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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

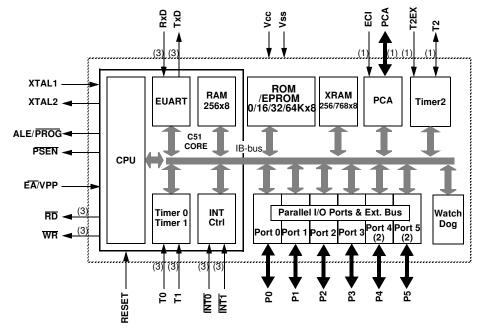
#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	80C51
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	30/20MHz
Connectivity	UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	32
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	ОТР
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	40-DIP (0.600", 15.24mm)
Supplier Device Package	40-PDIL
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/at87c51rb2-3csul

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

## 3. Block Diagram



(1): Alternate function of Port 1

(2): Only available on high pin count packages

(3): Alternate function of Port 3





## 4. SFR Mapping

The Special Function Registers (SFRs) of the TS80C51Rx2 fall into the following categories:

- C51 core registers: ACC, B, DPH, DPL, PSW, SP, AUXR1
- I/O port registers: P0, P1, P2, P3, P4, P5
- Timer registers: T2CON, T2MOD, TCON, TH0, TH1, TH2, TMOD, TL0, TL1, TL2, RCAP2L, RCAP2H
- Serial I/O port registers: SADDR, SADEN, SBUF, SCON
- Power and clock control registers: PCON
- HDW Watchdog Timer Reset: WDTRST, WDTPRG
- PCA registers: CL, CH, CCAPiL, CCAPiH, CCON, CMOD, CCAPMi
- Interrupt system registers: IE, IP, IPH
- Others: AUXR, CKCON

	Bit addressable Non Bit addressable										
	0/8	1/9	2/A	3/B	4/C	5/D	6/E	7/F			
F8h		CH 0000 0000	CCAP0H XXXX XXXX	CCAP1H XXXX XXXX	CCAPL2H XXXX XXXX	CCAPL3H XXXX XXXX	CCAPL4H XXXX XXXX		FFh		
F0h	B 0000 0000								F7h		
E8h	P5 bit addressable 1111 1111	CL 0000 0000	CCAP0L XXXX XXXX	CCAP1L XXXX XXXX	CCAPL2L XXXX XXXX	CCAPL3L XXXX XXXX	CCAPL4L XXXX XXXX		EFh		
E0h	ACC 0000 0000								E7h		
D8h	CCON 00X0 0000	CMOD 00XX X000	CCAPM0 X000 0000	CCAPM1 X000 0000	CCAPM2 X000 0000	CCAPM3 X000 0000	CCAPM4 X000 0000		DFh		
D0h	PSW 0000 0000								D7h		
C8h	T2CON 0000 0000	T2MOD XXXX XX00	RCAP2L 0000 0000	RCAP2H 0000 0000	TL2 0000 0000	TH2 0000 0000			CFh		
C0h	P4 bit addressable 1111 1111							P5 byte addressable 1111 1111	C7h		
B8h	IP X000 000	SADEN 0000 0000							BFh		
B0h	P3 1111 1111							IPH X000 0000	B7h		
A8h	IE 0000 0000	SADDR 0000 0000							AFh		
A0h	P2 1111 1111		AUXR1 XXXX0XX0				WDTRST XXXX XXXX	WDTPRG XXXX X000	A7h		
98h	SCON 0000 0000	SBUF XXXX XXXX							9Fh		
90h	P1 1111 1111								97h		
88h	TCON 0000 0000	TMOD 0000 0000	TL0 0000 0000	TL1 0000 0000	TH0 0000 0000	TH1 0000 0000	AUXR XXXXXX00	CKCON XXXX XXX0	8Fh		
80h	P0 1111 1111	SP 0000 0111	DPL 0000 0000	DPH 0000 0000				PCON 00X1 0000	87h		
	0/8	1/9	2/A	3/B	4/C	5/D	6/E	7/F			

 Table 4-1.
 All SFRs with their address and their reset value

reserved



		Pin Number							
Mnemonic	DIL	LCC	VQFP 1.4	Туре	Name And Function				
	12	14	8	I	INTO (P3.2): External interrupt 0				
	13	15	9	I	INT1 (P3.3): External interrupt 1				
	14	16	10	I	T0 (P3.4): Timer 0 external input				
	15	17	11	I	T1 (P3.5): Timer 1 external input				
	16	18	12	0	WR (P3.6): External data memory write strobe				
	17	19	13	0	RD (P3.7): External data memory read strobe				
Reset	9	10	4	I	<b>Reset:</b> A high on this pin for two machine cycles while the oscillator is running, resets the device. An internal diffused resistor to $V_{SS}$ permits a power-on reset using only an external capacitor to $V_{CC}$ . If the hardware watchdog reaches its time-out, the reset pin becomes an output during the time the internal reset is activated.				
ALE/PROG	30	33	27	O (I)	Address Latch Enable/Program Pulse: Output pulse for latching the low byte of the address during an access to external memory. In normal operation, ALE is emitted at a constant rate of 1/6 (1/3 in X2 mode) the oscillator frequency, and can be used for external timing or clocking. Note that one ALE pulse is skipped during each access to external data memory. This pin is also the program pulse input (PROG) during EPROM programming. ALE can be disabled by setting SFR's AUXR.0 bit. With this bit set, ALE will be inactive during internal fetches.				
PSEN	29	32	26	0	<b>Program Store ENable:</b> The read strobe to external program memory. When executing code from the external program memory, PSEN is activated twice each machine cycle, except that two PSEN activations are skipped during each access to external data memory. PSEN is not activated during fetches from internal program memory.				
ĒĀ/V <sub>PP</sub>	31	35	29	I	<b>External Access Enable/Programming Supply Voltage:</b> EA must be externally held low to enable the device to fetch code from external program memory locations 0000H and 3FFFH (RB) or 7FFFH (RC), or FFFFH (RD). If EA is held high, the device executes from internal program memory unless the program counter contains an address greater than 3FFFH (RB) or 7FFFH (RC) EA must be held low for ROMless devices. This pin also receives the 12.75V programming supply voltage (V <sub>PP</sub> ) during EPROM programming. If security level 1 is programmed, EA will be internally latched on Reset.				
XTAL1	19	21	15	I	<b>Crystal 1:</b> Input to the inverting oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock generator circuits.				
XTAL2	18	20	14	0	Crystal 2: Output from the inverting oscillator amplifier				

## 5.1 Pin Description for 64/68 pin Packages

Port 4 and Port 5 are 8-bit bidirectional I/O ports with internal pull-ups. Pins that have 1s written to them are pulled high by the internal pull ups and can be used as inputs.

As inputs, pins that are externally pulled low will source current because of the internal pull-ups.

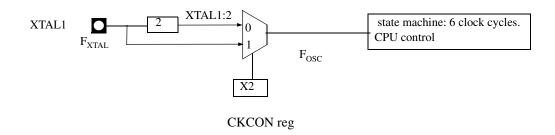
Refer to the previous pin description for other pins.

**Table 5-1.**64/68 Pin Packages Configuration

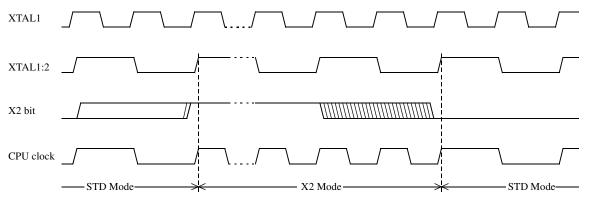
Pin	PLCC68	SQUARE VQFP64 1.4
VSS	51	9/40
VCC	17	8











The X2 bit in the CKCON register (Table 5-2) allows to switch from 12 clock cycles per instruction to 6 clock cycles and vice versa. At reset, the standard speed is activated (STD mode). Setting this bit activates the X2 feature (X2 mode).

Note: In order to prevent any incorrect operation while operating in X2 mode, user must be aware that all peripherals using clock frequency as time reference (UART, timers, PCA...) will have their time reference divided by two. For example a free running timer generating an interrupt every 20 ms will then generate an interrupt every 10 ms. UART with 4800 baud rate will have 9600 baud rate.



7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
-	-	-	X2								
Bit Number	Bit Mnemonic	Description	escription								
7	-	<b>Reserved</b> The value re	Reserved The value read from this bit is indeterminate. Do not set this bit.								
6	-	<b>Reserved</b> The value re	Reserved The value read from this bit is indeterminate. Do not set this bit.								
5	-	<b>Reserved</b> The value re	ad from this bit	is indeterminat	te. Do not set th	nis bit.					





Bit Number	Bit Mnemonic	Description
7	TF2	<b>Timer 2 overflow Flag</b> Must be cleared by software. Set by hardware on timer 2 overflow, if RCLK = 0 and TCLK = 0.
6	EXF2	Timer 2 External Flag Set when a capture or a reload is caused by a negative transition on T2EX pin if EXEN2=1. When set, causes the CPU to vector to timer 2 interrupt routine when timer 2 interrupt is enabled. Must be cleared by software. EXF2 doesn't cause an interrupt in Up/down counter mode (DCEN = 1)
5	RCLK	<b>Receive Clock bit</b> Clear to use timer 1 overflow as receive clock for serial port in mode 1 or 3. Set to use timer 2 overflow as receive clock for serial port in mode 1 or 3.
4	TCLK	<b>Transmit Clock bit</b> Clear to use timer 1 overflow as transmit clock for serial port in mode 1 or 3. Set to use timer 2 overflow as transmit clock for serial port in mode 1 or 3.
3	EXEN2	<b>Timer 2 External Enable bit</b> Clear to ignore events on T2EX pin for timer 2 operation. Set to cause a capture or reload when a negative transition on T2EX pin is detected, if timer 2 is not used to clock the serial port.
2	TR2	Timer 2 Run control bit Clear to turn off timer 2. Set to turn on timer 2.
1	C/T2#	<b>Timer/Counter 2 select bit</b> Clear for timer operation (input from internal clock system: F <sub>OSC</sub> ). Set for counter operation (input from T2 input pin, falling edge trigger). Must be 0 for clock out mode.
0	CP/RL2#	<b>Timer 2 Capture/Reload bit</b> If RCLK=1 or TCLK=1, CP/RL2# is ignored and timer is forced to auto-reload on timer 2 overflow. Clear to auto-reload on timer 2 overflows or negative transitions on T2EX pin if EXEN2=1. Set to capture on negative transitions on T2EX pin if EXEN2=1.

Reset Value = 0000 0000b

Bit addressable

#### Table 6-3.

T2MOD Register T2MOD - Timer 2 Mode Control Register (C9h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	-	-	-	-	-	T2OE	DCEN

### Figure 6-4. PCA Timer/Counter

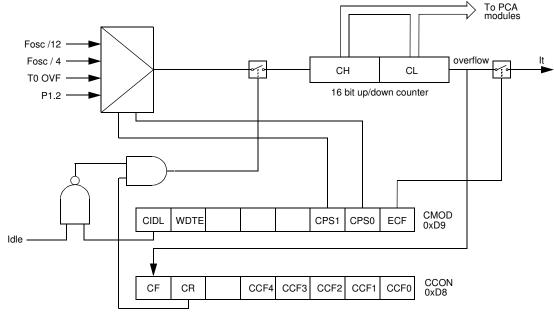


Table 6-4. CMOD: PCA Counter Mode Register

C Addr	CIDL	WDTE	-	-	-	CPS1	CPS0	ECF		
	Re	eset value	0	0	Х	Х	х	0	0	0
Symbol	Functio	n								
CIDL			ol: CIDL = 0 p s it to be gate	0		ounter to	continue f	functioning	g during id	le Mode.
WDTE	Watchdo enables	•	nable: WDTE	E = 0 disab	les Watch	dog Timer	function (	on PCA M	odule 4. W	/DTE = 1
-	Not impl	emented,	reserved for	future use	. (1)					
CPS1	PCA Co	unt Pulse	Select bit 1.							
CPS0	PCA Co	unt Pulse	Select bit 0.							
	CPS1	CPS0	Selected PC	A input. <sup>(2)</sup>						
	0	0	Internal cloc	k f <sub>osc</sub> /12(0	Or f <sub>osc</sub> /6 in	X2 Mode	).			
	0	1	Internal cloc	k f <sub>osc</sub> /4(O	r f <sub>osc</sub> /2 in X	K2 Mode).				
	1	0	Timer 0 Ove	rflow						
	1	1	External clock at ECI/P1.2 pin (max rate = f <sub>osc</sub> / 8)							
ECF			ter Overflow that function		ECF = 1 e	nables CF	bit in CC	ON to ger	nerate an i	nterrupt.

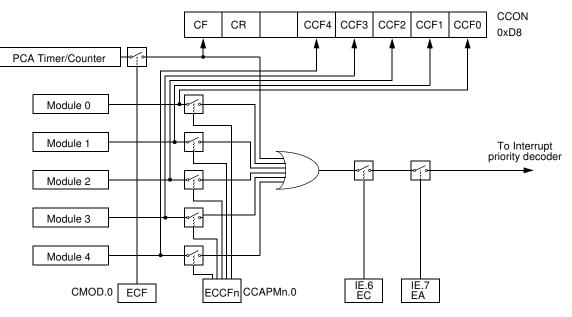
1. User software should not write 1s to reserved bits. These bits may be used in future 8051 family products to invoke new features. In that case, the reset or inactive value of the new bit will be 0, and its active value will be 1. The value read from a reserved bit is indeterminate.

2.  $f_{osc} = oscillator frequency$ 

**The CMOD SFR** includes three additional bits associated with the PCA (See Figure 6-4 and Table 6-4).



### Figure 6-5. PCA Interrupt System



**PCA Modules:** each one of the five compare/capture modules has six possible functions. It can perform:

- 16-bit Capture, positive-edge triggered,
- 16-bit Capture, negative-edge triggered,
- 16-bit Capture, both positive and negative-edge triggered,
- 16-bit Software Timer,
- 16-bit High Speed Output,
- 8-bit Pulse Width Modulator.

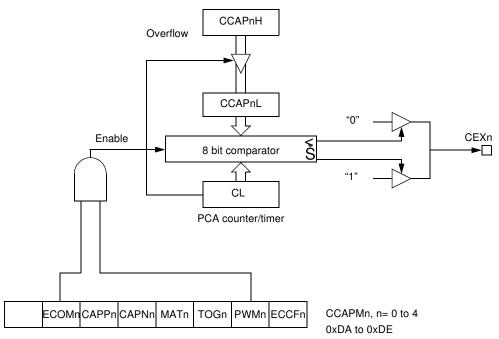
In addition, module 4 can be used as a Watchdog Timer.

Each module in the PCA has a special function register associated with it. These registers are: CCAPM0 for module 0, CCAPM1 for module 1, etc. (See Table 6-6). The registers contain the bits that control the mode that each module will operate in.

- The ECCF bit (CCAPMn.0 where n=0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 depending on the module) enables the CCF flag in the CCON SFR to generate an interrupt when a match or compare occurs in the associated module.
- PWM (CCAPMn.1) enables the pulse width modulation mode.
- The TOG bit (CCAPMn.2) when set causes the CEX output associated with the module to toggle when there is a match between the PCA counter and the module's capture/compare register.
- The match bit MAT (CCAPMn.3) when set will cause the CCFn bit in the CCON register to be set when there is a match between the PCA counter and the module's capture/compare register.
- The next two bits CAPN (CCAPMn.4) and CAPP (CCAPMn.5) determine the edge that a capture input will be active on. The CAPN bit enables the negative edge, and the CAPP bit enables the positive edge. If both bits are set both edges will be enabled and a capture will occur for either transition.



### Figure 6-9. PCA PWM Mode



### 6.3.5 PCA Watchdog Timer

An on-board watchdog timer is available with the PCA to improve the reliability of the system without increasing chip count. Watchdog timers are useful for systems that are susceptible to noise, power glitches, or electrostatic discharge. Module 4 is the only PCA module that can be programmed as a watchdog. However, this module can still be used for other modes if the watchdog is not needed. Figure 6-7 shows a diagram of how the watchdog works. The user preloads a 16-bit value in the compare registers. Just like the other compare modes, this 16-bit value is compared to the PCA timer value. If a match is allowed to occur, an internal reset will be generated. This will not cause the RST pin to be driven high.

In order to hold off the reset, the user has three options:

- 1. Periodically change the compare value so it will never match the PCA timer,
- 2. periodically change the PCA timer value so it will never match the compare values, or
- 3. Disable the watchdog by clearing the WDTE bit before a match occurs and then re-enable it.

The first two options are more reliable because the watchdog timer is never disabled as in option #3. If the program counter ever goes astray, a match will eventually occur and cause an internal reset. The second option is also not recommended if other PCA modules are being used. Remember, the PCA timer is the time base for all modules; changing the time base for other modules would not be a good idea. Thus, in most applications the first solution is the best option.

This watchdog timer won't generate a reset out on the reset pin.





### 6.4 TS80C51Rx2 Serial I/O Port

The serial I/O port in the TS80C51Rx2 is compatible with the serial I/O port in the 80C52.

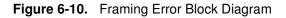
It provides both synchronous and asynchronous communication modes. It operates as an Universal Asynchronous Receiver and Transmitter (UART) in three full-duplex modes (Modes 1, 2 and 3). Asynchronous transmission and reception can occur simultaneously and at different baud rates

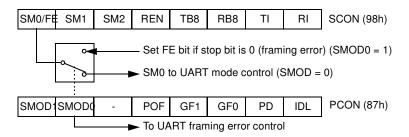
Serial I/O port includes the following enhancements:

- Framing error detection
- · Automatic address recognition

#### 6.4.1 Framing Error Detection

Framing bit error detection is provided for the three asynchronous modes (modes 1, 2 and 3). To enable the framing bit error detection feature, set SMOD0 bit in PCON register (See Figure 6-10).

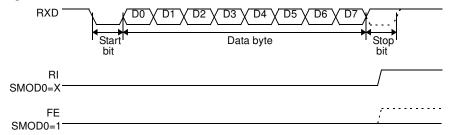




When this feature is enabled, the receiver checks each incoming data frame for a valid stop bit. An invalid stop bit may result from noise on the serial lines or from simultaneous transmission by two CPUs. If a valid stop bit is not found, the Framing Error bit (FE) in SCON register (See Table 6-14.) bit is set.

Software may examine FE bit after each reception to check for data errors. Once set, only software or a reset can clear FE bit. Subsequently received frames with valid stop bits cannot clear FE bit. When FE feature is enabled, RI rises on stop bit instead of the last data bit (See Figure 6-11 and Figure 6-12).





Bit Number	Bit Mnemonic	Description
7	SMOD1	Serial port Mode bit 1 Set to select double baud rate in mode 1, 2 or 3.
6	SMOD0	Serial port Mode bit 0 Clear to select SM0 bit in SCON register. Set to to select FE bit in SCON register.
5	-	<b>Reserved</b> The value read from this bit is indeterminate. Do not set this bit.
4	POF	<b>Power-Off Flag</b> Clear to recognize next reset type. Set by hardware when VCC rises from 0 to its nominal voltage. Can also be set by software.
3	GF1	<b>General purpose Flag</b> Cleared by user for general purpose usage. Set by user for general purpose usage.
2	GF0	General purpose Flag Cleared by user for general purpose usage. Set by user for general purpose usage.
1	PD	Power-Down mode bit Cleared by hardware when reset occurs. Set to enter power-down mode.
0	IDL	Idle mode bit Clear by hardware when interrupt or reset occurs. Set to enter idle mode.

Reset Value = 00X1 0000b

Not bit addressable

Power-off flag reset value will be 1 only after a power on (cold reset). A warm reset doesn't affect the value of this bit.



Table 6-19.	IPH Register
-------------	--------------

IPH - Interrupt Priority High Register (B7h)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	РРСН	PT2H	PSH	PT1H	PX1H	РТОН	PX0H
Bit Number	Bit Mnemonic	Descrip	otion				
7	-	<b>Reserv</b> The val		nis bit is indeter	ninate. Do not s	set this bit.	
6	PPCH	PCA int <u>PPCHP</u> 0 1 1	errupt priority t <u>PC Priori</u> 0 Lowest 1 0 1 Highest	ty Level			
5	PT2H	Timer 2 <u>PT2H P</u> 0 0 1 1		:	n bit		
4	PSH	Serial p <u>PSH</u> 0 0 1 1	ort Priority Hig P <u>S Priority</u> 0Lowest 1 0 1Highest				
3	PT1H		overflow interr <u>T1Priority Leve</u> 0Lowest 1 0 1Highest	upt Priority Higl <u>위</u>	n bit		
2	PX1H		l interrupt 1 Pri <u>X1Priority Leve</u> 0Lowest 1 0 1Highest				
1	РТОН	Timer 0 <u>PT0H P</u> 0 0 1 1	overflow interr <u>T0 Priority</u> 0 Lowest 1 0 1 Highes	1	n bit		
0	РХОН	Externa <u>PX0HP</u> 0 0 1 1	l interrupt 0 Pri <u>X0 Priority</u> 0 Lowest 1 0 1 Highes	Level			

Reset Value = X000 0000b

Not bit addressable





## 6.9 ONCE<sup>™</sup> Mode (ON Chip Emulation)

The ONCE mode facilitates testing and debugging of systems using TS8xC51Rx2 without removing the circuit from the board. The ONCE mode is invoked by driving certain pins of the TS80C51Rx2; the following sequence must be exercised:

- Pull ALE low while the device is in reset (RST high) and PSEN is high.
- Hold ALE low as RST is deactivated.

While the TS80C51Rx2 is in ONCE mode, an emulator or test CPU can be used to drive the circuit Table 26. shows the status of the port pins during ONCE mode.

Normal operation is restored when normal reset is applied.

ALE	PSEN	Port 0	Port 1	Port 2	Port 3	XTAL1/2
Weak pull-up	Weak pull-up	Float	Weak pull-up	Weak pull-up	Weak pull-up	Active

 Table 6-23.
 External Pin Status during ONCE Mode



WARNING: Security level 2 and 3 should only be programmed after EPROM and Core verification.

#### 9.2.3 Signature bytes

The TS87C51RB2/RC2/RD2 contains 4 factory programmed signatures bytes. To read these bytes, perform the process described in Section "Signature bytes".

#### 9.3 EPROM Programming

#### 9.3.1 Set-up Modes

In order to program and verify the EPROM or to read the signature bytes, the TS87C51RB2/RC2/RD2 is placed in specific set-up modes (See Figure 9-1.).

Control and program signals must be held at the levels indicated in Table 9-2.

#### 9.3.2 Definition of Terms

Address Lines: P1.0-P1.7, P2.0-P2.5, P3.4, P3.5 respectively for A0-A15 (P2.5 (A13) for RB, P3.4 (A14) for RC, P3.5 (A15) for RD)

Data Lines: P0.0-P0.7 for D0-D7

Control Signals:RST, PSEN, P2.6, P2.7, P3.3, P3.6, P3.7.

Program Signals: ALE/PROG, EA/VPP.

Mode	RST	PSEN	ALE/P ROG	EA/VP P	P2.6	P2.7	P3.3	P3.6	P3.7
Program Code data	1	0	1.	12.75V	0	1	1	1	1
Verify Code data	1	0	1	1	0		0	1	1
Program Encryption Array Address 0-3Fh	1	0	Ŀ	12.75V	0	1	1	0	1
Read Signature Bytes	1	0	1	1	0		0	0	0
Program Lock bit 1	1	0	1.1	12.75V	1	1	1	1	1
Program Lock bit 2	1	0	Ŀ	12.75V	1	1	1	0	0
Program Lock bit 3	1	0	IJ	12.75V	1	0	1	1	0

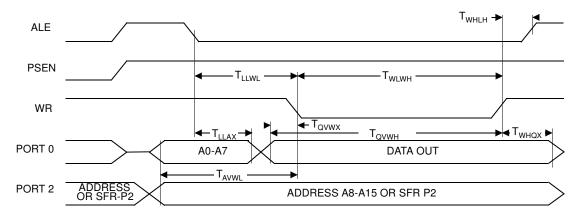
#### Table 9-2.EPROM Set-Up Modes

Symbol	Туре	Standard Clock	X2 Clock	-М	-V	-L	Units
T <sub>RLRH</sub>	Min	6 T - x	3 T - x	20	15	25	ns
T <sub>WLWH</sub>	Min	6 T - x	3 T - x	20	15	25	ns
T <sub>RLDV</sub>	Max	5 T - x	2.5 T - x	25	23	30	ns
T <sub>RHDX</sub>	Min	х	х	0	0	0	ns
T <sub>RHDZ</sub>	Max	2 T - x	T - x	20	15	25	ns
T <sub>LLDV</sub>	Max	8 T - x	4T -x	40	35	45	ns
T <sub>AVDV</sub>	Max	9 T - x	4.5 T - x	60	50	65	ns
T <sub>LLWL</sub>	Min	3 T - x	1.5 T - x	25	20	30	ns
T <sub>LLWL</sub>	Max	3 T + x	1.5 T + x	25	20	30	ns
T <sub>AVWL</sub>	Min	4 T - x	2 T - x	25	20	30	ns
T <sub>QVWX</sub>	Min	T - x	0.5 T - x	15	10	20	ns
T <sub>QVWH</sub>	Min	7 T - x	3.5 T - x	15	10	20	ns
T <sub>WHQX</sub>	Min	T - x	0.5 T - x	10	8	15	ns
T <sub>RLAZ</sub>	Max	x	х	0	0	0	ns
T <sub>WHLH</sub>	Min	T - x	0.5 T - x	15	10	20	ns
T <sub>WHLH</sub>	Max	T + x	0.5 T + x	15	10	20	ns

Table 11-9. AC Parameters for a Variable Clock: derating formula

### 11.5.5 External Data Memory Write Cycle





11.5.6 External Data Memory Read Cycle

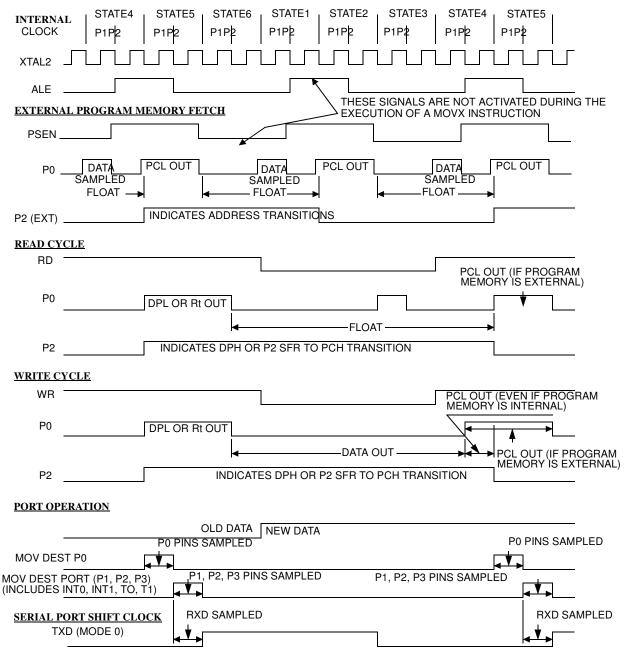




#### 11.5.15 Clock Waveforms

Valid in normal clock mode. In X2 mode XTAL2 signal must be changed to XTAL2 divided by two.

#### Figure 11-14. Clock Waveforms



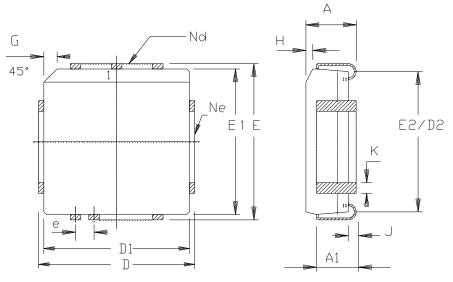
This diagram indicates when signals are clocked internally. The time it takes the signals to propagate to the pins, however, ranges from 25 to 125 ns. This propagation delay is dependent on variables such as temperature and pin loading. Propagation also varies from output to output and component. Typically though ( $T_A=25^{\circ}C$  fully loaded) RD and WR propagation delays are approximately 50ns. The other signals are typically 85 ns. Propagation delays are incorporated in the AC specifications.



Part Number	Memory size	Supply Voltage	Temperature Range	Max Frequency	Package	Packing				
TS87C51RC2-MCA										
TS87C51RC2-MCB	_									
TS87C51RC2-MCE										
TS87C51RC2-MIA	_									
TS87C51RC2-MIB	_									
TS87C51RC2-MIE										
TS87C51RC2-LCA										
TS87C51RC2-LCB										
TS87C51RC2-LCE										
TS87C51RC2-LIA			OBSOLE	IE						
TS87C51RC2-LIB										
TS87C51RC2-LIE										
TS87C51RC2-VCA										
TS87C51RC2-VCB										
TS87C51RC2-VCE										
TS87C51RC2-VIA										
TS87C51RC2-VIB										
TS87C51RC2-VIE										
AT87C51RC2-3CSUM	OTP 32k Bytes	5V	Industrial & Green	40 MHz (20 MHz X2)	PDIL40	Stick				
AT87C51RC2-SLSUM	OTP 32k Bytes	5V	Industrial & Green	40 MHz (20 MHz X2)	PLCC44	Stick				
AT87C51RC2-RLTUM	OTP 32k Bytes	5V	Industrial & Green	40 MHz (20 MHz X2)	VQFP44	Tray				
AT87C51RC2-3CSUL	OTP 32k Bytes	3-5V	Industrial & Green	30 MHz (20 MHz X2)	PDIL40	Stick				
AT87C51RC2-SLSUL	OTP 32k Bytes	3-5V	Industrial & Green	30 MHz (20 MHz X2)	PLCC44	Stick				
AT87C51RC2-RLTUL	OTP 32k Bytes	3-5V	Industrial & Green	30 MHz (20 MHz X2)	VQFP44	Tray				

# 13. Package Drawings

## 13.1 PLCC44

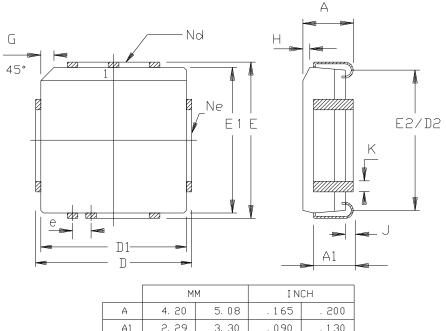


	Ν	1M ·	I NCH		
A	4.20	4. 57	. 165	. 180	
A1	2, 29	3.04	. 090	. 120	
D	17.40	17.65	. 685	. 695	
D1	16.44	16.66	. 647	. 656	
D5	14.99	16.00	. 590	. 630	
E	17.40	17.65	. 685	. 695	
E1	16.44	16.66	. 647	. 656	
E5	14.99	16.00	. 590	. 630	
e	1.27	BSC	. 050	BSC	
G	1.07	1.22	. 042	. 048	
н	1.07	1.42	. 042	.056	
J	0.51	-	. 020	-	
К	0.33	0.53	. 013	. 021	
Nd	1	1	1 1		
Ne	1	1	1 1		
P	KG STD	00			



## 13.5 PLCC68

68 PINS PLCC



	IM	M	INCH		
A	4.20	5.08	. 165	. 200	
A1	2, 29	3.30	. 090	. 1 30	
D	25.02	25. 27	. 985	. 995	
D1	24.13	24.33	. 950	. 958	
D2	22. 61	23. 62	. 890	. 930	
E	25.02	25. 27	. 985	. 995	
E1	24.13	24.33	. 950	. 958	
E5	22. 61	23. 62	. 890	. 930	
e	1.27	BSC	. 050	BSC	
G	1.07	1.22	. 042	. 048	
н	1.07	1.42	. 042	.056	
J	0.51	-	. 020	-	
К	0.33	0.53	. 013	. 021	
Nd	1	7	17		
Ne	1	7	17		
P	KG STD				

## 14. Datasheet Revision History

## 14.1 Changes from 4188E to 4188F

- 1. Removed TS80C51RD2 and AT80C51RD2 from "Ordering Information" on page 73.
- 2. Removed non-green part numbers from ordering information.





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