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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	27
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21334cdfp-50

1.1.2 Specifications

Tables 1.1 and 1.2 outline the Specifications for R8C/33C Group.

Table 1.1 Specifications for R8C/33C Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C CPU core • Number of fundamental instructions: 89 • Minimum instruction execution time: 50 ns ($f(XIN) = 20 \text{ MHz}$, $VCC = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$) 200 ns ($f(XIN) = 5 \text{ MHz}$, $VCC = 1.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$) • Multiplier: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits + 32 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM, Data flash	Refer to Table 1.3 Product List for R8C/33C Group .
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	• Power-on reset • Voltage detection 3 (detection level of voltage detection 0 and voltage detection 1 selectable)
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• Input-only: 1 pin • CMOS I/O ports: 27, selectable pull-up resistor • High current drive ports: 27
Clock	Clock generation circuits	4 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit, XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz), High-speed on-chip oscillator (with frequency adjustment function), Low-speed on-chip oscillator • Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function • Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 • Low power consumption modes: - Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
Interrupts		Real-time clock (timer RE) • Number of interrupt vectors: 69 • External Interrupt: 7 ($INT \times 3$, Key input $\times 4$) • Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Timer		• 14 bits $\times$ 1 (with prescaler) • Reset start selectable • Low-speed on-chip oscillator for watchdog timer selectable
DTC (Data Transfer Controller)		• 1 channel • Activation sources: 23 • Transfer modes: 2 (normal mode, repeat mode)
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RE	8 bits $\times$ 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output compare mode

Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/33C Group (2)

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0, UART1	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 2 channel
	UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART, I ² C mode (I ² C-bus), multiprocessor communication function
Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU)		1 (shared with I ² C-bus)
I ² C bus		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 12 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2 circuits
Comparator B		2 circuits
Flash Memory		• Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM) • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function • Background operation (BGO) function
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V)
Current Consumption		Typ. 6.5 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 3.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 3.5 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) Typ. 2.0 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) ⁽¹⁾
Package		32-pin LQFP Package code: PLQP0032GB-A (previous code: 32P6U-A)

Note:

1. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.

1.2 Product List

Table 1.3 lists Product List for R8C/33C Group, and Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/33C Group.

Table 1.3 Product List for R8C/33C Group

Current of Aug 2010

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks
	Program ROM	Data flash			
R5F21331CNFP	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	N version
R5F21332CNFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21334CNFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21335CNFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21336CNFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21331CDFP	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLQP0032GB-A	D version
R5F21332CDFP	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21334CDFP	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21335CDFP	24 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	
R5F21336CDFP	32 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0032GB-A	

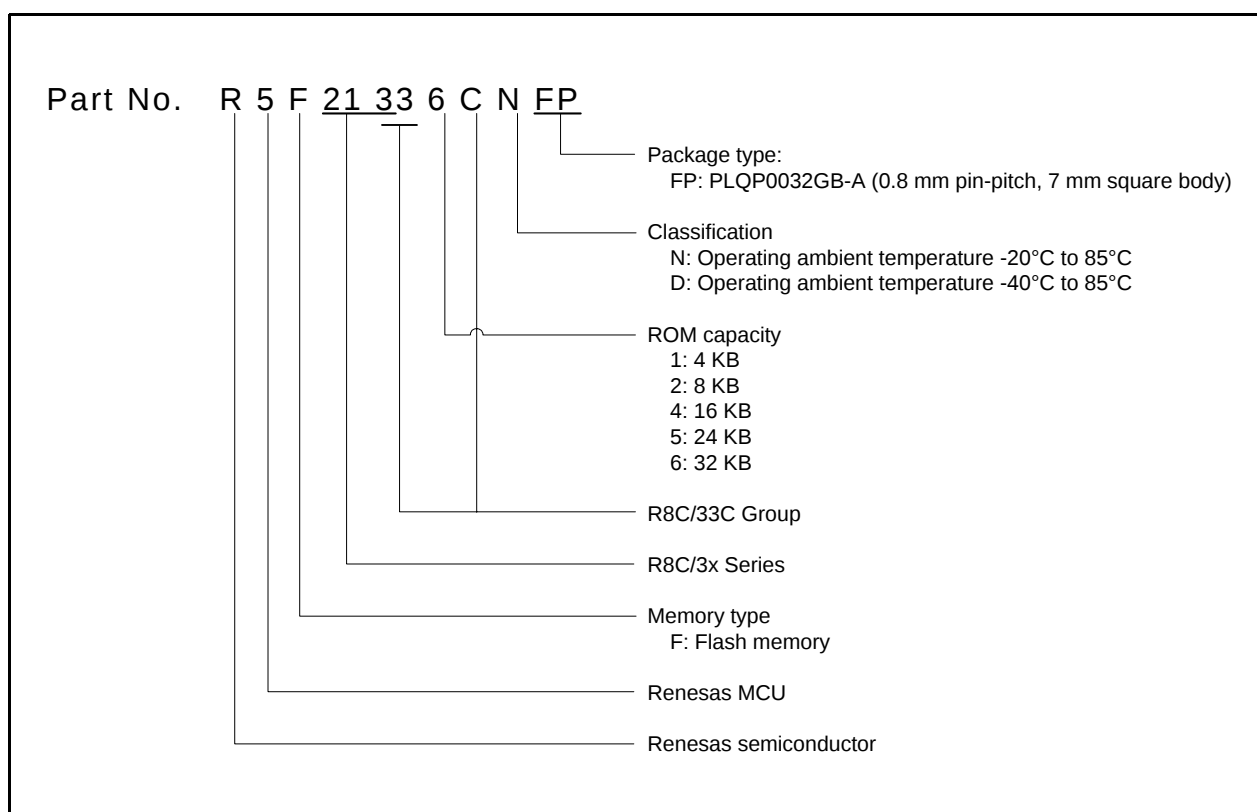


Figure 1.1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/33C Group

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.

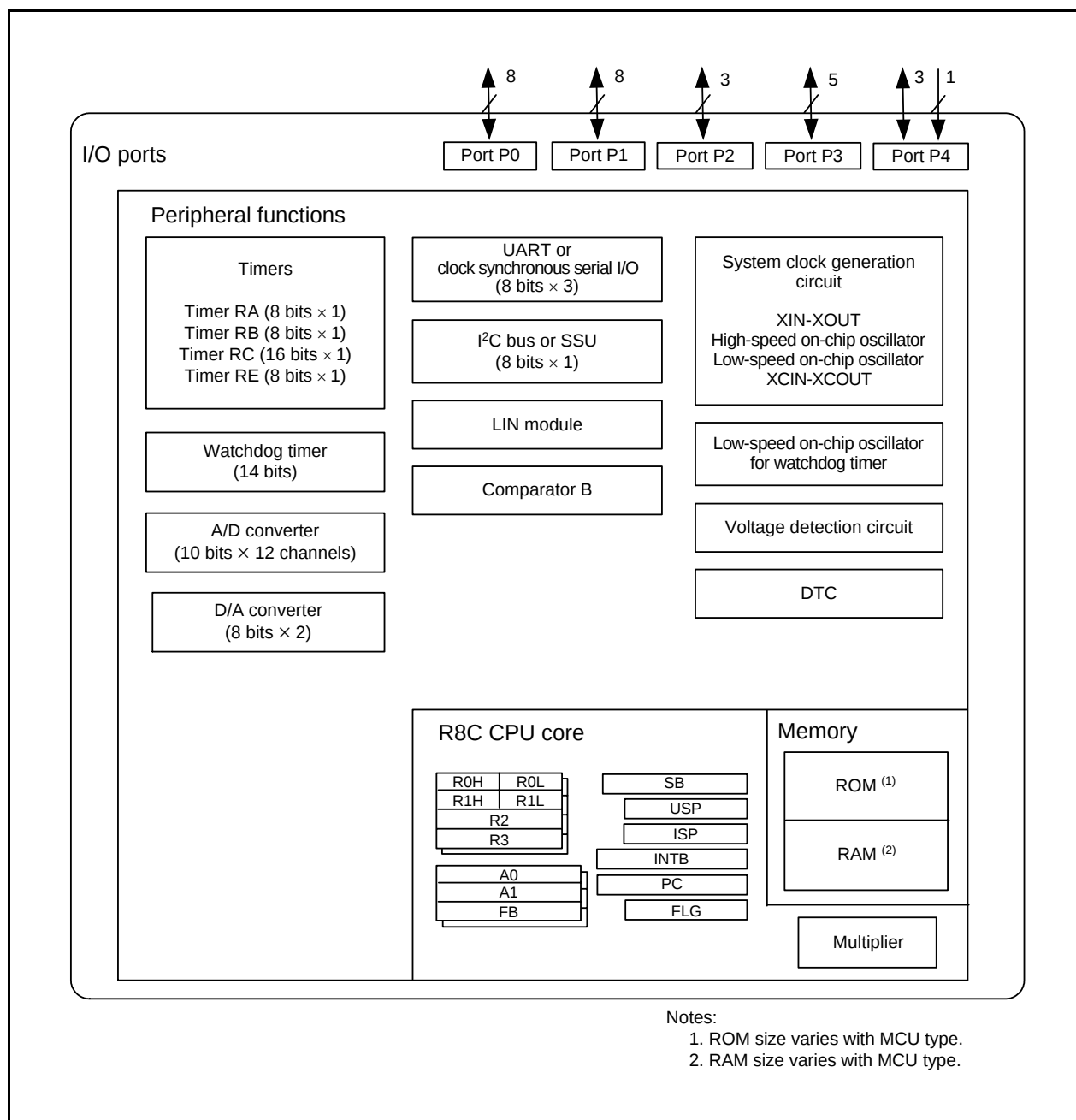


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 and as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the starting address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.

Table 4.4 SFR Information (4) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
00C0h	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
00C1h			000000XXb
00C2h	A/D Register 1	AD1	XXh
00C3h			000000XXb
00C4h	A/D Register 2	AD2	XXh
00C5h			000000XXb
00C6h	A/D Register 3	AD3	XXh
00C7h			000000XXb
00C8h	A/D Register 4	AD4	XXh
00C9h			000000XXb
00CAh	A/D Register 5	AD5	XXh
00CBh			000000XXb
00CCh	A/D Register 6	AD6	XXh
00CDh			000000XXb
00CEh	A/D Register 7	AD7	XXh
00CFh			000000XXb
00D0h			
00D1h			
00D2h			
00D3h			
00D4h	A/D Mode Register	ADMOD	00h
00D5h	A/D Input Select Register	ADINSEL	11000000b
00D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00h
00D7h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
00D8h	D/A0 Register	DA0	00h
00D9h	D/A1 Register	DA1	00h
00DAh			
00DBh			
00DCh	D/A Control Register	DACON	00h
00DDh			
00DEh			
00DFh			
00E0h	Port P0 Register	P0	XXh
00E1h	Port P1 Register	P1	XXh
00E2h	Port P0 Direction Register	PD0	00h
00E3h	Port P1 Direction Register	PD1	00h
00E4h	Port P2 Register	P2	XXh
00E5h	Port P3 Register	P3	XXh
00E6h	Port P2 Direction Register	PD2	00h
00E7h	Port P3 Direction Register	PD3	00h
00E8h	Port P4 Register	P4	XXh
00E9h			
00EAh	Port P4 Direction Register	PD4	00h
00EBh			
00ECh			
00EDh			
00EEh			
00EFh			
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h			
00F5h			
00F6h			
00F7h			
00F8h			
00F9h			
00FAh			
00FBh			
00FCh			
00FDh			
00FEh			
00FFh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh			
0150h			
0151h			
0152h			
0153h			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
015Ah			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
0161h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
0162h	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
0165h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
0166h	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0180h	Timer RA Pin Select Register	TRASR	00h
0181h	Timer RB/RC Pin Select Register	TRBRCSR	00h
0182h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 0	TRCPSR0	00h
0183h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 1	TRCPSR1	00h
0184h			
0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h	UART0 Pin Select Register	U0SR	00h
0189h	UART1 Pin Select Register	U1SR	00h
018Ah	UART2 Pin Select Register 0	U2SR0	00h
018Bh	UART2 Pin Select Register 1	U2SR1	00h
018Ch	SSU/IIC Pin Select Register	SSUICSR	00h
018Dh			
018Eh	INT Interrupt Input Pin Select Register	INTSR	00h
018Fh	I/O Function Pin Select Register	PINSR	00h
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h	SS Bit Counter Register	SSBR	11111000b
0194h	SS Transmit Data Register L / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
0195h	SS Transmit Data Register H ⁽²⁾	SSTDRH	FFh
0196h	SS Receive Data Register L / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh
0197h	SS Receive Data Register H ⁽²⁾	SSRDRH	FFh
0198h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
0199h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
019Ah	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR / ICMR	00010000b / 00011000b
019Bh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIER	00h
019Ch	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
019Dh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h	Flash Memory Status Register	FST	10000X00b
01B3h			
01B4h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00h
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	00h
01B6h	Flash Memory Control Register 2	FMR2	00h
01B7h			
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUICSR register.

Table 4.9 SFR Information (9) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C00h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C01h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C02h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C03h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C04h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C05h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C06h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C07h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C08h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C09h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C0Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Bh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ch	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Dh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Eh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Fh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C40h	DTC Control Data 0	DTCD0	XXh
2C41h			XXh
2C42h			XXh
2C43h			XXh
2C44h			XXh
2C45h			XXh
2C46h			XXh
2C47h			XXh
2C48h	DTC Control Data 1	DTCD1	XXh
2C49h			XXh
2C4Ah			XXh
2C4Bh			XXh
2C4Ch			XXh
2C4Dh			XXh
2C4Eh			XXh
2C4Fh			XXh
2C50h	DTC Control Data 2	DTCD2	XXh
2C51h			XXh
2C52h			XXh
2C53h			XXh
2C54h			XXh
2C55h			XXh
2C56h			XXh
2C57h			XXh
2C58h	DTC Control Data 3	DTCD3	XXh
2C59h			XXh
2C5Ah			XXh
2C5Bh			XXh
2C5Ch			XXh
2C5Dh			XXh
2C5Eh			XXh
2C5Fh			XXh
2C60h	DTC Control Data 4	DTCD4	XXh
2C61h			XXh
2C62h			XXh
2C63h			XXh
2C64h			XXh
2C65h			XXh
2C66h			XXh
2C67h			XXh
2C68h	DTC Control Data 5	DTCD5	XXh
2C69h			XXh
2C6Ah			XXh
2C6Bh			XXh
2C6Ch			XXh
2C6Dh			XXh
2C6Eh			XXh
2C6Fh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.11 SFR Information (11) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CB0h	DTC Control Data 14	DTCD14	XXh
2CB1h			XXh
2CB2h			XXh
2CB3h			XXh
2CB4h			XXh
2CB5h			XXh
2CB6h			XXh
2CB7h			XXh
2CB8h	DTC Control Data 15	DTCD15	XXh
2CB9h			XXh
2CBAh			XXh
2CBBh			XXh
2CBCh			XXh
2CBDh			XXh
2CBEh			XXh
2CBFh			XXh
2CC0h	DTC Control Data 16	DTCD16	XXh
2CC1h			XXh
2CC2h			XXh
2CC3h			XXh
2CC4h			XXh
2CC5h			XXh
2CC6h			XXh
2CC7h			XXh
2CC8h	DTC Control Data 17	DTCD17	XXh
2CC9h			XXh
2CCAh			XXh
2CCBh			XXh
2CCCh			XXh
2CCDh			XXh
2CCEh			XXh
2CCFh			XXh
2CD0h	DTC Control Data 18	DTCD18	XXh
2CD1h			XXh
2CD2h			XXh
2CD3h			XXh
2CD4h			XXh
2CD5h			XXh
2CD6h			XXh
2CD7h			XXh
2CD8h	DTC Control Data 19	DTCD19	XXh
2CD9h			XXh
2CDAh			XXh
2CDBh			XXh
2CDCh			XXh
2CDDh			XXh
2CDEh			XXh
2CDFh			XXh
2CE0h	DTC Control Data 20	DTCD20	XXh
2CE1h			XXh
2CE2h			XXh
2CE3h			XXh
2CE4h			XXh
2CE5h			XXh
2CE6h			XXh
2CE7h			XXh
2CE8h	DTC Control Data 21	DTCD21	XXh
2CE9h			XXh
2CEAh			XXh
2CEBh			XXh
2CECh			XXh
2CEDh			XXh
2CEEh			XXh
2CEFh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CF0h	DTC Control Data 22	DTCD22	XXh
2CF1h			XXh
2CF2h			XXh
2CF3h			XXh
2CF4h			XXh
2CF5h			XXh
2CF6h			XXh
2CF7h			XXh
2CF8h	DTC Control Data 23	DTCD23	XXh
2CF9h			XXh
2CFAh			XXh
2CFBh			XXh
2CFCh			XXh
2CFDh			XXh
2CFEh			XXh
2CFFh			XXh
2D00h			
⋮			
2FFFh			

X: Undefined

Note:

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.13 ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area

Address	Area Name	Symbol	After Reset
⋮			
FFDBh	Option Function Select Register 2	OFS2	(Note 1)
⋮			
FFDFh	ID1		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFE3h	ID2		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFEBh	ID3		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFEFh	ID4		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFF3h	ID5		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFF7h	ID6		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFFBh	ID7		(Note 2)
⋮			
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 1)

Notes:

- The option function select area is allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the option function select area. If the block including the option function select area is erased, the option function select area is set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the option function select area is set to FFh. It is set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the option function select area is the value programmed by the user.
- The ID code areas are allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the ID code areas. If the block including the ID code areas is erased, the ID code areas are set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the ID code areas are set to FFh. They are set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the ID code areas is the value programmed by the user.

5. Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
V _{CC} /A _V CC	Supply voltage		−0.3 to 6.5	V
V _I	Input voltage		−0.3 to V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _O	Output voltage		−0.3 to V _{CC} + 0.3	V
P _d	Power dissipation	−40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C	500	mW
T _{opr}	Operating ambient temperature		−20 to 85 (N version) / −40 to 85 (D version)	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		−65 to 150	°C

Table 5.8 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet0	Voltage detection level Vdet0_0 (2)		1.80	1.90	2.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_1 (2)		2.15	2.35	2.50	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_2 (2)		2.70	2.85	3.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_3 (2)		3.55	3.80	4.05	V
–	Voltage detection 0 circuit response time (4)	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet0_0 – 0.1) V	–	6	150	μs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	–	1.5	–	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts (3)		–	–	100	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VDSEL0 and VDSEL1 in the OFS register.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
4. Time until the voltage monitor 0 reset is generated after the voltage passes Vdet0.

Table 5.9 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet1	Voltage detection level Vdet1_0 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.00	2.20	2.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_1 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.15	2.35	2.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_2 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.30	2.50	2.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_3 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.45	2.65	2.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_4 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.60	2.80	3.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_5 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.75	2.95	3.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_6 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.85	3.10	3.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_7 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.00	3.25	3.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_8 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.15	3.40	3.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_9 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.30	3.55	3.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_A (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.45	3.70	4.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_B (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.60	3.85	4.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_C (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.75	4.00	4.30	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_D (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.90	4.15	4.45	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_E (2)	At the falling of Vcc	4.05	4.30	4.60	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_F (2)	At the falling of Vcc	4.20	4.45	4.75	V
–	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 1 circuit	Vdet1_0 to Vdet1_5 selected	–	0.07	–	V
		Vdet1_6 to Vdet1_F selected	–	0.10	–	V
–	Voltage detection 1 circuit response time (3)	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet1_0 – 0.1) V	–	60	150	μs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	–	1.7	–	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts (4)		–	–	100	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VD1S0 to VD1S3 in the VD1LS register.
3. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet1.
4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.10 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet2	Voltage detection level Vdet2_0	At the falling of Vcc	3.70	4.00	4.30	V
—	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 2 circuit		—	0.10	—	V
—	Voltage detection 2 circuit response time ⁽²⁾	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet2_0 – 0.1) V	—	20	150	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	1.7	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		—	—	100	μs

Notes:

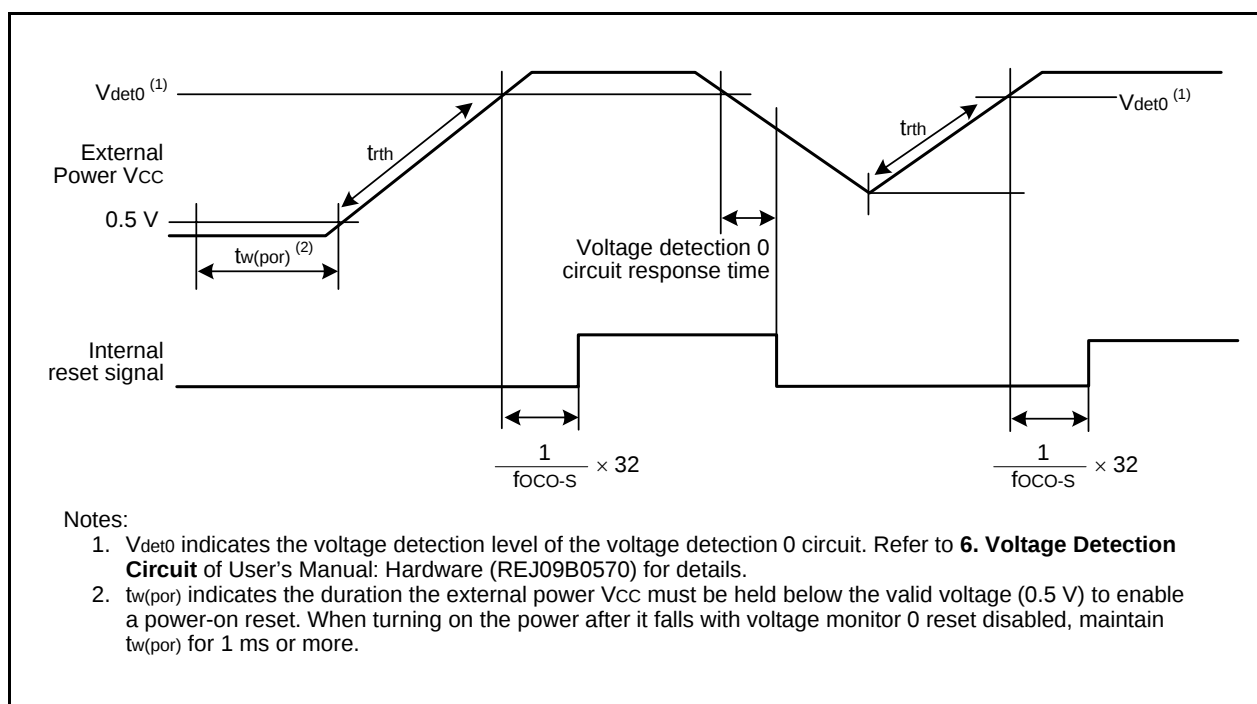
1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet2.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.11 Power-on Reset Circuit (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
trth	External power Vcc rise gradient	(1)	0	—	50,000	mV/msec

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVDAS bit in the OFS register to 0.

**Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

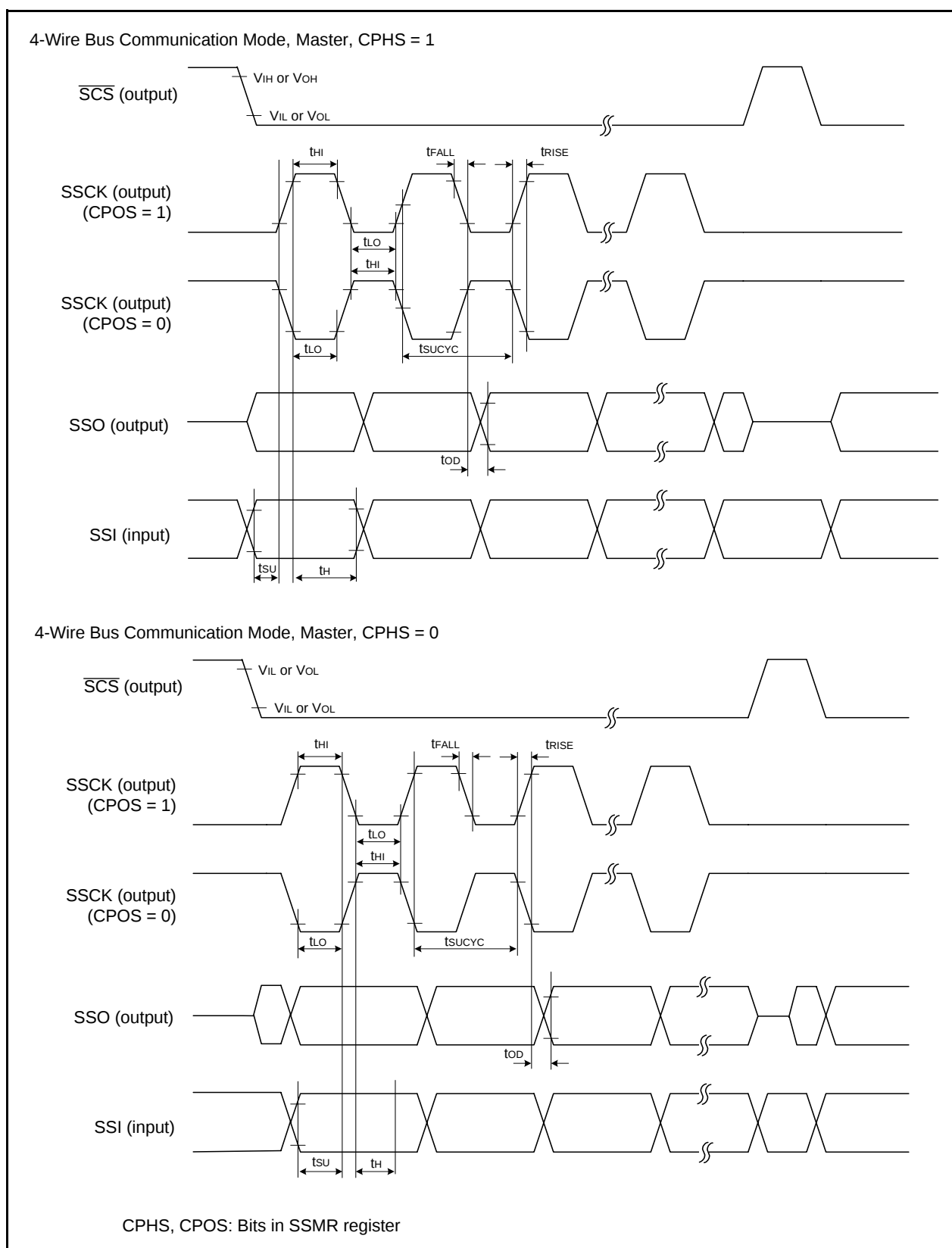


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Master)

Table 5.16 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		12t _{CYC} + 600 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		3t _{CYC} + 300 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		5t _{CYC} + 500 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t _{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1t _{CYC} (2)	ns
t _{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		5t _{CYC} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		3t _{CYC} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3t _{CYC} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		3t _{CYC} (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SDAS}	Data input setup time		1t _{CYC} + 40 (2)	–	–	ns
t _{SDAH}	Data input hold time		10	–	–	ns

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1t_{CYC} = 1/f₁(s)

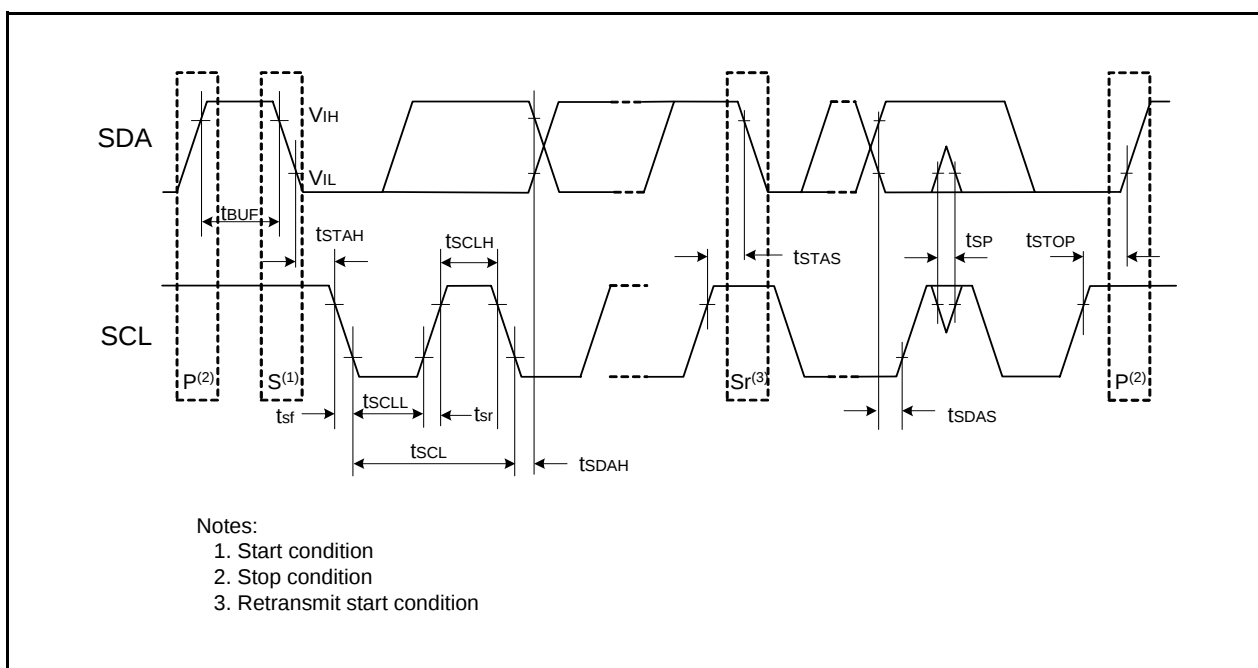
**Figure 5.7** I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 4.2\text{ V}$]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OH} = -5 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT		I _{OH} = -200 μ A	1.0	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OL} = 5 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT		I _{OL} = 200 μ A	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO	V _{CC} = 3.0 V		0.1	0.4	—	V
		RESET	V _{CC} = 3.0 V		0.1	0.5	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V, V _{CC} = 3.0 V		—	—	4.0	μ A
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3.0 V		—	—	-4.0	μ A
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 3.0 V		42	84	168	k Ω
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	0.3	—	M Ω
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	8	—	M Ω
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

Note:

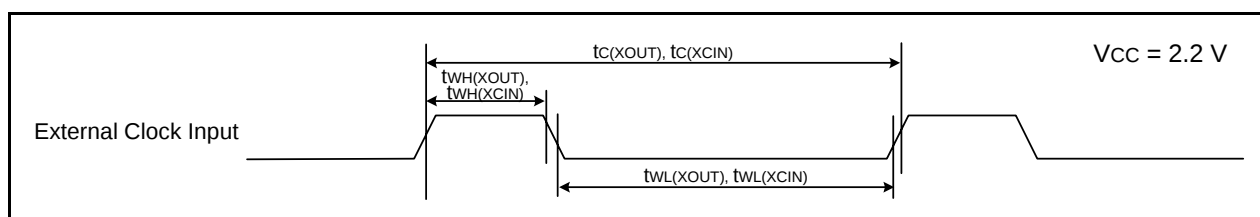
1. $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 4.2\text{ V}$ and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.30 Electrical Characteristics (6) [$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$]
($T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current ($V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	—	2.2	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	0.8	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	2.5	10	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	1.7	—	mA
		Low-speed clock mode	—	1	—	mA
		Wait mode	—	90	300	μA
		Stop mode	—	80	350	μA
		Stop mode	—	40	—	μA
		Stop mode	—	15	90	μA
		Stop mode	—	4	80	μA
		Stop mode	—	3.5	—	μA
		Stop mode	—	2.0	5	μA
		Stop mode	—	5.0	—	μA

Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = 25^\circ\text{C}$)****Table 5.31 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XOUT)}$	XOUT input cycle time	200	–	ns
$t_{WH(XOUT)}$	XOUT input “H” width	90	–	ns
$t_{WL(XOUT)}$	XOUT input “L” width	90	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	μs

**Figure 5.16 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.32 TRAIO Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	500	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	200	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	200	–	ns

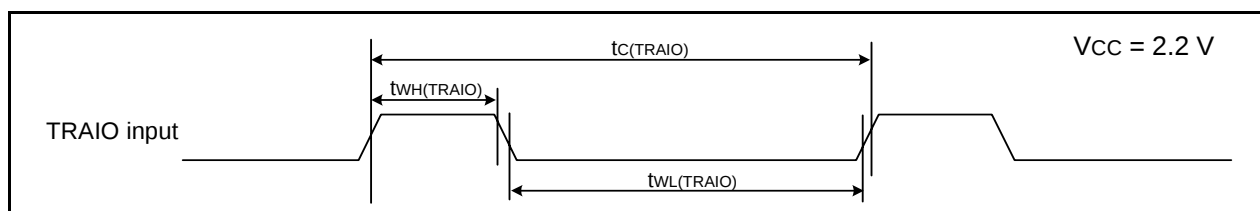
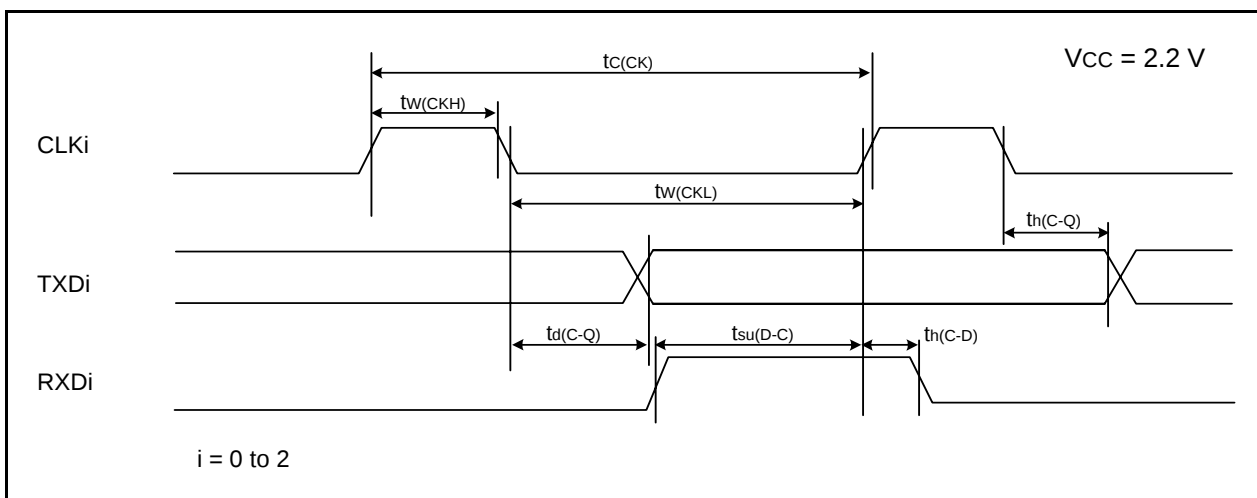
**Figure 5.17 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$**

Table 5.33 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	800	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	400	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	400	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	200	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	150	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

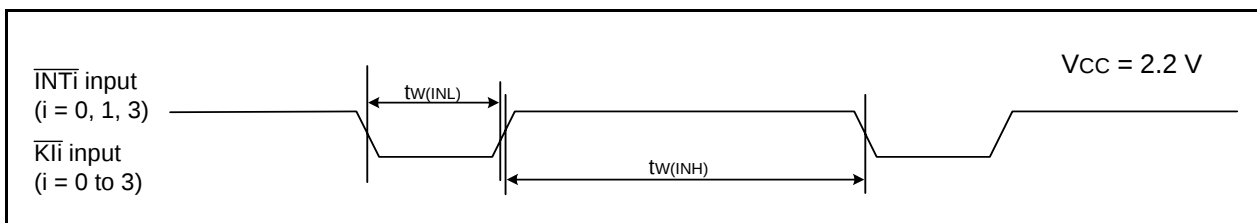
i = 0 to 2

**Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V****Table 5.34 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt $\overline{Kli}$ (i = 0 to 3)**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "H" width, $\overline{Kli}$ input "H" width	1000 (1)	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input "L" width, $\overline{Kli}$ input "L" width	1000 (2)	—	ns

Notes:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency $\times$ 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency $\times$ 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.19 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ and Key Input Interrupt $\overline{Kli}$ when Vcc = 2.2 V**