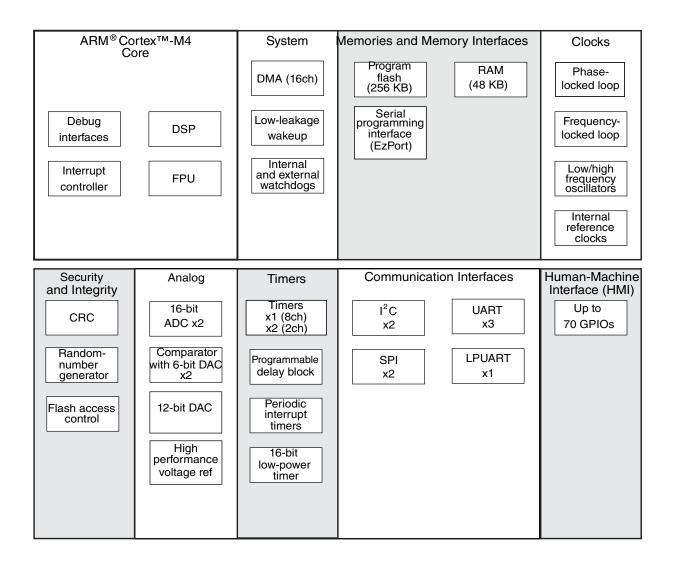


Figure 1. Functional block diagram

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, \text{I}_{\text{OL}} = 3 \text{ mA}$	—	_	0.5	V	
	$1.71 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{OL}} = 1.5 \text{ mA}$	_	—	0.5	V	
I _{OLT}	Output low current total for all ports	—	—	100	mA	
I _{IN}	Input leakage current (per pin) for full temperature range					
	All pins other than high drive port pins	_	0.002	0.5	μA	1, 2
	High drive port pins	_	0.004	0.5	μA	
I _{IN}	Input leakage current (total all pins) for full temperature range		—	1.0	μA	2
R _{PU}	Internal pullup resistors	20		50	kΩ	3
R _{PD}	Internal pulldown resistors	20		50	kΩ	4

Table 3. Voltage and current operating behaviors (continued)

1. PTB0, PTB1, PTC3, PTC4, PTD4, PTD5, PTD6, and PTD7 I/O have both high drive and normal drive capability selected by the associated PTx_PCRn[DSE] control bit. All other GPIOs are normal drive only.

2. Measured at VDD=3.6V

3. Measured at V_{DD} supply voltage = V_{DD} min and Vinput = V_{SS}

4. Measured at V_{DD} supply voltage = V_{DD} min and Vinput = V_{DD}

2.2.4 Power mode transition operating behaviors

All specifications except t_{POR} , and VLLSx \rightarrow RUN recovery times in the following table assume this clock configuration:

- CPU and system clocks = 80 MHz
- Bus clock = 40 MHz
- Flash clock = 20 MHz
- MCG mode: FEI

Table 4. Power mode transition operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{POR}	After a POR event, amount of time from the point V_{DD} reaches 1.71 V to execution of the first instruction across the operating temperature range of the chip.	_	_	300	μs	1
	• VLLS0 \rightarrow RUN	_	_	140	μs	
	• VLLS1 \rightarrow RUN	_	_	140	μs	
	• VLLS2 \rightarrow RUN			80	μs	

Table continues on the next page...

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Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	 VLLS3 → RUN 					
		—		80	μs	
	 LLS2 → RUN 			6		
		—			μs	
	 LLS3 → RUN 			6		
		—			μs	
	 VLPS → RUN 					
		—	—	5.7	μs	
	STOP → RUN					
				5.7	μs	

 Table 4. Power mode transition operating behaviors (continued)

1. Normal boot (FTFA_OPT[LPBOOT]=1)

2.2.5 Power consumption operating behaviors

The current parameters in the table below are derived from code executing a while(1) loop from flash, unless otherwise noted.

The IDD typical values represent the statistical mean at 25°C, and the IDD maximum values for RUN, WAIT, VLPR, and VLPW represent data collected at 125°C junction temperature unless otherwise noted. The maximum values represent characterized results equivalent to the mean plus three times the standard deviation (mean + 3 sigma).

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA}	Analog supply current	—	—	See note	mA	1
I _{DD_HSRUN}	High Speed Run mode current - all peripheral clocks disabled, CoreMark benchmark code executing from flash					
	@ 1.8V	_	25.66	26.35	mA	2, 3, 4
	@ 3.0V	_	25.75	26.44	mA	
I _{DD_HSRUN}	High Speed Run mode current - all peripheral clocks disabled, code executing from flash					
	@ 1.8V	_	23.6	24.29	mA	2
	@ 3.0V	_	23.7	24.39	mA	
I _{DD_HSRUN}	High Speed Run mode current — all peripheral clocks enabled, code executing from flash					
	@ 1.8V	_	31.9	32.59	mA	5
	@ 3.0V	_	32.0	32.69	mA	

 Table 5. Power consumption operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	@ 70°C	_	1.79	2.10	μA	
	@ 85°C	—	2.9	4.70	μA	
	@ 105°C	—	5.7	8.10	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS0}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POR detect circuit enabled					
	@ -40°C to 25°C	—	0.40	0.56	μA	
	@ 70°C	—	1.39	1.70	μA	
	@ 85°C	—	2.5	4.25	μA	
	@ 105°C	—	5.3	7.50	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS0}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POR detect circuit disabled					
	@ -40°C to 25°C	—	0.12	0.38	μA	
	@ 70°C	—	1.05	1.38	μA	
	@ 85°C	—	2.20	3.95	μA	
	@ 105°C	—	4.9	7.10	μA	

Table 5. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

- 1. The analog supply current is the sum of the active or disabled current for each of the analog modules on the device. See each module's specification for its supply current.
- 120MHz core and system clock, 60MHz bus clock, and 24MHz flash clock. MCG configured for PEE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.
- 3. Cache on and prefetch on, low compiler optimization.
- 4. Coremark benchmark compiled using IAR 7.2 with optimization level low.
- 5. 120MHz core and system clock, 60MHz bus clock, and 24MHz flash clock. MCG configured for PEE mode. All peripheral clocks enabled.
- 6. 80 MHz core and system clock, 40 MHz bus clock, and 26.67 MHz flash clock. MCG configured for PEE mode. Compute operation.
- 7. 80MHz core and system clock, 40MHz bus clock, and 26.67MHz flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.
- 8. 80MHz core and system clock, 40MHz bus clock, and 26.67MHz flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode. All peripheral clocks enabled.
- 9. 80MHz core and system clock, 40MHz bus clock, and 26.67MHz flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode. Compute operation.
- 10. 25MHz core and system clock, 25MHz bus clock, and 25MHz flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode.
- 11. 4 MHz core, system, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. Compute operation. Code executing from flash.
- 12. 4 MHz core, system, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled. Code executing from flash.
- 13. 4 MHz core, system, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks enabled but peripherals are not in active operation. Code executing from flash.
- 14. 4 MHz core, system, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.

Table 6.	Low power	mode peripheral	adders—typical value
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Symbol	Description			Tempera	ature (°C	<u>)</u>		Unit
		-40	25	50	70	85	105	
I _{IREFSTEN4MHz}	4 MHz internal reference clock (IRC) adder. Measured by entering STOP or VLPS mode with 4 MHz IRC enabled.	56	56	56	56	56	56	μA
I _{IREFSTEN32KHz}	32 kHz internal reference clock (IRC) adder. Measured by entering STOP mode with the 32 kHz IRC enabled.	52	52	52	52	52	52	μA
I _{EREFSTEN4MHz}	External 4 MHz crystal clock adder. Measured by entering STOP or VLPS mode with the crystal enabled.	206	228	237	245	251	258	uA
I _{EREFSTEN32KHz}	External 32 kHz crystal clock adder by means of the OSC0_CR[EREFSTEN and EREFSTEN] bits. Measured by entering all modes with the crystal enabled.							
	VLLS1	440	490	540	560	570	580	n A
	VLLS3	440	490	540	560	570	580	
	LLS	490	490	540	560	570	680	
	VLPS	510	560	560	560	610	680	
	STOP	510	560	560	560	610	680	
I _{48MIRC}	48 Mhz internal reference clock	350	350	350	350	350	350	μA
I _{CMP}	CMP peripheral adder measured by placing the device in VLLS1 mode with CMP enabled using the 6-bit DAC and a single external input for compare. Includes 6-bit DAC power consumption.	22	22	22	22	22	22	μA
I _{UART}	UART peripheral adder measured by placing the device in STOP or VLPS mode with selected clock source waiting for RX data at 115200 baud rate. Includes selected clock source power consumption.							
	MCGIRCLK (4 MHz internal reference	66	66	66	66	66	66	μA
	clock) >OSCERCLK (4 MHz external crystal)	214	237	246	254	260	268	
I _{BG}	Bandgap adder when BGEN bit is set and device is placed in VLPx, LLS, or VLLSx mode.	45	45	45	45	45	45	μA
I _{ADC}	ADC peripheral adder combining the measured values at V_{DD} and V_{DDA} by placing the device in STOP or VLPS mode. ADC is configured for low power mode using the internal clock and continuous conversions.	42	42	42	42	42	42	μA

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{LPTMR_pin}	LPTMR clock	—	25	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_ERCLK}	LPTMR external reference clock	—	16	MHz	

Table 9.	Device clock s	pecifications	(continued)	

1. The frequency limitations in VLPR mode here override any frequency specification listed in the timing specification for any other module.

2.3.2 General switching specifications

These general purpose specifications apply to all signals configured for GPIO, UART, and timers.

Table 10. General switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Synchronous path	1.5	_	Bus clock cycles	1, 2
	External RESET and NMI pin interrupt pulse width — Asynchronous path	100	_	ns	3
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, passive filter disabled) — Asynchronous path	50	_	ns	4
	Mode select (EZP_CS) hold time after reset deassertion	2	_	Bus clock cycles	
	Port rise and fall time				5
	Slew disabled	_			
	 1.71 ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 2.7V 	_	10	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$		5	ns	
	Slew enabled	_			
	• 1.71 ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 2.7V	_	30	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$		16	ns	

- 1. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to pass through the pin synchronization circuitry. Shorter pulses may or may not be recognized. In Stop, VLPS, LLS, and VLLSx modes, the synchronizer is bypassed so shorter pulses can be recognized in that case.
- 2. The greater of synchronous and asynchronous timing must be met.
- 3. These pins have a passive filter enabled on the inputs. This is the shortest pulse width that is guaranteed to be recognized.
- 4. These pins do not have a passive filter on the inputs. This is the shortest pulse width that is guaranteed to be recognized.
- 5. 25 pF load

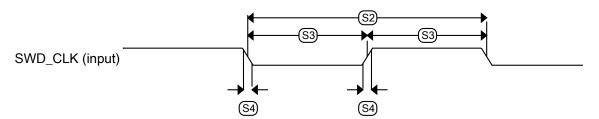
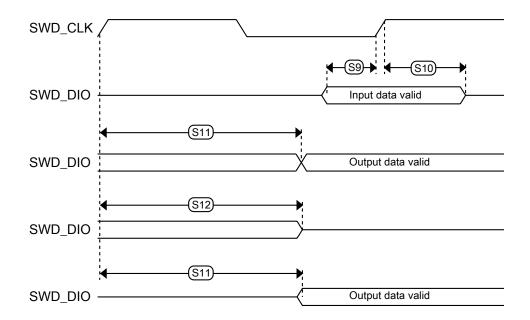


Figure 5. Serial wire clock input timing





3.1.2 JTAG electricals

Table 13. JTAG limited voltage range electricals

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
J1	TCLK frequency of operation			MHz
	Boundary Scan	0	10	
	JTAG and CJTAG	0	20	
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/J1	_	ns
J3	TCLK clock pulse width			
		50	_	ns

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Boundary Scan	25		ns
	JTAG and CJTAG			
J4	TCLK rise and fall times	—	3	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	_	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	1	_	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	—	25	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	—	25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	_	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1	_	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	—	19	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	—	19	ns
J13	TRST assert time	100	_	ns
J14	TRST setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	_	ns

Table 13. JTAG limited voltage range electricals (continued)

Table 14. JTAG full voltage range electricals

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
J1	TCLK frequency of operation			MHz
	Boundary Scan	0	10	
	JTAG and CJTAG	0	15	
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/J1		ns
J3	TCLK clock pulse width			
	Boundary Scan	50	_	ns
	JTAG and CJTAG	33	_	ns
J4	TCLK rise and fall times	—	3	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	_	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	1.4	_	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	_	27	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	_	27	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	_	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1.4	_	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	—	26.2	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	—	26.2	ns
J13	TRST assert time	100	_	ns
J14	TRST setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	_	ns

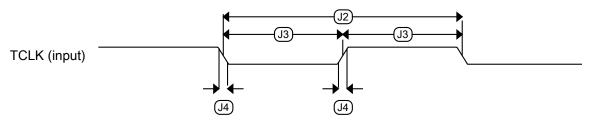


Figure 7. Test clock input timing

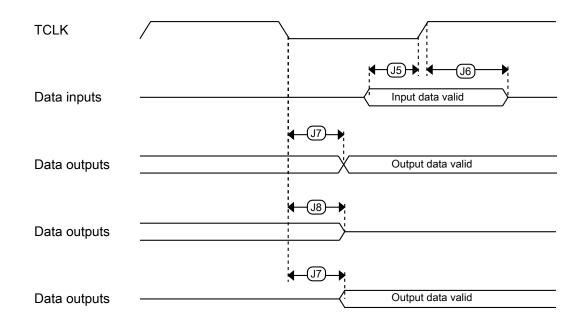


Figure 8. Boundary scan (JTAG) timing

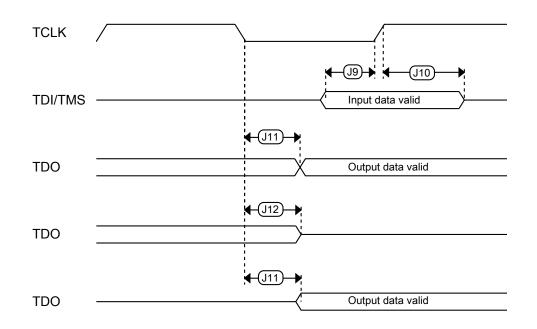
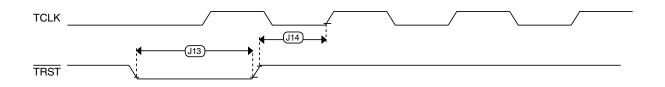


Figure 9. Test Access Port timing





3.2 System modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's system modules.

3.3 Clock modules

Symbol	Description		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
		$2197 \times f_{fll_{ref}}$			1		
		High range (DRS=11)	—	95.98	—	MHz	-
		$2929 \times f_{fll_ref}$					
J _{cyc_fll}	FLL period jitter	1	_	_	_	ps	
	• f _{VCO} = 48 M			180			
	• f _{VCO} = 98 M	1Hz		150			
t _{fll_acquire}	FLL target freque	ncy acquisition time	—		1	ms	7
		Р	ĹĹ				!
f _{vco}	VCO operating fre	equency	48.0		120	MHz	
I _{pll}	PLL operating cu		_	1060	_	μA	8
	• PLL @ 96 P = 2 MHz, V	MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} DIV multiplier = 48)				-	
I _{pll}	PLL operating cu		_	600		μA	8
		MHz (f _{osc_hi_1} = 8 MHz, f _{pll_ref} DIV multiplier = 24)		000		pro	
f _{pll_ref}	PLL reference fre	quency range	2.0	_	4.0	MHz	
J _{cyc_pll}	PLL period jitter (RMS)	_	120	_	ps	9
	• f _{vco} = 48 MI	Hz	_	75		ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 M	ſHz				F -	
J _{acc_pll}	PLL accumulated	jitter over 1µs (RMS)	_	1350		ps	9
	• f _{vco} = 48 Mł	Hz	_	600		ps	
	• f _{vco} = 100 M	1Hz		000		po	
D _{lock}	Lock entry freque	ncy tolerance	± 1.49		± 2.98	%	
D _{unl}	Lock exit frequen	cy tolerance	± 4.47		± 5.97	%	
t _{pll_lock}	Lock detector det	ection time	—	—	150 × 10 ⁻⁶	S	10
					+ 1075(1/ f _{pll_ref})		

Table 15.	MCG specifications	(continued)
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- 1. This parameter is measured with the internal reference (slow clock) being used as a reference to the FLL (FEI clock mode).
- 2. 2.0 V <= VDD <= 3.6 V.
- 3. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=0.
- The resulting system clock frequencies should not exceed their maximum specified values. The DCO frequency deviation (Δf_{dco_t}) over voltage and temperature should be considered.
- 5. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=1.
- 6. The resulting clock frequency must not exceed the maximum specified clock frequency of the device.
- This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value is changed, DMX32 bit is changed, DRS bits are changed, or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
- 8. Excludes any oscillator currents that are also consuming power while PLL is in operation.
- 9. This specification was obtained using a Freescale developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary.
- This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

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Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{hvpgm4}	Longword Program high-voltage time	—	7.5	18	μs	—
t _{hversscr}	Sector Erase high-voltage time	—	13	113	ms	1
t _{hversall}	Erase All high-voltage time	—	104	904	ms	1

 Table 19.
 NVM program/erase timing specifications

1. Maximum time based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.

3.4.1.2 Flash timing specifications — commands Table 20. Flash command timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{rd1sec2k}	Read 1s Section execution time (flash sector)	_	—	60	μs	1
t _{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	_	—	45	μs	1
t _{rdrsrc}	Read Resource execution time	_	—	30	μs	1
t _{pgm4}	Program Longword execution time	_	65	145	μs	
t _{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	_	14	114	ms	2
t _{rd1all}	Read 1s All Blocks execution time	_	_	1.8	ms	1
t _{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	_	—	30	μs	1
t _{pgmonce}	Program Once execution time	_	100	—	μs	
t _{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	_	175	1300	ms	2
t _{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	_	—	30	μs	1

1. Assumes 25 MHz flash clock frequency.

2. Maximum times for erase parameters based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.

3.4.1.3 Flash high voltage current behaviors Table 21. Flash high voltage current behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{DD_PGM}	Average current adder during high voltage flash programming operation		2.5	6.0	mA
I _{DD_ERS}	Average current adder during high voltage flash erase operation		1.5	4.0	mA

3.4.1.4 Reliability specifications Table 22. NVM reliability specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes		
	Program Flash							

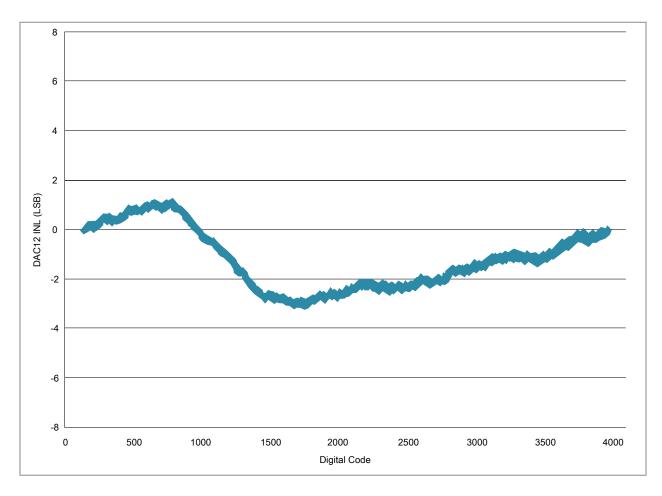


Figure 17. Typical INL error vs. digital code

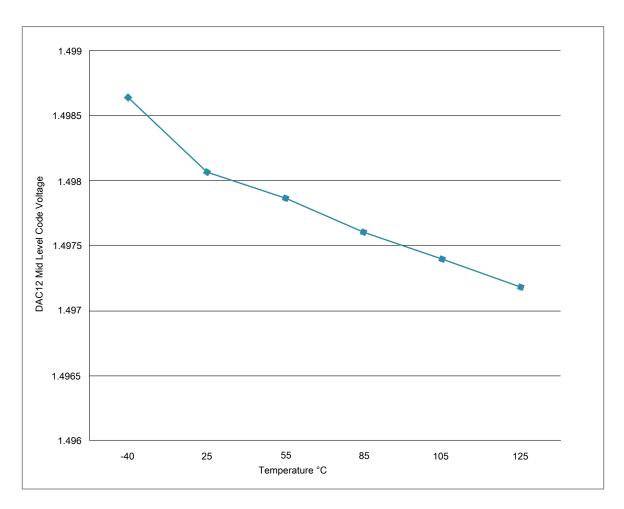


Figure 18. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

3.6.4 Voltage reference electrical specifications

Table 29.	VREF full-range	operating	requirements
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Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DDA}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
T _A	Temperature	Operating temperature range of the device		°C	
CL	Output load capacitance	100		nF	1, 2

1. C_L must be connected to VREF_OUT if the VREF_OUT functionality is being used for either an internal or external reference.

 The load capacitance should not exceed +/-25% of the nominal specified C_L value over the operating temperature range of the device.

3.8.2 DSPI switching specifications (full voltage range)

The Deserial Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provides DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the SPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	—	15	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	4 x t _{BUS}	_	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	(t _{SCK} /2) - 4	(t _{SCK/2)} + 4	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCSn valid to DSPI_SCK delay	(t _{BUS} x 2) – 4	_	ns	2
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCSn invalid delay	(t _{BUS} x 2) – 4	_	ns	3
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	10	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-4.5	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	24.6	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The DSPI module can operate across the entire operating voltage for the processor, but to run across the full voltage range the maximum frequency of operation is reduced.

- 2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
- 3. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

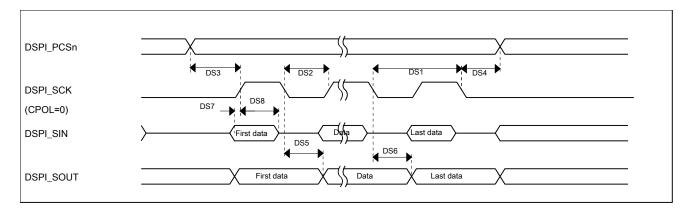


Figure 21. DSPI classic SPI timing — master mode

100 LQFP	64 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
17	-	ADC1_DM1/ ADC0_DM2	ADC1_DM1/ ADC0_DM2	ADC1_DM1/ ADC0_DM2								
18	9	ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3								
19	10	ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3								
20	11	ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3								
21	12	ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3								
22	13	VDDA	VDDA	VDDA								
23	14	VREFH	VREFH	VREFH								
24	15	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL								
25	16	VSSA	VSSA	VSSA								
26	17	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18								
27	18	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23								
28	19	CMP0_IN4/ ADC1_SE23	CMP0_IN4/ ADC1_SE23	CMP0_IN4/ ADC1_SE23								
29	-	VSS	VSS	VSS								
30	-	VDD	VDD	VDD								
31	20	PTE24	ADC0_SE17	ADC0_SE17	PTE24		FTM0_CH0		I2C0_SCL	EWM_OUT_ b		
32	21	PTE25	ADC0_SE18	ADC0_SE18	PTE25		FTM0_CH1		I2C0_SDA	EWM_IN		
33	-	PTE26/ CLKOUT32K	DISABLED		PTE26/ CLKOUT32K							
34	22	PTA0	JTAG_TCLK/ SWD_CLK/ EZP_CLK		PTA0	UARTO_ CTS_b	FTM0_CH5		EWM_IN		JTAG_TCLK/ SWD_CLK	EZP_CLK
35	23	PTA1	JTAG_TDI/ EZP_DI		PTA1	UART0_RX	FTM0_CH6	CMP0_OUT	FTM2_QD_ PHA	FTM1_CH1	JTAG_TDI	EZP_DI
36	24	PTA2	JTAG_TDO/ TRACE_ SWO/ EZP_DO		PTA2	UART0_TX	FTM0_CH7	CMP1_OUT	FTM2_QD_ PHB	FTM1_CH0	JTAG_TDO/ TRACE_ SWO	EZP_DO
37	25	PTA3	JTAG_TMS/ SWD_DIO		PTA3	UART0_ RTS_b	FTM0_CH0	FTM2_FLT0	EWM_OUT_ b		JTAG_TMS/ SWD_DIO	
38	26	PTA4/ LLWU_P3	NMI_b/ EZP_CS_b		PTA4/ LLWU_P3		FTM0_CH1		FTM0_FLT3		NMI_b	EZP_CS_b
39	27	PTA5	DISABLED		PTA5		FTM0_CH2				JTAG_ TRST_b	
40	_	VDD	VDD	VDD								

100 LQFP	64 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
97	61	PTD4/ LLWU_P14	DISABLED		PTD4/ LLWU_P14	SPI0_PCS1	UART0_ RTS_b	FTM0_CH4		EWM_IN	SPI1_PCS0	
98	62	PTD5	ADC0_SE6b	ADC0_SE6b	PTD5	SPI0_PCS2	UART0_ CTS_b	FTM0_CH5		EWM_OUT_ b	SPI1_SCK	
99	63	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	ADC0_SE7b	ADC0_SE7b	PTD6/ LLWU_P15	SPI0_PCS3	UART0_RX	FTM0_CH6		FTM0_FLT0	SPI1_SOUT	
100	64	PTD7	DISABLED		PTD7		UART0_TX	FTM0_CH7		FTM0_FLT1	SPI1_SIN	

5.2 Recommended connection for unused analog and digital pins

The following table shows the recommended connections for analog interface pins if those analog interfaces are not used in the customer's application.

Pin Type		Short recommendation	Detailed recommendation
Analog/non GPIO	PGAx/ADCx	Float	Analog input - Float
Analog/non GPIO	ADCx/CMPx	Float	Analog input - Float
Analog/non GPIO	VREF_OUT	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	DACx_OUT	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	RTC_WAKEUP_B	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	XTAL32	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	EXTAL32	Float	Analog input - Float
GPIO/Analog	PTA18/EXTAL0	Float	Analog input - Float
GPIO/Analog	PTA19/XTAL0	Float	Analog output - Float
GPIO/Analog	PTx/ADCx	Float	Float (default is analog input)
GPIO/Analog	PTx/CMPx	Float	Float (default is analog input)
GPIO/Digital	PTA0/JTAG_TCLK	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pulldown)
GPIO/Digital	PTA1/JTAG_TDI	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pullup)
GPIO/Digital	PTA2/JTAG_TDO	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pullup)
GPIO/Digital	PTA3/JTAG_TMS	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pullup)
GPIO/Digital	PTA4/NMI_b	10k Ω pullup or disable and float	Pull high or disable in PCR & FOPT and float
GPIO/Digital	PTx	Float	Float (default is disabled)
VDDA	VDDA	Always connect to VDD potential	Always connect to VDD potential

 Table 39.
 Recommended connection for unused analog interfaces

6.4 Example

This is an example part number:

MKV31F256VLL12P

7 Terminology and guidelines

7.1 Definitions

Key terms are defined in the following table:

Term	Definition				
Rating	A minimum or maximum value of a technical characteristic that, if exceeded, may cause permanent chip failure:				
	 Operating ratings apply during operation of the chip. Handling ratings apply when the chip is not powered. 				
	NOTE: The likelihood of permanent chip failure increases rapidly as soon as a characteristic begins to exceed one of its operating ratings.				
Operating requirement	A specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that you must guarantee durin operation to avoid incorrect operation and possibly decreasing the useful life of the chip				
Operating behavior	A specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that are guaranteed during operation if you meet the operating requirements and any other specified conditions				
Typical value	A specified value for a technical characteristic that:				
	 Lies within the range of values specified by the operating behavior Is representative of that characteristic during operation when you meet the typical-value conditions or other specified conditions 				
	NOTE: Typical values are provided as design guidelines and are neither tested nor guaranteed.				

7.2 Examples

Operating rating:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	1.0 V core supply voltage	-0.3	1.2	V

Operating requirement:

Operating require	ment:			
Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	1.0 V core supply voltage	0.9	1.1	V

Operating behavior that includes a typical value:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{WP}	Digital I/O weak pullup/pulldown current	10 AM	70	130	μA

Typical-value conditions 7.3

Typical values assume you meet the following conditions (or other conditions as specified):

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
T _A	Ambient temperature	25	C°
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	3.3	V