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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-4000ze-3mg132i

Modes of Operation

Each slice has up to four potential modes of operation: Logic, Ripple, RAM and ROM.

Logic Mode

In this mode, the LUTs in each slice are configured as 4-input combinatorial lookup tables. A LUT4 can have 16 possible input combinations. Any four input logic functions can be generated by programming this lookup table. Since there are two LUT4s per slice, a LUT5 can be constructed within one slice. Larger look-up tables such as LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8 can be constructed by concatenating other slices. Note LUT8 requires more than four slices.

Ripple Mode

Ripple mode supports the efficient implementation of small arithmetic functions. In Ripple mode, the following functions can be implemented by each slice:

- Addition 2-bit
- Subtraction 2-bit
- Add/subtract 2-bit using dynamic control
- Up counter 2-bit
- Down counter 2-bit
- Up/down counter with asynchronous clear
- Up/down counter with preload (sync)
- Ripple mode multiplier building block
- Multiplier support
- Comparator functions of A and B inputs
 - A greater-than-or-equal-to B
 - A not-equal-to B
 - A less-than-or-equal-to B

Ripple mode includes an optional configuration that performs arithmetic using fast carry chain methods. In this configuration (also referred to as CCU2 mode) two additional signals, Carry Generate and Carry Propagate, are generated on a per-slice basis to allow fast arithmetic functions to be constructed by concatenating slices.

RAM Mode

In this mode, a 16x4-bit distributed single port RAM (SPR) can be constructed by using each LUT block in Slice 0 and Slice 1 as a 16x1-bit memory. Slice 2 is used to provide memory address and control signals.

MachXO2 devices support distributed memory initialization.

The Lattice design tools support the creation of a variety of different size memories. Where appropriate, the software will construct these using distributed memory primitives that represent the capabilities of the PFU. Table 2-3 shows the number of slices required to implement different distributed RAM primitives. For more information about using RAM in MachXO2 devices, please see TN1201, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices](#).

Table 2-3. Number of Slices Required For Implementing Distributed RAM

	SPR 16x4	PDPR 16x4
Number of slices	3	3

Note: SPR = Single Port RAM, PDPR = Pseudo Dual Port RAM

ROM Mode

ROM mode uses the LUT logic; hence, slices 0-3 can be used in ROM mode. Preloading is accomplished through the programming interface during PFU configuration.

For more information on the RAM and ROM modes, please refer to TN1201, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices](#).

Routing

There are many resources provided in the MachXO2 devices to route signals individually or as buses with related control signals. The routing resources consist of switching circuitry, buffers and metal interconnect (routing) segments.

The inter-PFU connections are made with three different types of routing resources: x1 (spans two PFUs), x2 (spans three PFUs) and x6 (spans seven PFUs). The x1, x2, and x6 connections provide fast and efficient connections in the horizontal and vertical directions.

The design tools take the output of the synthesis tool and places and routes the design. Generally, the place and route tool is completely automatic, although an interactive routing editor is available to optimize the design.

Clock/Control Distribution Network

Each MachXO2 device has eight clock inputs (PCLK [T, C] [Banknum]_[2..0]) – three pins on the left side, two pins each on the bottom and top sides and one pin on the right side. These clock inputs drive the clock nets. These eight inputs can be differential or single-ended and may be used as general purpose I/O if they are not used to drive the clock nets. When using a single ended clock input, only the PCLKT input can drive the clock tree directly.

The MachXO2 architecture has three types of clocking resources: edge clocks, primary clocks and secondary high fanout nets. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices have two edge clocks each on the top and bottom edges. Lower density devices have no edge clocks. Edge clocks are used to clock I/O registers and have low injection time and skew. Edge clock inputs are from PLL outputs, primary clock pads, edge clock bridge outputs and CIB sources.

The eight primary clock lines in the primary clock network drive throughout the entire device and can provide clocks for all resources within the device including PFUs, EBRs and PICs. In addition to the primary clock signals, MachXO2 devices also have eight secondary high fanout signals which can be used for global control signals, such as clock enables, synchronous or asynchronous clears, presets, output enables, etc. Internal logic can drive the global clock network for internally-generated global clocks and control signals.

The maximum frequency for the primary clock network is shown in the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.

The primary clock signals for the MachXO2-256 and MachXO2-640 are generated from eight 17:1 muxes. The available clock sources include eight I/O sources and 9 routing inputs. Primary clock signals for the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices are generated from eight 27:1 muxes. The available clock sources include eight I/O sources, 11 routing inputs, eight clock divider inputs and up to eight sysCLOCK PLL outputs.

Table 2-4. PLL Signal Descriptions (Continued)

Port Name	I/O	Description
CLKOP	O	Primary PLL output clock (with phase shift adjustment)
CLKOS	O	Secondary PLL output clock (with phase shift adjust)
CLKOS2	O	Secondary PLL output clock2 (with phase shift adjust)
CLKOS3	O	Secondary PLL output clock3 (with phase shift adjust)
LOCK	O	PLL LOCK, asynchronous signal. Active high indicates PLL is locked to input and feedback signals.
DPHSRC	O	Dynamic Phase source – ports or WISHBONE is active
STDBY	I	Standby signal to power down the PLL
RST	I	PLL reset without resetting the M-divider. Active high reset.
RESETM	I	PLL reset - includes resetting the M-divider. Active high reset.
RESETC	I	Reset for CLKOS2 output divider only. Active high reset.
RESETD	I	Reset for CLKOS3 output divider only. Active high reset.
ENCLKOP	I	Enable PLL output CLKOP
ENCLKOS	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS when port is active
ENCLKOS2	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS2 when port is active
ENCLKOS3	I	Enable PLL output CLKOS3 when port is active
PLLCLK	I	PLL data bus clock input signal
PLLRST	I	PLL data bus reset. This resets only the data bus not any register values.
PLLSTB	I	PLL data bus strobe signal
PLLWE	I	PLL data bus write enable signal
PLLADDR [4:0]	I	PLL data bus address
PLLDATI [7:0]	I	PLL data bus data input
PLLDATO [7:0]	O	PLL data bus data output
PLLACK	O	PLL data bus acknowledge signal

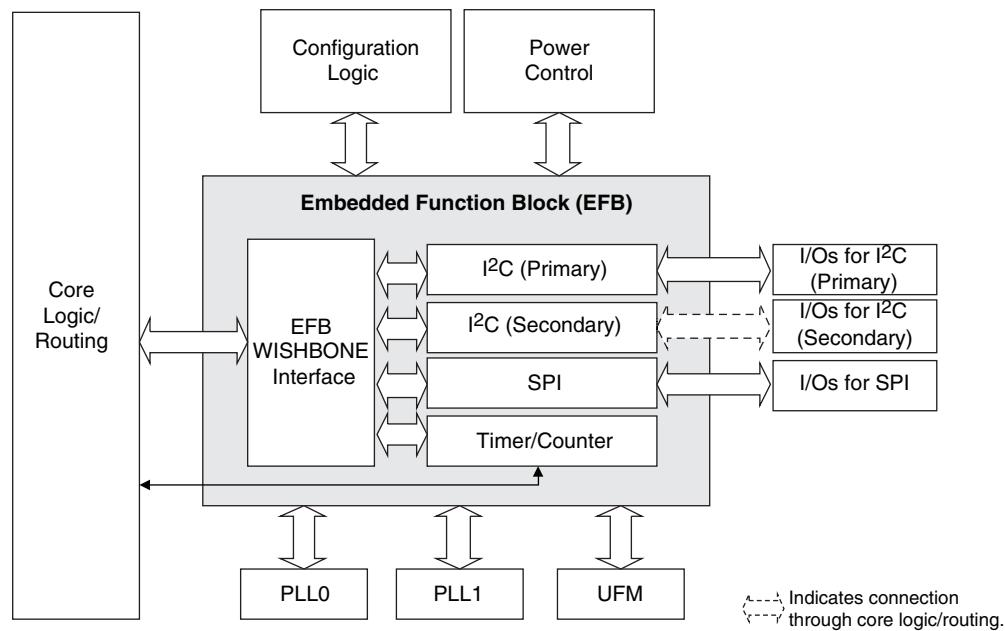
sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory

The MachXO2-640/U and larger devices contain sysMEM Embedded Block RAMs (EBRs). The EBR consists of a 9-kbit RAM, with dedicated input and output registers. This memory can be used for a wide variety of purposes including data buffering, PROM for the soft processor and FIFO.

sysMEM Memory Block

The sysMEM block can implement single port, dual port, pseudo dual port, or FIFO memories. Each block can be used in a variety of depths and widths as shown in Table 2-5.

Figure 2-20. Embedded Function Block Interface



Hardened I²C IP Core

Every MachXO2 device contains two I²C IP cores. These are the primary and secondary I²C IP cores. Either of the two cores can be configured either as an I²C master or as an I²C slave. The only difference between the two IP cores is that the primary core has pre-assigned I/O pins whereas users can assign I/O pins for the secondary core.

When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other devices on the I²C bus through the interface. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to provide I/O expansion to an I²C Master. The I²C cores support the following functionality:

- Master and Slave operation
- 7-bit and 10-bit addressing
- Multi-master arbitration support
- Up to 400 kHz data transfer speed
- General call support
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface

Configuration and Testing

This section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO2 family.

IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO2 devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with V_{CCIO} Bank 0 and can operate with LVC MOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, see AN8066, [Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability](#) and TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#).

Device Configuration

All MachXO2 devices contain two ports that can be used for device configuration. The Test Access Port (TAP), which supports bit-wide configuration and the sysCONFIG port which supports serial configuration through I²C or SPI. The TAP supports both the IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan specification and the IEEE Standard 1532 In-System Configuration specification. There are various ways to configure a MachXO2 device:

1. Internal Flash Download
2. JTAG
3. Standard Serial Peripheral Interface (Master SPI mode) – interface to boot PROM memory
4. System microprocessor to drive a serial slave SPI port (SSPI mode)
5. Standard I²C Interface to system microprocessor

Upon power-up, the configuration SRAM is ready to be configured using the selected sysCONFIG port. Once a configuration port is selected, it will remain active throughout that configuration cycle. The IEEE 1149.1 port can be activated any time after power-up by sending the appropriate command through the TAP port. Optionally the device can run a CRC check upon entering the user mode. This will ensure that the device was configured correctly.

The sysCONFIG port has 10 dual-function pins which can be used as general purpose I/Os if they are not required for configuration. See TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#) for more information about using the dual-use pins as general purpose I/Os.

Lattice design software uses proprietary compression technology to compress bit-streams for use in MachXO2 devices. Use of this technology allows Lattice to provide a lower cost solution. In the unlikely event that this technology is unable to compress bitstreams to fit into the amount of on-chip Flash memory, there are a variety of techniques that can be utilized to allow the bitstream to fit in the on-chip Flash memory. For more details, refer to TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

The Test Access Port (TAP) has five dual purpose pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK and JTAGENB). These pins are dual function pins - TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can be used as general purpose I/O if desired. For more details, refer to TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)

TransFR is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a simple push-button solution. For more details refer to TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) for details.

Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance

I/O Standard	Max. Speed	Units
LVDS25	400	MHz
LVDS25E	150	MHz
RSDS25	150	MHz
RSDS25E	150	MHz
BLVDS25	150	MHz
BLVDS25E	150	MHz
MLVDS25	150	MHz
MLVDS25E	150	MHz
LVPECL33	150	MHz
LVPECL33E	150	MHz
SSTL25_I	150	MHz
SSTL25_II	150	MHz
SSTL25D_I	150	MHz
SSTL25D_II	150	MHz
SSTL18_I	150	MHz
SSTL18_II	150	MHz
SSTL18D_I	150	MHz
SSTL18D_II	150	MHz
HSTL18_I	150	MHz
HSTL18_II	150	MHz
HSTL18D_I	150	MHz
HSTL18D_II	150	MHz
PCI33	134	MHz
LVTTL33	150	MHz
LVTTL33D	150	MHz
LVCMOS33	150	MHz
LVCMOS33D	150	MHz
LVCMOS25	150	MHz
LVCMOS25D	150	MHz
LVCMOS25R33	150	MHz
LVCMOS18	150	MHz
LVCMOS18D	150	MHz
LVCMOS18R33	150	MHz
LVCMOS18R25	150	MHz
LVCMOS15	150	MHz
LVCMOS15D	150	MHz
LVCMOS15R33	150	MHz
LVCMOS15R25	150	MHz
LVCMOS12	91	MHz
LVCMOS12D	91	MHz

MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		-4		Units			
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
Clocks												
Primary Clocks												
$f_{MAX_PRI}^8$	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO2 devices	—	388	—	323	—	269	MHz			
t_{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO2 devices	0.5	—	0.6	—	0.7	—	ns			
t_{SKEW_PRI}	Primary Clock Skew Within a Device	MachXO2-256HC-HE	—	912	—	939	—	975	ps			
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	—	844	—	871	—	908	ps			
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	868	—	902	—	951	ps			
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	867	—	897	—	941	ps			
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	—	865	—	892	—	931	ps			
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	902	—	942	—	989	ps			
Edge Clock												
$f_{MAX_EDGE}^8$	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO2-1200 and larger devices	—	400	—	333	—	278	MHz			
Pin-LUT-Pin Propagation Delay												
t_{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO2 devices	—	6.72	—	6.96	—	7.24	ns			
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock without PLL)												
t_{CO}	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-256HC-HE	—	7.13	—	7.30	—	7.57	ns			
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	—	7.15	—	7.30	—	7.57	ns			
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	7.44	—	7.64	—	7.94	ns			
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	7.46	—	7.66	—	7.96	ns			
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	—	7.51	—	7.71	—	8.01	ns			
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	7.54	—	7.75	—	8.06	ns			
t_{SU}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.06	—	-0.06	—	-0.06	—	ns			
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.06	—	-0.06	—	-0.06	—	ns			
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.17	—	-0.17	—	-0.17	—	ns			
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.20	—	-0.20	—	-0.20	—	ns			
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns			
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns			
t_H	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.75	—	1.95	—	2.16	—	ns			
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.75	—	1.95	—	2.16	—	ns			
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.88	—	2.12	—	2.36	—	ns			
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.89	—	2.13	—	2.37	—	ns			
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.94	—	2.18	—	2.43	—	ns			
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.98	—	2.23	—	2.49	—	ns			

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		-4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.41	—	0.48	—	0.55	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.42	—	0.49	—	0.56	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.43	—	0.50	—	0.58	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.46	—	0.54	—	0.62	—	ns
t_{SU_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	2.88	—	3.19	—	3.72	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	2.87	—	3.18	—	3.70	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	2.96	—	3.28	—	3.81	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	3.05	—	3.35	—	3.87	—	ns
t_{H_DELPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.87	—	-0.87	—	-0.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.91	—	-0.91	—	-0.91	—	ns
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Aligned^{9,12}									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.317	—	0.344	—	0.368	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.742	—	0.702	—	0.668	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Centered^{9,12}									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	0.566	—	0.560	—	0.538	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.778	—	0.879	—	1.090	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Aligned^{9,12}									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	—	0.316	—	0.342	—	0.364	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.710	—	0.675	—	0.679	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Centered^{9,12}									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	0.233	—	0.219	—	0.198	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.287	—	0.287	—	0.344	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		-4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Aligned^{9, 12}									
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only. ¹¹	—	0.290	—	0.320	—	0.345	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.739	—	0.699	—	0.703	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	756	—	630	—	524	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	378	—	315	—	262	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	95	—	79	—	66	MHz
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Centered^{9, 12}									
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only. ¹¹	0.233	—	0.219	—	0.198	—	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.287	—	0.287	—	0.344	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	756	—	630	—	524	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	378	—	315	—	262	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	95	—	79	—	66	MHz
7:1 LVDS Inputs (GDDR71_RX.ECLK.7:1)^{9, 12}									
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only. ¹¹	—	0.290	—	0.320	—	0.345	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.739	—	0.699	—	0.703	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Input Data Speed		—	756	—	630	—	524	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	378	—	315	—	262	MHz
f _{CLKIN}	7:1 Input Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	108	—	90	—	75	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Aligned^{9, 12}									
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides.	—	0.520	—	0.550	—	0.580	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.520	—	0.550	—	0.580	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_TX.SCLK.Centered^{9, 12}									
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides.	1.210	—	1.510	—	1.870	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		1.210	—	1.510	—	1.870	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX1 Output Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_TX.ECLK.Aligned^{9, 12}									
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only.	—	0.200	—	0.215	—	0.230	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.200	—	0.215	—	0.230	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	664	—	554	—	462	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK frequency		—	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	166	—	139	—	116	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	-3		-2		-1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{HPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200ZE	0.66	—	0.68	—	0.80	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	0.68	—	0.70	—	0.83	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	0.68	—	0.71	—	0.84	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	0.73	—	0.74	—	0.87	—	ns
t_{SU_DEPLL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200ZE	5.14	—	5.69	—	6.20	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	5.11	—	5.67	—	6.17	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	5.27	—	5.84	—	6.35	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	5.15	—	5.71	—	6.23	—	ns
t_{H_DEPLL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200ZE	-1.36	—	-1.36	—	-1.36	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	-1.35	—	-1.35	—	-1.35	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	-1.43	—	-1.43	—	-1.43	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	-1.41	—	-1.41	—	-1.41	—	ns
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Aligned^{9,12}									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.382	—	0.401	—	0.417	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.670	—	0.684	—	0.693	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX1_RX.SCLK.Centered^{9,12}									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	1.319	—	1.412	—	1.462	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.717	—	1.010	—	1.340	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX1 Input Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f_{DDRX1}	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Aligned^{9,12}									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	—	0.361	—	0.346	—	0.334	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.602	—	0.625	—	0.648	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_RX.ECLK.Centered^{9,12}									
t_{SU}	Input Data Setup Before CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	0.472	—	0.672	—	0.865	—	ns
t_{HO}	Input Data Hold After CLK		0.363	—	0.501	—	0.743	—	ns
f_{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f_{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input - GDDRX4_RX.ECLK.Aligned^{9,12}									
t_{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	—	0.307	—	0.316	—	0.326	UI
t_{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.662	—	0.650	—	0.649	—	UI
f_{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f_{DDRX4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f_{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz

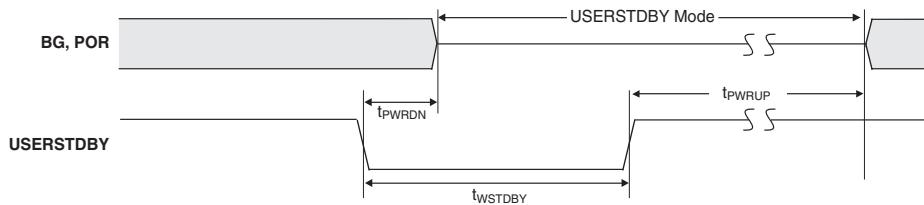
MachXO2 Oscillator Output Frequency

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
f_{MAX}	Oscillator Output Frequency (Commercial Grade Devices, 0 to 85°C)	125.685	133	140.315	MHz
	Oscillator Output Frequency (Industrial Grade Devices, -40 °C to 100 °C)	124.355	133	141.645	MHz
t_{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	43	50	57	%
t_{OPJIT}^1	Output Clock Period Jitter	0.01	0.012	0.02	UIPP
$t_{STABLEOSC}$	STDBY Low to Oscillator Stable	0.01	0.05	0.1	μs

1. Output Clock Period Jitter specified at 133 MHz. The values for lower frequencies will be smaller UIPP. The typical value for 133 MHz is 95 ps and for 2.08 MHz the typical value is 1.54 ns.

MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – HC/HE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
t_{PWRDN}	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	—	—	9	ns
t_{PWRUP}	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-256	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-640	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-640U	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	—	50	μs
		LCMXO2-1200U	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-2000	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-2000U	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-4000	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-7000	—	—	—	μs
t_{WSTDBY}	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	18	—	—	ns



MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – ZE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
t_{PWRDN}	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	—	—	13	ns
t_{PWRUP}	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-256	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-640	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	—	50	μs
		LCMXO2-2000	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-4000	—	—	—	μs
		LCMXO2-7000	—	—	—	μs
t_{WSTDBY}	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	19	—	—	ns
$t_{BNDGAPSTBL}$	USERSTDBY High to Bandgap Stable	All	—	—	15	ns

Flash Download Time^{1,2}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Units
$t_{REFRESH}$	POR to Device I/O Active	LCMXO2-256	0.6	ms
		LCMXO2-640	1.0	ms
		LCMXO2-640U	1.9	ms
		LCMXO2-1200	1.9	ms
		LCMXO2-1200U	1.4	ms
		LCMXO2-2000	1.4	ms
		LCMXO2-2000U	2.4	ms
		LCMXO2-4000	2.4	ms
		LCMXO2-7000	3.8	ms

1. Assumes sysMEM EBR initialized to an all zero pattern if they are used.

2. The Flash download time is measured starting from the maximum voltage of POR trip point.

JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f_{MAX}	TCK clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	10	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
$t_{BTCODIS}$	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTOEN}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCRH}	BSCAN test capture register hold time	20	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUODIS}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUOPEN}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	25	ns

sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	
All Configuration Modes					
t_{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low pulse accept	55	—	ns	
t_{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low pulse rejection	—	25	ns	
t_{INITL}	INITN low time	LCMxo2-256	—	30	μs
		LCMxo2-640	—	35	μs
		LCMxo2-640U/ LCMxo2-1200	—	55	μs
		LCMxo2-1200U/ LCMxo2-2000	—	70	μs
		LCMxo2-2000U/ LCMxo2-4000	—	105	μs
		LCMxo2-7000	—	130	μs
$t_{DPPINIT}$	PROGRAMN low to INITN low	—	150	ns	
$t_{DPPDONE}$	PROGRAMN low to DONE low	—	150	ns	
t_{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to I/O disable	—	120	ns	
Slave SPI					
f_{MAX}	CCLK clock frequency	—	66	MHz	
t_{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse width high	7.5	—	ns	
t_{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse width low	7.5	—	ns	
t_{STSU}	CCLK setup time	2	—	ns	
t_{STH}	CCLK hold time	0	—	ns	
t_{STCO}	CCLK falling edge to valid output	—	10	ns	
t_{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge to valid disable	—	10	ns	
t_{STOV}	CCLK falling edge to valid enable	—	10	ns	
t_{SCS}	Chip select high time	25	—	ns	
t_{SCSS}	Chip select setup time	3	—	ns	
t_{SCSH}	Chip select hold time	3	—	ns	
Master SPI					
f_{MAX}	MCLK clock frequency	—	133	MHz	
t_{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse width high	3.75	—	ns	
t_{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse width low	3.75	—	ns	
t_{STSU}	MCLK setup time	5	—	ns	
t_{STH}	MCLK hold time	1	—	ns	
t_{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip select low	100	200	ns	
t_{MCLK}	INITN high to first MCLK edge	0.75	1	μs	

Pinout Information Summary

	MachXO2-256					MachXO2-640			MachXO2-640U
	32 QFN ¹	48 QFN ³	64 ucBGA	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	48 QFN ³	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP
General Purpose I/O per Bank									
Bank 0	8	10	9	13	13	10	18	19	27
Bank 1	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 2	9	10	11	14	14	10	20	20	28
Bank 3	2	10	12	14	14	10	20	20	26
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	21	40	44	55	55	40	78	79	107
Differential I/O per Bank									
Bank 0	4	5	5	7	7	5	9	10	14
Bank 1	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 2	4	5	5	7	7	5	10	10	14
Bank 3	1	5	6	7	7	5	10	10	13
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	10	20	22	28	28	20	39	40	54
Dual Function I/O									
High-speed Differential I/O									
Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Gearboxes									
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
DQS Groups									
Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins									
Bank 0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Bank 3	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VCC									
GND ²	2	1	8	8	8	1	8	10	12
NC	0	0	1	26	58	0	3	32	8
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	32	49	64	100	132	49	100	132	144

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.

2. For 48 QFN package, exposed die pad is the device ground.

3. 48-pin QFN information is 'Advanced'.

	MachXO2-4000							
	84 QFN	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	184 csBGA	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	484 fpBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank								
Bank 0	27	25	27	37	50	50	68	70
Bank 1	10	26	29	37	52	52	68	68
Bank 2	22	28	29	39	52	52	70	72
Bank 3	0	7	9	10	16	16	24	24
Bank 4	9	8	10	12	16	16	16	16
Bank 5	0	10	10	15	20	20	28	28
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	68	104	114	150	206	206	274	278
Differential I/O per Bank								
Bank 0	13	13	14	18	25	25	34	35
Bank 1	4	13	14	18	26	26	34	34
Bank 2	11	14	14	19	26	26	35	36
Bank 3	0	3	4	4	8	8	12	12
Bank 4	4	4	5	6	8	8	8	8
Bank 5	0	5	5	7	10	10	14	14
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	32	52	56	72	103	103	137	139
Dual Function I/O	28	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O								
Bank 0	8	8	9	8	18	18	18	18
Gearboxes								
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	8	8	9	9	18	18	18	18
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	11	14	14	12	18	18	18	18
DQS Groups								
Bank 1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins								
Bank 0	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	10
Bank 1	1	3	3	3	4	4	4	10
Bank 2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Bank 4	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
VCC	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	12
GND	4	10	12	16	24	24	27	48
NC	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	105
Reserved for configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	84	132	144	184	256	256	332	484

	MachXO2-7000					
	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	400 caBGA	484 fpBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	27	50	50	68	83	82
Bank 1	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 2	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 3	9	16	16	24	28	28
Bank 4	10	16	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	10	20	20	30	32	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	114	206	206	278	335	334
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	14	25	25	34	42	41
Bank 1	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 2	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 3	4	8	8	12	14	14
Bank 4	5	8	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	5	10	10	15	16	16
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	56	103	103	139	168	167
Dual Function I/O	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	9	20	20	21	21	21
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	9	20	20	21	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	14	20	20	21	21	21
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 2	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	1	2	2	1	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	2	2	3
VCC	4	8	8	8	10	12
GND	12	24	24	27	33	48
NC	1	1	1	1	0	49
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	144	256	256	332	400	484

Ordering Information

MachXO2 devices have top-side markings, for commercial and industrial grades, as shown below:



Notes:

1. *Markings are abbreviated for small packages.*
2. See [PCN 05A-12](#) for information regarding a change to the top-side mark logo.

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144IR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. Specifications for the “LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package IR1” are the same as the “LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package I” devices respectively, except as specified in the [R1 Device Specifications](#) section of this data sheet.



MachXO2 Family Data Sheet

Revision History

March 2017

Data Sheet DS1035

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
March 2017	3.3	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings section. Added standards.
			Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Added standards.
			Updated the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Added standards.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices section. Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, the D _{V_B} and the D _{V_A} parameters were changed to D _{I_B} and D _{I_A} . The parameter descriptions were also modified.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices section. Under 7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1, the D _{V_B} and the D _{V_A} parameters were changed to D _{I_B} and D _{I_A} . The parameter descriptions were also modified.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Signal Descriptions section. Revised the descriptions of the PROGRAMN, INITN, and DONE signals.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added footnote to MachXO2-1200 32 QFN.
	3.3	Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Corrected the MG184, BG256, FTG256 package information. Added "(0.8 mm Pitch)" to BG332.
			Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. — Updated LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR50 footnote. — Corrected footnote numbering typo. — Added the LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K part numbers. Updated/added footnote/s.