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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Betano	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	27
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21334cdfp-30

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Item	Function	Specification			
Serial	UART0, UART1	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART x 2 channel			
Interface	UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART, I ² C mode (I ² C-bus), multiprocessor communication function			
Synchronous	s Serial	1 (shared with I ² C-bus)			
Communicat	ion Unit (SSU)				
I ² C bus		1 (shared with SSU)			
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)			
A/D Converte	er	10-bit resolution × 12 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode			
D/A Converte	er	8-bit resolution × 2 circuits			
Comparator	В	2 circuits			
Flash Memor	ry	 Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V 			
		Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM)			
		Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check			
		Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function			
		Background operation (BGO) function			
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V)			
Current Consumption		Typ. 6.5 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 3.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 3.5 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) Typ. 2.0 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)			
. 0	mbient Temperature	-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) ⁽¹⁾			
Package		32-pin LQFP Package code: PLQP0032GB-A (previous code: 32P6U-A)			

Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/33C Group (2)

Note: 1. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.



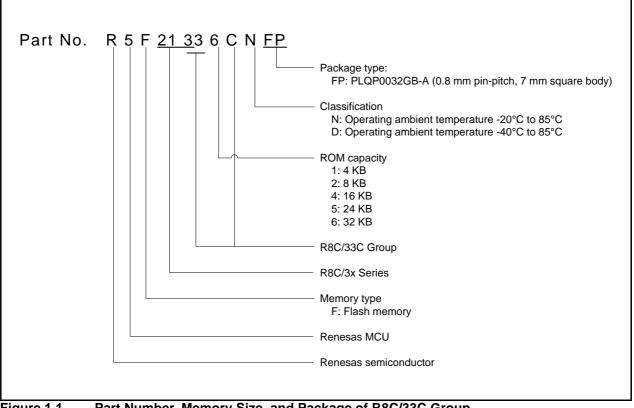
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1.2 **Product List**

Table 1.3 lists Product List for R8C/33C Group, and Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/33C Group.

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM	Package Type	Remarks
Fait NO.	Program ROM	Data flash	Capacity	Fackage Type	Remarks
R5F21331CNFP	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version
R5F21332CNFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21334CNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21335CNFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21336CNFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21331CDFP	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version
R5F21332CDFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21334CDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21335CDFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21336CDFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	

Table 1.3 Product List for R8C/33C Group



Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/33C Group Figure 1.1

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description		
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter and converter		
A/D converter	AN0 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter		
	ADTRG	I	A/D external trigger input pin		
D/A converter	DA0, DA1	0	D/A converter output pins		
Comparator B	IVCMP1, IVCMP3	I	Comparator B analog voltage input pins		
	IVREF1, IVREF3	I	Comparator B reference voltage input pins		
I/O port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_2, P3_1, P3_3 to P3_5, P3_7, P4_5 to P4_7	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program. All ports can be used as LED drive ports.		
Input port	P4_2	I	Input-only port		

Table 1.6Pin Functions (2)

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output



2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupts are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1. The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7. If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.



Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
1			
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h		l	
0113h			
0113h 0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	
			00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
0129h			FFh
0123h	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
		110010	
012Bh		TROOPO	FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh			FFh
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh			FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011000b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
0131h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCADCR	
		IRCADUR	00h
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h			
0138h			
0139h			
013Ah			
013Bh			
013Ch			
013Dh			
013Eh			
013Fh			
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SFR Information (5)⁽¹⁾ Table 4.5

Note: 1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

5. Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Rati	ngs
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Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
VI	Input voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Pd	Power dissipation	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_{opr} \le 85^{\circ}C$	500	mW
Topr	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C



Symbol	Parameter		Conditions		Standard		Linit		
Symbol		i alametei			Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage					1.8	-	5.5	V
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage					-	0	-	V
Viн	Input "H" voltage	Other th	an CMOS in	put		0.8 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
		CMOS	Input level	Input level selection	$4.0~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	0.5 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
		input switching	: 0.35 Vcc	$2.7~V \leq Vcc < 4.0~V$	0.55 Vcc	-	Vcc	V	
			function (I/O port)		$1.8~V \leq Vcc < 2.7~V$	0.65 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
			(i/O poirt)	Input level selection	$4.0~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	0.65 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
				: 0.5 Vcc	$2.7~V \leq Vcc < 4.0~V$	0.7 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
					$1.8~V \leq Vcc < 2.7~V$	0.8 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
				Input level selection	$4.0~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	0.85 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
				: 0.7 Vcc	$2.7~V \leq Vcc < 4.0~V$	0.85 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
					$1.8~V \leq Vcc < 2.7~V$	0.85 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
		Externa	l clock input	(XOUT)		1.2	-	Vcc	V
VIL	Input "L" voltage	Other th	an CMOS in	put		0	-	0.2 Vcc	V
		CMOS	Input level	Input level selection	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	0	-	0.2 Vcc	V
		input	switching	: 0.35 Vcc	$2.7~\text{V} \leq \text{Vcc} < 4.0~\text{V}$	0	-	0.2 Vcc	V
			function		$1.8~\text{V} \leq \text{Vcc} < 2.7~\text{V}$	0	-	0.2 Vcc	V
			(I/O port)	Input level selection	$4.0~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	0	-	0.4 Vcc	V
				: 0.5 Vcc	$2.7~V \leq Vcc < 4.0~V$	0	-	0.3 Vcc	V
					$1.8~V \leq Vcc < 2.7~V$	0	-	0.2 Vcc	V
				Input level selection	$4.0~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	0	-	0.55 Vcc	V
			: 0.7 Vcc	$2.7~V \leq Vcc < 4.0~V$	0	_	0.45 Vcc	V	
				$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	0	_	0.35 Vcc	V	
		Externa	l clock input	(XOUT)		0	_	0.4	V
IOH(sum)	Peak sum output "H" current	Sum of	all pins IOH(p	eak)		-	_	-160	mA
IOH(sum)	Average sum output "H" current	Sum of	all pins Іон(a	vg)		-	_	-80	mA
IOH(peak)	Peak output "H"	Drive ca	apacity Low			-	-	-10	mA
. ,	current		apacity High			-	_	-40	mA
IOH(avg)	Average output		apacity Low			-	_	-5	mA
	"H" current		apacity High			-	_	-20	mA
IOL(sum)	Peak sum output "L" current		all pins IOL(pe	eak)		-	_	160	mA
IOL(sum)	Average sum output "L" current	Sum of	all pins IOL(av	/g)		-	_	80	mA
IOL(peak)	Peak output "L"	Drive ca	apacity Low			-	_	10	mA
	current	Drive ca	apacity High			-	-	40	mA
IOL(avg)	Average output	Drive ca	apacity Low			-	-	5	mA
	"L" current	Drive ca	apacity High			-	_	20	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input os	cillation f	requency		$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	_	20	MHz
	-		-		$1.8~\text{V} \leq \text{Vcc} < 2.7~\text{V}$	-	-	5	MHz
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency		$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	32.768	50	kHz		
fOCO40M	When used as the	ed as the count source for timer RC ⁽³⁾			$2.7~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	32	-	40	MHz
fOCO-F	fOCO-F frequency				$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	20	MHz
	. ,				$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	_	5	MHz
-	System clock freq	uency			$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	_	20	MHz
		-			$1.8~V \leq Vcc < 2.7~V$	-	-	5	MHz
f(BCLK)	CPU clock freque	ncy			$2.7~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	-	-	20	MHz
	-				$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	5	MHz

Recommended Operating Conditions Table 5.2

Notes:

Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
 The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

3. fOCO40M can be used as the count source for timer RC in the range of Vcc = 2.7 V to 5.5 V.



Cumb ol	Parameter	Conditions		Unit			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
-	Program/erase endurance (2)		1,000 (3)	-	-	times	
-	Byte program time		-	80	500	μs	
-	Block erase time		-	0.3	-	S	
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		-	-	5+CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms	
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	_	μS	
_	Time from suspend until erase restart		-	-	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS	
td(CMDRST- READY)	Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled		-	-	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS	
-	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V	
-	Read voltage		1.8	_	5.5	V	
-	Program, erase temperature		0	-	60	°C	
-	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	-	-	year	

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Notes: 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = 0$ to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.

2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance

The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis. If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.

However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed). 4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.

5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.

6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.

7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Unit		
Symbol	Faranielei	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
-	Program/erase endurance (2)		10,000 (3)	-	-	times
_	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		-	160	1,500	μS
_	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		-	300	1,500	μS
-	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		-	0.2	1	S
_	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		-	0.3	1	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		-	-	5+CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	_	μS
_	Time from suspend until erase restart		-	-	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS
td(CMDRST- READY)	Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled		-	-	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS
-	Program, erase voltage		2.7	_	5.5	V
-	Read voltage		1.8	-	5.5	V
-	Program, erase temperature		-20 (7)	-	85	°C
-	Data hold time ⁽⁸⁾	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	_	-	year

Table 5.7 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A to Block D) Electrical Characteristics

Notes:

1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis. If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one. However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

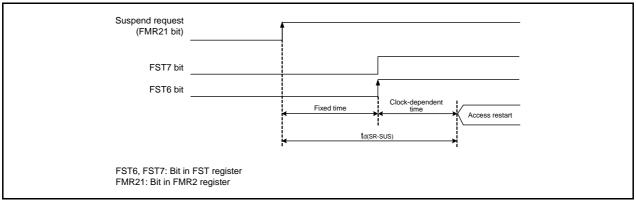
Bouvever, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
 Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).

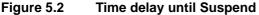
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A to D can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.

5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.

6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.

- 7. -40°C for D version.
- 8. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.







^{2.} Definition of programming/erasure endurance

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard		
Symbol	Falalletei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vdet0	Voltage detection level Vdet0_0 (2)		1.80	1.90	2.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_1 ⁽²⁾		2.15	2.35	2.50	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_2 (2)		2.70	2.85	3.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_3 ⁽²⁾		3.55	3.80	4.05	V
_	Voltage detection 0 circuit response time (4)	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet0_0 - 0.1) V	_	6	150	μs
-	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	1.5	-	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		-	-	100	μS

Table 5.8	Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics
	Voltage Deteotion & Onean Electrical Onalabteristics

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).

2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VDSEL0 and VDSEL1 in the OFS register.

3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

4. Time until the voltage monitor 0 reset is generated after the voltage passes Vdet0.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard	ł	Unit
Symbol	Falalleter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vdet1	Voltage detection level Vdet1_0 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.00	2.20	2.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_1 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.15	2.35	2.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_2 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.30	2.50	2.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_3 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.45	2.65	2.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_4 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.60	2.80	3.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_5 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.75	2.95	3.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_6 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	2.85	3.10	3.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_7 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.00	3.25	3.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_8 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.15	3.40	3.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_9 ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.30	3.55	3.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_A ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.45	3.70	4.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_B (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.60	3.85	4.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_C ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	3.75	4.00	4.30	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_D (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.90	4.15	4.45	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_E ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc	4.05	4.30	4.60	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_F (2)	At the falling of Vcc	4.20	4.45	4.75	V
-	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 1 circuit	Vdet1_0 to Vdet1_5 selected	-	0.07	-	V
		Vdet1_6 to Vdet1_F selected	-	0.10	-	V
-	Voltage detection 1 circuit response time ⁽³⁾	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet1_0 – 0.1) V	_	60	150	μS
_	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	_	1.7	-	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽⁴⁾		-	-	100	μS

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version).

2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VD1S0 to VD1S3 in the VD1LS register.

3. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet1.

4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.



Cumbal	Parameter		Conditions		Stand	1.1.4.14	
Symbol			Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle tim	е		4	-	-	tCYC ⁽²⁾
tнı	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	-	0.6	tsucyc
tlo	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	-	0.6	tsucyc
TRISE	SSCK clock rising	Master		-	-	1	tcyc (2)
	time	Slave		-	-	1	μS
t FALL	SSCK clock falling	Master		-	-	1	tCYC (2)
	time	Slave		-	-	1	μS
ts∪	SSO, SSI data input setup time			100	-	-	ns
tн	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	-	-	tcyc (2)
tlead	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	-	_	ns
tlag	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	-	-	ns
tod	SSO, SSI data output	delay time		-	-	1	tCYC ⁽²⁾
tsa	SSI slave access time		$2.7~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	_	-	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
				-	-	1.5tcyc + 200	ns
tor	SSI slave out open tir	ne	$2.7~V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5~V$	-	_	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	1.5tcyc + 200	ns

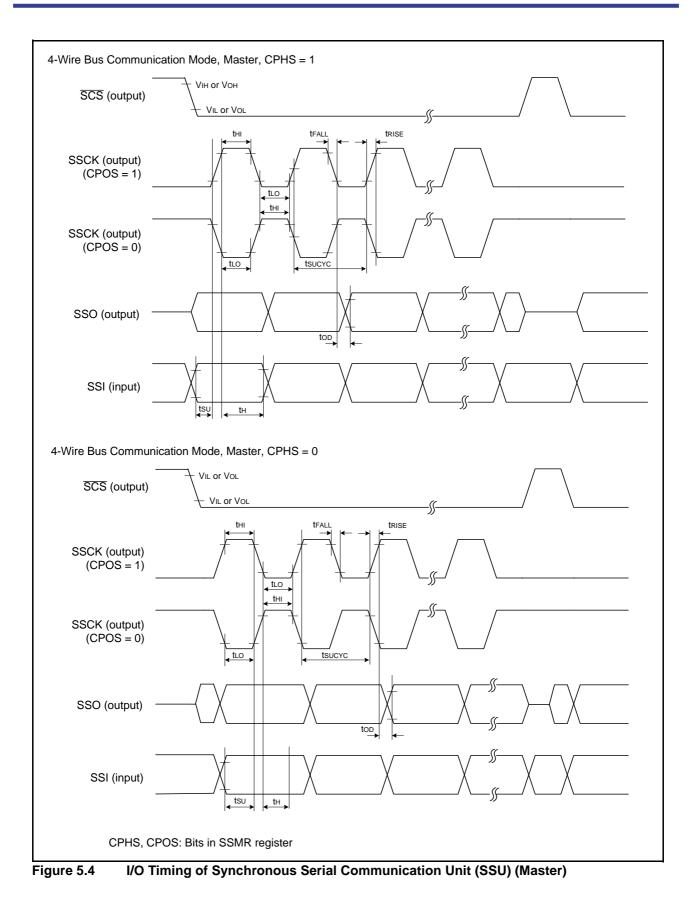
Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) ⁽¹⁾

Notes:

1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

2. 1tcyc = 1/f1(s)







Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	200	-	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width	100	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width	100	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	50	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	50	-	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 to 2

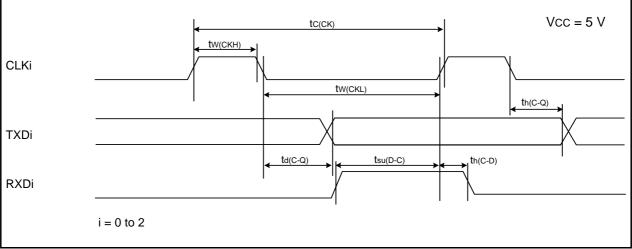


Figure 5.10 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.22 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt \overline{Kli} (i = 0 to 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Standard	
Symbol	Falameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width, Kli input "H" width	250 (1)	-	ns
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width, Kli input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	-	ns

Notes:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

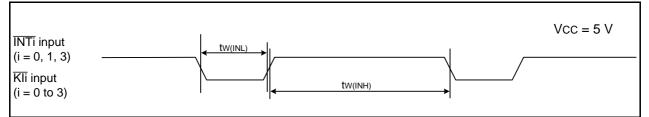




Table 5.24Electrical Characteristics (4) $[2.7 V \le Vcc < 3.3 V]$
(Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Boromotor		Condition		Standard	4	Linit
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
lcc	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	3.5	10	mA
	output pins are open, other pins are Vss		XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	1.5	7.5	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	7.0	15	mA
		mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	3.0	-	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	4.0	-	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	1.5	-	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	-	1	-	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	_	90	390	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	80	400	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0	_	40	_	μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	-	15	90	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	_	4	80	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed	_	3.5	_	μA
		Stop mode	VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1 XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off	_	2.0	5.0	μΑ
			VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 XIN clock off, $T_{opr} = 85^{\circ}C$ High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off	-	5.0	-	μΑ



Timing requirements (Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 3 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C)

Table 5.25 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	dard	Unit
	Falanielei	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	50	-	ns
twh(xout)	XOUT input "H" width	24	-	ns
twl(xout)	XOUT input "L" width	24	-	ns
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	-	μS
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7	-	μS
twl(xcin)	XCIN input "L" width	7	-	μS

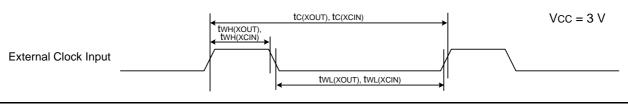


Figure 5.12 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.26 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit	
Symbol	Falameter	Min.	Max.	Onit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	300	-	ns	
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	120	-	ns	
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	120	-	ns	

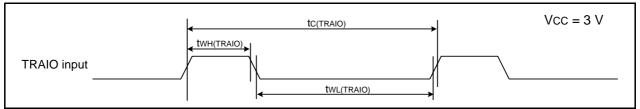


Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V



Table 5.27 Serial Interface	Table 5.27	Serial Interface
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Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
	Falanielei	Min.	Max.	Unit
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	300	-	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width	150	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi Input "L" width	150	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	80	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time	70	-	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 to 2

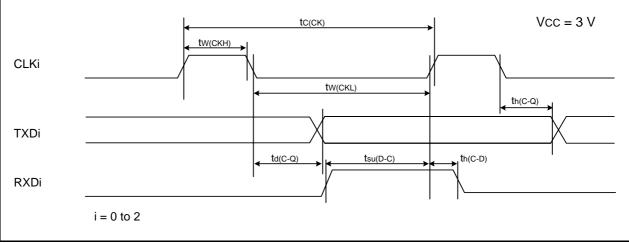


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.28External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt \overline{Kli} (i = 0 to 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
Symbol	Falameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width, Kli input "H" width	380 (1)	-	ns
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width, Kli input "L" width	380 (2)	_	ns

Notes:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

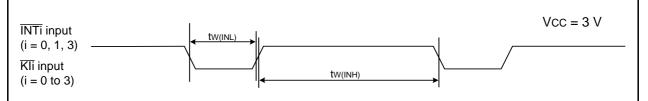


Figure 5.15 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt INTi and Key Input Interrupt Kli when Vcc = 3 V

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
Symbol					Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	Іон = -2 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity Low	Іон = -1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
		XOUT		Іон = -200 μА	1.0	-	Vcc	V
Vol	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	Iol = 2 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	lo∟ = 1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
		XOUT		IOL = 200 μA	-	-	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO RESET				0.05	0.20	_	V
Ін	Input "H" current		VI = 2.2 V, Vcc = 2.2	2 V	_	_	4.0	μA
lı∟	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 2.2 V	/	-	-	-4.0	μA
Rpullup	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 2.2 V	/	70	140	300	kΩ
Rfxin	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	0.3	-	MΩ
RfxCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	8	_	MΩ
Vram	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	-	-	V

Table 5.29	Electrical Characteristics (5) [1.8 V \leq Vcc $<$ 2.7 V]
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Note:

1. $1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$ and $\text{T}_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 5 MHz, unless otherwise specified.



Table 5.33Serial Interface	
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Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
	Parameter		Max.	
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	800	-	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width	400	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width	400	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	-	200	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time	0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		-	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time	90	-	ns

i = 0 to 2

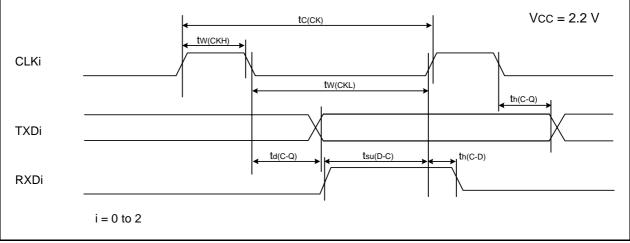


Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.34 External Interrupt INTi (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt Kli (i = 0 to 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
Symbol	Falameter		Max.	
tw(INH)	INTi input "H" width, Kli input "H" width	1000 (1)	-	ns
tw(INL)	INTi input "L" width, Kli input "L" width	1000 (2)	_	ns

Notes:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

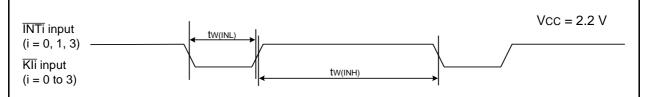


Figure 5.19 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt INTi and Key Input Interrupt Kli when Vcc = 2.2 V



REVISION HISTORY	R8C/33C Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description		
		Page	Summary	
0.01	Sep. 01, 2009	-	First Edition issued	
1.00	Aug. 24, 2010	All	"Preliminary" and "Under development" deleted	
		4	Table1.3 revised	
		26 to 52	"5. Electrical Characteristics" added	

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