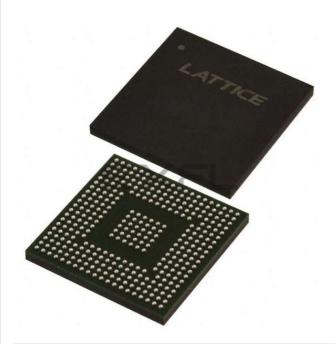
E · K Hat ice Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG332I Datasheet</u>



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	274
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	332-FBGA
Supplier Device Package	332-CABGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-4000he-5bg332i

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



The logic blocks, Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and sysMEM EBR blocks, are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns. Each row has either the logic blocks or the EBR blocks. The PIO cells are located at the periphery of the device, arranged in banks. The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM, and register functions. The PIOs utilize a flexible I/O buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer that supports operation with a variety of interface standards. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

In the MachXO2 family, the number of sysIO banks varies by device. There are different types of I/O buffers on the different banks. Refer to the details in later sections of this document. The sysMEM EBRs are large, dedicated fast memory blocks; these blocks are found in MachXO2-640/U and larger devices. These blocks can be configured as RAM, ROM or FIFO. FIFO support includes dedicated FIFO pointer and flag "hard" control logic to minimize LUT usage.

The MachXO2 registers in PFU and sysl/O can be configured to be SET or RESET. After power up and device is configured, the device enters into user mode with these registers SET/RESET according to the configuration setting, allowing device entering to a known state for predictable system function.

The MachXO2 architecture also provides up to two sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) blocks on MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices. These blocks are located at the ends of the on-chip Flash block. The PLLs have multiply, divide, and phase shifting capabilities that are used to manage the frequency and phase relationships of the clocks.

MachXO2 devices provide commonly used hardened functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/ counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These hardened functions and the UFM interface to the core logic and routing through a WISHBONE interface. The UFM can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C and JTAG ports.

Every device in the family has a JTAG port that supports programming and configuration of the device as well as access to the user logic. The MachXO2 devices are available for operation from 3.3 V, 2.5 V and 1.2 V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

PFU Blocks

The core of the MachXO2 device consists of PFU blocks, which can be programmed to perform logic, arithmetic, distributed RAM and distributed ROM functions. Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices numbered 0 to 3 as shown in Figure 2-3. Each slice contains two LUTs and two registers. There are 53 inputs and 25 outputs associated with each PFU block.



Programmable I/O Cells (PIC)

The programmable logic associated with an I/O is called a PIO. The individual PIO are connected to their respective sysIO buffers and pads. On the MachXO2 devices, the PIO cells are assembled into groups of four PIO cells called a Programmable I/O Cell or PIC. The PICs are placed on all four sides of the device.

On all the MachXO2 devices, two adjacent PIOs can be combined to provide a complementary output driver pair.

The MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices contain enhanced I/O capability. All PIO pairs on these larger devices can implement differential receivers. Half of the PIO pairs on the top edge of these devices can be configured as true LVDS transmit pairs. The PIO pairs on the bottom edge of these higher density devices have on-chip differential termination and also provide PCI support.



DDR Memory Support

Certain PICs on the right edge of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, have additional circuitry to allow the implementation of DDR memory interfaces. There are two groups of 14 or 12 PIOs each on the right edge with additional circuitry to implement DDR memory interfaces. This capability allows the implementation of up to 16-bit wide memory interfaces. One PIO from each group contains a control element, the DQS Read/Write Block, to facilitate the generation of clock and control signals (DQSR90, DQSW90, DDRCLKPOL and DATAVALID). These clock and control signals are distributed to the other PIO in the group through dedicated low skew routing.

DQS Read Write Block

Source synchronous interfaces generally require the input clock to be adjusted in order to correctly capture data at the input register. For most interfaces a PLL is used for this adjustment. However, in DDR memories the clock (referred to as DQS) is not free-running so this approach cannot be used. The DQS Read Write block provides the required clock alignment for DDR memory interfaces. DQSR90 and DQSW90 signals are generated by the DQS Read Write block from the DQS input.

In a typical DDR memory interface design, the phase relationship between the incoming delayed DQS strobe and the internal system clock (during the read cycle) is unknown. The MachXO2 family contains dedicated circuits to transfer data between these domains. To prevent set-up and hold violations, at the domain transfer between DQS (delayed) and the system clock, a clock polarity selector is used. This circuit changes the edge on which the data is registered in the synchronizing registers in the input register block. This requires evaluation at the start of each read cycle for the correct clock polarity. Prior to the read operation in DDR memories, DQS is in tri-state (pulled by termination). The DDR memory device drives DQS low at the start of the preamble state. A dedicated circuit in the DQS Read Write block detects the first DQS rising edge after the preamble state and generates the DDRCLKPOL signal. This signal is used to control the polarity of the clock to the synchronizing registers.

The temperature, voltage and process variations of the DQS delay block are compensated by a set of calibration signals (6-bit bus) from a DLL on the right edge of the device. The DLL loop is compensated for temperature, voltage and process variations by the system clock and feedback loop.

sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems including LVCMOS, TTL, PCI, SSTL, HSTL, LVDS, BLVDS, MLVDS and LVPECL.

Each bank is capable of supporting multiple I/O standards. In the MachXO2 devices, single-ended output buffers, ratioed input buffers (LVTTL, LVCMOS and PCI), differential (LVDS) and referenced input buffers (SSTL and HSTL) are powered using I/O supply voltage (V_{CCIO}). Each sysIO bank has its own V_{CCIO} . In addition, each bank has a voltage reference, V_{REF} which allows the use of referenced input buffers independent of the bank V_{CCIO} .

MachXO2-256 and MachXO2-640 devices contain single-ended ratioed input buffers and single-ended output buffers with complementary outputs on all the I/O banks. Note that the single-ended input buffers on these devices do not contain PCI clamps. In addition to the single-ended I/O buffers these two devices also have differential and referenced input buffers on all I/Os. The I/Os are arranged in pairs, the two pads in the pair are described as "T" and "C", where the true pad is associated with the positive side of the differential input buffer and the comp (complementary) pad is associated with the negative side of the differential input buffer.



Figure 2-20. Embedded Function Block Interface



Hardened I²C IP Core

Every MachXO2 device contains two I²C IP cores. These are the primary and secondary I²C IP cores. Either of the two cores can be configured either as an I²C master or as an I²C slave. The only difference between the two IP cores is that the primary core has pre-assigned I/O pins whereas users can assign I/O pins for the secondary core.

When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other devices on the I^2C bus through the interface. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to provide I/O expansion to an I^2C Master. The I^2C cores support the following functionality:

- Master and Slave operation
- 7-bit and 10-bit addressing
- Multi-master arbitration support
- Up to 400 kHz data transfer speed
- General call support
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface



Hardened Timer/Counter

MachXO2 devices provide a hard Timer/Counter IP core. This Timer/Counter is a general purpose, bi-directional, 16-bit timer/counter module with independent output compare units and PWM support. The Timer/Counter supports the following functions:

- Supports the following modes of operation:
 - Watchdog timer
 - Clear timer on compare match
 - Fast PWM
 - Phase and Frequency Correct PWM
- Programmable clock input source
- Programmable input clock prescaler
- One static interrupt output to routing
- One wake-up interrupt to on-chip standby mode controller.
- Three independent interrupt sources: overflow, output compare match, and input capture
- Auto reload
- Time-stamping support on the input capture unit
- Waveform generation on the output
- Glitch-free PWM waveform generation with variable PWM period
- Internal WISHBONE bus access to the control and status registers
- · Stand-alone mode with preloaded control registers and direct reset input

Figure 2-23. Timer/Counter Block Diagram



Table 2-17. Timer/Counter Signal Description

Port	I/O	Description
tc_clki	I	Timer/Counter input clock signal
tc_rstn	I	Register tc_rstn_ena is preloaded by configuration to always keep this pin enabled
tc_ic	I	Input capture trigger event, applicable for non-pwm modes with WISHBONE interface. If enabled, a rising edge of this signal will be detected and synchronized to capture tc_cnt value into tc_icr for time-stamping.
tc_int	0	Without WISHBONE – Can be used as overflow flag With WISHBONE – Controlled by three IRQ registers
tc_oc	0	Timer counter output signal



Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{PORUP}	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CCINT} and $V_{CCIO0})$	0.9	_	1.06	V
V _{PORUPEXT}	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring external V_{CC} power supply)	1.5	_	2.1	V
V _{PORDNBG}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $V_{CCINT})$	0.75	_	0.93	V
V _{PORDNBGEXT}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring V_{CC})	0.98	_	1.33	V
V _{PORDNSRAM}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring $V_{CCINT})$	_	0.6		V
V _{PORDNSRAMEXT}	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring V_{CC})	—	0.96	—	V

1. These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.

2. For devices without voltage regulators V_{CCINT} is the same as the V_{CC} supply voltage. For devices with voltage regulators, V_{CCINT} is regulated from the V_{CC} supply voltage.

3. Note that V_{PORUP} (min.) and V_{PORDNBG} (max.) are in different process corners. For any given process corner V_{PORDNBG} (max.) is always 12.0 mV below V_{PORUP} (min.).

4. V_{PORUPEXT} is for HC devices only. In these devices a separate POR circuit monitors the external V_{CC} power supply.

5. V_{CCIO0} does not have a Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point. V_{CCIO0} must remain within the Recommended Operating Conditions to ensure proper operation.

Programming/Erase Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max. ¹	Units
Nanagaya	Flash Programming cycles per t _{RETENTION}	—	10,000	Cycles
NPROGCYC	Flash functional programming cycles	Image: constraint of the second sec	Cycles	
	Data retention at 100 °C junction temperature	10	—	Years
RETENTION	Data retention at 85 °C junction temperature	20	_	Teals

1. Maximum Flash memory reads are limited to 7.5E13 cycles over the lifetime of the product.

Hot Socketing Specifications^{1, 2, 3}

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Max.	Units
I _{DK}	Input or I/O leakage Current	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (MAX)	+/-1000	μΑ

1. Insensitive to sequence of V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} . However, assumes monotonic rise/fall rates for V_{CC} and V_{CCIO} .

2. $0 < V_{CC} < V_{CC}$ (MAX), $0 < V_{CCIO} < V_{CCIO}$ (MAX).

3. I_{DK} is additive to I_{PU}, I_{PD} or I_{BH}.

ESD Performance

Please refer to the MachXO2 Product Family Qualification Summary for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.



Static Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁴	Units
		LCMXO2-256ZE	18	μΑ
		LCMXO2-640ZE	28	μΑ
I	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-1200ZE	56	μΑ
ICC	Core Fower Suppry	LCMXO2-2000ZE	KO2-256ZE 18 KO2-640ZE 28 KO2-1200ZE 56 KO2-2000ZE 80 KO2-4000ZE 124 KO2-7000ZE 189	μA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	124	μΑ
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	189	μΑ
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁵ V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	All devices	1	μΑ

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off. To estimate the impact of turning each of these items on, please refer to the following table or for more detail with your specific design use the Power Calculator tool.

3. Frequency = 0 MHz.

4. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

5. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

6. To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

Static Power Consumption Contribution of Different Components – ZE Devices

The table below can be used for approximating static power consumption. For a more accurate power analysis for your design please use the Power Calculator tool.

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Units
I _{DCBG}	Bandgap DC power contribution	101	μΑ
IDCPOR	POR DC power contribution	38	μΑ
IDCIOBANKCONTROLLER	DC power contribution per I/O bank controller	143	μA



Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
I _{CC}		LCMXO2-256ZE	13	mA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	14	mA
	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-1200ZE	15	mA
	Core Fower Supply	LCMXO2-2000ZE	17	mA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	18	mA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	20	mA
ICCIO	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes all inputs are held at $V_{\mbox{CCIO}}$ or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. TJ = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank. V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



RSDS

The MachXO2 family supports the differential RSDS standard. The output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all the devices. The RSDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-4 is one possible solution for RSDS standard implementation. Use LVDS25E mode with suggested resistors for RSDS operation. Resistor values in Figure 3-4 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.



Figure 3-4. RSDS (Reduced Swing Differential Standard)

Table 3-4. RSDS DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistor	294	Ohms
R _P	Driver parallel resistor	121	Ohms
R _T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	1.35	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.15	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.20	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z _{BACK}	Back impedance	101.5	Ohms
IDC	DC output current	3.66	mA



Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance

I/O Standard	Max. Speed	Units
LVDS25	400	MHz
LVDS25E	150	MHz
RSDS25	150	MHz
RSDS25E	150	MHz
BLVDS25	150	MHz
BLVDS25E	150	MHz
MLVDS25	150	MHz
MLVDS25E	150	MHz
LVPECL33	150	MHz
LVPECL33E	150	MHz
SSTL25_I	150	MHz
SSTL25_II	150	MHz
SSTL25D_I	150	MHz
SSTL25D_II	150	MHz
SSTL18_I	150	MHz
SSTL18_II	150	MHz
SSTL18D_I	150	MHz
SSTL18D_II	150	MHz
HSTL18_I	150	MHz
HSTL18_II	150	MHz
HSTL18D_I	150	MHz
HSTL18D_II	150	MHz
PCI33	134	MHz
LVTTL33	150	MHz
LVTTL33D	150	MHz
LVCMOS33	150	MHz
LVCMOS33D	150	MHz
LVCMOS25	150	MHz
LVCMOS25D	150	MHz
LVCMOS25R33	150	MHz
LVCMOS18	150	MHz
LVCMOS18D	150	MHz
LVCMOS18R33	150	MHz
LVCMOS18R25	150	MHz
LVCMOS15	150	MHz
LVCMOS15D	150	MHz
LVCMOS15R33	150	MHz
LVCMOS15R25	150	MHz
LVCMOS12	91	MHz
LVCMOS12D	91	MHz



			_	6	_	-5	_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.41		0.48		0.55		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.42		0.49		0.56		ns
t _{HPLL}		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.43		0.50		0.58		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.46		0.54		0.62		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	2.88	—	3.19	—	3.72	—	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	2.87	—	3.18	—	3.70	—	ns
^t SU_DELPLL	Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	2.96	—	3.28	—	3.81	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	3.05	—	3.35	—	3.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
+	_DELPLL Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
'H_DELPLL		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.87		-0.87	—	-0.87		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.91		-0.91		-0.91		ns
Generic DDI	RX1 Inputs with Clock and Data	Aligned at Pin Using PC	LK Pin	for Cloc	k Input –	GDDR	(1_RX.S	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK		—	0.317		0.344		0.368	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	0.742		0.702		0.668		UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed			300		250		208	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDF	X1 Inputs with Clock and Data C	Centered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	1_RX.SC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.566		0.560		0.538		ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2 devices,	0.778	—	0.879		1.090	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed	all sides	_	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	150		125		104	MHz
Generic DDF	RX2 Inputs with Clock and Data	Aligned at Pin Using PC	LK Pin 1	or Clock	< Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.E	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK		—	0.316		0.342		0.364	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.710	—	0.675		0.679	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	_	664	_	554	_	462	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹	_	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency			166	—	139	—	116	MHz
Generic DDF	X2 Inputs with Clock and Data C	entered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.EC	LK.Cent	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.233	—	0.219	—	0.198	—	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.287		0.287	—	0.344		ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,		664	_	554		462	Mbps
4	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹		332		277	_	231	MHz
f _{DDRX2}	DDI INZ LOLIN I TEQUENCY	larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹		00Z		211		201	



			_	-6	_	-5	_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
LPDDR ^{9, 12}			l		L	I		L	<u> </u>
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input		_	0.369	_	0.395	_	0.421	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.529	_	0.530	_	0.527	_	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output	MachXO2-1200/U and	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output	larger devices, right side only. ¹³	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM LPDDR Serial Data Speed		_	280	_	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency			140	—	125		104	MHz
f _{LPDDR}	LPDDR Data Transfer Rate		0	280	0	250	0	208	Mbps
DDR ^{9, 12}			•						
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	(_	0.350	_	0.387	_	0.414	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.545	_	0.538	_	0.532	_	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output	side only. ¹³	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
f _{MEM_DDR}	MEM DDR Data Transfer Rate		N/A	300	N/A	250	N/A	208	Mbps
DDR2 ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input		_	0.360	_	0.378	_	0.406	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.555	_	0.549	_	0.542	_	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output	MachXO2-1200/U and	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output	larger devices, right side only. ¹³	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed			300		250		208	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency	1		150	_	125		104	MHz
f _{MEM_DDR2}	MEM DDR2 Data Transfer Rate		N/A	300	N/A	250	N/A	208	Mbps

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pf load, fast slew rate.

3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).

4. DDR timing numbers based on SSTL25. DDR2 timing numbers based on SSTL18. LPDDR timing numbers based in LVCMOS18.

5. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).

6. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 \text{ ns})/2$.

7. The $t_{SU_{DEL}}$ and $t_{H_{DEL}}$ values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (-6), 113 ps (-5), 120 ps (-4).

8. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/- 10%.

9. Duty cycle is +/-5% for system usage.

10. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.

11. High-speed DDR and LVDS not supported in SG32 (32 QFN) packages.

12. Advance information for MachXO2 devices in 48 QFN packages.

13. DDR memory interface not supported in QN84 (84 QFN) and SG32 (32 QFN) packages.



			-	-3	-	-2	- 1	1	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
		MachXO2-1200ZE	0.66		0.68		0.80		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000ZE	0.68	—	0.70	—	0.83	—	ns
t _{HPLL}	Register	MachXO2-4000ZE	0.68	—	0.71	—	0.84	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	0.73	—	0.74	—	0.87	—	ns
-		MachXO2-1200ZE	5.14	—	5.69	—	6.20	—	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000ZE	5.11	—	5.67	—	6.17	—	ns
^t SU_DELPLL	Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-4000ZE	5.27	—	5.84		6.35	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	5.15	—	5.71	—	6.23	—	ns
-		MachXO2-1200ZE	-1.36	—	-1.36	—	-1.36	—	ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000ZE	-1.35		-1.35		-1.35		ns
^t H_DELPLL		MachXO2-4000ZE	-1.43		-1.43		-1.43		ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	-1.41		-1.41		-1.41		ns
Generic DDR	X1 Inputs with Clock and Data A	ligned at Pin Using P	CLK Pin	for Cloc	k Input -	- GDDR)	(1_RX.S	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK		—	0.382		0.401	—	0.417	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2	0.670	—	0.684		0.693	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed	devices, all sides	_	140		116	—	98	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	70		58	—	49	MHz
	X1 Inputs with Clock and Data Ce	entered at Pin Using PO	LK Pin f	for Clock	Input –	GDDRX	1_RX.SC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO2	1.319		1.412		1.462		ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.717	_	1.010		1.340		ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed	devices, all sides	_	140		116	—	98	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	70		58	—	49	MHz
	X2 Inputs with Clock and Data A	ligned at Pin Using P	LK Pin	for Cloc	k Input -	GDDR	2_RX.E	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK		—	0.361		0.346	—	0.334	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.602		0.625		0.648		UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	_	280	_	234	_	194	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹	_	140		117	—	97	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		_	70		59	—	49	MHz
	X2 Inputs with Clock and Data Ce	entered at Pin Using P	LK Pin f	for Clock	Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.EC	LK.Cen	tered ^{9, 12}
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.472		0.672		0.865		ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.363	_	0.501		0.743		ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-0400, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,		280	_	234	_	194	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹		140		117	_	97	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency			70		59	_	49	MHz
	4 Inputs with Clock and Data A	ligned at Pin Using PC	LK Pin	for Cloc	k Input -	GDDRX	4_RX.E	CLK.Ali	gned ^{9, 12}
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK		_	0.307		0.316	_	0.326	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.662		0.650		0.649	_	UI
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	—	420	_	352	_	292	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only ¹¹	—	210		176	_	146	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		<u> </u>	53	_	44	—	37	MHz
JULIN		I	1				I		



I²C Port Timing Specifications^{1, 2}

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum SCL clock frequency	_	400	kHz

1. MachXO2 supports the following modes:

• Standard-mode (Sm), with a bit rate up to 100 kbit/s (user and configuration mode)

• Fast-mode (Fm), with a bit rate up to 400 kbit/s (user and configuration mode)

2. Refer to the I²C specification for timing requirements.

SPI Port Timing Specifications¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum SCK clock frequency	_	45	MHz

1. Applies to user mode only. For configuration mode timing specifications, refer to sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table in this data sheet.

Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-13 shows the output test load used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 3-5.

Figure 3-13. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMOS Standards



Table 3-5. Test Fixture Required Components,	Non-Terminated Interfaces
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Test Condition	R1	CL	Timing Ref.	VT
			LVTTL, LVCMOS 3.3 = 1.5 V	—
			LVCMOS 2.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
LVTTL and LVCMOS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	∞	0pF	LVCMOS 1.8 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMOS 1.2 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
LVTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> H)			1.5 V	V _{OL}
LVTTL and LVCMOS 3.3 (Z -> L)			1.5 V	V _{OH}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> H)	188	0pF	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{OL}
Other LVCMOS (Z -> L)	100	opi	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{OH}
LVTTL + LVCMOS (H -> Z)			V _{OH} – 0.15 V	V _{OL}
LVTTL + LVCMOS (L -> Z)]		V _{OL} – 0.15 V	V _{OH}

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.



Signal Descriptions (Cont.)

Signal Name	I/O	Descriptions
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, or when reserved as INITn in user mode, this pin has an active pull-up.
DONE	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the start-up sequence is in progress. During configuration, or when reserved as DONE in user mode, this pin has an active pull-up.
MCLK/CCLK	I/O	Input Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in Slave SPI mode. Output Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in SPI and SPIm configuration modes.
SN	I	Slave SPI active low chip select input.
CSSPIN	I/O	Master SPI active low chip select output.
SI/SPISI	I/O	Slave SPI serial data input and master SPI serial data output.
SO/SPISO	I/O	Slave SPI serial data output and master SPI serial data input.
SCL	I/O	Slave I ² C clock input and master I ² C clock output.
SDA	I/O	Slave I ² C data input and master I ² C data output.



Pinout Information Summary

		Ма	achXO2-2	256	MachXO2-640				MachXO2-640L	
	32 QFN ¹	48 QFN ³	64 ucBGA	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	48 QFN ³	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	
General Purpose I/O per Bank	•		•				•	•	•	
Bank 0	8	10	9	13	13	10	18	19	27	
Bank 1	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26	
Bank 2	9	10	11	14	14	10	20	20	28	
Bank 3	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26	
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	21	40	44	55	55	40	78	79	107	
Differential I/O per Bank										
Bank 0	4	5	5	7	7	5	9	10	14	
Bank 1	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13	
Bank 2	4	5	5	7	7	5	10	10	14	
Bank 3	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13	
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	10	20	22	28	28	20	39	40	54	
Dual Function I/O	22	25	27	29	29	25	29	29	33	
High-speed Differential I/O		1						1		
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	
Gearboxes									•	
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	
DQS Groups										
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
VCCIO Pins										
Bank 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	
Bank 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	
Bank 3	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
VCC	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	
GND ²	2	1	8	8	8	1	8	10	12	
NC	0	0	1	26	58	0	3	32	8	
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.

2. For 48 QFN package, exposed die pad is the device ground.

3. 48-pin QFN information is 'Advanced'.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3TG144C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG256C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG332C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FG484C	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100CR11	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132CR11	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

1. Specifications for the "LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package CR1" are the same as the "LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package C" devices respectively, except as specified in the R1 Device Specifications section of this data sheet.



Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256ZE-1SG32I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2SG32I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3SG32I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1UMG64I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2UMG64I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3UMG64I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1TG100I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2TG100I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3TG100I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1MG132I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2MG132I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3MG132I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640ZE-1TG100I	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-2TG100I	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-3TG100I	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-1MG132I	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMX02-640ZE-2MG132I	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-3MG132I	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
	0.0					
Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR1	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR50 ³	³ 1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR1K	² 1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1SG32I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2SG32I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3SG32I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 ³	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K ²	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



High Performance Industrial Grade Devices Without Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHE-4FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-5FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-6FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND