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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	160
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1280
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	107
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmx02-1200ze-1tg144i

Introduction

The MachXO2 family of ultra low power, instant-on, non-volatile PLDs has six devices with densities ranging from 256 to 6864 Look-Up Tables (LUTs). In addition to LUT-based, low-cost programmable logic these devices feature Embedded Block RAM (EBR), Distributed RAM, User Flash Memory (UFM), Phase Locked Loops (PLLs), pre-engineered source synchronous I/O support, advanced configuration support including dual-boot capability and hardened versions of commonly used functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/counter. These features allow these devices to be used in low cost, high volume consumer and system applications.

The MachXO2 devices are designed on a 65 nm non-volatile low power process. The device architecture has several features such as programmable low swing differential I/Os and the ability to turn off I/O banks, on-chip PLLs and oscillators dynamically. These features help manage static and dynamic power consumption resulting in low static power for all members of the family.

The MachXO2 devices are available in two versions – ultra low power (ZE) and high performance (HC and HE) devices. The ultra low power devices are offered in three speed grades –1, –2 and –3, with –3 being the fastest. Similarly, the high-performance devices are offered in three speed grades: –4, –5 and –6, with –6 being the fastest. HC devices have an internal linear voltage regulator which supports external V_{CC} supply voltages of 3.3 V or 2.5 V. ZE and HE devices only accept 1.2 V as the external V_{CC} supply voltage. With the exception of power supply voltage all three types of devices (ZE, HC and HE) are functionally compatible and pin compatible with each other.

The MachXO2 PLDs are available in a broad range of advanced halogen-free packages ranging from the space saving 2.5 mm x 2.5 mm WLCSP to the 23 mm x 23 mm fpBGA. MachXO2 devices support density migration within the same package. Table 1-1 shows the LUT densities, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

The pre-engineered source synchronous logic implemented in the MachXO2 device family supports a broad range of interface standards, including LPDDR, DDR, DDR2 and 7:1 gearing for display I/Os.

The MachXO2 devices offer enhanced I/O features such as drive strength control, slew rate control, PCI compatibility, bus-keeper latches, pull-up resistors, pull-down resistors, open drain outputs and hot socketing. Pull-up, pull-down and bus-keeper features are controllable on a “per-pin” basis.

A user-programmable internal oscillator is included in MachXO2 devices. The clock output from this oscillator may be divided by the timer/counter for use as clock input in functions such as LED control, key-board scanner and similar state machines.

The MachXO2 devices also provide flexible, reliable and secure configuration from on-chip Flash memory. These devices can also configure themselves from external SPI Flash or be configured by an external master through the JTAG test access port or through the I²C port. Additionally, MachXO2 devices support dual-boot capability (using external Flash memory) and remote field upgrade (TransFR) capability.

Lattice provides a variety of design tools that allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the MachXO2 family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for MachXO2. Lattice design tools use the synthesis tool output along with the user-specified preferences and constraints to place and route the design in the MachXO2 device. These tools extract the timing from the routing and back-annotate it into the design for timing verification.

Lattice provides many pre-engineered IP (Intellectual Property) LatticeCORE™ modules, including a number of reference designs licensed free of charge, optimized for the MachXO2 PLD family. By using these configurable soft core IP cores as standardized blocks, users are free to concentrate on the unique aspects of their design, increasing their productivity.

Output Register Block

The output register block registers signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers.

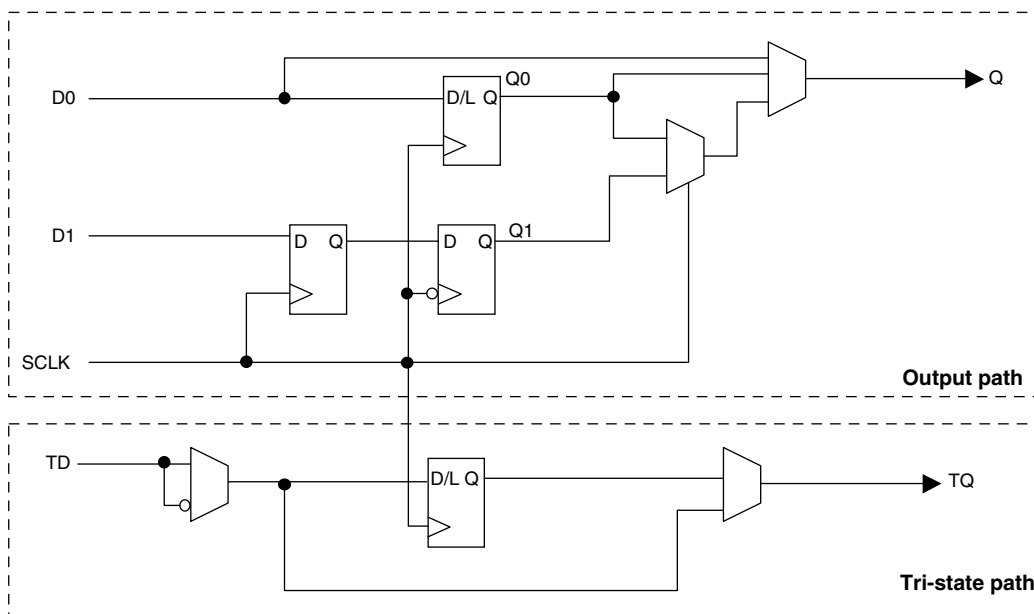
Left, Top, Bottom Edges

In SDR mode, D0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type register or latch.

In DDR generic mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the same clock is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-14 shows the output register block on the left, top and bottom edges.

Figure 2-14. MachXO2 Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Right Edge

The output register block on the right edge is a superset of the output register on left, top and bottom edges of the device. In addition to supporting SDR and Generic DDR modes, the output register blocks for PIOs on the right edge include additional logic to support DDR-memory interfaces. Operation of this block is similar to that of the output register block on other edges.

In DDR memory mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the DQSW90 signal is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-15 shows the output register block on the right edge.

More information on the input gearbox is available in TN1203, [Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices](#).

Output Gearbox

Each PIC on the top edge has a built-in 8:1 output gearbox. Each of these output gearboxes may be programmed as a 7:1 serializer or as one ODDR4 (8:1) gearbox or as two ODDR2 (4:1) gearboxes. Table 2-10 shows the gearbox signals.

Table 2-10. Output Gearbox Signal List

Name	I/O Type	Description
Q	Output	High-speed data output
D[7:0]	Input	Low-speed data from device core
Video TX(7:1): D[6:0]		
GDDR4(8:1): D[7:0]		
GDDR2(4:1)(IOL-A): D[3:0]		
GDDR2(4:1)(IOL-C): D[7:4]		
SCLK	Input	Slow-speed system clock
ECLK [1:0]	Input	High-speed edge clock
RST	Input	Reset

The gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the low-speed input data on the low-speed system clock. The second stage registers transfer data from the low-speed clock registers to the high-speed clock registers. The third stage pipeline registers controlled by high-speed edge clock shift and mux the high-speed data out to the sysIO buffer. Figure 2-17 shows the output gearbox block diagram.

Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	V _{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-Ended Interfaces	
LVTTL	3.3
LVC MOS33	3.3
LVC MOS25	2.5
LVC MOS18	1.8
LVC MOS15	1.5
LVC MOS12	1.2
LVC MOS33, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS25, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS18, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS15, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS12, Open Drain	—
PCI33	3.3
SSTL25 (Class I)	2.5
SSTL18 (Class I)	1.8
HSTL18(Class I)	1.8
Differential Interfaces	
LVDS ^{1,2}	2.5, 3.3
BLVDS, MLVDS, RSDS ²	2.5
LVPECL ²	3.3
MIPI ²	2.5
Differential SSTL18	1.8
Differential SSTL25	2.5
Differential HSTL18	1.8

1. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The numbers of banks vary between the devices of this family. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and higher density devices have six I/O banks (one bank on the top, right and bottom side and three banks on the left side). The MachXO2-1200 and lower density devices have four banks (one bank per side). Figures 2-18 and 2-19 show the sysIO banks and their associated supplies for all devices.

Static Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁴	Units
I_{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-256ZE	18	μA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	28	μA
		LCMXO2-1200ZE	56	μA
		LCMXO2-2000ZE	80	μA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	124	μA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	189	μA
I_{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁵ $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	All devices	1	μA

- For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#).
- Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off. To estimate the impact of turning each of these items on, please refer to the following table or for more detail with your specific design use the Power Calculator tool.
- Frequency = 0 MHz.
- $T_J = 25^\circ C$, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- Does not include pull-up/pull-down.
- To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

Static Power Consumption Contribution of Different Components – ZE Devices

The table below can be used for approximating static power consumption. For a more accurate power analysis for your design please use the Power Calculator tool.

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Units
I_{DCBG}	Bandgap DC power contribution	101	μA
I_{DCPOR}	POR DC power contribution	38	μA
$I_{DCIOBANKCONTROLLER}$	DC power contribution per I/O bank controller	143	μA

Input/Output Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL} Max. (V)	V_{OH} Min. (V)	I_{OL} Max. ⁴ (mA)	I_{OH} Max. ⁴ (mA)
	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVC MOS10R25	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

1. MachXO2 devices allow LVC MOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V_{CCIO} is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO2 devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.
2. MachXO2 devices allow for LVC MOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to please refer to TN1202, [MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide](#).
3. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a V_{IL} min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.
4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive V_{CCIO} or GND pad connections, or between the last V_{CCIO} or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of $n * 8$ mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank V_{CCIO} or GND connections or between the last V_{CCIO} and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.

Input Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)	V_{IL} Max. (V)
LVC MOS 33	1.5	0.685
LVC MOS 25	1.5	0.687
LVC MOS 18	1.5	0.655

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

The LVDS differential output buffers are available on the top side of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices in the MachXO2 PLD family.

LVDS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{INP} V_{INM}	Input Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	0	—	2.605	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V	0	—	2.05	V
V_{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		±100	—		mV
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	0.05	—	2.6	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V	0.05	—	2.0	V
I_{IN}	Input current	Power on	—	—	±10	μA
V_{OH}	Output high voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100$ Ohm	—	1.375	—	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100$ Ohm	0.90	1.025	—	V
V_{OD}	Output voltage differential	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})$, $R_T = 100$ Ohm	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} between high and low		—	—	50	mV
V_{OS}	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} + V_{OM})/2$, $R_T = 100$ Ohm	1.125	1.20	1.395	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V_{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I_{OSD}	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0$ V driver outputs shorted	—	—	24	mA

LVPECL

The MachXO2 family supports the differential LVPECL standard through emulation. This output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all the devices. The LVPECL input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Differential LVPECL is one possible solution for point-to-point signals.

Figure 3-3. Differential LVPECL

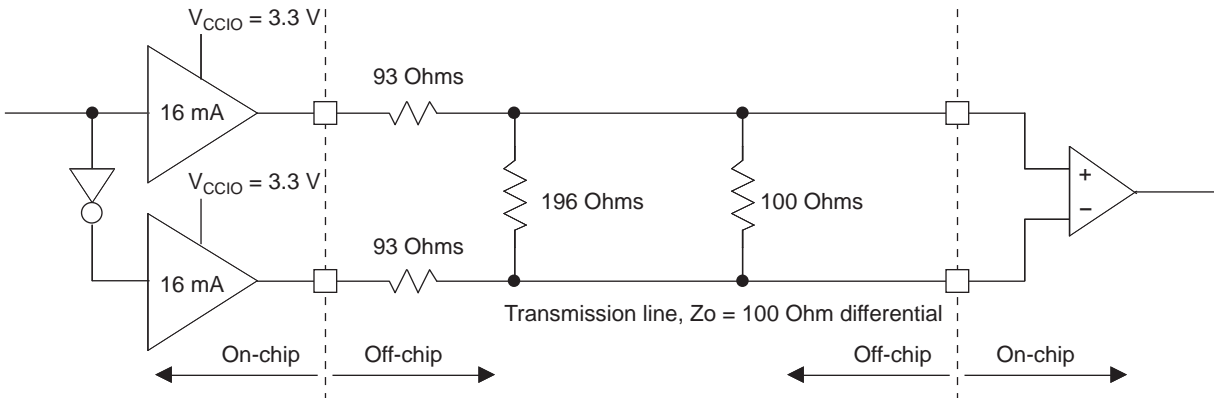


Table 3-3. LVPECL DC Conditions¹

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Nominal	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	93	Ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	196	Ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	2.05	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.25	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.80	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.65	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	100.5	Ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	12.11	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

For further information on LVPECL, BLVDS and other differential interfaces please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Building Block Function Performance – ZE Devices¹

Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–3 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	13.9	ns
4:1 MUX	10.9	ns
16:1 MUX	12.0	ns

Register-to-Register Performance

Function	–3 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16:1 MUX	191	MHz
16-bit adder	134	MHz
16-bit counter	148	MHz
64-bit counter	77	MHz
Embedded Memory Functions		
1024x9 True-Dual Port RAM (Write Through or Normal, EBR output registers)	90	MHz
Distributed Memory Functions		
16x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM (one PFU)	214	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.

Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{IN}	Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)		7	400	MHz
f_{OUT}	Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2)		1.5625	400	MHz
f_{OUT2}	Output Frequency (CLKOS3 cascaded from CLKOS2)		0.0122	400	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO Frequency		200	800	MHz
f_{PFD}	Phase Detector Input Frequency		7	400	MHz
AC Characteristics					
t_{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	Without duty trim selected ³	45	55	%
$t_{DT_TRIM}^7$	Edge Duty Trim Accuracy		-75	75	%
t_{PH}^4	Output Phase Accuracy		-6	6	%
$t_{OPJIT}^{1,8}$	Output Clock Period Jitter	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	150	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.007	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	180	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.009	UIPP
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	$f_{PFD} > 100$ MHz	—	160	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 100$ MHz	—	0.011	UIPP
	Output Clock Period Jitter (Fractional-N)	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	230	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.12	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter (Fractional-N)	$f_{OUT} > 100$ MHz	—	230	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.12	UIPP
t_{SPO}	Static Phase Offset	Divider ratio = integer	-120	120	ps
t_W	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10% ³	0.9	—	ns
$t_{LOCK}^{2,5}$	PLL Lock-in Time		—	15	ms
t_{UNLOCK}	PLL Unlock Time		—	50	ns
t_{IPJIT}^6	Input Clock Period Jitter	$f_{PFD} \geq 20$ MHz	—	1,000	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 20$ MHz	—	0.02	UIPP
t_{HI}	Input Clock High Time	90% to 90%	0.5	—	ns
t_{LO}	Input Clock Low Time	10% to 10%	0.5	—	ns
t_{STABLE}^5	STANDBY High to PLL Stable		—	15	ms
t_{RST}	RST/RESETM Pulse Width		1	—	ns
t_{RSTREC}	RST Recovery Time		1	—	ns
t_{RST_DIV}	RESETC/D Pulse Width		10	—	ns
t_{RSTREC_DIV}	RESETC/D Recovery Time		1	—	ns
$t_{ROTATE-SETUP}$	PHASESTEP Setup Time		10	—	ns

sysCLOCK PLL Timing (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
$t_{\text{ROTATE_WD}}$	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4	—	VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. Using LVDS output buffers.
4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1199, [MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide](#) for more details.
5. At minimum f_{PFD} . As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.
6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.
7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.
8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.

Flash Download Time^{1, 2}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Units
t_{REFRESH}	POR to Device I/O Active	LCMXO2-256	0.6	ms
		LCMXO2-640	1.0	ms
		LCMXO2-640U	1.9	ms
		LCMXO2-1200	1.9	ms
		LCMXO2-1200U	1.4	ms
		LCMXO2-2000	1.4	ms
		LCMXO2-2000U	2.4	ms
		LCMXO2-4000	2.4	ms
		LCMXO2-7000	3.8	ms

1. Assumes sysMEM EBR initialized to an all zero pattern if they are used.

2. The Flash download time is measured starting from the maximum voltage of POR trip point.

JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{MAX}	TCK clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	10	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
t_{BTCODIS}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCOEN}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCRH}	BSCAN test capture register hold time	20	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
t_{BTUODIS}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	25	ns
t_{BTUPOEN}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	25	ns

Pinout Information Summary

	MachXO2-256					MachXO2-640			MachXO2-640U
	32 QFN ¹	48 QFN ³	64 ucBGA	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	48 QFN ³	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP
General Purpose I/O per Bank									
Bank 0	8	10	9	13	13	10	18	19	27
Bank 1	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 2	9	10	11	14	14	10	20	20	28
Bank 3	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	21	40	44	55	55	40	78	79	107
Differential I/O per Bank									
Bank 0	4	5	5	7	7	5	9	10	14
Bank 1	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 2	4	5	5	7	7	5	10	10	14
Bank 3	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	10	20	22	28	28	20	39	40	54
Dual Function I/O									
	22	25	27	29	29	25	29	29	33
High-speed Differential I/O									
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Gearboxes									
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
DQS Groups									
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins									
Bank 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 3	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VCC	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
GND ²	2	1	8	8	8	1	8	10	12
NC	0	0	1	26	58	0	3	32	8
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	32	49	64	100	132	49	100	132	144

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.
2. For 48 QFN package, exposed die pad is the device ground.
3. 48-pin QFN information is 'Advanced'.

	MachXO2-1200					MachXO2-1200U
	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	25 WLCSP	32 QFN ¹	256 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	18	25	27	11	9	50
Bank 1	21	26	26	0	2	52
Bank 2	20	28	28	7	9	52
Bank 3	20	25	26	0	2	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	79	104	107	18	22	206
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	9	13	14	5	4	25
Bank 1	10	13	13	0	1	26
Bank 2	10	14	14	2	4	26
Bank 3	10	12	13	0	1	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	39	52	54	7	10	103
Dual Function I/O						
	31	33	33	18	22	33
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	4	7	7	0	0	14
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	4	7	7	0	0	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	5	7	7	0	2	14
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	1	2	2	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 1	2	3	3	0	1	4
Bank 2	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 3	3	3	3	0	1	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	1
VCC						
	2	4	4	2	2	8
GND						
	8	10	12	2	2	24
NC						
	1	1	8	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration						
	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	100	132	144	25	32	256

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.



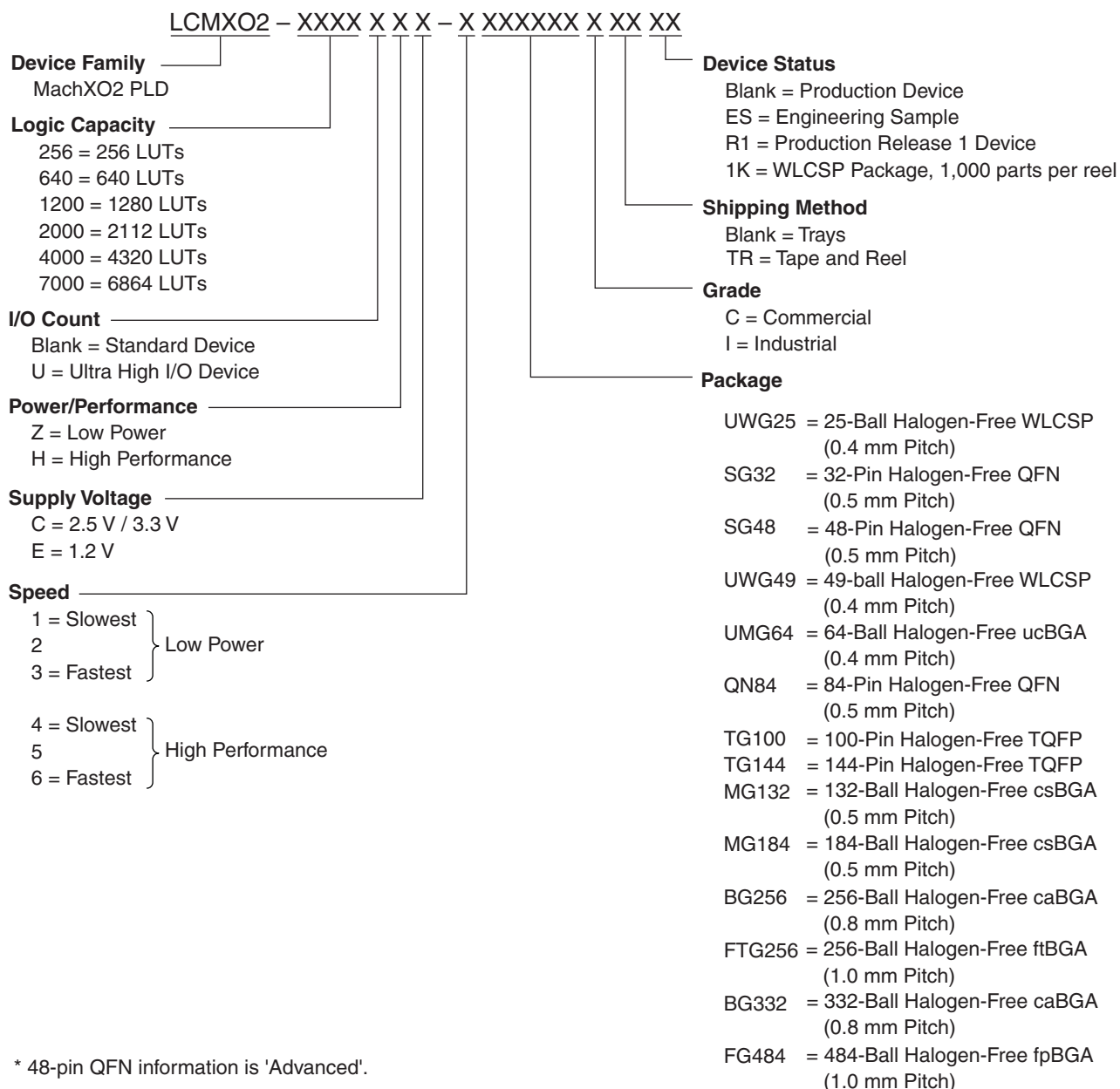
MachXO2 Family Data Sheet

Ordering Information

March 2017

Data Sheet DS1035

MachXO2 Part Number Description



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HC-4TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

1. Specifications for the “LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package CR1” are the same as the “LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package C” devices respectively, except as specified in the [R1 Device Specifications](#) section of this data sheet.

High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices without Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-4MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-5MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-6MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-4BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-5BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-6BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-4FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-5FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HE-6FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHE-4FG484C	2112	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHE-5FG484C	2112	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHE-6FG484C	2112	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-4TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG184C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG184C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG184C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200UHC-4FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-5FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-6FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HC-4TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

R1 Device Specifications

The LCMXO2-1200ZE/HC “R1” devices have the same specifications as their Standard (non-R1) counterparts except as listed below. For more details on the R1 to Standard migration refer to AN8086, [Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard Non-R1\) Devices](#).

- The User Flash Memory (UFM) cannot be programmed through the internal WISHBONE interface. It can still be programmed through the JTAG/SPI/I²C ports.
- The on-chip differential input termination resistor value is higher than intended. It is approximately 200Ω as opposed to the intended 100Ω. It is recommended to use external termination resistors for differential inputs. The on-chip termination resistors can be disabled through Lattice design software.
- Soft Error Detection logic may not produce the correct result when it is run for the first time after configuration. To use this feature, discard the result from the first operation. Subsequent operations will produce the correct result.
- Under certain conditions, I_{IH} exceeds data sheet specifications. The following table provides more details:

Condition	Clamp	Pad Rising I _{IH} Max.	Pad Falling I _{IH} Min.	Steady State Pad High I _{IH}	Steady State Pad Low I _{IL}
VPAD > VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 μA
VPAD = VCCIO	ON	10 μA	–10 μA	10 μA	10 μA
VPAD = VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 μA
VPAD < VCCIO	OFF	10 μA	–10 μA	10 μA	10 μA

- The user SPI interface does not operate correctly in some situations. During master read access and slave write access, the last byte received does not generate the RRDY interrupt.
- In GDDR2, GDDR4 and GDDR71 modes, ECLKSYNC may have a glitch in the output under certain conditions, leading to possible loss of synchronization.
- When using the hard I²C IP core, the I²C status registers I2C_1_SR and I2C_2_SR may not update correctly.
- PLL Lock signal will glitch high when coming out of standby. This glitch lasts for about 10 μsec before returning low.
- Dual boot only available on HC devices, requires tying VCC and VCCIO2 to the same 3.3 V or 2.5 V supply.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
December 2014	2.9	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Removed XO2-4000U data. — Removed 400-ball ftBGA. — Removed 25-ball WLCSP value for XO2-2000U.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} . Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTTL, PCI, LVDS33 and LVPECL.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Removed MachXO2-4000U.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Removed BG400 package.
			Updated the High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers. Updated the High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
November 2014	2.8	Introduction	Updated the Features section. — Revised I/Os under Flexible Logic Architecture. — Revised standby power under Ultra Low Power Devices. — Revise input frequency range under Flexible On-Chip Clocking. Updated Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added XO2-4000U data. — Removed HE and ZE device options for XO2-4000. — Added 400-ball ftBGA.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added BG400 package.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400 part numbers.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
October 2014	2.7	Ordering Information	Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Fixed typo in LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR part number package.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition. Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition. Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
July 2014	2.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics ^{1,2} section. Updated footnote 4. Updated Register-to-Register Performance section. Updated footnote.
			Updated UW49 package to UWG49 in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
		Ordering Information	Updated LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR package in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging.