Lattice Semiconductor Corporation - LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144C Datasheet

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

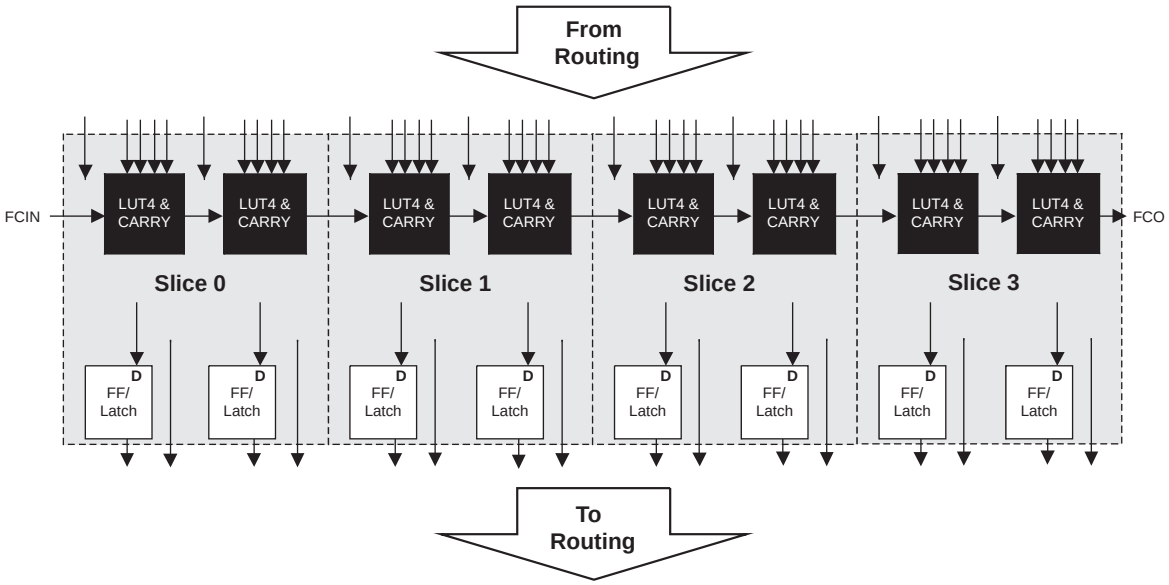
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	160
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1280
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	107
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-1200ze-2tg144c

Figure 2-3. PFU Block Diagram



Slices

Slices 0-3 contain two LUT4s feeding two registers. Slices 0-2 can be configured as distributed memory. Table 2-1 shows the capability of the slices in PFU blocks along with the operation modes they enable. In addition, each PFU contains logic that allows the LUTs to be combined to perform functions such as LUT5, LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8. The control logic performs set/reset functions (programmable as synchronous/ asynchronous), clock select, chip-select and wider RAM/ROM functions.

Table 2-1. Resources and Modes Available per Slice

Slice	PFU Block	
	Resources	Modes
Slice 0	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 1	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 2	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 3	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM

Figure 2-4 shows an overview of the internal logic of the slice. The registers in the slice can be configured for positive/negative and edge triggered or level sensitive clocks. All slices have 15 inputs from routing and one from the carry-chain (from the adjacent slice or PFU). There are seven outputs: six for routing and one to carry-chain (to the adjacent PFU). Table 2-2 lists the signals associated with Slices 0-3.

ROM Mode

ROM mode uses the LUT logic; hence, slices 0-3 can be used in ROM mode. Preloading is accomplished through the programming interface during PFU configuration.

For more information on the RAM and ROM modes, please refer to TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

Routing

There are many resources provided in the MachXO2 devices to route signals individually or as buses with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

The inter-PFU connections are made with three different types of routing resources: x1 (spans two PFUs), x2 (spans three PFUs) and x6 (spans seven PFUs). The x1, x2, and x6 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the horizontal and vertical directions.

The design tools take the output of the synthesis tool and places and routes the design. Generally, the place and route tool is completely automatic, although an interactive routing editor is available to optimize the design.

Clock/Control Distribution Network

Each MachXO2 device has eight clock inputs (PCLK [T, C] [Banknum]_[2..0]) – three pins on the left side, two pins each on the bottom and top sides and one pin on the right side. These clock inputs drive the clock nets. These eight inputs can be differential or single-ended and may be used as general purpose I/O if they are not used to drive the clock nets. When using a single ended clock input, only the PCLKT input can drive the clock tree directly.

The MachXO2 architecture has three types of clocking resources: edge clocks, primary clocks and secondary high fanout nets. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices have two edge clocks each on the top and bottom edges. Lower density devices have no edge clocks. Edge clocks are used to clock I/O registers and have low injection time and skew. Edge clock inputs are from PLL outputs, primary clock pads, edge clock bridge outputs and CIB sources.

The eight primary clock lines in the primary clock network drive throughout the entire device and can provide clocks for all resources within the device including PFUs, EBRs and PICs. In addition to the primary clock signals, MachXO2 devices also have eight secondary high fanout signals which can be used for global control signals, such as clock enables, synchronous or asynchronous clears, presets, output enables, etc. Internal logic can drive the global clock network for internally-generated global clocks and control signals.

The maximum frequency for the primary clock network is shown in the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.

The primary clock signals for the MachXO2-256 and MachXO2-640 are generated from eight 17:1 muxes The available clock sources include eight I/O sources and 9 routing inputs. Primary clock signals for the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices are generated from eight 27:1 muxes The available clock sources include eight I/O sources, 11 routing inputs, eight clock divider inputs and up to eight sysCLOCK PLL outputs.

Figure 2-8. sysMEM Memory Primitives

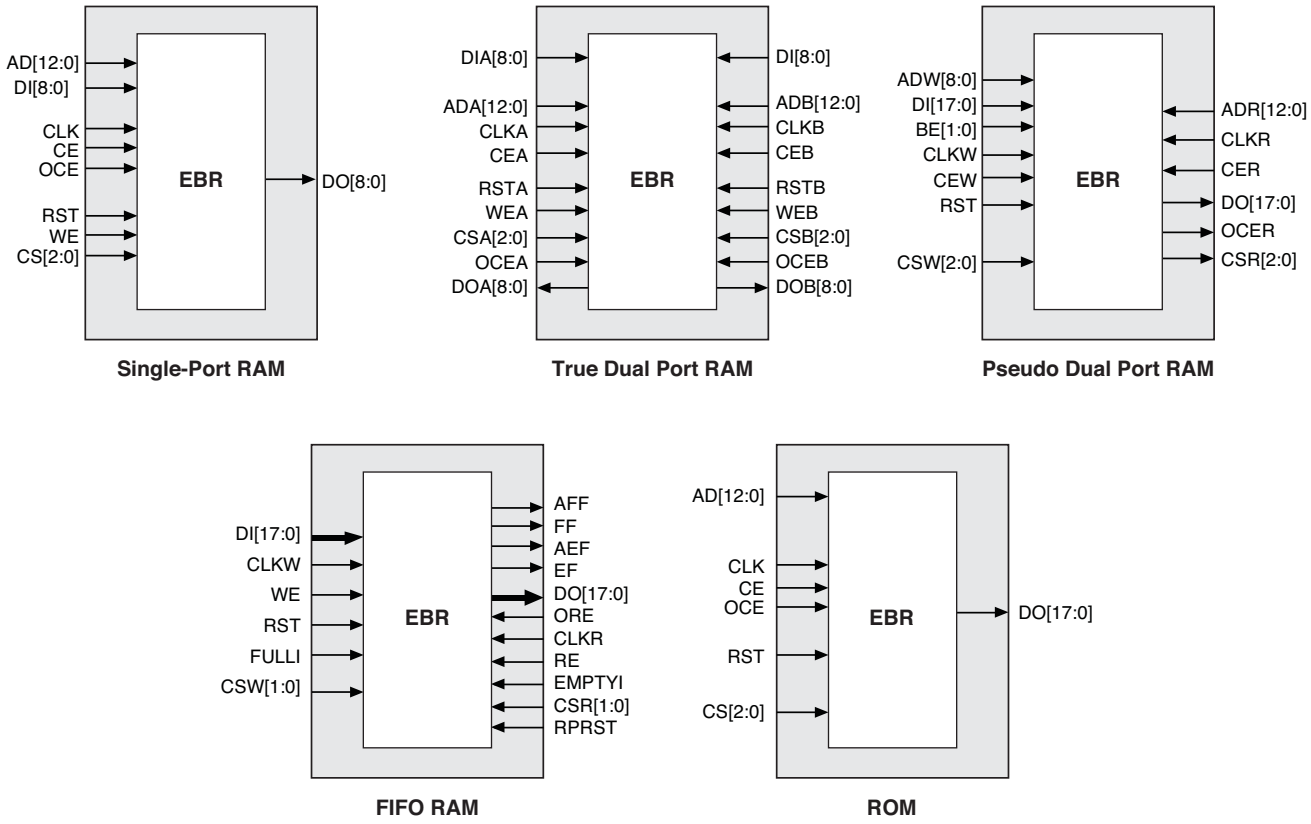


Table 2-6. EBR Signal Descriptions

Port Name	Description	Active State
CLK	Clock	Rising Clock Edge
CE	Clock Enable	Active High
OCE[1]	Output Clock Enable	Active High
RST	Reset	Active High
BE[1]	Byte Enable	Active High
WE	Write Enable	Active High
AD	Address Bus	—
DI	Data In	—
DO	Data Out	—
CS	Chip Select	Active High
AFF	FIFO RAM Almost Full Flag	—
FF	FIFO RAM Full Flag	—
AEF	FIFO RAM Almost Empty Flag	—
EF	FIFO RAM Empty Flag	—
RPRST	FIFO RAM Read Pointer Reset	—

1. Optional signals.
2. For dual port EBR primitives a trailing ‘A’ or ‘B’ in the signal name specifies the EBR port A or port B respectively.
3. For FIFO RAM mode primitive, a trailing ‘R’ or ‘W’ in the signal name specifies the FIFO read port or write port respectively.
4. For FIFO RAM mode primitive FULLI has the same function as CSW(2) and EMPTYI has the same function as CSR(2).
5. In FIFO mode, CLKW is the write port clock, CSW is the write port chip select, CLKR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port chip select, ORE is the output read enable.

Output Register Block

The output register block registers signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers.

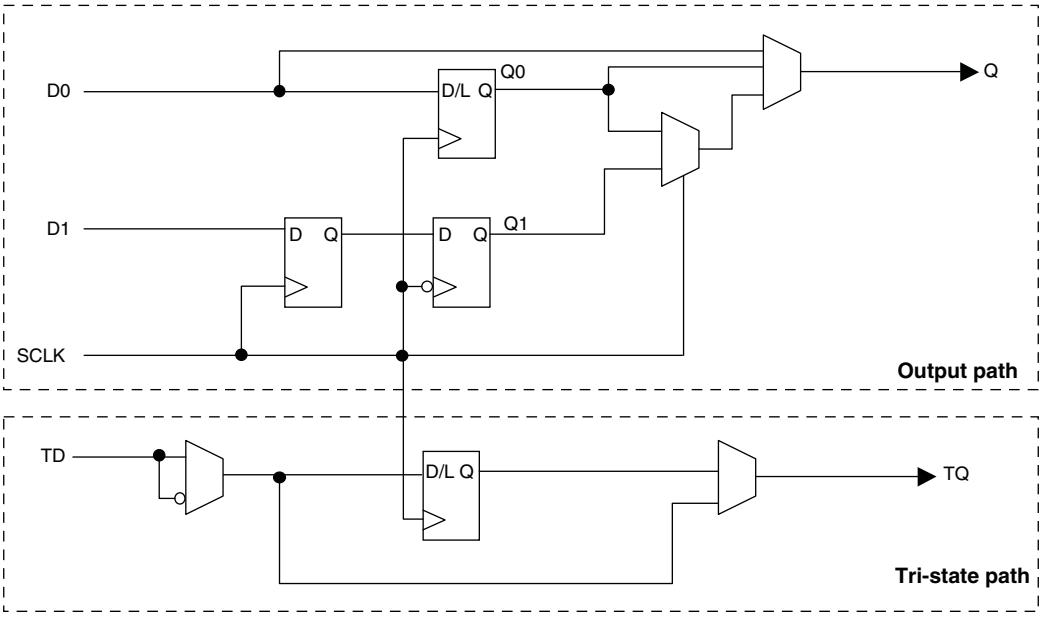
Left, Top, Bottom Edges

In SDR mode, D0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type register or latch.

In DDR generic mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the same clock is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-14 shows the output register block on the left, top and bottom edges.

Figure 2-14. MachXO2 Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Right Edge

The output register block on the right edge is a superset of the output register on left, top and bottom edges of the device. In addition to supporting SDR and Generic DDR modes, the output register blocks for PIOs on the right edge include additional logic to support DDR-memory interfaces. Operation of this block is similar to that of the output register block on other edges.

In DDR memory mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the DQSW90 signal is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-15 shows the output register block on the right edge.

Table 2-11. I/O Support Device by Device

	MachXO2-256, MachXO2-640	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200	MachXO2-1200U MachXO2-2000/U, MachXO2-4000, MachXO2-7000
Number of I/O Banks	4	4	6
Type of Input Buffers	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks)	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks) Differential input termination (bottom side)	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks) Differential input termination (bottom side)
Types of Output Buffers	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O banks	All I/O banks	All I/O banks
PCI Clamp Support	No	Clamp on bottom side only	Clamp on bottom side only

Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards

	VCCIO (Typ.)				
Input Standard	**3.3 V**	**2.5 V**	**1.8 V**	**1.5**	**1.2 V**
Single-Ended Interfaces					
LVTTL	✓	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	
LVCMOS33	✓	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	
LVCMOS25	✓[2]	✓	✓[2]	✓[2]	
LVCMOS18	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓	✓[2]	
LVCMOS15	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓	✓[2]
LVCMOS12	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓
PCI[1]	✓				
SSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
SSTL25 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓			
HSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
Differential Interfaces					
LVDS	✓	✓			
BLVDS, MVDS, LVPECL, RSDS	✓	✓			
MIPI[3]	✓	✓			
Differential SSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		
Differential SSTL25 Class I, II	✓	✓			
Differential HSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		

1. Bottom banks of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices only.
2. Reduced functionality. Refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide for more detail.
3. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

Hot Socketing

The MachXO2 devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the MachXO2 ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

On-chip Oscillator

Every MachXO2 device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator output can be routed as a clock to the clock tree or as a reference clock to the sysCLOCK PLL using general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit and a user input to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 2.08 MHz to 133 MHz. The software default value of the Master Clock (MCLK) is nominally 2.08 MHz. When a different MCLK is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

1. Device powers up with a nominal MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.
2. During configuration, users select a different master clock frequency.
3. The MCLK frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.
4. If the user does not select a master clock frequency, then the configuration bitstream defaults to the MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.

Table 2-14 lists all the available MCLK frequencies.

Table 2-14. Available MCLK Frequencies

MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)
2.08 (default)	9.17	33.25
2.46	10.23	38
3.17	13.3	44.33
4.29	14.78	53.2
5.54	20.46	66.5
7	26.6	88.67
8.31	29.56	133

Embedded Hardened IP Functions and User Flash Memory

All MachXO2 devices provide embedded hardened functions such as SPI, I^2C and Timer/Counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These embedded blocks interface through the WISHBONE interface with routing as shown in Figure 2-20.

Hardened Timer/Counter

MachXO2 devices provide a hard Timer/Counter IP core. This Timer/Counter is a general purpose, bi-directional, 16-bit timer/counter module with independent output compare units and PWM support. The Timer/Counter supports the following functions:

- Supports the following modes of operation:
  — Watchdog timer
  — Clear timer on compare match
  — Fast PWM
  — Phase and Frequency Correct PWM
- Programmable clock input source
- Programmable input clock prescaler
- One static interrupt output to routing
- One wake-up interrupt to on-chip standby mode controller.
- Three independent interrupt sources: overflow, output compare match, and input capture
- Auto reload
- Time-stamping support on the input capture unit
- Waveform generation on the output
- Glitch-free PWM waveform generation with variable PWM period
- Internal WISHBONE bus access to the control and status registers
- Stand-alone mode with preloaded control registers and direct reset input

Figure 2-23. Timer/Counter Block Diagram

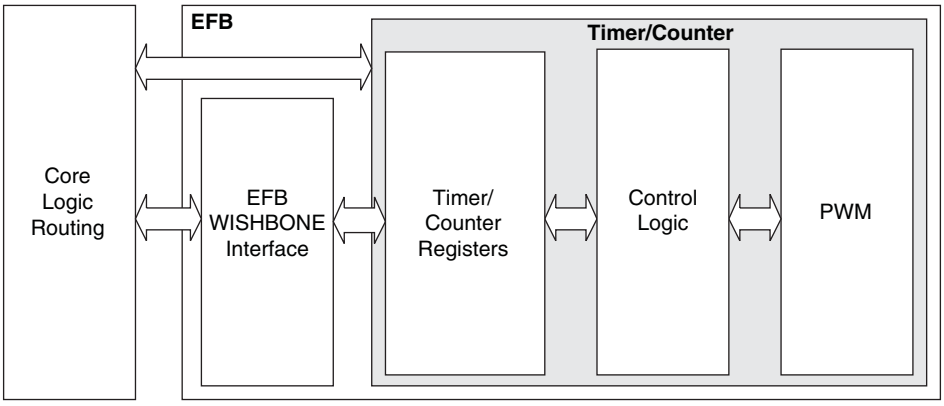


Table 2-17. Timer/Counter Signal Description

Port	I/O	Description
tc_clki	I	Timer/Counter input clock signal
tc_rstn	I	Register tc_rstn_ena is preloaded by configuration to always keep this pin enabled
tc_ic	I	Input capture trigger event, applicable for non-pwm modes with WISHBONE interface. If enabled, a rising edge of this signal will be detected and synchronized to capture tc_cnt value into tc_icr for time-stamping.
tc_int	O	Without WISHBONE – Can be used as overflow flag With WISHBONE – Controlled by three IRQ registers
tc_oc	O	Timer counter output signal

MachXO2 Family Data Sheet DC and Switching Characteristics

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Absolute Maximum Ratings[1, 2, 3]

	MachXO2 ZE/HE (1.2 V)	MachXO2 HC (2.5 V / 3.3 V)
Supply Voltage V_{CC}	–0.5 V to 1.32 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Output Supply Voltage V_{CCIO}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
I/O Tri-state Voltage Applied[4, 5]	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied[4]	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Storage Temperature (Ambient)	–55 °C to 125 °C	–55 °C to 125 °C
Junction Temperature (T_J)	–40 °C to 125 °C	–40 °C to 125 °C

1. Stress above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice Thermal Management document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.
4. Overshoot and undershoot of –2 V to (V_{IHMAX} + 2) volts is permitted for a duration of <20 ns.
5. The dual function I^2C pins SCL and SDA are limited to –0.25 V to 3.75 V or to –0.3 V with a duration of <20 ns.

Recommended Operating Conditions[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CC}[1]	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2 V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 2.5 V / 3.3 V Devices	2.375	3.6	V
V_{CCIO}[1, 2, 3]	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.6	V
t_{JCOM}	Junction Temperature Commercial Operation	0	85	°C
t_{JIND}	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation	–40	100	°C

1. Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V_{CCIO} and V_{CC} are both the same voltage, they must also be the same supply.
2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.
3. V_{CCIO} pins of unused I/O banks should be connected to the V_{CC} power supply on boards.

Power Supply Ramp Rates[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp rates for all power supplies.	0.01	—	100	V/ms

1. Assumes monotonic ramp rates.

sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
LVCMOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVCMOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	—
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
PCI[3]	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
SSTL25	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.15	1.25	1.35
SSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
HSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.816	0.9	1.08
LVCMOS25R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	1.1	1.25	1.4
LVCMOS18R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS18R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS15R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS15R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS12R33[4]	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS12R25[4]	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS10R33[4]	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVCMOS10R25[4]	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVDS25[1, 2]	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVDS33[1, 2]	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVPECL[1]	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
BLVDS[1]	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
RSDS[1]	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
SSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
SSTL25D	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
HSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—

1. Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.
2. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.
3. Input on the bottom bank of the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices only.
4. Supported only for inputs and BIDIs for all ZE devices, and –6 speed grade for HE and HC devices.

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		–4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.42	—	1.59	—	1.96	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.41	—	1.58	—	1.96	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.63	—	1.79	—	2.17	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.61	—	1.76	—	2.13	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.66	—	1.81	—	2.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.53	—	1.67	—	2.03	—	ns
t_{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-256HC-HE	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	–0.24	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	–0.25	—	–0.25	—	–0.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	–0.21	—	–0.21	—	–0.21	—	ns
f_{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO2 devices	—	388	—	323	—	269	MHz
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Edge Clock without PLL)									
t_{COE}	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	7.53	—	7.76	—	8.10	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	7.53	—	7.76	—	8.10	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	—	7.45	—	7.68	—	8.00	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	7.53	—	7.76	—	8.10	ns
t_{SUE}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	–0.19	—	–0.19	—	–0.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	–0.19	—	–0.19	—	–0.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	–0.16	—	–0.16	—	–0.16	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	–0.19	—	–0.19	—	–0.19	—	ns
t_{HE}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.97	—	2.24	—	2.52	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.97	—	2.24	—	2.52	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.89	—	2.16	—	2.43	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.97	—	2.24	—	2.52	—	ns
t_{SU_DELE}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.56	—	1.69	—	2.05	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.56	—	1.69	—	2.05	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.74	—	1.88	—	2.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.66	—	1.81	—	2.17	—	ns
t_{H_DELE}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	–0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	–0.34	—	–0.34	—	–0.34	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	–0.29	—	–0.29	—	–0.29	—	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock with PLL)									
t_{COPLL}	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	5.97	—	6.00	—	6.13	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	5.98	—	6.01	—	6.14	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	—	5.99	—	6.02	—	6.16	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	6.02	—	6.06	—	6.20	ns
t_{SUPLL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.36	—	0.36	—	0.65	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.36	—	0.36	—	0.63	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.62	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.34	—	0.34	—	0.59	—	ns

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		–4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.41	—	0.48	—	0.55	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.42	—	0.49	—	0.56	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.43	—	0.50	—	0.58	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.46	—	0.54	—	0.62	—	ns
t_{SU_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	2.88	—	3.19	—	3.72	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	2.87	—	3.18	—	3.70	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	2.96	—	3.28	—	3.81	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	3.05	—	3.35	—	3.87	—	ns
t_{H_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	–0.87	—	–0.87	—	–0.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	–0.91	—	–0.91	—	–0.91	—	ns
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.317	—	0.344	—	0.368	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.742	—	0.702	—	0.668	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	0.566	—	0.560	—	0.538	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.778	—	0.879	—	1.090	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	—	0.316	—	0.342	—	0.364	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.710	—	0.675	—	0.679	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	0.233	—	0.219	—	0.198	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.287	—	0.287	—	0.344	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		–4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
LPDDR[9, 12]									
t_{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only.[13]	—	0.369	—	0.395	—	0.421	UI
t_{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.529	—	0.530	—	0.527	—	UI
t_{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t_{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f_{DATA}	MEM LPDDR Serial Data Speed		—	280	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	140	—	125	—	104	MHz
f_{LPDDR}	LPDDR Data Transfer Rate		0	280	0	250	0	208	Mbps
DDR[9, 12]									
t_{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only.[13]	—	0.350	—	0.387	—	0.414	UI
t_{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.545	—	0.538	—	0.532	—	UI
t_{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t_{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f_{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
f_{MEM_DDR}	MEM DDR Data Transfer Rate		N/A	300	N/A	250	N/A	208	Mbps
DDR2[9, 12]									
t_{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only.[13]	—	0.360	—	0.378	—	0.406	UI
t_{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.555	—	0.549	—	0.542	—	UI
t_{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t_{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f_{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
f_{MEM_DDR2}	MEM DDR2 Data Transfer Rate		N/A	300	N/A	250	N/A	208	Mbps

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.
2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pf load, fast slew rate.
3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).
4. DDR timing numbers based on SSTL25. DDR2 timing numbers based on SSTL18. LPDDR timing numbers based in LVCMOS18.
5. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).
6. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03\ ns)/2$.
7. The t_{SU_DEL} and t_{H_DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (–6), 113 ps (–5), 120 ps (–4).
8. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/– 10%.
9. Duty cycle is +/–5% for system usage.
10. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.
11. High-speed DDR and LVDS not supported in SG32 (32 QFN) packages.
12. Advance information for MachXO2 devices in 48 QFN packages.
13. DDR memory interface not supported in QN84 (84 QFN) and SG32 (32 QFN) packages.

sysCLOCK PLL Timing (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{ROTATE_WD}	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4	—	VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. Using LVDS output buffers.
4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide for more details.
5. At minimum $f_{PFD.}$ As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.
6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.
7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.
8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.

	MachXO2-7000					
	144 TQFP	**256 caBGA**	**256 ftBGA**	**332 caBGA**	**400 caBGA**	**484 fpBGA**
General Purpose I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	27	50	50	68	83	82
Bank 1	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 2	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 3	9	16	16	24	28	28
Bank 4	10	16	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	10	20	20	30	32	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	114	206	206	278	335	334
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	14	25	25	34	42	41
Bank 1	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 2	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 3	4	8	8	12	14	14
Bank 4	5	8	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	5	10	10	15	16	16
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	56	103	103	139	168	167
Dual Function I/O	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	9	20	20	21	21	21
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	9	20	20	21	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	14	20	20	21	21	21
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 2	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	1	2	2	1	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	2	2	3
VCC	4	8	8	8	10	12
GND	12	24	24	27	33	48
NC	1	1	1	1	0	49
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	144	256	256	332	400	484

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144IR1[1]	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. Specifications for the “LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package IR1” are the same as the “LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package I” devices respectively, except as specified in the R1 Device Specifications section of this data sheet.

MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Supplemental Information

For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the MachXO2 family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices
- TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide
- TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices
- TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide
- TN1203, Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices
- TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide
- TN1205, Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices
- TN1206, MachXO2 SRAM CRC Error Detection Usage Guide
- TN1207, Using TraceID in MachXO2 Devices
- TN1074, PCB Layout Recommendations for BGA Packages
- TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology
- AN8086, Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard (non-R1) Devices
- AN8066, Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability
- MachXO2 Device Pinout Files
- Thermal Management document
- Lattice design tools

For further information on interface standards, refer to the following web sites:

- JEDEC Standards (LVTTL, LVCMOS, LVDS, DDR, DDR2, LPDDR): www.jedec.org
- PCI: www.pcisig.com

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2016	3.2	All	Moved designation for 84 QFN package information from 'Advanced' to 'Final'.
		Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added ‘Advanced’ 48 QFN package. — Revised footnote 6. — Added footnote 9.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Signal Descriptions section. Added information on GND signal.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added ‘Advanced’ MachXO2-256 48 QFN values. — Added ‘Advanced’ MachXO2-640 48 QFN values. — Added footnote to GND. — Added footnotes 2 and 3.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added ‘Advanced’ SG48 package and revised footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for ‘Advanced’ QFN 48 package.
March 2016	3.1	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 32 QFN value for XO2-1200. — Added 84 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm) package. — Modified package name to 100-pin TQFP. — Modified package name to 144-pin TQFP. — Added footnote.
		Architecture	Updated the Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up section. Removed reference to TN1202.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Revised $t_{DPPDONE}$ and $t_{DPPINIT}$ Max. values per PCN 03A-16, released March 2016.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added MachXO2-1200 32 QFN values. — Added ‘Advanced’ MachXO2-4000 84 QFN values.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added ‘Advanced’ QN84 package and footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 1280 LUTs QFN 32 package. — Added part numbers for 4320 LUTs QFN 84 package.
March 2015	3.0	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Changed 64-ball ucBGA dimension.
		Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
December 2014	2.9	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Removed XO2-4000U data. — Removed 400-ball ftBGA. — Removed 25-ball WLCSP value for XO2-2000U.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for V_{CC} and V_{CCIO}.
			Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTL, PCI, LVDS33 and LVPECL.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Removed MachXO2-4000U.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Removed BG400 package.
			Updated the High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
			Updated the High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
November 2014	2.8	Introduction	Updated the Features section. — Revised I/Os under Flexible Logic Architecture. — Revised standby power under Ultra Low Power Devices. — Revise input frequency range under Flexible On-Chip Clocking.
			Updated Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added XO2-4000U data. — Removed HE and ZE device options for XO2-4000. — Added 400-ball ftBGA.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added BG400 package.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400 part numbers.
October 2014	2.7	Ordering Information	Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Fixed typo in LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR part number package.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
			Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
July 2014	2.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics[1, 2] section. Updated footnote 4.
			Updated Register-to-Register Performance section. Updated footnote.
		Ordering Information	Updated UW49 package to UWG49 in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
			Updated LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR package in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2014	2.5	Architecture	Updated TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration) section. Updated TransFR description for PLL use during background Flash programming.
February 2014	02.4	Introduction	Included the 49 WLCSP package in the MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Added information to Standby Mode and Power Saving Options section.
		Pinout Information	Added the XO2-2000 49 WLCSP in the Pinout Information Summary table.
		Ordering Information	Added UW49 package in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
			Added and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section.
			Added and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR in Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section.
December 2013	02.3	Architecture	Updated information on CLKOS output divider in sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Static Supply Current – ZE Devices table.
			Updated footnote 4 in sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table; Updated V_{IL} Max. (V) data for LVCMOS 25 and LVCMOS 28.
			Updated V_{OS} test condition in sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics - LVDS table.
September 2013	02.2	Architecture	Removed I^2C Clock-Stretching feature per PCN #10A-13.
			Removed information on PDPR memory in RAM Mode section.
			Updated Supported Input Standards table.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table.
June 2013	02.1	Architecture	Architecture Overview – Added information on the state of the register on power up and after configuration.
			sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section – Added missing cross reference to sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added slew rate information to footnote 2 of the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices and the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices tables.
			Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table – Added symbols.