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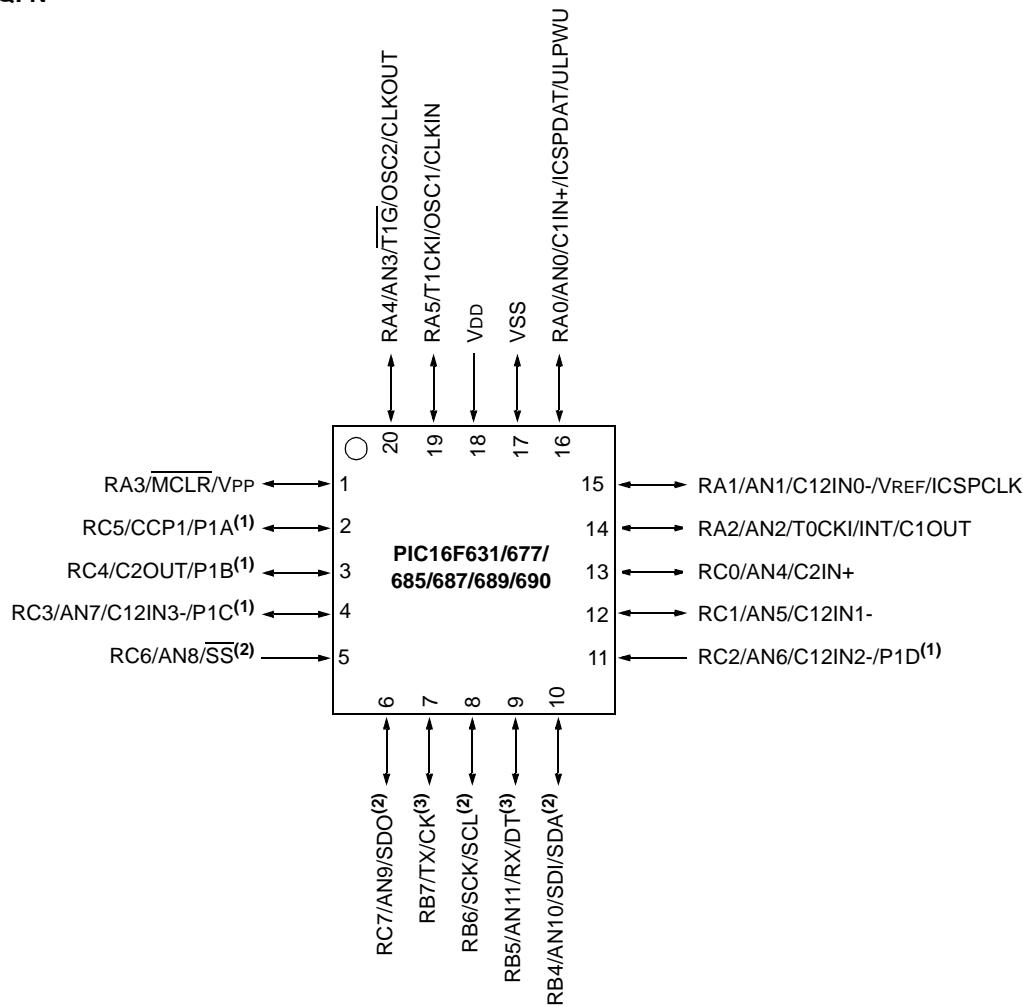
##### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	18
Program Memory Size	7KB (4K x 14)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	256 x 8
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-SOIC
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16f690-e-so">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16f690-e-so</a>

# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

## PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690 Pin Diagram (QFN)

20-pin QFN



**Note 1:** CCP1/P1A, P1B, P1C and P1D are available on PIC16F685/PIC16F690 only.

**2:** SS, SDO, SDI/SDA and SCL/SCK are available on PIC16F677/PIC16F687/PIC16F689/PIC16F690 only.

**3:** RX/DT and TX/CK are available on PIC16F687/PIC16F689/PIC16F690 only.

## 2.2 Data Memory Organization

The data memory (see Figures 2-6 through 2-8) is partitioned into four banks which contain the General Purpose Registers (GPR) and the Special Function Registers (SFR). The Special Function Registers are located in the first 32 locations of each bank. The General Purpose Registers, implemented as static RAM, are located in the last 96 locations of each Bank. Register locations F0h-FFh in Bank 1, 170h-17Fh in Bank 2 and 1F0h-1FFh in Bank 3 point to addresses 70h-7Fh in Bank 0. The actual number of General Purpose Registers (GPR) in each Bank depends on the device. Details are shown in Figures 2-4 through 2-8. All other RAM is unimplemented and returns '0' when read. RP<1:0> of the STATUS register are the bank select bits:

<u>RP1</u>	<u>RP0</u>	
0	0	→ Bank 0 is selected
0	1	→ Bank 1 is selected
1	0	→ Bank 2 is selected
1	1	→ Bank 3 is selected

### 2.2.1 GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTER FILE

The register file is organized as 128 x 8 in the PIC16F687 and 256 x 8 in the PIC16F685/PIC16F689/PIC16F690. Each register is accessed, either directly or indirectly, through the File Select Register (FSR) (see **Section 2.4 “Indirect Addressing, INDF and FSR Registers”**).

### 2.2.2 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS

The Special Function Registers are registers used by the CPU and peripheral functions for controlling the desired operation of the device (see Tables 2-1 through 2-4). These registers are static RAM.

The special registers can be classified into two sets: core and peripheral. The Special Function Registers associated with the “core” are described in this section. Registers related to the operation of peripheral features are described in the section of that peripheral feature.

# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

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**TABLE 2-4: PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS SUMMARY BANK 3**

Addr	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on POR, BOR	Page
<b>Bank 3</b>											
180h	INDF									xxxx xxxx	43,200
181h	OPTION_REG	RABPU	INTEDG	T0CS	T0SE	PSA	PS2	PS1	PS0	1111 1111	36,200
182h	PCL	Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte								0000 0000	43,200
183h	STATUS	IRP	RP1	RP0	TO	PD	Z	DC	C	0001 1xxx	35,200
184h	FSR	Indirect Data Memory Address Pointer								xxxx xxxx	43,200
185h	TRISA	—	—	TRISA5	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	--11 1111	57,200
186h	TRISB	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	—	—	—	—	1111 ----	68,201
187h	TRISC	TRISC7	TRISC6	TRISC5	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	TRISC0	1111 1111	74,201
188h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
189h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
18Ah	PCLATH	—	—	—	Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter					---0 0000	43,200
18Bh	INTCON	GIE	PEIE	TOIE	INTE	RABIE	TOIF	INTF	RABIF <sup>(1)</sup>	0000 000x	37,200
18Ch	EECON1	EEPGD <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	WRERR	WREN	WR	RD	x--- x000	119,201
18Dh	EECON2	EEPROM Control Register 2 (not a physical register)								---- ----	117,201
18Eh	—	Unimplemented								—	—
18Fh	—	Unimplemented								—	—
190h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
191h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
192h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
193h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
194h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
195h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
196h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
197h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
198h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
199h	—	Unimplemented								—	—
19Ah	—	Unimplemented								—	—
19Bh	—	Unimplemented								—	—
19Ch	—	Unimplemented								—	—
19Dh	PSTRCON <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	STRSYNC	STRD	STRC	STRB	STRA	---0 0001	144,201
19Eh	SRCON	SR1	SR0	C1SEN	C2REN	PULSS	PULSR	—	—	0000 00--	101,201
19Fh	—	Unimplemented								—	—

**Legend:** — = Unimplemented locations read as '0', u = unchanged, x = unknown, q = value depends on condition, shaded = unimplemented

**Note 1:** MCLR and WDT Reset does not affect the previous value data latch. The RABIF bit will be cleared upon Reset but will set again if the mismatch exists.

**2:** PIC16F685/PIC16F690 only.

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**TABLE 4-3: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PORTC**

Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on POR, BOR	Value on all other Resets
ANSEL	ANS7	ANS6	ANS5	ANS4	ANS3	ANS2	ANS1	ANS0	1111 1111	1111 1111
ANSELH	—	—	—	—	ANS11	ANS10	ANS9	ANS8	---- 1111	---- 1111
CCP1CON <sup>(2)</sup>	P1M1	P1M0	DC1B1	DC1B0	CCP1M3	CCP1M2	CCP1M1	CCP1M0	0000 0000	0000 0000
CM2CON0	C2ON	C2OUT	C2OE	C2POL	—	C2R	C2CH1	C2CH0	0000 -000	0000 -000
CM2CON1	MC1OUT	MC2OUT	—	—	—	T1GSS	C2SYNC	00-- --10	00-- --10	00-- --10
PORTC	RC7	RC6	RC5	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	RC0	xxxx xxxx	uuuu uuuu
PSTRCON	—	—	—	STRSYNC	STRD	STRC	STRB	STRA	---0 0001	---0 0001
SRCON	SR1	SR0	C1SEN	C2REN	PULSS	PULSR	—	—	0000 00--	0000 00--
SSPCON <sup>(1)</sup>	WCOL	SSPOV	SSPEN	CKP	SSPM3	SSPM2	SSPM1	SSPM0	0000 0000	0000 0000
TRISC	TRISC7	TRISC6	TRISC5	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	TRISCO	1111 1111	1111 1111
VRCON	C1VREN	C2VREN	VRR	VP6EN	VR3	VR2	VR1	VR0	0000 0000	0000 0000

**Legend:** x = unknown, u = unchanged, — = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by PORTC.

**Note 1:** PIC16F687/PIC16F689/PIC16F690 only.

**2:** PIC16F685/PIC16F690 only.

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## EXAMPLE 9-1: A/D CONVERSION

```
;This code block configures the ADC
;for polling, Vdd reference, Frc clock
;and AN0 input.
;
;Conversion start & polling for completion
; are included.
;
BANKSELADCON1;
MOVLWB'01110000';ADC Frc clock
MOVWFADCON1;
BANKSELTRISA;
BSF TRISA,0;Set RA0 to input
BANKSELANSEL;
BSF ANSEL,0;Set RA0 to analog
BANKSELADCON0;
MOVLWB'10000001';Right justify,
MOVWFADCON0; Vdd Vref, AN0, On
CALLSampleTime;Acquisition delay
BSF ADCON0,GO;Start conversion
BTFSACON0,GO;Is conversion done?
GOTO$-1 ;No, test again
BANKSELADRESH;
MOVFADRESH,W;Read upper 2 bits
MOVWFRESULTHI;store in GPR space
BANKSELADRESL;
MOVFADRESL,W;Read lower 8 bits
MOVWFRESULTLO;Store in GPR space
```

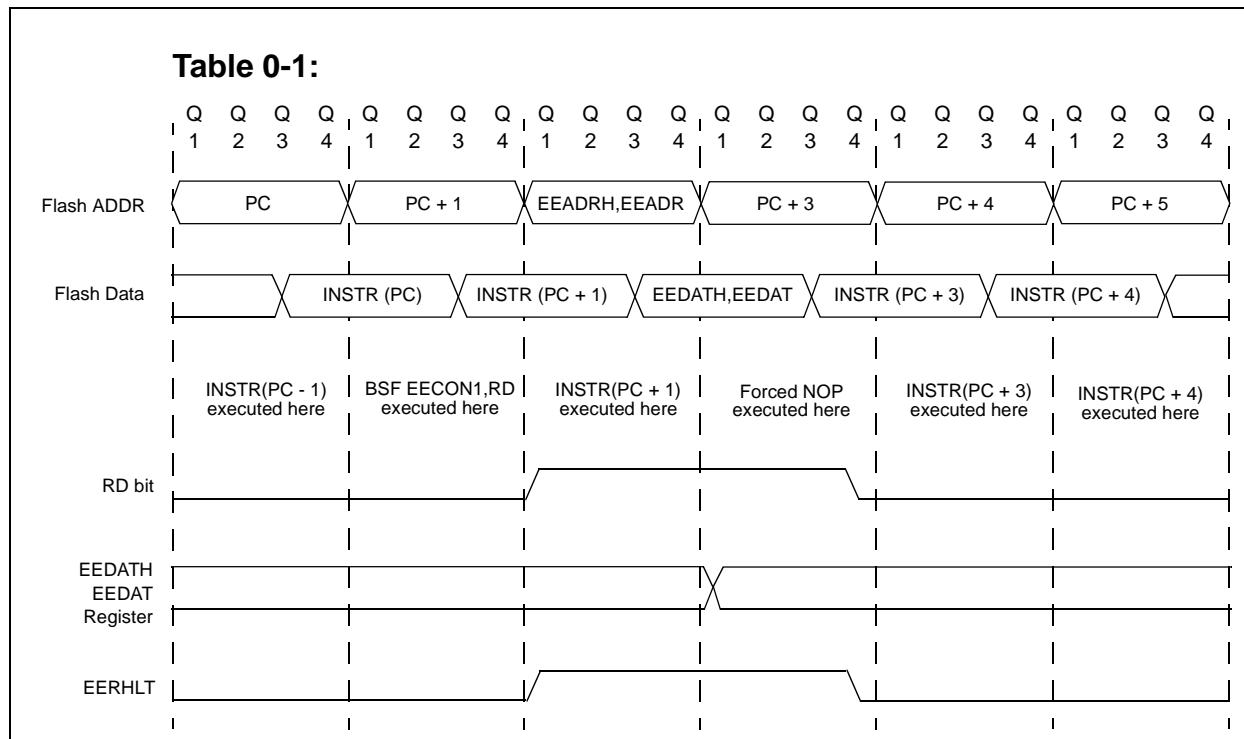
### 9.2.7 ADC REGISTER DEFINITIONS

The following registers are used to control the operation of the ADC.

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FIGURE 10-1: FLASH PROGRAM MEMORY READ CYCLE EXECUTION

Table 0-1:



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## REGISTER 11-3: PWM1CON: ENHANCED PWM CONTROL REGISTER

| R/W-0 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| PRSEN | PDC6  | PDC5  | PDC4  | PDC3  | PDC2  | PDC1  | PDC0  |
| bit 7 | bit 0 |       |       |       |       |       |       |

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7           **PRSEN:** PWM Restart Enable bit

1 = Upon auto-shutdown, the ECCPASE bit clears automatically once the shutdown event goes away; the PWM restarts automatically  
0 = Upon auto-shutdown, ECCPASE must be cleared in software to restart the PWM

bit 6-0          **PDC<6:0>:** PWM Delay Count bits

PDCn =Number of Fosc/4 (4 \* Tosc) cycles between the scheduled time when a PWM signal **should** transition active and the **actual** time it transitions active

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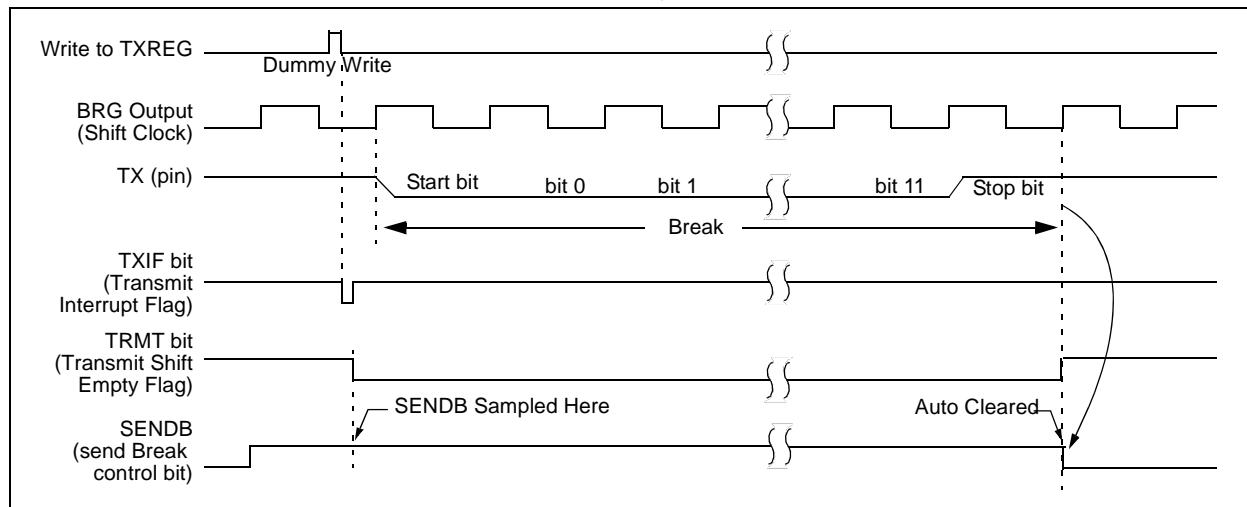
TABLE 12-5: BAUD RATES FOR ASYNCHRONOUS MODES (CONTINUED)

BAUD RATE	SYNC = 0, BRGH = 1, BRG16 = 1 or SYNC = 1, BRG16 = 1											
	Fosc = 20.000 MHz			Fosc = 18.432 MHz			Fosc = 11.0592 MHz			Fosc = 8.000 MHz		
	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)
300	300.0	0.00	16665	300.0	0.00	15359	300.0	0.00	9215	300.0	0.00	6666
1200	1200	-0.01	4166	1200	0.00	3839	1200	0.00	2303	1200	-0.02	1666
2400	2400	0.02	2082	2400	0.00	1919	2400	0.00	1151	2401	0.04	832
9600	9597	-0.03	520	9600	0.00	479	9600	0.00	287	9615	0.16	207
10417	10417	0.00	479	10425	0.08	441	10433	0.16	264	10417	0	191
19.2k	19.23k	0.16	259	19.20k	0.00	239	19.20k	0.00	143	19.23k	0.16	103
57.6k	57.47k	-0.22	86	57.60k	0.00	79	57.60k	0.00	47	57.14k	-0.79	34
115.2k	116.3k	0.94	42	115.2k	0.00	39	115.2k	0.00	23	117.6k	2.12	16

BAUD RATE	SYNC = 0, BRGH = 1, BRG16 = 1 or SYNC = 1, BRG16 = 1											
	Fosc = 4.000 MHz			Fosc = 3.6864 MHz			Fosc = 2.000 MHz			Fosc = 1.000 MHz		
	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)	Actual Rate	% Error	SPBRG value (decimal)
300	300.0	0.01	3332	300.0	0.00	3071	299.9	-0.02	1666	300.1	0.04	832
1200	1200	0.04	832	1200	0.00	767	1199	-0.08	416	1202	0.16	207
2400	2398	0.08	416	2400	0.00	383	2404	0.16	207	2404	0.16	103
9600	9615	0.16	103	9600	0.00	95	9615	0.16	51	9615	0.16	25
10417	10417	0.00	95	10473	0.53	87	10417	0.00	47	10417	0.00	23
19.2k	19.23k	0.16	51	19.20k	0.00	47	19.23k	0.16	25	19.23k	0.16	12
57.6k	58.82k	2.12	16	57.60k	0.00	15	55.56k	-3.55	8	—	—	—
115.2k	111.1k	-3.55	8	115.2k	0.00	7	—	—	—	—	—	—

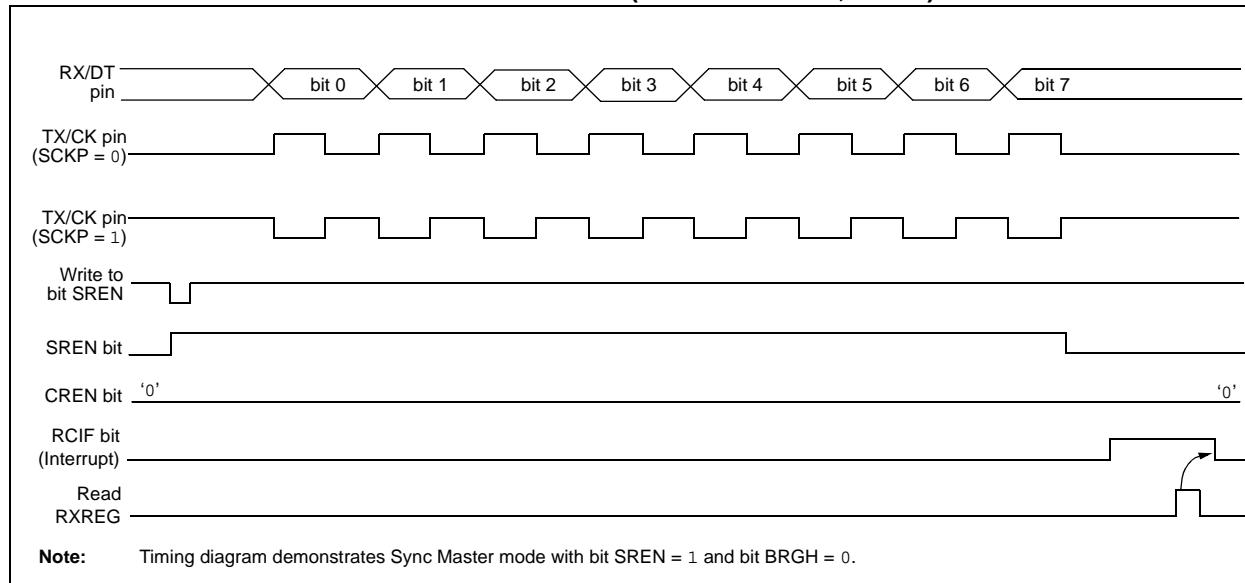
# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

FIGURE 12-9: SEND BREAK CHARACTER SEQUENCE



# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

**FIGURE 12-12: SYNCHRONOUS RECEPTION (MASTER MODE, SREN)**



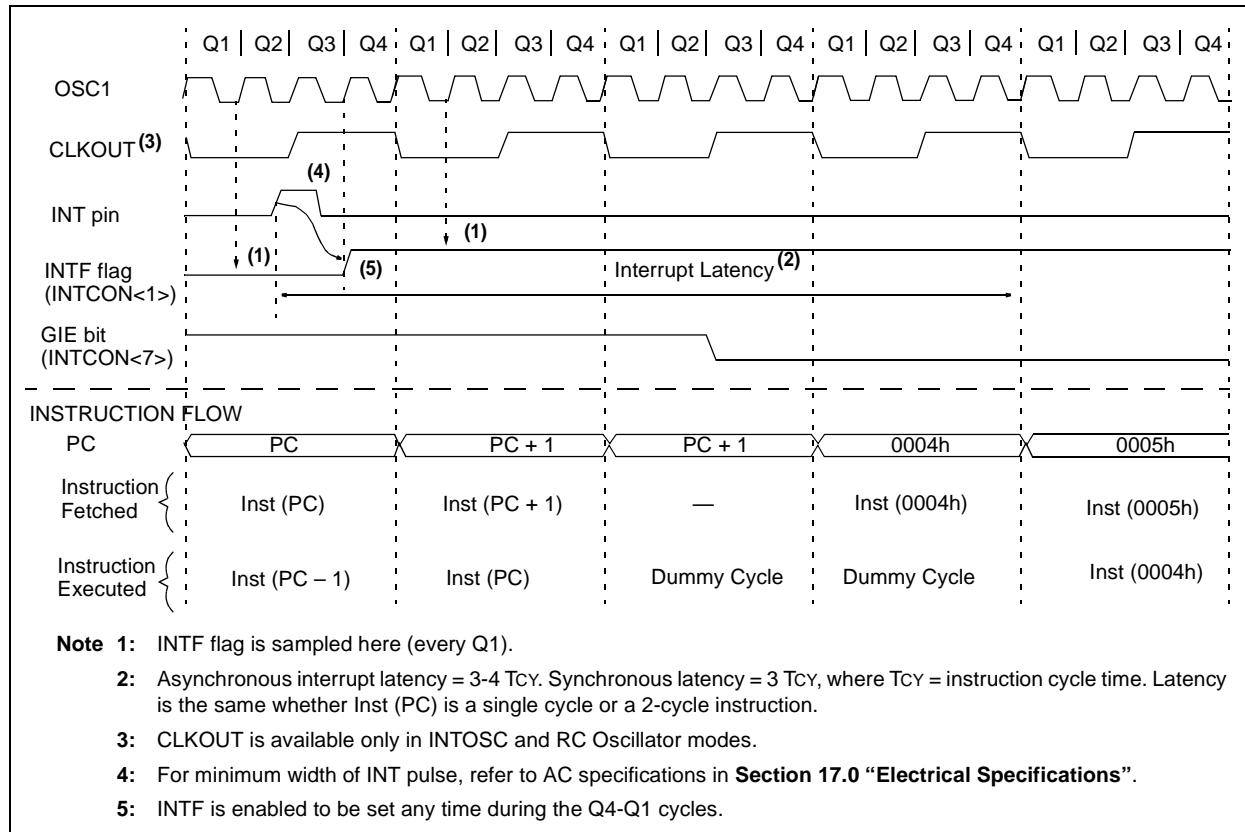
**TABLE 12-8: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SYNCHRONOUS MASTER RECEPTION**

Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on POR, BOR	Value on all other Resets
BAUDCTL	ABDOVF	RIDL	—	SCKP	BRG16	—	WUE	ABDEN	01-0 0-00	01-0 0-00
INTCON	GIE	PEIE	T0IE	INTE	RABIE	T0IF	INTF	RABIF	0000 000x	0000 000x
PIE1	—	ADIE	RCIE	TXIE	SSPIE	CCP1IE	TMR2IE	TMR1IE	-000 0000	-000 0000
PIR1	—	ADIF	RCIF	TXIF	SSPIF	CCP1IF	TMR2IF	TMR1IF	-000 0000	-000 0000
RCREG	EUSART Receive Data Register								0000 0000	0000 0000
RCSTA	SPEN	RX9	SREN	CREN	ADDEN	FERR	OERR	RX9D	0000 000x	0000 000x
SPBRG	BRG7	BRG6	BRG5	BRG4	BRG3	BRG2	BRG1	BRG0	0000 0000	0000 0000
SPBRGH	BRG15	BRG14	BRG13	BRG12	BRG11	BRG10	BRG9	BRG8	0000 0000	0000 0000
TRISB	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4					1111 ----	1111 ----
TXREG	EUSART Transmit Data Register								0000 0000	0000 0000
TXSTA	CSRC	TX9	TXEN	SYNC	SEND <sub>B</sub>	BRGH	TRMT	TX9D	0000 0010	0000 0010

**Legend:** x = unknown, — = unimplemented read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Synchronous Master Reception.

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**FIGURE 14-8: INT PIN INTERRUPT TIMING**



**TABLE 14-6: SUMMARY OF INTERRUPT REGISTERS**

Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on POR, BOR	Value on all other Resets
INTCON	GIE	PEIE	T0IE	INTE	RABIE	T0IF	INTF	RABIF	0000 000x	0000 000x
PIE1	—	ADIE	RCIE	TXIE	SSPIE	CCP1IE	TMR2IE	TMR1IE	-000 0000	-000 0000
PIE2	OSFIE	C2IE	C1IE	EEIE	—	—	—	—	0000 ----	0000 ----
PIR1	—	ADIF	RCIF	TXIF	SSPIF	CCP1IF	TMR2IF	TMR1IF	-000 0000	-000 0000
PIR2	OSFIF	C2IF	C1IF	EEIF	—	—	—	—	0000 ----	0000 ----

**Legend:** x = unknown, u = unchanged, — = unimplemented read as ‘0’, q = value depends upon condition.

Shaded cells are not used by the Interrupt module.

# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

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## REGISTER 14-2: WDTCON: WATCHDOG TIMER CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	WDTPS3	WDTPS2	WDTPS1	WDTPS0	SWDTEN <sup>(1)</sup>
bit 7				bit 0			

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-5

**Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-1

**WDTPS<3:0>:** Watchdog Timer Period Select bits

Bit Value = Prescale Rate

0000 = 1:32

0001 = 1:64

0010 = 1:128

0011 = 1:256

0100 = 1:512 (Reset value)

0101 = 1:1024

0110 = 1:2048

0111 = 1:4096

1000 = 1:8192

1001 = 1:16384

1010 = 1:32768

1011 = 1:65536

1100 = reserved

1101 = reserved

1110 = reserved

1111 = reserved

bit 0

**SWDTEN:** Software Enable or Disable the Watchdog Timer bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = WDT is turned on

0 = WDT is turned off (Reset value)

**Note 1:** If WDTE Configuration bit = 1, then WDT is always enabled, irrespective of this control bit. If WDTE Configuration bit = 0, then it is possible to turn WDT on/off with this control bit.

## TABLE 14-8: SUMMARY OF WATCHDOG TIMER REGISTER

Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Value on POR, BOR	Value on all other Resets
CONFIG <sup>(1)</sup>	CPD	CP	MCLRE	PWRTE	WDTE	FOSC2	FOSC1	FOSC0	—	—
OPTION_REG	RABPU	INTEDG	T0CS	T0SE	PSA	PS2	PS1	PS0	1111 1111	1111 1111
WDTCON	—	—	—	WDTPS3	WDTPS2	WSTPS1	WDTPS0	SWDTEN	---0 1000	---0 1000

**Legend:** Shaded cells are not used by the Watchdog Timer.

**Note 1:** See Register 14-1 for operation of all Configuration Word register bits.

# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

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## 17.6 Timing Parameter Symbology

The timing parameter symbols have been created with one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS

2. TppS

T	
F	Frequency

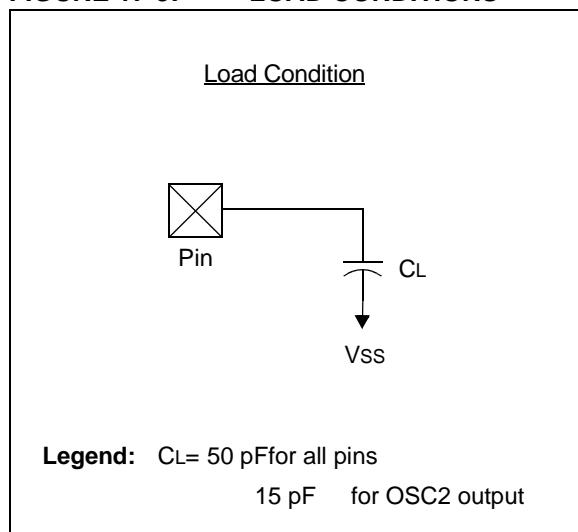
Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

pp			
cc	CCP1	osc	OSC1
ck	CLKOUT	rd	<u>RD</u>
cs	<u>CS</u>	rw	<u>RD or WR</u>
di	SDI	sc	SCK
do	SDO	ss	<u>SS</u>
dt	Data in	t0	T0CKI
io	I/O Port	t1	T1CKI
mc	<u>MCLR</u>	wr	<u>WR</u>

Uppercase letters and their meanings:

S		P	
F	Fall	P	Period
H	High	R	Rise
I	Invalid (High-impedance)	V	Valid
L	Low	Z	High-impedance

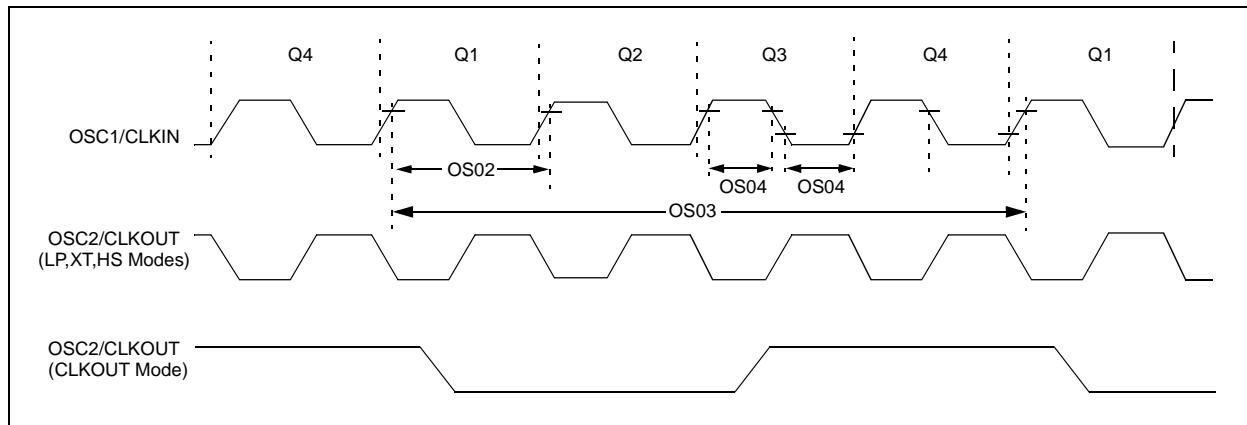
**FIGURE 17-3: LOAD CONDITIONS**



# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

## 17.7 AC Characteristics: PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690 (Industrial, Extended)

**FIGURE 17-4: CLOCK TIMING**



**TABLE 17-1: CLOCK OSCILLATOR TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{TA} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$							
Param No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Typ†	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS01	FOSC	External CLKIN Frequency <sup>(1)</sup>	DC	—	37	kHz	LP Oscillator mode
			DC	—	4	MHz	XT Oscillator mode
			DC	—	20	MHz	HS Oscillator mode
			DC	—	20	MHz	EC Oscillator mode
	TOSC	Oscillator Frequency <sup>(1)</sup>	—	32.768	—	kHz	LP Oscillator mode
			0.1	—	4	MHz	XT Oscillator mode
OS02	TOSC	External CLKIN Period <sup>(1)</sup>	27	—	$\infty$	$\mu\text{s}$	LP Oscillator mode
			250	—	$\infty$	ns	XT Oscillator mode
			50	—	$\infty$	ns	HS Oscillator mode
			50	—	$\infty$	ns	EC Oscillator mode
	TOSC	Oscillator Period <sup>(1)</sup>	—	30.5	—	$\mu\text{s}$	LP Oscillator mode
			250	—	10,000	ns	XT Oscillator mode
			50	—	1,000	ns	HS Oscillator mode
			250	—	—	ns	RC Oscillator mode
OS03	Tcy	Instruction Cycle Time <sup>(1)</sup>	200	Tcy	DC	ns	$\text{Tcy} = 4/\text{Fosc}$
OS04*	TosH, TosL	External CLKIN High, External CLKIN Low	2	—	—	$\mu\text{s}$	LP oscillator
			100	—	—	ns	XT oscillator
			20	—	—	ns	HS oscillator
OS05*	TosR, TosF	External CLKIN Rise, External CLKIN Fall	0	—	$\infty$	ns	LP oscillator
			0	—	$\infty$	ns	XT oscillator
			0	—	$\infty$	ns	HS oscillator

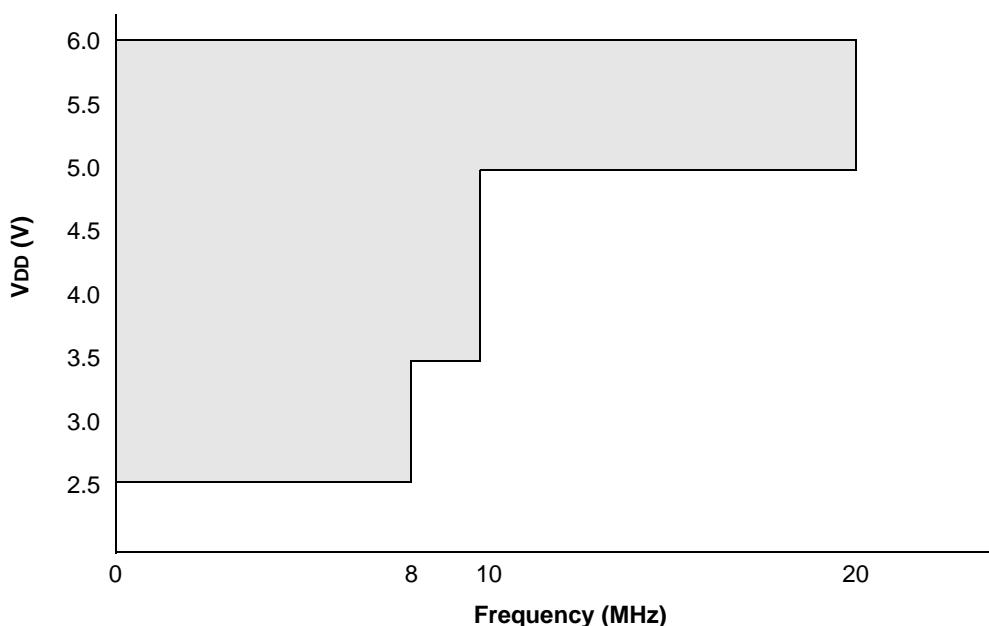
\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**Note 1:** Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at 'min' values with an external clock applied to OSC1 pin. When an external clock input is used, the 'max' cycle time limit is 'DC' (no clock) for all devices.

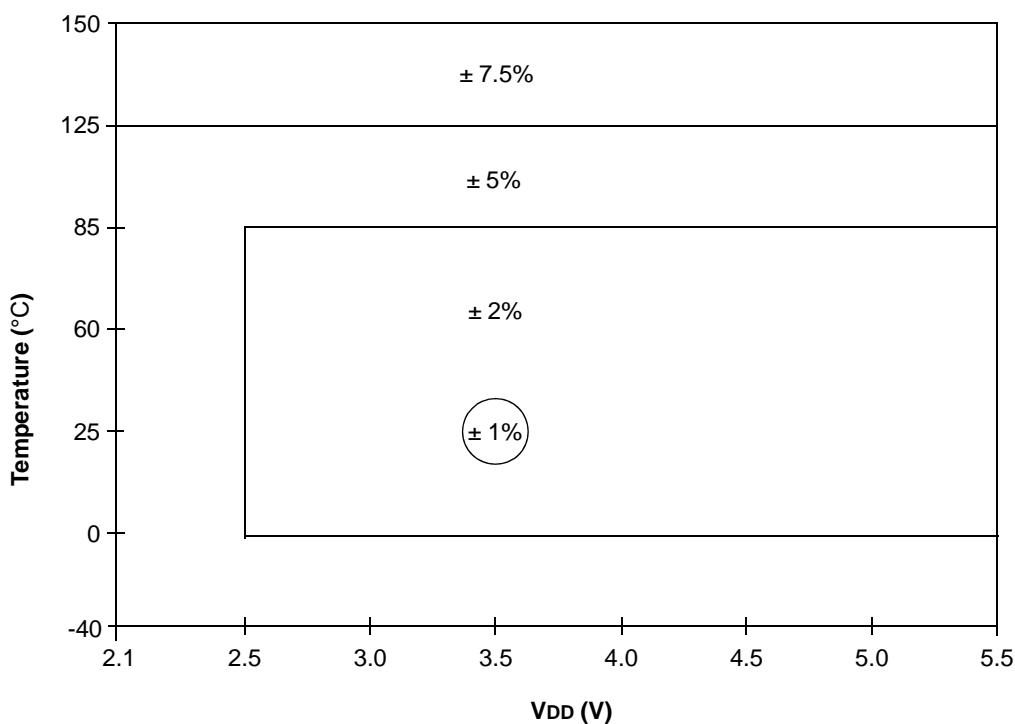
# PIC16F631/677/685/687/689/690

FIGURE 17-20: VOLTAGE-FREQUENCY GRAPH,  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{TA} \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$



Note 1: The shaded region indicates the permissible combinations of voltage and frequency.

FIGURE 17-21: HFINTOSC FREQUENCY ACCURACY OVER DEVICE  $V_{\text{DD}}$  AND TEMPERATURE



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**TABLE 17-19: DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR IDD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PIC16F685/687/689/690-H  
(High Temp.)**

Param No.	Device Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Condition	
						VDD	Note
D001	VDD	2.1	—	5.5	V	—	Fosc ≤ 8 MHz: HFINTOSC, EC
		2.1	—	5.5	V	—	Fosc ≤ 4 MHz
D010	Supply Current (IDD)	—	—	47	μA	2.1	Fosc = 32 kHz LP Oscillator
		—	—	69		3.0	
		—	—	108		5.0	
D011		—	—	357	μA	2.1	Fosc = 1 MHz XT Oscillator
		—	—	533		3.0	
		—	—	729		5.0	
D012		—	—	535	μA	2.1	Fosc = 4 MHz XT Oscillator
		—	—	875		3.0	
		—	—	1.32		5.0	
D013		—	—	336	μA	2.1	Fosc = 1 MHz EC Oscillator
		—	—	477		3.0	
		—	—	777		5.0	
D014		—	—	505	μA	2.1	Fosc = 4 MHz EC Oscillator
		—	—	724		3.0	
		—	—	1.30		5.0	
D015		—	—	51	μA	2.1	Fosc = 31 kHz LFINTOSC
		—	—	92		3.0	
		—	—	117		5.0	
D016		—	—	665	μA	2.1	Fosc = 4 MHz HFINTOSC
		—	—	970		3.0	
		—	—	1.56		5.0	
D017		—	—	936	μA	2.1	Fosc = 8 MHz HFINTOSC
		—	—	1.34		3.0	
		—	—	2.27		5.0	
D018		—	—	605	μA	2.1	Fosc = 4 MHz EXTRC
		—	—	903		3.0	
		—	—	1.43		5.0	
D019		—	—	6.61	mA	4.5	Fosc = 20 MHz HS Oscillator
		—	—	7.81		5.0	

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FIGURE 18-6: MAXIMUM IDD VS. VDD OVER Fosc (XT MODE)

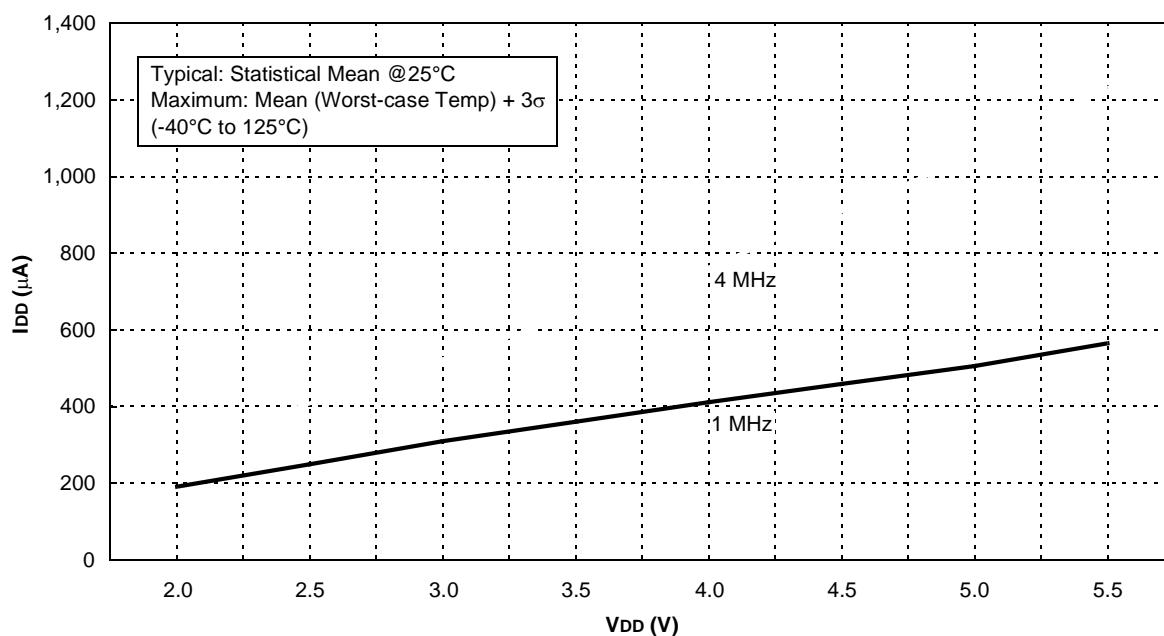
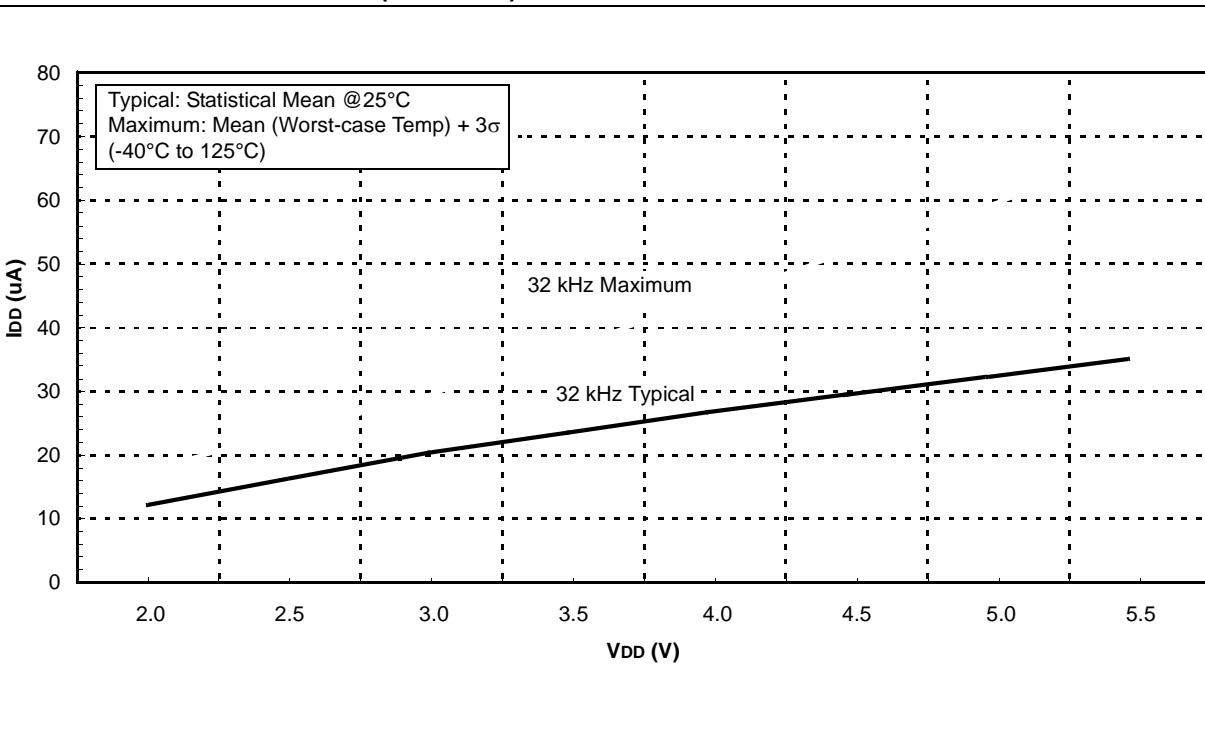


FIGURE 18-7: IDD VS. VDD (LP MODE)



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FIGURE 18-12: MAXIMUM IDD VS. FOSC OVER VDD (HFINTOSC MODE)

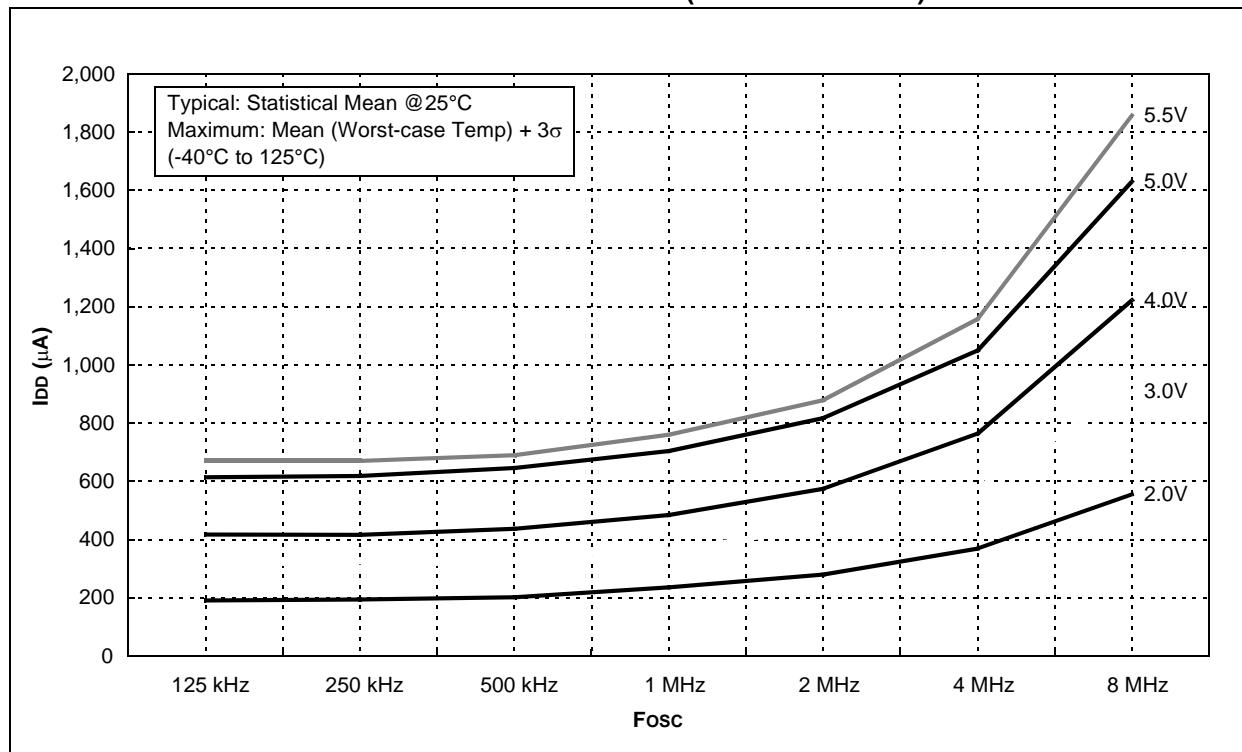
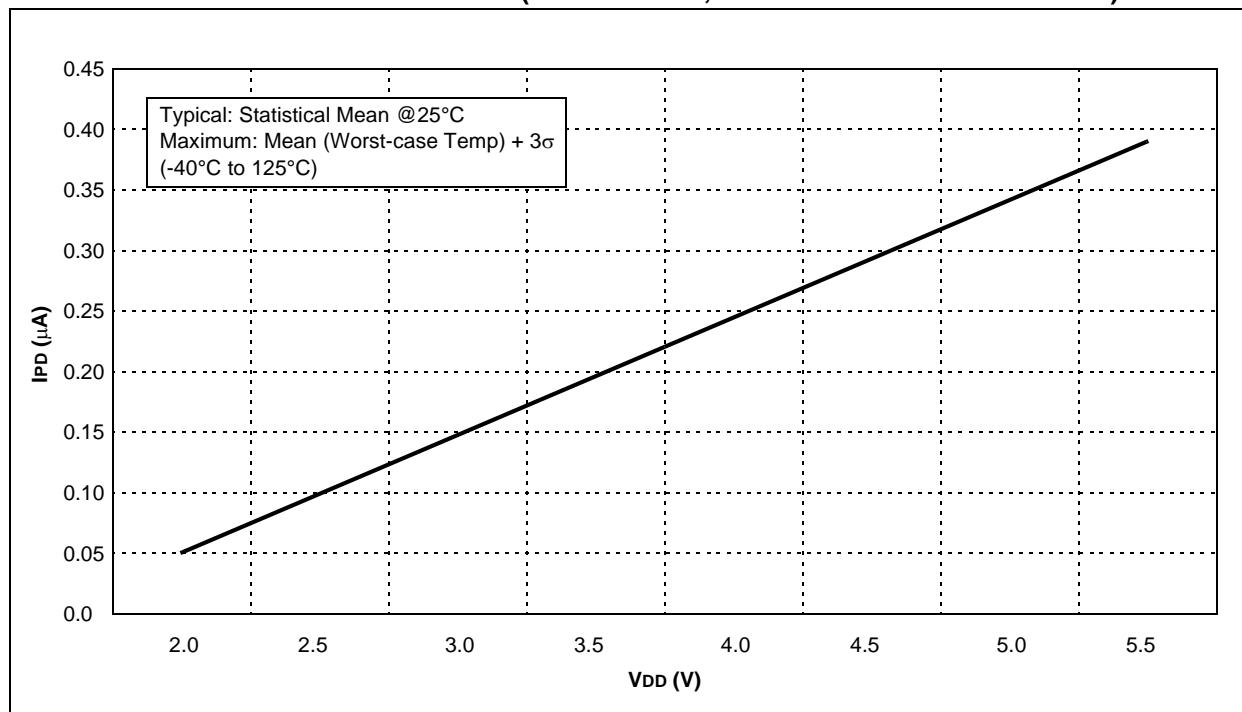


FIGURE 18-13: TYPICAL IPD VS. VDD (SLEEP MODE, ALL PERIPHERALS DISABLED)



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FIGURE 18-40: TYPICAL HFINTOSC FREQUENCY CHANGE OVER DEVICE V<sub>DD</sub> (85°C)

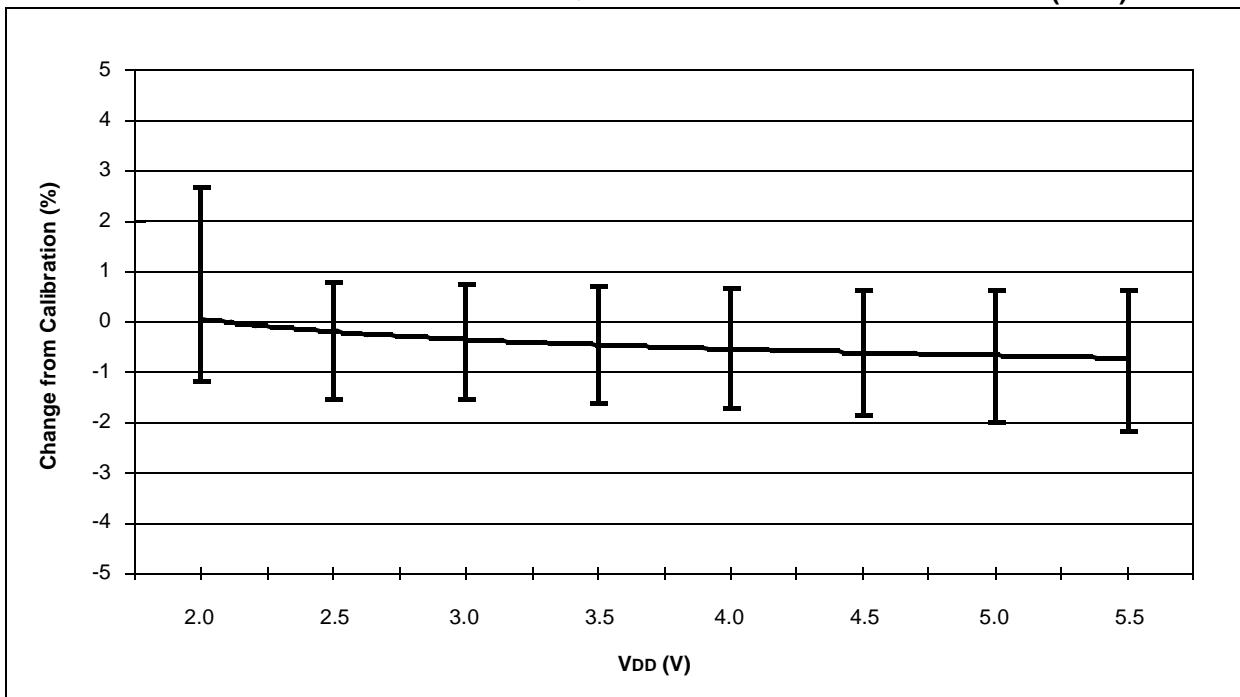
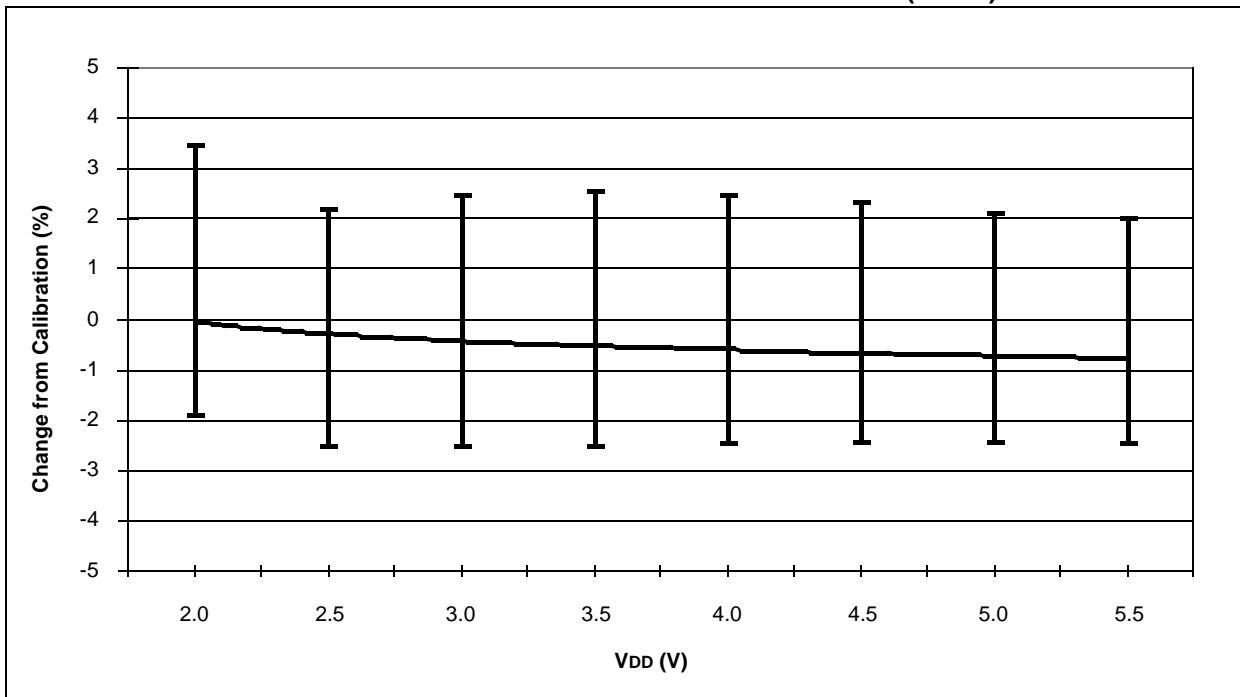


FIGURE 18-41: TYPICAL HFINTOSC FREQUENCY CHANGE vs. V<sub>DD</sub> (125°C)



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FIGURE 18-46: TYPICAL VP6 REFERENCE VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION (3V, 25°C)

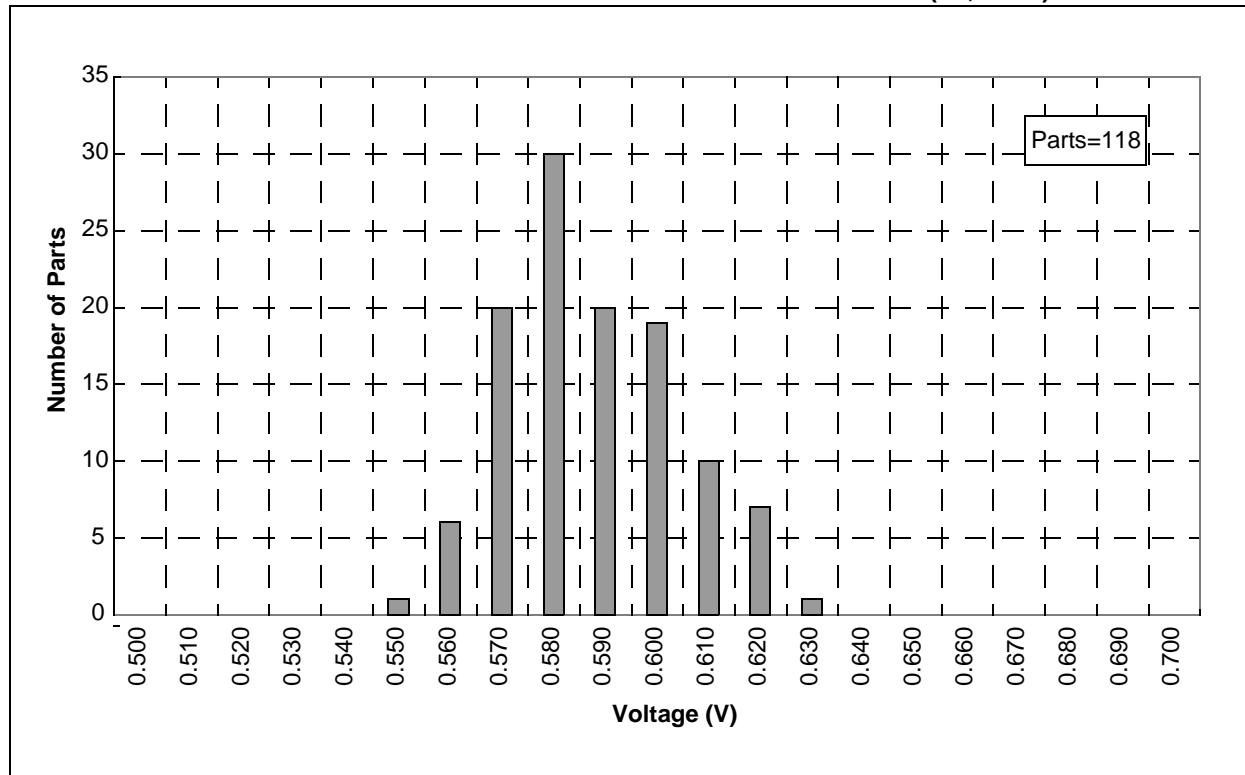


FIGURE 18-47: TYPICAL VP6 REFERENCE VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION (3V, 85°C)

