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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	160
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1280
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	79
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-1200ze-2tg100cr1

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Modes of Operation

Each slice has up to four potential modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM and ROM.

Logic Mode

In this mode, the LUTs in each slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables. A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any four input logic functions can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one slice. Larger look-up tables such as LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other slices. Note LUT8 requires more than four slices.

Ripple Mode

Ripple mode supports the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In Ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each slice:

- · Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- · Up counter 2-bit
- · Down counter 2-bit
- Up/down counter with asynchronous clear
- Up/down counter with preload (sync)
- · Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Multiplier support
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
 - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
 - A not-equal-to B
 - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Ripple mode includes an optional configuration that performs arithmetic using fast carry chain methods. In this configuration (also referred to as CCU2 mode) two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated on a per-slice basis to allow fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating slices.

RAM Mode

In this mode, a 16x4-bit distributed single port RAM (SPR) can be constructed by using each LUT block in Slice 0 and Slice 1 as a 16x1-bit memory. Slice 2 is used to provide memory address and control signals.

MachXO2 devices support distributed memory initialization.

The Lattice design tools support the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. For more information about using RAM in MachXO2 devices, please see TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

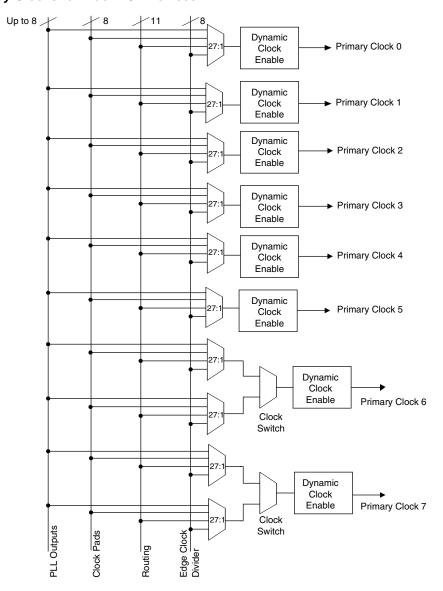
Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

	SPR 16x4	PDPR 16x4
Number of slices	3	3

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, PDPR = Pseudo Dual Port RAM



Figure 2-5. Primary Clocks for MachXO2 Devices



Primary clocks for MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.

Note: MachXO2-640 and smaller devices do not have inputs from the Edge Clock Divider or PLL and fewer routing inputs. These devices have 17:1 muxes instead of 27:1 muxes.

Eight secondary high fanout nets are generated from eight 8:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-6. One of the eight inputs to the secondary high fanout net input mux comes from dual function clock pins and the remaining seven come from internal routing. The maximum frequency for the secondary clock network is shown in MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.



Programmable I/O Cells (PIC)

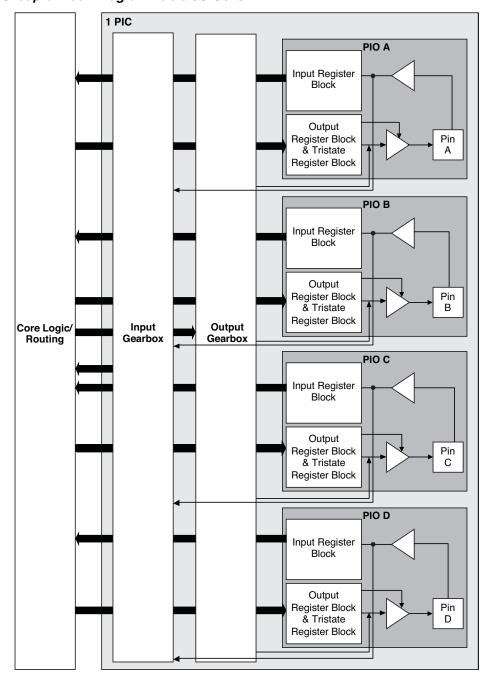
The programmable logic associated with an I/O is called a PIO. The individual PIO are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and pads. On the MachXO2 devices, the PIO cells are assembled into groups of four PIO cells called a Programmable I/O Cell or PIC. The PICs are placed on all four sides of the device.

On all the MachXO2 devices, two adjacent PIOs can be combined to provide a complementary output driver pair.

The MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices contain enhanced I/O capability. All PIO pairs on these larger devices can implement differential receivers. Half of the PIO pairs on the top edge of these devices can be configured as true LVDS transmit pairs. The PIO pairs on the bottom edge of these higher density devices have on-chip differential termination and also provide PCI support.



Figure 2-11. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells



Notes

- 1. Input gearbox is available only in PIC on the bottom edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.
- 2. Output gearbox is available only in PIC on the top edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.



Hot Socketing

The MachXO2 devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the MachXO2 ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

On-chip Oscillator

Every MachXO2 device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator output can be routed as a clock to the clock tree or as a reference clock to the sysCLOCK PLL using general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit and a user input to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 2.08 MHz to 133 MHz. The software default value of the Master Clock (MCLK) is nominally 2.08 MHz. When a different MCLK is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

- 1. Device powers up with a nominal MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.
- During configuration, users select a different master clock frequency.
- The MCLK frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.
- 4. If the user does not select a master clock frequency, then the configuration bitstream defaults to the MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.

Table 2-14 lists all the available MCLK frequencies.

Table 2-14. Available MCLK Frequencies

MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)
2.08 (default)	9.17	33.25
2.46	10.23	38
3.17	13.3	44.33
4.29	14.78	53.2
5.54	20.46	66.5
7	26.6	88.67
8.31	29.56	133

Embedded Hardened IP Functions and User Flash Memory

All MachXO2 devices provide embedded hardened functions such as SPI, I²C and Timer/Counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These embedded blocks interface through the WISHBONE interface with routing as shown in Figure 2-20.



Figure 2-21. PC Core Block Diagram

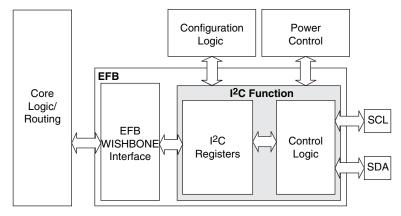


Table 2-15 describes the signals interfacing with the I²C cores.

Table 2-15. I'C Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Description
i2c_scl	Bi-directional	Bi-directional clock line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output if the I ² C core is in master mode. The signal is an input if the I ² C core is in slave mode. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_sda	Bi-directional	Bi-directional data line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output when data is transmitted from the I ² C core. The signal is an input when data is received into the I ² C core. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_irqo	Output	Interrupt request output signal of the I ² C core. The intended usage of this signal is for it to be connected to the WISHBONE master controller (i.e. a microcontroller or state machine) and request an interrupt when a specific condition is met. These conditions are described with the I ² C register definitions.
cfg_wake	Output	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I ² C Tab.
cfg_stdby	Output	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I ² C Tab.

Hardened SPI IP Core

Every MachXO2 device has a hard SPI IP core that can be configured as a SPI master or slave. When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other SPI enabled chips connected to the SPI bus. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to interface to an external SPI master. The SPI IP core on MachXO2 devices supports the following functions:

- · Configurable Master and Slave modes
- · Full-Duplex data transfer
- Mode fault error flag with CPU interrupt capability
- · Double-buffered data register
- · Serial clock with programmable polarity and phase
- · LSB First or MSB First Data Transfer
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface



There are some limitations on the use of the hardened user SPI. These are defined in the following technical notes:

- TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology (Appendix B)
- TN1205, Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices

Figure 2-22. SPI Core Block Diagram

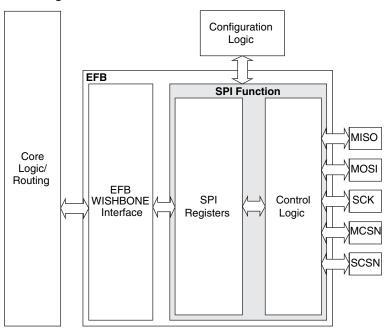


Table 2-16 describes the signals interfacing with the SPI cores.

Table 2-16. SPI Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Master/Slave	Description			
spi_csn[0]	0	Master	SPI master chip-select output			
spi_csn[17]	0	Master	Additional SPI chip-select outputs (total up to eight slaves)			
spi_scsn	I	Slave	SPI slave chip-select input			
spi_irq	0	Master/Slave	Interrupt request			
spi_clk	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI clock. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.			
spi_miso	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Input in master mode. Output in slave mode.			
spi_mosi	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.			
ufm_sn	I	Slave	Configuration Slave Chip Select (active low), dedicated for selecting the User Flash Memory (UFM).			
cfg_stdby	0	Master/Slave	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.			
cfg_wake	0	Master/Slave	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.			



MachXO2 Family Data Sheet DC and Switching Characteristics

March 2017 Data Sheet DS1035

Absolute Maximum Ratings^{1, 2, 3}

	MachXO2 ZE/HE (1.2 V)	MachXO2 HC (2.5 V / 3.3 V)
Supply Voltage V _{CC}	–0.5 V to 1.32 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Output Supply Voltage V _{CCIO}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
I/O Tri-state Voltage Applied ^{4, 5}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	0.5 V to 3.75 V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied ⁴	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	0.5 V to 3.75 V
Storage Temperature (Ambient)	–55 °C to 125 °C	–55 °C to 125 °C
Junction Temperature (T _J)	–40 °C to 125 °C	–40 °C to 125 °C

^{1.} Stress above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V _{CC} ¹	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2 V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 2.5 V / 3.3 V Devices	2.375	3.6	V
V _{CCIO} ^{1, 2, 3}	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.6	V
t _{JCOM}	Junction Temperature Commercial Operation	0	85	°C
t _{JIND}	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation	-40	100	°C

Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V_{CCIO} and V_{CC} are both the same voltage, they must also be the same supply.

Power Supply Ramp Rates¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp rates for all power supplies.	0.01	_	100	V/ms

^{1.} Assumes monotonic ramp rates.

^{2.} Compliance with the Lattice Thermal Management document is required.

^{3.} All voltages referenced to GND.

^{4.} Overshoot and undershoot of -2 V to $(V_{IHMAX} + 2)$ volts is permitted for a duration of <20 ns.

^{5.} The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to -0.25 V to 3.75 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <20 ns.

^{2.} See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.

^{3.} V_{CCIO} pins of unused I/O banks should be connected to the V_{CC} power supply on boards.



Static Supply Current – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁴	Units
		LCMXO2-256HC	1.15	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	1.84	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	3.48	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	3.49	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	4.80	mA
	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-2000HC	4.80	mA
Icc		LCMXO2-2000UHC	8.44	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	8.45	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	12.87	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	1.39	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	2.55	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	4.06	mA
Iccio	Bank Power Supply ⁵ V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	All devices	0	mA

- 1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.
- 2. Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off.
- 3. Frequency = 0 MHz.
- 4. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- 5. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.
- 6. To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
		LCMXO2-256HC	14.6	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	16.1	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	22.1	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HC	22.1	mA
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-2000UHC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	33.2	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	18.3	mA
		LCMXO2-2000UHE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	23.9	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

- 1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.
- 2. Assumes all inputs are held at $\ensuremath{V_{\text{CCIO}}}$ or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.
- 3. Typical user pattern.
- 4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.
- 5. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- 6. Per bank. V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol Parameter		Device	Typ.⁵	Units
		LCMXO2-256ZE	13	mA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	14	mA
Icc	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-1200ZE	15	mA
	Core i ower suppry	LCMXO2-2000ZE	17	mA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	18	mA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	20	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

- 1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.
- 2. Assumes all inputs are held at $\ensuremath{V_{\text{CCIO}}}$ or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.
- 3. Typical user pattern.
- 4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.
- 5. TJ = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- 6. Per bank. $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V}$. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics^{1, 2}

Input/Output	1	/ _{IL}	VI	Н	V _{OL} Max.	V _{OH} Min.	I _{OL} Max. ⁴	I _{OH} Max.⁴
Standard	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	(V)	(V)	(mA)	(mA)
							4	-4
		0.8		3.6	0.4		8	-8
LVCMOS 3.3	-0.3		2.0			V _{CCIO} – 0.4	12	-12
LVTTL	-0.5	0.6	2.0				16	-16
							24	-24
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
					0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
LVCMOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	VCCIO - 0.4	12	-12
							16	-16
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
							4	-4
LVCMOS 1.8	_0 3	-0.3 0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
LVCIVIOS 1.0	-0.5		0.03 V CCIO				12	-12
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
			0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	4	-4
LVCMOS 1.5	-0.3	0.35V _{CCIO}					8	-8
					0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
		-0.3 0.35V _{CCIO}	0.65V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	4	-2
LVCMOS 1.2	-0.3						8	-6
					0.2	V _{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	-0.1
PCI	-0.3	0.3V _{CCIO}	0.5V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.1V _{CCIO}	0.9V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
SSTL25 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	3.6	0.54	V _{CCIO} - 0.62	8	8
SSTL25 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.18	V _{REF} + 0.18	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
SSTL18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	3.6	0.40	V _{CCIO} - 0.40	8	8
SSTL18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
HSTL18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	V _{CCIO} - 0.40	8	8
HSTL18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS25R33	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R33	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R25	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R33	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R25	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS12R33	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS12R25	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R33	-0.3	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain



RSDS

The MachXO2 family supports the differential RSDS standard. The output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all the devices. The RSDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-4 is one possible solution for RSDS standard implementation. Use LVDS25E mode with suggested resistors for RSDS operation. Resistor values in Figure 3-4 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

Figure 3-4. RSDS (Reduced Swing Differential Standard)

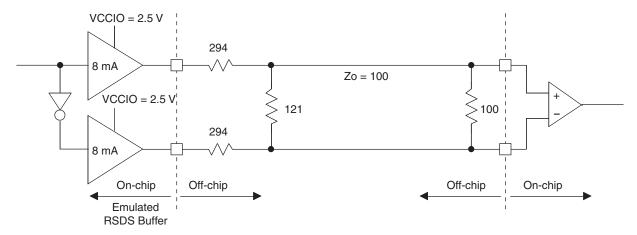


Table 3-4. RSDS DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistor	294	Ohms
R _P	Driver parallel resistor	121	Ohms
R _T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	1.35	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.15	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.20	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z _{BACK}	Back impedance	101.5	Ohms
I _{DC}	DC output current	3.66	mA



			_	-6	_	5	_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
	-	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.41	_	0.48	_	0.55	_	ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.42	_	0.49	_	0.56	_	ns
t _{HPLL}	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.43		0.50	_	0.58	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.46		0.54		0.62		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	2.88		3.19	_	3.72	_	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	2.87	_	3.18	_	3.70	_	ns
t _{SU_DELPLL}	Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	2.96	_	3.28	_	3.81	_	ns
	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	3.05	_	3.35	_	3.87	_	ns	
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.83	_	-0.83	_	-0.83	_	ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.83	_	-0.83	_	-0.83	_	ns
^l H_DELPLL	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.87	_	-0.87	_	-0.87	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.91	_	-0.91	_	-0.91	_	ns
Generic DDF	RX1 Inputs with Clock and Data	Aligned at Pin Using PC	LK Pin	for Cloc	k Input -	GDDR	(1_RX.S	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK		_	0.317		0.344	_	0.368	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2 devices,	0.742		0.702	—	0.668	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed	all sides	—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	150	_	125	_	104	MHz
Generic DDF	RX1 Inputs with Clock and Data C	entered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	1_RX.SC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.566	_	0.560	_	0.538	_	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2 devices,	0.778		0.879	_	1.090	_	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed	all sides	_	300	_	250	_	208	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	150	_	125	_	104	MHz
Generic DDF	RX2 Inputs with Clock and Data	Aligned at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	for Clock	k Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.E	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK		_	0.316	_	0.342	_	0.364	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.710		0.675	_	0.679	_	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	_	664	_	554	_	462	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹	_	332	_	277	_	231	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz
Generic DDF	XX2 Inputs with Clock and Data C	entered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.EC	LK.Cent	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.233		0.219	_	0.198	_	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.287	_	0.287	_	0.344	_	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	_	664	_	554	_	462	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹	_	332	_	277	_	231	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	166	_	139	_	116	MHz



		M	achXO2-120	00		MachXO2-1200U
	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	25 WLCSP	32 QFN ¹	256 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank	1	l				L
Bank 0	18	25	27	11	9	50
Bank 1	21	26	26	0	2	52
Bank 2	20	28	28	7	9	52
Bank 3	20	25	26	0	2	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	79	104	107	18	22	206
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	9	13	14	5	4	25
Bank 1	10	13	13	0	1	26
Bank 2	10	14	14	2	4	26
Bank 3	10	12	13	0	1	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	39	52	54	7	10	103
Dual Function I/O	31	33	33	18	22	33
High-speed Differential I/O						l
Bank 0	4	7	7	0	0	14
Gearboxes	1	l				L
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	4	7	7	0	0	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	5	7	7	0	2	14
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	1	2	2	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 1	2	3	3	0	1	4
Bank 2	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 3	3	3	3	0	1	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	1
VCC	2	4	4	2	2	8
GND	8	10	12	2	2	24
NC	1	1	8	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	100	132	144	25	32	256
1 Lattice recommends coldering the centre		l .				

^{1.} Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.



Ordering Information

MachXO2 devices have top-side markings, for commercial and industrial grades, as shown below:

LATTICE

LCMXO2-1200ZE 1TG100C Datecode LCMXO2 256ZE 1UG64C Datecode

Notes:

- 1. Markings are abbreviated for small packages.
- 2. See PCN 05A-12 for information regarding a change to the top-side mark logo.



Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256ZE-1SG32C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2SG32C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3SG32C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1TG100C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2TG100C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3TG100C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1MG132C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2MG132C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3MG132C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640ZE-1TG100C	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-2TG100C	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-3TG100C	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-1MG132C	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-2MG132C	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-3MG132C	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HC-4TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

^{1.} Specifications for the "LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package CR1" are the same as the "LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package C" devices respectively, except as specified in the R1 Device Specifications section of this data sheet.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG132I	4320	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5TG144I	4320	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG184I	4320	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG332I	4320	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FG484I	4320	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HE-4TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5TG144I	6864	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG256I	6864	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG332I	6864	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FG484I	6864	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2016	3.2	All	Moved designation for 84 QFN package information from 'Advanced' to 'Final'.
		Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 'Advanced' 48 QFN package. — Revised footnote 6. — Added footnote 9.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Signal Descriptions section. Added information on GND signal.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-256 48 QFN values. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-640 48 QFN values. — Added footnote to GND. — Added footnotes 2 and 3.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added 'Advanced' SG48 package and revised footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 'Advanced' QFN 48 package.
March 2016	3.1	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 32 QFN value for XO2-1200. — Added 84 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm) package. — Modified package name to 100-pin TQFP. — Modified package name to 144-pin TQFP. — Added footnote.
		Architecture	Updated the Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up section. Removed reference to TN1202.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Revised t _{DPPDONE} and t _{DPPINIT} Max. values per PCN 03A-16, released March 2016.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added MachXO2-1200 32 QFN values. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-4000 84 QFN values.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added 'Advanced' QN84 package and footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 1280 LUTs QFN 32 package. — Added part numbers for 4320 LUTs QFN 84 package.
March 2015	3.0	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Changed 64-ball ucBGA dimension.
		Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2011	01.3	Multiple	Replaced "SED" with "SRAM CRC Error Detection" throughout the document.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added footnote 1 to Program Erase Specifications table.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary tables.
			Signal name SO/SISPISO changed to SO/SPISO in the Signal Descriptions table.
April 2011	01.2	_	Data sheet status changed from Advance to Preliminary.
		Introduction	Updated MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Updated Supported Input Standards table.
			Updated sysMEM Memory Primitives diagram.
			Added differential SSTL and HSTL IO standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updates following parameters: POR voltage levels, DC electrical characteristics, static supply current for ZE/HE/HC devices, static power consumption contribution of different components – ZE devices, programming and erase Flash supply current.
		Added VREF specifications to sysIO recommended operating conditions.	
			Updating timing information based on characterization.
			Added differential SSTL and HSTL IO standards.
		Ordering Information	Added Ordering Part Numbers for R1 devices, and devices in WLCSP packages.
			Added R1 device specifications.
January 2011	01.1	All	Included ultra-high I/O devices.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Recommended Operating Conditions table – Added footnote 3.
			DC Electrical Characteristics table – Updated data for $\rm I_{IL}, I_{IH}. V_{HYST}$ typical values updated.
			Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDRX2_TX.ECLK.Aligned) Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input tables – Updated data for T _{DIA} and T _{DIB} .
			Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Aligned) Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input tables – Updated data for T _{DIA} and T _{DIB} .
			Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table - clarified note 3.
			Clarified VCCIO related recommended operating conditions specifications.
			Added power supply ramp rate requirements.
			Added Power Supply Ramp Rates table.
			Updated Programming/Erase Specifications table.
			Removed references to V _{CCP} .
		Pinout Information	Included number of 7:1 and 8:1 gearboxes (input and output) in the pin information summary tables.
			Removed references to V _{CCP} .
November 2010	01.0	_	Initial release.