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## Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

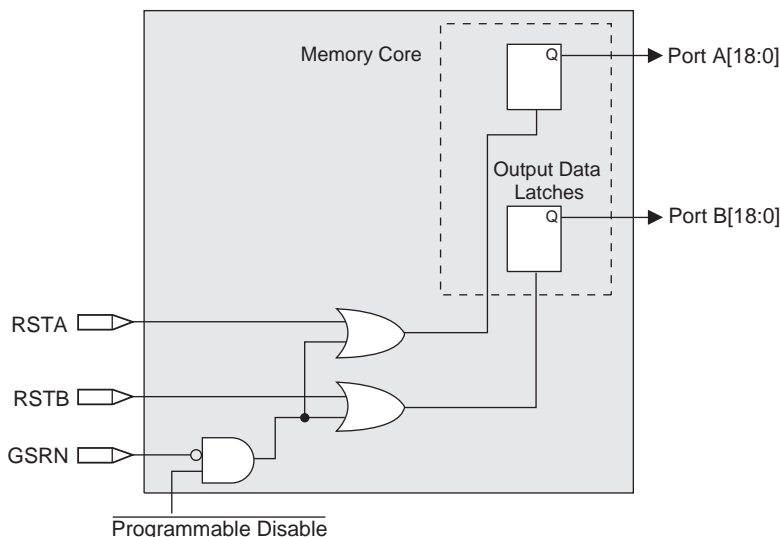
## Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	160
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1280
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-1200hc-5mg132c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-1200hc-5mg132c</a>

**Figure 2-9. Memory Core Reset**

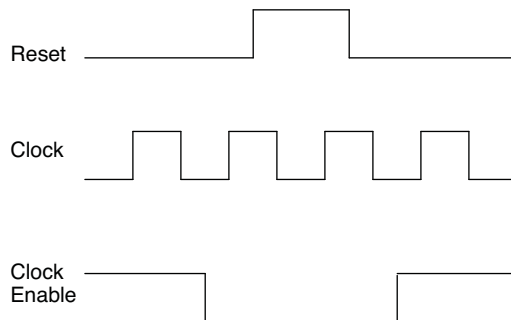


For further information on the sysMEM EBR block, please refer to TN1201, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices](#).

### EBR Asynchronous Reset

EBR asynchronous reset or GSR (if used) can only be applied if all clock enables are low for a clock cycle before the reset is applied and released a clock cycle after the reset is released, as shown in Figure 2-10. The GSR input to the EBR is always asynchronous.

**Figure 2-10. EBR Asynchronous Reset (Including GSR) Timing Diagram**



If all clock enables remain enabled, the EBR asynchronous reset or GSR may only be applied and released after the EBR read and write clock inputs are in a steady state condition for a minimum of  $1/f_{MAX}$  (EBR clock). The reset release must adhere to the EBR synchronous reset setup time before the next active read or write clock edge.

If an EBR is pre-loaded during configuration, the GSR input must be disabled or the release of the GSR during device wake up must occur before the release of the device I/Os becoming active.

These instructions apply to all EBR RAM, ROM and FIFO implementations. For the EBR FIFO mode, the GSR signal is always enabled and the WE and RE signals act like the clock enable signals in Figure 2-10. The reset timing rules apply to the RPRreset input versus the RE input and the RST input versus the WE and RE inputs. Both RST and RPRreset are always asynchronous EBR inputs. For more details refer to TN1201, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices](#).

Note that there are no reset restrictions if the EBR synchronous reset is used and the EBR GSR input is disabled.

## PIO

The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block and tri-state register block. These blocks contain registers for operating in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

**Table 2-8. PIO Signal List**

Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
CE	Input	Clock Enable
D	Input	Pin input from sysIO buffer.
INDD	Output	Register bypassed input.
INCK	Output	Clock input
Q0	Output	DDR positive edge input
Q1	Output	Registered input/DDR negative edge input
D0	Input	Output signal from the core (SDR and DDR)
D1	Input	Output signal from the core (DDR)
TD	Input	Tri-state signal from the core
Q	Output	Data output signals to sysIO Buffer
TQ	Output	Tri-state output signals to sysIO Buffer
DQSR90 <sup>1</sup>	Input	DQS shift 90-degree read clock
DQSW90 <sup>1</sup>	Input	DQS shift 90-degree write clock
DDRCLKPOL <sup>1</sup>	Input	DDR input register polarity control signal from DQS
SCLK	Input	System clock for input and output/tri-state blocks.
RST	Input	Local set reset signal

1. Available in PIO on right edge only.

### Input Register Block

The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain delay elements and registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core. In addition to this functionality, the input register blocks for the PIOs on the right edge include built-in logic to interface to DDR memory.

Figure 2-12 shows the input register block for the PIOs located on the left, top and bottom edges. Figure 2-13 shows the input register block for the PIOs on the right edge.

#### Left, Top, Bottom Edges

Input signals are fed from the sysIO buffer to the input register block (as signal D). If desired, the input signal can bypass the register and delay elements and be used directly as a combinatorial signal (INDD), and a clock (INCK). If an input delay is desired, users can select a fixed delay. I/Os on the bottom edge also have a dynamic delay, DEL[4:0]. The delay, if selected, reduces input register hold time requirements when using a global clock. The input block allows two modes of operation. In single data rate (SDR) the data is registered with the system clock (SCLK) by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock (SCLK) signal, creating two data streams.

**Table 2-11. I/O Support Device by Device**

	MachXO2-256, MachXO2-640	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200	MachXO2-1200U MachXO2-2000/U, MachXO2-4000, MachXO2-7000
Number of I/O Banks	4	4	6
Type of Input Buffers	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks)	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks) Differential input termination (bottom side)	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks) Differential input termination (bottom side)
Types of Output Buffers	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O banks	All I/O banks	All I/O banks
PCI Clamp Support	No	Clamp on bottom side only	Clamp on bottom side only

**Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards**

Input Standard	VCCIO (Typ.)				
	3.3 V	2.5 V	1.8 V	1.5	1.2 V
<b>Single-Ended Interfaces</b>					
LVTTTL	✓	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	
LVC MOS33	✓	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	
LVC MOS25	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	
LVC MOS18	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓	✓ <sup>2</sup>	
LVC MOS15	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓	✓ <sup>2</sup>
LVC MOS12	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓ <sup>2</sup>	✓
PCI <sup>1</sup>	✓				
SSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
SSTL25 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓			
HSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
<b>Differential Interfaces</b>					
LVDS	✓	✓			
BLVDS, MVDS, LVPECL, RS DS	✓	✓			
MIPI <sup>3</sup>	✓	✓			
Differential SSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		
Differential SSTL25 Class I, II	✓	✓			
Differential HSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		

1. Bottom banks of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices only.

2. Reduced functionality. Refer to TN1202, [MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide](#) for more detail.

3. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

When implementing background programming of the on-chip Flash, care must be taken for the operation of the PLL. For devices that have two PLLs (XO2-2000U, -4000 and -7000), the system must put the RPLL (Right-side PLL) in reset state during the background Flash programming. More detailed description can be found in TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

### **Security and One-Time Programmable Mode (OTP)**

For applications where security is important, the lack of an external bitstream provides a solution that is inherently more secure than SRAM-based FPGAs. This is further enhanced by device locking. MachXO2 devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile Flash memory spaces. The device can be in one of two modes:

1. Unlocked – Readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile Flash memory spaces is allowed.
2. Permanently Locked – The device is permanently locked.

Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the device. To further complement the security of the device, a One Time Programmable (OTP) mode is available. Once the device is set in this mode it is not possible to erase or re-program the Flash and SRAM OTP portions of the device. For more details, refer to TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

### **Dual Boot**

MachXO2 devices can optionally boot from two patterns, a primary bitstream and a golden bitstream. If the primary bitstream is found to be corrupt while being downloaded into the SRAM, the device shall then automatically re-boot from the golden bitstream. Note that the primary bitstream must reside in the on-chip Flash. The golden image MUST reside in an external SPI Flash. For more details, refer to TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

### **Soft Error Detection**

The SED feature is a CRC check of the SRAM cells after the device is configured. This check ensures that the SRAM cells were configured successfully. This feature is enabled by a configuration bit option. The Soft Error Detection can also be initiated in user mode via an input to the fabric. The clock for the Soft Error Detection circuit is generated using a dedicated divider. The undivided clock from the on-chip oscillator is the input to this divider. For low power applications users can switch off the Soft Error Detection circuit. For more details, refer to TN1206, [MachXO2 Soft Error Detection Usage Guide](#).

### **TraceID**

Each MachXO2 device contains a unique (per device), TraceID that can be used for tracking purposes or for IP security applications. The TraceID is 64 bits long. Eight out of 64 bits are user-programmable, the remaining 56 bits are factory-programmed. The TraceID is accessible through the EFB WISHBONE interface and can also be accessed through the SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C, or JTAG interfaces.

### **Density Shifting**

The MachXO2 family has been designed to enable density migration within the same package. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density devices to higher density devices. In many cases, it is also possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high-density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case. When migrating from lower to higher density or higher to lower density, ensure to review all the power supplies and NC pins of the chosen devices. For more details refer to the [MachXO2 migration files](#).

### Static Supply Current – ZE Devices<sup>1, 2, 3, 6</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>4</sup>	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-256ZE	18	$\mu A$
		LCMXO2-640ZE	28	$\mu A$
		LCMXO2-1200ZE	56	$\mu A$
		LCMXO2-2000ZE	80	$\mu A$
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	124	$\mu A$
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	189	$\mu A$
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>5</sup> $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	All devices	1	$\mu A$

- For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#).
- Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at  $V_{CCIO}$  or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off. To estimate the impact of turning each of these items on, please refer to the following table or for more detail with your specific design use the Power Calculator tool.
- Frequency = 0 MHz.
- $T_J = 25^\circ C$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Does not include pull-up/pull-down.
- To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

### Static Power Consumption Contribution of Different Components – ZE Devices

The table below can be used for approximating static power consumption. For a more accurate power analysis for your design please use the Power Calculator tool.

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Units
$I_{DCBG}$	Bandgap DC power contribution	101	$\mu A$
$I_{DCPOR}$	POR DC power contribution	38	$\mu A$
$I_{DCIOBANKCONTROLLER}$	DC power contribution per I/O bank controller	143	$\mu A$

### Static Supply Current – HC/HE Devices<sup>1, 2, 3, 6</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>4</sup>	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-256HC	1.15	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	1.84	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	3.48	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	3.49	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	4.80	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HC	4.80	mA
		LCMXO2-2000UHC	8.44	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	8.45	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	12.87	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	1.39	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	2.55	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	4.06	mA
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>5</sup> $V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	All devices	0	mA

- For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#).
- Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at  $V_{CCIO}$  or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off.
- Frequency = 0 MHz.
- $T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Does not include pull-up/pull-down.
- To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

### Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – HC/HE Devices<sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>

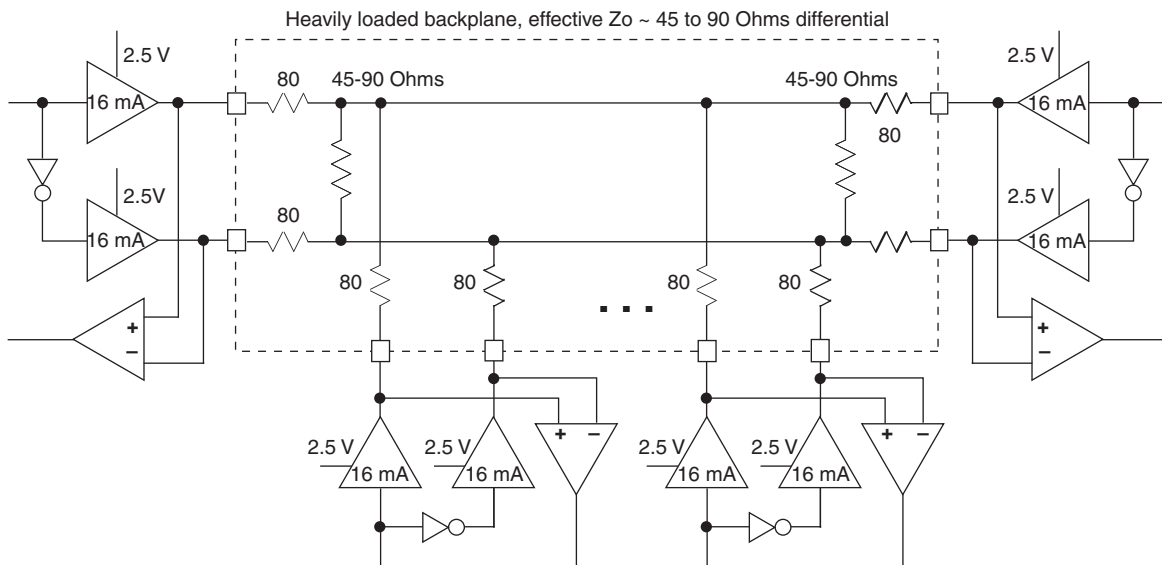
Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. <sup>5</sup>	Units
$I_{CC}$	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-256HC	14.6	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	16.1	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	22.1	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HC	22.1	mA
		LCMXO2-2000UHC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	33.2	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	18.3	mA
		LCMXO2-2000UHE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	23.9	mA
$I_{CCIO}$	Bank Power Supply <sup>6</sup>	All devices	0	mA

- For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#).
- Assumes all inputs are held at  $V_{CCIO}$  or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.
- Typical user pattern.
- JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.
- $T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Per bank.  $V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$ . Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

### BLVDS

The MachXO2 family supports the BLVDS standard through emulation. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs. The input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. BLVDS is intended for use when multi-drop and bi-directional multi-point differential signaling is required. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for bi-directional multi-point differential signals.

**Figure 3-2. BLVDS Multi-point Output Example**



**Table 3-2. BLVDS DC Conditions<sup>1</sup>**

#### Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Nominal		Units
		Zo = 45	Zo = 90	
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Output impedance	20	20	Ohms
R <sub>S</sub>	Driver series resistance	80	80	Ohms
R <sub>TLEFT</sub>	Left end termination	45	90	Ohms
R <sub>TRIGHT</sub>	Right end termination	45	90	Ohms
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	1.376	1.480	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	1.124	1.020	V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage	0.253	0.459	V
V <sub>CM</sub>	Output common mode voltage	1.250	1.250	V
I <sub>DC</sub>	DC output current	11.236	10.204	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.



## Typical Building Block Function Performance – ZE Devices<sup>1</sup>

### Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–3 Timing	Units
<b>Basic Functions</b>		
16-bit decoder	13.9	ns
4:1 MUX	10.9	ns
16:1 MUX	12.0	ns

### Register-to-Register Performance

Function	–3 Timing	Units
<b>Basic Functions</b>		
16:1 MUX	191	MHz
16-bit adder	134	MHz
16-bit counter	148	MHz
64-bit counter	77	MHz
<b>Embedded Memory Functions</b>		
1024x9 True-Dual Port RAM (Write Through or Normal, EBR output registers)	90	MHz
<b>Distributed Memory Functions</b>		
16x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM (one PFU)	214	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.

## Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

Parameter	Description	Device	-3		-2		-1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR4_RX.ECLK.Centered <sup>9, 12</sup>									
t <sub>SU</sub>	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only <sup>11</sup>	0.434	—	0.535	—	0.630	—	ns
t <sub>HO</sub>	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.385	—	0.395	—	0.463	—	ns
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f <sub>DDR4</sub>	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f <sub>SCLK</sub>	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz
7:1 LVDS Inputs – GDDR71_RX.ECLK.7.1 <sup>9, 12</sup>									
t <sub>DVA</sub>	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only <sup>11</sup>	—	0.307	—	0.316	—	0.326	UI
t <sub>DVE</sub>	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.662	—	0.650	—	0.649	—	UI
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDR71 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f <sub>DDR71</sub>	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f <sub>CLKIN</sub>	7:1 Input Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	60	—	50	—	42	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR1_TX.SCLK.Aligned <sup>9, 12</sup>									
t <sub>DIA</sub>	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.850	—	0.910	—	0.970	ns
t <sub>DIB</sub>	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.850	—	0.910	—	0.970	ns
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDR1 Output Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f <sub>DDR1</sub>	DDR1 SCLK frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR1_TX.SCLK.Centered <sup>9, 12</sup>									
t <sub>DVB</sub>	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	2.720	—	3.380	—	4.140	—	ns
t <sub>DVA</sub>	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		2.720	—	3.380	—	4.140	—	ns
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDR1 Output Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f <sub>DDR1</sub>	DDR1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR2_TX.ECLK.Aligned <sup>9, 12</sup>									
t <sub>DIA</sub>	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only	—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
t <sub>DIB</sub>	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDR2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f <sub>DDR2</sub>	DDR2 ECLK frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f <sub>SCLK</sub>	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz

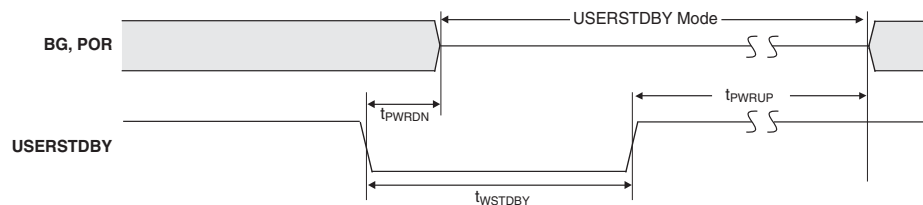
### MachXO2 Oscillator Output Frequency

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
$f_{MAX}$	Oscillator Output Frequency (Commercial Grade Devices, 0 to 85°C)	125.685	133	140.315	MHz
	Oscillator Output Frequency (Industrial Grade Devices, -40 °C to 100 °C)	124.355	133	141.645	MHz
$t_{DT}$	Output Clock Duty Cycle	43	50	57	%
$t_{OPJIT}^1$	Output Clock Period Jitter	0.01	0.012	0.02	UIPP
$t_{STABLEOSC}$	STDBY Low to Oscillator Stable	0.01	0.05	0.1	μs

1. Output Clock Period Jitter specified at 133 MHz. The values for lower frequencies will be smaller UIPP. The typical value for 133 MHz is 95 ps and for 2.08 MHz the typical value is 1.54 ns.

### MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – HC/HE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
$t_{PWRDN}$	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	—	—	9	ns
$t_{PWRUP}$	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-256		—		μs
		LCMXO2-640		—		μs
		LCMXO2-640U		—		μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	—	50	μs
		LCMXO2-1200U		—		μs
		LCMXO2-2000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-2000U		—		μs
		LCMXO2-4000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-7000		—		μs
$t_{WSTDBY}$	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	18	—	—	ns



### MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – ZE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
$t_{PWRDN}$	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	—	—	13	ns
$t_{PWRUP}$	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-256		—		μs
		LCMXO2-640		—		μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	—	50	μs
		LCMXO2-2000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-4000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-7000		—		μs
$t_{WSTDBY}$	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	19	—	—	ns
$t_{BNDGAPSTBL}$	USERSTDBY High to Bandgap Stable	All	—	—	15	ns

### Pinout Information Summary

	MachXO2-256					MachXO2-640			MachXO2-640U
	32 QFN <sup>1</sup>	48 QFN <sup>3</sup>	64 ucBGA	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	48 QFN <sup>3</sup>	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP
<b>General Purpose I/O per Bank</b>									
Bank 0	8	10	9	13	13	10	18	19	27
Bank 1	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 2	9	10	11	14	14	10	20	20	28
Bank 3	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	21	40	44	55	55	40	78	79	107
<b>Differential I/O per Bank</b>									
Bank 0	4	5	5	7	7	5	9	10	14
Bank 1	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 2	4	5	5	7	7	5	10	10	14
Bank 3	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	10	20	22	28	28	20	39	40	54
<b>Dual Function I/O</b>									
	22	25	27	29	29	25	29	29	33
<b>High-speed Differential I/O</b>									
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
<b>Gearboxes</b>									
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
<b>DQS Groups</b>									
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
<b>VCCIO Pins</b>									
Bank 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 3	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VCC	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
GND <sup>2</sup>	2	1	8	8	8	1	8	10	12
NC	0	0	1	26	58	0	3	32	8
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	32	49	64	100	132	49	100	132	144

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.
2. For 48 QFN package, exposed die pad is the device ground.
3. 48-pin QFN information is 'Advanced'.

	MachXO2-1200					MachXO2-1200U
	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	25 WLCSP	32 QFN <sup>1</sup>	256 ftBGA
<b>General Purpose I/O per Bank</b>						
Bank 0	18	25	27	11	9	50
Bank 1	21	26	26	0	2	52
Bank 2	20	28	28	7	9	52
Bank 3	20	25	26	0	2	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	79	104	107	18	22	206
<b>Differential I/O per Bank</b>						
Bank 0	9	13	14	5	4	25
Bank 1	10	13	13	0	1	26
Bank 2	10	14	14	2	4	26
Bank 3	10	12	13	0	1	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	39	52	54	7	10	103
<b>Dual Function I/O</b>						
	31	33	33	18	22	33
<b>High-speed Differential I/O</b>						
Bank 0	4	7	7	0	0	14
<b>Gearboxes</b>						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	4	7	7	0	0	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	5	7	7	0	2	14
<b>DQS Groups</b>						
Bank 1	1	2	2	0	0	2
<b>VCCIO Pins</b>						
Bank 0	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 1	2	3	3	0	1	4
Bank 2	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 3	3	3	3	0	1	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	1
VCC	2	4	4	2	2	8
GND	8	10	12	2	2	24
NC	1	1	8	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	100	132	144	25	32	256

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1QN84C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2QN84C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3QN84C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

**High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging**

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640HC-4SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-4TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-4MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640UHC-4TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-640UHC-5TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-640UHC-6TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4SG32C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5SG32C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6SG32C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200UHC-4FTG256C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-1200UHC-5FTG256C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-1200UHC-6FTG256C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG100C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG100C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG100C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4MG132C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5MG132C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6MG132C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG144C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG144C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG144C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4BG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5BG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6BG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4FTG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5FTG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6FTG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM



## R1 Device Specifications

The LCMXO2-1200ZE/HC “R1” devices have the same specifications as their Standard (non-R1) counterparts except as listed below. For more details on the R1 to Standard migration refer to AN8086, [Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard Non-R1\) Devices](#).

- The User Flash Memory (UFM) cannot be programmed through the internal WISHBONE interface. It can still be programmed through the JTAG/SPI/I<sup>2</sup>C ports.
- The on-chip differential input termination resistor value is higher than intended. It is approximately 200Ω as opposed to the intended 100Ω. It is recommended to use external termination resistors for differential inputs. The on-chip termination resistors can be disabled through Lattice design software.
- Soft Error Detection logic may not produce the correct result when it is run for the first time after configuration. To use this feature, discard the result from the first operation. Subsequent operations will produce the correct result.
- Under certain conditions, I<sub>IH</sub> exceeds data sheet specifications. The following table provides more details:

Condition	Clamp	Pad Rising I <sub>IH</sub> Max.	Pad Falling I <sub>IH</sub> Min.	Steady State Pad High I <sub>IH</sub>	Steady State Pad Low I <sub>IL</sub>
VPAD > VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 μA
VPAD = VCCIO	ON	10 μA	–10 μA	10 μA	10 μA
VPAD = VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 μA
VPAD < VCCIO	OFF	10 μA	–10 μA	10 μA	10 μA

- The user SPI interface does not operate correctly in some situations. During master read access and slave write access, the last byte received does not generate the RRDY interrupt.
- In GDDR2, GDDR4 and GDDR71 modes, ECLKSYNC may have a glitch in the output under certain conditions, leading to possible loss of synchronization.
- When using the hard I<sup>2</sup>C IP core, the I<sup>2</sup>C status registers I2C\_1\_SR and I2C\_2\_SR may not update correctly.
- PLL Lock signal will glitch high when coming out of standby. This glitch lasts for about 10 μsec before returning low.
- Dual boot only available on HC devices, requires tying VCC and VCCIO2 to the same 3.3 V or 2.5 V supply.

# MachXO2 Family Data Sheet

## Revision History

March 2017

Data Sheet DS1035

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2017	3.3	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the <a href="#">Absolute Maximum Ratings</a> section. Added standards.
			Updated the <a href="#">sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions</a> section. Added standards.
			Updated the <a href="#">sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics</a> section. Added standards.
			Updated the <a href="#">MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices</a> section. Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, the $D_{VB}$ and the $D_{VA}$ parameters were changed to $D_{IB}$ and $D_{IA}$ . The parameter descriptions were also modified.
			Updated the <a href="#">MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices</a> section. Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, the $D_{VB}$ and the $D_{VA}$ parameters were changed to $D_{IB}$ and $D_{IA}$ . The parameter descriptions were also modified.
			Updated the <a href="#">sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications</a> section. Corrected the $t_{INITL}$ units from ns to $\mu$ s.
		Pinout Information	Updated the <a href="#">Signal Descriptions</a> section. Revised the descriptions of the PROGRAMN, INITN, and DONE signals.
			Updated the <a href="#">Pinout Information Summary</a> section. Added footnote to MachXO2-1200 32 QFN.
		Ordering Information	Updated the <a href="#">MachXO2 Part Number Description</a> section. Corrected the MG184, BG256, FTG256 package information. Added “(0.8 mm Pitch)” to BG332.
			Updated the <a href="#">Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging</a> section. — Updated LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR50 footnote. — Corrected footnote numbering typo. — Added the LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K part numbers. Updated/added footnote/s.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2016	3.2	All	Moved designation for 84 QFN package information from 'Advanced' to 'Final'.
		Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 'Advanced' 48 QFN package. — Revised footnote 6. — Added footnote 9.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Signal Descriptions section. Added information on GND signal.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-256 48 QFN values. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-640 48 QFN values. — Added footnote to GND. — Added footnotes 2 and 3.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added 'Advanced' SG48 package and revised footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 'Advanced' QFN 48 package.
March 2016	3.1	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 32 QFN value for XO2-1200. — Added 84 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm) package. — Modified package name to 100-pin TQFP. — Modified package name to 144-pin TQFP. — Added footnote.
		Architecture	Updated the Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up section. Removed reference to TN1202.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Revised $t_{DPPDONE}$ and $t_{DPPINIT}$ Max. values per PCN 03A-16, released March 2016.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added MachXO2-1200 32 QFN values. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-4000 84 QFN values.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added 'Advanced' QN84 package and footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 1280 LUTs QFN 32 package. — Added part numbers for 4320 LUTs QFN 84 package.
March 2015	3.0	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Changed 64-ball ucBGA dimension.
		Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
December 2014	2.9	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Removed XO2-4000U data. — Removed 400-ball ftBGA. — Removed 25-ball WLCSP value for XO2-2000U.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for $V_{CC}$ and $V_{CCIO}$ . Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTTL, PCI, LVDS33 and LVPECL.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Removed MachXO2-4000U.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Removed BG400 package.
			Updated the High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers. Updated the High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
November 2014	2.8	Introduction	Updated the Features section. — Revised I/Os under Flexible Logic Architecture. — Revised standby power under Ultra Low Power Devices. — Revise input frequency range under Flexible On-Chip Clocking. Updated Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added XO2-4000U data. — Removed HE and ZE device options for XO2-4000. — Added 400-ball ftBGA.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added BG400 package.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400 part numbers.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
October 2014	2.7	Ordering Information	Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Fixed typo in LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR part number package.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition. Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition. Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
July 2014	2.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics <sup>1,2</sup> section. Updated footnote 4. Updated Register-to-Register Performance section. Updated footnote.
			Updated UW49 package to UWG49 in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
		Ordering Information	Updated LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR package in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2011	01.3	Multiple	Replaced “SED” with “SRAM CRC Error Detection” throughout the document.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added footnote 1 to Program Erase Specifications table.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary tables.
			Signal name SO/SISPISO changed to SO/SPISO in the Signal Descriptions table.
April 2011	01.2	—	Data sheet status changed from Advance to Preliminary.
		Introduction	Updated MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Updated Supported Input Standards table.
			Updated sysMEM Memory Primitives diagram.
			Added differential SSTL and HSTL IO standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updates following parameters: POR voltage levels, DC electrical characteristics, static supply current for ZE/HE/HC devices, static power consumption contribution of different components – ZE devices, programming and erase Flash supply current.
			Added VREF specifications to sysIO recommended operating conditions.
			Updating timing information based on characterization.
			Added differential SSTL and HSTL IO standards.
		Ordering Information	Added Ordering Part Numbers for R1 devices, and devices in WLCSP packages.
			Added R1 device specifications.
January 2011	01.1	All	Included ultra-high I/O devices.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Recommended Operating Conditions table – Added footnote 3.
			DC Electrical Characteristics table – Updated data for $I_{IL}$ , $I_{IH}$ , $V_{HYST}$ typical values updated.
			Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDR2_TX.ECLK.Aligned) Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input tables – Updated data for $T_{DIA}$ and $T_{DIB}$ .
			Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDR4_TX.ECLK.Aligned) Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input tables – Updated data for $T_{DIA}$ and $T_{DIB}$ .
			Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table - clarified note 3.
			Clarified VCCIO related recommended operating conditions specifications.
			Added power supply ramp rate requirements.
			Added Power Supply Ramp Rates table.
			Updated Programming/Erase Specifications table.
			Removed references to $V_{CCP}$ .
		Pinout Information	Included number of 7:1 and 8:1 gearboxes (input and output) in the pin information summary tables.
			Removed references to $V_{CCP}$ .
November 2010	01.0	—	Initial release.