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#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

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Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-4000he-5mg132c

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# MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Architecture

#### March 2016

Data Sheet DS1035

### **Architecture Overview**

The MachXO2 family architecture contains an array of logic blocks surrounded by Programmable I/O (PIO). The larger logic density devices in this family have sysCLOCK<sup>™</sup> PLLs and blocks of sysMEM Embedded Block RAM (EBRs). Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 show the block diagrams of the various family members.





Note: MachXO2-256, and MachXO2-640/U are similar to MachXO2-1200. MachXO2-256 has a lower LUT count and no PLL or EBR blocks. MachXO2-640 has no PLL, a lower LUT count and two EBR blocks. MachXO2-640U has a lower LUT count, one PLL and seven EBR blocks.

Figure 2-2. Top View of the MachXO2-4000 Device



Note: MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and MachXO2-7000 are similar to MachXO2-4000. MachXO2-1200U and MachXO2-2000 have a lower LUT count, one PLL, and eight EBR blocks. MachXO2-2000U has a lower LUT count, two PLLs, and 10 EBR blocks. MachXO2-7000 has a higher LUT count, two PLLs, and 26 EBR blocks.

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#### Figure 2-3. PFU Block Diagram



#### Slices

Slices 0-3 contain two LUT4s feeding two registers. Slices 0-2 can be configured as distributed memory. Table 2-1 shows the capability of the slices in PFU blocks along with the operation modes they enable. In addition, each PFU contains logic that allows the LUTs to be combined to perform functions such as LUT5, LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8. The control logic performs set/reset functions (programmable as synchronous/ asynchronous), clock select, chip-select and wider RAM/ROM functions.

	PFU Block					
Slice	Resources Modes					
Slice 0	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM				
Slice 1	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM				
Slice 2	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM				
Slice 3	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM				

Table 2-1. Resources and Modes Available per Slice

Figure 2-4 shows an overview of the internal logic of the slice. The registers in the slice can be configured for positive/negative and edge triggered or level sensitive clocks. All slices have 15 inputs from routing and one from the carry-chain (from the adjacent slice or PFU). There are seven outputs: six for routing and one to carry-chain (to the adjacent PFU). Table 2-2 lists the signals associated with Slices 0-3.



#### **ROM Mode**

ROM mode uses the LUT logic; hence, slices 0-3 can be used in ROM mode. Preloading is accomplished through the programming interface during PFU configuration.

For more information on the RAM and ROM modes, please refer to TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

## Routing

There are many resources provided in the MachXO2 devices to route signals individually or as buses with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

The inter-PFU connections are made with three different types of routing resources: x1 (spans two PFUs), x2 (spans three PFUs) and x6 (spans seven PFUs). The x1, x2, and x6 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the horizontal and vertical directions.

The design tools take the output of the synthesis tool and places and routes the design. Generally, the place and route tool is completely automatic, although an interactive routing editor is available to optimize the design.

## **Clock/Control Distribution Network**

Each MachXO2 device has eight clock inputs (PCLK [T, C] [Banknum]\_[2..0]) – three pins on the left side, two pins each on the bottom and top sides and one pin on the right side. These clock inputs drive the clock nets. These eight inputs can be differential or single-ended and may be used as general purpose I/O if they are not used to drive the clock nets. When using a single ended clock input, only the PCLKT input can drive the clock tree directly.

The MachXO2 architecture has three types of clocking resources: edge clocks, primary clocks and secondary high fanout nets. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices have two edge clocks each on the top and bottom edges. Lower density devices have no edge clocks. Edge clocks are used to clock I/O registers and have low injection time and skew. Edge clock inputs are from PLL outputs, primary clock pads, edge clock bridge outputs and CIB sources.

The eight primary clock lines in the primary clock network drive throughout the entire device and can provide clocks for all resources within the device including PFUs, EBRs and PICs. In addition to the primary clock signals, MachXO2 devices also have eight secondary high fanout signals which can be used for global control signals, such as clock enables, synchronous or asynchronous clears, presets, output enables, etc. Internal logic can drive the global clock network for internally-generated global clocks and control signals.

The maximum frequency for the primary clock network is shown in the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.

The primary clock signals for the MachXO2-256 and MachXO2-640 are generated from eight 17:1 muxes The available clock sources include eight I/O sources and 9 routing inputs. Primary clock signals for the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices are generated from eight 27:1 muxes The available clock sources include eight I/O sources, 11 routing inputs, eight clock divider inputs and up to eight sysCLOCK PLL outputs.



#### **Output Register Block**

The output register block registers signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers.

#### Left, Top, Bottom Edges

In SDR mode, D0 feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output. The flip-flop can be configured as a D-type register or latch.

In DDR generic mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the same clock is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-14 shows the output register block on the left, top and bottom edges.

Figure 2-14. MachXO2 Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



#### **Right Edge**

The output register block on the right edge is a superset of the output register on left, top and bottom edges of the device. In addition to supporting SDR and Generic DDR modes, the output register blocks for PIOs on the right edge include additional logic to support DDR-memory interfaces. Operation of this block is similar to that of the output register block on other edges.

In DDR memory mode, D0 and D1 inputs are fed into registers on the positive edge of the clock. At the next falling edge the registered D1 input is registered into the register Q1. A multiplexer running off the DQSW90 signal is used to switch the mux between the outputs of registers Q0 and Q1 that will then feed the output.

Figure 2-15 shows the output register block on the right edge.



These gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the high-speed input data by the high-speed edge clock on its rising and falling edges. The second stage registers perform data alignment based on the control signals UPDATE and SEL0 from the control block. The third stage pipeline registers pass the data to the device core synchronized to the low-speed system clock. Figure 2-16 shows a block diagram of the input gearbox.

#### Figure 2-16. Input Gearbox





#### Table 2-11. I/O Support Device by Device

	MachXO2-256, MachXO2-640	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200	MachXO2-1200U MachXO2-2000/U, MachXO2-4000, MachXO2-7000
Number of I/O Banks	4	4	6
		Single-ended (all I/O banks)	Single-ended (all I/O banks)
Tupo of Input Pufforo	Single-ended (all I/O banks)	Differential Receivers (all I/O	Differential Receivers (all I/O
	Differential Receivers (all I/O banks)	Differential input termination (bottom side)	Differential input termination (bottom side)
Turses of Output Duffers	Single-ended buffers with	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)
Types of Output Bullers	banks)	Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)	Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O banks	All I/O banks	All I/O banks
PCI Clamp Support	No	Clamp on bottom side only	Clamp on bottom side only

#### Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards

	VCCIO (Typ.)					
Input Standard	3.3 V	2.5 V	1.8 V	1.5	1.2 V	
Single-Ended Interfaces						
LVTTL	✓	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>		
LVCMOS33	✓	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>		
LVCMOS25	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	✓	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>		
LVCMOS18	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	✓	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>		
LVCMOS15	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	~	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	
LVCMOS12	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>√</b> <sup>2</sup>	✓	
PCI <sup>1</sup>	✓					
SSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓			
SSTL25 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓				
HSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓			
Differential Interfaces		•				
LVDS	✓	✓				
BLVDS, MVDS, LVPECL, RSDS	✓	✓				
MIPI <sup>3</sup>	✓	✓				
Differential SSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓			
Differential SSTL25 Class I, II	✓	✓				
Differential HSTL18 Class I, II	✓	~	✓			

1. Bottom banks of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices only.

2. Reduced functionality. Refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide for more detail.

3. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.



#### Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (Typ.)
Single-Ended Interfaces	
LVTTL	3.3
LVCMOS33	3.3
LVCMOS25	2.5
LVCMOS18	1.8
LVCMOS15	1.5
LVCMOS12	1.2
LVCMOS33, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS25, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS18, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS15, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS12, Open Drain	—
PCI33	3.3
SSTL25 (Class I)	2.5
SSTL18 (Class I)	1.8
HSTL18(Class I)	1.8
Differential Interfaces	
LVDS <sup>1, 2</sup>	2.5, 3.3
BLVDS, MLVDS, RSDS <sup>2</sup>	2.5
LVPECL <sup>2</sup>	3.3
MIPI <sup>2</sup>	2.5
Differential SSTL18	1.8
Differential SSTL25	2.5
Differential HSTL18	1.8

1. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers. 2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

#### sysIO Buffer Banks

The numbers of banks vary between the devices of this family. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and higher density devices have six I/O banks (one bank on the top, right and bottom side and three banks on the left side). The MachXO2-1200 and lower density devices have four banks (one bank per side). Figures 2-18 and 2-19 show the sysIO banks and their associated supplies for all devices.



#### Figure 2-21. PC Core Block Diagram



Table 2-15 describes the signals interfacing with the I<sup>2</sup>C cores.

 Table 2-15.
 PC Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Description
i2c_scl	Bi-directional	Bi-directional clock line of the I <sup>2</sup> C core. The signal is an output if the I <sup>2</sup> C core is in master mode. The signal is an input if the I <sup>2</sup> C core is in slave mode. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I <sup>2</sup> C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_sda	Bi-directional	Bi-directional data line of the $l^2C$ core. The signal is an output when data is transmitted from the $l^2C$ core. The signal is an input when data is received into the $l^2C$ core. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of $l^2C$ ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_irqo	Output	Interrupt request output signal of the I <sup>2</sup> C core. The intended usage of this signal is for it to be connected to the WISHBONE master controller (i.e. a microcontroller or state machine) and request an interrupt when a specific condition is met. These conditions are described with the I <sup>2</sup> C register definitions.
cfg_wake	Output	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, $I^2C$ Tab.
cfg_stdby	Output	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, $I^2C$ Tab.

#### Hardened SPI IP Core

Every MachXO2 device has a hard SPI IP core that can be configured as a SPI master or slave. When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other SPI enabled chips connected to the SPI bus. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to interface to an external SPI master. The SPI IP core on MachXO2 devices supports the following functions:

- Configurable Master and Slave modes
- Full-Duplex data transfer
- Mode fault error flag with CPU interrupt capability
- Double-buffered data register
- Serial clock with programmable polarity and phase
- LSB First or MSB First Data Transfer
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface



## Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels<sup>1, 2, 3, 4, 5</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V <sub>PORUP</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $V_{CCINT}$ and $V_{CCIO0})$	0.9	_	1.06	V
V <sub>PORUPEXT</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp up trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring external $V_{CC}$ power supply)	1.5	_	2.1	V
V <sub>PORDNBG</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $V_{CCINT})$	0.75	_	0.93	V
V <sub>PORDNBGEXT</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (band gap based circuit monitoring $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ )	0.98	_	1.33	V
V <sub>PORDNSRAM</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring $V_{\mbox{CCINT}}$ )	-	0.6	_	V
V <sub>PORDNSRAMEXT</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point (SRAM based circuit monitoring $V_{CC}$ )	_	0.96	—	V

1. These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.

2. For devices without voltage regulators V<sub>CCINT</sub> is the same as the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage. For devices with voltage regulators, V<sub>CCINT</sub> is regulated from the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage.

3. Note that V<sub>PORUP</sub> (min.) and V<sub>PORDNBG</sub> (max.) are in different process corners. For any given process corner V<sub>PORDNBG</sub> (max.) is always 12.0 mV below V<sub>PORUP</sub> (min.).

4. V<sub>PORUPEXT</sub> is for HC devices only. In these devices a separate POR circuit monitors the external V<sub>CC</sub> power supply.

5. V<sub>CCIO0</sub> does not have a Power-On-Reset ramp down trip point. V<sub>CCIO0</sub> must remain within the Recommended Operating Conditions to ensure proper operation.

## **Programming/Erase Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max. <sup>1</sup>	Units
	Flash Programming cycles per t <sub>RETENTION</sub>	—	10,000	Cycles
PROGCYC	Flash functional programming cycles	—	100,000	Oycles
t <sub>RETENTION</sub>	Data retention at 100 °C junction temperature	10	—	Voars
	Data retention at 85 °C junction temperature	20	—	leais

1. Maximum Flash memory reads are limited to 7.5E13 cycles over the lifetime of the product.

## Hot Socketing Specifications<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>

$I_{DK}$ Input or I/O leakage Current $0 < V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (MAX) +/-1000 $\mu$ A	Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Max.	Units
	I <sub>DK</sub>	Input or I/O leakage Current	$0 < V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (MAX)	+/-1000	μΑ

1. Insensitive to sequence of  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCIO}$ . However, assumes monotonic rise/fall rates for  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCIO}$ .

2.  $0 < V_{CC} < V_{CC}$  (MAX),  $0 < V_{CCIO} < V_{CCIO}$  (MAX).

3. I<sub>DK</sub> is additive to I<sub>PU</sub>, I<sub>PD</sub> or I<sub>BH</sub>.

## **ESD** Performance

Please refer to the MachXO2 Product Family Qualification Summary for complete qualification data, including ESD performance.



## Typical Building Block Function Performance – ZE Devices<sup>1</sup>

#### Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–3 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	13.9	ns
4:1 MUX	10.9	ns
16:1 MUX	12.0	ns

#### **Register-to-Register Performance**

Function	–3 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		·
16:1 MUX	191	MHz
16-bit adder	134	MHz
16-bit counter	148	MHz
64-bit counter	77	MHz
Embedded Memory Functions	·	
1024x9 True-Dual Port RAM (Write Through or Normal, EBR output registers)	90	MHz
Distributed Memory Functions		
16x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM (one PFU)	214	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.

## **Derating Logic Timing**

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.





			_	6	_	5	_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.42	_	1.59	_	1.96		ns
t <sub>SU_DEL</sub>		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.41	_	1.58	_	1.96	_	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.63	_	1.79	_	2.17	_	ns
	Delav	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.61	_	1.76	_	2.13	_	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.66	_	1.81	_	2.19	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.53	_	1.67		2.03		ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.24	_	-0.24		-0.24		ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	ns
+	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.24	_	-0.24	_	-0.24	_	ns
'H_DEL	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23	_	-0.23		-0.23		ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.25	_	-0.25		-0.25		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.21		-0.21		-0.21		ns
f <sub>MAX_IO</sub>	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO2 devices		388	_	323	_	269	MHz
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Edge C	lock without PLL)							
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	7.53		7.76		8.10	ns
+	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-2000HC-HE		7.53		7.76		8.10	ns
COE	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE		7.45		7.68		8.00	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE		7.53		7.76		8.10	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.19	_	-0.19	_	-0.19	_	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.19	_	-0.19	_	-0.19	_	ns
t <sub>SUE</sub>		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.16	_	-0.16	_	-0.16	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.19	_	-0.19		-0.19		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24	_	2.52	_	ns
. Clock to Da	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24	_	2.52	_	ns
ЧЕ	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.89	_	2.16	_	2.43		ns
	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24	_	2.52	_	ns	
	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.56	_	1.69	_	2.05	_	ns	
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.56	_	1.69	_	2.05	_	ns
<sup>I</sup> SU_DELE	Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.74	_	1.88	_	2.25	_	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.66	_	1.81	_	2.17		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	-0.23	_	ns
+	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23	_	-0.23		-0.23		ns
'H_DELE	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.34	_	-0.34		-0.34		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.29	_	-0.29		-0.29		ns
General I/O	General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock with PLL)								
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	5.97		6.00		6.13	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-2000HC-HE		5.98		6.01		6.14	ns
COPLL	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE		5.99		6.02		6.16	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE		6.02		6.06		6.20	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.36	—	0.36	—	0.65	—	ns
+.	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.36	—	0.36	—	0.63	—	ns
SUPLL	Input Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.62	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.34	—	0.34	—	0.59	—	ns
	1	•			•		•		



## Flash Download Time<sup>1, 2</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Units
t <sub>REFRESH</sub>		LCMXO2-256	0.6	ms
		LCMXO2-640	1.0	ms
		LCMXO2-640U	1.9	ms
		LCMXO2-1200	1.9	ms
	POR to Device I/O Active	LCMXO2-1200U	1.4	ms
		LCMXO2-2000	1.4	ms
		LCMXO2-2000U	2.4	ms
		LCMXO2-4000	2.4	ms
		LCMXO2-7000	3.8	ms

1. Assumes sysMEM EBR initialized to an all zero pattern if they are used.

2. The Flash download time is measured starting from the maximum voltage of POR trip point.

## **JTAG Port Timing Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	TCK clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t <sub>BTCPH</sub>	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t <sub>BTCPL</sub>	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t <sub>BTS</sub>	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	10	—	ns
t <sub>BTH</sub>	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	8	—	ns
t <sub>BTCO</sub>	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
t <sub>BTCODIS</sub>	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	10	ns
t <sub>BTCOEN</sub>	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	10	ns
t <sub>BTCRS</sub>	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t <sub>BTCRH</sub>	BSCAN test capture register hold time	20	—	ns
t <sub>BUTCO</sub>	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
t <sub>BTUODIS</sub>	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid disable	_	25	ns
t <sub>BTUPOEN</sub>	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	25	ns





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	MachXO2-7000					
	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	400 caBGA	484 fpBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	27	50	50	68	83	82
Bank 1	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 2	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 3	9	16	16	24	28	28
Bank 4	10	16	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	10	20	20	30	32	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	114	206	206	278	335	334
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	14	25	25	34	42	41
Bank 1	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 2	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 3	4	8	8	12	14	14
Bank 4	5	8	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	5	10	10	15	16	16
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	56	103	103	139	168	167
Dual Function I/O	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O		•				
Bank 0	9	20	20	21	21	21
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	9	20	20	21	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	14	20	20	21	21	21
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 2	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	1	2	2	1	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	2	2	3
VCC	4	8	8	8	10	12
GND	12	24	24	27	33	48
NC	1	1	1	1	0	49
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	144	256	256	332	400	484



# MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Ordering Information

March 2017

Data Sheet DS1035

## MachXO2 Part Number Description



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## **Ordering Information**

MachXO2 devices have top-side markings, for commercial and industrial grades, as shown below:



Notes:

- 1. Markings are abbreviated for small packages.
- 2. See PCN 05A-12 for information regarding a change to the top-side mark logo.



#### Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256ZE-1SG32I	256	256 1.2 V		Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2SG32I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3SG32I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1UMG64I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2UMG64I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3UMG64I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1TG100I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2TG100I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3TG100I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1MG132I	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2MG132I	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3MG132I	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
						-
Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640ZE-1TG100I	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-2TG100I	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-3TG100I	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-1MG132I	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-2MG132I	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-3MG132I	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
				1		
Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR <sup>1</sup>	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR50	<sup>3</sup> 1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR1K	<sup>2</sup> 1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1SG32I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2SG32I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3SG32I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144I	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144I	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144I	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR <sup>1</sup>	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 <sup>3</sup>	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K <sup>2</sup>	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132IR1 <sup>1</sup>	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144IR1 <sup>1</sup>	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144IR1 <sup>1</sup>	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144IR11	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. Specifications for the "LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package IR1" are the same as the "LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package I" devices respectively, except as specified in the R1 Device Specifications section of this data sheet.



## **R1 Device Specifications**

The LCMXO2-1200ZE/HC "R1" devices have the same specifications as their Standard (non-R1) counterparts except as listed below. For more details on the R1 to Standard migration refer to AN8086, Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard Non-R1) Devices.

- The User Flash Memory (UFM) cannot be programmed through the internal WISHBONE interface. It can still be programmed through the JTAG/SPI/I<sup>2</sup>C ports.
- The on-chip differential input termination resistor value is higher than intended. It is approximately 200Ω as opposed to the intended 100Ω. It is recommended to use external termination resistors for differential inputs. The on-chip termination resistors can be disabled through Lattice design software.
- Soft Error Detection logic may not produce the correct result when it is run for the first time after configuration. To use this feature, discard the result from the first operation. Subsequent operations will produce the correct result.
- Under certain conditions, IIH exceeds data sheet specifications. The following table provides more details:

Condition	Clamp	Pad Rising IIH Max.	Pad Falling IIH Min.	Steady State Pad High IIH	Steady State Pad Low IIL
VPAD > VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 µA
VPAD = VCCIO	ON	10 µA	–10 μA	10 µA	10 µA
VPAD = VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 µA
VPAD < VCCIO	OFF	10 µA	–10 μA	10 µA	10 µA

- The user SPI interface does not operate correctly in some situations. During master read access and slave write access, the last byte received does not generate the RRDY interrupt.
- In GDDRX2, GDDRX4 and GDDR71 modes, ECLKSYNC may have a glitch in the output under certain conditions, leading to possible loss of synchronization.
- When using the hard I<sup>2</sup>C IP core, the I<sup>2</sup>C status registers I2C\_1\_SR and I2C\_2\_SR may not update correctly.
- PLL Lock signal will glitch high when coming out of standby. This glitch lasts for about 10 μsec before returning low.
- Dual boot only available on HC devices, requires tying VCC and VCCIO2 to the same 3.3 V or 2.5 V supply.



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
January 2013	02.0	Introduction	Updated the total number IOs to include JTAGENB.
		Architecture	Supported Output Standards table – Added 3.3 $\rm V_{\rm CCIO}$ (Typ.) to LVDS row.
			Changed SRAM CRC Error Detection to Soft Error Detection.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Power Supply Ramp Rates table – Updated Units column for t <sub>RAMP</sub> symbol.
			Added new Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance table.
			sysCLOCK PLL Timing table – Updated Min. column values for $f_{IN}$ ,
			$f_{OUT},f_{OUT2}$ and $f_{PFD}$ parameters. Added $t_{SPO}$ parameter. Updated footnote 6.
			MachXO2 Oscillator Output Frequency table – Updated symbol name for t <sub>STABLEOSC</sub> .
			DC Electrical Characteristics table – Updated conditions for ${\rm I}_{\rm IL,}~{\rm I}_{\rm IH}$ symbols.
			Corrected parameters tDQVBS and tDQVAS
			Corrected MachXO2 ZE parameters tDVADQ and tDVEDQ
		Pinout Information	Included the MachXO2-4000HE 184 csBGA package.
		Ordering Information	Updated part number.
April 2012	01.9	Architecture	Removed references to TN1200.
		Ordering Information	Updated the Device Status portion of the MachXO2 Part Number Description to include the 50 parts per reel for the WLCSP package.
			Added new part number and footnote 2 for LCMXO2-1200ZE- 1UWG25ITR50.
			Updated footnote 1 for LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR.
		Supplemental Information	Removed references to TN1200.
March 2012	01.8	Introduction	Added 32 QFN packaging information to Features bullets and MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Changed 'STANDBY' to 'USERSTDBY' in Standby Mode timing dia- gram.
		Pinout Information	Removed footnote from Pin Information Summary tables.
			Added 32 QFN package to Pin Information Summary table.
		Ordering Information	Updated Part Number Description and Ordering Information tables for 32 QFN package.
			Updated topside mark diagram in the Ordering Information section.