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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	264
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2112
Total RAM Bits	75776
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-2000hc-4mg132i

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Output Register Block

The output register block registers signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers.

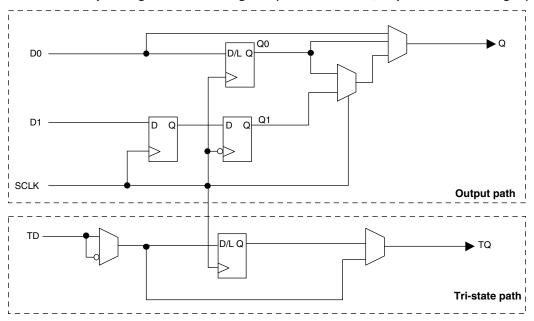
Left, Top, Bottom Edges

In SDR mode, D0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type register or latch.

In DDR generic mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the same clock is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-14 shows the output register block on the left, top and bottom edges.

Figure 2-14. MachXO2 Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Right Edge

The output register block on the right edge is a superset of the output register on left, top and bottom edges of the device. In addition to supporting SDR and Generic DDR modes, the output register blocks for PIOs on the right edge include additional logic to support DDR-memory interfaces. Operation of this block is similar to that of the output register block on other edges.

In DDR memory mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the DQSW90 signal is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-15 shows the output register block on the right edge.



More information on the input gearbox is available in TN1203, Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices.

Output Gearbox

Each PIC on the top edge has a built-in 8:1 output gearbox. Each of these output gearboxes may be programmed as a 7:1 serializer or as one ODDRX4 (8:1) gearbox or as two ODDRX2 (4:1) gearboxes. Table 2-10 shows the gearbox signals.

Table 2-10. Output Gearbox Signal List

Name	I/O Type	Description
Q	Output	High-speed data output
D[7:0]	Input	Low-speed data from device core
Video TX(7:1): D[6:0]		
GDDRX4(8:1): D[7:0]		
GDDRX2(4:1)(IOL-A): D[3:0]		
GDDRX2(4:1)(IOL-C): D[7:4]		
SCLK	Input	Slow-speed system clock
ECLK [1:0]	Input	High-speed edge clock
RST	Input	Reset

The gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the low-speed input data on the low-speed system clock. The second stage registers transfer data from the low-speed clock registers to the high-speed clock registers. The third stage pipeline registers controlled by high-speed edge clock shift and mux the high-speed data out to the sysIO buffer. Figure 2-17 shows the output gearbox block diagram.



DDR Memory Support

Certain PICs on the right edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, have additional circuitry to allow the implementation of DDR memory interfaces. There are two groups of 14 or 12 PIOs each on the right edge with additional circuitry to implement DDR memory interfaces. This capability allows the implementation of up to 16-bit wide memory interfaces. One PIO from each group contains a control element, the DQS Read/Write Block, to facilitate the generation of clock and control signals (DQSR90, DQSW90, DDRCLKPOL and DATAVALID). These clock and control signals are distributed to the other PIO in the group through dedicated low skew routing.

DQS Read Write Block

Source synchronous interfaces generally require the input clock to be adjusted in order to correctly capture data at the input register. For most interfaces a PLL is used for this adjustment. However, in DDR memories the clock (referred to as DQS) is not free-running so this approach cannot be used. The DQS Read Write block provides the required clock alignment for DDR memory interfaces. DQSR90 and DQSW90 signals are generated by the DQS Read Write block from the DQS input.

In a typical DDR memory interface design, the phase relationship between the incoming delayed DQS strobe and the internal system clock (during the read cycle) is unknown. The MachXO2 family contains dedicated circuits to transfer data between these domains. To prevent set-up and hold violations, at the domain transfer between DQS (delayed) and the system clock, a clock polarity selector is used. This circuit changes the edge on which the data is registered in the synchronizing registers in the input register block. This requires evaluation at the start of each read cycle for the correct clock polarity. Prior to the read operation in DDR memories, DQS is in tri-state (pulled by termination). The DDR memory device drives DQS low at the start of the preamble state. A dedicated circuit in the DQS Read Write block detects the first DQS rising edge after the preamble state and generates the DDRCLKPOL signal. This signal is used to control the polarity of the clock to the synchronizing registers.

The temperature, voltage and process variations of the DQS delay block are compensated by a set of calibration signals (6-bit bus) from a DLL on the right edge of the device. The DLL loop is compensated for temperature, voltage and process variations by the system clock and feedback loop.

sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems including LVCMOS, TTL, PCI, SSTL, HSTL, LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL.

Each bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. In the MachXO2 devices, single-ended output buffers, ratioed input buffers (LVTTL, LVCMOS and PCI), differential (LVDS) and referenced input buffers (SSTL and HSTL) are powered using I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}). Each sysIO bank has its own V_{CCIO} . In addition, each bank has a voltage reference, V_{REF} which allows the use of referenced input buffers independent of the bank V_{CCIO} .

MachXO2-256 and MachXO2-640 devices contain single-ended ratioed input buffers and single-ended output buffers with complementary outputs on all the I/O banks. Note that the single-ended input buffers on these devices do not contain PCI clamps. In addition to the single-ended I/O buffers these two devices also have differential and referenced input buffers on all I/Os. The I/Os are arranged in pairs, the two pads in the pair are described as "T" and "C", where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential input buffer and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential input buffer.



Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	V _{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-Ended Interfaces	
LVTTL	3.3
LVCMOS33	3.3
LVCMOS25	2.5
LVCMOS18	1.8
LVCMOS15	1.5
LVCMOS12	1.2
LVCMOS33, Open Drain	_
LVCMOS25, Open Drain	_
LVCMOS18, Open Drain	_
LVCMOS15, Open Drain	_
LVCMOS12, Open Drain	_
PCI33	3.3
SSTL25 (Class I)	2.5
SSTL18 (Class I)	1.8
HSTL18(Class I)	1.8
Differential Interfaces	
LVDS ^{1, 2}	2.5, 3.3
BLVDS, MLVDS, RSDS ²	2.5
LVPECL ²	3.3
MIPI ²	2.5
Differential SSTL18	1.8
Differential SSTL25	2.5
Differential HSTL18	1.8

^{1.} MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The numbers of banks vary between the devices of this family. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and higher density devices have six I/O banks (one bank on the top, right and bottom side and three banks on the left side). The MachXO2-1200 and lower density devices have four banks (one bank per side). Figures 2-18 and 2-19 show the sysIO banks and their associated supplies for all devices.

^{2.} These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.



Hot Socketing

The MachXO2 devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and power-down. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the MachXO2 ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

On-chip Oscillator

Every MachXO2 device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator output can be routed as a clock to the clock tree or as a reference clock to the sysCLOCK PLL using general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit and a user input to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 2.08 MHz to 133 MHz. The software default value of the Master Clock (MCLK) is nominally 2.08 MHz. When a different MCLK is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

- 1. Device powers up with a nominal MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.
- During configuration, users select a different master clock frequency.
- The MCLK frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.
- 4. If the user does not select a master clock frequency, then the configuration bitstream defaults to the MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.

Table 2-14 lists all the available MCLK frequencies.

Table 2-14. Available MCLK Frequencies

MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)
2.08 (default)	9.17	33.25
2.46	10.23	38
3.17	13.3	44.33
4.29	14.78	53.2
5.54	20.46	66.5
7	26.6	88.67
8.31	29.56	133

Embedded Hardened IP Functions and User Flash Memory

All MachXO2 devices provide embedded hardened functions such as SPI, I²C and Timer/Counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These embedded blocks interface through the WISHBONE interface with routing as shown in Figure 2-20.



When implementing background programming of the on-chip Flash, care must be taken for the operation of the PLL. For devices that have two PLLs (XO2-2000U, -4000 and -7000), the system must put the RPLL (Right-side PLL) in reset state during the background Flash programming. More detailed description can be found in TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Security and One-Time Programmable Mode (OTP)

For applications where security is important, the lack of an external bitstream provides a solution that is inherently more secure than SRAM-based FPGAs. This is further enhanced by device locking. MachXO2 devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile Flash memory spaces. The device can be in one of two modes:

- Unlocked Readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile Flash memory spaces is allowed.
- 2. Permanently Locked The device is permanently locked.

Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the device. To further complement the security of the device, a One Time Programmable (OTP) mode is available. Once the device is set in this mode it is not possible to erase or re-program the Flash and SRAM OTP portions of the device. For more details, refer to TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Dual Boot

MachXO2 devices can optionally boot from two patterns, a primary bitstream and a golden bitstream. If the primary bitstream is found to be corrupt while being downloaded into the SRAM, the device shall then automatically re-boot from the golden bitstream. Note that the primary bitstream must reside in the on-chip Flash. The golden image MUST reside in an external SPI Flash. For more details, refer to TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Soft Error Detection

The SED feature is a CRC check of the SRAM cells after the device is configured. This check ensures that the SRAM cells were configured successfully. This feature is enabled by a configuration bit option. The Soft Error Detection can also be initiated in user mode via an input to the fabric. The clock for the Soft Error Detection circuit is generated using a dedicated divider. The undivided clock from the on-chip oscillator is the input to this divider. For low power applications users can switch off the Soft Error Detection circuit. For more details, refer to TN1206, MachXO2 Soft Error Detection Usage Guide.

TraceID

Each MachXO2 device contains a unique (per device), TraceID that can be used for tracking purposes or for IP security applications. The TraceID is 64 bits long. Eight out of 64 bits are user-programmable, the remaining 56 bits are factory-programmed. The TraceID is accessible through the EFB WISHBONE interface and can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C, or JTAG interfaces.

Density Shifting

The MachXO2 family has been designed to enable density migration within the same package. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density devices to higher density devices. In many cases, it is also possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high-density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case. When migrating from lower to higher density or higher to lower density, ensure to review all the power supplies and NC pins of the chosen devices. For more details refer to the MachXO2 migration files.



Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{PORUP}	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO0})	0.9	_	1.06	V
V _{PORUPEXT}	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring external $V_{\rm CC}$ power supply)	1.5	_	2.1	V
V _{PORDNBG}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT})	0.75	_	0.93	V
V _{PORDNBGEXT}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CC})	0.98	_	1.33	V
V _{PORDNSRAM}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT})	_	0.6	_	V
V _{PORDNSRAMEXT}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring V_{CC})	_	0.96	_	V

- 1. These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.
- 2. For devices without voltage regulators V_{CCINT} is the same as the V_{CC} supply voltage. For devices with voltage regulators, V_{CCINT} is regulated from the V_{CC} supply voltage.
- 3. Note that V_{PORUP} (min.) and V_{PORDNBG} (max.) are in different process corners. For any given process corner V_{PORDNBG} (max.) is always 12.0 mV below V_{PORUP} (min.).
- 4. V_{PORUPEXT} is for HC devices only. In these devices a separate POR circuit monitors the external V_{CC} power supply.
- 5. V_{CCIO0} does not have a Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point. V_{CCIO0} must remain within the Recommended Operating Conditions to ensure proper operation.

Programming/Erase Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.¹	Units
N _{PROGCYC}	Flash Programming cycles per t _{RETENTION}	_	10,000	Cycles
	Flash functional programming cycles	_	100,000	Oycles
t _{RETENTION}	Data retention at 100 °C junction temperature	10	_	Years
	Data retention at 85 °C junction temperature	20		Tears

^{1.} Maximum Flash memory reads are limited to 7.5E13 cycles over the lifetime of the product.

Hot Socketing Specifications^{1, 2, 3}

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Max.	Units
I _{DK}	Input or I/O leakage Current	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{IH} (MAX)$	+/-1000	μΑ

^{1.} Insensitive to sequence of V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} . However, assumes monotonic rise/fall rates for V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} .

ESD Performance

Please refer to the MachXO2 Product Family Qualification Summary for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.

^{2.} $0 < V_{CC} < V_{CC}$ (MAX), $0 < V_{CCIO} < V_{CCIO}$ (MAX).

^{3.} I_{DK} is additive to I_{PU}, I_{PD} or I_{BH}.



DC Electrical Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
		Clamp OFF and V _{CCIO} < V _{IN} < V _{IH} (MAX)	_	_	+175	μΑ
		Clamp OFF and V _{IN} = V _{CCIO}	-10	_	10	μΑ
I _{IL} , I _{IH} ^{1, 4}	Input or I/O Leakage	Clamp OFF and V_{CCIO} –0.97 V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	-175	_	_	μΑ
12- 111		Clamp OFF and 0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO} -0.97 V	_	_	10	μΑ
		Clamp OFF and V _{IN} = GND	_	_	10	μΑ
		Clamp ON and 0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	_	10	μΑ
I _{PU}	I/O Active Pull-up Current	0 < V _{IN} < 0.7 V _{CCIO}	-30	_	-309	μΑ
I _{PD}	I/O Active Pull-down Current	V _{IL} (MAX) < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	30	_	305	μΑ
I _{BHLS}	Bus Hold Low sustaining current	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} (MAX)$	30	_	_	μΑ
I _{BHHS}	Bus Hold High sustaining current	$V_{IN} = 0.7V_{CCIO}$	-30	_	_	μΑ
I _{BHLO}	Bus Hold Low Overdrive current	$0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{CCIO}$	_	_	305	μΑ
Івнно	Bus Hold High Overdrive current	$0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{CCIO}$		_	-309	μΑ
V _{BHT} ³	Bus Hold Trip Points		V _{IL} (MAX)	_	V _{IH} (MIN)	V
C1	I/O Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}, 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = \text{Typ.}, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{IH} \text{ (MAX)}$	3	5	9	pF
C2	Dedicated Input Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}, 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = \text{Typ.}, V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{IH} \text{ (MAX)}$	3	5.5	7	pF
		V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	450	_	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	250	_	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V, Hysteresis = Large	—	125	_	mV
V	Hysteresis for Schmitt	V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	100	_	mV
V _{HYST}	Trigger Inputs ⁵	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V, Hysteresis = Small		250		mV
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V, Hysteresis = Small		150		mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V, Hysteresis = Small	_	60	_	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V, Hysteresis = Small	_	40	_	mV

^{1.} Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tri-stated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Bus maintenance circuits are disabled.

^{2.} T_A 25 °C, f = 1.0 MHz.

^{3.} Please refer to V_{IL} and V_{IH} in the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table of this document.

^{4.} When V_{IH} is higher than V_{CCIO}, a transient current typically of 30 ns in duration or less with a peak current of 6 mA can occur on the high-to-low transition. For true LVDS output pins in MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, V_{IH} must be less than or equal to V_{CCIO}.

^{5.} With bus keeper circuit turned on. For more details, refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide.



Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
Icc		LCMXO2-256ZE	13	mA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	14	mA
	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-1200ZE	15	mA
		LCMXO2-2000ZE	17	mA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	18	mA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	20	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

- 1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.
- 2. Assumes all inputs are held at $\ensuremath{V_{\text{CCIO}}}$ or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.
- 3. Typical user pattern.
- 4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.
- 5. TJ = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- 6. Per bank. $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V}$. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

		V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)	
Standard	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
LVCMOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.6	_	_	_
LVCMOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
LVCMOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	_	_	_
LVCMOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	_	_	_
LVCMOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	_	_	_
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.6	_	_	_
PCI ³	3.135	3.3	3.6	_	_	_
SSTL25	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.15	1.25	1.35
SSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
HSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.816	0.9	1.08
LVCMOS25R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	1.1	1.25	1.4
LVCMOS18R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS18R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS15R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS15R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS12R334	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS12R254	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS10R33 ⁴	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVCMOS10R25 ⁴	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVDS25 ^{1, 2}	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
LVDS33 ^{1, 2}	3.135	3.3	3.6	_	_	_
LVPECL1	3.135	3.3	3.6	_	_	_
BLVDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
RSDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
SSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	_	_	_
SSTL25D	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
HSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	_	_	_

^{1.} Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

^{2.} MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

^{3.} Input on the bottom bank of the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices only.

^{4.} Supported only for inputs and BIDIs for all ZE devices, and –6 speed grade for HE and HC devices.



MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

			_	6	_	– 5		4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks			•	•	•		•		•
Primary Clo	ocks								
f _{MAX_PRI} 8	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO2 devices	_	388	_	323	_	269	MHz
t _{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO2 devices	0.5	_	0.6	_	0.7	_	ns
0.00.0		MachXO2-256HC-HE	_	912	_	939	_	975	ps
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	_	844	_	871	_	908	ps
	Primary Clock Skew Within a	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	868	_	902	_	951	ps
^t SKEW_PRI	Device	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	_	867	_	897	_	941	ps
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	_	865	_	892	_	931	ps
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	_	902	_	942	_	989	ps
Edge Clock			•	•	•		•		,
f _{MAX_EDGE} ⁸	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO2-1200 and larger devices	_	400	_	333	_	278	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin	Propagation Delay	•	II.	II.	II.		•		
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO2 devices	_	6.72	_	6.96	_	7.24	ns
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Primar	y Clock without PLL)	•	•			•		,
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	_	7.13	_	7.30	_	7.57	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	_	7.15	_	7.30	_	7.57	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	7.44	_	7.64	_	7.94	ns
t _{CO}	Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	7.46	—	7.66	_	7.96	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	_	7.51	_	7.71	_	8.01	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	7.54	—	7.75	_	8.06	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.06	_	-0.06	_	-0.06	_	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.06	—	-0.06	_	-0.06	_	ns
+ .	Clock to Data Setup - PIO	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.17		-0.17	_	-0.17	_	ns
t _{SU}	Input Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.20	_	-0.20	_	-0.20	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	_	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.75	_	1.95		2.16	_	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.75	_	1.95	_	2.16	_	ns
+	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.88	_	2.12	_	2.36	_	ns
t _H	Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.89	_	2.13	_	2.37	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.94	_	2.18	_	2.43	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.98	_	2.23	_	2.49	_	ns



			_	-6	_	·5	_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Generic DDR	X2 Outputs with Clock and Data	Centered at Pin Using Po	CLK Pin	for Cloc	k Input –	GDDRX	2_TX.EC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO2-640U,	0.535	_	0.670	_	0.830	_	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.535	_	0.670	_	0.830	_	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only.	_	664	_	554	_	462	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)	, sy.	_	332	_	277	_	231	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	166	_	139	_	116	MHz
Generic DDF	RX4 Outputs with Clock and Data	a Aligned at Pin Using P	CLK Pin	for Cloc	k Input -	- GDDR	X4_TX.E	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output		_	0.200	_	0.215	_	0.230	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and	_	0.200	-	0.215	_	0.230	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed	larger devices, top side only.	_	756	_	630	_	524	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency		_	378	_	315	_	262	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	95	_	79	—	66	MHz
Generic DDF	X4 Outputs with Clock and Data	Centered at Pin Using Po	CLK Pin	for Cloc	k Input –	GDDRX	4_TX.EC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output		0.455	_	0.570	_	0.710	_	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U,	0.455	_	0.570	_	0.710	_	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only.	_	756	_	630	_	524	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)	, o ,	_	378	_	315	_	262	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	95	_	79	_	66	MHz
7:1 LVDS O	utputs - GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1	9, 12					•	•	
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		_	0.160	_	0.180	_	0.200	ns
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only.	_	0.160	_	0.180	_	0.200	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed		_	756	_	630	_	524	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		_	378	_	315	_	262	MHz
f _{CLKOUT}	7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		_	108	_	90	_	75	MHz



			_	3	_	2	_	1	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Generic DDR	Inputs with Clock and Data Cer	ntered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin fo	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX4	_RX.EC	LK.Cent	ered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before ECLK		0.434	_	0.535	_	0.630	_	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After ECLK	MachXO2-640U.	0.385	_	0.395	_	0.463	_	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	_	420	_	352	_	292	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹	_	210		176		146	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	53	_	44	_	37	MHz
7:1 LVDS Inp	uts - GDDR71_RX.ECLK.7.19,12	2							
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK		_	0.307	_	0.316	_	0.326	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.662	_	0.650	_	0.649	_	UI
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U	_	420	_	352	_	292	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency	and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	_	210		176		146	MHz
f _{CLKIN}	7:1 Input Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)	bottom side only	_	60	_	50	_	42	MHz
Generic DDR	Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Aligned ^{9,}								ned ^{9, 12}
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output		_	0.850	_	0.910	_	0.970	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	_	0.850	_	0.910	_	0.970	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed	,	_	140	_	116	_	98	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK frequency		_	70	_	58		49	MHz
Generic DDR	Outputs with Clock and Data Ce	ntered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	1_TX.SC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output		2.720	_	3.380	_	4.140	_	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output	All MachXO2	2.720	_	3.380	_	4.140	_	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed	devices, all sides	_	140	_	116		98	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		_	70	_	58	_	49	MHz
Generic DDR	X2 Outputs with Clock and Data	Aligned at Pin Using P	CLK Pin	for Cloc	k Input	- GDDR	X2_TX.E	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output		_	0.270	_	0.300	_	0.330	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U	_	0.270	_	0.300	_	0.330	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed	and larger devices, top side only	_	280	_	234	_	194	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK frequency		_	140	_	117	_	97	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	70	_	59	_	49	MHz



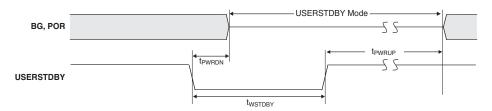
MachXO2 Oscillator Output Frequency

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max	Units
f	Oscillator Output Frequency (Commercial Grade Devices, 0 to 85°C)	125.685	133	140.315	MHz
† _{MAX}	Oscillator Output Frequency (Industrial Grade Devices, –40 °C to 100 °C)	124.355	133	141.645	MHz
t _{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	43	50	57	%
t _{OPJIT} 1	Output Clock Period Jitter	0.01	0.012	0.02	UIPP
t _{STABLEOSC}	STDBY Low to Oscillator Stable	0.01	0.05	0.1	μs

^{1.} Output Clock Period Jitter specified at 133 MHz. The values for lower frequencies will be smaller UIPP. The typical value for 133 MHz is 95 ps and for 2.08 MHz the typical value is 1.54 ns.

MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – HC/HE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max	Units
t _{PWRDN}	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	_	_	9	ns
		LCMXO2-256		_		μs
		LCMXO2-640		_		μs
		LCMXO2-640U		_		μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	_	50	μs
t _{PWRUP}	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-1200U		_		μs
		LCMXO2-2000		_		μs
		LCMXO2-2000U		_		μs
		LCMXO2-4000		_		μs
		LCMXO2-7000		_		μs
twstdby	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	18	_	_	ns



MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – ZE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Тур.	Max	Units
t _{PWRDN}	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	_	_	13	ns
		LCMXO2-256		_		μs
		LCMXO2-640		_		μs
	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-1200	20	_	50	μs
^T PWRUP		LCMXO2-2000		_		μs
		LCMXO2-4000		_		μs
		LCMXO2-7000		_		μs
t _{WSTDBY}	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	19	_	_	ns
t _{BNDGAPSTBL}	USERSTDBY High to Bandgap Stable	All	_	_	15	ns



			MachX	02-7000		
	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	400 caBGA	484 fpBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank	-	l .		l .	l .	l .
Bank 0	27	50	50	68	83	82
Bank 1	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 2	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 3	9	16	16	24	28	28
Bank 4	10	16	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	10	20	20	30	32	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	114	206	206	278	335	334
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	14	25	25	34	42	41
Bank 1	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 2	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 3	4	8	8	12	14	14
Bank 4	5	8	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	5	10	10	15	16	16
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	56	103	103	139	168	167
Dual Function I/O	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O	1 0.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	.	· ·	.
Bank 0	9	20	20	21	21	21
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	9	20	20	21	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	14	20	20	21	21	21
DQS Groups	-	l .		l .	l .	l .
Bank 1	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 2	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	1	2	2	1	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	2	2	3
	T .	T =		T =		I
VCC	4	8	8	8	10	12
GND	12	24	24	27	33	48
NC	1	1	1	1	0	49
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	144	256	256	332	400	484



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

Specifications for the "LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package CR1" are the same as the "LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package C" devices respectively, except as specified in the R1 Device Specifications section of this data sheet.



Ordering Information MachXO2 Family Data Sheet

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR ¹	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 ³	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K ²	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

^{1.} This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

^{2.} This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

^{3.} This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



High Performance Industrial Grade Devices Without Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG100I	2112	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5MG132I	2112	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG144I	2112	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5BG256I	2112	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHE-4FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-5FG484I	2112	1.2 V	- 5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-6FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Revision History

March 2017 Data Sheet DS1035

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2017	3.3	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings section. Added standards.
			Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Added standards.
			Updated the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Added standards.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices section. Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, the D _{VB} and the D _{VA} parameters were changed to D _{IB} and D _{IA} . The parameter descriptions were also modified.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices section. Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, the D _{VB} and the D _{VA} parameters were changed to D _{IB} and D _{IA} . The parameter descriptions were also modified.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Corrected the t _{INITL} units from ns to μs.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Signal Descriptions section. Revised the descriptions of the PROGRAMN, INITN, and DONE signals.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added footnote to MachXO2-1200 32 QFN.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Corrected the MG184, BG256, FTG256 package information. Added "(0.8 mm Pitch)" to BG332.
			Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. — Updated LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR50 footnote. — Corrected footnote numbering typo. — Added the LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K part numbers. Updated/added footnote/s.



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
December 2014	2.9	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Removed XO2-4000U data. — Removed 400-ball ftBGA. — Removed 25-ball WLCSP value for XO2-2000U.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for $V_{\rm CC}$ and $V_{\rm CCIO}$.
			Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTL, PCI, LVDS33 and LVPECL.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Removed MachXO2-4000U.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Removed BG400 package.
			Updated the High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
			Updated the High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
November 2014	November 2014 2.8	Introduction	Updated the Features section. — Revised I/Os under Flexible Logic Architecture. — Revised standby power under Ultra Low Power Devices. — Revise input frequency range under Flexible On-Chip Clocking.
			Updated Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added XO2-4000U data. — Removed HE and ZE device options for XO2-4000. — Added 400-ball ftBGA.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added BG400 package.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400 part numbers.
October 2014	2.7	Ordering Information	Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Fixed typo in LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR part number package.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
			Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
July 2014	2.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics ^{1,2} section. Updated footnote 4.
			Updated Register-to-Register Performance section. Updated footnote.
		Ordering Information	Updated UW49 package to UWG49 in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
			Updated LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR package in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging.