# E · K Hat lice Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144I Datasheet</u>



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	114
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-4000hc-5tg144i

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#### Figure 2-4. Slice Diagram



For Slices 0 and 1, memory control signals are generated from Slice 2 as follows:

- WCK is CLK
   WRE is from LSR
- DI[3:2] for Slice 1 and DI[1:0] for Slice 0 data from Slice 2
- WAD [A:D] is a 4-bit address from slice 2 LUT input

 Table 2-2. Slice Signal Descriptions

Function	Туре	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	A0, B0, C0, D0	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Data signal	A1, B1, C1, D1	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Multi-purpose	M0/M1	Multi-purpose input
Input	Control signal	CE	Clock enable
Input	Control signal	LSR	Local set/reset
Input	Control signal	CLK	System clock
Input	Inter-PFU signal	FCIN	Fast carry in <sup>1</sup>
Output	Data signals	F0, F1	LUT4 output register bypass signals
Output	Data signals	Q0, Q1	Register outputs
Output	Data signals	OFX0	Output of a LUT5 MUX
Output	Data signals	OFX1	Output of a LUT6, LUT7, LUT8 <sup>2</sup> MUX depending on the slice
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCO	Fast carry out <sup>1</sup>

1. See Figure 2-3 for connection details.

2. Requires two PFUs.



#### Figure 2-5. Primary Clocks for MachXO2 Devices



Primary clocks for MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.

Note: MachXO2-640 and smaller devices do not have inputs from the Edge Clock Divider or PLL and fewer routing inputs. These devices have 17:1 muxes instead of 27:1 muxes.

Eight secondary high fanout nets are generated from eight 8:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-6. One of the eight inputs to the secondary high fanout net input mux comes from dual function clock pins and the remaining seven come from internal routing. The maximum frequency for the secondary clock network is shown in MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.



Figure 2-11. Group of Four Programmable I/O Cells



Notes:

1. Input gearbox is available only in PIC on the bottom edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices. 2. Output gearbox is available only in PIC on the top edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.



## **DDR Memory Support**

Certain PICs on the right edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, have additional circuitry to allow the implementation of DDR memory interfaces. There are two groups of 14 or 12 PIOs each on the right edge with additional circuitry to implement DDR memory interfaces. This capability allows the implementation of up to 16-bit wide memory interfaces. One PIO from each group contains a control element, the DQS Read/Write Block, to facilitate the generation of clock and control signals (DQSR90, DQSW90, DDRCLKPOL and DATAVALID). These clock and control signals are distributed to the other PIO in the group through dedicated low skew routing.

## **DQS Read Write Block**

Source synchronous interfaces generally require the input clock to be adjusted in order to correctly capture data at the input register. For most interfaces a PLL is used for this adjustment. However, in DDR memories the clock (referred to as DQS) is not free-running so this approach cannot be used. The DQS Read Write block provides the required clock alignment for DDR memory interfaces. DQSR90 and DQSW90 signals are generated by the DQS Read Write block from the DQS input.

In a typical DDR memory interface design, the phase relationship between the incoming delayed DQS strobe and the internal system clock (during the read cycle) is unknown. The MachXO2 family contains dedicated circuits to transfer data between these domains. To prevent set-up and hold violations, at the domain transfer between DQS (delayed) and the system clock, a clock polarity selector is used. This circuit changes the edge on which the data is registered in the synchronizing registers in the input register block. This requires evaluation at the start of each read cycle for the correct clock polarity. Prior to the read operation in DDR memories, DQS is in tri-state (pulled by termination). The DDR memory device drives DQS low at the start of the preamble state. A dedicated circuit in the DQS Read Write block detects the first DQS rising edge after the preamble state and generates the DDRCLKPOL signal. This signal is used to control the polarity of the clock to the synchronizing registers.

The temperature, voltage and process variations of the DQS delay block are compensated by a set of calibration signals (6-bit bus) from a DLL on the right edge of the device. The DLL loop is compensated for temperature, voltage and process variations by the system clock and feedback loop.

### sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems including LVCMOS, TTL, PCI, SSTL, HSTL, LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL.

Each bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. In the MachXO2 devices, single-ended output buffers, ratioed input buffers (LVTTL, LVCMOS and PCI), differential (LVDS) and referenced input buffers (SSTL and HSTL) are powered using I/O supply voltage ( $V_{CCIO}$ ). Each sysIO bank has its own  $V_{CCIO}$ . In addition, each bank has a voltage reference,  $V_{REF}$  which allows the use of referenced input buffers independent of the bank  $V_{CCIO}$ .

MachXO2-256 and MachXO2-640 devices contain single-ended ratioed input buffers and single-ended output buffers with complementary outputs on all the I/O banks. Note that the single-ended input buffers on these devices do not contain PCI clamps. In addition to the single-ended I/O buffers these two devices also have differential and referenced input buffers on all I/Os. The I/Os are arranged in pairs, the two pads in the pair are described as "T" and "C", where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential input buffer and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential input buffer.



#### Figure 2-20. Embedded Function Block Interface



### Hardened I<sup>2</sup>C IP Core

Every MachXO2 device contains two I<sup>2</sup>C IP cores. These are the primary and secondary I<sup>2</sup>C IP cores. Either of the two cores can be configured either as an I<sup>2</sup>C master or as an I<sup>2</sup>C slave. The only difference between the two IP cores is that the primary core has pre-assigned I/O pins whereas users can assign I/O pins for the secondary core.

When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other devices on the  $I^2C$  bus through the interface. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to provide I/O expansion to an  $I^2C$  Master. The  $I^2C$  cores support the following functionality:

- Master and Slave operation
- 7-bit and 10-bit addressing
- Multi-master arbitration support
- Up to 400 kHz data transfer speed
- General call support
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface



## Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels<sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 5</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V <sub>PORUP</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $V_{CCINT}$ and $V_{CCIO0})$	0.9	_	1.06	V
V <sub>PORUPEXT</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring external $V_{CC}$ power supply)	1.5	_	2.1	V
V <sub>PORDNBG</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $V_{CCINT})$	0.75	_	0.93	V
V <sub>PORDNBGEXT</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ )	0.98	_	1.33	V
V <sub>PORDNSRAM</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring $V_{\mbox{CCINT}}$ )	-	0.6	_	V
V <sub>PORDNSRAMEXT</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring $V_{CC}$ )	_	0.96	—	V

1. These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.

2. For devices without voltage regulators V<sub>CCINT</sub> is the same as the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage. For devices with voltage regulators, V<sub>CCINT</sub> is regulated from the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage.

3. Note that V<sub>PORUP</sub> (min.) and V<sub>PORDNBG</sub> (max.) are in different process corners. For any given process corner V<sub>PORDNBG</sub> (max.) is always 12.0 mV below V<sub>PORUP</sub> (min.).

4. V<sub>PORUPEXT</sub> is for HC devices only. In these devices a separate POR circuit monitors the external V<sub>CC</sub> power supply.

5. V<sub>CCIO0</sub> does not have a Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point. V<sub>CCIO0</sub> must remain within the Recommended Operating Conditions to ensure proper operation.

## **Programming/Erase Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max. <sup>1</sup>	Units
	Flash Programming cycles per t <sub>RETENTION</sub>	—	10,000	Cycles
PROGCYC	Flash functional programming cycles	—	100,000	Oycles
t <sub>RETENTION</sub>	Data retention at 100 °C junction temperature	10	—	Voars
	Data retention at 85 °C junction temperature	20	—	leais

1. Maximum Flash memory reads are limited to 7.5E13 cycles over the lifetime of the product.

### Hot Socketing Specifications<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>

I <sub>DK</sub> Input or I/O leakage Current 0 < V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>IH</sub> (MAX) +/-1000 μA	Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Max.	Units
	I <sub>DK</sub>	Input or I/O leakage Current	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (MAX)	+/-1000	μΑ

1. Insensitive to sequence of  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCIO}$ . However, assumes monotonic rise/fall rates for  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCIO}$ .

2.  $0 < V_{CC} < V_{CC}$  (MAX),  $0 < V_{CCIO} < V_{CCIO}$  (MAX).

3. I<sub>DK</sub> is additive to I<sub>PU</sub>, I<sub>PD</sub> or I<sub>BH</sub>.

### **ESD** Performance

Please refer to the MachXO2 Product Family Qualification Summary for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.



### LVDS Emulation

MachXO2 devices can support LVDS outputs via emulation (LVDS25E). The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all devices. The scheme shown in Figure 3-1 is one possible solution for LVDS standard implementation. Resistor values in Figure 3-1 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.





Note: All resistors are ±1%.

#### Table 3-1. LVDS25E DC Conditions

#### **Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Description	Тур.	Units
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R <sub>S</sub>	Driver series resistor	158	Ohms
R <sub>P</sub>	Driver parallel resistor	140	Ohms
R <sub>T</sub>	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	1.43	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	1.07	V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage	0.35	V
V <sub>CM</sub>	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z <sub>BACK</sub>	Back impedance	100.5	Ohms
I <sub>DC</sub>	DC output current	6.03	mA



# MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices<sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7</sup>

			-	-3	-2		1		
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Clocks			1						
Primary Cloo	cks								
f <sub>MAX_PRI</sub> <sup>8</sup>	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO2 devices	_	150	_	125	_	104	MHz
t <sub>W_PRI</sub>	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO2 devices	1.00	_	1.20	_	1.40	_	ns
		MachXO2-256ZE	_	1250	—	1272		1296	ps
		MachXO2-640ZE		1161		1183		1206	ps
	Primary Clock Skew Within a	MachXO2-1200ZE	_	1213		1267		1322	ps
<sup>t</sup> SKEW_PRI	Device	MachXO2-2000ZE		1204		1250		1296	ps
		MachXO2-4000ZE		1195		1233		1269	ps
		MachXO2-7000ZE		1243		1268		1296	ps
Edge Clock									
f <sub>MAX_EDGE</sub> <sup>8</sup>	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO2-1200 and larger devices	_	210	_	175	_	146	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin	Propagation Delay		1	1	1	1	1	1	
t <sub>PD</sub>	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO2 devices	_	9.35	_	9.78	_	10.21	ns
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Primary	Clock without PLL)	I	I	I	I	I		
	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-256ZE		10.46	—	10.86	—	11.25	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	_	10.52	—	10.92		11.32	ns
		MachXO2-1200ZE	_	11.24		11.68		12.12	ns
<sup>t</sup> CO		MachXO2-2000ZE	_	11.27		11.71		12.16	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	_	11.28		11.78		12.28	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE		11.22		11.76		12.30	ns
		MachXO2-256ZE	-0.21		-0.21		-0.21		ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	-0.22		-0.22		-0.22	—	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-1200ZE	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	-0.25	_	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Input Register	MachXO2-2000ZE	-0.27		-0.27		-0.27	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	-0.31		-0.31		-0.31	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	-0.33		-0.33		-0.33	_	ns
		MachXO2-256ZE	3.96	—	4.25	—	4.65	—	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	4.01		4.31		4.71	_	ns
+	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200ZE	3.95		4.29		4.73	—	ns
Ч	Register	MachXO2-2000ZE	3.94		4.29		4.74	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	3.96		4.36		4.87	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	3.93	_	4.37	_	4.91		ns

**Over Recommended Operating Conditions** 



Parameter         Description         Device         Min.         Max.         Max. <th></th>	
$t_{SU\_DEL} = t_{A\_DEL} = t_{A\_DE} = t_$	Jnits
$t_{SU\_DEL} = t_{A\_DEL} \begin{bmatrix} Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay \\ Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay \\ Delay \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	ns
$ t_{SU_DEL} \begin{bmatrix} Clock to Data Setup - PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay \\ Leven below \\ Leven$	ns
$ \frac{1}{1} SU_{DEL} = 1 \\ \frac{1}{1} SU_{DE} = 1 \\ 1$	ns
$\frac{MachXO2-4000ZE}{MachXO2-7000ZE} \begin{array}{c} 2.39 \\ \hline - \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 2.60 \\ - \end{array} \begin{array}{c} - 2.76 \\ - \end{array} \begin{array}{c} - n \\ n \\ \hline - n \\ - n \\ \hline - n \\ \hline - n \\ \hline - n \\ - n \\$	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE         2.17         —         2.33         —         2.43         —         n           MachXO2-200ZE         2.17         —         2.33         —         2.43         —         n           MachXO2-200ZE         -0.44         —         -0.44         —         -0.44         —         n           MachXO2-266ZE         -0.43         —         -0.43         —         -0.43         —         n           MachXO2-640ZE         -0.43         —         -0.43         —         -0.43         —         n           MachXO2-1200ZE         -0.28         —         -0.28         —         -0.28         —         n           MachXO2-2000ZE         -0.31         —         -0.31         —         n         n           MachXO2-2000ZE         -0.31         —         -0.34         —         -0.34         —         n           MachXO2-4000ZE         -0.34         —         -0.21         —         -0.21         —         n	ns
$t_{H\_DEL} = \begin{bmatrix} MachXO2-256ZE & -0.44 & - & -0.44 & - & -0.44 & - & n \\ MachXO2-640ZE & -0.43 & - & -0.43 & - & -0.43 & - & n \\ MachXO2-1200ZE & -0.28 & - & -0.28 & - & -0.28 & - & n \\ MachXO2-2000ZE & -0.31 & - & -0.31 & - & -0.31 & - & n \\ MachXO2-4000ZE & -0.34 & - & -0.34 & - & -0.34 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ \end{bmatrix}$	ns
$t_{H\_DEL} = \begin{bmatrix} Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input \\ Register with Input Data Delay \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} MachXO2-640ZE & -0.43 & - & -0.43 & - & -0.43 & - & n \\ MachXO2-1200ZE & -0.28 & - & -0.28 & - & -0.28 & - & n \\ MachXO2-2000ZE & -0.31 & - & -0.31 & - & -0.31 & - & n \\ MachXO2-4000ZE & -0.34 & - & -0.34 & - & -0.34 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & - & -0.21 \\ MachXO2-7000ZE & -0.21 & - & -& -0.21 & - & - & -& -& -& -& -& -& -& -& -& -&$	ns
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{th} L_{\rm H_DEL} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input} \\ \mbox{Register with Input Data Delay} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mbox{MachXO2-1200ZE} & -0.28 & - & -0.28 & - & -0.28 & - & n \\ \mbox{MachXO2-2000ZE} & -0.31 & - & -0.31 & - & -0.31 & - & n \\ \mbox{MachXO2-4000ZE} & -0.34 & - & -0.34 & - & -0.34 & - & n \\ \mbox{MachXO2-7000ZE} & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ \mbox{MachXO2-7000ZE} & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ \mbox{MachXO2-7000ZE} & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ \mbox{MachXO2-7000ZE} & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & -0.21 & - & n \\ \end{tabular} $	ns
IH_DEL         Register with Input Data Delay         MachXO2-2000ZE         -0.31         -         -0.31         -         n           MachXO2-4000ZE         -0.34         -         -0.34         -         -0.34         -         n           MachXO2-7000ZE         -0.21         -         -0.21         -         -0.21         -         n	ns
MachXO2-4000ZE         -0.34         -         -0.34         -         n           MachXO2-7000ZE         -0.21         -         -0.21         -         -         n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE -0.210.21 - n	ns
	ns
If_MAX_IO     Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register     All MachXO2 devices     —     150     —     125     —     104     MH	ИНz
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Edge Clock without PLL)	
MachXO2-1200ZE — 11.10 — 11.51 — 11.91 n	ns
Clock to Output – PIO Output MachXO2-2000ZE – 11.10 – 11.51 – 11.91 n	ns
<sup>I</sup> COE Register MachXO2-4000ZE — 10.89 — 11.28 — 11.67 n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE — 11.10 — 11.51 — 11.91 n	ns
MachXO2-1200ZE -0.230.23 - n	ns
Clock to Data Setup - PIO MachXO2-2000ZE -0.230.230.23 - n	ns
<sup>t</sup> SUE Input Register MachXO2-4000ZE -0.150.15 - n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE -0.230.230.23 - n	ns
MachXO2-1200ZE 3.81 — 4.11 — 4.52 — n	ns
Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input MachXO2-2000ZE 3.81 - 4.11 - 4.52 - n	ns
t <sub>HE</sub> Register MachXO2-4000ZE 3.60 — 3.89 — 4.28 — n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE 3.81 — 4.11 — 4.52 — n	ns
MachXO2-1200ZE 2.78 — 3.11 — 3.40 — n	ns
Clock to Data Setup - PIO MachXO2-2000ZE 2.78 - 3.11 - 3.40 - n	ns
Input Register with Data Input MachXO2-4000ZE 3.11 — 3.48 — 3.79 — n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE 2.94 — 3.30 — 3.60 — n	ns
MachXO2-1200ZE0.29	ns
Clock to Data Hold - PIO Input MachXO2-2000ZE -0.290.290.290.290.29	ns
tH_DELE Register with Input Data Delay MachXO2-4000ZE -0.460.460.46 - n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE -0.370.37 - n	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock with PLL)	
MachXO2-1200ZE — 7.95 — 8.07 — 8.19 n	ns
Clock to Output – PIO Output MachXO2-2000ZE – 7.97 – 8.10 – 8.22 n	ns
ICOPLL         Register         MachXO2-4000ZE         —         7.98         —         8.10         —         8.23         n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE — 8.02 — 8.14 — 8.26 n	ns
MachXO2-1200ZE 0.85 — 0.85 — 0.89 — n	ns
Clock to Data Setup - PIO MachXO2-2000ZE 0.84 - 0.84 - 0.86 - n	ns
Input Register         MachXO2-4000ZE         0.84         0.84         0.85         n	ns
MachXO2-7000ZE 0.83 — 0.83 — 0.81 — n	ns



#### Figure 3-9. GDDR71 Video Timing Waveforms



Figure 3-10. Receiver GDDR71\_RX. Waveforms



Figure 3-11. Transmitter GDDR71\_TX. Waveforms





## sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)		7	400	MHz
fout	Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2)		1.5625	400	MHz
f <sub>OUT2</sub>	Output Frequency (CLKOS3 cascaded from CLKOS2)		0.0122	400	MHz
f <sub>VCO</sub>	PLL VCO Frequency		200	800	MHz
f <sub>PFD</sub>	Phase Detector Input Frequency		7	400	MHz
AC Characteri	stics				
t <sub>DT</sub>	Output Clock Duty Cycle	Without duty trim selected <sup>3</sup>	45	55	%
t <sub>DT_TRIM</sub> <sup>7</sup>	Edge Duty Trim Accuracy		-75	75	%
t <sub>PH</sub> <sup>4</sup>	Output Phase Accuracy		-6	6	%
	Output Cleak Pariad littar	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	150	ps p-p
		f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.007	UIPP
		f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	180	ps p-p
t <sub>opjit</sub> 1,8		f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.009	UIPP
	Output Clock Phase litter	f <sub>PFD</sub> > 100 MHz	—	160	ps p-p
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	f <sub>PFD</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.011	UIPP
	Output Clock Devied Litter (Exectional N)	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	230	ps p-p
	Output Clock Period Jiller (Fractional-N)	f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.12	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	230	ps p-p
	(Fractional-N)	f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.12	UIPP
t <sub>SPO</sub>	Static Phase Offset	Divider ratio = integer	-120	120	ps
t <sub>W</sub>	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10% <sup>3</sup>	0.9		ns
tLOCK <sup>2, 5</sup>	PLL Lock-in Time		—	15	ms
t <sub>UNLOCK</sub>	PLL Unlock Time		—	50	ns
+ 6	Input Clock Pariod litter	f <sub>PFD</sub> ≥ 20 MHz	—	1,000	ps p-p
ЧРЈІТ		f <sub>PFD</sub> < 20 MHz	—	0.02	UIPP
t <sub>HI</sub>	Input Clock High Time	90% to 90%	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>LO</sub>	Input Clock Low Time	10% to 10%	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>STABLE</sub> ⁵	STANDBY High to PLL Stable		—	15	ms
t <sub>RST</sub>	RST/RESETM Pulse Width		1		ns
t <sub>RSTREC</sub>	RST Recovery Time		1	—	ns
t <sub>RST_DIV</sub>	RESETC/D Pulse Width		10	—	ns
t <sub>RSTREC_DIV</sub>	RESETC/D Recovery Time		1	—	ns
t <sub>ROTATE</sub> -SETUP	PHASESTEP Setup Time		10	—	ns

### **Over Recommended Operating Conditions**



### sysCLOCK PLL Timing (Continued)

#### **Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
t <sub>ROTATE_WD</sub>	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4		VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.

2. Output clock is valid after  $t_{LOCK}$  for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.

3. Using LVDS output buffers.

4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide for more details.

5. At minimum  $f_{PFD}$  As the  $f_{PFD}$  increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.

6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.

7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.

8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.









# Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, or when reserved as INITn in user mode, this pin has an active pull-up.
DONE	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the start-up sequence is in progress. During configuration, or when reserved as DONE in user mode, this pin has an active pull-up.
MCLK/CCLK	I/O	Input Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in Slave SPI mode. Output Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in SPI and SPIm configuration modes.
SN	I	Slave SPI active low chip select input.
CSSPIN	I/O	Master SPI active low chip select output.
SI/SPISI	I/O	Slave SPI serial data input and master SPI serial data output.
SO/SPISO	I/O	Slave SPI serial data output and master SPI serial data input.
SCL	I/O	Slave I <sup>2</sup> C clock input and master I <sup>2</sup> C clock output.
SDA	I/O	Slave I <sup>2</sup> C data input and master I <sup>2</sup> C data output.



### **For Further Information**

For further information regarding logic signal connections for various packages please refer to the MachXO2 Device Pinout Files.

### **Thermal Management**

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Users must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

### For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- Thermal Management document
- TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices
- The Power Calculator tool is included with the Lattice design tools, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software



# MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Ordering Information

March 2017

Data Sheet DS1035

### MachXO2 Part Number Description



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### Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256ZE-1SG32C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2SG32C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3SG32C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1TG100C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2TG100C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3TG100C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1MG132C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2MG132C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3MG132C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640ZE-1TG100C	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-2TG100C	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-3TG100C	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-1MG132C	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-2MG132C	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-3MG132C	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HE-4TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
February 2012	01.7	All	Updated document with new corporate logo.
	01.6	—	Data sheet status changed from preliminary to final.
		Introduction	MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table – Removed references to 49-ball WLCSP.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Flash Download Time table.
			Modified Storage Temperature in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section.
			Updated I <sub>DK</sub> max in Hot Socket Specifications table.
			Modified Static Supply Current tables for ZE and HC/HE devices.
			Updated Power Supply Ramp Rates table.
			Updated Programming and Erase Supply Current tables.
			Updated data in the External Switching Characteristics table.
			Corrected Absolute Maximum Ratings for Dedicated Input Voltage Applied for LCMXO2 HC.
			DC Electrical Characteristics table – Minor corrections to conditions for $\mathbf{I}_{IL},  \mathbf{I}_{IH.}$
		Pinout Information	Removed references to 49-ball WLCSP.
			Signal Descriptions table – Updated description for GND, VCC, and VCCIOx.
			Updated Pin Information Summary table – Number of VCCIOs, GNDs, VCCs, and Total Count of Bonded Pins for MachXO2-256, 640, and 640U and Dual Function I/O for MachXO2-4000 332caBGA.
		Ordering Information	Removed references to 49-ball WLCSP
August 2011	01.5	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated ESD information.
		Ordering Information	Updated footnote for ordering WLCSP devices.
	01.4	Architecture	Updated information in Clock/Control Distribution Network and sys- CLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs).
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated ${\rm I}_{\rm IL}$ and ${\rm I}_{\rm IH}$ conditions in the DC Electrical Characteristics table.
		Pinout Information	Included number of 7:1 and 8:1 gearboxes (input and output) in the pin information summary tables.
			Updated Pin Information Summary table: Dual Function I/O, DQS Groups Bank 1, Total General Purpose Single-Ended I/O, Differential I/O Per Bank, Total Count of Bonded Pins, Gearboxes.
			Added column of data for MachXO2-2000 49 WLCSP.
		Ordering Information	Updated R1 Device Specifications text section with information on migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard (non-R1) devices.
			Corrected Supply Voltage typo for part numbers: LCMX02-2000UHE- 4FG484I, LCMX02-2000UHE-5FG484I, LCMX02-2000UHE- 6FG484I.
			Added footnote for WLCSP package parts.
		Supplemental Information	Removed reference to Stand-alone Power Calculator for MachXO2 Devices. Added reference to AN8086, Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard (non-R1) Devices.