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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 24x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ev256gm104-e-pt

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dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
SCK2	I/O	ST	Yes	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2.
SDI2	I	ST	Yes	SPI2 data in.
SDO2	O	—	Yes	SPI2 data out.
SS2	I/O	ST	Yes	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCL1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
SDA1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
ASCL1	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
ASDA1	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
C1RX	I	ST	Yes	CAN1 bus receive pin.
C1TX	O	—	Yes	CAN1 bus transmit pin.
SENT1TX	O	—	Yes	SENT1 transmit pin.
SENT1RX	I	—	Yes	SENT1 receive pin.
SENT2TX	O	—	Yes	SENT2 transmit pin.
SENT2RX	I	—	Yes	SENT2 receive pin.
CVREF	O	Analog	No	Comparator Voltage Reference output.
C1IN1+, C1IN2-, C1IN1-, C1IN3- C1OUT	I O	Analog —	No Yes	Comparator 1 inputs. Comparator 1 output.
C2IN1+, C2IN2-, C2IN1-, C2IN3- C2OUT	I O	Analog —	No Yes	Comparator 2 inputs. Comparator 2 output.
C3IN1+, C3IN2-, C2IN1-, C3IN3- C3OUT	I O	Analog —	No Yes	Comparator 3 inputs. Comparator 3 output.
C4IN1+, C4IN2-, C4IN1-, C4IN3- C4OUT	I O	Analog —	No Yes	Comparator 4 inputs. Comparator 4 output.
C5IN1+, C5IN2-, C5IN1-, C5IN3- C5OUT	I O	Analog —	No Yes	Comparator 5 inputs. Comparator 5 output.
FLT1-FLT2	I	ST	Yes	PWM Fault Inputs 1 and 2.
FLT3-FLT8	I	ST	NO	PWM Fault Inputs 3 to 8.
FLT32	I	ST	NO	PWM Fault Input 32.
DTCMP1-DTCMP3	I	ST	Yes	PWM Dead-Time Compensation Inputs 1 to 3.
PWM1L-PWM3L	O	—	No	PWM Low Outputs 1 to 3.
PWM1H-PWM3H	O	—	No	PWM High Outputs 1 to 3.
SYNCI1	I	ST	Yes	PWM Synchronization Input 1.
SYNCO1	O	—	Yes	PWM Synchronization Output 1.
PGED1	I/O	ST	No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1.
PGEC1	I	ST	No	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1.
PGED2	I/O	ST	No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2.
PGEC2	I	ST	No	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2.
PGED3	I/O	ST	No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3.
PGEC3	I	ST	No	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3.
MCLR	I/P	ST	No	Master Clear (Reset) input. This pin is an active-low Reset to the device.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
PPS = Peripheral Pin Select TTL = TTL input buffer

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REGISTER 8-12: DMARQC: DMA REQUEST COLLISION STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	—	RQCOL3	RQCOL2	RQCOL1	RQCOL0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **RQCOL3:** Channel 3 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit

1 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is detected

0 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is not detected

bit 2 **RQCOL2:** Channel 2 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit

1 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is detected

0 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is not detected

bit 1 **RQCOL1:** Channel 1 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit

1 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is detected

0 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is not detected

bit 0 **RQCOL0:** Channel 0 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit

1 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is detected

0 = User force and interrupt-based request collision is not detected

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12.1 Timer1 Control Register

REGISTER 12-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TON ⁽¹⁾	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	—	TSYNC ⁽¹⁾	TCS ⁽¹⁾	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **TON:** Timer1 On bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = Starts 16-bit Timer1
 0 = Stops 16-bit Timer1
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **TSIDL:** Timer1 Stop in Idle Mode bit
 1 = Discontinues module operation when the device enters Idle mode
 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **TGATE:** Timer1 Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit
 When TCS = 1:
 This bit is ignored.
 When TCS = 0:
 1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled
 0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled
- bit 5-4 **TCKPS<1:0>:** Timer1 Input Clock Prescale Select bits
 11 = 1:256
 10 = 1:64
 01 = 1:8
 00 = 1:1
- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **TSYNC:** Timer1 External Clock Input Synchronization Select bit⁽¹⁾
 When TCS = 1:
 1 = External clock input is synchronized
 0 = External clock input is not synchronized
 When TCS = 0:
 This bit is ignored.
- bit 1 **TCS:** Timer1 Clock Source Select bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = External clock is from pin, T1CK (on the rising edge)
 0 = Internal clock (Fp)
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When Timer1 is enabled in External Synchronous Counter mode (TCS = 1, TSYNC = 1, TON = 1), any attempts by user software to write to the TMR1 register are ignored.

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15.1 Input Capture Control Registers

REGISTER 15-1: ICxCON1: INPUT CAPTURE x CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	ICSIDL	ICTSEL2	ICTSEL1	ICTSEL0	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0, HC, HS	R-0, HC, HS	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	ICI1	ICI0	ICOV	ICBNE	ICM2	ICM1	ICM0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **ICSIDL:** Input Capture x Stop in Idle Mode Control bit
1 = Input Capture x will halt in CPU Idle mode
0 = Input Capture x will continue to operate in CPU Idle mode
- bit 12-10 **ICTSEL<2:0>:** Input Capture x Timer Select bits
111 = Peripheral clock (FP) is the clock source of the ICx
110 = Reserved
101 = Reserved
100 = T1CLK is the clock source of the ICx (only the synchronous clock is supported)
011 = T5CLK is the clock source of the ICx
010 = T4CLK is the clock source of the ICx
001 = T2CLK is the clock source of the ICx
000 = T3CLK is the clock source of the ICx
- bit 9-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-5 **ICI<1:0>:** Number of Captures per Interrupt Select bits (this field is not used if ICM<2:0> = 001 or 111)
11 = Interrupt on every fourth capture event
10 = Interrupt on every third capture event
01 = Interrupt on every second capture event
00 = Interrupt on every capture event
- bit 4 **ICOV:** Input Capture x Overflow Status Flag bit (read-only)
1 = Input Capture x buffer overflow has occurred
0 = Input Capture x buffer overflow has not occurred
- bit 3 **ICBNE:** Input Capture x Buffer Not Empty Status bit (read-only)
1 = Input Capture x buffer is not empty, at least one more capture value can be read
0 = Input Capture x buffer is empty
- bit 2-0 **ICM<2:0>:** Input Capture x Mode Select bits
111 = Input Capture x functions as an interrupt pin only in CPU Sleep and Idle modes (rising edge detect only, all other control bits are not applicable)
110 = Unused (module is disabled)
101 = Capture mode, every 16th rising edge (Prescaler Capture mode)
100 = Capture mode, every 4th rising edge (Prescaler Capture mode)
011 = Capture mode, every rising edge (Simple Capture mode)
010 = Capture mode, every falling edge (Simple Capture mode)
001 = Capture mode, every edge, rising and falling (Edge Detect mode (ICI<1:0>) is not used in this mode)
000 = Input Capture x module is turned off

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16.1 Output Compare Control Registers

REGISTER 16-1: OCxCON1: OUTPUT COMPARE x CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	OCSIDL	OCTSEL2	OCTSEL1	OCTSEL0	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HSC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ENFLTA	—	—	OCFLTA	TRIGMODE	OCM2	OCM1	OCM0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	HSC = Hardware Settable/Clearable bit						
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cleared		x = Bit is unknown		

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **OCSIDL:** Output Compare x Stop in Idle Mode Control bit
 1 = Output Compare x halts in CPU Idle mode
 0 = Output Compare x continues to operate in CPU Idle mode
- bit 12-10 **OCTSEL<2:0>:** Output Compare x Clock Select bits
 111 = Peripheral clock (FP)
 110 = Reserved
 101 = Reserved
 100 = T1CLK is the clock source of the OCx (only the synchronous clock is supported)
 011 = T5CLK is the clock source of the OCx
 010 = T4CLK is the clock source of the OCx
 001 = T3CLK is the clock source of the OCx
 000 = T2CLK is the clock source of the OCx
- bit 9-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7 **ENFLTA:** Output Compare x Fault A Input Enable bit
 1 = Output Compare Fault A (OCFA) input is enabled
 0 = Output Compare Fault A (OCFA) input is disabled
- bit 6-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **OCFLTA:** PWM Fault A Condition Status bit
 1 = PWM Fault A condition on the OCFA pin has occurred
 0 = PWM Fault A condition on the OCFA pin has not occurred
- bit 3 **TRIGMODE:** Trigger Status Mode Select bit
 1 = TRIGSTAT (OCxCON2<6>) is cleared when OCxRS = OCxTMR or in software
 0 = TRIGSTAT is cleared only by software

Note 1: OCxR and OCxRS are double-buffered in PWM mode only.

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REGISTER 17-13: IOCONx: PWMx I/O CONTROL REGISTER⁽²⁾ (CONTINUED)

- bit 1 **SWAP**: SWAP PWMxH and PWMxL Pins bit
1 = PWMxH output signal is connected to the PWMxL pin; PWMxL output signal is connected to the PWMxH pin
0 = PWMxH and PWMxL pins are mapped to their respective pins
- bit 0 **OSYNC**: Output Override Synchronization bit
1 = Output overrides through the OVRDAT<1:0> bits are synchronized to the PWMx time base
0 = Output overrides through the OVRDAT<1:0> bits occur on the next CPU clock boundary

- Note 1:** These bits should not be changed after the PWMx module is enabled (PTEN = 1).
2: If the PWMLOCK Configuration bit (FDEVOP<0>) is a '1', the IOCONx register can only be written after the unlock sequence has been executed.

REGISTER 17-14: TRIGx: PWMx PRIMARY TRIGGER COMPARE VALUE REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TRGCMP<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
TRGCMP<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-0 **TRGCMP<15:0>**: Trigger Control Value bits
When the primary PWMx functions in the local time base, this register contains the compare values that can trigger the ADC module.

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REGISTER 20-3: SENTxDATL: SENTx RECEIVE DATA REGISTER LOW⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
DATA4<3:0>				DATA5<3:0>			
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
DATA6<3:0>				CRC<3:0>			
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **DATA4<3:0>**: Data Nibble 4 Data bits

bit 11-8 **DATA5<3:0>**: Data Nibble 5 Data bits

bit 7-4 **DATA6<3:0>**: Data Nibble 6 Data bits

bit 3-0 **CRC<3:0>**: CRC Nibble Data bits

Note 1: Register bits are read-only in Receive mode (RCVEN = 1). In Transmit mode, the CRC<3:0> bits are read-only when automatic CRC calculation is enabled (RCVEN = 0, CRCEN = 1).

REGISTER 20-4: SENTxDATH: SENTx RECEIVE DATA REGISTER HIGH⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STAT<3:0>				DATA1<3:0>			
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
DATA2<3:0>				DATA3<3:0>			
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **STAT<3:0>**: Status Nibble Data bits

bit 11-8 **DATA1<3:0>**: Data Nibble 1 Data bits

bit 7-4 **DATA2<3:0>**: Data Nibble 2 Data bits

bit 3-0 **DATA3<3:0>**: Data Nibble 3 Data bits

Note 1: Register bits are read-only in Receive mode (RCVEN = 1). In Transmit mode, the CRC<3:0> bits are read-only when automatic CRC calculation is enabled (RCVEN = 0, CRCEN = 1).

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BUFFER 22-3: CANx MESSAGE BUFFER WORD 2

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID5	EID4	EID3	EID2	EID1	EID0	RTR	RB1
bit 15							bit 8

U-x	U-x	U-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	RB0	DLC3	DLC2	DLC1	DLC0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-10 **EID<5:0>**: Extended Identifier bits
- bit 9 **RTR**: Remote Transmission Request bit
When IDE = 1:
1 = Message will request remote transmission
0 = Normal message
When IDE = 0:
The RTR bit is ignored.
- bit 8 **RB1**: Reserved Bit 1
User must set this bit to '0' per CAN protocol.
- bit 7-5 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 4 **RB0**: Reserved Bit 0
User must set this bit to '0' per CAN protocol.
- bit 3-0 **DLC<3:0>**: Data Length Code bits

BUFFER 22-4: CANx MESSAGE BUFFER WORD 3

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
Byte 1<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
Byte 0<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-8 **Byte 1<15:8>**: CANx Message Byte 1 bits
- bit 7-0 **Byte 0<7:0>**: CANx Message Byte 0 bits

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REGISTER 23-2: CTMUCON2: CTMU CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
EDG1MOD	EDG1POL	EDG1SEL3	EDG1SEL2	EDG1SEL1	EDG1SEL0	EDG2STAT	EDG1STAT
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
EDG2MOD	EDG2POL	EDG2SEL3	EDG2SEL2	EDG2SEL1	EDG2SEL0	—	—
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **EDG1MOD:** Edge 1 Edge Sampling Mode Selection bit

1 = Edge 1 is edge-sensitive

0 = Edge 1 is level-sensitive

bit 14 **EDG1POL:** Edge 1 Polarity Select bit

1 = Edge 1 is programmed for a positive edge response

0 = Edge 1 is programmed for a negative edge response

bit 13-10 **EDG1SEL<3:0>:** Edge 1 Source Select bits

1111 = FOSC

1110 = OSCI pin

1101 = FRC Oscillator

1100 = BFRC Oscillator

1011 = Internal LPRC Oscillator

1010 = Reserved

1001 = Reserved

1000 = Reserved

0111 = Reserved

0110 = Reserved

0101 = Reserved

0100 = Reserved

0011 = CTED1 pin

0010 = CTED2 pin

0001 = OC1 module

0000 = TMR1 module

bit 9 **EDG2STAT:** Edge 2 Status bit

Indicates the status of Edge 2 and can be written to control the edge source.

1 = Edge 2 has occurred

0 = Edge 2 has not occurred

bit 8 **EDG1STAT:** Edge 1 Status bit

Indicates the status of Edge 1 and can be written to control the edge source.

1 = Edge 1 has occurred

0 = Edge 1 has not occurred

bit 7 **EDG2MOD:** Edge 2 Edge Sampling Mode Selection bit

1 = Edge 2 is edge-sensitive

0 = Edge 2 is level-sensitive

bit 6 **EDG2POL:** Edge 2 Polarity Select bit

1 = Edge 2 is programmed for a positive edge response

0 = Edge 2 is programmed for a negative edge response

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REGISTER 24-3: ADxCON3: ADCx CONTROL REGISTER 3

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADRC	—	—	SAMC4 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC3 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC2 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC1 ⁽¹⁾	SAMC0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADCS7 ⁽²⁾	ADCS6 ⁽²⁾	ADCS5 ⁽²⁾	ADCS4 ⁽²⁾	ADCS3 ⁽²⁾	ADCS2 ⁽²⁾	ADCS1 ⁽²⁾	ADCS0 ⁽²⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **ADRC:** ADCx Conversion Clock Source bit

1 = ADCx internal RC clock

0 = Clock derived from system clock

bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **SAMC<4:0>:** Auto-Sample Time bits⁽¹⁾

11111 = 31 TAD

•

•

•

00001 = 1 TAD

00000 = 0 TAD

bit 7-0 **ADCS<7:0>:** ADCx Conversion Clock Select bits⁽²⁾

11111111 = $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 256 = TAD$

•

•

•

00000010 = $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 3 = TAD$

00000001 = $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 2 = TAD$

00000000 = $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 1 = TAD$

Note 1: These bits are only used if SSRC<2:0> (ADxCON1<7:5>) = 111 and SSRCG (ADxCON1<4>) = 0.

2: These bits are not used if ADRC (ADxCON3<15>) = 1.

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REGISTER 24-6: ADxCHS0: ADCx INPUT CHANNEL 0 SELECT REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CH0NB	—	CH0SB5 ^(1,3)	CH0SB4 ^(1,3)	CH0SB3 ^(1,3)	CH0SB2 ^(1,3)	CH0SB1 ^(1,3)	CH0SB0 ^(1,3)
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CH0NA	—	CH0SA5 ^(1,3)	CH0SA4 ^(1,3)	CH0SA3 ^(1,3)	CH0SA2 ^(1,3)	CH0SA1 ^(1,3)	CH0SA0 ^(1,3)
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **CH0NB:** Channel 0 Negative Input Select for Sample MUX B bit
 1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1⁽¹⁾
 0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8 **CH0SB<5:0>:** Channel 0 Positive Input Select for Sample MUX B bits^(1,3)
 111111 = Channel 0 positive input is AN63
 111110 = Channel 0 positive input is AN62
 111101 = Channel 0 positive input is AN61 (internal band gap voltage)
 •
 •
 •
 011111 = Channel 0 positive input is AN31
 011110 = Channel 0 positive input is AN30
 •
 •
 •
 000001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1
 000000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0 (Op Amp 2)⁽²⁾
- bit 7 **CH0NA:** Channel 0 Negative Input Select for Sample MUX A bit
 1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1⁽¹⁾
 0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL
- bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** AN0 to AN7 are repurposed when comparator and op amp functionality are enabled. See Figure 24-1 to determine how enabling a particular op amp or comparator affects selection choices for Channels 1, 2 and 3.
- Note 2:** If the op amp is selected (OPAEN bit (CMxCON<10>) = 1), the OAx input is used; otherwise, the ANx input is used.
- Note 3:** See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the available analog channels for each device.

REGISTER 24-7: ADxCSSH: ADCx INPUT SCAN SELECT REGISTER HIGH⁽²⁾ (CONTINUED)

bit 1 **CSS17:** ADCx Input Scan Selection bit

1 = Selects ANx for input scan

0 = Skips ANx for input scan

bit 0 **CSS16:** ADCx Input Scan Selection bit

1 = Selects ANx for input scan

0 = Skips ANx for input scan

Note 1: If the op amp is selected (OPAEN bit (CMxCON<10>) = 1), the OAx input is used; otherwise, the ANx input is used.

2: All bits in this register can be selected by the user application. However, inputs selected for scan without a corresponding input on the device convert VREFL.

29.0 DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

The PIC® microcontrollers (MCU) and dsPIC® digital signal controllers (DSC) are supported with a full range of software and hardware development tools:

- Integrated Development Environment
 - MPLAB® X IDE Software
- Compilers/Assemblers/Linkers
 - MPLAB XC Compiler
 - MPASM™ Assembler
 - MPLINK™ Object Linker/
MPLIB™ Object Librarian
 - MPLAB Assembler/Linker/Librarian for
Various Device Families
- Simulators
 - MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator
- Emulators
 - MPLAB REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator
- In-Circuit Debuggers/Programmers
 - MPLAB ICD 3
 - PICKit™ 3
- Device Programmers
 - MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer
- Low-Cost Demonstration/Development Boards,
Evaluation Kits and Starter Kits
- Third-party development tools

29.1 MPLAB X Integrated Development Environment Software

The MPLAB X IDE is a single, unified graphical user interface for Microchip and third-party software, and hardware development tool that runs on Windows®, Linux and Mac OS® X. Based on the NetBeans IDE, MPLAB X IDE is an entirely new IDE with a host of free software components and plug-ins for high-performance application development and debugging. Moving between tools and upgrading from software simulators to hardware debugging and programming tools is simple with the seamless user interface.

With complete project management, visual call graphs, a configurable watch window and a feature-rich editor that includes code completion and context menus, MPLAB X IDE is flexible and friendly enough for new users. With the ability to support multiple tools on multiple projects with simultaneous debugging, MPLAB X IDE is also suitable for the needs of experienced users.

Feature-Rich Editor:

- Color syntax highlighting
- Smart code completion makes suggestions and provides hints as you type
- Automatic code formatting based on user-defined rules
- Live parsing

User-Friendly, Customizable Interface:

- Fully customizable interface: toolbars, toolbar buttons, windows, window placement, etc.
- Call graph window

Project-Based Workspaces:

- Multiple projects
- Multiple tools
- Multiple configurations
- Simultaneous debugging sessions

File History and Bug Tracking:

- Local file history feature
- Built-in support for Bugzilla issue tracker

dsPIC33EVXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

FIGURE 30-15: SPI2 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

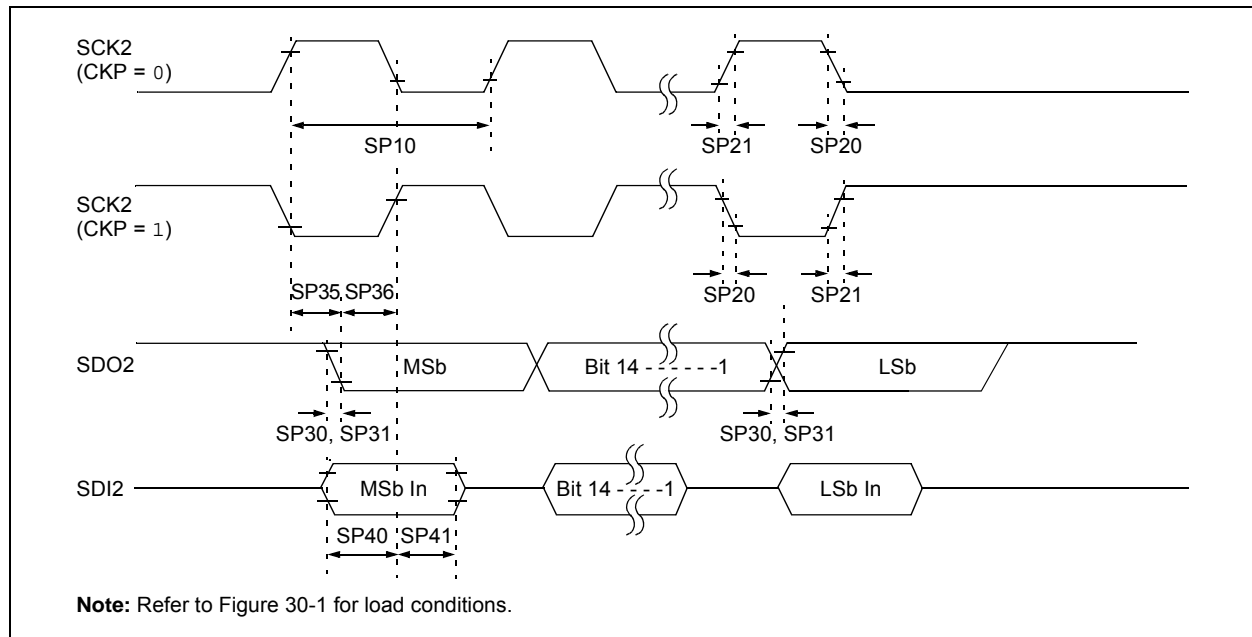


TABLE 30-33: SPI2 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Frequency	—	—	9	MHz	-40°C to +125°C and see Note 3
SP20	TscF	SCK2 Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP21	TscR	SCK2 Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2sch, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

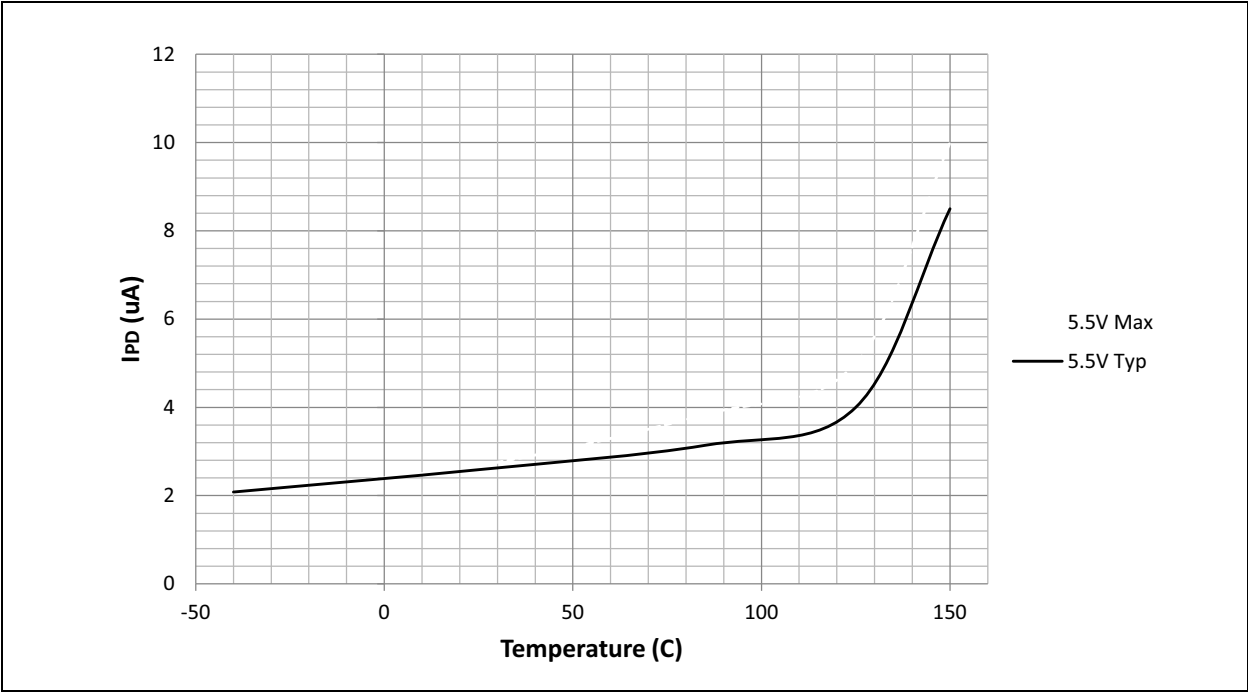
Note 2: Data in "Typ." column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 111 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

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FIGURE 32-19: TYPICAL/MAXIMUM ΔI_{WDT} vs. TEMPERATURE



32.5 FRC

FIGURE 32-20: TYPICAL FRC ACCURACY vs. V_{DD}

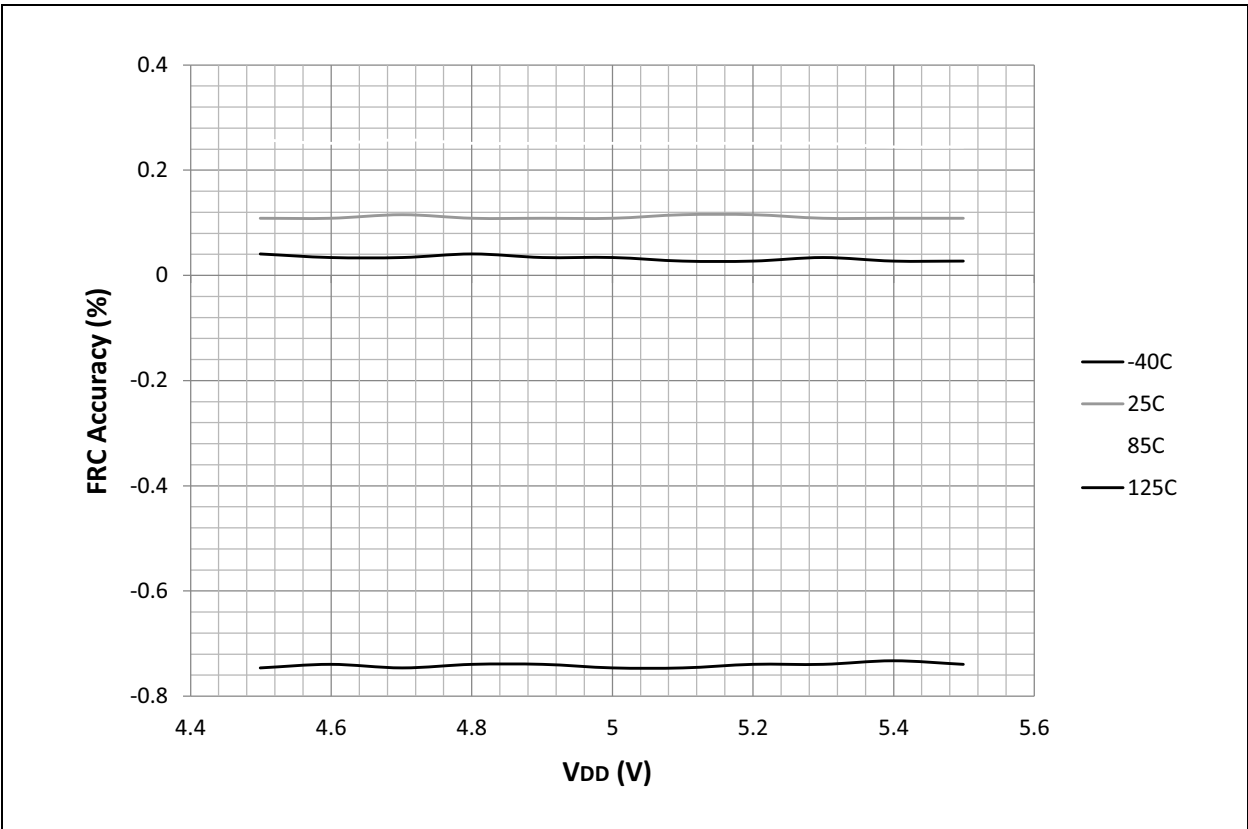
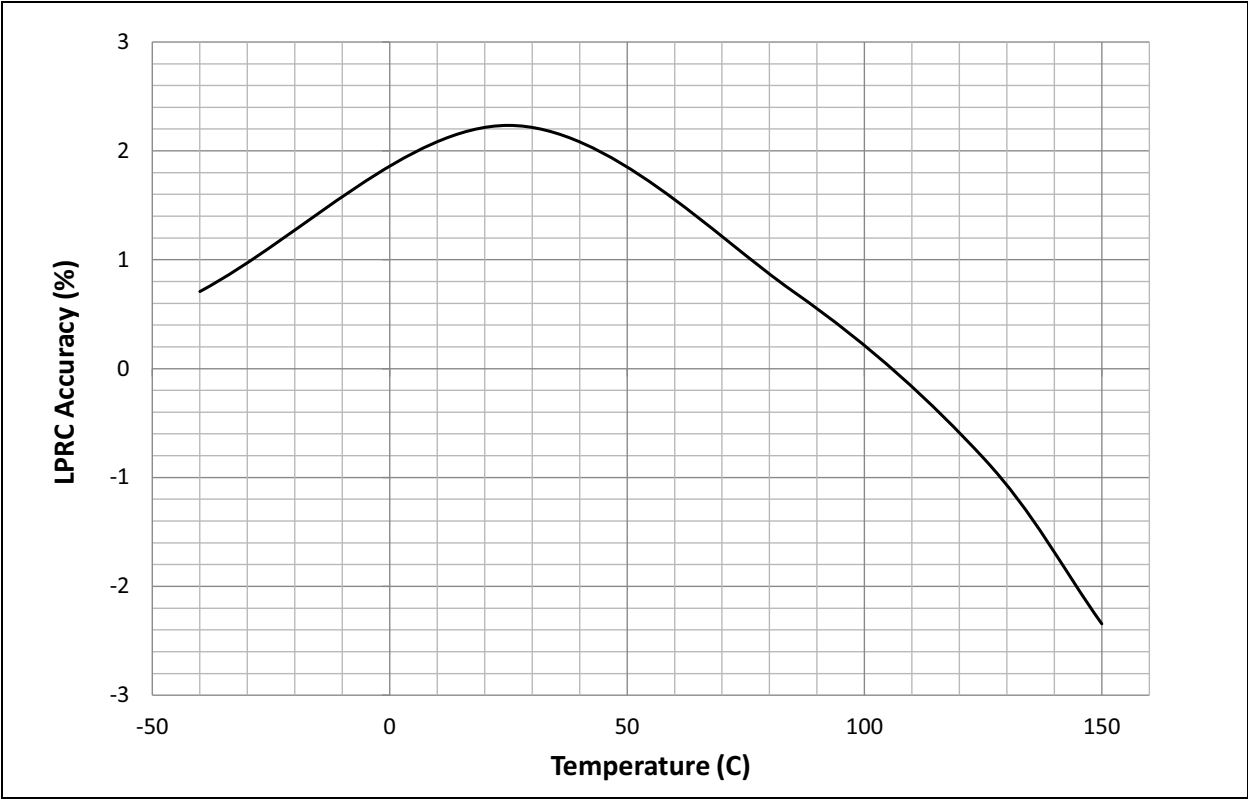
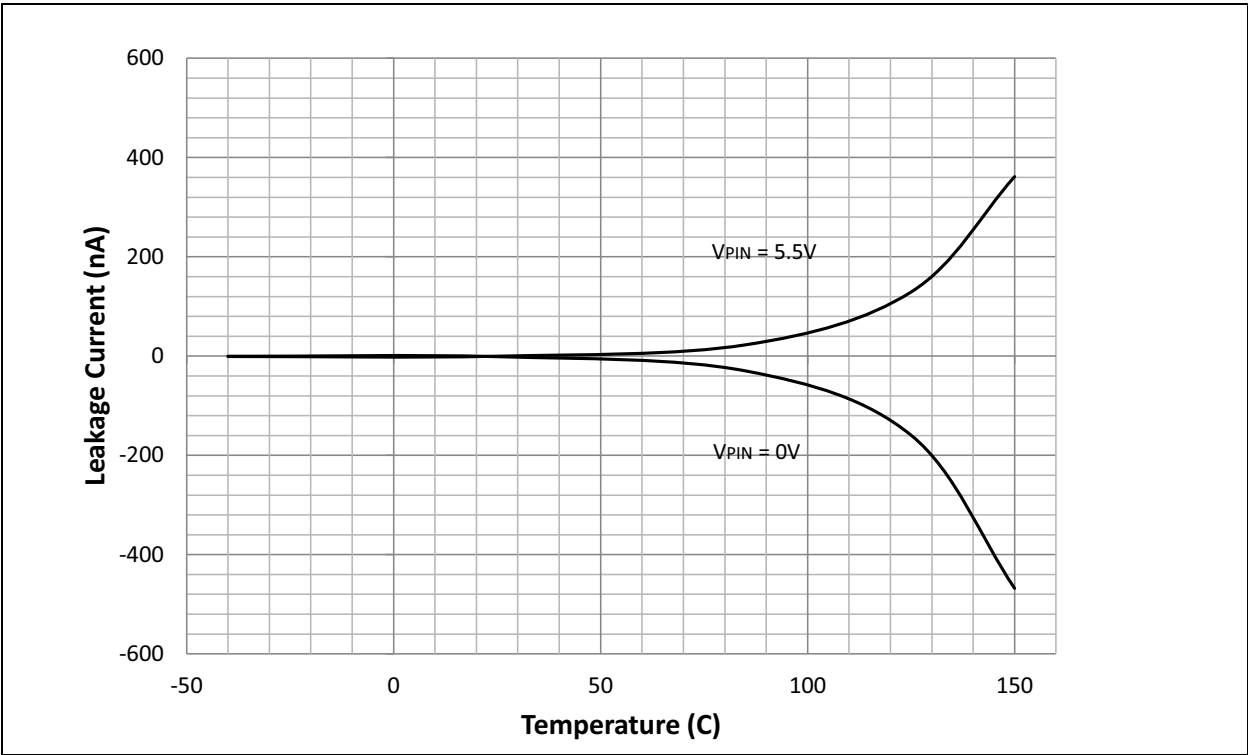


FIGURE 33-19: TYPICAL LPRC ACCURACY vs. TEMPERATURE (5.5V VDD)



33.7 Leakage Current

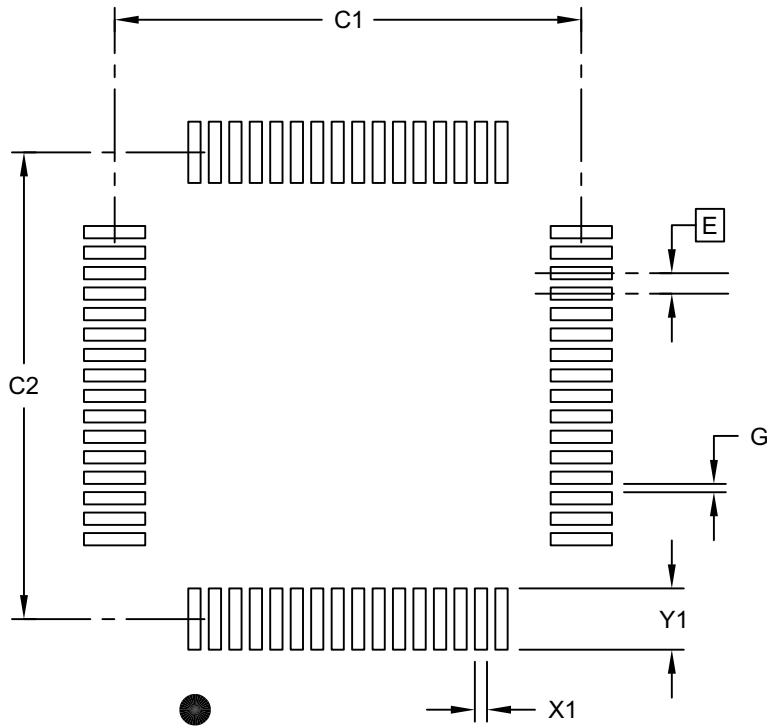
FIGURE 33-20: TYPICAL I_{IL} vs. TEMPERATURE (MCLR)



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64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.50 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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NOTES: