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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	32KB (11K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 24x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ev32gm104-i-pt

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dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

3.5 Programmer's Model

The programmer's model for the dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X family is shown in Figure 3-2. All registers in the programmer's model are memory-mapped and can be manipulated directly by instructions. Table 3-1 lists a description of each register.

In addition to the registers contained in the programmer's model, the dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X family devices contain control registers for Modulo Addressing and Bit-Reversed Addressing, and interrupts. These registers are described in subsequent sections of this document.

All registers associated with the programmer's model are memory-mapped, as shown in Table 4-1.

TABLE 3-1: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL REGISTER DESCRIPTIONS

Register(s) Name	Description
W0 through W15 ⁽¹⁾	Working Register Array
W0 through W14 ⁽¹⁾	Alternate Working Register Array 1
W0 through W14 ⁽¹⁾	Alternate Working Register Array 2
ACCA, ACCB	40-Bit DSP Accumulators
PC	23-Bit Program Counter
SR	ALU and DSP Engine STATUS Register
SPLIM	Stack Pointer Limit Value Register
TBLPAG	Table Memory Page Address Register
DSRPAG	Extended Data Space (EDS) Read Page Register
RCOUNT	REPEAT Loop Counter Register
DCOUNT	DO Loop Count Register
DOSTARTH ⁽²⁾ , DOSTARTL ⁽²⁾	DO Loop Start Address Register (High and Low)
DOENDH, DOENDL	DO Loop End Address Register (High and Low)
CORCON	Contains DSP Engine, DO Loop Control and Trap Status bits

Note 1: Memory-mapped W0 through W14 represents the value of the register in the currently active CPU context.

2: The DOSTARTH and DOSTARTL registers are read-only.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 3-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 3 **IPL3:** CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3⁽²⁾
1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7
0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less
- bit 2 **SFA:** Stack Frame Active Status bit
1 = Stack frame is active; W14 and W15 address 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, regardless of DSRPAG and DSWPAG values
0 = Stack frame is not active; W14 and W15 address of EDS or Base Data Space
- bit 1 **RND:** Rounding Mode Select bit
1 = Biased (conventional) rounding is enabled
0 = Unbiased (convergent) rounding is enabled
- bit 0 **IF:** Integer or Fractional Multiplier Mode Select bit
1 = Integer mode is enabled for DSP multiply
0 = Fractional mode is enabled for DSP multiply

Note 1: This bit is always read as '0'.

2: The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

TABLE 4-22: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY DEVICES

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	—	PWMMMD	—	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	—	C1MD ⁽¹⁾	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD4	0766	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	CTMUMD	—	—	0000
PMD6	076A	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3MD	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	076C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA0MD	—	—	—	—	0000
													DMA1MD					
													DMA2MD					
													DMA3MD					
PMD8	076E	—	—	—	SENT2MD	SENT1MD	—	—	DMTMD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This feature is available only on dsPIC33EVXXXGM10X devices.

TABLE 4-31: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EVXXXGMX06 DEVICES

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	0E00	—	—	—	TRISA<12:7>						—	—	TRISA4	—	—	TRISA<1:0>		1F93
PORTA	0E02	—	—	—	RA<12:7>						—	—	RA4	—	—	RA<1:0>		0000
LATA	0E04	—	—	—	LATA<12:7>						—	—	LATA4	—	—	LATA<1:0>		0000
ODCA	0E06	—	—	—	ODCA<12:7>						—	—	ODCA4	—	—	ODCA<1:0>		0000
CNENA	0E08	—	—	—	CNIEA<12:7>						—	—	CNIEA4	—	—	CNIEA<1:0>		0000
CNPUA	0E0A	—	—	—	CNPUA<12:7>						—	—	CNPUA4	—	—	CNPUA<1:0>		0000
CNPDA	0E0C	—	—	—	CNPDA<12:7>						—	—	CNPDA4	—	—	CNPDA<1:0>		0000
ANSELA	0E0E	—	—	—	ANSA<12:9>				—	ANSA7	—	—	ANSA4	—	—	ANSA<1:0>		1E93
SR1A	0E10	—	—	—	—	—	—	SR1A9	—	—	—	—	SR1A4	—	—	—	—	0000
SR0A	0E12	—	—	—	—	—	—	SR0A9	—	—	—	—	SR0A4	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-32: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EVXXXGMX04 DEVICES

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
TRISA	0E00	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA<10:7>					—	—	TRISA<4:0>					DF9F
PORTA	0E02	—	—	—	—	—	RA<10:7>					—	—	RA<4:0>					0000
LATA	0E04	—	—	—	—	—	LATA<10:7>					—	—	LATA<4:0>					0000
ODCA	0E06	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA<10:7>					—	—	ODCA<4:0>					0000
CNENA	0E08	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEA<10:7>					—	—	CNIEA<4:0>					0000
CNPUA	0E0A	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUA<10:7>					—	—	CNPUA<4:0>					0000
CNPDA	0E0C	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDA<10:7>					—	—	CNPDA<4:0>					0000
ANSELA	0E0E	—	—	—	—	—	ANSA<10:9>		—	ANSA7	—	—	ANSA4	—	ANSA<2:0>			1813	
SR1A	0E10	—	—	—	—	—	—	SR1A9	—	—	—	—	SR1A4	—	—	—	—	0000	
SR0A	0E12	—	—	—	—	—	—	SR0A9	—	—	—	—	SR0A4	—	—	—	—	0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 5-2: NVMADRU: NONVOLATILE MEMORY UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMADRU<23:16>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **NVMADRU<23:16>:** NVM Memory Upper Write Address bits

Selects the upper 8 bits of the location to program or erase in program Flash memory. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

REGISTER 5-3: NVMADR: NONVOLATILE MEMORY LOWER ADDRESS REGISTER

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMADR<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMADR<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **NVMADR<15:0>:** NVM Memory Lower Write Address bits

Selects the lower 16 bits of the location to program or erase in program Flash memory. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 9-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER^(1,3)

U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y
—	COSC2	COSC1	COSC0	—	NOSC2 ⁽²⁾	NOSC1 ⁽²⁾	NOSC0 ⁽²⁾
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	U-0	R/C-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
CLKLOCK	IOLOCK	LOCK	—	CF	—	—	OSWEN
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:	C = Clearable bit	y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **COSC<2:0>:** Current Oscillator Selection bits (read-only)

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N
- 110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Backup FRC Oscillator (BFRC)⁽⁴⁾
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) Divided by N and PLL
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>:** New Oscillator Selection bits⁽²⁾

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N
- 110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved⁽⁵⁾
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) Divided by N and PLL
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 7 **CLKLOCK:** Clock Lock Enable bit

- 1 = If FCKSM0 = 1, then clock and PLL configurations are locked; if FCKSM0 = 0, then clock and PLL configurations may be modified
- 0 = Clock and PLL selections are not locked, configurations may be modified

bit 6 **IOLOCK:** I/O Lock Enable bit

- 1 = I/O lock is active
- 0 = I/O lock is not active

bit 5 **LOCK:** PLL Lock Status bit (read-only)

- 1 = Indicates that PLL is in lock or PLL start-up timer is satisfied
- 0 = Indicates that PLL is out of lock, start-up timer is in progress or PLL is disabled

Note 1: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to “**Oscillator**” (DS70580) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” (available from the Microchip web site) for details.

2: Direct clock switches between any Primary Oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.

3: This register resets only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

4: COSC<2:0> bits will be set to '0b100' when FRC fails.

5: User cannot write '0b100' to NOSC<2:0>. COSC<2:0> will be set to '0b100' (BFRC) when the FRC fails.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 10-1: PMD1: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **C1MD:** CAN1 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = CAN1 module is disabled
 0 = CAN1 module is enabled
- bit 0 **AD1MD:** ADC1 Module Disable bit
 1 = ADC1 module is disabled
 0 = ADC1 module is enabled

Note 1: This bit is available on dsPIC33EVXXXGM10X devices only.

REGISTER 10-2: PMD2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8 **IC4MD:IC1MD:** Input Capture x (x = 1-4) Module Disable bits
 1 = Input Capture x module is disabled
 0 = Input Capture x module is enabled
- bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0 **OC4MD:OC1MD:** Output Compare x (x = 1-4) Module Disable bits
 1 = Output Compare x module is disabled
 0 = Output Compare x module is enabled

dsPIC33EVXXG00X/10X FAMILY

11.8 Peripheral Pin Select Registers

REGISTER 11-1: RPINR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 0

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INT1R<7:0>							
bit 15							
bit 8							bit 7
U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **INT1R<7:0>**: Assign External Interrupt 1 (INT1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

10110101 = Input tied to RPI181

•

•

•

00000001 = Input tied to CMP1

00000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

REGISTER 11-2: RPINR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							
bit 8							
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INT2R<7:0>							
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **INT2R<7:0>**: Assign External Interrupt 2 (INT2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

10110101 = Input tied to RPI181

•

•

•

00000001 = Input tied to CMP1

00000000 = Input tied to Vss

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 14-5: DMTCNTL: DEADMAN TIMER COUNT REGISTER LOW

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **COUNTER<15:0>**: Read Current Contents of Lower DMT Counter bits

REGISTER 14-6: DMTCNTH: DEADMAN TIMER COUNT REGISTER HIGH

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<31:24>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<23:16>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **COUNTER<31:16>**: Read Current Contents of Higher DMT Counter bits

dsPIC33EVXXGXM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 14-9: DMTPSINTVL: DMT POST CONFIGURE INTERVAL STATUS REGISTER LOW

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PSINTV<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PSINTV<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PSINTV<15:0>**: Lower DMT Window Interval Configuration Status bits
This is always the value of the FDMTINTVL Configuration register.

REGISTER 14-10: DMTPSINTVH: DMT POST CONFIGURE INTERVAL STATUS REGISTER HIGH

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PSINTV<31:24>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PSINTV<23:16>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PSINTV<31:16>**: Higher DMT Window Interval Configuration Status bits
This is always the value of the FDMTINTVH Configuration register.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

REGISTER 17-8: PDCx: PWMx GENERATOR DUTY CYCLE REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PDCx<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PDCx<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PDCx<15:0>**: PWMx Generator Duty Cycle Value bits

REGISTER 17-9: PHASEx: PWMx PRIMARY PHASE-SHIFT REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PHASEx<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PHASEx<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PHASEx<15:0>**: PWMx Phase-Shift Value or Independent Time Base Period for the PWM Generator bits

- Note 1:** If ITB (PWMCONx<9>) = 0, the following applies based on the mode of operation:
Complementary, Redundant and Push-Pull Output modes (PMOD<1:0> (IOCONx<11:10>) = 00, 01 or 10), PHASEx<15:0> = Phase-shift value for PWMxH and PWMxL outputs.
- 2:** If ITB (PWMCONx<9>) = 1, the following applies based on the mode of operation:
Complementary, Redundant and Push-Pull Output modes (PMOD<1:0> (IOCONx<11:10>) = 00, 01 or 10), PHASEx<15:0> = Independent Time Base period value for PWMxH and PWMxL.

24.2 ADC Helpful Tips

1. The SMP1x control bits in the ADxCON2 registers:
 - a) Determine when the ADC interrupt flag is set and an interrupt is generated, if enabled.
 - b) When the CSCNA bit in the ADxCON2 register is set to '1', this determines when the ADC analog scan channel list, defined in the ADxCSSL/ADxCSSH registers, starts over from the beginning.
 - c) When the DMA peripheral is not used (ADDMAEN = 0), this determines when the ADC Result Buffer Pointer to ADC1BUF0-ADC1BUFF gets reset back to the beginning at ADC1BUF0.
 - d) When the DMA peripheral is used (ADDMAEN = 1), this determines when the DMA Address Pointer is incremented after a sample/conversion operation. ADC1BUF0 is the only ADC buffer used in this mode. The ADC Result Buffer Pointer to ADC1BUF0-ADC1BUFF gets reset back to the beginning at ADC1BUF0. The DMA address is incremented after completion of every 32nd sample/conversion operation. Conversion results are stored in the ADC1BUF0 register for transfer to RAM using the DMA peripheral.
2. When the DMA module is disabled (ADDMAEN = 0), the ADC has 16 result buffers. ADC conversion results are stored sequentially in ADC1BUF0-ADC1BUFF, regardless of which analog inputs are being used subject to the SMP1x bits and the condition described in 1.c) above. There is no relationship between the ANx input being measured and which ADC buffer (ADC1BUF0-ADC1BUFF) that the conversion results will be placed in.
3. When the DMA module is enabled (ADDMAEN = 1), the ADC module has only 1 ADC result buffer (i.e., ADCxBUF0) per ADC peripheral and the ADC conversion result must be read, either by the CPU or DMA Controller, before the next ADC conversion is complete to avoid overwriting the previous value.
4. The DONE bit (ADxCON1<0>) is only cleared at the start of each conversion and is set at the completion of the conversion, but remains set indefinitely, even through the next sample phase until the next conversion begins. If application code is monitoring the DONE bit in any kind of software loop, the user must consider this behavior because the CPU code execution is faster than the ADC. As a result, in Manual Sample mode, particularly where the user's code is setting the SAMP bit (ADxCON1<1>), the DONE bit should also be cleared by the user application just before setting the SAMP bit.
5. Enabling op amps, comparator inputs and external voltage references can limit the availability of analog inputs (ANx pins). For example, when Op Amp 2 is enabled, the pins for AN0, AN1 and AN2 are used by the op amp's inputs and output. This negates the usefulness of Alternate Input mode since the MUX A selections use AN0-AN2. Carefully study the ADC block diagram to determine the configuration that will best suit your application. For configuration examples, refer to **"Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)"** (DS70621) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*.

dsPIC33EVXXG M00X/10X FAMILY

TABLE 28-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
63	RETLW	RETLW #lit10, Wn	Return with literal in Wn	1	6 (5)	SFA
64	RETURN	RETURN	Return from Subroutine	1	6 (5)	SFA
65	RLC	RLC f	f = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Left through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
66	RLNC	RLNC f	f = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Left (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
67	RRC	RRC f	f = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Right through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
68	RRNC	RRNC f	f = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Right (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
69	SAC	SAC Acc, #Slit4, Wdo	Store Accumulator	1	1	None
		SAC.R Acc, #Slit4, Wdo	Store Rounded Accumulator	1	1	None
70	SE	SE Ws, Wnd	Wnd = sign-extended Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
71	SETM	SETM f	f = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM WREG	WREG = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM Ws	Ws = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
72	SFTAC	SFTAC Acc, Wn	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by (Wn)	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		SFTAC Acc, #Slit6	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by Slit6	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
73	SL	SL f	f = Left Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL f, WREG	WREG = Left Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL Ws, Wd	Wd = Left Shift Ws	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL Wb, Wns, Wnd	Wnd = Left Shift Wb by Wns	1	1	N,Z
		SL Wb, #lit5, Wnd	Wnd = Left Shift Wb by lit5	1	1	N,Z
74	SUB	SUB Acc	Subtract Accumulators	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		SUB f	f = f – WREG	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB f, WREG	WREG = f – WREG	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB #lit10, Wn	Wn = Wn – lit10	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb – Ws	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb – lit5	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
75	SUBB	SUBB f	f = f – WREG – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB f, WREG	WREG = f – WREG – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB #lit10, Wn	Wn = Wn – lit10 – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb – Ws – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb – lit5 – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
76	SUBR	SUBR f	f = WREG – f	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR f, WREG	WREG = WREG – f	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws – Wb	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = lit5 – Wb	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
77	SUBBR	SUBBR f	f = WREG – f – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR f, WREG	WREG = WREG – f – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws – Wb – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = lit5 – Wb – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z

Note: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

FIGURE 30-6: TIMER1-TIMER5 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

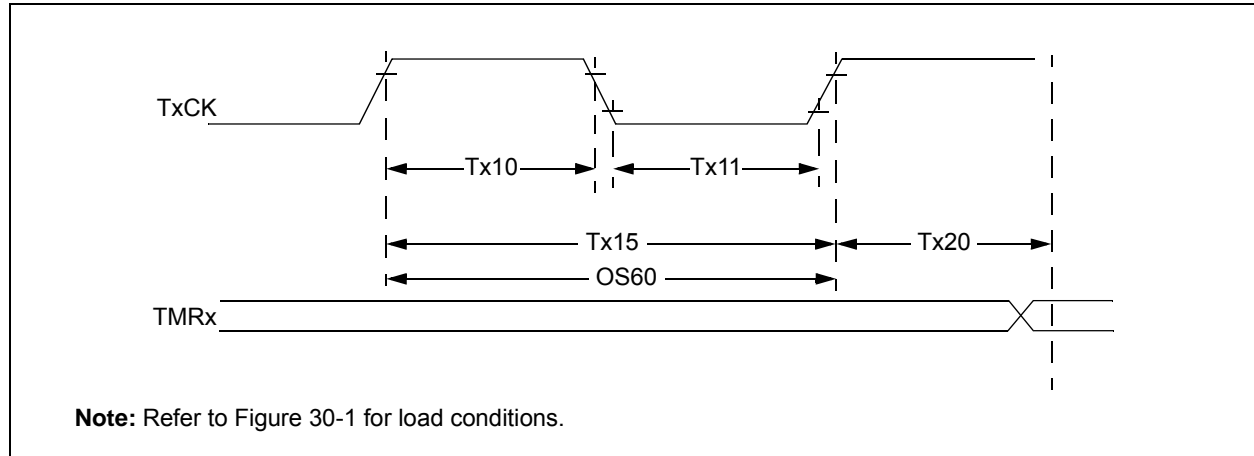


TABLE 30-23: TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS⁽¹⁾

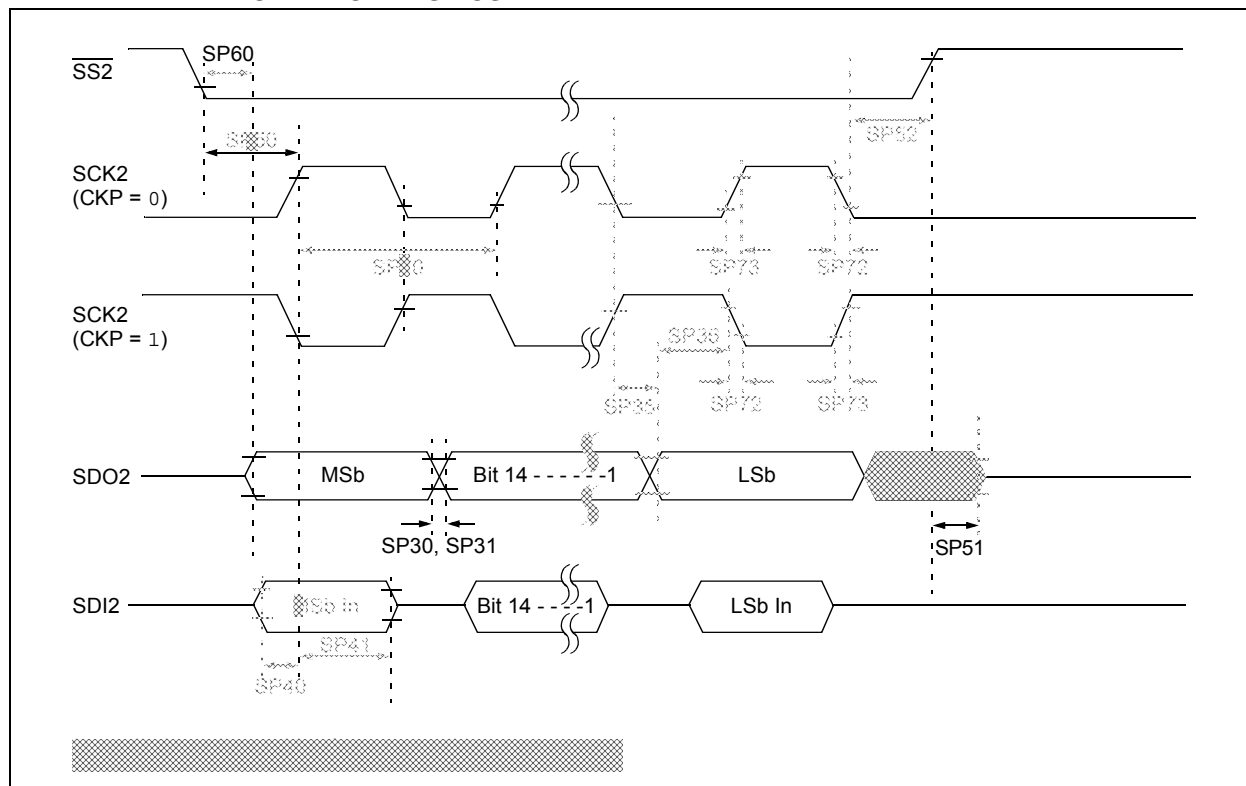
AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽²⁾		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TA10	TtxH	T1CK High Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous mode	35	—	—	ns	
TA11	TtxL	T1CK Low Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous mode	10	—	—	ns	
TA15	TtxP	T1CK Input Period	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 40 or (2 Tcy + 40)/N	—	—	ns	N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
OS60	Ft1	T1CK Oscillator Input Frequency Range (oscillator enabled by setting TCS (T1CON<1>) bit)		DC	—	50	kHz	
TA20	TCKEXTMRL	Delay from External T1CK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		0.75 Tcy + 40	—	1.75 Tcy + 40	ns	

Note 1: Timer1 is a Type A.

Note 2: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

FIGURE 30-16: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



dsPIC33EVXXG M00X/10X FAMILY

TABLE 31-17: OP AMP/COMPARATOR x SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 3): 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Comparator DC Characteristics							
HCM30	VOFFSET	Comparator Offset Voltage	-80	±60	80	mV	
HCM31	VHYST	Input Hysteresis Voltage	—	30	—	mV	
HCM34	VICM	Input Common-Mode Voltage	AVSS	—	AVDD	V	
Op Amp DC Characteristics⁽²⁾							
HCM40	VCMR	Common-Mode Input Voltage Range	AVSS	—	AVDD	V	
HCM42	VOFFSET	Op Amp Offset Voltage	-50	±6	50	mV	

Note 1: Data in “Typ.” column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: Resistances can vary by ±10% between op amps.

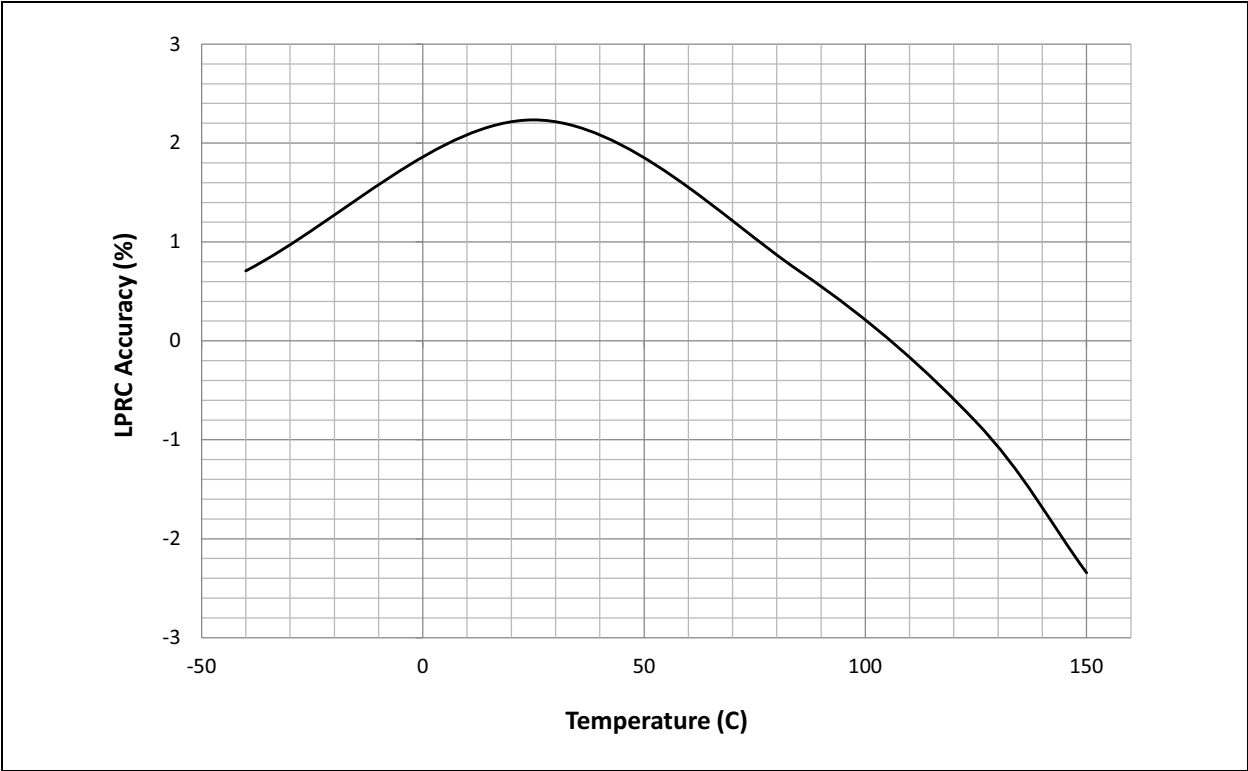
3: Device is functional at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but is not characterized. Analog modules: ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference, will have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter HBO10 in Table 31-10 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

TABLE 31-18: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (12-BIT MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
ADC Accuracy (12-Bit Mode)							
HAD20a	Nr	Resolution	12 data bits			bits	
HAD21a	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	-2	—	+2	LSb	$V_{INL} = AVSS = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AVDD = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$
HAD22a	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	$V_{INL} = AVSS = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AVDD = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$
HAD23a	GERR	Gain Error	-10	4	10	LSb	$V_{INL} = AVSS = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AVDD = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$
HAD24a	EOFF	Offset Error	-10	1.75	10	LSb	$V_{INL} = AVSS = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AVDD = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$

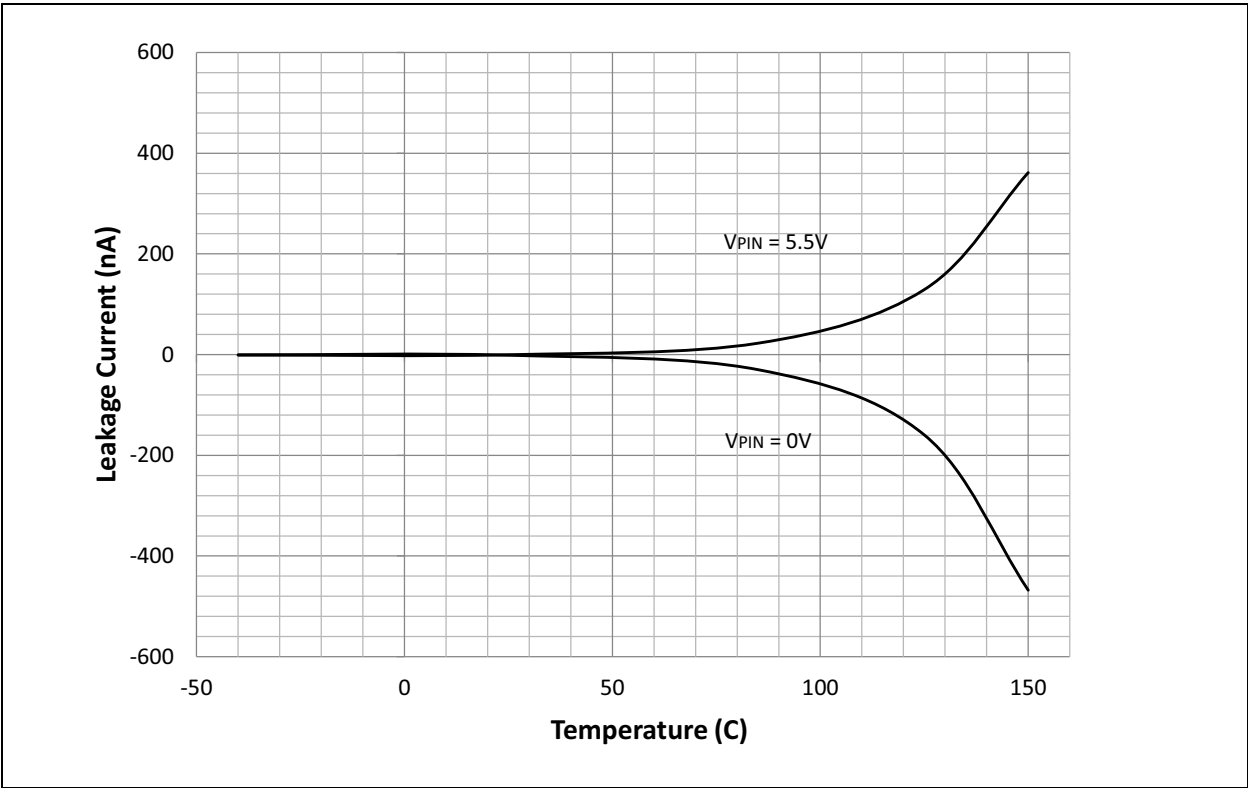
Note 1: Device is functional at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but is not characterized. Analog modules: ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference, will have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-12 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

FIGURE 32-23: TYPICAL LPRC ACCURACY vs. TEMPERATURE (5.5V VDD)



32.7 Leakage Current

FIGURE 32-24: TYPICAL IIL vs. TEMPERATURE (MCLR)



dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

NOTES:

dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X FAMILY

NOTES: