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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	180MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I ² C, IrDA, SD, SPI, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, I ² S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	100
Program Memory Size	2MB (2M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 2x16b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-MAPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk66fn2m0vmd18

Ordering Information 1

Part Number	Memory		Maximum number of I/O's
	Flash	SRAM	
MK66FN2M0VMD18	2 MB	256 KB	100
MK66FX1M0VMD18	1.25 MB	256 KB	100
MK66FN2M0VLQ18	2 MB	256 KB	100
MK66FX1M0VLQ18	1.25 MB	256 KB	100

1. To confirm current availability of orderable part numbers, go to <http://www.nxp.com> and perform a part number search.

Related Resources

Type	Description	Resource
Selector Guide	The NXP Solution Advisor is a web-based tool that features interactive application wizards and a dynamic product selector.	Solution Advisor
Reference Manual	The Reference Manual contains a comprehensive description of the structure and function (operation) of a device.	K66P144M180SF5RMV2 ¹
Data Sheet	The Data Sheet includes electrical characteristics and signal connections.	This document.
Chip Errata	The chip mask set Errata provides additional or corrective information for a particular device mask set.	Kinetis_K_0N65N ¹
Package drawing	Package dimensions are provided in package drawings.	• MAPBGA 144-pin : 98ASA00222D¹ • LQFP 144-pin: 98ASS23177W¹

1. To find the associated resource, go to <http://www.nxp.com> and perform a search using this term.

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2.2.3 Voltage and current operating behaviors

Table 4. Voltage and current operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{OH}	Output high voltage — normal drive pad $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -10\text{ mA}$ $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -5\text{ mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
		$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
	Output high voltage — High drive pad $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -20\text{ mA}$ $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -10\text{ mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
		$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
I_{OHT}	Output high current total for all ports	—	—	100	mA	
$V_{OH_RTC_WAKEUP}$	Output high voltage— normal drive pad $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{BAT} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -5\text{ mA}$ $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{BAT} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OH} = -2.5\text{ mA}$	$V_{BAT} - 0.5$	—		V	
		$V_{BAT} - 0.5$	—		V	
$I_{OH_RTC_WAKEUP}$	Output high current total for RTC_WAKEUP pins	—	—	100	mA	
V_{OL}	Output low voltage — normal drive pad $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 10\text{ mA}$ $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	—	—	0.5	V	
		—	—	0.5	V	
	Output low voltage — high drive pad $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 20\text{ mA}$ $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 10\text{ mA}$	—	—	0.5	V	
		—	—	0.5	V	
I_{OLT}	Output low current total for all ports	—	—	100	mA	
$V_{OL_RTC_WAKEUP}$	Output low voltage— normal drive pad $2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{BAT} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$ $1.71\text{ V} \leq V_{BAT} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 2.5\text{ mA}$	—		0.5	V	
		—		0.5	V	
$I_{OL_RTC_WAKEUP}$	Output low current total for RTC_WAKEUP pins	—	—	100	mA	
I_{IN}	Input leakage current, analog and digital pins $V_{SS} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$	—	0.002	0.5	μA	1
$I_{OZ_RTC_WAKEUP}$	Hi-Z (off-state) leakage current (per RTC_WAKEUP pin)	—	—	0.25	μA	
R_{PU}	Internal pullup resistors	20	—	50	k Ω	2
R_{PD}	Internal pulldown resistors	20	—	50	k Ω	3

1. Measured at $V_{DD}=3.6\text{ V}$

2. Measured at V_{DD} supply voltage = V_{DD} min and $V_{input} = V_{SS}$

Table 6. Low power mode peripheral adders — typical value (continued)

Symbol	Description	Temperature (°C)						Unit
		-40	25	50	70	85	105	
$I_{\text{IREFSTEN32KH}z}$	32 kHz internal reference clock (IRC) adder. Measured by entering STOP mode with the 32 kHz IRC enabled.	52	52	52	52	52	52	μA
$I_{\text{IREFSTEN4MH}z}$	External 4 MHz crystal clock adder. Measured by entering STOP or VLPS mode with the crystal enabled.	206	228	237	245	251	258	μA
$I_{\text{IREFSTEN32KHz}}$	External 32 kHz crystal clock adder by means of the OSC0_CR[EREFSSTEN and EREFSTEN] bits. Measured by entering all modes with the crystal enabled.							nA
	VLLS1	440	490	540	560	570	580	
	VLLS3	440	490	540	560	570	580	
	LLS2	490	490	540	560	570	680	
	LLS3	490	490	540	560	570	680	
	VLPS	510	560	560	560	610	680	
	STOP	510	560	560	560	610	680	
$I_{48\text{MIRC}}$	48MHz IRC	511	520	545	556	563	576	μA
I_{CMP}	CMP peripheral adder measured by placing the device in VLLS1 mode with CMP enabled using the 6-bit DAC and a single external input for compare. Includes 6-bit DAC power consumption.	22	22	22	22	22	22	μA
I_{RTC}	RTC peripheral adder measured by placing the device in VLLS1 mode with external 32 kHz crystal enabled by means of the RTC_CR[OSCE] bit and the RTC ALARM set for 1 minute. Includes ERCLK32K (32 kHz external crystal) power consumption.	432	357	388	475	532	810	nA
I_{UART}	UART peripheral adder measured by placing the device in STOP or VLPS mode with selected clock source waiting for RX data at 115200 baud rate. Includes selected clock source power consumption.							μA
	MCGIRCLK (4 MHz internal reference clock)	66	66	66	66	66	66	
	OSCERCLK (4 MHz external crystal)	214	234	246	254	260	268	
I_{BG}	Bandgap adder when BGEN bit is set and device is placed in VLPx, LLS, or VLLSx mode.	45	45	45	45	45	45	μA
I_{ADC}	ADC peripheral adder combining the measured values at V_{DD} and V_{DDA} by placing the device in STOP or VLPS mode. ADC is configured for low power mode using the internal clock and continuous conversions.	366	366	366	366	366	366	μA

Table 10. Device clock specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{BUS}	Bus clock	—	60	MHz	
FB_CLK	FlexBus clock	—	60	MHz	
f _{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	28	MHz	
f _{LPTMR}	LPTMR clock	—	25	MHz	
VLPR mode ¹					
f _{SYS}	System and core clock	—	4	MHz	
f _{BUS}	Bus clock	—	4	MHz	
FB_CLK	FlexBus clock	—	4	MHz	
f _{FLASH}	Flash clock	—	1	MHz	
f _{ERCLK}	External reference clock	—	16	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_pin}	LPTMR clock	—	25	MHz	
f _{FlexCAN_ERCLK}	FlexCAN external reference clock	—	8	MHz	
f _{I2S_MCLK}	I2S master clock	—	12.5	MHz	
f _{I2S_BCLK}	I2S bit clock	—	4	MHz	

1. The frequency limitations in VLPR mode here override any frequency specification listed in the timing specification for any other module.

2.3.2 General switching specifications

These general purpose specifications apply to all signals configured for GPIO, UART, CAN, CMT, IEEE 1588 timer, timers, and I²C signals.

Table 11. General switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Synchronous path	1.5	—	Bus clock cycles	1, 2
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter enabled) — Asynchronous path	100	—	ns	3
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter disabled) — Asynchronous path	50	—	ns	3
	External reset pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled)	100	—	ns	3
	Mode select ($\overline{\text{EZP_CS}}$) hold time after reset deassertion	2	—	Bus clock cycles	
	Port rise and fall time (high drive strength)				4
	• Slew enabled	—	25	ns	
		—	15	ns	

Table continues on the next page...

3.4.1.3 Flash high voltage current behaviors

Table 24. Flash high voltage current behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _{DD_PGM}	Average current adder during high voltage flash programming operation	—	3.5	7.5	mA
I _{DD_ERS}	Average current adder during high voltage flash erase operation	—	1.5	4.0	mA

3.4.1.4 Reliability specifications

Table 25. NVM reliability specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
Program Flash						
t _{nvmretp10k}	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	—	years	
t _{nvmretp1k}	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100	—	years	
n _{nvmcycp}	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K	—	cycles	2
Data Flash						
t _{nvmretd10k}	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	—	years	
t _{nvmretd1k}	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100	—	years	
n _{nvmcyd}	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K	—	cycles	2
FlexRAM as EEPROM						
t _{nvmretee100}	Data retention up to 100% of write endurance	5	50	—	years	
t _{nvmretee10}	Data retention up to 10% of write endurance	20	100	—	years	
n _{nvmcycee}	Cycling endurance for EEPROM backup	20 K	50 K	—	cycles	2
Write endurance						
n _{nvmwree16}	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 16	140 K	400 K	—	writes	3
n _{nvmwree128}	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 128	1.26 M	3.2 M	—	writes	
n _{nvmwree512}	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 512	5 M	12.8 M	—	writes	
n _{nvmwree2k}	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 2,048	20 M	50 M	—	writes	
n _{nvmwree8k}	• EEPROM backup to FlexRAM ratio = 8,192	80 M	200 M	—	writes	

1. Typical data retention values are based on measured response accelerated at high temperature and derated to a constant 25°C use profile. Engineering Bulletin EB618 does not apply to this technology. Typical endurance defined in Engineering Bulletin EB619.
2. Cycling endurance represents number of program/erase cycles at -40°C ≤ T_j ≤ 125°C.
3. Write endurance represents the number of writes to each FlexRAM location at -40°C ≤ T_j ≤ 125°C influenced by the cycling endurance of the FlexNVM and the allocated EEPROM backup per subsystem. Minimum and typical values assume all 16-bit or 32-bit writes to FlexRAM; all 8-bit writes result in 50% less endurance.

4. To use the maximum ADC conversion clock frequency, CFG2[ADHSC] must be set and CFG1[ADLPC] must be clear.
5. For guidelines and examples of conversion rate calculation, download the [ADC calculator tool](#).

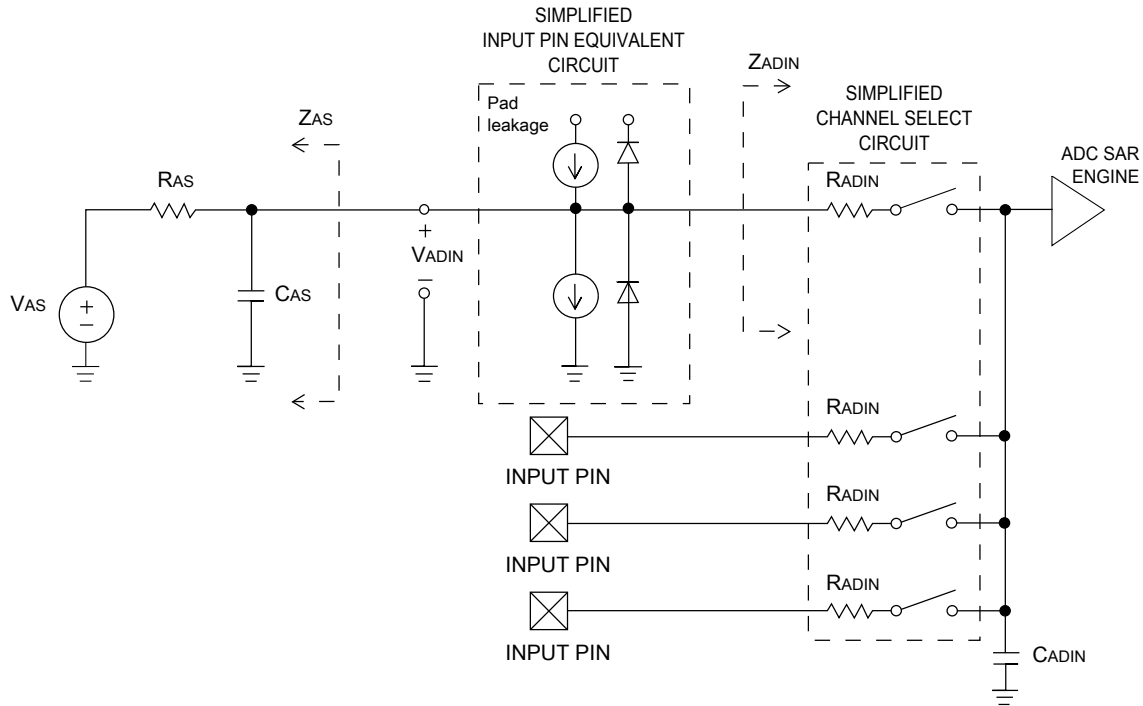


Figure 17. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

3.6.1.2 16-bit ADC electrical characteristics

Table 32. 16-bit ADC characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}$)

Symbol	Description	Conditions ¹	Min.	Typ. ²	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DDA_ADC}	Supply current		0.215	—	1.7	mA	3
f_{ADACK}	ADC asynchronous clock source	• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC = 0 • ADLPC = 1, ADHSC = 1 • ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 0 • ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 1	1.2 2.4 3.0 4.4	2.4 4.0 5.2 6.2	3.9 6.1 7.3 9.5	MHz MHz MHz MHz	$t_{ADACK} = 1/f_{ADACK}$
	Sample Time	See Reference Manual chapter for sample times					
TUE	Total unadjusted error	• 12-bit modes • <12-bit modes	— —	±4 ±1.4	±6.8 ±2.1	LSB ⁴	5
DNL	Differential non-linearity	• 12-bit modes • <12-bit modes	— —	±0.7 ±0.2	–1.1 to +1.9 –0.3 to 0.5	LSB ⁴	5

Table continues on the next page...

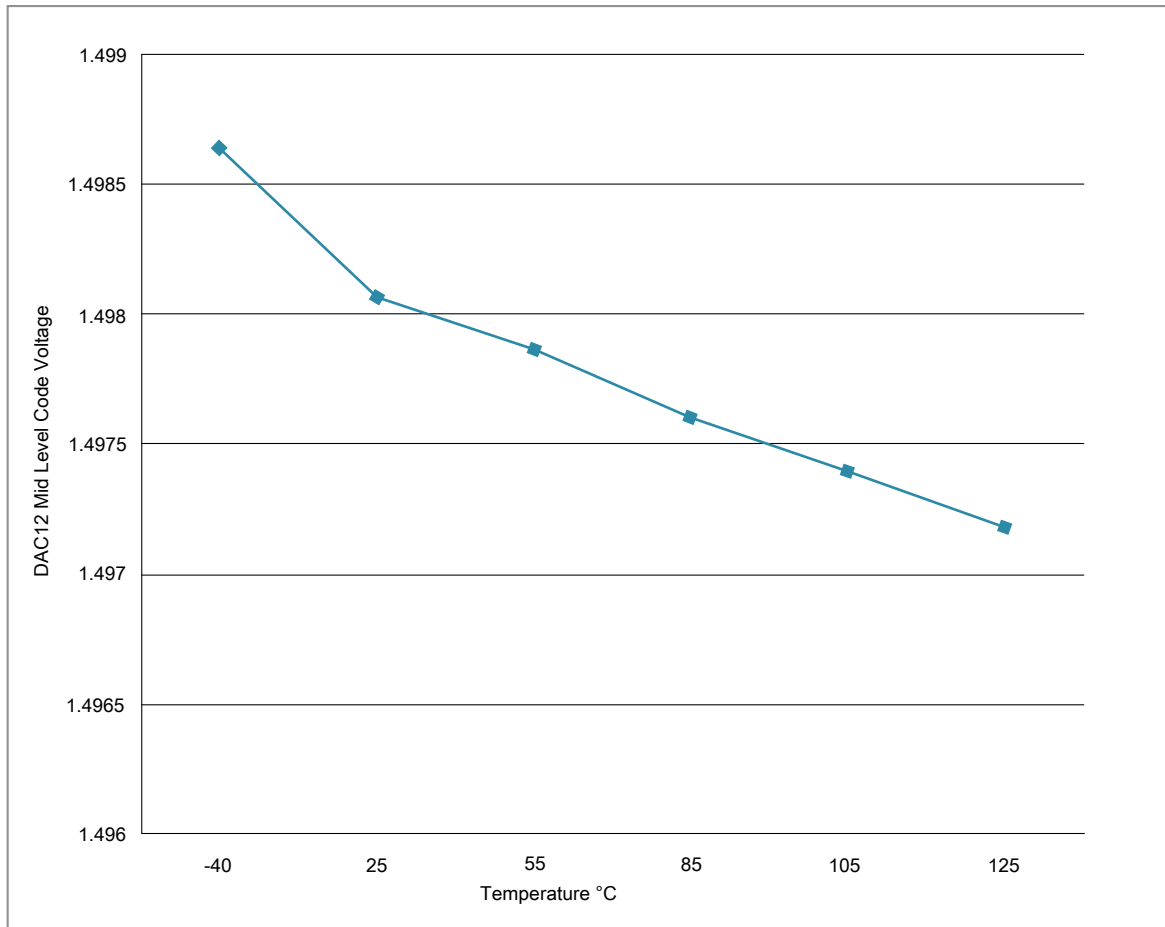


Figure 23. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

3.6.4 Voltage reference electrical specifications

Table 36. VREF full-range operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DDA}	Supply voltage		3.6	V	
T_A	Temperature	Operating temperature range of the device		°C	
C_L	Output load capacitance	100		nF	1, 2

1. C_L must be connected to VREF_OUT if the VREF_OUT functionality is being used for either an internal or external reference.
2. The load capacitance should not exceed +/-25% of the nominal specified C_L value over the operating temperature range of the device.

- Title: Suspend Current Limit Changes
- Applies to: Universal Serial Bus Specification, Revision 2.0
- On-The-Go and Embedded Host Supplement to the USB Revision 2.0 Specification
 - Revision 2.0 version 1.1a July 27, 2012
- Battery Charging Specification (available from USB-IF)
 - Revision 1.2 (including errata and ECNs through March 15, 2012), March 15, 2012

USB1_VBUS pin is a detector function which is 5v tolerant and complies with the above specifications without needing any external voltage division components.

3.8.4 USB DCD electrical specifications

Table 46. USB DCD electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{DP_SRC} , V _{DM_SRC}	USB_DP and USB_DM source voltages (up to 250 μ A)	0.5	—	0.7	V
V _{LGC}	Threshold voltage for logic high	0.8	—	2.0	V
I _{DP_SRC}	USB_DP source current	7	10	13	μ A
I _{DM_SINK} , I _{DP_SINK}	USB_DM and USB_DP sink currents	50	100	150	μ A
R _{DM_DWN}	D- pulldown resistance for data pin contact detect	14.25	—	24.8	k Ω
V _{DAT_REF}	Data detect voltage	0.25	0.33	0.4	V

3.8.5 CAN switching specifications

See [General switching specifications](#).

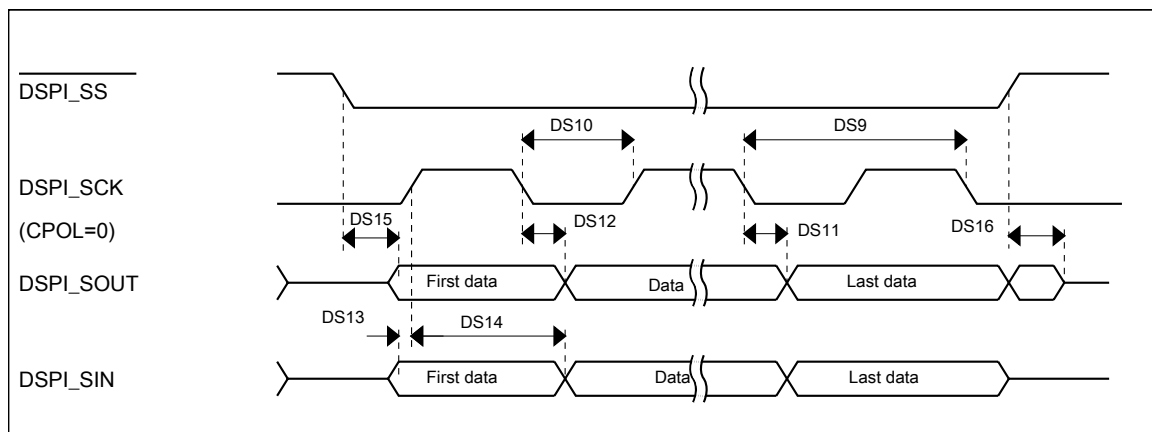


Figure 30. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave mode

3.8.8 Inter-Integrated Circuit Interface (I²C) timing

Table 51. I²C timing

Characteristic	Symbol	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Unit
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
SCL Clock Frequency	f _{SCL}	0	100	0	400	kHz
Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated.	t _{HD} ; STA	4	—	0.6	—	μs
LOW period of the SCL clock	t _{LOW}	4.7	—	1.25	—	μs
HIGH period of the SCL clock	t _{HIGH}	4	—	0.6	—	μs
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	t _{SU} ; STA	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs
Data hold time for I ² C bus devices	t _{HD} ; DAT	0 ¹	3.45 ²	0 ³	0.9 ¹	μs
Data set-up time	t _{SU} ; DAT	250 ⁴	—	100 ^{2, 5}	—	ns
Rise time of SDA and SCL signals	t _r	—	1000	20 + 0.1C _b ⁶	300	ns
Fall time of SDA and SCL signals	t _f	—	300	20 + 0.1C _b ⁵	300	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	t _{SU} ; STO	4	—	0.6	—	μs
Bus free time between STOP and START condition	t _{BUF}	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs
Pulse width of spikes that must be suppressed by the input filter	t _{SP}	N/A	N/A	0	50	ns

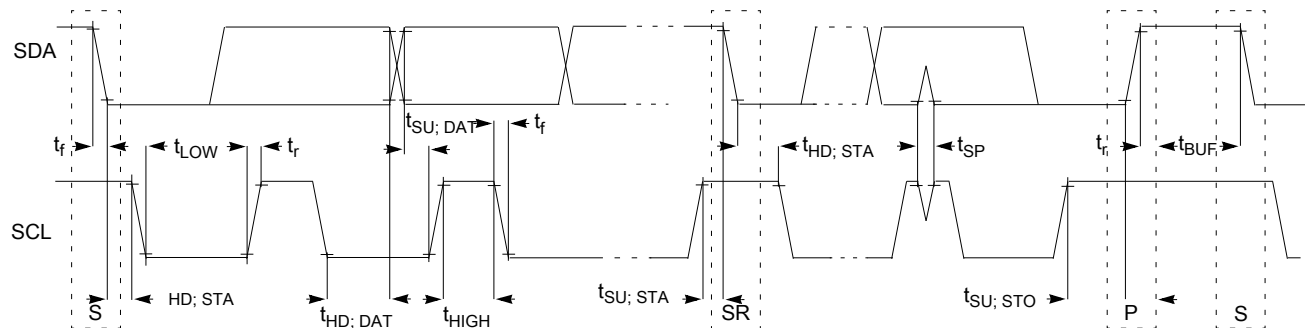
1. The master mode I²C deasserts ACK of an address byte simultaneously with the falling edge of SCL. If no slaves acknowledge this address byte, then a negative hold time can result, depending on the edge rates of the SDA and SCL lines.
2. The maximum t_{HD}; DAT must be met only if the device does not stretch the LOW period (t_{LOW}) of the SCL signal.
3. Input signal Slew = 10 ns and Output Load = 50 pF
4. Set-up time in slave-transmitter mode is 1 IPBus clock period, if the TX FIFO is empty.
5. A Fast mode I²C bus device can be used in a Standard mode I²C bus system, but the requirement t_{SU}; DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This is automatically the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such

- a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, then it must output the next data bit to the SDA line $t_{rmax} + t_{SU}$; $t_{DAT} = 1000 + 250 = 1250$ ns (according to the Standard mode I²C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.
6. C_b = total capacitance of the one bus line in pF.

Table 52. I²C 1 Mbps timing

Characteristic	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
SCL Clock Frequency	f_{SCL}	0	1 ¹	MHz
Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated.	$t_{HD}; STA$	0.26	—	μs
LOW period of the SCL clock	t_{LOW}	0.5	—	μs
HIGH period of the SCL clock	t_{HIGH}	0.26	—	μs
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	$t_{SU}; STA$	0.26	—	μs
Data hold time for I ² C bus devices	$t_{HD}; DAT$	0	—	μs
Data set-up time	$t_{SU}; DAT$	50	—	ns
Rise time of SDA and SCL signals	t_r	$20 + 0.1C_b$ ²	120	ns
Fall time of SDA and SCL signals	t_f	$20 + 0.1C_b$ ²	120	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	$t_{SU}; STO$	0.26	—	μs
Bus free time between STOP and START condition	t_{BUF}	0.5	—	μs
Pulse width of spikes that must be suppressed by the input filter	t_{SP}	0	50	ns

1. The maximum SCL clock frequency of 1 Mbps can support maximum bus loading when using the High drive pins across the full voltage range.
2. C_b = total capacitance of the one bus line in pF.

**Figure 31. Timing definition for devices on the I²C bus**

3.8.9 UART switching specifications

See [General switching specifications](#).

3.8.10 Low Power UART switching specifications

See [General switching specifications](#).

3.8.11 SDHC specifications

The following timing specs are defined at the chip I/O pin and must be translated appropriately to arrive at timing specs/constraints for the physical interface.

Table 53. SDHC full voltage range switching specifications

Num	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
		Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
Card input clock					
SD1	fpp	Clock frequency (low speed)	0	400	kHz
	fpp	Clock frequency (SD\SDIO full speed\high speed)	0	25\50	MHz
	fpp	Clock frequency (MMC full speed\high speed)	0	20\50	MHz
	f _{OD}	Clock frequency (identification mode)	0	400	kHz
SD2	t _{WL}	Clock low time	7	—	ns
SD3	t _{WH}	Clock high time	7	—	ns
SD4	t _{TLH}	Clock rise time	—	3	ns
SD5	t _{THL}	Clock fall time	—	3	ns
SDHC output / card inputs SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DAT (reference to SDHC_CLK)					
SD6	t _{OD}	SDHC output delay (output valid)	-5	8.6 8.3	ns
SDHC input / card inputs SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DAT (reference to SDHC_CLK)					
SD7	t _{ISU}	SDHC input setup time	5	—	ns
SD8	t _{IH}	SDHC input hold time	0	—	ns

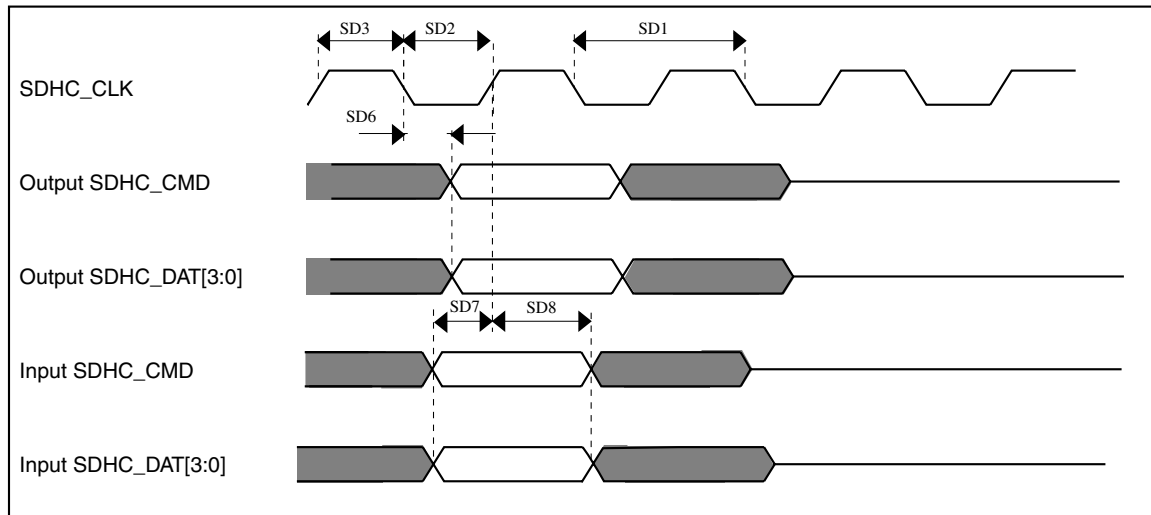
Table 54. SDHC limited voltage range switching specifications

Num	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
		Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
Card input clock					
SD1	fpp	Clock frequency (low speed)	0	400	kHz
	fpp	Clock frequency (SD\SDIO full speed\high speed)	0	25\50	MHz
	fpp	Clock frequency (MMC full speed\high speed)	0	20\50	MHz
	f _{OD}	Clock frequency (identification mode)	0	400	kHz
SD2	t _{WL}	Clock low time	7	—	ns
SD3	t _{WH}	Clock high time	7	—	ns
SD4	t _{TLH}	Clock rise time	—	3	ns
SD5	t _{THL}	Clock fall time	—	3	ns

Table continues on the next page...

Table 54. SDHC limited voltage range switching specifications (continued)

Num	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
SDHC output / card inputs SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DAT (reference to SDHC_CLK)					
SD6	t_{OD}	SDHC output delay (output valid)	-5	7.6 8.3	ns
SDHC input / card inputs SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DAT (reference to SDHC_CLK)					
SD7	t_{ISU}	SDHC input setup time	5	—	ns
SD8	t_{IH}	SDHC input hold time	0	—	ns

**Figure 32. SDHC timing**

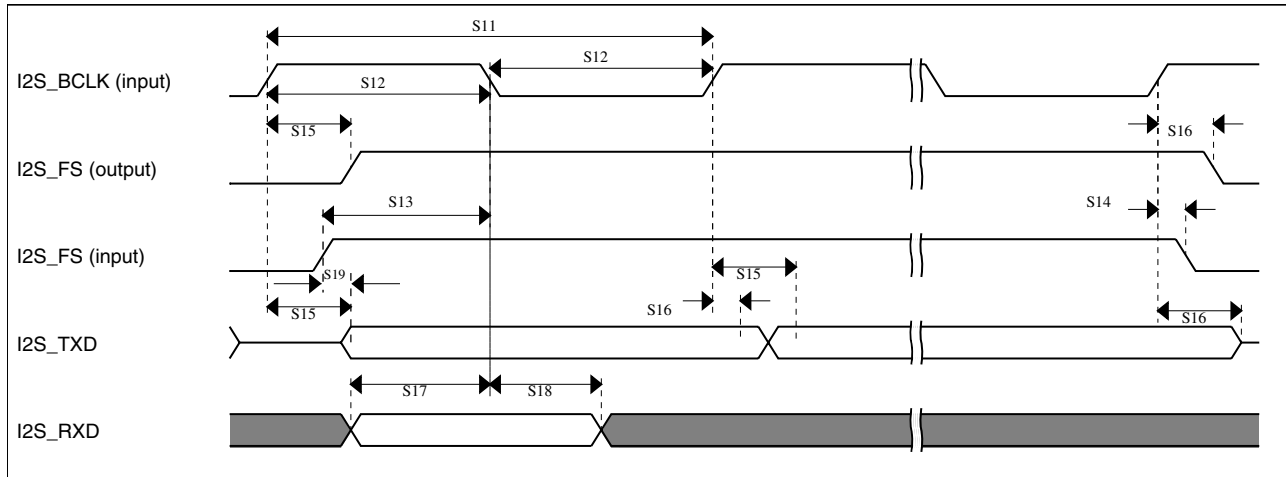
3.8.12 I²S switching specifications

This section provides the AC timings for the I²S in master (clocks driven) and slave modes (clocks input). All timings are given for non-inverted serial clock polarity (TCR[TSCKP] = 0, RCR[RSCKP] = 0) and a non-inverted frame sync (TCR[TFISI] = 0, RCR[RFSI] = 0). If the polarity of the clock and/or the frame sync have been inverted, all the timings remain valid by inverting the clock signal (I2S_BCLK) and/or the frame sync (I2S_FS) shown in the figures below.

Table 55. I2S master mode timing (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	40	—	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_BCLK cycle time	80	—	ns

Table continues on the next page...

Figure 34. I²S timing — slave modes

3.8.12.1 Normal Run, Wait and Stop mode performance over the full operating voltage range

This section provides the operating performance over the full operating voltage for the device in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes.

Table 57. I2S/SAI master mode timing

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	40	—	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK (as an input) pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (output)	80	—	ns
S4	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output valid	—	15	ns
S6	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S7	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD valid	—	15	ns
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	—	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	15	—	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0	—	ns

To find a package drawing, go to nxp.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

If you want the drawing for this package	Then use this document number
144-pin LQFP	98ASS23177W
144-pin MAPBGA	98ASA00222D

5 Pinout

5.1 K66 Signal Multiplexing and Pin Assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.

144 LQFP	144 MAP BGA	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
—	L5	RTC_WAKEUP_B	RTC_WAKEUP_B	RTC_WAKEUP_B								
—	M5	NC	NC	NC								
—	A10	NC	NC	NC								
—	B10	NC	NC	NC								
—	C10	NC	NC	NC								
1	D3	PTE0	ADC1_SE4a	ADC1_SE4a	PTE0	SPI1_PCS1	UART1_TX	SDHC0_D1	TRACE_CLKOUT	I2C1_SDA	RTC_CLKOUT	
2	D2	PTE1/LLWU_P0	ADC1_SE5a	ADC1_SE5a	PTE1/LLWU_P0	SPI1_SOUT	UART1_RX	SDHC0_D0	TRACE_D3	I2C1_SCL	SPI1_SIN	
3	D1	PTE2/LLWU_P1	ADC1_SE6a	ADC1_SE6a	PTE2/LLWU_P1	SPI1_SCK	UART1_CTS_b	SDHC0_DCLK	TRACE_D2			
4	E4	PTE3	ADC1_SE7a	ADC1_SE7a	PTE3	SPI1_SIN	UART1_RTS_b	SDHC0_CMD	TRACE_D1		SPI1_SOUT	
5	E5	VDD	VDD	VDD								
6	H3	VSS	VSS	VSS								
7	E3	PTE4/LLWU_P2	DISABLED		PTE4/LLWU_P2	SPI1_PCS0	UART3_TX	SDHC0_D3	TRACE_D0			
8	E2	PTE5	DISABLED		PTE5	SPI1_PCS2	UART3_RX	SDHC0_D2		FTM3_CH0		
9	E1	PTE6/LLWU_P16	DISABLED		PTE6/LLWU_P16	SPI1_PCS3	UART3_CTS_b	I2S0_MCLK		FTM3_CH1	USB0_SOF_OUT	
10	F4	PTE7	DISABLED		PTE7		UART3_RTS_b	I2S0_RXD0		FTM3_CH2		

144 LQFP	144 MAP BGA	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
11	F3	PTE8	DISABLED		PTE8	I2S0_RXD1		I2S0_RX_FS	LPUART0_TX	FTM3_CH3		
12	F2	PTE9/ LLWU_P17	DISABLED		PTE9/ LLWU_P17	I2S0_TXD1		I2S0_RX_BCLK	LPUART0_RX	FTM3_CH4		
13	F1	PTE10/ LLWU_P18	DISABLED		PTE10/ LLWU_P18	I2C3_SDA		I2S0_TXD0	LPUART0_CTS_b	FTM3_CH5	USB1_ID	
14	G4	PTE11	DISABLED		PTE11	I2C3_SCL		I2S0_TX_FS	LPUART0_RTS_b	FTM3_CH6		
15	G3	PTE12	DISABLED		PTE12			I2S0_TX_BCLK		FTM3_CH7		
16	E6	VDD	VDD	VDD								
17	F7	VSS	VSS	VSS								
18	F6	VSS	VSS	VSS								
19	H1	USB0_DP	USB0_DP	USB0_DP								
20	H2	USB0_DM	USB0_DM	USB0_DM								
21	G1	VREG_OUT	VREG_OUT	VREG_OUT								
22	G2	VREG_IN0	VREG_IN0	VREG_IN0								
23	J2	VREG_IN1	DISABLED	VREG_IN1								
24	K2	USB1_VSS	DISABLED	USB1_VSS								
25	J1	USB1_DP	DISABLED	USB1_DP								
26	K1	USB1_DM	DISABLED	USB1_DM								
27	L1	USB1_VBUS	DISABLED	USB1_VBUS								
28	L2	ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3								
29	M1	ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3								
30	M2	ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3								
31	H5	VDDA	VDDA	VDDA								
32	G5	VREFH	VREFH	VREFH								
33	G6	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL								
34	H6	VSSA	VSSA	VSSA								
35	K3	ADC1_SE16/ CMP2_IN2/ ADC0_SE22	ADC1_SE16/ CMP2_IN2/ ADC0_SE22	ADC1_SE16/ CMP2_IN2/ ADC0_SE22								
36	J3	ADC0_SE16/ CMP1_IN2/ ADC0_SE21	ADC0_SE16/ CMP1_IN2/ ADC0_SE21	ADC0_SE16/ CMP1_IN2/ ADC0_SE21								
37	M3	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18								

144 LQFP	144 MAP BGA	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
143	C2	PTD14	DISABLED		PTD14	SPI2_SIN		SDHC0_D6		FB_A22		
144	C1	PTD15	DISABLED		PTD15	SPI2_PCS1		SDHC0_D7		FB_A23		

5.2 Recommended connection for unused analog and digital pins

Table 62 shows the recommended connections for analog interface pins if those analog interfaces are not used in the customer's application

Table 62. Recommended connection for unused analog interfaces

Pin Type	K66	Short recommendation	Detailed recommendation
Analog/non GPIO	ADCx/CMPx	Float	Analog input - Float
Analog/non GPIO	VREF_OUT	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	DAC0_OUT, DAC1_OUT	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	RTC_WAKEUP_B	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	XTAL32	Float	Analog output - Float
Analog/non GPIO	EXTAL32	Float	Analog input - Float
GPIO/Analog	PTA18/EXTAL0	Float	Analog input - Float
GPIO/Analog	PTA19/XTAL0	Float	Analog output - Float
GPIO/Analog	PTx/ADCx	Float	Float (default is analog input)
GPIO/Analog	PTx/CMPx	Float	Float (default is analog input)
GPIO/Analog	PTx/TSIOx	Float	Float (default is analog input)
GPIO/Digital	PTA0/JTAG_TCLK	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pulldown)
GPIO/Digital	PTA1/JTAG_TDI	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pullup)
GPIO/Digital	PTA2/JTAG_TDO	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pullup)
GPIO/Digital	PTA3/JTAG_TMS	Float	Float (default is JTAG with pullup)
GPIO/Digital	PTA4/NMI_b	10k Ω pullup or disable and float	Pull high or disable in PCR & FOPT and float
GPIO/Digital	PTx	Float	Float (default is disabled)
USB	USB0_DP	Float	Float
USB	USB0_DM	Float	Float
USB	VREG_OUT	Tie to input and ground through 10k Ω	Tie to input and ground through 10k Ω
USB	VREG_IN0	Tie to output and ground through 10k Ω	Tie to output and ground through 10k Ω

Table continues on the next page...

Terminology and guidelines

Field	Description	Values
		• 1M0 = 1 MB • 2M0 = 2 MB
R	Silicon revision	• Z = Initial • (Blank) = Main • A = Revision after main
T	Temperature range (°C)	• V = -40 to 105 • C = -40 to 85
PP	Package identifier	• FM = 32 QFN (5 mm x 5 mm) • FT = 48 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm) • LF = 48 LQFP (7 mm x 7 mm) • LH = 64 LQFP (10 mm x 10 mm) • MP = 64 MAPBGA (5 mm x 5 mm) • LK = 80 LQFP (12 mm x 12 mm) • LL = 100 LQFP (14 mm x 14 mm) • MC = 121 MAPBGA (8 mm x 8 mm) • LQ = 144 LQFP (20 mm x 20 mm) • MD = 144 MAPBGA (13 mm x 13 mm) • MI = 169 MAPBGA (9 mm x 9 mm) • AC = 169 WLCSP (5.6 mm x 5.5 mm)
CC	Maximum CPU frequency (MHz)	• 5 = 50 MHz • 7 = 72 MHz • 10 = 100 MHz • 12 = 120 MHz • 15 = 150 MHz • 16 = 168 MHz • 18 = 180 MHz
N	Packaging type	• R = Tape and reel • (Blank) = Trays

7.4 Example

This is an example part number:

MK66FN2M0VMD18

8 Terminology and guidelines

8.1 Definitions

Key terms are defined in the following table:

9 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 63. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
0	02/2015	Initial Release
1	04/2015	• Editorial change • Updated OTG/EH and BC rev. 1.2 specification references in USB Full Speed Transceiver and High Speed PHY specifications section • Updated USBDCD electrical specifications table • Updated the typical values and maximum values of specs in Power consumption operating behaviors table • Removed PSTOP2 current from Power consumption operating behaviors table • Updated the values of DS5 and DS7 in Master mode DSPI timing (full voltage range) table • Updated the footnote and description of V_{DIO}, V_{AIO} and I_D in Voltage and current operating ratings table • Updated the values and description of specs in Voltage and current operating requirements table • Updated the leakage current specs in Voltage and current operating behaviors table • Added Notes column in Thermal operating requirements • Updated the values of 48MHz IRC in Low power mode peripheral adders table • Added new footnotes for I_{INRUSH} in USB VREG electrical specifications table to better document operation. • Updated the figures "SDRAM write timing diagram" and SDRAM read timing diagram" in the section "SDRAM controller specifications." • Updated the pinout table, and pinout diagrams in the section "Pinouts."
2	05/2015	• Added new footnotes for I_{INRUSH} in USB VREG electrical specifications table to better document operation. • Updated the figures "SDRAM write timing diagram" and SDRAM read timing diagram" in the section "SDRAM controller specifications." • Updated the pinout table, and pinout diagrams in the section "Pinouts."
3	01/2016	• Updated the symbol in footnote of Thermal Operating specs • Updated the description of PLL operating current in MCG specifications table • Updated the values of IRC48M specifications table • Added USB FS and USB HS logo in front page • Updated Terminology and guidelines section • Updated the maximum values of I_{DD_LLS2} and I_{DD_LLS3} in Power consumption operating behaviors table
4	03/2017	• Removed the verbiage of "except RTC_WAKEUP pins" from the description for R_{PU} and R_{PD} in Voltage and current operating behaviors table • Updated the unit of ADC conversion rate from "Kbps" to "kS/s" in 16-bit ADC operating conditions table • Added MII signal switching specifications table and RMII signal switching specifications table for full voltage range • Added MDIO serial management timing specifications section • Updated I2C switching specifications section • Updated the minimum and maximum value of Voltage reference output with factory trim in VREF full-range operating requirements table in Voltage reference electrical specifications section

Revision History