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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	54
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 20x16b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mkl17z128vlh4

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Related Resources (continued)

Туре	Description	Resource
Package drawing	Package dimensions are provided in package drawings.	64-LQFP: 98ASS23234W ¹ 64- MAPBGA: 98ASA00420D ^{, 1} 32- QFN: 98ASA00615D ¹ 48-QFN: 98ASA00616D ^{, 1} 36-WLCSP: 98ASA00949D ¹

1. To find the associated resource, go to http://www.nxp.com and perform a search using this term.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
V _{DDA}	Analog supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
$V_{DD} - V_{DDA}$	V _{DD} -to-V _{DDA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
$V_{SS} - V_{SSA}$	V _{SS} -to-V _{SSA} differential voltage	-0.1	0.1	V	
V _{IH}	Input high voltage				
	• $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	—	V	
	• $1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{DD}$	—	V	
V _{IL}	Input low voltage				
	• 2.7 V \leq V _{DD} \leq 3.6 V	_	$0.35 \times V_{DD}$	V	
	• $1.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V	
V _{HYS}	Input hysteresis	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$	_	V	
I _{ICIO}	IO pin negative DC injection current — single pin • V _{IN} < V _{SS} -0.3V	-3	_	mA	1
I _{ICcont}	Contiguous pin DC injection current —regional limit, includes sum of negative injection currents of 16 contiguous pins • Negative current injection	-25	_	mA	
V _{ODPU}	Open drain pullup voltage level	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V	2
V _{RAM}	V _{DD} voltage required to retain RAM	1.2		V	

2.2.1 Voltage and current operating requirements

Table 5. Voltage and current operating requirements

1. All I/O pins are internally clamped to V_{SS} through a ESD protection diode. There is no diode connection to V_{DD} . If V_{IN} greater than V_{IO_MIN} (= V_{SS} -0.3 V) is observed, then there is no need to provide current limiting resistors at the pads. If this limit cannot be observed then a current limiting resistor is required. The negative DC injection current limiting resistor is calculated as R = $(V_{IO_MIN} - V_{IN})/|I_{ICIO}|$.

2. Open drain outputs must be pulled to V_{DD} .

2.2.2 LVD and POR operating requirements

Table 6. V_{DD} supply LVD and POR operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{POR}	Falling V _{DD} POR detect voltage	0.8	1.1	1.5	V	—
V _{LVDH}	Falling low-voltage detect threshold — high range (LVDV = 01)	2.48	2.56	2.64	V	—
	Low-voltage warning thresholds — high range					1

Table continues on the next page ...

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DD_VLLS3}	Very-low-leakage stop mode 3 current with RTC					3
	• at 25 °C and below	_	1.96	2.36		
	• at 50 °C	_	3.86	5.67		
	• at 70 °C	—	6.23	8.53		
	• at 85 °C	—	10.21	13.37		
	• at 105 °C	_	30.25	37.02		
I _{DD_VLLS1}	Very-low-leakage stop mode 1 current all					
	• at 25 °C and below	_	0.66	0.80		
	• at 50°C	_	1.78	3.87		
	• at 70°C	—	2.55	4.26	μA	
	• at 85°C	—	4.83	6.64		
	• at 105 °C	_	16.42	20.49		
IDD VLLS1	Very-low-leakage stop mode 1 current RTC					3
	enabled at 3.0 V	_	1.26	1.40		
	• at 25 °C and below	_	2.38	4.47		
	• at 50°C	_	3.15	4.86	μA	
	• at 70°C	_	5.43	7.24		
	• at 85°C	_	17.02	21.09		
	• at 105 °C					
I _{DD_VLLS1}	Very-low-leakage stop mode 1 current RTC					3
	• at 25 °C and below	_	1.16	1.30		
	• at 50°C	_	1.96	2.28		
	• at 70°C	_	2.78	3.37	μΑ	
	• at 85°C	—	4.85	6.88		
	• at 105 °C	_	15.78	18.81		
I _{DD_VLLS0}	Very-low-leakage stop mode 0 current all peripheral disabled (SMC_STOPCTRL[PORPO] = 0) at 3.0 V		0.05	0.47		
		_	0.35	0.47	μΑ	
	• at 50 °C	—	1.25	1.44		
	• at 70 °C	—	2.53	3.24		
	• at 85 °C	_	4.40	5.24		
	• at 105 °C		16.09	19.29		
I _{DD_VLLS0}	Very-low-leakage stop mode 0 current all peripheral disabled (SMC_STOPCTRL[PORPO] = 1) at 3 V					

Table 9. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued	Table 9.	Power	consumption	operating	behaviors	(continued
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Figure 2. Run mode supply current vs. core frequency

General



General



Figure 3. VLPR mode current vs. core frequency

2.2.6 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors

Table 11. EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors for 64-pin LQFP package

Symbol	Description	Frequency band (MHz)	Тур.	Unit	Notes
V _{RE1}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 1	0.15–50	11	dBµV	1, 2
V _{RE2}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 2	50–150	12	dBµV	
V _{RE3}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 3	150–500	10	dBµV	
V _{RE4}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 4	500-1000	6	dBµV	
V _{RE_IEC}	IEC level	0.15–1000	Ν	_	2, 3

1. Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions and IEC Standard 61967-2, Integrated Circuits - Measurement



Figure 6. IRC8M Frequency Drift vs Temperature curve

3.3.2 Oscillator electrical specifications

3.3.2.1 Oscillator DC electrical specifications Table 21. Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	
I _{DDOSC}	Supply current — low-power mode (HGO=0)					1
	• 32 kHz	—	500	—	nA	
	• 4 MHz	_	200	—	μA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	_	300	_	μA	
	• 16 MHz	_	950	_	μA	
		_	1.2	_	mA	

Table continues on the next page ...

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	• 24 MHz	—	1.5	—	mA	
	• 32 MHz					
IDDOSC	Supply current — high gain mode (HGO=1)					1
	• 32 kHz	_	25	_	μA	
	• 4 MHz	_	400	_	μA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	_	500	_	μA	
	• 16 MHz	_	2.5	_	mA	
	• 24 MHz	_	3	_	mA	
	• 32 MHz	_	4	_	mA	
C _x	EXTAL load capacitance	_	_	_		2, 3
Cy	XTAL load capacitance	_	—	—		2, 3
R _F	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	MΩ	2, 4
	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	10	_	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, low- power mode (HGO=0)	_			MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	1		MΩ	
R _S	Series resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)				kΩ	
	Series resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	200		kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_			kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)					
		_	0	_	kΩ	
V _{pp} ⁵	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	0.6	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	V _{DD}	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	_	0.6	_	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	_	V _{DD}	_	V	

Table 21. Oscillator DC electrical specifications (continued)

V_{DD}=3.3 V, Temperature =25 °C
 See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation

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3.4.1.3 Flash high voltage current behaviors Table 25. Flash high voltage current behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{DD_PGM}	Average current adder during high voltage flash programming operation		2.5	6.0	mA
I _{DD_ERS}	Average current adder during high voltage flash erase operation		1.5	4.0	mA

3.4.1.4 Reliability specifications

Table 26. NVM reliability specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes		
Program Flash								
t _{nvmretp10k}	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	—	years	—		
t _{nvmretp1k}	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100	_	years	—		
n _{nvmcycp}	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K		cycles	2		

1. Typical data retention values are based on measured response accelerated at high temperature and derated to a constant 25 °C use profile. Engineering Bulletin EB618 does not apply to this technology. Typical endurance defined in Engineering Bulletin EB619.

2. Cycling endurance represents number of program/erase cycles at -40 °C \leq T_j \leq 125 °C.

3.5 Security and integrity modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's security and integrity modules.

3.6 Analog

3.6.1 ADC electrical specifications

Using differential inputs can achieve better system accuracy than using single-end inputs.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
T _A	Temperature	0	50	°C	

Table 31. VREF limited-range operating requirements

Table 32.	VREF limited-range	operating	behaviors
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Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{out}	Voltage reference output with factory trim	1.173	1.225	V	

3.6.3 CMP and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications

 Table 33.
 Comparator and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V
I _{DDHS}	Supply current, High-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=1)	—	—	200	μA
I _{DDLS}	Supply current, low-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=0)	—	—	20	μA
V _{AIN}	Analog input voltage	V _{SS} – 0.3	—	V _{DD}	V
V _{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage	—	—	20	mV
V _H	Analog comparator hysteresis ¹				
	• CR0[HYSTCTR] = 00	—	5	_	mV
	 CR0[HYSTCTR] = 01 	—	10	—	mV
	• CR0[HYSTCTR] = 10	—	20	_	mV
	 CR0[HYSTCTR] = 11 	—	30	_	mV
V _{CMPOh}	Output high	V _{DD} – 0.5	—	_	V
V _{CMPOI}	Output low	_	—	0.5	V
t _{DHS}	Propagation delay, high-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=1)	20	50	200	ns
t _{DLS}	Propagation delay, low-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=0)	80	250	600	ns
	Analog comparator initialization delay ²	—	—	40	μs
I _{DAC6b}	6-bit DAC current adder (enabled)	_	7	_	μA
INL	6-bit DAC integral non-linearity	-0.5	_	0.5	LSB ³
DNL	6-bit DAC differential non-linearity	-0.3		0.3	LSB

1. Typical hysteresis is measured with input voltage range limited to 0.6 to V_{DD} -0.6 V.

 Comparator initialization delay is defined as the time between software writes to change control inputs (Writes to CMP_DACCR[DACEN], CMP_DACCR[VRSEL], CMP_DACCR[VOSEL], CMP_MUXCR[PSEL], and CMP_MUXCR[MSEL]) and the comparator output settling to a stable level.

3. 1 LSB = V_{reference}/64

3.6.4.2 12-bit DAC operating behaviors Table 35. 12-bit DAC operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA_DACL}	Supply current — low-power mode	_	—	250	μΑ	
I _{DDA_DACH} P	Supply current — high-speed mode	_	—	900	μΑ	
t _{DACLP}	Full-scale settling time (0x080 to 0xF7F) — low-power mode	_	100	200	μs	1
tDACHP	Full-scale settling time (0x080 to 0xF7F) — high-power mode	_	15	30	μs	1
t _{CCDACLP}	Code-to-code settling time (0xBF8 to 0xC08) — low-power mode and high-speed mode	—	0.7	1	μs	1
V _{dacoutl}	DAC output voltage range low — high- speed mode, no load, DAC set to 0x000	_	—	100	mV	
V _{dacouth}	DAC output voltage range high — high- speed mode, no load, DAC set to 0xFFF	V _{DACR} -100	_	V _{DACR}	mV	
INL	Integral non-linearity error — high speed mode	_	—	±8	LSB	2
DNL	Differential non-linearity error — V _{DACR} > 2 V	_	_	±1	LSB	3
DNL	Differential non-linearity error — V _{DACR} = VREF_OUT	—	_	±1	LSB	4
VOFFSET	Offset error	_	±0.4	±0.8	%FSR	5
E _G	Gain error	—	±0.1	±0.6	%FSR	5
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio, $V_{DDA} \ge 2.4 V$	60	—	90	dB	
T _{CO}	Temperature coefficient offset voltage	_	3.7	—	μV/C	6
T _{GE}	Temperature coefficient gain error	—	0.000421	—	%FSR/C	
Rop	Output resistance (load = $3 \text{ k}\Omega$)	—	—	250	Ω	
SR	Slew rate -80h \rightarrow F7Fh \rightarrow 80h				V/µs	
	 High power (SP_{HP}) 	1.2	1.7	—		
	 Low power (SP_{LP}) 	0.05	0.12	—		
BW	3dB bandwidth				kHz	
	• High power (SP _{HP})	550	_	_		
	 Low power (SP_{LP}) 	40	_	—		

1. Settling within ±1 LSB

2. The INL is measured for 0 + 100 mV to V_{DACR} –100 mV

3. The DNL is measured for 0 + 100 mV to V_{DACR} –100 mV

4. The DNL is measured for 0 + 100 mV to V_{DACR} –100 mV with V_{DDA} > 2.4 V 5. Calculated by a best fit curve from V_{SS} + 100 mV to V_{DACR} – 100 mV

6. V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, reference select set for V_{DDA} (DACx_CO:DACRFS = 1), high power mode (DACx_CO:LPEN = 0), DAC set to 0x800, temperature range is across the full range of the device

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Figure 13. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

3.7 Timers

See General switching specifications.

3.8 Communication interfaces



Figure 17. SPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 1)

3.8.2 I²C

3.8.2.1 Inter-Integrated Circuit Interface (I2C) timing Table 40. I2C timing

Characteristic	Symbol	Standa	rd Mode	Fast	Unit	
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
SCL Clock Frequency	f _{SCL}	0	100	0	400 ¹	kHz
Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated.	t _{HD} ; STA	4	_	0.6	_	μs
LOW period of the SCL clock	t _{LOW}	4.7	—	1.25	_	μs
HIGH period of the SCL clock	t _{HIGH}	4	—	0.6	_	μs
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	t _{SU} ; STA	4.7	_	0.6	_	μs
Data hold time for I ² C bus devices	t _{HD} ; DAT	0 ²	3.45 ³	04	0.9 ²	μs
Data set-up time	t _{SU} ; DAT	250 ⁵	—	100 ³ , ⁶	—	ns
Rise time of SDA and SCL signals	t _r	—	1000	20 +0.1C _b ⁷	300	ns
Fall time of SDA and SCL signals	t _f	—	300	20 +0.1C _b ⁶	300	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	t _{SU} ; STO	4	—	0.6	—	μs
Bus free time between STOP and START condition	t _{BUF}	4.7	_	1.3	_	μs
Pulse width of spikes that must be suppressed by the input filter	t _{SP}	N/A	N/A	0	50	ns

Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

- 1. The maximum SCL Clock Frequency in Fast mode with maximum bus loading can be achieved only when using the high drive pins across the full voltage range and when using the normal drive pins and VDD ≥ 2.7 V.
- The master mode I²C deasserts ACK of an address byte simultaneously with the falling edge of SCL. If no slaves
 acknowledge this address byte, then a negative hold time can result, depending on the edge rates of the SDA and SCL
 lines.
- 3. The maximum tHD; DAT must be met only if the device does not stretch the LOW period (tLOW) of the SCL signal.
- 4. Input signal Slew = 10 ns and Output Load = 50 pF
- 5. Set-up time in slave-transmitter mode is 1 IPBus clock period, if the TX FIFO is empty.
- 6. A Fast mode I²C bus device can be used in a Standard mode I2C bus system, but the requirement t_{SU; DAT} ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This is automatically the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, then it must output the next data bit to the SDA line t_{rmax} + t_{SU; DAT} = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the Standard mode I²C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.
- 7. C_b = total capacitance of the one bus line in pF.

Characteristic	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
SCL Clock Frequency	f _{SCL}	0	1 ¹	MHz
Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated.	t _{HD} ; STA	0.26	—	μs
LOW period of the SCL clock	t _{LOW}	0.5		μs
HIGH period of the SCL clock	t _{HIGH}	0.26	_	μs
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	t _{SU} ; STA	0.26		μs
Data hold time for I ₂ C bus devices	t _{HD} ; DAT	0		μs
Data set-up time	t _{SU} ; DAT	50		ns
Rise time of SDA and SCL signals	t _r	20 +0.1C _b	120	ns
Fall time of SDA and SCL signals	t _f	20 +0.1C _b ²	120	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	t _{SU} ; STO	0.26	_	μs
Bus free time between STOP and START condition	t _{BUF}	0.5	—	μs
Pulse width of spikes that must be suppressed by the input filter	t _{SP}	0	50	ns

Table 41. I²C 1Mbit/s timing

- 1. The maximum SCL clock frequency of 1 Mbit/s can support maximum bus loading when using the high drive pins across the full voltage range.
- 2. C_b = total capacitance of the one bus line in pF.



Figure 18. Timing definition for devices on the I²C bus



Figure 19. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	_	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	10	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid	—	33	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	10	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹	—	28	ns

Table 43. I2S/SAI slave mode timing

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear



Figure 21. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Table 45. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes (full voltage range)

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	250	—	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	30	_	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid	—	87	ns
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	30	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹		72	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear

64 MAP BGA	64 LQFP	48 QFN	36 WLC SP	32 QFN	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7
A2	64	48	B6	32	PTD7	DISABLED		PTD7	SPI1_MISO	LPUART0_ TX		SPI1_MOSI	FXIO0_D7	
C5	_	_	C5	_	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved							
_	_	_	C6	_	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved							
_	_	_	D5	_	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved							
_	_	_	D6	_	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved							

5.2 KL17 Family Pinouts

Figure below shows the 32 QFN pinouts:



Figure 23. 32 QFN Pinout diagram

Figure below shows the 36 WLCSP pinouts:

Pinouts and Packaging

	1	2	3	4	5	6	
A	PTC3	PTC4	PTC5	PTC7	PTD4	PTD6	A
в	PTC1	PTC2	VDD	PTC6	PTD5	PTD7	в
с	PTB1	PTB0	PTA16	VSS	Reserved	Reserved	с
D	PTA20	PTA17	PTA15	PTA2	Reserved	Reserved	D
E	PTA19	VDD	PTA14	PTA1	PTE30	VDDA/ VREFH	E
F	PTA18	VSS	PTA4	PTA3	PTA0	VSSA/ VREFL	F
	1	2	3	4	5	6	

Figure 24. 36 WLCSP Pinout diagram

Figure below shows the 48 QFN pinouts:

8.4 Relationship between ratings and operating requirements



8.5 Guidelines for ratings and operating requirements

Follow these guidelines for ratings and operating requirements:

- Never exceed any of the chip's ratings.
- During normal operation, don't exceed any of the chip's operating requirements.
- If you must exceed an operating requirement at times other than during normal operation (for example, during power sequencing), limit the duration as much as possible.

9 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
3	09 August 2014	 Initial Public release Updated Table 9 - Power consumption operating behaviors. Added a note related to 32 QFN pin package in Pinouts topic.
4	03 March 2015	 Updated the features and completed the ordering information. Removed thickness dimension from package diagrams.

Table 48. Revision History

Table continues on the next page...

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		 Updated Related Resources table to include Chip Errata resource name and Package Drawing part numbers in the respective rows. Also updated Product Brief resource references. Updated Table 7. Voltage and current operating behaviors. Specified correct max. value for I_{IN}. Updated Table - 9 Power consumption operating behaviors. Rows added for IDD for reset pin hold low (I_{DD_RESET_LOW}) at 1.7V and 3V. Measurement unit updated for I_{DD_VLLS1} from nA to µA. Footnote 1 was moved in the beginning of the table as text. Added Table - 11 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors for 64-pin LQFP package under section 2.2.6. Updated Table - 18 (IRC48M specification) and Table - 19 (IRC8M/2M specification) under section 3.3.1 - 'MCG-Lite specifications'. Removed supply voltage (V_{DD}), temperature range (T), untrimmed (f_{IRC_UT}), trim function (Δf_{IRC_C}, Δf_{IRC_F}) data from Table - 18 (IRC48M specification). Removed supply voltage (V_{DD}), temperature range (T) data from Table - 19 (IRC8M/2M specification). Removed supply voltage (V_{DD}), temperature curve after Table - 19 (IRC8M/2M specification). Removed Supply voltage (V_{DD}), temperature range (T) data from Table - 19 (IRC8M/2M specification). Added Figure 6. IRC8M Frequency Drift vs Temperature curve after Table - 19 (IRC8M/2M specification). Updated Table 29. VREF full-range operating behaviors. Removed A_c(Aging coefficient) row. Added Table 29. VREF full-range operating behaviors. Removed A_c(Aging coefficient) row. Added Table 29. VREF full-range operating behaviors. Removed A_c(Aging coefficient) row. Added Table 29. VREF full-range operating behaviors. Removed A_c(Aging coefficient) row. Added Table 29. VREF full-range operating behaviors. Removed A_c(Aging coefficient) row. Added Table 29. VREF full-rang
5	12 August 2015	 In Table 9. Power consumption operating behaviors: Updated Max. values of I_{DD_WAIT}, I_{DD_VLPW}, I_{DD_STOP}, I_{DD_VLPS}, I_{DD_LLS}, I_{DD_VLLS3}, I_{DD_VLLS1}, I_{DD_VLLS0}. Modified unit of I_{DD_VLLS0} from nA to µA. Removed I_{DD_RESET_LOW} information. In Table 13. Device clock specifications, added a footnote for normal run mode. In Table 15. Thermal operating requirements, modified the footnote for Ambient temperature. In Table 18. IRC48M specification, removed f_{IRC_T} data and added Δf_{irc48m_of_lv} and Δf_{irc48m_of_hv} specifications. In Table 26. 16-bit ADC operating conditions, updated Max. value of f_{ADCK} and C_{rate}.
5.1	16 Nov 2015	Added 36-pin WLCSP package information.
6	25 Jan 2016	Completed all the TBDs of the 36-pin WLCSP package.