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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ev64gm002-i-ss

TABLE 4-2: TIMERS REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TMR1	0100	Timer1 Register																0000
PR1	0102	Period Register 1																FFFF
T1CON	0104	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	—	TSYNC	TCS	—	0000
TMR2	0106	Timer2 Register																0000
TMR3HLD	0108	Timer3 Holding Register (For 32-bit timer operations only)																0000
TMR3	010A	Timer3 Register																0000
PR2	010C	Period Register 2																FFFF
PR3	010E	Period Register 3																FFFF
T2CON	0110	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	T32	—	TCS	—	0000
T3CON	0112	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	—	—	TCS	—	0000
TMR4	0114	Timer4 Register																0000
TMR5HLD	0116	Timer5 Holding Register (For 32-bit operations only)																0000
TMR5	0118	Timer5 Register																0000
PR4	011A	Period Register 4																FFFF
PR5	011C	Period Register 5																FFFF
T4CON	011E	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	T32	—	TCS	—	0000
T5CON	0120	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS1	TCKPS0	—	—	TCS	—	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

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REGISTER 5-2: NVMADRU: NONVOLATILE MEMORY UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMADRU<23:16>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **NVMADRU<23:16>:** NVM Memory Upper Write Address bits

Selects the upper 8 bits of the location to program or erase in program Flash memory. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

REGISTER 5-3: NVMANDR: NONVOLATILE MEMORY LOWER ADDRESS REGISTER

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMANDR<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMANDR<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **NVMANDR<15:0>:** NVM Memory Lower Write Address bits

Selects the lower 16 bits of the location to program or erase in program Flash memory. This register may be read or written to by the user application.

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REGISTER 7-4: INTCON2: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	—	—	—	AIVTEN
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **GIE:** Global Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupts and associated IECx bits are enabled
0 = Interrupts are disabled, but traps are still enabled
- bit 14 **DISI:** DISI Instruction Status bit
1 = DISI instruction is active
0 = DISI instruction is not active
- bit 13 **SWTRAP:** Software Trap Status bit
1 = Software trap is enabled
0 = Software trap is disabled
- bit 12-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8 **AIVTEN:** Alternate Interrupt Vector Table is Enabled bit
1 = AIVT is enabled
0 = AIVT is disabled
- bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **INT2EP:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
1 = Interrupt on negative edge
0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 1 **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
1 = Interrupt on negative edge
0 = Interrupt on positive edge
- bit 0 **INT0EP:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Detect Polarity Select bit
1 = Interrupt on negative edge
0 = Interrupt on positive edge

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REGISTER 9-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVISOR REGISTER⁽²⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1
ROI	DOZE2 ⁽³⁾	DOZE1 ⁽³⁾	DOZE0 ⁽³⁾	DOZEN ^(1,4)	FRCDIV2	FRCDIV1	FRCDIV0
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PLLPOST1	PLLPOST0	—	PLLPRE4	PLLPRE3	PLLPRE2	PLLPRE1	PLLPRE0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ROI:** Recover on Interrupt bit
 1 = Interrupts will clear the DOZEN bit
 0 = Interrupts have no effect on the DOZEN bit
- bit 14-12 **DOZE<2:0>:** Processor Clock Reduction Select bits⁽³⁾
 111 = Fcy divided by 128
 110 = Fcy divided by 64
 101 = Fcy divided by 32
 100 = Fcy divided by 16
 011 = Fcy divided by 8
 010 = Fcy divided by 4
 001 = Fcy divided by 2
 000 = Fcy divided by 1 (default)
- bit 11 **DOZEN:** Doze Mode Enable bit^(1,4)
 1 = DOZE<2:0> field specifies the ratio between the peripheral clocks and the processor clocks
 0 = Processor clock and peripheral clock ratio are forced to 1:1
- bit 10-8 **FRCDIV<2:0>:** Internal Fast RC Oscillator Postscaler bits
 111 = FRC divided by 256
 110 = FRC divided by 64
 101 = FRC divided by 32
 100 = FRC divided by 16
 011 = FRC divided by 8
 010 = FRC divided by 4
 001 = FRC divided by 2 (default)
 000 = FRC divided by 1
- bit 7-6 **PLLPOST<1:0>:** PLL VCO Output Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N2', PLL postscaler)
 11 = Output divided by 8
 10 = Reserved
 01 = Output divided by 4
 00 = Output divided by 2
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- Note 1:** This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.
Note 2: This register resets only on a Power-on Reset (POR).
Note 3: DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.
Note 4: The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.

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REGISTER 10-6: PMD7: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 7

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	DMA0MD ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—
			DMA1MD ⁽¹⁾				
			DMA2MD ⁽¹⁾				
			DMA3MD ⁽¹⁾				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **DMA0MD:** DMA0 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = DMA0 module is disabled

0 = DMA0 module is enabled

DMA1MD: DMA1 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = DMA1 module is disabled

0 = DMA1 module is enabled

DMA2MD: DMA2 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = DMA2 module is disabled

0 = DMA2 module is enabled

DMA3MD: DMA3 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = DMA3 module is disabled

0 = DMA3 module is enabled

bit 3-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This single bit enables and disables all four DMA channels.

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REGISTER 11-22: RPOR4: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP43R5	RP43R4	RP43R3	RP43R2	RP43R1	RP43R0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP42R5	RP42R4	RP42R3	RP42R2	RP42R1	RP42R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP43R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP43 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP42R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP42 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 11-23: RPOR5: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 5⁽¹⁾

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP49R5	RP49R4	RP49R3	RP49R2	RP49R1	RP49R0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP48R5	RP48R4	RP48R3	RP48R2	RP48R1	RP48R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP49R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP49 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP48R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP48 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

Note 1: This register is present in dsPIC33EVXXXGM004/104/006/106 devices only.

REGISTER 17-7: PWMCONx: PWMx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-6	DTC<1:0> : Dead-Time Control bits 11 = Dead-Time Compensation mode 10 = Dead-time function is disabled 01 = Negative dead time is actively applied for Complementary Output mode 00 = Positive dead time is actively applied for all Output modes
bit 5	DTCP : Dead-Time Compensation Polarity bit ⁽³⁾ <u>When Set to '1'</u> : If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened. If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened. <u>When Set to '0'</u> : If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened. If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened.
bit 4-3	Unimplemented : Read as '0'
bit 2	CAM : Center-Aligned Mode Enable bit ^(2,4) 1 = Center-Aligned mode is enabled 0 = Edge-Aligned mode is enabled
bit 1	XPRES : External PWMx Reset Control bit ⁽⁵⁾ 1 = Current-limit source resets the time base for this PWM generator if it is in Independent Time Base mode 0 = External pins do not affect PWMx time base
bit 0	IUE : Immediate Update Enable bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are immediate 0 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are synchronized to the PWMx period boundary

- Note 1:** Software must clear the interrupt status here and in the corresponding IFSx bit in the interrupt controller.
- 2:** These bits should not be changed after the PWMx is enabled (PTEN = 1).
- 3:** DTC<1:0> = 11 for DTCP to be effective; else, DTCP is ignored.
- 4:** The Independent Time Base (ITB = 1) mode must be enabled to use Center-Aligned mode. If ITB = 0, the CAM bit is ignored.
- 5:** To operate in External Period Reset mode, the ITB bit must be '1' and the CLMOD bit in the FCLCONx register must be '0'.

18.1 SPI Helpful Tips

1. In Frame mode, if there is a possibility that the master may not be initialized before the slave:
 - a) If FRMPOL (SPIxCON2<13>) = 1, use a pull-down resistor on \overline{SSx} .
 - b) If FRMPOL = 0, use a pull-up resistor on \overline{SSx} .

Note: This insures that the first frame transmission after initialization is not shifted or corrupted.

2. In Non-Framed 3-Wire mode (i.e., not using \overline{SSx} from a master):
 - a) If CKP (SPIxCON1<6>) = 1, always place a pull-up resistor on \overline{SSx} .
 - b) If CKP = 0, always place a pull-down resistor on \overline{SSx} .

Note: This will insure that during power-up and initialization, the master/slave will not lose sync due to an errant SCKx transition that would cause the slave to accumulate data shift errors, for both transmit and receive, appearing as corrupted data.

3. FRMEN (SPIxCON2<15>) = 1 and SSEN (SPIxCON1<7>) = 1 are exclusive and invalid. In Frame mode, SCKx is continuous and the Frame Sync pulse is active on the \overline{SSx} pin, which indicates the start of a data frame.

Note: Not all third-party devices support Frame mode timing. For more information, refer to the SPI specifications in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"**.

4. In Master mode only, set the SMP bit (SPIxCON1<9>) to a '1' for the fastest SPI data rate possible. The SMP bit can only be set at the same time or after the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1<5>) is set.

To avoid invalid slave read data to the master, the user's master software must ensure enough time for slave software to fill its write buffer before the user application initiates a master write/read cycle. It is always advisable to preload the SPIxBUF Transmit register in advance of the next master transaction cycle. SPIxBUF is transferred to the SPIx Shift register and is empty once the data transmission begins.

19.2 I²C Control Registers

REGISTER 19-1: I2CxCON1: I2Cx CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/S-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL ⁽¹⁾	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0, HC
GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	S = Settable bit	HC = Hardware Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **I2CEN:** I2Cx Enable bit (writable from SW only)
 1 = Enables the I²C module and configures the SDAx and SCLx pins as serial port pins
 0 = Disables the I²C module and all I²C pins are controlled by port functions
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **I2CSIDL:** I2Cx Stop in Idle Mode bit
 1 = Discontinues module operation when the device enters Idle mode
 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12 **SCLREL:** SCLx Release Control bit (I²C Slave mode only)⁽¹⁾
 Module resets and (I2CEN = 0) sets SCLREL = 1.
 If STREN = 0:⁽²⁾
 1 = Releases clock
 0 = Forces clock low (clock stretch)
 If STREN = 1:
 1 = Releases clock
 0 = Holds clock low (clock stretch); user may program this bit to '0', clock stretch at the next SCLx low
- bit 11 **STRICT:** Strict I²C Reserved Address Rule Enable bit
 1 = Strict reserved addressing is enforced
 In Slave mode, the device does not respond to reserved address space and addresses falling in that category are NACKed.
 0 = Reserved addressing would be Acknowledged
 In Slave mode, the device will respond to an address falling in the reserved address space. When there is a match with any of the reserved addresses, the device will generate an ACK.
- bit 10 **A10M:** 10-Bit Slave Address Flag bit
 1 = I2CxADD is a 10-bit slave address
 0 = I2CxADD is a 7-bit slave address
- bit 9 **DISSLW:** Slew Rate Control Disable bit
 1 = Slew rate control is disabled for Standard Speed mode (100 kHz, also disabled for 1 MHz mode)
 0 = Slew rate control is enabled for High-Speed mode (400 kHz)
- bit 8 **SMEN:** SMBus Input Levels Enable bit
 1 = Enables the input logic so thresholds are compliant with the SMBus specification
 0 = Disables the SMBus-specific inputs

Note 1: Automatically cleared to '0' at the beginning of slave transmission; automatically cleared to '0' at the end of slave reception.

2: Automatically cleared to '0' at the beginning of slave transmission.

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REGISTER 24-1: ADxCON1: ADCx CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 7-5	<p>SSRC<2:0>: Sample Clock Source Select bits</p> <p><u>If SSRCG = 1:</u></p> <p>111 = Reserved 110 = Reserved 101 = Reserved 100 = Reserved 011 = Reserved 010 = PWM Generator 3 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion 001 = PWM Generator 2 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion 000 = PWM Generator 1 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion</p> <p><u>If SSRCG = 0:</u></p> <p>111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto-convert) 110 = CTMU ends sampling and starts conversion 101 = Reserved 100 = Timer5 compare ends sampling and starts conversion 011 = PWM primary Special Event Trigger ends sampling and starts conversion 010 = Timer3 compare ends sampling and starts conversion 001 = Active transition on the INT0 pin ends sampling and starts conversion 000 = Clearing the Sample bit (SAMP) ends sampling and starts conversion (Manual mode)</p>
bit 4	<p>SSRCG: Sample Trigger Source Group bit</p> <p>See SSRC<2:0> for details.</p>
bit 3	<p>SIMSAM: Simultaneous Sample Select bit (only applicable when CHPS<1:0> = 01 or 1x)</p> <p><u>In 12-Bit Mode (AD12B = 1), SIMSAM is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':</u></p> <p>1 = Samples CH0, CH1, CH2, CH3 simultaneously (when CHPS<1:0> = 1x) or samples CH0 and CH1 simultaneously (when CHPS<1:0> = 01) 0 = Samples multiple channels individually in sequence</p>
bit 2	<p>ASAM: ADCx Sample Auto-Start bit</p> <p>1 = Sampling begins immediately after last conversion; SAMP bit is auto-set 0 = Sampling begins when SAMP bit is set</p>
bit 1	<p>SAMP: ADCx Sample Enable bit</p> <p>1 = ADCx Sample-and-Hold amplifiers are sampling 0 = ADCx Sample-and-Hold amplifiers are holding</p> <p>If ASAM = 0, software can write '1' to begin sampling. Automatically set by hardware if ASAM = 1. If SSRC<2:0> = 000, software can write '0' to end sampling and start conversion. If SSRC<2:0> ≠ 000, automatically cleared by hardware to end sampling and start conversion.</p>
bit 0	<p>DONE: ADCx Conversion Status bit⁽¹⁾</p> <p>1 = ADCx conversion cycle is completed. 0 = ADCx conversion has not started or is in progress</p> <p>Automatically set by hardware when conversion is complete. Software can write '0' to clear DONE bit status (software not allowed to write '1'). Clearing this bit does NOT affect any operation in progress. Automatically cleared by hardware at the start of a new conversion.</p>

Note 1: Do not clear the DONE bit in software if auto-sample is enabled (ASAM = 1).

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TABLE 28-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
63	RETLW	RETLW #lit10, Wn	Return with literal in Wn	1	6 (5)	SFA
64	RETURN	RETURN	Return from Subroutine	1	6 (5)	SFA
65	RLC	RLC f	f = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Left through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
66	RLNC	RLNC f	f = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Left (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
67	RRC	RRC f	f = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Right through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
68	RRNC	RRNC f	f = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Right (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
69	SAC	SAC Acc, #Slit4, Wdo	Store Accumulator	1	1	None
		SAC.R Acc, #Slit4, Wdo	Store Rounded Accumulator	1	1	None
70	SE	SE Ws, Wnd	Wnd = sign-extended Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
71	SETM	SETM f	f = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM WREG	WREG = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM Ws	Ws = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
72	SFTAC	SFTAC Acc, Wn	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by (Wn)	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		SFTAC Acc, #Slit6	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by Slit6	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
73	SL	SL f	f = Left Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL f, WREG	WREG = Left Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL Ws, Wd	Wd = Left Shift Ws	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL Wb, Wns, Wnd	Wnd = Left Shift Wb by Wns	1	1	N,Z
		SL Wb, #lit5, Wnd	Wnd = Left Shift Wb by lit5	1	1	N,Z
74	SUB	SUB Acc	Subtract Accumulators	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		SUB f	f = f – WREG	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB f, WREG	WREG = f – WREG	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB #lit10, Wn	Wn = Wn – lit10	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb – Ws	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb – lit5	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
75	SUBB	SUBB f	f = f – WREG – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB f, WREG	WREG = f – WREG – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB #lit10, Wn	Wn = Wn – lit10 – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb – Ws – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb – lit5 – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
76	SUBR	SUBR f	f = WREG – f	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR f, WREG	WREG = WREG – f	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws – Wb	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = lit5 – Wb	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
77	SUBBR	SUBBR f	f = WREG – f – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR f, WREG	WREG = WREG – f – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws – Wb – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = lit5 – Wb – (\overline{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z

Note: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.

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TABLE 30-8: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended		
Parameter No.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Power-Down Current (IPD) – dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X ⁽¹⁾					
DC60d	9.25	30	μA	-40°C	5.0V Base Power-Down Current
DC60a	15.75	35	μA	+25°C	
DC60b	67.75	250	μA	+85°C	
DC60c	270	750	μA	+125°C	
DC61d	1	7	μA	-40°C	5.0V Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI _{WDT} ⁽³⁾
DC61a	1.25	8	μA	+25°C	
DC61b	3.5	12	μA	+85°C	
DC61c	5	15	μA	+125°C	

Note 1: IPD (Sleep) current is measured as follows:

- CPU core is off, oscillator is configured in EC mode and external clock is active, OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail (EC clock overshoot/undershoot < 250 mV required)
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as outputs and driving low
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}} = V_{DD}$, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- All peripheral modules are disabled (PMDx bits are all ones)
- The VREGS bit (RCON<8>) = 0 (i.e., core regulator is set to standby while the device is in Sleep mode)
- The VREGSF bit (RCON<11>) = 0 (i.e., Flash regulator is set to standby while the device is in Sleep mode)

2: Data in “Typ.” column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.

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FIGURE 30-7: INPUT CAPTURE x (ICx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

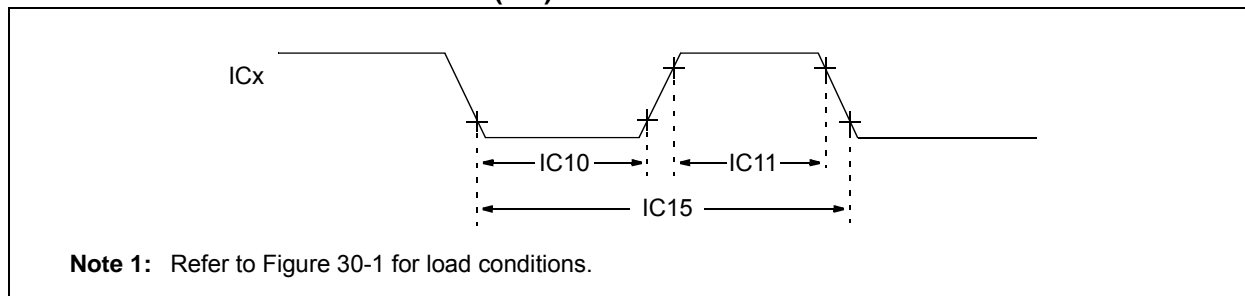


TABLE 30-26: INPUT CAPTURE x (ICx) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
IC10	TccL	ICx Input Low Time	Greater of: $12.5 + 25$ or $(0.5 \text{ Tcy}/N) + 25$	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter IC15
IC11	TccH	ICx Input High Time	Greater of: $12.5 + 25$ or $(0.5 \text{ Tcy}/N) + 25$	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter IC15
IC15	TccP	ICx Input Period	Greater of: $25 + 50$ or $(1 \text{ Tcy}/N) + 50$	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

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**TABLE 30-36: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	See Note 3
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS2}$ ↓ to SCK2 ↑ or SCK2 ↓ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS2}$ ↑ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	See Note 4
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS2}$ ↑ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	See Note 4

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typ.” column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

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**TABLE 30-44: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—	—	25	MHz	See Note 3
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	20	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	20	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	15	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS1} \downarrow$ to SCK1 \uparrow or SCK1 \downarrow Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	See Note 4
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ after SCK1 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	See Note 4

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typ." column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 40 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

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TABLE 31-17: OP AMP/COMPARATOR x SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 3): 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Comparator DC Characteristics							
HCM30	VOFFSET	Comparator Offset Voltage	-80	± 60	80	mV	
HCM31	VHYST	Input Hysteresis Voltage	—	30	—	mV	
HCM34	VICM	Input Common-Mode Voltage	AVSS	—	AVDD	V	
Op Amp DC Characteristics⁽²⁾							
HCM40	VCMR	Common-Mode Input Voltage Range	AVSS	—	AVDD	V	
HCM42	VOFFSET	Op Amp Offset Voltage	-50	± 6	50	mV	

Note 1: Data in “Typ.” column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: Resistances can vary by $\pm 10\%$ between op amps.

3: Device is functional at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but is not characterized. Analog modules: ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference, will have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter HBO10 in Table 31-10 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

TABLE 31-18: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (12-BIT MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
ADC Accuracy (12-Bit Mode)							
HAD20a	Nr	Resolution	12 data bits			bits	
HAD21a	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	-2	—	+2	LSb	$V_{INL} = AV_{SS} = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AV_{DD} = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$
HAD22a	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	> -1	—	< 1	LSb	$V_{INL} = AV_{SS} = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AV_{DD} = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$
HAD23a	GERR	Gain Error	-10	4	10	LSb	$V_{INL} = AV_{SS} = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AV_{DD} = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$
HAD24a	EOFF	Offset Error	-10	1.75	10	LSb	$V_{INL} = AV_{SS} = V_{REFL} = 0V$, $AV_{DD} = V_{REFH} = 5.5V$

Note 1: Device is functional at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but is not characterized. Analog modules: ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference, will have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-12 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

32.18 ADC INL

FIGURE 32-45: TYPICAL INL ($V_{DD} = 5.5V$, $-40^{\circ}C$)

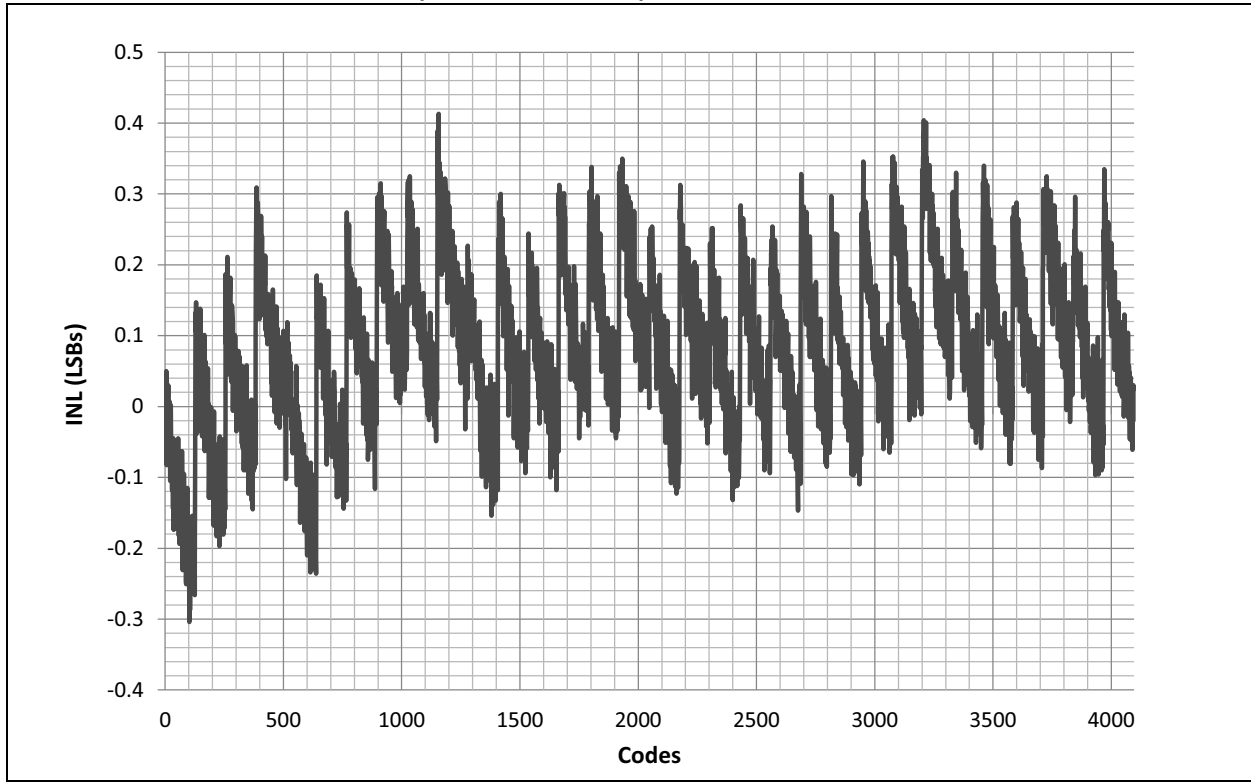
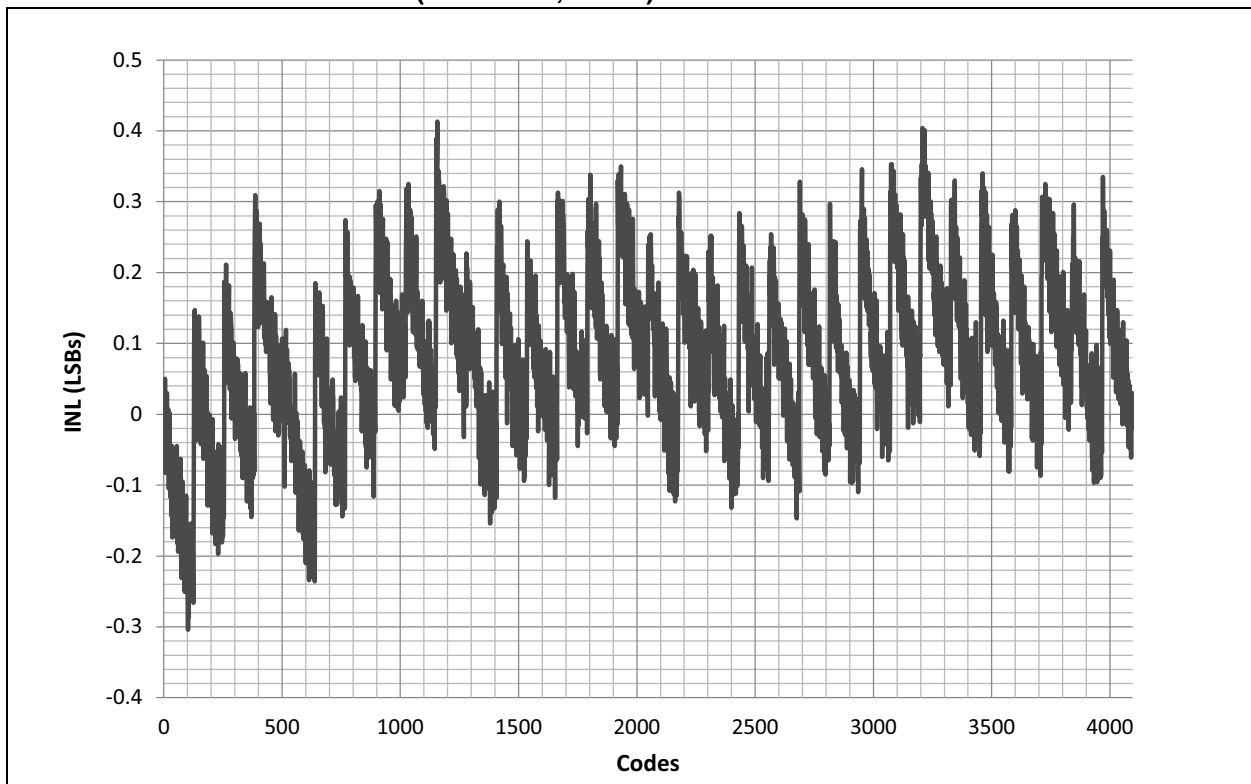


FIGURE 32-46: TYPICAL INL ($V_{DD} = 5.5V$, $+25^{\circ}C$)



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SPI2 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)	366	V	
SPI2 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)	368	Voltage Regulator (On-Chip)	324
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PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

<div><div>dsPIC 33 EV XXX GM0 0X T PT - XXX</div><div><div>Microchip Trademark</div><div>Architecture</div><div>Core Family</div><div>Program Memory Size (Kbytes)</div><div>Product Group</div><div>Pin Count</div><div>Tape and Reel Flag (if applicable)</div><div>Package</div><div>Pattern</div></div></div>		Example: dsPIC33EV256GM006-I/PT: dsPIC33, Enhanced Voltage, 256-Kbyte Program Memory, 64-Pin, Industrial Temperature, TQFP Package.
<div><div>Architecture:</div><div>Family:</div><div>Product Group:</div><div>Pin Count:</div><div>Temperature Range</div><div>Package:</div></div> <div><div>33 = 16-Bit Digital Signal Controller</div><div>EV = Enhanced Voltage</div><div>GM = General Purpose plus Motor Control Family</div><div>02 = 28-Pin 04 = 44-Pin 06 = 64-Pin</div><div>I = -40°C to +85°C (Industrial) E = -40°C to +125°C (Extended) H = -40°C to +150°C (High)</div><div>MM = Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package – (28-pin) 6x6x0.9 mm body (QFN-S) SO = Plastic Small Outline – (28-pin) 7.50 mm body (SOIC) SS = Plastic Shrink Small Outline – (28-pin) 5.30 mm body (SSOP) SP = Skinny Plastic Dual In-Line – (28-pin) 300 mil body (SPDIP) ML = Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package – (44-pin) 8x8 mm body (QFN) MR = Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package – (64-pin) 9x9x0.9 mm body (QFN) PT = Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack – (44-pin) 10x10x1 mm body (TQFP) PT = Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack – (64-pin) 10x10x1 mm body (TQFP)</div></div>		

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NOTES: