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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 36x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ev64gm006t-i-mr

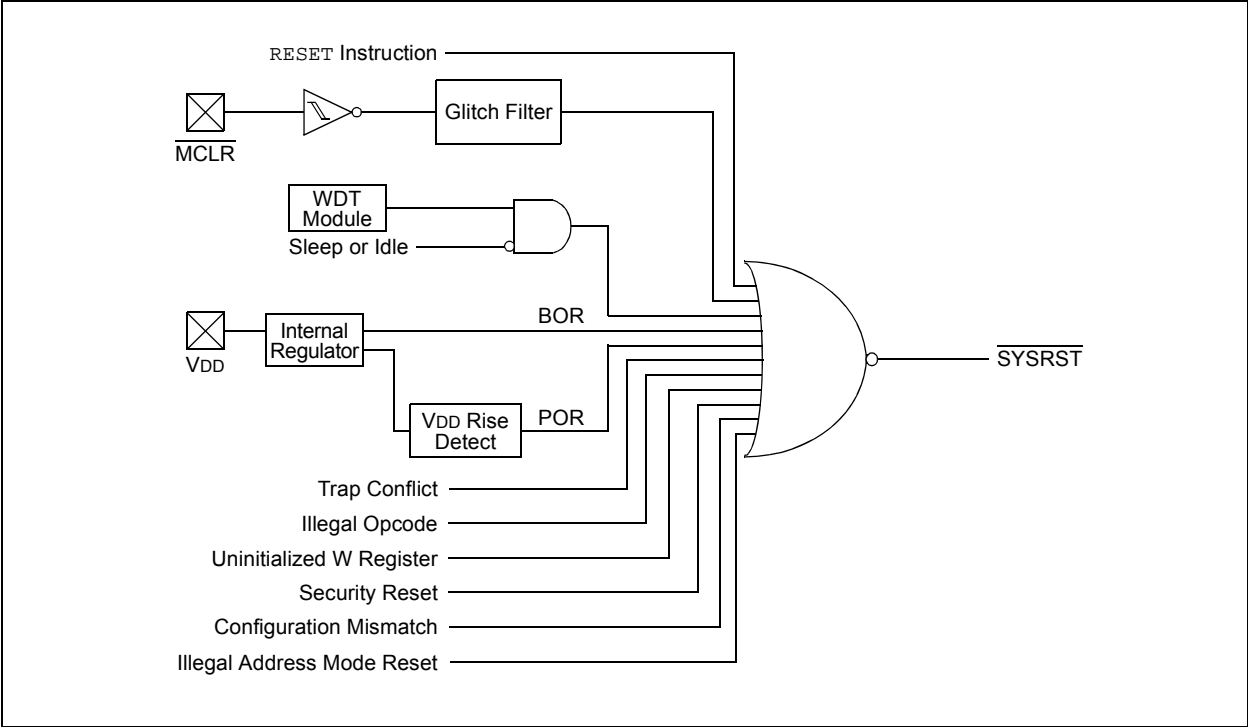
TABLE 4-16: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EVXXXGM006/106 DEVICES

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPOR0	0670	—	—	RP35R5	RP35R4	RP35R3	RP35R2	RP35R1	RP35R0	—	—	RP20R5	RP20R4	RP20R3	RP20R2	RP20R1	RP20R0	0000
RPOR1	0672	—	—	RP37R5	RP37R4	RP37R3	RP37R2	RP37R1	RP37R0	—	—	RP36R5	RP36R4	RP36R3	RP36R2	RP36R1	RP36R0	0000
RPOR2	0674	—	—	RP39R5	RP39R4	RP39R3	RP39R2	RP39R1	RP39R0	—	—	RP38R5	RP38R4	RP38R3	RP38R2	RP38R1	RP38R0	0000
RPOR3	0676	—	—	RP41R5	RP41R4	RP41R3	RP41R2	RP41R1	RP41R0	—	—	RP40R5	RP40R4	RP40R3	RP40R2	RP40R1	RP40R0	0000
RPOR4	0678	—	—	RP43R5	RP43R4	RP43R3	RP43R2	RP43R1	RP43R0	—	—	RP42R5	RP42R4	RP42R3	RP42R2	RP42R1	RP42R0	0000
RPOR5	067A	—	—	RP49R5	RP49R4	RP49R3	RP49R2	RP49R1	RP49R0	—	—	RP48R5	RP48R4	RP48R3	RP48R2	RP48R1	RP48R0	0000
RPOR6	067C	—	—	RP55R5	RP55R4	RP55R3	RP55R2	RP55R1	RP55R0	—	—	RP54R5	RP54R4	RP54R3	RP54R2	RP54R1	RP54R0	0000
RPOR7	067E	—	—	RP57R5	RP57R4	RP57R3	RP57R2	RP57R1	RP57R0	—	—	RP56R5	RP56R4	RP56R3	RP56R2	RP56R1	RP56R0	0000
RPOR8	0680	—	—	RP70R5	RP70R4	RP70R3	RP70R2	RP70R1	RP70R0	—	—	RP69R5	RP69R4	RP69R3	RP69R2	RP69R1	RP69R0	0000
RPOR9	0682	—	—	RP118R5	RP118R4	RP118R3	RP118R2	RP118R1	RP118R0	—	—	RP97R5	RP97R4	RP97R3	RP97R2	RP97R1	RP97R0	0000
RPOR10	0684	—	—	RP176R5	RP176R4	RP176R3	RP176R2	RP176R1	RP176R0	—	—	RP120R5	RP120R4	RP120R3	RP120R2	RP120R1	RP120R0	0000
RPOR11	0686	—	—	RP178R5	RP178R4	RP178R3	RP178R2	RP178R1	RP178R0	—	—	RP177R5	RP177R4	RP177R3	RP177R2	RP177R1	RP177R0	0000
RPOR12	0688	—	—	RP180R5	RP180R4	RP180R3	RP180R2	RP180R1	RP180R0	—	—	RP179R5	RP179R4	RP179R3	RP179R2	RP179R1	RP179R0	0000
RPOR13	068A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RP181R<5:0>						0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

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FIGURE 6-1: RESET SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



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REGISTER 14-5: DMTCNTL: DEADMAN TIMER COUNT REGISTER LOW

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<15:8>							
bit 15							
bit 8							

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<7:0>							
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **COUNTER<15:0>**: Read Current Contents of Lower DMT Counter bits

REGISTER 14-6: DMTCNTH: DEADMAN TIMER COUNT REGISTER HIGH

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<31:24>							
bit 15							
bit 8							

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
COUNTER<23:16>							
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **COUNTER<31:16>**: Read Current Contents of Higher DMT Counter bits

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17.1.2 WRITE-PROTECTED REGISTERS

On dsPIC33EVXXXGM00X/10X family devices, write protection is implemented for the IOCONx and FCLCONx registers. The write protection feature prevents any inadvertent writes to these registers. This protection feature can be controlled by the PWMLOCK Configuration bit (FDEVOP<0>). The default state of the write protection feature is enabled (PWMLOCK = 1). The write protection feature can be disabled by configuring PWMLOCK = 0.

To gain write access to these locked registers, the user application must write two consecutive values (0xABCD and 0x4321) to the PWMKEY register to perform the unlock operation. The write access to the IOCONx or FCLCONx registers must be the next SFR access following the unlock process. There can be no other SFR accesses during the unlock process and subsequent write access. To write to both the IOCONx and FCLCONx registers requires two unlock operations.

The correct unlocking sequence is described in Example 17-1.

EXAMPLE 17-1: PWM1 WRITE-PROTECTED REGISTER UNLOCK SEQUENCE

```
; FLT32 pin must be pulled low externally in order to clear and disable the fault
; Writing to FCLCON1 register requires unlock sequence

mov #0xabcd, w10      ; Load first unlock key to w10 register
mov #0x4321, w11      ; Load second unlock key to w11 register
mov #0x0000, w0       ; Load desired value of FCLCON1 register in w0
mov w10, PWMKEY       ; Write first unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w11, PWMKEY       ; Write second unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w0, FCLCON1       ; Write desired value to FCLCON1 register

; Set PWM ownership and polarity using the IOCON1 register
; Writing to IOCON1 register requires unlock sequence

mov #0xabcd, w10      ; Load first unlock key to w10 register
mov #0x4321, w11      ; Load second unlock key to w11 register
mov #0xF000, w0       ; Load desired value of IOCON1 register in w0
mov w10, PWMKEY       ; Write first unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w11, PWMKEY       ; Write second unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w0, IOCON1        ; Write desired value to IOCON1 register
```

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REGISTER 17-3: PTPER: PWMx PRIMARY MASTER TIME BASE PERIOD REGISTER

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
PTPER<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTPER<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PTPER<15:0>**: Primary Master Time Base (PMTMR) Period Value bits

REGISTER 17-4: SEVTCMP: PWMx PRIMARY SPECIAL EVENT COMPARE REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SEVTCMP<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SEVTCMP<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **SEVTCMP<15:0>**: Special Event Compare Count Value bits

REGISTER 17-7: PWMCONx: PWMx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-6	DTC<1:0> : Dead-Time Control bits 11 = Dead-Time Compensation mode 10 = Dead-time function is disabled 01 = Negative dead time is actively applied for Complementary Output mode 00 = Positive dead time is actively applied for all Output modes
bit 5	DTCP : Dead-Time Compensation Polarity bit ⁽³⁾ <u>When Set to '1'</u> : If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened. If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened. <u>When Set to '0'</u> : If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened. If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened.
bit 4-3	Unimplemented : Read as '0'
bit 2	CAM : Center-Aligned Mode Enable bit ^(2,4) 1 = Center-Aligned mode is enabled 0 = Edge-Aligned mode is enabled
bit 1	XPRES : External PWMx Reset Control bit ⁽⁵⁾ 1 = Current-limit source resets the time base for this PWM generator if it is in Independent Time Base mode 0 = External pins do not affect PWMx time base
bit 0	IUE : Immediate Update Enable bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are immediate 0 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are synchronized to the PWMx period boundary

- Note 1:** Software must clear the interrupt status here and in the corresponding IFSx bit in the interrupt controller.
- 2:** These bits should not be changed after the PWMx is enabled (PTEN = 1).
- 3:** DTC<1:0> = 11 for DTCP to be effective; else, DTCP is ignored.
- 4:** The Independent Time Base (ITB = 1) mode must be enabled to use Center-Aligned mode. If ITB = 0, the CAM bit is ignored.
- 5:** To operate in External Period Reset mode, the ITB bit must be '1' and the CLMOD bit in the FCLCONx register must be '0'.

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REGISTER 17-8: PDCx: PWMx GENERATOR DUTY CYCLE REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PDCx<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PDCx<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PDCx<15:0>**: PWMx Generator Duty Cycle Value bits

REGISTER 17-9: PHASEx: PWMx PRIMARY PHASE-SHIFT REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PHASEx<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PHASEx<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PHASEx<15:0>**: PWMx Phase-Shift Value or Independent Time Base Period for the PWM Generator bits

- Note 1:** If ITB (PWMCONx<9>) = 0, the following applies based on the mode of operation:
Complementary, Redundant and Push-Pull Output modes (PMOD<1:0> (IOCONx<11:10>) = 00, 01 or 10), PHASEx<15:0> = Phase-shift value for PWMxH and PWMxL outputs.
- 2:** If ITB (PWMCONx<9>) = 1, the following applies based on the mode of operation:
Complementary, Redundant and Push-Pull Output modes (PMOD<1:0> (IOCONx<11:10>) = 00, 01 or 10), PHASEx<15:0> = Independent Time Base period value for PWMxH and PWMxL.

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REGISTER 17-12: TRGCONx: PWMx TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TRGDIV3	TRGDIV2	TRGDIV1	TRGDIV0	—	—	—	—
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	TRGSTR5 ⁽¹⁾	TRGSTR4 ⁽¹⁾	TRGSTR3 ⁽¹⁾	TRGSTR2 ⁽¹⁾	TRGSTR1 ⁽¹⁾	TRGSTR0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **TRGDIV<3:0>**: Trigger Output Divider bits

1111 = Triggers output for every 16th trigger event
 1110 = Triggers output for every 15th trigger event
 1101 = Triggers output for every 14th trigger event
 1100 = Triggers output for every 13th trigger event
 1011 = Triggers output for every 12th trigger event
 1010 = Triggers output for every 11th trigger event
 1001 = Triggers output for every 10th trigger event
 1000 = Triggers output for every 9th trigger event
 0111 = Triggers output for every 8th trigger event
 0110 = Triggers output for every 7th trigger event
 0101 = Triggers output for every 6th trigger event
 0100 = Triggers output for every 5th trigger event
 0011 = Triggers output for every 4th trigger event
 0010 = Triggers output for every 3rd trigger event
 0001 = Triggers output for every 2nd trigger event
 0000 = Triggers output for every trigger event

bit 11-6 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **TRGSTR<5:0>**: Trigger Postscaler Start Enable Select bits⁽¹⁾

111111 = Waits 63 PWM cycles before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled
 •
 •
 •
 000010 = Waits 2 PWM cycles before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled
 000001 = Waits 1 PWM cycle before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled
 000000 = Waits 0 PWM cycles before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled

Note 1: The secondary PWM generator cannot generate PWMx trigger interrupts.

18.1 SPI Helpful Tips

1. In Frame mode, if there is a possibility that the master may not be initialized before the slave:
 - a) If FRMPOL (SPIxCON2<13>) = 1, use a pull-down resistor on SSx.
 - b) If FRMPOL = 0, use a pull-up resistor on SSx.

Note: This insures that the first frame transmission after initialization is not shifted or corrupted.

2. In Non-Framed 3-Wire mode (i.e., not using SSx from a master):
 - a) If CKP (SPIxCON1<6>) = 1, always place a pull-up resistor on SSx.
 - b) If CKP = 0, always place a pull-down resistor on SSx.

Note: This will insure that during power-up and initialization, the master/slave will not lose sync due to an errant SCKx transition that would cause the slave to accumulate data shift errors, for both transmit and receive, appearing as corrupted data.

3. FRMEN (SPIxCON2<15>) = 1 and SSEN (SPIxCON1<7>) = 1 are exclusive and invalid. In Frame mode, SCKx is continuous and the Frame Sync pulse is active on the SSx pin, which indicates the start of a data frame.

Note: Not all third-party devices support Frame mode timing. For more information, refer to the SPI specifications in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”**.

4. In Master mode only, set the SMP bit (SPIxCON1<9>) to a '1' for the fastest SPI data rate possible. The SMP bit can only be set at the same time or after the MSTEN bit (SPIxCON1<5>) is set.

To avoid invalid slave read data to the master, the user's master software must ensure enough time for slave software to fill its write buffer before the user application initiates a master write/read cycle. It is always advisable to preload the SPIxBUF Transmit register in advance of the next master transaction cycle. SPIxBUF is transferred to the SPIx Shift register and is empty once the data transmission begins.

21.2 UART Control Registers

REGISTER 21-1: UxMODE: UARTx MODE REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
UARTEN ⁽¹⁾	—	USIDL	IREN ⁽²⁾	RTSMD	—	UEN1	UEN0
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0, HC	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL1	PDSEL0	STSEL
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **UARTEN:** UARTx Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = UARTx is enabled; all UARTx pins are controlled by UARTx as defined by UEN<1:0>
0 = UARTx is disabled; all UARTx pins are controlled by PORT latches; UARTx power consumption is minimal
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **USIDL:** UARTx Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinues module operation when the device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12 **IREN:** IrDA[®] Encoder and Decoder Enable bit⁽²⁾
1 = IrDA encoder and decoder are enabled
0 = IrDA encoder and decoder are disabled
- bit 11 **RTSMD:** Mode Selection for $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ Pin bit
1 = $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ pin is in Simplex mode
0 = $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ pin is in Flow Control mode
- bit 10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 9-8 **UEN<1:0>:** UARTx Pin Enable bits
11 = UxTX, UxRX and BCLKx pins are enabled and used; $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$ pin is controlled by PORT latches⁽³⁾
10 = UxTX, UxRX, $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$ and $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ pins are enabled and used⁽⁴⁾
01 = UxTX, UxRX and $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ pins are enabled and used; $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$ pin is controlled by PORT latches⁽⁴⁾
00 = UxTX and UxRX pins are enabled and used; $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$ and $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ /BCLKx pins are controlled by PORT latches
- bit 7 **WAKE:** UARTx Wake-up on Start bit Detect During Sleep Mode Enable bit
1 = UARTx continues to sample the UxRX pin; interrupt is generated on the falling edge, bit is cleared in hardware on the following rising edge
0 = Wake-up is not enabled
- bit 6 **LPBACK:** UARTx Loopback Mode Select bit
1 = Loopback mode is enabled
0 = Loopback mode is disabled

- Note 1:** Refer to “**Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)**” (DS70000582) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” for information on enabling the UART module for receive or transmit operation.
- 2:** This feature is only available for the 16x BRG mode (BRGH = 0).
- 3:** This feature is only available on 44-pin and 64-pin devices.
- 4:** This feature is only available on 64-pin devices.

REGISTER 25-2: CMxCON: COMPARATOR x CONTROL REGISTER (x = 1, 2, 3 OR 5) (CONTINUED)

bit 7-6	<p>EVPOL<1:0>: Trigger/Event/Interrupt Polarity Select bits⁽³⁾</p> <p>11 = Trigger/event/interrupt generated on any change of the comparator output (while CEVT = 0)</p> <p>10 = Trigger/event/interrupt generated only on high-to-low transition of the polarity selected comparator output (while CEVT = 0)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">If CPOL = 1 (inverted polarity): Low-to-high transition of the comparator output.</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">If CPOL = 0 (non-inverted polarity): High-to-low transition of the comparator output.</p> <p>01 = Trigger/event/interrupt generated only on low-to-high transition of the polarity selected comparator output (while CEVT = 0)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">If CPOL = 1 (inverted polarity): High-to-low transition of the comparator output.</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">If CPOL = 0 (non-inverted polarity): Low-to-high transition of the comparator output.</p> <p>00 = Trigger/event/interrupt generation is disabled</p>
bit 5	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 4	<p>CREF: Comparator x Reference Select bit (VIN+ input)⁽¹⁾</p> <p>1 = VIN+ input connects to the internal CVREFIN voltage</p> <p>0 = VIN+ input connects to the CxIN1+ pin</p>
bit 3-2	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 1-0	<p>CCH<1:0>: Op Amp/Comparator x Channel Select bits⁽¹⁾</p> <p>11 = Inverting input of op amp/comparator connects to the CxIN4- pin</p> <p>10 = Inverting input of op amp/comparator connects to the CxIN3- pin</p> <p>01 = Inverting input of op amp/comparator connects to the CxIN2- pin</p> <p>00 = Inverting input of op amp/comparator connects to the CxIN1- pin</p>

- Note 1:** Inputs that are selected and not available will be tied to Vss. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for available inputs for each package.
- 2:** The op amp and the comparator can be used simultaneously in these devices. The OPAEN bit only enables the op amp while the comparator is still functional.
- 3:** After configuring the comparator, either for a high-to-low or low-to-high COUT transition (EVPOL<1:0> (CMxCON<7:6>) = 10 or 01), the Comparator x Event bit, CEVT (CMxCON<9>), and the Comparator Interrupt Flag, CMPIF (IFS1<2>), must be cleared before enabling the Comparator Interrupt Enable bit, CMPIE (IEC1<2>).

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TABLE 30-13: DC CHARACTERISTICS: PROGRAM MEMORY

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Program Flash Memory							
D130	EP	Cell Endurance	10,000	—	—	E/W	-40°C to +125°C
D131	VPR	VDD for Read	4.5	—	5.5	V	
D132b	VPEW	VDD for Self-Timed Write	4.5	—	5.5	V	
D134	TRETD	Characteristic Retention	20	—	—	Year	Provided no other specifications are violated, -40°C to +125°C
D135	IDDP	Supply Current During Programming	—	10	—	mA	
D136a	TRW	Row Write Cycle Time	0.657	—	0.691	ms	TRW = 4965 FRC cycles, TA = +85°C (see Note 2)
D136b	TRW	Row Write Cycle Time	0.651	—	0.698	ms	TRW = 4965 FRC cycles, TA = +125°C (see Note 2)
D137a	TPE	Page Erase Time	19.44	—	20.44	ms	TPE = 146893 FRC cycles, TA = +85°C (see Note 2)
D137b	TPE	Page Erase Time	19.24	—	20.65	ms	TPE = 146893 FRC cycles, TA = +125°C (see Note 2)
D138a	TWW	Word Write Cycle Time	45.78	—	48.15	μs	TWW = 346 FRC cycles, TA = +85°C (see Note 2)
D138b	TWW	Word Write Cycle Time	45.33	—	48.64	μs	TWW = 346 FRC cycles, TA = +125°C (see Note 2)

Note 1: Data in “Typ.” column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: Other conditions: FRC = 7.3728 MHz, TUN<5:0> = b' 011111 (for Min), TUN<5:0> = b' 100000 (for Max). This parameter depends on the FRC accuracy (see Table 30-20) and the value of the FRC Oscillator Tuning register.

TABLE 30-14: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: INTERNAL BAND GAP REFERENCE VOLTAGE

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DVR10	VBG	Internal Band Gap Reference Voltage	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	

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TABLE 30-24: TIMER2 AND TIMER4 (TYPE B TIMER) EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TB10	TtxH	TxCK High Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TB15, N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
TB11	TtxL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TB15, N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
TB15	TtxP	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 40 or (2 Tcy + 40)/N	—	—	ns	N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
TB20	TCKEXT-MRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		0.75 Tcy + 40	—	1.75 Tcy + 40	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 30-25: TIMER3 AND TIMER5 (TYPE C TIMER) EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TC10	TtxH	TxCK High Time	Synchronous	Tcy + 20	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TC15
TC11	TtxL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous	Tcy + 20	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TC15
TC15	TtxP	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous, with Prescaler	2 Tcy + 40	—	—	ns	N = Prescaler Value (1, 8, 64, 256)
TC20	TCKEXT-MRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		0.75 Tcy + 40	—	1.75 Tcy + 40	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

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FIGURE 30-8: OUTPUT COMPARE x (OCx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

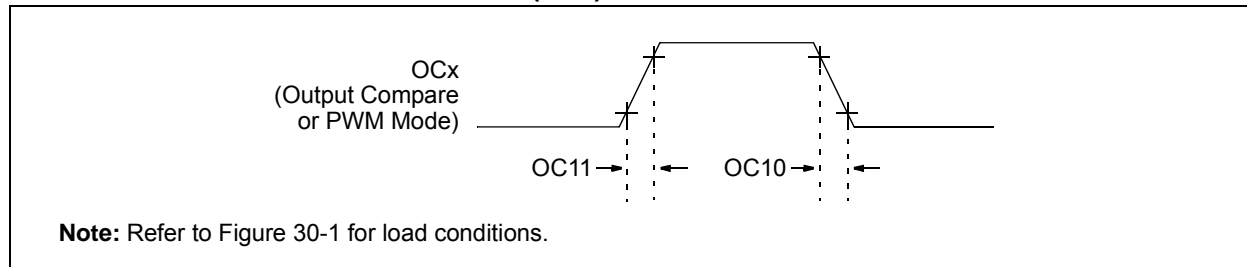


TABLE 30-27: OUTPUT COMPARE x (OCx) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC10	TccF	OCx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
OC11	TccR	OCx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-9: OCx/PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

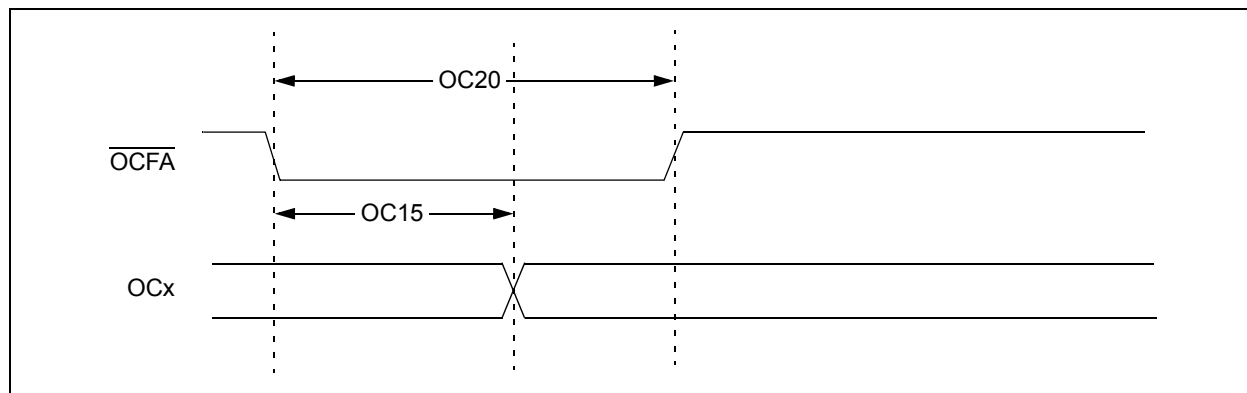
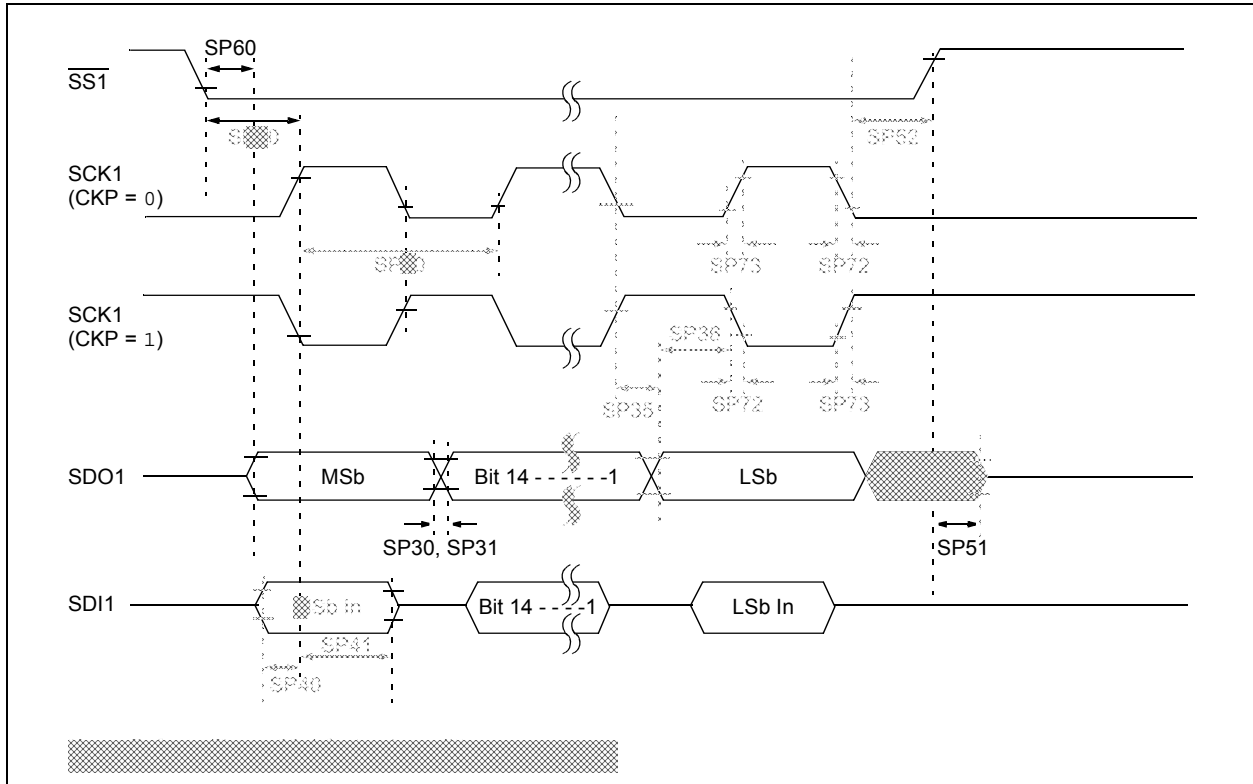


TABLE 30-28: OCx/PWMx MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC15	TfD	Fault Input to PWMx I/O Change	—	—	Tcy + 20	ns	
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	Tcy + 20	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-24: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



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**TABLE 30-42: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—	—	25	MHz	See Note 3
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	20	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCK1 Edge	20	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	15	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS1} \downarrow$ to SCK1 \uparrow or SCK1 \downarrow Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	See Note 4
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ after SCK1 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	See Note 4
SP60	TssL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after $\overline{SS1}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typ.” column is at 5.0V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 40 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

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TABLE 30-58: ADC CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽⁴⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Clock Parameters							
AD50	TAD	ADC Clock Period	75	—	—	ns	
AD51	trc	ADC Internal RC Oscillator Period	—	250	—	ns	
Conversion Rate							
AD55	tCONV	Conversion Time	—	12	—	TAD	
AD56	FCNV	Throughput Rate	—	—	1.1	Msp/s	Using simultaneous sampling
AD57a	TSAMP	Sample Time When Sampling Any ANx Input	2	—	—	TAD	
AD57b	TSAMP	Sample Time When Sampling the Op Amp Outputs	4	—	—	TAD	
Timing Parameters							
AD60	tPCS	Conversion Start from Sample Trigger ⁽²⁾	2	—	3	TAD	Auto-convert trigger is not selected
AD61	tPSS	Sample Start from Setting Sample (SAMP) bit ⁽²⁾	2	—	3	TAD	
AD62	tcSS	Conversion Completion to Sample Start (ASAM = 1) ⁽²⁾	—	0.5	—	TAD	
AD63	tDPU	Time to Stabilize Analog Stage from ADC Off to ADC On ⁽²⁾	—	—	20	μs	See Note 3

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but is not characterized. Analog modules: ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference, will have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-12 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

- 2:** Because the sample caps will eventually lose charge, clock rates below 10 kHz may affect linearity performance, especially at elevated temperatures.
- 3:** The parameter, tDPU, is the time required for the ADC module to stabilize at the appropriate level when the module is turned on (ADON (ADxCON1<15>) = 1). During this time, the ADC result is indeterminate.
- 4:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 30-59: DMA MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 4.5V to 5.5V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Characteristic		Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
DM1	DMA Byte/Word Transfer Latency		1 TCY ⁽²⁾	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

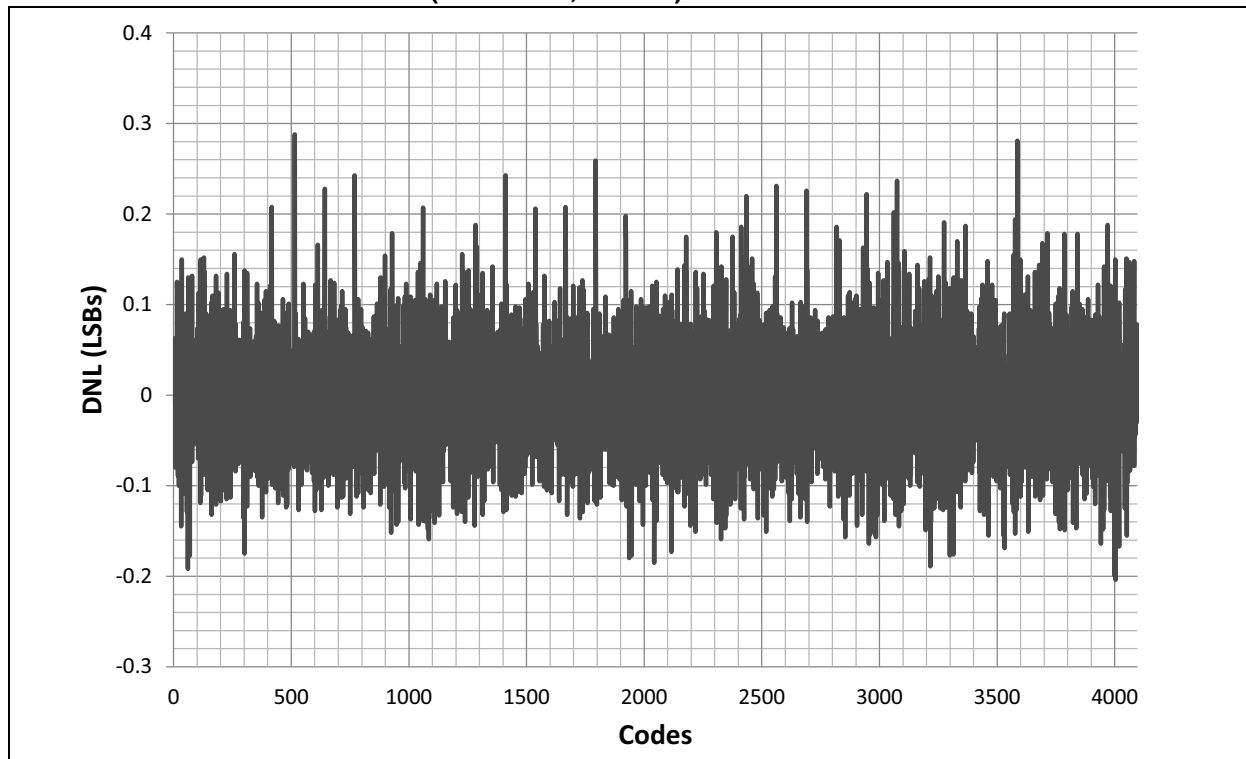
- 2:** Because DMA transfers use the CPU data bus, this time is dependent on other functions on the bus.

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NOTES:

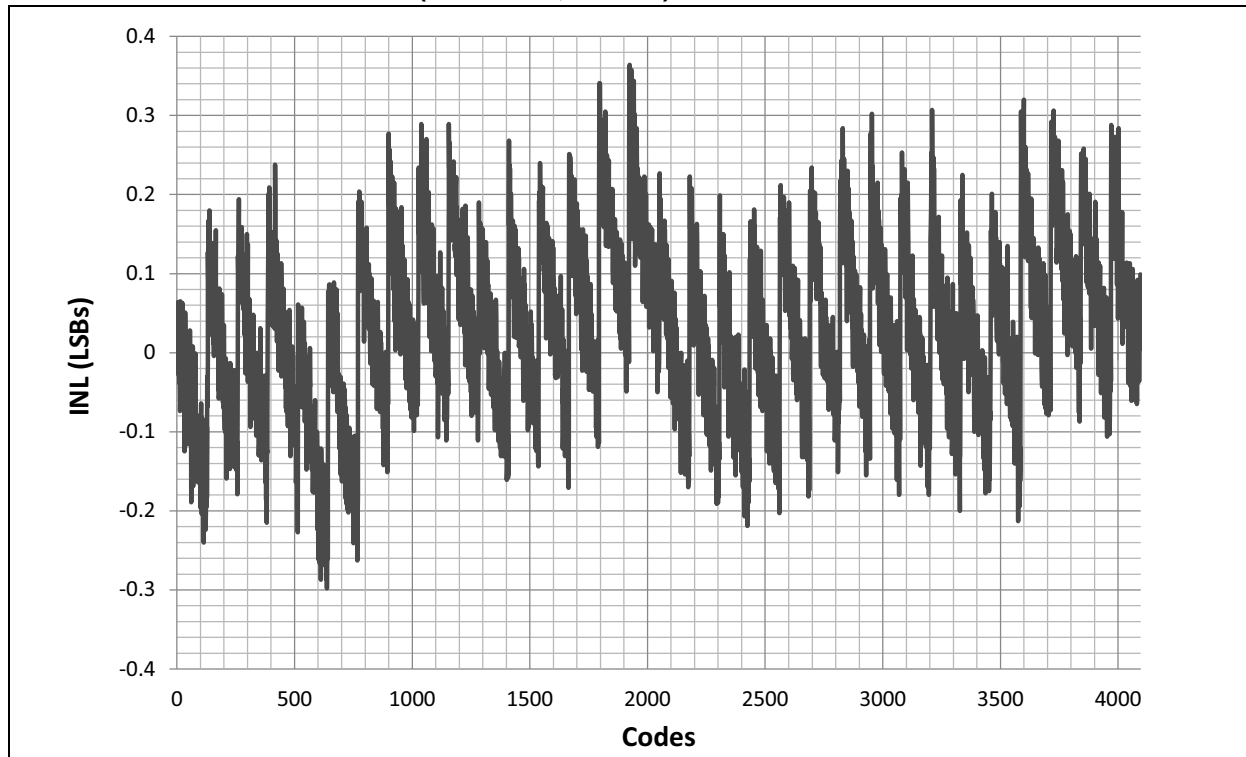
33.17 ADC DNL

FIGURE 33-37: TYPICAL DNL ($V_{DD} = 5.5V$, $+150^{\circ}C$)



33.18 ADC INL

FIGURE 33-38: TYPICAL INL ($V_{DD} = 5.5V$, $+150^{\circ}C$)



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CxFMSKSEL1 (CANx Filters 7-0 Mask Selection 1).....	269	I2CxMSK (I2Cx Slave Mode Address Mask).....	235
CxFMSKSEL2 (CANx Filters 15-8 Mask Selection 2).....	270	I2CxSTAT (I2Cx Status).....	234
CxINTE (CANx Interrupt Enable).....	261	ICxCON1 (Input Capture x Control 1).....	190
CxINTF (CANx Interrupt Flag).....	260	ICxCON2 (Input Capture x Control 2).....	191
CxRXFnEID (CANx Acceptance Filter n Extended Identifier).....	268	INTCON1 (Interrupt Control 1).....	103
CxRXFnSID (CANx Acceptance Filter n Standard Identifier).....	268	INTCON2 (Interrupt Control 2).....	105
CxRXFUL1 (CANx Receive Buffer Full 1).....	272	INTCON3 (Interrupt Control 3).....	106
CxRXFUL2 (CANx Receive Buffer Full 2).....	272	INTCON4 (Interrupt Control 4).....	107
CxRXMnEID (CANx Acceptance Filter Mask n Extended Identifier).....	271	INTTREG (Interrupt Control and Status).....	108
CxRXMnSID (CANx Acceptance Filter Mask n Standard Identifier).....	271	IOCONx (PWMx I/O Control).....	213
CxRXOVF1 (CANx Receive Buffer Overflow 1).....	273	LEBCONx (PWMx Leading-Edge Blanking Control).....	217
CxRXOVF2 (CANx Receive Buffer Overflow 2).....	273	LEBDLYx (PWMx Leading-Edge Blanking Delay).....	218
CxTRmnCON (CANx TX/RX Buffer mn Control).....	274	MDC (PWMx Master Duty Cycle).....	207
CxVEC (CANx Interrupt Code).....	257	NVMADR (NVM Lower Address).....	88
DEVID (Device ID).....	323	NVMADRU (NVM Upper Address).....	88
DEVREV (Device Revision).....	323	NVMCON (NVM Control).....	86
DMALCA (DMA Last Channel Active Status).....	120	NVMKEY (NVM Key).....	89
DMA PPS (DMA Ping-Pong Status).....	121	NVMSRCADRH (NVM Data Memory Upper Address).....	90
DMA PWC (DMA Peripheral Write Collision Status).....	118	NVMSRCADRL (NVM Data Memory Lower Address).....	90
DMA RQC (DMA Request Collision Status).....	119	OCxCON1 (Output Compare x Control 1).....	194
DMAxCNT (DMA Channel x Transfer Count).....	116	OCxCON2 (Output Compare x Control 2).....	196
DMAxCON (DMA Channel x Control).....	112	OSCCON (Oscillator Control).....	126
DMAxPAD (DMA Channel x Peripheral Address).....	116	OSCTUN (FRC Oscillator Tuning).....	131
DMAxREQ (DMA Channel x IRQ Select).....	113	PDCx (PWMx Generator Duty Cycle).....	210
DMAxSTAH (DMA Channel x Start Address A, High).....	114	PHASEx (PWMx Primary Phase-Shift).....	210
DMAxSTAL (DMA Channel x Start Address A, Low).....	114	PLLFBF (PLL Feedback Divisor).....	130
DMAxSTBH (DMA Channel x Start Address B, High).....	115	PMD1 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 1).....	136
DMAxSTBL (DMA Channel x Start Address B, Low).....	115	PMD2 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 2).....	137
DMTCLR (Deadman Timer Clear).....	183	PMD3 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 3).....	138
DMTCNTH (Deadman Timer Count High).....	185	PMD4 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 4).....	138
DMTCNTL (Deadman Timer Count Low).....	185	PMD6 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 6).....	139
DMTCON (Deadman Timer Control).....	182	PMD7 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 7).....	140
DMTHOLDREG (DMT Hold).....	188	PMD8 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 8).....	141
DMTPRECLR (Deadman Timer Preclear).....	182	PTCON (PWMx Time Base Control).....	204
DMTPSCNTH (DMT Post Configure Count Status High).....	186	PTCON2 (PWMx Primary Master Clock Divider Select).....	205
DMTPSCNTL (DMT Post Configure Count Status Low).....	186	PTPER (PWMx Primary Master Time Base Period).....	206
DMTPSINTVH (DMT Post Configure Interval Status High).....	187	PWMCONx (PWMx Control).....	208
DMTPSINTVL (DMT Post Configure Interval Status Low).....	187	RCON (Reset Control).....	93
DMTSTAT (Deadman Timer Status).....	184	REFOCON (Reference Oscillator Control).....	132
DSADRH (DMA Most Recent RAM High Address).....	117	RPINR0 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 0).....	153
DSADRL (DMA Most Recent RAM Low Address).....	117	RPINR1 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 1).....	153
DTRx (PWMx Dead-Time).....	211	RPINR11 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 11).....	157
FCLCONx (PWMx Fault Current-Limit Control).....	215	RPINR12 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 12).....	158
I2CxCON1 (I2Cx Control 1).....	231	RPINR18 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 18).....	159
I2CxCON2 (I2Cx Control 2).....	233	RPINR19 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 19).....	159
		RPINR22 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 22).....	160
		RPINR23 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 23).....	161
		RPINR26 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 26).....	161
		RPINR3 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 3).....	154
		RPINR37 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 37).....	162
		RPINR38 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 38).....	162
		RPINR39 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 39).....	163
		RPINR44 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 44).....	164
		RPINR45 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 45).....	164
		RPINR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 7).....	155
		RPINR8 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 8).....	156
		RPOR0 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 0).....	165
		RPOR1 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 1).....	165
		RPOR10 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 10).....	170