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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	27
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	32-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f21334cnfp-30

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.

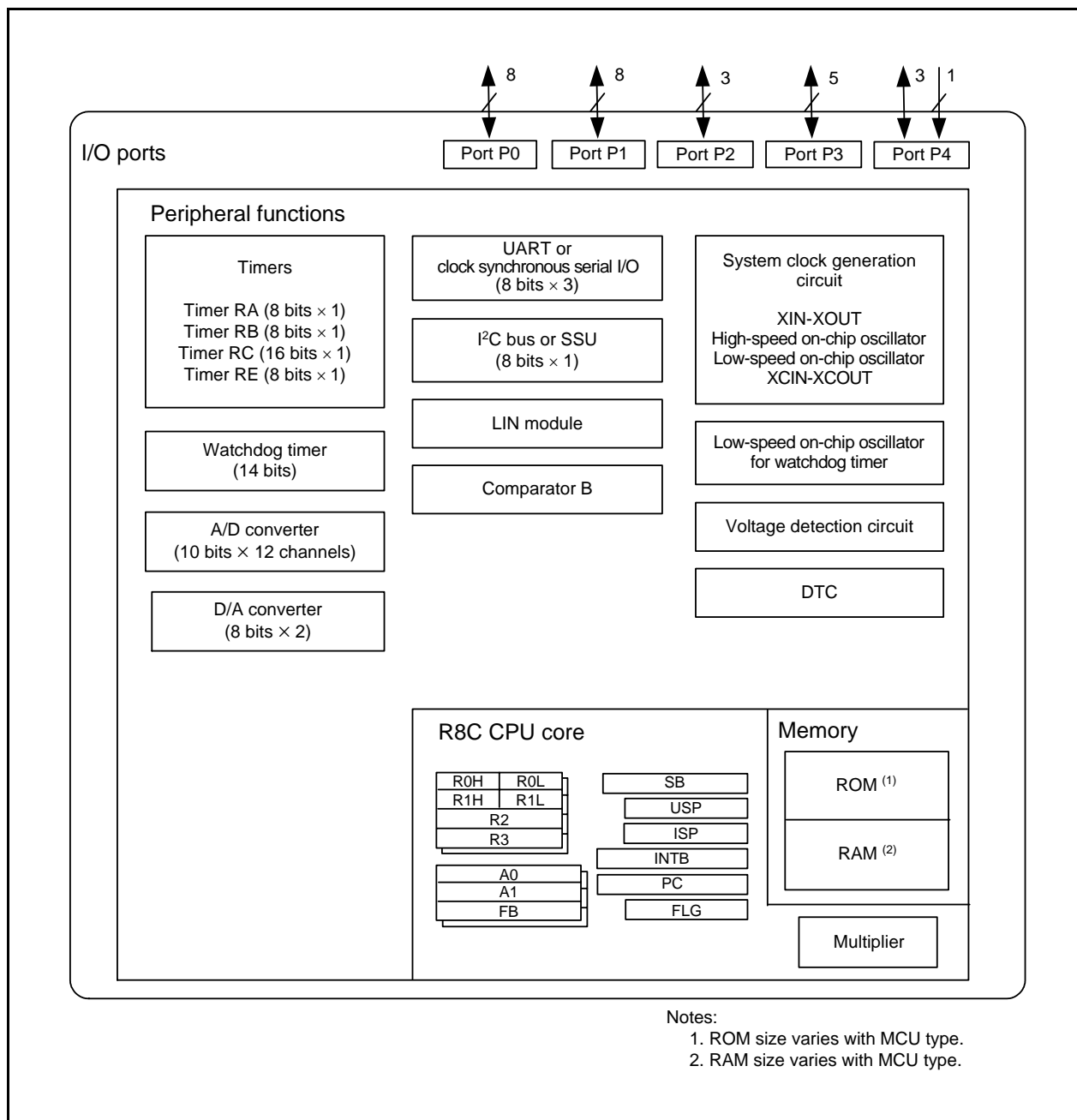


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.3 shows Pin Assignment (Top View). Table 1.4 outline the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

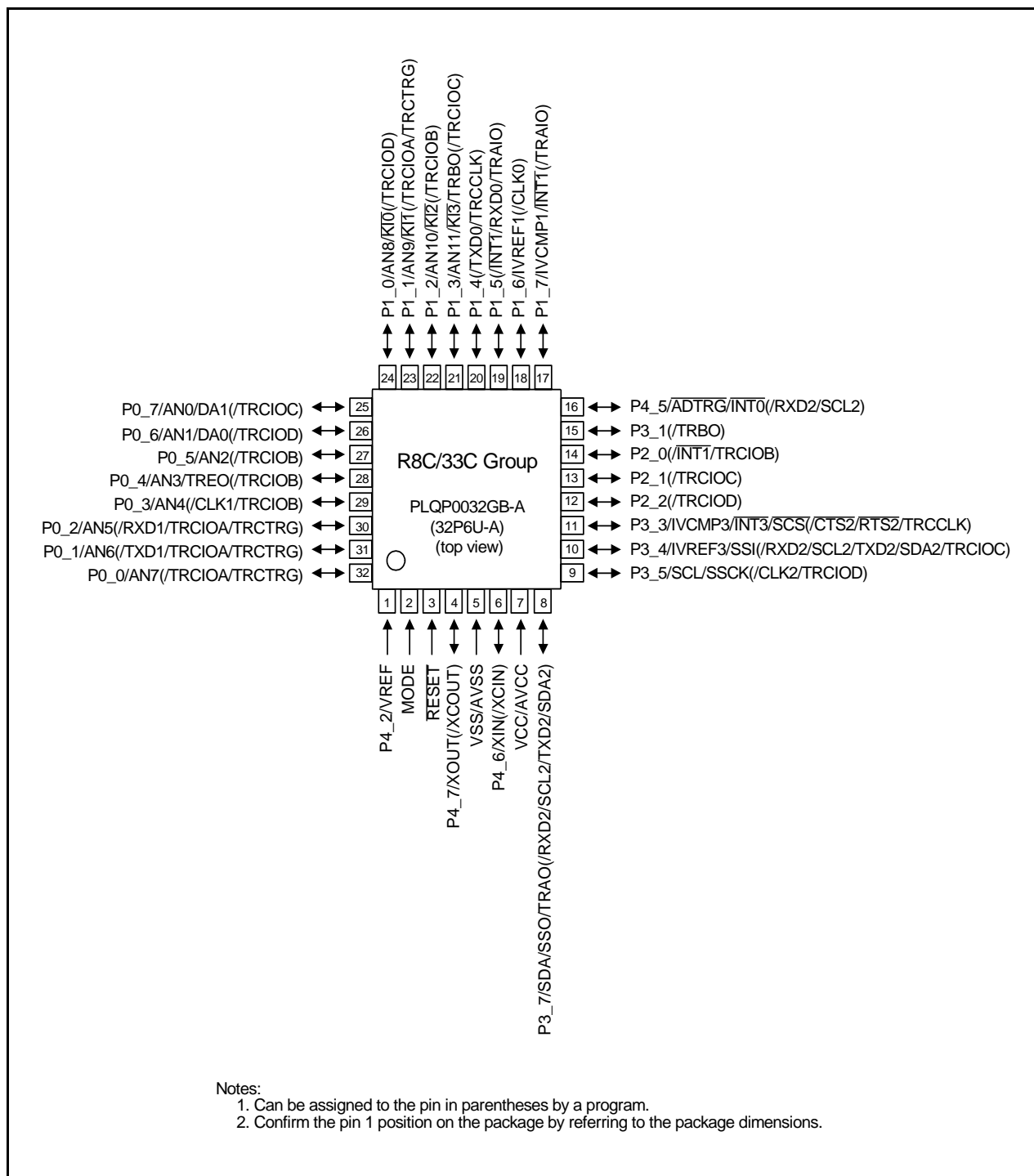


Figure 1.3 Pin Assignment (Top View)

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/33C Group

Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/33C Group. The R8C/33C Group has a 1-Mbyte address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh. The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 32-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 08000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. The starting address of each interrupt routine is stored here.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 03000h to 03FFFh.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for data storage but also as a stack area when a subroutine is called or when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh and 02C00h to 02FFFh. Peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All unallocated spaces within the SFRs are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

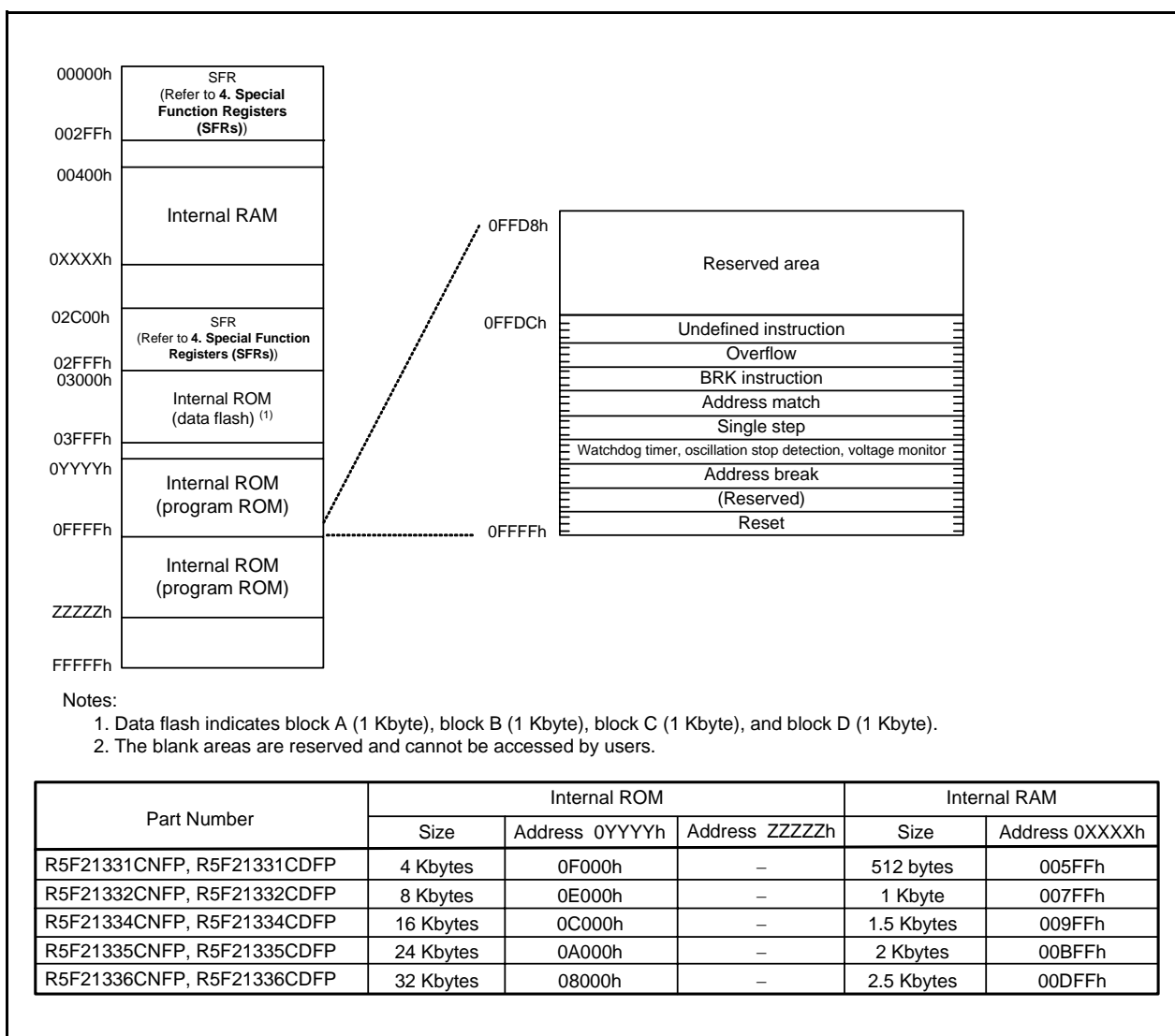


Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/33C Group

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh			
0150h			
0151h			
0152h			
0153h			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
015Ah			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
0161h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
0162h	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
0165h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
0166h	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7) ⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0180h	Timer RA Pin Select Register	TRASR	00h
0181h	Timer RB/RC Pin Select Register	TRBRCSR	00h
0182h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 0	TRCPSR0	00h
0183h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 1	TRCPSR1	00h
0184h			
0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h	UART0 Pin Select Register	U0SR	00h
0189h	UART1 Pin Select Register	U1SR	00h
018Ah	UART2 Pin Select Register 0	U2SR0	00h
018Bh	UART2 Pin Select Register 1	U2SR1	00h
018Ch	SSU/IIC Pin Select Register	SSUICSR	00h
018Dh			
018Eh	INT Interrupt Input Pin Select Register	INTSR	00h
018Fh	I/O Function Pin Select Register	PINSR	00h
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h	SS Bit Counter Register	SSBR	11111000b
0194h	SS Transmit Data Register L / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
0195h	SS Transmit Data Register H ⁽²⁾	SSTDRH	FFh
0196h	SS Receive Data Register L / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh
0197h	SS Receive Data Register H ⁽²⁾	SSRDRH	FFh
0198h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
0199h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
019Ah	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR / ICMR	00010000b / 00011000b
019Bh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIER	00h
019Ch	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
019Dh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h	Flash Memory Status Register	FST	10000X00b
01B3h			
01B4h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00h
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	00h
01B6h	Flash Memory Control Register 2	FMR2	00h
01B7h			
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUICSR register.

Table 4.9 SFR Information (9) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C00h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C01h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C02h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C03h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C04h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C05h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C06h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C07h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C08h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C09h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C0Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Bh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ch	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Dh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Eh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Fh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C40h	DTC Control Data 0	DTCD0	XXh
2C41h			XXh
2C42h			XXh
2C43h			XXh
2C44h			XXh
2C45h			XXh
2C46h			XXh
2C47h			XXh
2C48h	DTC Control Data 1	DTCD1	XXh
2C49h			XXh
2C4Ah			XXh
2C4Bh			XXh
2C4Ch			XXh
2C4Dh			XXh
2C4Eh			XXh
2C4Fh			XXh
2C50h	DTC Control Data 2	DTCD2	XXh
2C51h			XXh
2C52h			XXh
2C53h			XXh
2C54h			XXh
2C55h			XXh
2C56h			XXh
2C57h			XXh
2C58h	DTC Control Data 3	DTCD3	XXh
2C59h			XXh
2C5Ah			XXh
2C5Bh			XXh
2C5Ch			XXh
2C5Dh			XXh
2C5Eh			XXh
2C5Fh			XXh
2C60h	DTC Control Data 4	DTCD4	XXh
2C61h			XXh
2C62h			XXh
2C63h			XXh
2C64h			XXh
2C65h			XXh
2C66h			XXh
2C67h			XXh
2C68h	DTC Control Data 5	DTCD5	XXh
2C69h			XXh
2C6Ah			XXh
2C6Bh			XXh
2C6Ch			XXh
2C6Dh			XXh
2C6Eh			XXh
2C6Fh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.10 SFR Information (10) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C70h	DTC Control Data 6	DTCD6	XXh
2C71h			XXh
2C72h			XXh
2C73h			XXh
2C74h			XXh
2C75h			XXh
2C76h			XXh
2C77h			XXh
2C78h	DTC Control Data 7	DTCD7	XXh
2C79h			XXh
2C7Ah			XXh
2C7Bh			XXh
2C7Ch			XXh
2C7Dh			XXh
2C7Eh			XXh
2C7Fh			XXh
2C80h	DTC Control Data 8	DTCD8	XXh
2C81h			XXh
2C82h			XXh
2C83h			XXh
2C84h			XXh
2C85h			XXh
2C86h			XXh
2C87h			XXh
2C88h	DTC Control Data 9	DTCD9	XXh
2C89h			XXh
2C8Ah			XXh
2C8Bh			XXh
2C8Ch			XXh
2C8Dh			XXh
2C8Eh			XXh
2C8Fh			XXh
2C90h	DTC Control Data 10	DTCD10	XXh
2C91h			XXh
2C92h			XXh
2C93h			XXh
2C94h			XXh
2C95h			XXh
2C96h			XXh
2C97h			XXh
2C98h	DTC Control Data 11	DTCD11	XXh
2C99h			XXh
2C9Ah			XXh
2C9Bh			XXh
2C9Ch			XXh
2C9Dh			XXh
2C9Eh			XXh
2C9Fh			XXh
2CA0h	DTC Control Data 12	DTCD12	XXh
2CA1h			XXh
2CA2h			XXh
2CA3h			XXh
2CA4h			XXh
2CA5h			XXh
2CA6h			XXh
2CA7h			XXh
2CA8h	DTC Control Data 13	DTCD13	XXh
2CA9h			XXh
2CAAh			XXh
2CABh			XXh
2CACH			XXh
2CADh			XXh
2CAEh			XXh
2CAFh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.11 SFR Information (11) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CB0h	DTC Control Data 14	DTCD14	XXh
2CB1h			XXh
2CB2h			XXh
2CB3h			XXh
2CB4h			XXh
2CB5h			XXh
2CB6h			XXh
2CB7h			XXh
2CB8h	DTC Control Data 15	DTCD15	XXh
2CB9h			XXh
2CBAh			XXh
2CBBh			XXh
2CBCh			XXh
2CBDh			XXh
2CBEh			XXh
2CBFh			XXh
2CC0h	DTC Control Data 16	DTCD16	XXh
2CC1h			XXh
2CC2h			XXh
2CC3h			XXh
2CC4h			XXh
2CC5h			XXh
2CC6h			XXh
2CC7h			XXh
2CC8h	DTC Control Data 17	DTCD17	XXh
2CC9h			XXh
2CCAh			XXh
2CCBh			XXh
2CCCh			XXh
2CCDh			XXh
2CCEh			XXh
2CCFh			XXh
2CD0h	DTC Control Data 18	DTCD18	XXh
2CD1h			XXh
2CD2h			XXh
2CD3h			XXh
2CD4h			XXh
2CD5h			XXh
2CD6h			XXh
2CD7h			XXh
2CD8h	DTC Control Data 19	DTCD19	XXh
2CD9h			XXh
2CDAh			XXh
2CDBh			XXh
2CDCh			XXh
2CDDh			XXh
2CDEh			XXh
2CDFh			XXh
2CE0h	DTC Control Data 20	DTCD20	XXh
2CE1h			XXh
2CE2h			XXh
2CE3h			XXh
2CE4h			XXh
2CE5h			XXh
2CE6h			XXh
2CE7h			XXh
2CE8h	DTC Control Data 21	DTCD21	XXh
2CE9h			XXh
2CEAh			XXh
2CEBh			XXh
2CECh			XXh
2CEDh			XXh
2CEEh			XXh
2CEFh			XXh

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter				Conditions	Standard			Unit
						Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage					1.8	—	5.5	V
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage					—	0	—	V
VIH	Input “H” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0.8 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
		CMOS input	Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection : 0.35 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.5 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.55 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.65 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
				Input level selection : 0.5 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.65 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.7 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.8 Vcc	—	Vcc	V
			Input level selection : 0.7 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.85 Vcc	—	Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.85 Vcc	—	Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.85 Vcc	—	Vcc	V	
		External clock input (XOUT)				1.2	—	Vcc	V
	VIL	Input “L” voltage	Other than CMOS input				0	—	0.2 Vcc
CMOS input			Input level switching function (I/O port)	Input level selection : 0.35 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	—	0.2 Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	—	0.2 Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	—	0.2 Vcc	V
				Input level selection : 0.5 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	—	0.4 Vcc	V
					2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	—	0.3 Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	—	0.2 Vcc	V
			Input level selection : 0.7 Vcc	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0	—	0.55 Vcc	V	
				2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	—	0.45 Vcc	V	
				1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0	—	0.35 Vcc	V	
External clock input (XOUT)				0	—	0.4	V		
IOH(sum)		Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins IOH(peak)				—	—	−160
IOH(sum)	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins IOH(avg)				—	—	−80	mA
IOH(peak)	Peak output “H” current	Drive capacity Low				—	—	−10	mA
		Drive capacity High				—	—	−40	mA
IOH(avg)	Average output “H” current	Drive capacity Low				—	—	−5	mA
		Drive capacity High				—	—	−20	mA
IOL(sum)	Peak sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins IOL(peak)				—	—	160	mA
IOL(sum)	Average sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins IOL(avg)				—	—	80	mA
IOL(peak)	Peak output “L” current	Drive capacity Low				—	—	10	mA
		Drive capacity High				—	—	40	mA
IOL(avg)	Average output “L” current	Drive capacity Low				—	—	5	mA
		Drive capacity High				—	—	20	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency				1.8 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	32.768	50	kHz
fOCO40M	When used as the count source for timer RC (3)				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	32	—	40	MHz
fOCO-F	fOCO-F frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz
—	System clock frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz
f(BCLK)	CPU clock frequency				2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	—	—	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	—	—	5	MHz

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = −20 to 85°C (N version) / −40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.
3. fOCO40M can be used as the count source for timer RC in the range of V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V.

Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		—	—	8	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy		—	—	2.5	LSB
t_{su}	Setup time		—	—	3	μs
R_o	Output resistor		—	6	—	$k\Omega$
I_{Vref}	Reference power input current	(Note 2)	—	—	1.5	mA

Notes:

1. $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the DA_i register ($i = 0$ or 1) for the unused D/A converter is $00h$. The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included.

Table 5.5 Comparator B Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{ref}	$IVREF1$, $IVREF3$ input reference voltage		0	—	$V_{CC} - 1.4$	V
V_I	$IVCMP1$, $IVCMP3$ input voltage		-0.3	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
—	Offset		—	5	100	mV
t_d	Comparator output delay time ⁽²⁾	$V_I = V_{ref} \pm 100$ mV	—	0.1	—	μs
I_{CMP}	Comparator operating current	$V_{CC} = 5.0$ V	—	17.5	—	μA

Notes:

1. $V_{CC} = 2.7$ to 5.5 V, $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. When the digital filter is disabled.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾		1,000 ⁽³⁾	—	—	times
—	Byte program time		—	80	500	μs
—	Block erase time		—	0.3	—	s
t _d (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		—	—	5+CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
—	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	—	—	μs
—	Time from suspend until erase restart		—	—	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
t _d (CMDRST-READY)	Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled		—	—	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μs
—	Program, erase voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Read voltage		1.8	—	5.5	V
—	Program, erase temperature		0	—	60	°C
—	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	—	—	year

Notes:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.

2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance

The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.

If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.

However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).

3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).

4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.

5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.

6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.

7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.12 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency after reset	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	38.4	40	41.6	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	38.0	40	42.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA4 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA5 register correction value into the FRA3 register ⁽²⁾	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	35.389	36.864	38.338	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	35.020	36.864	38.707	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA6 register correction value is written into the FRA1 register and the FRA7 register correction value into the FRA3 register	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	30.72	32	33.28	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	30.40	32	33.60	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	0.5	3	ms
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	400	–	μA

Notes:

1. $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

Table 5.13 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		60	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	30	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	–	2	–	μA

Note:

1. $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $T_{opr} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.14 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _d (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		–	–	2,000	μs

Notes:

1. The measurement condition is $V_{CC} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.

Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (1)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time			4	–	–	tcyc (2)
tHI	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	–	0.6	tsucyc
tLO	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	–	0.6	tsucyc
tRISE	SSCK clock rising time	Master		–	–	1	tcyc (2)
		Slave		–	–	1	μs
tFALL	SSCK clock falling time	Master		–	–	1	tcyc (2)
		Slave		–	–	1	μs
tsu	SSO, SSI data input setup time			100	–	–	ns
tH	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	–	–	tcyc (2)
tLEAD	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$ setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	–	–	ns
tLAG	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$ hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	–	–	ns
tOD	SSO, SSI data output delay time			–	–	1	tcyc (2)
tSA	SSI slave access time		$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	–	–	$1.5\text{tcyc} + 100$	ns
			$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} < 2.7\text{ V}$	–	–	$1.5\text{tcyc} + 200$	ns
tOR	SSI slave out open time		$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	–	–	$1.5\text{tcyc} + 100$	ns
			$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CC}} < 2.7\text{ V}$	–	–	$1.5\text{tcyc} + 200$	ns

Notes:

1. $V_{\text{CC}} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V , $V_{\text{SS}} = 0\text{ V}$ and $T_{\text{opr}} = -20$ to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. $1\text{tcyc} = 1/f_1(\text{s})$

Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (1) [4.2 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
VOH	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High Vcc = 5 V	IOH = -20 mA	Vcc - 2.0	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity Low Vcc = 5 V	IOH = -5 mA	Vcc - 2.0	-	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Vcc = 5 V	IOH = -200 μA	1.0	-	Vcc	V
VOL	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High Vcc = 5 V	IOL = 20 mA	-	-	2.0	V
			Drive capacity Low Vcc = 5 V	IOL = 5 mA	-	-	2.0	V
		XOUT	Vcc = 5 V	IOL = 200 μA	-	-	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	1.2	-	V
		RESET			0.1	1.2	-	V
IIH	Input "H" current		VI = 5 V, Vcc = 5.0 V		-	-	5.0	μA
IIL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5.0 V		-	-	-5.0	μA
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5.0 V		25	50	100	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	0.3	-	MΩ
RfXCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	8	-	MΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	-	-	V

Note:

1. 4.2 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.18 Electrical Characteristics (2) [$3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$]
($T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	6.5	15	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	5.3	12.5	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	3.6	—	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	3.0	—	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	2.2	—	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	1.5	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	—	7.0	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	—	3.0	—	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	—	1	—	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	—	90	400	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	—	85	400	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0	—	47	—	μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	—	15	100	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	—	4	90	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	—	3.5	—	μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	—	2.0	5.0	μA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	—	5.0	—	μA

Table 5.24 Electrical Characteristics (4) [$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 3.3\text{ V}$]
($T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current ($V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ to }3.3\text{ V}$) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	—	3.5	10	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	1.5	7.5	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	7.0	15	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	90	390	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	—	80	400	μA
		Wait mode	—	15	90	μA
		Stop mode	—	2.0	5.0	μA

Table 5.29 Electrical Characteristics (5) [$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OH} = -2 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT		I _{OH} = -200 μ A	1.0	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	I _{OL} = 2 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT		I _{OL} = 200 μ A	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRBO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD1, RXD2, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.05	0.20	—	V
		RESET			0.05	0.2	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 2.2 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V		—	—	4.0	μ A
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V		—	—	-4.0	μ A
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V, V _{CC} = 2.2 V		70	140	300	k Ω
R _{IXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	0.3	—	M Ω
R _{IXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	8	—	M Ω
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

Note:

1. $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$ and T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 5 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.30 Electrical Characteristics (6) [$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.7\text{ V}$]
($T_{opr} = -20\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current ($V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}$) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	—	2.2	—	mA
				0.8	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	2.5	10	mA
			—	1.7	—	mA
			—	1	—	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	90	300	μA
			—	80	350	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	—	40	—	μA
			—	3.5	—	μA
		Wait mode	—	15	90	μA
			—	4	80	μA
			—	2.0	5	μA
		Stop mode	—	5.0	—	μA
			—	—	—	μA

General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

- The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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