E. Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMX02-4000ZE-1QN84I Datasheet</u>



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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	68
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	84-VFQFN Dual Rows, Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	84-QFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-4000ze-1qn84i

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The logic blocks, Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and sysMEM EBR blocks, are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns. Each row has either the logic blocks or the EBR blocks. The PIO cells are located at the periphery of the device, arranged in banks. The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM, and register functions. The PIOs utilize a flexible I/O buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer that supports operation with a variety of interface standards. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

In the MachXO2 family, the number of sysIO banks varies by device. There are different types of I/O buffers on the different banks. Refer to the details in later sections of this document. The sysMEM EBRs are large, dedicated fast memory blocks; these blocks are found in MachXO2-640/U and larger devices. These blocks can be configured as RAM, ROM or FIFO. FIFO support includes dedicated FIFO pointer and flag "hard" control logic to minimize LUT usage.

The MachXO2 registers in PFU and sysl/O can be configured to be SET or RESET. After power up and device is configured, the device enters into user mode with these registers SET/RESET according to the configuration setting, allowing device entering to a known state for predictable system function.

The MachXO2 architecture also provides up to two sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) blocks on MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices. These blocks are located at the ends of the on-chip Flash block. The PLLs have multiply, divide, and phase shifting capabilities that are used to manage the frequency and phase relationships of the clocks.

MachXO2 devices provide commonly used hardened functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/ counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These hardened functions and the UFM interface to the core logic and routing through a WISHBONE interface. The UFM can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C and JTAG ports.

Every device in the family has a JTAG port that supports programming and configuration of the device as well as access to the user logic. The MachXO2 devices are available for operation from 3.3 V, 2.5 V and 1.2 V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

PFU Blocks

The core of the MachXO2 device consists of PFU blocks, which can be programmed to perform logic, arithmetic, distributed RAM and distributed ROM functions. Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices numbered 0 to 3 as shown in Figure 2-3. Each slice contains two LUTs and two registers. There are 53 inputs and 25 outputs associated with each PFU block.



Figure 2-8. sysMEM Memory Primitives



Table 2-6. EBR Signal Descriptions

Port Name	Description	Active State
CLK	Clock	Rising Clock Edge
CE	Clock Enable	Active High
OCE ¹	Output Clock Enable	Active High
RST	Reset	Active High
BE ¹	Byte Enable	Active High
WE	Write Enable	Active High
AD	Address Bus	—
DI	Data In	—
DO	Data Out	—
CS	Chip Select	Active High
AFF	FIFO RAM Almost Full Flag	—
FF	FIFO RAM Full Flag	—
AEF	FIFO RAM Almost Empty Flag	—
EF	FIFO RAM Empty Flag	—
RPRST	FIFO RAM Read Pointer Reset	—

1. Optional signals.

2. For dual port EBR primitives a trailing 'A' or 'B' in the signal name specifies the EBR port A or port B respectively.

3. For FIFO RAM mode primitive, a trailing 'R' or 'W' in the signal name specifies the FIFO read port or write port respectively.

4. For FIFO RAM mode primitive FULLI has the same function as CSW(2) and EMPTYI has the same function as CSR(2).

5. In FIFO mode, CLKW is the write port clock, CSW is the write port chip select, CLKR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port chip select, ORE is the output read enable.



Figure 2-9. Memory Core Reset



For further information on the sysMEM EBR block, please refer to TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

EBR Asynchronous Reset

EBR asynchronous reset or GSR (if used) can only be applied if all clock enables are low for a clock cycle before the reset is applied and released a clock cycle after the reset is released, as shown in Figure 2-10. The GSR input to the EBR is always asynchronous.

Figure 2-10. EBR Asynchronous Reset (Including GSR) Timing Diagram

Reset	
Clock	
Clock Enable	

If all clock enables remain enabled, the EBR asynchronous reset or GSR may only be applied and released after the EBR read and write clock inputs are in a steady state condition for a minimum of 1/f_{MAX} (EBR clock). The reset release must adhere to the EBR synchronous reset setup time before the next active read or write clock edge.

If an EBR is pre-loaded during configuration, the GSR input must be disabled or the release of the GSR during device wake up must occur before the release of the device I/Os becoming active.

These instructions apply to all EBR RAM, ROM and FIFO implementations. For the EBR FIFO mode, the GSR signal is always enabled and the WE and RE signals act like the clock enable signals in Figure 2-10. The reset timing rules apply to the RPReset input versus the RE input and the RST input versus the WE and RE inputs. Both RST and RPReset are always asynchronous EBR inputs. For more details refer to TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

Note that there are no reset restrictions if the EBR synchronous reset is used and the EBR GSR input is disabled.



Figure 2-12. MachXO2 Input Register Block Diagram (PIO on Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Right Edge

The input register block on the right edge is a superset of the same block on the top, bottom, and left edges. In addition to the modes described above, the input register block on the right edge also supports DDR memory mode.

In DDR memory mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the modified DQS (DQSR90) in the DDR Memory mode creating two data streams. Before entering the core, these two data streams are synchronized to the system clock to generate two data streams.

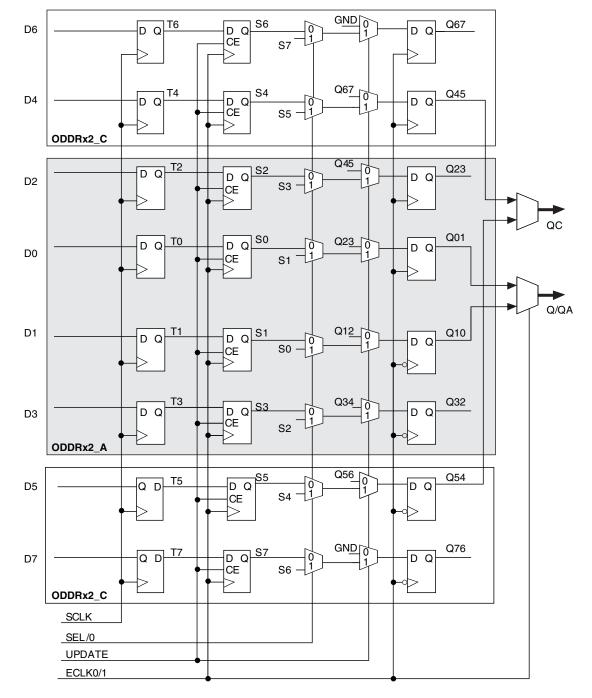
The signal DDRCLKPOL controls the polarity of the clock used in the synchronization registers. It ensures adequate timing when data is transferred to the system clock domain from the DQS domain. The DQSR90 and DDRCLKPOL signals are generated in the DQS read-write block.

Figure 2-13. MachXO2 Input Register Block Diagram (PIO on Right Edge)





Figure 2-17. Output Gearbox



More information on the output gearbox is available in TN1203, Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices.



Table 2-11. I/O Support Device by Device

	MachXO2-256, MachXO2-640	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200	MachXO2-1200U MachXO2-2000/U, MachXO2-4000, MachXO2-7000
Number of I/O Banks	4	4	6
		Single-ended (all I/O banks)	Single-ended (all I/O banks)
Type of Input Buffers	Single-ended (all I/O banks) Differential Receivers (all I/O	Differential Receivers (all I/O banks)	Differential Receivers (all I/O banks)
	banks)	Differential input termination (bottom side)	Differential input termination (bottom side)
	Single-ended buffers with	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)	Single-ended buffers with complementary outputs (all I/O banks)
Types of Output Buffers	complementary outputs (all I/O banks)	Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)	Differential buffers with true LVDS outputs (50% on top side)
Differential Output Emulation Capability	All I/O banks	All I/O banks	All I/O banks
PCI Clamp Support	No	Clamp on bottom side only	Clamp on bottom side only

Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards

		V	CCIO (Ty	p.)	
Input Standard	3.3 V	2.5 V	1.8 V	1.5	1.2 V
Single-Ended Interfaces		•	•		
LVTTL	✓	√ ²	√ ²	√ ²	
LVCMOS33	✓	√ ²	√ ²	√ ²	
LVCMOS25	√ ²	✓	√ ²	√ ²	
LVCMOS18	√ ²	√ ²	✓	√ ²	
LVCMOS15	√ ²	√ ²	√ ²	~	√ ²
LVCMOS12	√ ²	√ ²	√ ²	√ ²	✓
PCI ¹	✓				
SSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	1	✓	✓		
SSTL25 (Class I, Class II)	1	✓			
HSTL18 (Class I, Class II)	✓	✓	✓		
Differential Interfaces	•	•			
LVDS	✓	✓			
BLVDS, MVDS, LVPECL, RSDS	✓	✓			
MIPI ³	✓	✓			
Differential SSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		
Differential SSTL25 Class I, II	✓	✓			
Differential HSTL18 Class I, II	✓	✓	✓		

1. Bottom banks of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices only.

2. Reduced functionality. Refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide for more detail.

3. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.



Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	V _{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-Ended Interfaces	
LVTTL	3.3
LVCMOS33	3.3
LVCMOS25	2.5
LVCMOS18	1.8
LVCMOS15	1.5
LVCMOS12	1.2
LVCMOS33, Open Drain	
LVCMOS25, Open Drain	
LVCMOS18, Open Drain	
LVCMOS15, Open Drain	
LVCMOS12, Open Drain	
PCI33	3.3
SSTL25 (Class I)	2.5
SSTL18 (Class I)	1.8
HSTL18(Class I)	1.8
Differential Interfaces	
LVDS ^{1, 2}	2.5, 3.3
BLVDS, MLVDS, RSDS ²	2.5
LVPECL ²	3.3
MIPI ²	2.5
Differential SSTL18	1.8
Differential SSTL25	2.5
Differential HSTL18	1.8

1. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers. 2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The numbers of banks vary between the devices of this family. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and higher density devices have six I/O banks (one bank on the top, right and bottom side and three banks on the left side). The MachXO2-1200 and lower density devices have four banks (one bank per side). Figures 2-18 and 2-19 show the sysIO banks and their associated supplies for all devices.



There are some limitations on the use of the hardened user SPI. These are defined in the following technical notes:

- TN1087, Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology (Appendix B)
- TN1205, Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices

Figure 2-22. SPI Core Block Diagram



Table 2-16 describes the signals interfacing with the SPI cores.

Table 2-16. SPI Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Master/Slave	Description		
spi_csn[0]	0	Master	SPI master chip-select output		
spi_csn[17]	0	Master	Additional SPI chip-select outputs (total up to eight slaves)		
spi_scsn	I	Slave	SPI slave chip-select input		
spi_irq	0	Master/Slave	Interrupt request		
spi_clk	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI clock. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.		
spi_miso	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Input in master mode. Output in slave mode.		
spi_mosi	I/O	Master/Slave	SPI data. Output in master mode. Input in slave mode.		
ufm_sn	I	Slave	Configuration Slave Chip Select (active low), dedicated for selecting the User Flash Memory (UFM).		
cfg_stdby	0	Master/Slave	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.		
cfg_wake	0	Master/Slave	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, SPI Tab.		



When implementing background programming of the on-chip Flash, care must be taken for the operation of the PLL. For devices that have two PLLs (XO2-2000U, -4000 and -7000), the system must put the RPLL (Right-side PLL) in reset state during the background Flash programming. More detailed description can be found in TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Security and One-Time Programmable Mode (OTP)

For applications where security is important, the lack of an external bitstream provides a solution that is inherently more secure than SRAM-based FPGAs. This is further enhanced by device locking. MachXO2 devices contain security bits that, when set, prevent the readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile Flash memory spaces. The device can be in one of two modes:

- 1. Unlocked Readback of the SRAM configuration and non-volatile Flash memory spaces is allowed.
- 2. Permanently Locked The device is permanently locked.

Once set, the only way to clear the security bits is to erase the device. To further complement the security of the device, a One Time Programmable (OTP) mode is available. Once the device is set in this mode it is not possible to erase or re-program the Flash and SRAM OTP portions of the device. For more details, refer to TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Dual Boot

MachXO2 devices can optionally boot from two patterns, a primary bitstream and a golden bitstream. If the primary bitstream is found to be corrupt while being downloaded into the SRAM, the device shall then automatically re-boot from the golden bitstream. Note that the primary bitstream must reside in the on-chip Flash. The golden image MUST reside in an external SPI Flash. For more details, refer to TN1204, MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide.

Soft Error Detection

The SED feature is a CRC check of the SRAM cells after the device is configured. This check ensures that the SRAM cells were configured successfully. This feature is enabled by a configuration bit option. The Soft Error Detection can also be initiated in user mode via an input to the fabric. The clock for the Soft Error Detection circuit is generated using a dedicated divider. The undivided clock from the on-chip oscillator is the input to this divider. For low power applications users can switch off the Soft Error Detection circuit. For more details, refer to TN1206, MachXO2 Soft Error Detection Usage Guide.

TraceID

Each MachXO2 device contains a unique (per device), TraceID that can be used for tracking purposes or for IP security applications. The TraceID is 64 bits long. Eight out of 64 bits are user-programmable, the remaining 56 bits are factory-programmed. The TraceID is accessible through the EFB WISHBONE interface and can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C, or JTAG interfaces.

Density Shifting

The MachXO2 family has been designed to enable density migration within the same package. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density devices to higher density devices. In many cases, it is also possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high-density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case. When migrating from lower to higher density or higher to lower density, ensure to review all the power supplies and NC pins of the chosen devices. For more details refer to the MachXO2 migration files.



Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
		LCMXO2-256ZE	13	mA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	14	mA
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-1200ZE	15	mA
	Core Fower Supply	LCMXO2-2000ZE	17	mA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	18	mA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	20	mA
ICCIO	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes all inputs are held at $V_{\mbox{CCIO}}$ or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. TJ = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank. V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



LVPECL

The MachXO2 family supports the differential LVPECL standard through emulation. This output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all the devices. The LVPECL input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Differential LVPECL is one possible solution for point-to-point signals.

Figure 3-3. Differential LVPECL

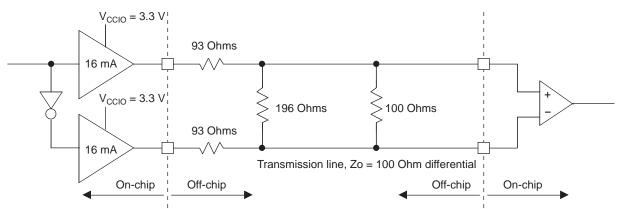


Table 3-3. LVPECL DC Conditions¹

Symbol	Description	Nominal	Units
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistor	93	Ohms
R _P	Driver parallel resistor	196	Ohms
R _T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	2.05	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.25	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.80	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.65	V
Z _{BACK}	Back impedance	100.5	Ohms
DC	DC output current	12.11	mA

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

For further information on LVPECL, BLVDS and other differential interfaces please see details of additional technical documentation at the end of the data sheet.





			-	6	-	5	-4		
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.42	—	1.59	—	1.96	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.41	—	1.58	—	1.96	—	ns
•	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.63		1.79		2.17		ns
^t SU_DEL	Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.61		1.76		2.13		ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.66	—	1.81	—	2.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.53	—	1.67	—	2.03	—	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
•	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns
t _{H_DEL}	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.21	_	-0.21		-0.21	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO2 devices	_	388	_	323	_	269	MHz
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Edge C	lock without PLL)		l		l			
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	7.53	—	7.76		8.10	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-2000HC-HE		7.53	—	7.76		8.10	ns
t _{COE}	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE		7.45	—	7.68		8.00	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	_	7.53	—	7.76		8.10	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.19		-0.19	—	-0.19		ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.19		-0.19		-0.19		ns
t _{SUE}		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.16		-0.16		-0.16		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.19		-0.19		-0.19		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24		2.52		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24		2.52		ns
t _{HE}	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.89		2.16	—	2.43		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.97		2.24	—	2.52		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.56		1.69	—	2.05		ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.56		1.69	—	2.05		ns
t _{SU_DELE}	Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.74		1.88		2.25		ns
	Delay	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.66		1.81		2.17		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.23		-0.23	—	-0.23		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23		-0.23		-0.23		ns
t _{H_DELE}	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.34		-0.34		-0.34		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.29		-0.29		-0.29		ns
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Primar								
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	5.97	_	6.00	_	6.13	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	_	5.98	_	6.01	_	6.14	ns
t _{COPLL}	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	_	5.99	_	6.02	_	6.16	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	_	6.02	_	6.06	_	6.20	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.36	_	0.36	_	0.65	_	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.36		0.36		0.63		ns
t _{SUPLL}	Input Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.35		0.35		0.62		ns
	_	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.34	_	0.34		0.59		ns
			0.01	l	0.01	l	0.00		



sysCLOCK PLL Timing (Continued)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{ROTATE_WD}	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4	_	VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.

2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.

3. Using LVDS output buffers.

4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide for more details.

5. At minimum f_{PFD} As the f_{PFD} increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.

6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.

7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.

8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.



sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Pa	arameter	Min.	Max.	Units
All Configuration M	odes		1		
t _{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low p	oulse accept	55	—	ns
t _{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low p	oulse rejection	—	25	ns
t _{INITL}	INITN low time	INITN low time LCMXO2-256		30	μs
		LCMXO2-640	—	35	μs
		LCMXO2-640U/ LCMXO2-1200	—	55	μs
		LCMXO2-1200U/ LCMXO2-2000	—	70	μs
		LCMXO2-2000U/ LCMXO2-4000	—	105	μs
		LCMXO2-7000	_	130	μs
t _{DPPINIT}	PROGRAMN low to	o INITN low	—	150	ns
t _{DPPDONE}	PROGRAMN low to	o DONE low	—	150	ns
t _{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to	o I/O disable	—	120	ns
Slave SPI			•		
f _{MAX}	CCLK clock freque	CCLK clock frequency		66	MHz
t _{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse	width high	7.5	—	ns
t _{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse	width low	7.5	—	ns
t _{STSU}	CCLK setup time		2	—	ns
t _{STH}	CCLK hold time		0	—	ns
t _{STCO}	CCLK falling edge	to valid output	—	10	ns
t _{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge	to valid disable	—	10	ns
t _{STOV}	CCLK falling edge	to valid enable	—	10	ns
t _{SCS}	Chip select high tin	ne	25	—	ns
t _{SCSS}	Chip select setup t	ime	3	—	ns
t _{SCSH}	Chip select hold tin	ne	3	—	ns
Master SPI	·				
f _{MAX}	MCLK clock freque	ency	—	133	MHz
t _{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse	MCLK clock pulse width high		—	ns
t _{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse	width low	3.75	—	ns
t _{STSU}	MCLK setup time		5	—	ns
t _{STH}	MCLK hold time		1	—	ns
t _{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip	select low	100	200	ns
t _{MCLK}	INITN high to first I	VCLK edge	0.75	1	μs





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	MachXO2-7000						
	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	400 caBGA	484 fpBGA	
General Purpose I/O per Bank		1	1			1	
Bank 0	27	50	50	68	83	82	
Bank 1	29	52	52	70	84	84	
Bank 2	29	52	52	70	84	84	
Bank 3	9	16	16	24	28	28	
Bank 4	10	16	16	16	24	24	
Bank 5	10	20	20	30	32	32	
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	114	206	206	278	335	334	
Differential I/O per Bank							
Bank 0	14	25	25	34	42	41	
Bank 1	14	26	26	35	42	42	
Bank 2	14	26	26	35	42	42	
Bank 3	4	8	8	12	14	14	
Bank 4	5	8	8	8	12	12	
Bank 5	5	10	10	15	16	16	
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	56	103	103	139	168	167	
Dual Function I/O	37	37	37	37	37	37	
High-speed Differential I/O		-	-	-	-	-	
Bank 0	9	20	20	21	21	21	
Gearboxes							
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	9	20	20	21	21	21	
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	14	20	20	21	21	21	
DQS Groups			•		•	•	
Bank 1	2	2	2	2	2	2	
VCCIO Pins							
Bank 0	3	4	4	4	5	10	
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5	10	
Bank 2	3	4	4	4	5	10	
Bank 3	1	1	1	2	2	3	
Bank 4	1	2	2	1	2	4	
Bank 5	1	1	1	2	2	3	
		-	-	-			
VCC	4	8	8	8	10	12	
GND	12	24	24	27	33	48	
NC	1	1	1	1	0	49	
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total Count of Bonded Pins	144	256	256	332	400	484	



For Further Information

For further information regarding logic signal connections for various packages please refer to the MachXO2 Device Pinout Files.

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Users must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- Thermal Management document
- TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices
- The Power Calculator tool is included with the Lattice design tools, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software



Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256ZE-1SG32C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2SG32C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3SG32C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3UMG64C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1TG100C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2TG100C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3TG100C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-1MG132C	256	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-2MG132C	256	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256ZE-3MG132C	256	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640ZE-1TG100C	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-2TG100C	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-3TG100C	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-1MG132C	640	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-2MG132C	640	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640ZE-3MG132C	640	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3SG32C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144C	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 ³	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K ²	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG32I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG48I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6UMG64I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6TG100I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-4MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-5MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256HC-6MG132I	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640HC-4SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6SG48I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-4TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6TG100I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-4MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-5MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640HC-6MG132I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640UHC-4TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-640UHC-5TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-640UHC-6TG144I	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND