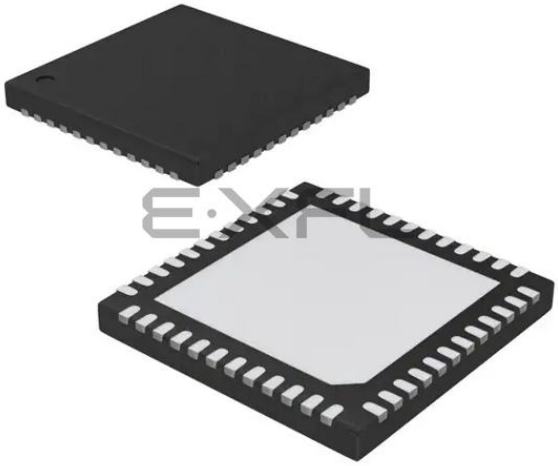
Lattice Semiconductor Corporation - LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48I Datasheet



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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

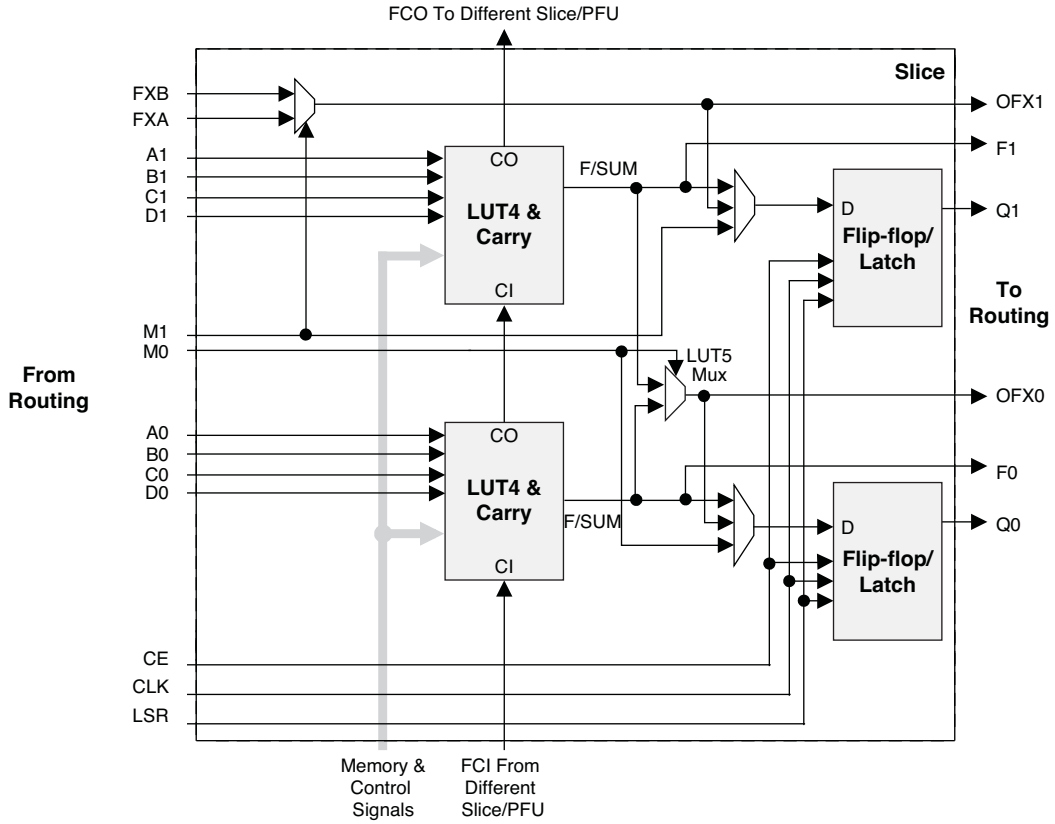
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	32
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	256
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	40
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	48-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-QFNS (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-256hc-5sg48i

Figure 2-4. Slice Diagram



For Slices 0 and 1, memory control signals are generated from Slice 2 as follows:

- WCK is CLK
- WRE is from LSR
- DI[3:2] for Slice 1 and DI[1:0] for Slice 0 data from Slice 2
- WAD [A:D] is a 4-bit address from slice 2 LUT input

Table 2-2. Slice Signal Descriptions

Function	Type	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	A0, B0, C0, D0	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Data signal	A1, B1, C1, D1	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Multi-purpose	M0/M1	Multi-purpose input
Input	Control signal	CE	Clock enable
Input	Control signal	LSR	Local set/reset
Input	Control signal	CLK	System clock
Input	Inter-PFU signal	FCIN	Fast carry in[1]
Output	Data signals	F0, F1	LUT4 output register bypass signals
Output	Data signals	Q0, Q1	Register outputs
Output	Data signals	OFX0	Output of a LUT5 MUX
Output	Data signals	OFX1	Output of a LUT6, LUT7, LUT8[2] MUX depending on the slice
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCO	Fast carry out[1]

1. See Figure 2-3 for connection details.
2. Requires two PFUs.

Table 2-4. PLL Signal Descriptions (Continued)

Port Name	I/O	Description
CLKOP	O	Primary PLL output clock (with phase shift adjustment)
CLKOS	O	Secondary PLL output clock (with phase shift adjust)
CLKOS2	O	Secondary PLL output clock2 (with phase shift adjust)
CLKOS3	O	Secondary PLL output clock3 (with phase shift adjust)
LOCK	O	PLL LOCK, asynchronous signal. Active high indicates PLL is locked to input and feedback signals.
DPHSRC	O	Dynamic Phase source – ports or WISHBONE is active
STDBY	I	Standby signal to power down the PLL
RST	I	PLL reset without resetting the M-divider. Active high reset.
RESETM	I	PLL reset - includes resetting the M-divider. Active high reset.
RESETC	I	Reset for CLKOS2 output divider only. Active high reset.
RESETD	I	Reset for CLKOS3 output divider only. Active high reset.
ENCLKOP	I	Enable PLL output CLKOP
ENCLKOS	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS when port is active
ENCLKOS2	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS2 when port is active
ENCLKOS3	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS3 when port is active
PLLCLK	I	PLL data bus clock input signal
PLLRST	I	PLL data bus reset. This resets only the data bus not any register values.
PLLSTB	I	PLL data bus strobe signal
PLLWE	I	PLL data bus write enable signal
PLLADDR [4:0]	I	PLL data bus address
PLLDATI [7:0]	I	PLL data bus data input
PLLDATO [7:0]	O	PLL data bus data output
PLLACK	O	PLL data bus acknowledge signal

sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory

The MachXO2-640/U and larger devices contain sysMEM Embedded Block RAMs (EBRs). The EBR consists of a 9-kbit RAM, with dedicated input and output registers. This memory can be used for a wide variety of purposes including data buffering, PROM for the soft processor and FIFO.

sysMEM Memory Block

The sysMEM block can implement single port, dual port, pseudo dual port, or FIFO memories. Each block can be used in a variety of depths and widths as shown in Table 2-5.

Programmable I/O Cells (PIC)

The programmable logic associated with an I/O is called a PIO. The individual PIO are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and pads. On the MachXO2 devices, the PIO cells are assembled into groups of four PIO cells called a Programmable I/O Cell or PIC. The PICs are placed on all four sides of the device.

On all the MachXO2 devices, two adjacent PIOs can be combined to provide a complementary output driver pair.

The MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices contain enhanced I/O capability. All PIO pairs on these larger devices can implement differential receivers. Half of the PIO pairs on the top edge of these devices can be configured as true LVDS transmit pairs. The PIO pairs on the bottom edge of these higher density devices have on-chip differential termination and also provide PCI support.

PIO

The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block and tri-state register block. These blocks contain registers for operating in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

Table 2-8. PIO Signal List

Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
CE	Input	Clock Enable
D	Input	Pin input from sysIO buffer.
INDD	Output	Register bypassed input.
INCK	Output	Clock input
Q0	Output	DDR positive edge input
Q1	Output	Registered input/DDR negative edge input
D0	Input	Output signal from the core (SDR and DDR)
D1	Input	Output signal from the core (DDR)
TD	Input	Tri-state signal from the core
Q	Output	Data output signals to sysIO Buffer
TQ	Output	Tri-state output signals to sysIO Buffer
DQSR90[1]	Input	DQS shift 90-degree read clock
DQSW90[1]	Input	DQS shift 90-degree write clock
DDRCLKPOL[1]	Input	DDR input register polarity control signal from DQS
SCLK	Input	System clock for input and output/tri-state blocks.
RST	Input	Local set reset signal

1. Available in PIO on right edge only.

Input Register Block

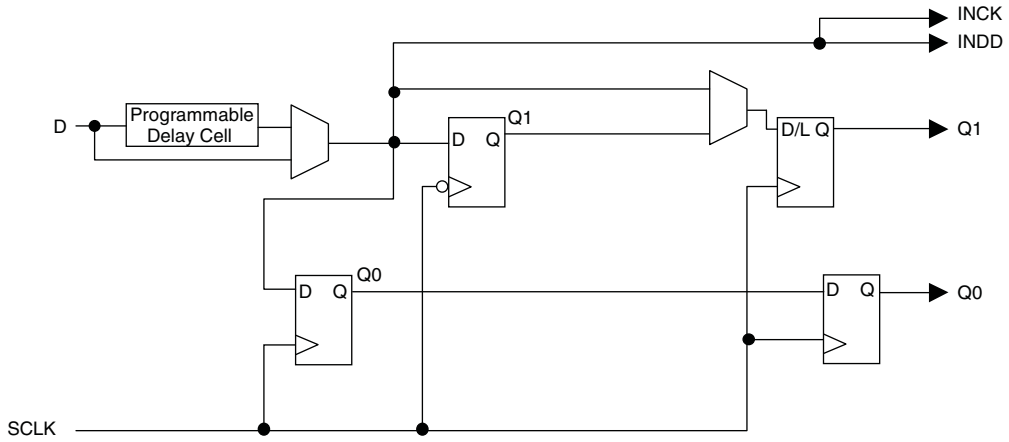
The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain delay elements and registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core. In addition to this functionality, the input register blocks for the PIOs on the right edge include built-in logic to interface to DDR memory.

Figure 2-12 shows the input register block for the PIOs located on the left, top and bottom edges. Figure 2-13 shows the input register block for the PIOs on the right edge.

Left, Top, Bottom Edges

Input signals are fed from the sysIO buffer to the input register block (as signal D). If desired, the input signal can bypass the register and delay elements and be used directly as a combinatorial signal (INDD), and a clock (INCK). If an input delay is desired, users can select a fixed delay. I/Os on the bottom edge also have a dynamic delay, DEL[4:0]. The delay, if selected, reduces input register hold time requirements when using a global clock. The input block allows two modes of operation. In single data rate (SDR) the data is registered with the system clock (SCLK) by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock (SCLK) signal, creating two data streams.

Figure 2-12. MachXO2 Input Register Block Diagram (PIO on Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



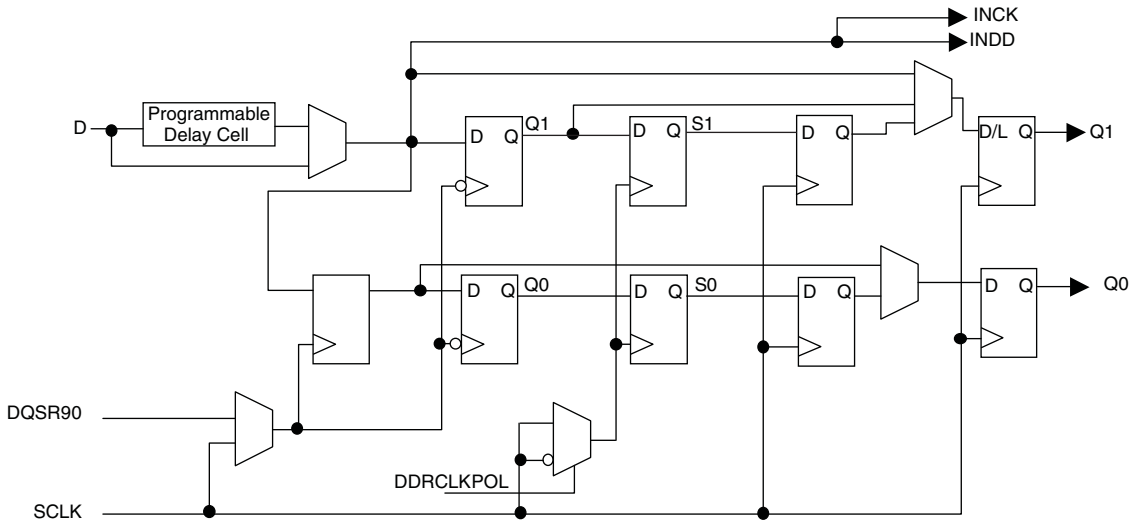
Right Edge

The input register block on the right edge is a superset of the same block on the top, bottom, and left edges. In addition to the modes described above, the input register block on the right edge also supports DDR memory mode.

In DDR memory mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the modified DQS (DQSR90) in the DDR Memory mode creating two data streams. Before entering the core, these two data streams are synchronized to the system clock to generate two data streams.

The signal DDRCLKPOL controls the polarity of the clock used in the synchronization registers. It ensures adequate timing when data is transferred to the system clock domain from the DQS domain. The DQSR90 and DDRCLKPOL signals are generated in the DQS read-write block.

Figure 2-13. MachXO2 Input Register Block Diagram (PIO on Right Edge)



These gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the high-speed input data by the high-speed edge clock on its rising and falling edges. The second stage registers perform data alignment based on the control signals UPDATE and SEL0 from the control block. The third stage pipeline registers pass the data to the device core synchronized to the low-speed system clock. Figure 2-16 shows a block diagram of the input gearbox.

Figure 2-16. Input Gearbox

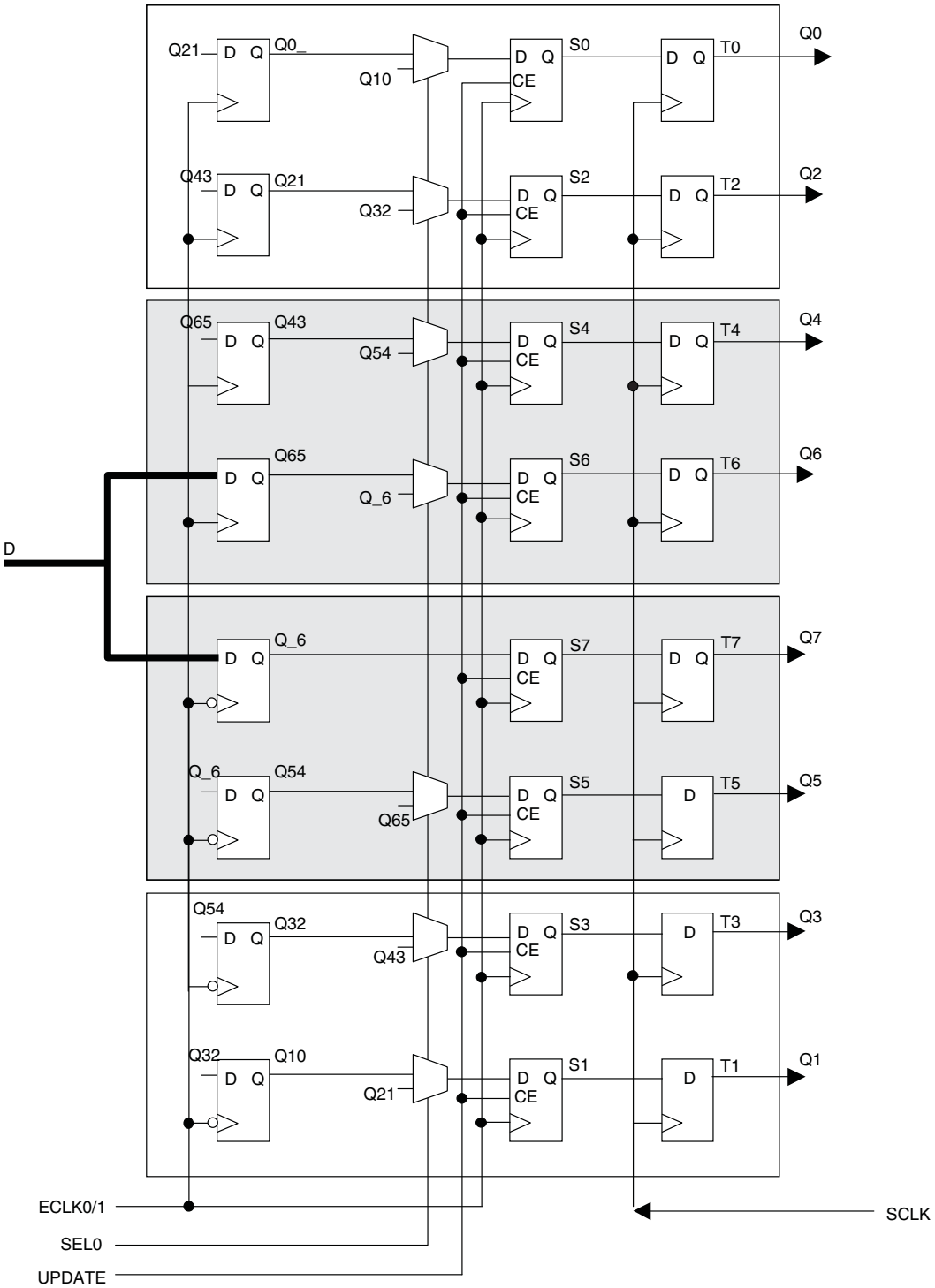


Table 2-11. I/O Support Device by Device

	MachXO2-256, MachXO2-640	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200	MachXO2-1200U MachXO2-2000/U, MachXO2-4000, MachXO2-7000
Number of I/O Banks	4	4	6
Type of Input Buffers	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks)	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks) Differential input termination (bottom side)	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O banks) Differential input termination (bottom side)
Types of Output Buffers	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks) Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O banks	All I/O banks	All I/O banks
PCI Clamp Support	No	Clamp on bottom side only	Clamp on bottom side only

Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards

	VCCIO (Typ.)				
Input Standard	**3.3 V**	**2.5 V**	**1.8 V**	**1.5**	**1.2 V**
Single-Ended Interfaces					
LVTTL	✓	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	
LVCMOS33	✓	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	
LVCMOS25	✓[2]	✓	✓[2]	✓[2]	
LVCMOS18	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓	✓[2]	
LVCMOS15	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓	✓[2]
LVCMOS12	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓[2]	✓
PCI[1]	✓				
SSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
SSTL25 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓			
HSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
Differential Interfaces					
LVDS	✓	✓			
BLVDS, MVDS, LVPECL, RSDS	✓	✓			
MIPI[3]	✓	✓			
Differential SSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		
Differential SSTL25 Class I, II	✓	✓			
Differential HSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		

1. Bottom banks of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices only.
2. Reduced functionality. Refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide for more detail.
3. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics[1, 2]

Input/Output Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL} Max. (V)	V_{OH} Min. (V)	I_{OL} Max.[4] (mA)	I_{OH} Max.[4] (mA)
	Min. (V)[3]	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVCMOS 3.3 LVTTL	-0.3	0.8	2.0	3.6	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	4	–4
							8	–8
							12	–12
							16	–16
							24	–24
					0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
LVCMOS 2.5	–0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	4	–4
							8	–8
							12	–12
							16	–16
					0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
LVCMOS 1.8	–0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	3.6	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	4	–4
							8	–8
							12	–12
					0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
LVCMOS 1.5	–0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	3.6	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	4	–4
							8	–8
					0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
LVCMOS 1.2	–0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	3.6	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	4	–2
							8	–6
					0.2	V_{CCIO} – 0.2	0.1	–0.1
PCI	–0.3	$0.3V_{CCIO}$	$0.5V_{CCIO}$	3.6	$0.1V_{CCIO}$	$0.9V_{CCIO}$	1.5	–0.5
SSTL25 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.18	V_{REF} + 0.18	3.6	0.54	V_{CCIO} - 0.62	8	8
SSTL25 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.18	V_{REF} + 0.18	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
SSTL18 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	3.6	0.40	V_{CCIO} - 0.40	8	8
SSTL18 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
HSTL18 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	V_{CCIO} - 0.40	8	8
HSTL18 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS25R33	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R33	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R25	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R33	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R25	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS12R33	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS12R25	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R33	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

Parameter	Description	Device	–6		–5		–4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.41	—	0.48	—	0.55	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.42	—	0.49	—	0.56	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.43	—	0.50	—	0.58	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.46	—	0.54	—	0.62	—	ns
t_{SU_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	2.88	—	3.19	—	3.72	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	2.87	—	3.18	—	3.70	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	2.96	—	3.28	—	3.81	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	3.05	—	3.35	—	3.87	—	ns
t_{H_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	–0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	–0.87	—	–0.87	—	–0.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	–0.91	—	–0.91	—	–0.91	—	ns
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.317	—	0.344	—	0.368	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.742	—	0.702	—	0.668	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	0.566	—	0.560	—	0.538	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.778	—	0.879	—	1.090	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	—	0.316	—	0.342	—	0.364	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.710	—	0.675	—	0.679	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	0.233	—	0.219	—	0.198	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.287	—	0.287	—	0.344	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	–3		–2		–1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200ZE	0.66	—	0.68	—	0.80	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	0.68	—	0.70	—	0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	0.68	—	0.71	—	0.84	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	0.73	—	0.74	—	0.87	—	ns
t_{SU_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200ZE	5.14	—	5.69	—	6.20	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	5.11	—	5.67	—	6.17	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	5.27	—	5.84	—	6.35	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	5.15	—	5.71	—	6.23	—	ns
t_{H_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200ZE	–1.36	—	–1.36	—	–1.36	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	–1.35	—	–1.35	—	–1.35	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	–1.43	—	–1.43	—	–1.43	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	–1.41	—	–1.41	—	–1.41	—	ns
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.382	—	0.401	—	0.417	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.670	—	0.684	—	0.693	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	1.319	—	1.412	—	1.462	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.717	—	1.010	—	1.340	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	—	0.361	—	0.346	—	0.334	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.602	—	0.625	—	0.648	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	0.472	—	0.672	—	0.865	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.363	—	0.501	—	0.743	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	—	0.307	—	0.316	—	0.326	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.662	—	0.650	—	0.649	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f_{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	–3		–2		–1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	0.434	—	0.535	—	0.630	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.385	—	0.395	—	0.463	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f_{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz
7:1 LVDS Inputs – GDDR71_RX.ECLK.7.1[9, 12]									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only[11]	—	0.307	—	0.316	—	0.326	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.662	—	0.650	—	0.649	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f_{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f_{CLKIN}	7:1 Input Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	60	—	50	—	42	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.850	—	0.910	—	0.970	ns
t_{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.850	—	0.910	—	0.970	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Centered[9, 12]									
t_{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	2.720	—	3.380	—	4.140	—	ns
t_{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		2.720	—	3.380	—	4.140	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_TX.ECLK.Aligned[9, 12]									
t_{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only	—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
t_{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	–3		–2		–1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
LPDDR[9, 12]									
t_{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only.[13]	—	0.349	—	0.381	—	0.396	UI
t_{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.665	—	0.630	—	0.613	—	UI
t_{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t_{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f_{DATA}	MEM LPDDR Serial Data Speed		—	120	—	110	—	96	Mbps
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	60	—	55	—	48	MHz
f_{LPDDR}	LPDDR Data Transfer Rate		0	120	0	110	0	96	Mbps
DDR[9, 12]									
t_{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only.[13]	—	0.347	—	0.374	—	0.393	UI
t_{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.665	—	0.637	—	0.616	—	UI
t_{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t_{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f_{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
f_{MEM_DDR}	MEM DDR Data Transfer Rate		N/A	140	N/A	116	N/A	98	Mbps
DDR2[9, 12]									
t_{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only.[13]	—	0.372	—	0.394	—	0.410	UI
t_{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.690	—	0.658	—	0.618	—	UI
t_{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t_{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f_{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
f_{MEM_DDR2}	MEM DDR2 Data Transfer Rate		N/A	140	N/A	116	N/A	98	Mbps

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.
2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0 pf load, fast slew rate.
3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).
4. DDR timing numbers based on SSTL25. DDR2 timing numbers based on SSTL18. LPDDR timing numbers based in LVCMOS18.
5. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).
6. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03\ ns)/2$.
7. The t_{SU_DEL} and t_{H_DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 167 ps (–3), 182 ps (–2), 195 ps (–1).
8. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/–10%.
9. Duty cycle is +/– 5% for system usage.
10. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.
11. High-speed DDR and LVDS not supported in SG32 (32-Pin QFN) packages.
12. Advance information for MachXO2 devices in 48 QFN packages.
13. DDR memory interface not supported in QN84 (84 QFN) and SG32 (32 QFN) packages.

sysCLOCK PLL Timing (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{ROTATE_WD}	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4	—	VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. Using LVDS output buffers.
4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide for more details.
5. At minimum $f_{PFD.}$ As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.
6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.
7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.
8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.

sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
All Configuration Modes					
t_{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low pulse accept		55	—	ns
t_{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low pulse rejection		—	25	ns
t_{INITL}	INITN low time	LCMXO2-256	—	30	µs
		LCMXO2-640	—	35	µs
		LCMXO2-640U/ LCMXO2-1200	—	55	µs
		LCMXO2-1200U/ LCMXO2-2000	—	70	µs
		LCMXO2-2000U/ LCMXO2-4000	—	105	µs
		LCMXO2-7000	—	130	µs
$t_{DPPINIT}$	PROGRAMN low to INITN low		—	150	ns
$t_{DPPDONE}$	PROGRAMN low to DONE low		—	150	ns
t_{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to I/O disable		—	120	ns
Slave SPI					
f_{MAX}	CCLK clock frequency		—	66	MHz
t_{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse width high		7.5	—	ns
t_{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse width low		7.5	—	ns
t_{STSU}	CCLK setup time		2	—	ns
t_{STH}	CCLK hold time		0	—	ns
t_{STCO}	CCLK falling edge to valid output		—	10	ns
t_{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge to valid disable		—	10	ns
t_{STOV}	CCLK falling edge to valid enable		—	10	ns
t_{SCS}	Chip select high time		25	—	ns
t_{SCSS}	Chip select setup time		3	—	ns
t_{SCSH}	Chip select hold time		3	—	ns
Master SPI					
f_{MAX}	MCLK clock frequency		—	133	MHz
t_{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse width high		3.75	—	ns
t_{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse width low		3.75	—	ns
t_{STSU}	MCLK setup time		5	—	ns
t_{STH}	MCLK hold time		1	—	ns
t_{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip select low		100	200	ns
t_{MCLK}	INITN high to first MCLK edge		0.75	1	µs

For Further Information

For further information regarding logic signal connections for various packages please refer to the MachXO2 Device Pinout Files.

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Users must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- Thermal Management document
- TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices
- The Power Calculator tool is included with the Lattice design tools, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1QN84C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2QN84C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3QN84C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3MG132C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3TG144C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG256C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640HC-4SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-4TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-4MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640UHC-4TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-640UHC-5TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-640UHC-6TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640HC-4SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-4TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-4MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640UHC-4TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-640UHC-5TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-640UHC-6TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG132I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG132I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG132I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4TG144I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5TG144I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6TG144I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG184I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG184I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG184I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG256I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG256I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG256I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG332I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG332I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG332I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FG484I	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FG484I	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FG484I	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HE-4TG144I	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5TG144I	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6TG144I	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG256I	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG256I	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG256I	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG332I	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG332I	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG332I	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FG484I	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FG484I	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FG484I	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Supplemental Information

For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the MachXO2 family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices
- TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide
- TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices
- TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide
- TN1203, Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices
- TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide
- TN1205, Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices
- TN1206, MachXO2 SRAM CRC Error Detection Usage Guide
- TN1207, Using TraceID in MachXO2 Devices
- TN1074, PCB Layout Recommendations for BGA Packages
- TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology
- AN8086, Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard (non-R1) Devices
- AN8066, Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability
- MachXO2 Device Pinout Files
- Thermal Management document
- Lattice design tools

For further information on interface standards, refer to the following web sites:

- JEDEC Standards (LVTTL, LVCMOS, LVDS, DDR, DDR2, LPDDR): www.jedec.org
- PCI: www.pcisig.com