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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	72MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	52
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 1x12b, 3x16b; D/A 3x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm32f373r8t6

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2 Description

The STM32F373xx family is based on the high-performance ARM® Cortex®-M4 32-bit RISC core operating at a frequency of up to 72 MHz, and embedding a floating point unit (FPU), a memory protection unit (MPU) and an Embedded Trace Macrocell™ (ETM). The family incorporates high-speed embedded memories (up to 256 Kbyte of Flash memory, up to 32 Kbytes of SRAM), and an extensive range of enhanced I/Os and peripherals connected to two APB buses.

The STM32F373xx devices offer one fast 12-bit ADC (1 Msps), three 16-bit Sigma delta ADCs, two comparators, two DACs (DAC1 with 2 channels and DAC2 with 1 channel), a low-power RTC, 9 general-purpose 16-bit timers, two general-purpose 32-bit timers, three basic timers.

They also feature standard and advanced communication interfaces: two I2Cs, three SPIs, all with muxed I2Ss, three USARTs, CAN and USB.

The STM32F373xx family operates in the -40 to +85 °C and -40 to +105 °C temperature ranges from a 2.0 to 3.6 V power supply. A comprehensive set of power-saving mode allows the design of low-power applications.

The STM32F373xx family offers devices in five packages ranging from 48 pins to 100 pins. The set of included peripherals changes with the device chosen.

3.17 Timers and watchdogs

The STM32F373xx includes two 32-bit and nine 16-bit general-purpose timers, three basic timers, two watchdog timers and a SysTick timer. The table below compares the features of the advanced control, general purpose and basic timers.

Table 5. Timer feature comparison

Timer type	Timer	Counter resolution	Counter type	Prescaler factor	DMA request generation	Capture/compare channels	Complementary outputs
General-purpose	TIM2, TIM5	32-bit	Up, Down, Up/Down	Any integer between 1 and 65536	Yes	4	0
General-purpose	TIM3, TIM4, TIM19	16-bit	Up, Down, Up/Down	Any integer between 1 and 65536	Yes	4	0
General-purpose	TIM12	16-bit	Up	Any integer between 1 and 65536	No	2	0
General-purpose	TIM15	16-bit	Up	Any integer between 1 and 65536	Yes	2	1
General-purpose	TIM13, TIM14	16-bit	Up	Any integer between 1 and 65536	No	1	0
General-purpose	TIM16, TIM17	16-bit	Up	Any integer between 1 and 65536	Yes	1	1
Basic	TIM6, TIM7, TIM18	16-bit	Up	Any integer between 1 and 65536	Yes	0	0

Table 11. STM32F373xx pin definitions (continued)

Pin numbers				Pin name (function after reset)	Pin type	I/O structure	Notes	Pin functions	
LQFP100	UFBGA100	LQFP64	LQFP48					Alternate function	Additional functions
91	C5	57	41	PB5	I/O	FT	-	SPI1_MOSI/I2S1_SD, SPI3_MOSI/I2S3_SD, I2C1_SMBAI, USART2_CK, TIM16_BKIN, TIM3_CH2, TIM17_CH1, TIM19_ETR	-
92	B5	58	42	PB6	I/O	FTf	-	I2C1_SCL, USART1_TX, TIM16_CH1N, TIM3_CH3, TIM4_CH1, TIM19_CH1, TIM15_CH1, TSC_G5_IO3	-
93	B4	59	43	PB7	I/O	FTf	-	I2C1_SDA, USART1_RX, TIM17_CH1N, TIM3_CH4, TIM4_CH2, TIM19_CH2, TIM15_CH2, TSC_G5_IO4	-
94	A4	60	44	BOOT0	I	B	-	Boot memory selection	
95	A3	61	45	PB8	I/O	FTf	-	SPI2_SCK/I2S2_CK, I2C1_SCL, USART3_TX, CAN_RX, CEC, TIM16_CH1, TIM4_CH3, TIM19_CH3, COMP1_OUT, TSC_SYNC	-
96	B3	62	46	PB9	I/O	FTf	-	SPI2_NSS/I2S2_WS, I2C1_SDA, USART3_RX, CAN_TX, IR_OUT, TIM17_CH1, TIM4_CH4, TIM19_CH4, COMP2_OUT	-
97	C3	-	-	PE0	I/O	FT	⁽²⁾	USART1_TX, TIM4_ETR	-
98	A2	-	-	PE1	I/O	FT	⁽²⁾	USART1_RX	-
99	D3	63	47	VSS_1	S	-	-	Ground	
100	C4	64	48	VDD_1	S	-	-	Digital power supply	

- PC13, PC14 and PC15 are supplied through the power switch. Since the switch sinks only a limited amount of current (3 mA), the use of GPIO PC13 to PC15 in output mode is limited:
 - The speed should not exceed 2 MHz with a maximum load of 30 pF
 - These GPIOs must not be used as current sources (e.g. to drive an LED)
 After the first backup domain power-up, PC13, PC14 and PC15 operate as GPIOs. Their function then depends on the content of the Backup registers which is not reset by the main reset. For details on how to manage these GPIOs, refer to the Battery backup domain and BKP register description sections in the RM0313 reference manual.
- When using the small packages (48 and 64 pin packages), the GPIO pins which are not present on these packages, must not be configured in analog mode.
- these pins are powered by VDDSD12.
- these pins are powered by VDDSD3.

Table 18. STM32F373xx peripheral register boundary addresses⁽¹⁾ (continued)

Bus	Boundary address	Size	Peripheral
APB2	0x4001 6800 - 0x4001 6BFF	1 KB	SDADC3
	0x4001 6400 - 0x4001 67FF	1 KB	SDADC2
	0x4001 6000 - 0x4001 63FF	1 KB	SDADC1
	0x4001 5C00 - 0x4001 5FFF	1 KB	TIM19
	0x4001 4C00 - 0x4001 5BFF	4 KB	Reserved
	0x4001 4800 - 0x4001 4BFF	1 KB	TIM17
	0x4001 4400 - 0x4001 47FF	1 KB	TIM16
	0x4001 4000 - 0x4001 43FF	1 KB	TIM15
	0x4001 3C00 - 0x4001 3FFF	1 KB	Reserved
	0x4001 3800 - 0x4001 3BFF	1 KB	USART1
	0x4001 3400 - 0x4001 37FF	1 KB	Reserved
	0x4001 3000 - 0x4001 33FF	1 KB	SPI1/I2S1
	0x4001 2800 - 0x4001 2FFF	1 KB	Reserved
	0x4001 2400 - 0x4001 27FF	1 KB	ADC
APB1	0x4001 0800 - 0x4001 23FF	7 KB	Reserved
	0x4001 0400 - 0x4001 07FF	1 KB	EXTI
	0x4001 0000 - 0x4001 03FF	1 KB	SYSCFG + COMP
	-	24 KB	Reserved
	0x4000 9C00 – 0x4000 9FFF	1 KB	TIM18
	0x4000 9800 - 0x4000 9BFF	1 KB	DAC2
	0x4000 7C00 - 0x4000 97FF	8 KB	Reserved
	0x4000 7800 - 0x4000 7BFF	1 KB	CEC
	0x4000 7400 - 0x4000 77FF	1 KB	DAC1
	0x4000 7000 - 0x4000 73FF	1 KB	PWR

To complete these trials, ESD stress can be applied directly on the device, over the range of specification values. When unexpected behavior is detected, the software can be hardened to prevent unrecoverable errors occurring (see application note AN1015).

Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)

The electromagnetic field emitted by the device are monitored while a simple application is executed (toggling 2 LEDs through the I/O ports). This emission test is compliant with IEC 61967-2 standard which specifies the test board and the pin loading.

Table 48. EMI characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Monitored frequency band	Max vs. [f_{HSE}/f_{HCLK}]	Unit
				8/72 MHz	
S_{EMI}	Peak level	$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, LQFP100 package compliant with IEC 61967-2	0.1 to 30 MHz	9	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
			30 to 130 MHz	26	
			130 MHz to 1 GHz	30	
			SAE EMI Level	4	

6.3.12 Electrical sensitivity characteristics

Based on three different tests (ESD, LU) using specific measurement methods, the device is stressed in order to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Electrostatic discharges (a positive then a negative pulse separated by 1 second) are applied to the pins of each sample according to each pin combination. The sample size depends on the number of supply pins in the device (3 parts \times (n+1) supply pins). This test conforms to the JESD22-A114/C101 standard.

Table 49. ESD absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Ratings	Conditions	Class	Maximum value⁽¹⁾	Unit
$V_{ESD(HBM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model)	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, conforming to JESD22-A114	II	2000	V
$V_{ESD(CDM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (charge device model)	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, conforming to ANSI/ESD STM5.3.1, LQFP100, LQFP64, LQFP48 and UFBGA100 packages		500	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Table 51. I/O current injection susceptibility

Symbol	Description	Functional susceptibility		Unit
		Negative injection	Positive injection	
I_{INJ}	Injected current on BOOT0 pin	-0	NA	mA
	Injected current on PC0 pin	-0	+5	
	Injected current on TC type I/O pins on VDDSD12 power domain: PB2, PE7, PE8, PE9, PE10, PE11, PE12, PE13, PE14, PE15, PB10 with induced leakage current on other pins from this group less than -50 μ A	-5	+5	
	Injected current on TC type I/O pins on VDDSD3 power domain: PB14, PB15, PD8, PD9, PD10, PD12, PD13, PD14, PD15 with induced leakage current on other pins from this group less than -50 μ A	-5	+5	
	Injected current on TTa type pins: PA4, PA5, PA6 with induced leakage current on adjacent pins less than -10 μ A	-5	+5	
	Injected current on any other FT and FTf pins	-5	NA	
	Injected current on any other pins	-5	+5	

Note: *It is recommended to add a Schottky diode (pin to ground) to analog pins which may potentially inject negative currents.*

- Note: I/O pins are powered from V_{DD} voltage except pins which can be used as SDADC inputs:
- The PB2, PB10 and PE7 to PE15 I/O pins are powered from V_{DDSD12} .
 - PB14 to PB15 and PD8 to PD15 I/O pins are powered from V_{DDSD3} . All I/O pin ground is internally connected to V_{SS} .
- V_{DD} mentioned in the [Table 52](#) represents power voltage for a given I/O pin (V_{DD} or V_{DDSD12} or V_{DDSD3}).

All I/Os are CMOS and TTL compliant (no software configuration required). Their characteristics cover more than the strict CMOS-technology or TTL parameters. The coverage of these requirements is shown in [Figure 17](#) for standard I/Os, and in [Figure 18](#) for 5 V tolerant I/Os. The following curves are design simulation results, not tested in production.

Figure 17. TC and TTa I/O input characteristics - CMOS port

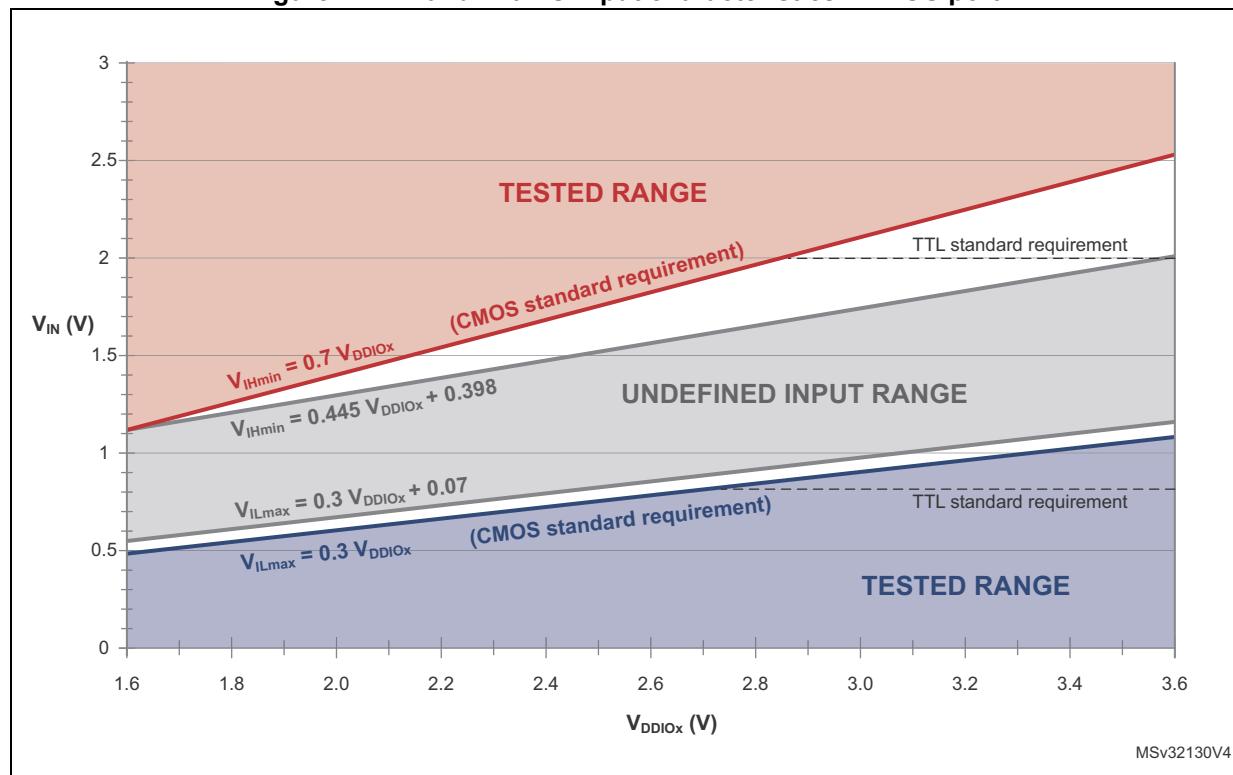
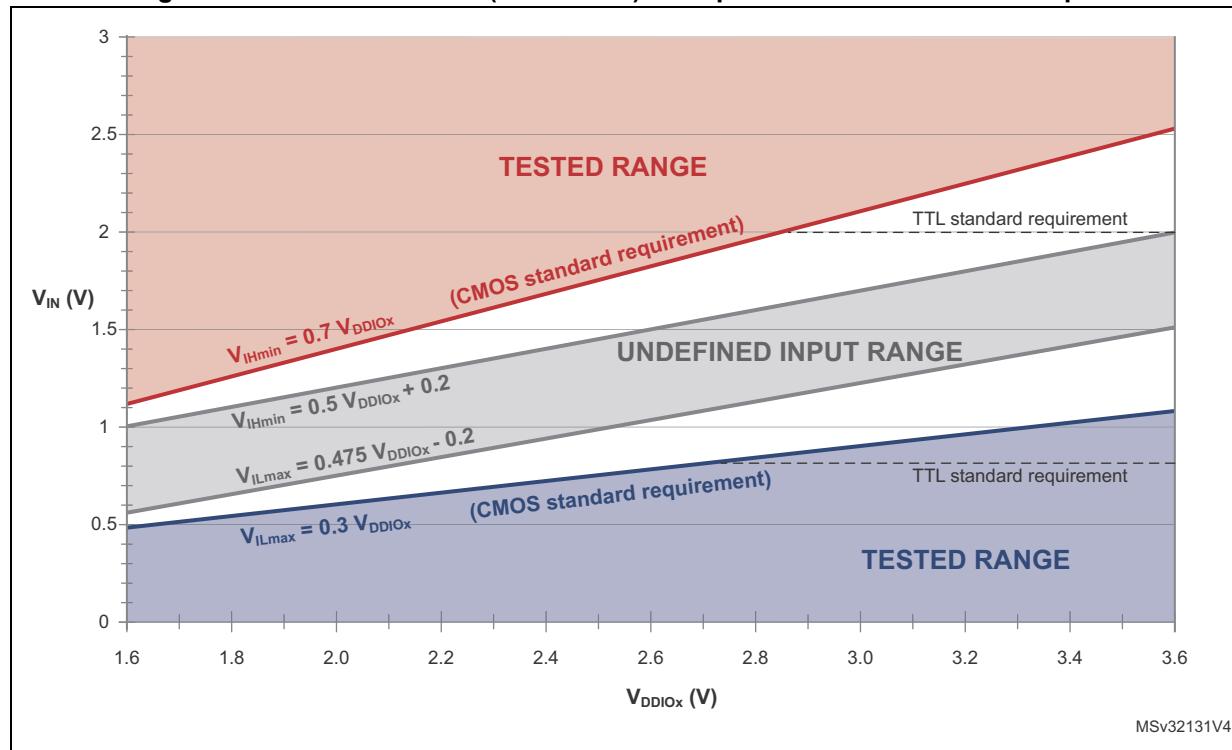


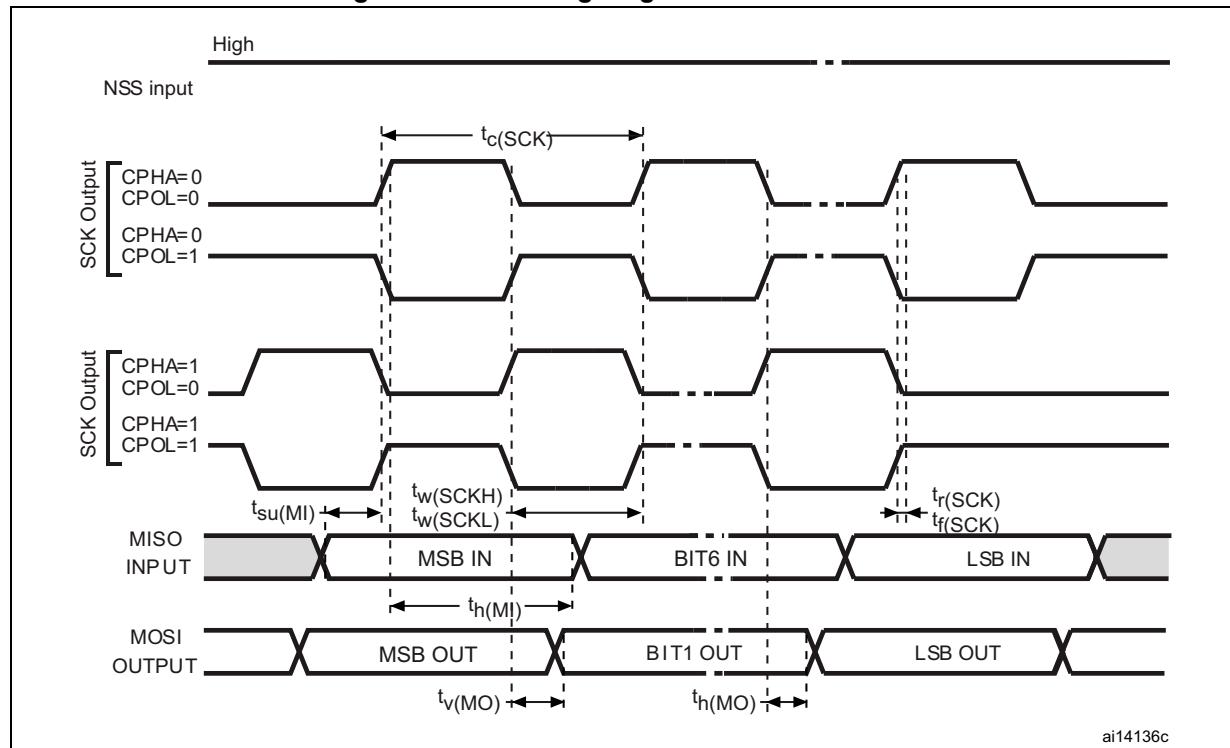
Figure 18. Five volt tolerant (FT and FTf) I/O input characteristics - CMOS port

Output driving current

The GPIOs (general purpose input/outputs) can sink or source up to ± 8 mA, and sink or source up to ± 20 mA (with a relaxed V_{OL}/V_{OH}).

In the user application, the number of I/O pins which can drive current must be limited to respect the absolute maximum rating specified in [Section 6.2](#):

- The sum of the currents sourced by all the I/Os on all VDD_x and $VDDSDx$, plus the maximum Run consumption of the MCU sourced on V_{DD} cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating SI_{VDD} (see [Table 20](#)).
- The sum of the currents sunk by all the I/Os on all VSS_x and $VSSSD$, plus the maximum Run consumption of the MCU sunk on V_{SS} cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating SI_{VSS} (see [Table 20](#)).

Figure 24. SPI timing diagram - master mode⁽¹⁾

1. Measurement points are done at $0.5V_{DD}$ level and with external $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$.

6.3.17 12-bit ADC characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 60](#) are preliminary values derived from tests performed under ambient temperature, f_{PCLK2} frequency and V_{DDA} supply voltage conditions summarized in [Table 22](#).

Note: *It is recommended to perform a calibration after each power-up.*

Table 60. ADC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DDA}	Power supply	-	2.4	-	3.6	V
V_{REF+}	Positive reference voltage	-	2.4	-	V_{DDA}	V
V_{REF-}	Negative reference voltage	-	0	-	-	V
$I_{DDA(ADC)}^{(1)}$	Current consumption from V_{DDA}	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3$ V	-	0.9	-	mA
I_{VREF}	Current on the V_{REF} input pin	-	-	$160^{(2)}$	$220^{(2)}$	μA
f_{ADC}	ADC clock frequency	-	0.6	-	14	MHz
$f_S^{(3)}$	Sampling rate	-	0.05	-	1	MHz
$f_{TRIG}^{(3)}$	External trigger frequency	$f_{ADC} = 14$ MHz	-	-	823	kHz
		-	-	-	17	$1/f_{ADC}$
V_{AIN}	Conversion voltage range	-	0 (V_{SSA} or V_{REF-} tied to ground)	-	V_{REF+}	V
$R_{SRC}^{(3)}$	Signal source impedance	See Equation 1 and Table 61 for details	-	-	50	k Ω
$R_{ADC}^{(3)}$	Sampling switch resistance	-	-	-	1	k Ω
$C_{ADC}^{(3)}$	Internal sample and hold capacitor	-	-	-	8	pF
$t_{CAL}^{(3)}$	Calibration time	$f_{ADC} = 14$ MHz	5.9			μs
		-	83			$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_{lat}^{(3)}$	Injection trigger conversion latency	$f_{ADC} = 14$ MHz	-	-	0.214	μs
		-	-	-	$2^{(4)}$	$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_{latr}^{(3)}$	Regular trigger conversion latency	$f_{ADC} = 14$ MHz	-	-	0.143	μs
		-	-	-	$2^{(4)}$	$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_S^{(3)}$	Sampling time	$f_{ADC} = 14$ MHz	0.107	-	17.1	μs
		-	1.5	-	239.5	$1/f_{ADC}$
$t_{STAB}^{(3)}$	Power-up time	-	-	-	1	μs
$t_{CONV}^{(3)}$	Total conversion time (including sampling time)	$f_{ADC} = 14$ MHz	1	-	18	μs
		-	14 to 252 (t _S for sampling +12.5 for successive approximation)			$1/f_{ADC}$

1. During conversion of the sampled value (12.5 x ADC clock period), an additional consumption of 100 μA on I_{DDA} and 60 μA on I_{DD} is present
2. Guaranteed by characterization results.
3. Guaranteed by design.
4. For external triggers, a delay of $1/f_{PCLK2}$ must be added to the latency specified in [Table 60](#)

Table 74. SDADC characteristics (continued)⁽¹⁾

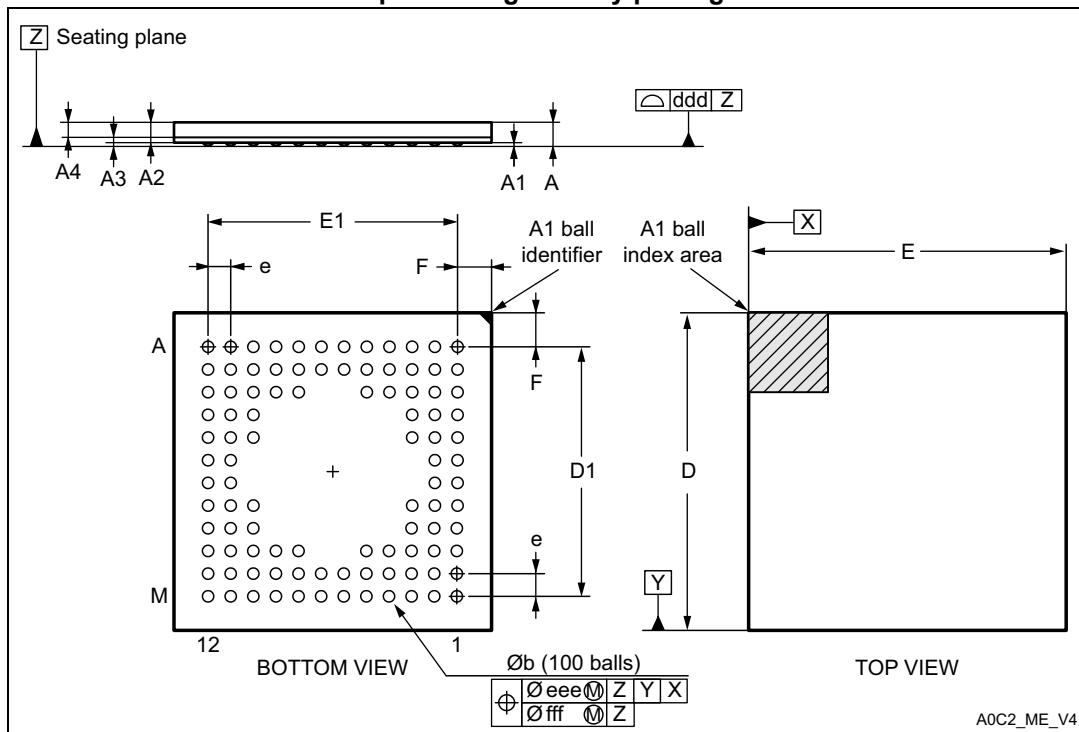
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
SNR ⁽⁵⁾	Signal to noise ratio	Differential mode	gain = 1	f _{ADC} = 1.5 MHz	V _{DDSDx} = 3.3	V _{REFSD+} = 3.3 ⁽³⁾	84	85	-	dB
				f _{ADC} = 6 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 1.2 ⁽⁴⁾	86	88	-	
			gain = 8	f _{ADC} = 6 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 3.3	88	92	-	
				f _{ADC} = 1.5 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 1.2 ⁽⁴⁾	76	78	-	
		Single ended mode	gain = 1	f _{ADC} = 1.5 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 3.3	82	86	-	
				f _{ADC} = 6 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 3.3 ⁽³⁾	76	80	-	
			gain = 8	f _{ADC} = 1.5 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 3.3	80	84	-	
				f _{ADC} = 6 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 1.2 ⁽⁴⁾	77	81	-	
			gain = 8	f _{ADC} = 6 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 3.3	85	90	-	
				f _{ADC} = 1.5 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 1.2 ⁽⁴⁾	66	71	-	
				f _{ADC} = 1.5 MHz		V _{REFSD+} = 3.3	74	78	-	

7 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.
ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

7.1 UFBGA100 package information

Figure 32. UFBGA100 - 100-pin, 7 x 7 mm, 0.50 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 76. UFBGA100 - 100-pin, 7 x 7 mm, 0.50 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.460	0.530	0.600	0.0181	0.0209	0.0236
A1	0.050	0.080	0.110	0.0020	0.0031	0.0043
A2	0.400	0.450	0.500	0.0157	0.0177	0.0197
A3	-	0.130	-	-	0.0051	-
A4	0.270	0.320	0.370	0.0106	0.0126	0.0146
b	0.200	0.250	0.300	0.0079	0.0098	0.0118

Table 76. UFBGA100 - 100-pin, 7 x 7 mm, 0.50 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package mechanical data (continued)

Symbol	millimeters			inches⁽¹⁾		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
D	6.950	7.000	7.050	0.2736	0.2756	0.2776
D1	5.450	5.500	5.550	0.2146	0.2165	0.2185
E	6.950	7.000	7.050	0.2736	0.2756	0.2776
E1	5.450	5.500	5.550	0.2146	0.2165	0.2185
e	-	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-
F	0.700	0.750	0.800	0.0276	0.0295	0.0315
ddd	-	-	0.100	-	-	0.0039
eee	-	-	0.150	-	-	0.0059
fff	-	-	0.050	-	-	0.0020

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Figure 33. UFBGA100 - 100-pin, 7 x 7 mm, 0.50 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package recommended footprint

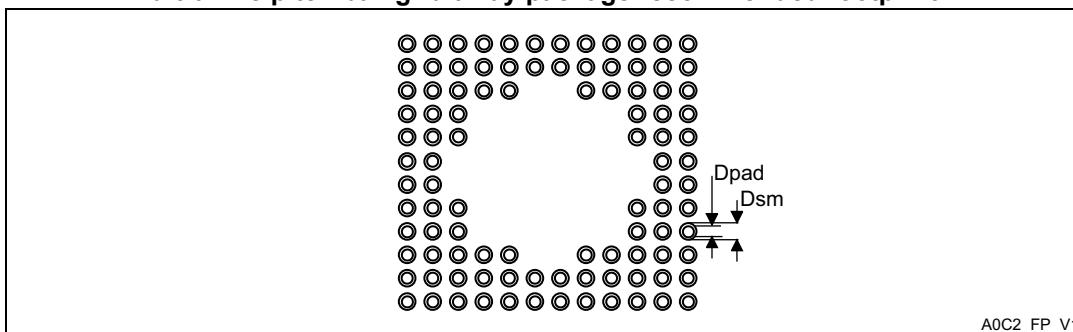


Table 77. UFBGA100 recommended PCB design rules (0.5 mm pitch BGA)

Dimension	Recommended values
Pitch	0.5
Dpad	0.280 mm
Dsm	0.370 mm typ. (depends on the soldermask registration tolerance)
Stencil opening	0.280 mm
Stencil thickness	Between 0.100 mm and 0.125 mm

Table 78. LQPF100 - 100-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.170	0.220	0.270	0.0067	0.0087	0.0106
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079
D	15.800	16.000	16.200	0.6220	0.6299	0.6378
D1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
D3	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
E	15.800	16.000	16.200	0.6220	0.6299	0.6378
E1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
E3	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
e	-	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-
k	0.0°	3.5°	7.0°	0.0°	3.5°	7.0°
ccc	-	-	0.080	-	-	0.0031

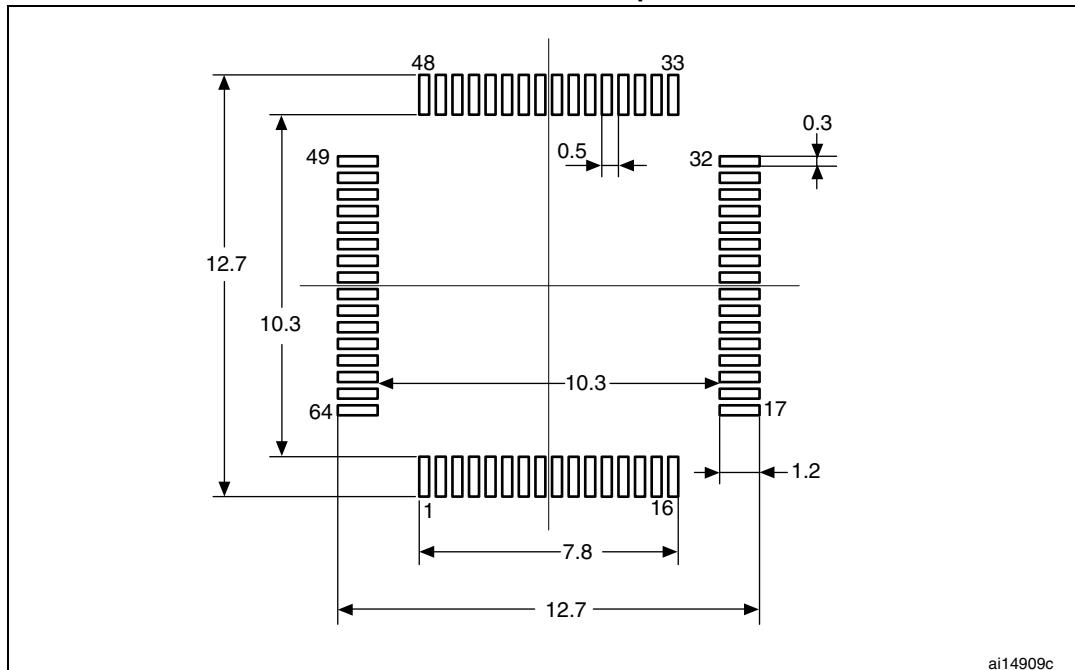
1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Table 79. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.170	0.220	0.270	0.0067	0.0087	0.0106
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079
D	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
D1	-	10.000	-	-	0.3937	-
D3	-	7.500	-	-	0.2953	-
E	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
E1	-	10.000	-	-	0.3937	-
E3	-	7.500	-	-	0.2953	-
e	-	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-
K	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-
ccc	-	-	0.080	-	-	0.0031

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Figure 39. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package recommended footprint

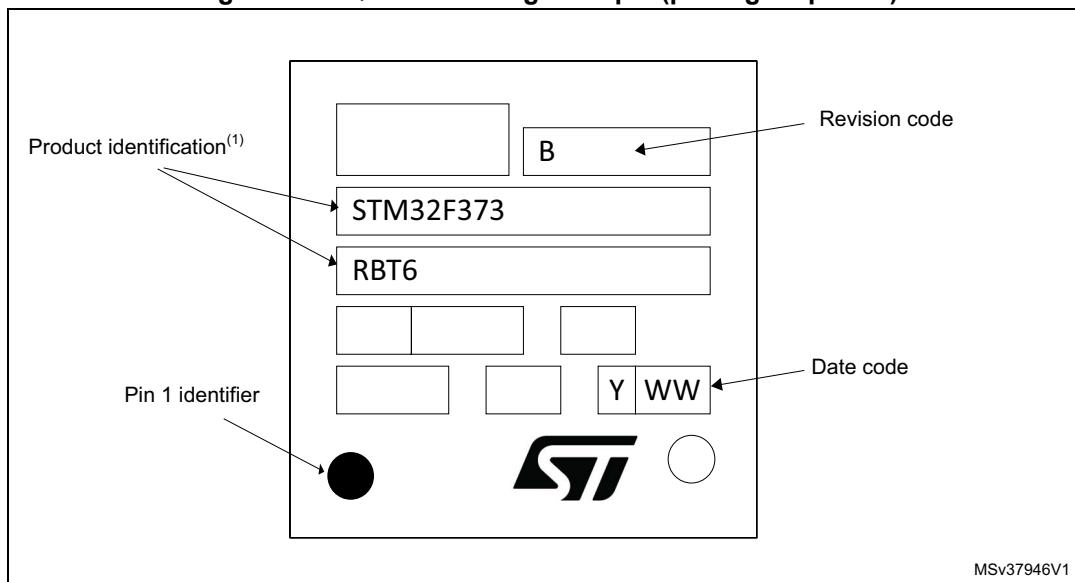


1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

Device marking for LQFP64

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

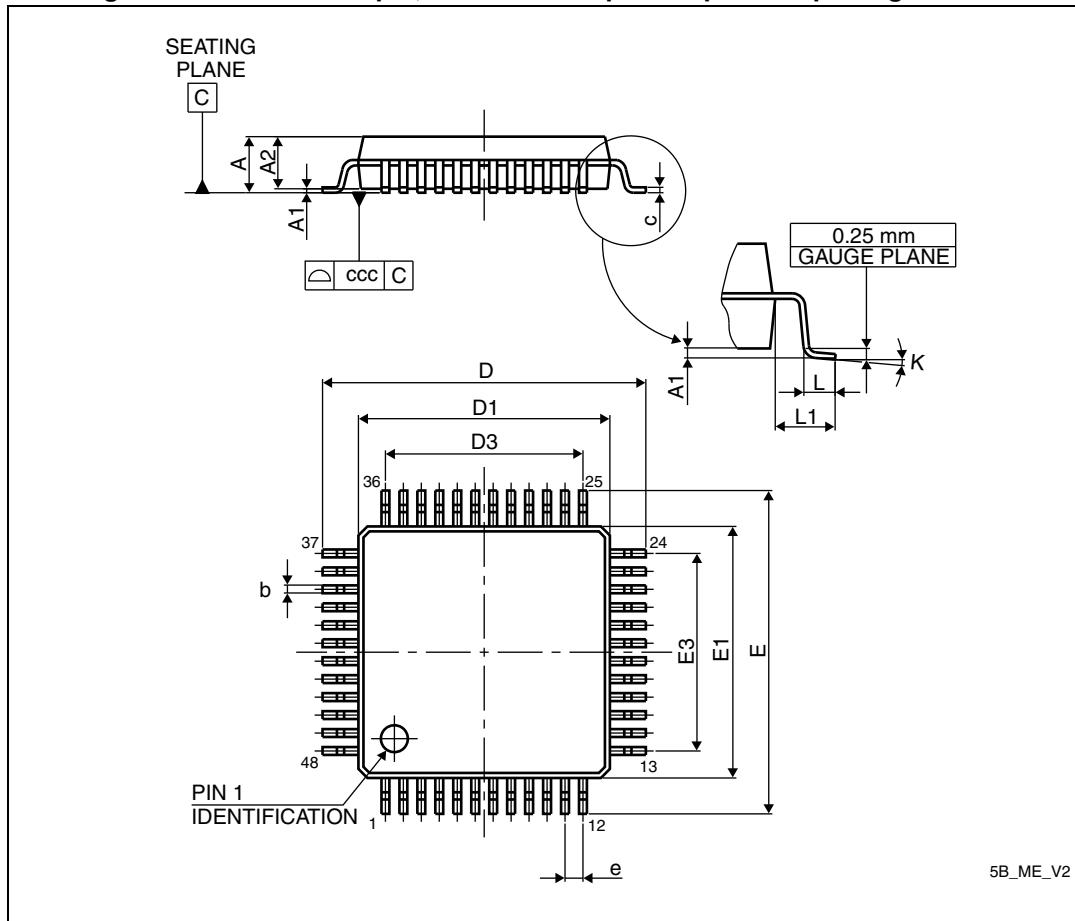
Figure 40. LQFP64 marking example (package top view)



1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

7.4 LQFP48 package information

Figure 41. LQFP48 - 48-pin, 7 x 7 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.