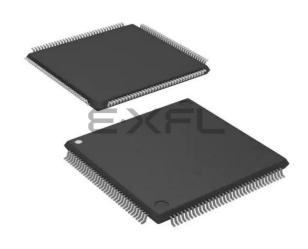
E · K Hat lice Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144I Datasheet</u>



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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

2000	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	114
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-4000hc-4tg144i

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The logic blocks, Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and sysMEM EBR blocks, are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns. Each row has either the logic blocks or the EBR blocks. The PIO cells are located at the periphery of the device, arranged in banks. The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM, and register functions. The PIOs utilize a flexible I/O buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer that supports operation with a variety of interface standards. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

In the MachXO2 family, the number of sysIO banks varies by device. There are different types of I/O buffers on the different banks. Refer to the details in later sections of this document. The sysMEM EBRs are large, dedicated fast memory blocks; these blocks are found in MachXO2-640/U and larger devices. These blocks can be configured as RAM, ROM or FIFO. FIFO support includes dedicated FIFO pointer and flag "hard" control logic to minimize LUT usage.

The MachXO2 registers in PFU and sysl/O can be configured to be SET or RESET. After power up and device is configured, the device enters into user mode with these registers SET/RESET according to the configuration setting, allowing device entering to a known state for predictable system function.

The MachXO2 architecture also provides up to two sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) blocks on MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices. These blocks are located at the ends of the on-chip Flash block. The PLLs have multiply, divide, and phase shifting capabilities that are used to manage the frequency and phase relationships of the clocks.

MachXO2 devices provide commonly used hardened functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/ counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These hardened functions and the UFM interface to the core logic and routing through a WISHBONE interface. The UFM can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C and JTAG ports.

Every device in the family has a JTAG port that supports programming and configuration of the device as well as access to the user logic. The MachXO2 devices are available for operation from 3.3 V, 2.5 V and 1.2 V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

PFU Blocks

The core of the MachXO2 device consists of PFU blocks, which can be programmed to perform logic, arithmetic, distributed RAM and distributed ROM functions. Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices numbered 0 to 3 as shown in Figure 2-3. Each slice contains two LUTs and two registers. There are 53 inputs and 25 outputs associated with each PFU block.



Figure 2-6. Secondary High Fanout Nets for MachXO2 Devices



sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. The MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have one or more sysCLOCK PLL. CLKI is the reference frequency input to the PLL and its source can come from an external I/O pin or from internal routing. CLKFB is the feedback signal to the PLL which can come from internal routing or an external I/O pin. The feedback divider is used to multiply the reference frequency and thus synthesize a higher frequency clock output.

The MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLLs support high resolution (16-bit) fractional-N synthesis. Fractional-N frequency synthesis allows the user to generate an output clock which is a non-integer multiple of the input frequency. For more information about using the PLL with Fractional-N synthesis, please see TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide.

Each output has its own output divider, thus allowing the PLL to generate different frequencies for each output. The output dividers can have a value from 1 to 128. The output dividers may also be cascaded together to generate low frequency clocks. The CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 outputs can all be used to drive the MachXO2 clock distribution network directly or general purpose routing resources can be used.

The LOCK signal is asserted when the PLL determines it has achieved lock and de-asserted if a loss of lock is detected. A block diagram of the PLL is shown in Figure 2-7.

The setup and hold times of the device can be improved by programming a phase shift into the CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 output clocks which will advance or delay the output clock with reference to the CLKOP output clock.



PIO

The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block and tri-state register block. These blocks contain registers for operating in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

Table 2-8	. PIO	Signal	List
-----------	-------	--------	------

Pin Name	I/О Туре	Description	
CE	Input	Clock Enable	
D	Input	Pin input from sysIO buffer.	
INDD	Output	Register bypassed input.	
INCK	Output	Clock input	
Q0	Output	DDR positive edge input	
Q1	Output	Registered input/DDR negative edge input	
D0	Input	Output signal from the core (SDR and DDR)	
D1	Input	Output signal from the core (DDR)	
TD	Input	Tri-state signal from the core	
Q	Output	Data output signals to sysIO Buffer	
TQ	Output	Tri-state output signals to sysIO Buffer	
DQSR90 ¹	Input	DQS shift 90-degree read clock	
DQSW90 ¹	Input	DQS shift 90-degree write clock	
DDRCLKPOL ¹	Input	DDR input register polarity control signal from DQS	
SCLK	Input	System clock for input and output/tri-state blocks.	
RST	Input	Local set reset signal	

1. Available in PIO on right edge only.

Input Register Block

The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain delay elements and registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core. In addition to this functionality, the input register blocks for the PIOs on the right edge include built-in logic to interface to DDR memory.

Figure 2-12 shows the input register block for the PIOs located on the left, top and bottom edges. Figure 2-13 shows the input register block for the PIOs on the right edge.

Left, Top, Bottom Edges

Input signals are fed from the sysIO buffer to the input register block (as signal D). If desired, the input signal can bypass the register and delay elements and be used directly as a combinatorial signal (INDD), and a clock (INCK). If an input delay is desired, users can select a fixed delay. I/Os on the bottom edge also have a dynamic delay, DEL[4:0]. The delay, if selected, reduces input register hold time requirements when using a global clock. The input block allows two modes of operation. In single data rate (SDR) the data is registered with the system clock (SCLK) by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock (SCLK) signal, creating two data streams.



Output Register Block

The output register block registers signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers.

Left, Top, Bottom Edges

In SDR mode, D0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type register or latch.

In DDR generic mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the same clock is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-14 shows the output register block on the left, top and bottom edges.

Figure 2-14. MachXO2 Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Right Edge

The output register block on the right edge is a superset of the output register on left, top and bottom edges of the device. In addition to supporting SDR and Generic DDR modes, the output register blocks for PIOs on the right edge include additional logic to support DDR-memory interfaces. Operation of this block is similar to that of the output register block on other edges.

In DDR memory mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the DQSW90 signal is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-15 shows the output register block on the right edge.



DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
		Clamp OFF and $V_{CCIO} < V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (MAX)	_	_	+175	μΑ
		Clamp OFF and $V_{IN} = V_{CCIO}$	-10		10	μA
I _{IL} , I _{IH} ^{1, 4}	Input or I/O Leakage	Clamp OFF and V _{CCIO} –0.97 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	-175	_	—	μA
		Clamp OFF and 0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO} –0.97 V			10	μA
		Clamp OFF and V _{IN} = GND	—	_	10	μΑ
		Clamp ON and 0 V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	_	_	10	μΑ
I _{PU}	I/O Active Pull-up Current	0 < V _{IN} < 0.7 V _{CCIO}	-30		-309	μA
I _{PD}	I/O Active Pull-down Current	V_{IL} (MAX) < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}	30		305	μA
I _{BHLS}	Bus Hold Low sustaining current	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} (MAX)$	30		_	μA
I _{BHHS}	Bus Hold High sustaining current	$V_{IN} = 0.7 V_{CCIO}$	-30		_	μA
I _{BHLO}	Bus Hold Low Overdrive current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CCIO}$	_		305	μA
I _{BHHO}	Bus Hold High Overdrive current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CCIO}$	_		-309	μA
V _{BHT} ³	Bus Hold Trip Points		V _{IL} (MAX)		V _{IH} (MIN)	V
C1	I/O Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}, 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = Typ., V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{IH} \text{ (MAX)}$	3	5	9	pF
C2	Dedicated Input Capacitance ²	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V}, 1.8 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}, 1.2 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = Typ., V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{IH} \text{ (MAX)}$	3	5.5	7	pF
		V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	450	—	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	250	—	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	125	—	mV
V _{HYST}	Hysteresis for Schmitt	V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V, Hysteresis = Large	_	100	—	mV
	Trigger Inputs ⁵	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V, Hysteresis = Small	—	250	—	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V, Hysteresis = Small	—	150	—	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V, Hysteresis = Small	—	60	—	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V, Hysteresis = Small	_	40	—	mV

1. Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tri-stated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Bus maintenance circuits are disabled.

2. T_A 25 °C, f = 1.0 MHz.

3. Please refer to V_{IL} and V_{IH} in the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table of this document.

4. When V_{IH} is higher than V_{CCIO}, a transient current typically of 30 ns in duration or less with a peak current of 6 mA can occur on the high-to-low transition. For true LVDS output pins in MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, V_{IH} must be less than or equal to V_{CCIO}.

5. With bus keeper circuit turned on. For more details, refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide.



Static Supply Current – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁴	Units
		LCMXO2-256HC	1.15	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	1.84	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	3.48	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	3.49	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	4.80	mA
1	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-2000HC	4.80	mA
ICC		LCMXO2-2000UHC	8.44	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	8.45	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	12.87	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	1.39	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	2.55	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	4.06	mA
Іссю	Bank Power Supply⁵ V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off.

3. Frequency = 0 MHz.

4. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

5. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

6. To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
		LCMXO2-256HC	14.6	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	16.1	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	22.1	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HC	22.1	mA
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-2000UHC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	33.2	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	18.3	mA
		LCMXO2-2000UHE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	23.9	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes all inputs are held at V_{CCIO} or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank. $V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

		V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)	
Standard	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
LVCMOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVCMOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	_
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
PCI ³	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
SSTL25	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.15	1.25	1.35
SSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
HSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.816	0.9	1.08
LVCMOS25R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	1.1	1.25	1.4
LVCMOS18R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS18R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS15R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS15R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS12R334	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS12R254	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS10R334	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVCMOS10R254	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVDS25 ^{1, 2}	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	_
LVDS33 ^{1, 2}	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVPECL ¹	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
BLVDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
RSDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
SSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
SSTL25D	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	
HSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—

1. Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

2. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

3. Input on the bottom bank of the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices only.

4. Supported only for inputs and BIDIs for all ZE devices, and -6 speed grade for HE and HC devices.



Input/Output	V _{IL}		V _{IH}		V _{OL} Max.	V _{OH} Min.	I _{OL} Max.⁴	I _{OH} Max.⁴
Standard	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	(V) (V	(V)	ິ(mA)	(mA)
LVCMOS10R25	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

MachXO2 devices allow LVCMOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V_{CCIO} is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO2 devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.

2. MachXO2 devices allow for LVCMOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide.

3. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a V_{IL} min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.

4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive VCCIO or GND pad connections, or between the last VCCIO or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of n * 8 mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank VCCIO or GND connections or between the last VCCIO and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.

Input Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)	V _{IL} Max. (V)
LVCMOS 33	1.5	0.685
LVCMOS 25	1.5	0.687
LVCMOS 18	1.5	0.655

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

The LVDS differential output buffers are available on the top side of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices in the MachXO2 PLD family.

LVDS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V V	Input Voltage	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	0		2.605	V
V _{INP} V _{INM}	input voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	0		2.05	V
V _{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		±100	—		mV
V.	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	0.05		2.6	V
V _{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	0.05		2.0	V
I _{IN}	Input current	Power on	_	_	±10	μA
V _{OH}	Output high voltage for V _{OP} or V _{OM}	R _T = 100 Ohm	_	1.375		V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	R _T = 100 Ohm	0.90	1.025		V
V _{OD}	Output voltage differential	(V _{OP} - V _{OM}), R _T = 100 Ohm	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V _{OD} between high and low		_		50	mV
V _{OS}	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} + V_{OM})/2, R_{T} = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	1.125	1.20	1.395	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V _{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I _{OSD}	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0 V$ driver outputs shorted	_		24	mA



RSDS

The MachXO2 family supports the differential RSDS standard. The output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all the devices. The RSDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-4 is one possible solution for RSDS standard implementation. Use LVDS25E mode with suggested resistors for RSDS operation. Resistor values in Figure 3-4 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.



Figure 3-4. RSDS (Reduced Swing Differential Standard)

Table 3-4. RSDS DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistor	294	Ohms
R _P	Driver parallel resistor	121	Ohms
R _T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	1.35	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.15	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.20	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z _{BACK}	Back impedance	101.5	Ohms
IDC	DC output current	3.66	mA



Typical Building Block Function Performance – ZE Devices¹

Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–3 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	13.9	ns
4:1 MUX	10.9	ns
16:1 MUX	12.0	ns

Register-to-Register Performance

–3 Timing	Units
191	MHz
134	MHz
148	MHz
77	MHz
90	MHz
214	MHz
	191 134 148 77 90

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.

Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.



MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

			-	6	-	5	-	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks									
Primary Clo	cks								
f _{MAX_PRI} ⁸	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO2 devices	_	388		323	_	269	MHz
t _{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO2 devices	0.5	_	0.6	_	0.7	_	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE		912		939	—	975	ps
		MachXO2-640HC-HE		844		871	—	908	ps
	Primary Clock Skew Within a	MachXO2-1200HC-HE		868		902	—	951	ps
t _{SKEW_PRI}	Device	MachXO2-2000HC-HE		867		897	—	941	ps
	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	_	865		892	—	931	ps	
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	_	902		942	—	989	ps
Edge Clock									1
f _{MAX_EDGE} ⁸	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO2-1200 and larger devices	_	400	_	333	_	278	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin	Propagation Delay	I			1				
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO2 devices	_	6.72	_	6.96	_	7.24	ns
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Primary	y Clock without PLL)			1				
		MachXO2-256HC-HE		7.13		7.30		7.57	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE		7.15		7.30	—	7.57	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-1200HC-HE		7.44		7.64		7.94	ns
t _{co}	Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE		7.46		7.66		7.96	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE		7.51		7.71	—	8.01	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE		7.54		7.75		8.06	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.06		-0.06		-0.06	_	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.06		-0.06	_	-0.06	_	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.17		-0.17	_	-0.17	_	ns
t _{SU}	Input Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.20		-0.20	_	-0.20	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.75	—	1.95	—	2.16	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.75	_	1.95	_	2.16	_	ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.88	_	2.12	_	2.36	_	ns
t _H	Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.89	_	2.13	_	2.37	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.94		2.18		2.43	_	ns
	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.98	_	2.23	_	2.49	_	ns	

Over Recommended Operating Conditions



MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

			-	-3	-	2	-	1	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks									
Primary Cloo	cks								
f _{MAX_PRI} ⁸	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO2 devices	_	150	_	125	—	104	MHz
t _{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO2 devices	1.00	_	1.20	_	1.40	_	ns
		MachXO2-256ZE	—	1250		1272	—	1296	ps
		MachXO2-640ZE		1161		1183	—	1206	ps
	Primary Clock Skew Within a	MachXO2-1200ZE		1213		1267	—	1322	ps
^t SKEW_PRI	Device	MachXO2-2000ZE		1204		1250	—	1296	ps
		MachXO2-4000ZE		1195		1233	—	1269	ps
		MachXO2-7000ZE		1243		1268	—	1296	ps
Edge Clock									
f _{MAX_EDGE⁸}	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO2-1200 and larger devices	_	210	_	175	_	146	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin	Propagation Delay			1	1				1
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO2 devices	_	9.35	_	9.78	_	10.21	ns
General I/O I	Pin Parameters (Using Primary	Clock without PLL)	1			1		1	
		MachXO2-256ZE		10.46	—	10.86	—	11.25	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE		10.52		10.92	—	11.32	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-1200ZE		11.24		11.68	—	12.12	ns
t _{CO}	Register	MachXO2-2000ZE		11.27		11.71	—	12.16	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE		11.28		11.78	—	12.28	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	—	11.22		11.76	—	12.30	ns
		MachXO2-256ZE	-0.21		-0.21	—	-0.21	—	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	-0.22	—	-0.22	—	-0.22	—	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-1200ZE	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	ns
t _{SU}	Input Register	MachXO2-2000ZE	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	-0.27	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	-0.31	—	-0.31		-0.31		ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	-0.33	—	-0.33		-0.33		ns
		MachXO2-256ZE	3.96		4.25	_	4.65	_	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	4.01		4.31	—	4.71	—	ns
+	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200ZE	3.95		4.29	_	4.73	_	ns
t _H	Register	MachXO2-2000ZE	3.94	—	4.29	—	4.74	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	3.96		4.36	—	4.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	3.93		4.37	—	4.91		ns
		IVIACHAU2-7000ZE	3.93	—	4.37		4.91		

Over Recommended Operating Conditions









Pinout Information Summary

		Ма	achXO2-2	256		Ма	achXO2-6	640	MachXO2-640
	32 QFN ¹	48 QFN ³	64 ucBGA	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	48 QFN ³	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP
General Purpose I/O per Bank	•		•				•	•	•
Bank 0	8	10	9	13	13	10	18	19	27
Bank 1	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 2	9	10	11	14	14	10	20	20	28
Bank 3	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	21	40	44	55	55	40	78	79	107
Differential I/O per Bank									
Bank 0	4	5	5	7	7	5	9	10	14
Bank 1	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 2	4	5	5	7	7	5	10	10	14
Bank 3	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	10	20	22	28	28	20	39	40	54
Dual Function I/O	22	25	27	29	29	25	29	29	33
High-speed Differential I/O		1						1	
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Gearboxes									•
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
DQS Groups									
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins									
Bank 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 3	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VCC	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
GND ²	2	1	8	8	8	1	8	10	12
NC	0	0	1	26	58	0	3	32	8
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.

2. For 48 QFN package, exposed die pad is the device ground.

3. 48-pin QFN information is 'Advanced'.



MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Ordering Information

March 2017

Data Sheet DS1035

MachXO2 Part Number Description



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Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100C	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100C	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100C	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132C	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132C	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132C	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144C	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144C	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144C	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256C	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256C	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256C	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256C	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1QN84C	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2QN84C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3QN84C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1MG132C	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2MG132C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3MG132C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1TG144C	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2TG144C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3TG144C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG256C	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG256C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG256C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FTG256C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG332C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG332C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FG484C	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FG484C	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FG484C	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG332C	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FG484C	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FG484C	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FG484C	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HE-4TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM



High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640HC-4SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-4TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-4MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640UHC-4TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-640UHC-5TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-640UHC-6TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. Specifications for the "LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package IR1" are the same as the "LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package I" devices respectively, except as specified in the R1 Device Specifications section of this data sheet.



High Performance Industrial Grade Devices Without Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHE-4FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-5FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-6FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND