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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

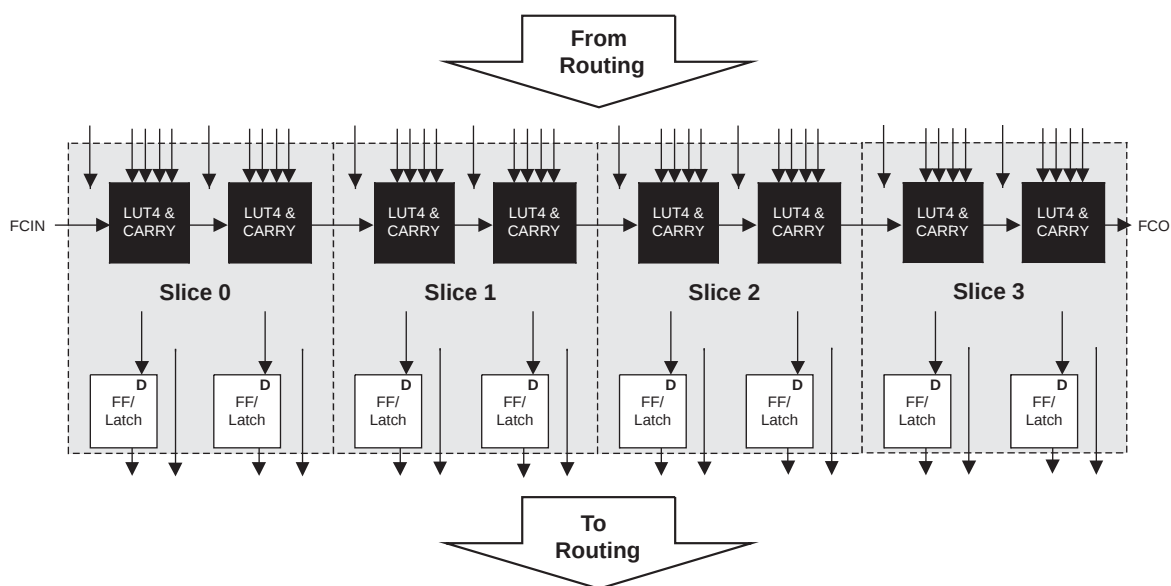
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	540
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4320
Total RAM Bits	94208
Number of I/O	114
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmx02-4000ze-3tg144i

Table 1-1. MachXO2™ Family Selection Guide

		XO2-256	XO2-640	XO2-640U ¹	XO2-1200	XO2-1200U ¹	XO2-2000	XO2-2000U ¹	XO2-4000	XO2-7000
LUTs		256	640	640	1280	1280	2112	2112	4320	6864
Distributed RAM (kbits)		2	5	5	10	10	16	16	34	54
EBR SRAM (kbits)		0	18	64	64	74	74	92	92	240
Number of EBR SRAM Blocks (9 kbits/block)		0	2	7	7	8	8	10	10	26
UFM (kbits)		0	24	64	64	80	80	96	96	256
Device Options:	HC ²	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	HE ³						Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	ZE ⁴	Yes	Yes		Yes		Yes		Yes	Yes
Number of PLLs		0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Hardened Functions:	I2C	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	SPI	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Timer/Counter	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Packages		IO								
25-ball WLCSP ⁵ (2.5 mm x 2.5 mm, 0.4 mm)					18					
32 QFN ⁶ (5 mm x 5 mm, 0.5 mm)		21			21					
48 QFN ^{8,9} (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm)		40	40							
49-ball WLCSP ⁵ (3.2 mm x 3.2 mm, 0.4 mm)							38			
64-ball ucBGA (4 mm x 4 mm, 0.4 mm)		44								
84 QFN ⁷ (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm)									68	
100-pin TQFP (14 mm x 14 mm)		55	78		79		79			
132-ball csBGA (8 mm x 8 mm, 0.5 mm)		55	79		104		104		104	
144-pin TQFP (20 mm x 20 mm)				107	107		111		114	114
184-ball csBGA ⁷ (8 mm x 8 mm, 0.5 mm)									150	
256-ball caBGA (14 mm x 14 mm, 0.8 mm)							206		206	206
256-ball ftBGA (17 mm x 17 mm, 1.0 mm)						206	206		206	206
332-ball caBGA (17 mm x 17 mm, 0.8 mm)									274	278
484-ball ftBGA (23 mm x 23 mm, 1.0 mm)							278		278	334

1. Ultra high I/O device.
2. High performance with regulator – VCC = 2.5 V, 3.3 V
3. High performance without regulator – V_{CC} = 1.2 V
4. Low power without regulator – V_{CC} = 1.2 V
5. WLCSP package only available for ZE devices.
6. 32 QFN package only available for HC and ZE devices.
7. 184 csBGA package only available for HE devices.
8. 48-pin QFN information is 'Advanced'.
9. 48 QFN package only available for HC devices.

Figure 2-3. PFU Block Diagram



Slices

Slices 0-3 contain two LUT4s feeding two registers. Slices 0-2 can be configured as distributed memory. Table 2-1 shows the capability of the slices in PFU blocks along with the operation modes they enable. In addition, each PFU contains logic that allows the LUTs to be combined to perform functions such as LUT5, LUT6, LUT7 and LUT8. The control logic performs set/reset functions (programmable as synchronous/ asynchronous), clock select, chip-select and wider RAM/ROM functions.

Table 2-1. Resources and Modes Available per Slice

Slice	PFU Block	
	Resources	Modes
Slice 0	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 1	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 2	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, RAM, ROM
Slice 3	2 LUT4s and 2 Registers	Logic, Ripple, ROM

Figure 2-4 shows an overview of the internal logic of the slice. The registers in the slice can be configured for positive/negative and edge triggered or level sensitive clocks. All slices have 15 inputs from routing and one from the carry-chain (from the adjacent slice or PFU). There are seven outputs: six for routing and one to carry-chain (to the adjacent PFU). Table 2-2 lists the signals associated with Slices 0-3.

Table 2-5. sysMEM Block Configurations

Memory Mode	Configurations
Single Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9
True Dual Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9
Pseudo Dual Port	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9 512 x 18
FIFO	8,192 x 1 4,096 x 2 2,048 x 4 1,024 x 9 512 x 18

Bus Size Matching

All of the multi-port memory modes support different widths on each of the ports. The RAM bits are mapped LSB word 0 to MSB word 0, LSB word 1 to MSB word 1, and so on. Although the word size and number of words for each port varies, this mapping scheme applies to each port.

RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration. EBR initialization data can be loaded from the UFM. To maximize the number of UFM bits, initialize the EBRs used in your design to an all-zero pattern. Initializing to an all-zero pattern does not use up UFM bits. MachXO2 devices have been designed such that multiple EBRs share the same initialization memory space if they are initialized to the same pattern.

By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAM can be created using EBR sysMEM Blocks. Typically, the Lattice design tools cascade memory transparently, based on specific design inputs.

Single, Dual, Pseudo-Dual Port and FIFO Modes

Figure 2-8 shows the five basic memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and addresses for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array. The output data of the memory is optionally registered at the memory array output.

Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	V _{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-Ended Interfaces	
LVTTL	3.3
LVC MOS33	3.3
LVC MOS25	2.5
LVC MOS18	1.8
LVC MOS15	1.5
LVC MOS12	1.2
LVC MOS33, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS25, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS18, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS15, Open Drain	—
LVC MOS12, Open Drain	—
PCI33	3.3
SSTL25 (Class I)	2.5
SSTL18 (Class I)	1.8
HSTL18(Class I)	1.8
Differential Interfaces	
LVDS ^{1,2}	2.5, 3.3
BLVDS, MLVDS, RSDS ²	2.5
LVPECL ²	3.3
MIPI ²	2.5
Differential SSTL18	1.8
Differential SSTL25	2.5
Differential HSTL18	1.8

1. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The numbers of banks vary between the devices of this family. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and higher density devices have six I/O banks (one bank on the top, right and bottom side and three banks on the left side). The MachXO2-1200 and lower density devices have four banks (one bank per side). Figures 2-18 and 2-19 show the sysIO banks and their associated supplies for all devices.

For more details on these embedded functions, please refer to TN1205, [Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices](#).

User Flash Memory (UFM)

MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices provide a User Flash Memory block, which can be used for a variety of applications including storing a portion of the configuration image, initializing EBRs, to store PROM data or, as a general purpose user Flash memory. The UFM block connects to the device core through the embedded function block WISHBONE interface. Users can also access the UFM block through the JTAG, I²C and SPI interfaces of the device. The UFM block offers the following features:

- Non-volatile storage up to 256 kbits
- 100K write cycles
- Write access is performed page-wise; each page has 128 bits (16 bytes)
- Auto-increment addressing
- WISHBONE interface

For more information on the UFM, please refer to TN1205, [Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices](#).

Standby Mode and Power Saving Options

MachXO2 devices are available in three options for maximum flexibility: ZE, HC and HE devices. The ZE devices have ultra low static and dynamic power consumption. These devices use a 1.2 V core voltage that further reduces power consumption. The HC and HE devices are designed to provide high performance. The HC devices have a built-in voltage regulator to allow for 2.5 V V_{CC} and 3.3 V V_{CC} while the HE devices operate at 1.2 V V_{CC} .

MachXO2 devices have been designed with features that allow users to meet the static and dynamic power requirements of their applications by controlling various device subsystems such as the bandgap, power-on-reset circuitry, I/O bank controllers, power guard, on-chip oscillator, PLLs, etc. In order to maximize power savings, MachXO2 devices support an ultra low power Stand-by mode. While most of these features are available in all three device types, these features are mainly intended for use with MachXO2 ZE devices to manage power consumption.

In the stand-by mode the MachXO2 devices are powered on and configured. Internal logic, I/Os and memories are switched on and remain operational, as the user logic waits for an external input. The device enters this mode when the standby input of the standby controller is toggled or when an appropriate I²C or JTAG instruction is issued by an external master. Various subsystems in the device such as the band gap, power-on-reset circuitry etc can be configured such that they are automatically turned “off” or go into a low power consumption state to save power when the device enters this state. Note that the MachXO2 devices are powered on when in standby mode and all power supplies should remain in the Recommended Operating Conditions.

Input/Output Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		V_{OL} Max. (V)	V_{OH} Min. (V)	I_{OL} Max. ⁴ (mA)	I_{OH} Max. ⁴ (mA)
	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVC MOS10R25	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

1. MachXO2 devices allow LVC MOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V_{CCIO} is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO2 devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.
2. MachXO2 devices allow for LVC MOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to please refer to TN1202, [MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide](#).
3. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a V_{IL} min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.
4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive V_{CCIO} or GND pad connections, or between the last V_{CCIO} or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of $n * 8$ mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank V_{CCIO} or GND connections or between the last V_{CCIO} and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.

Input Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)	V_{IL} Max. (V)
LVC MOS 33	1.5	0.685
LVC MOS 25	1.5	0.687
LVC MOS 18	1.5	0.655

sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

The LVDS differential output buffers are available on the top side of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices in the MachXO2 PLD family.

LVDS

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{INP} V_{INM}	Input Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	0	—	2.605	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V	0	—	2.05	V
V_{THD}	Differential Input Threshold		±100	—		mV
V_{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	0.05	—	2.6	V
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V	0.05	—	2.0	V
I_{IN}	Input current	Power on	—	—	±10	μA
V_{OH}	Output high voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100$ Ohm	—	1.375	—	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage for V_{OP} or V_{OM}	$R_T = 100$ Ohm	0.90	1.025	—	V
V_{OD}	Output voltage differential	$(V_{OP} - V_{OM})$, $R_T = 100$ Ohm	250	350	450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in V_{OD} between high and low		—	—	50	mV
V_{OS}	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} + V_{OM})/2$, $R_T = 100$ Ohm	1.125	1.20	1.395	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in V_{OS} between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I_{OSD}	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0$ V driver outputs shorted	—	—	24	mA

BLVDS

The MachXO2 family supports the BLVDS standard through emulation. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs. The input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. BLVDS is intended for use when multi-drop and bi-directional multi-point differential signaling is required. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for bi-directional multi-point differential signals.

Figure 3-2. BLVDS Multi-point Output Example

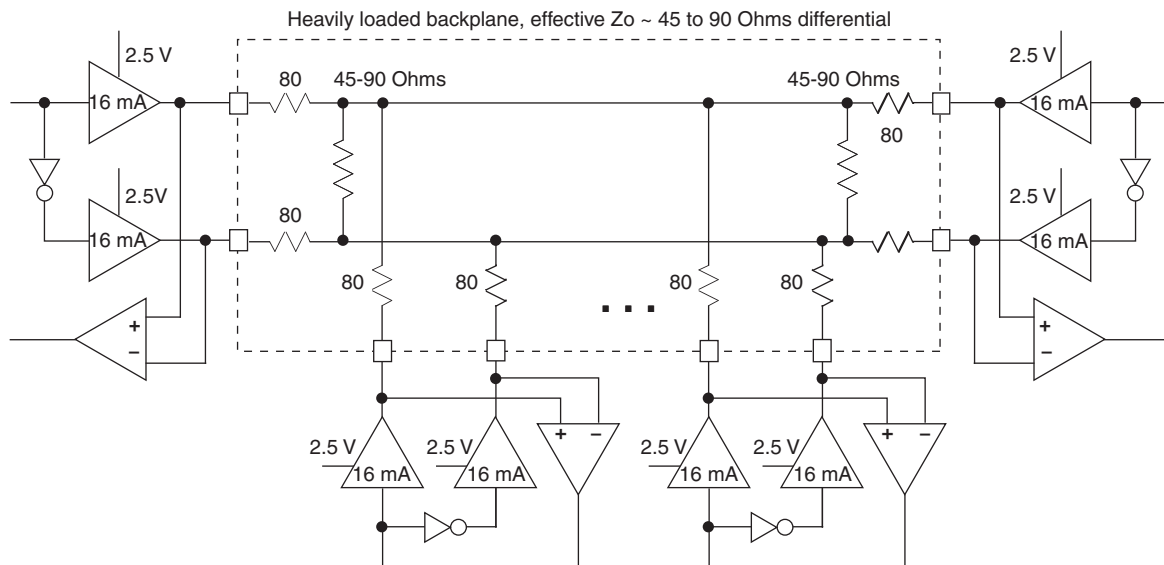


Table 3-2. BLVDS DC Conditions¹

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Nominal		Units
		Zo = 45	Zo = 90	
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistance	80	80	Ohms
R _{TLEFT}	Left end termination	45	90	Ohms
R _{TRIGHT}	Right end termination	45	90	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	1.376	1.480	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.124	1.020	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.253	0.459	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.250	1.250	V
I _{DC}	DC output current	11.236	10.204	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.

MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Device	–3		–2		–1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Clocks									
Primary Clocks									
f _{MAX_PRI} ⁸	Frequency for Primary Clock Tree	All MachXO2 devices	—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
t _{W_PRI}	Clock Pulse Width for Primary Clock	All MachXO2 devices	1.00	—	1.20	—	1.40	—	ns
t _{SKEW_PRI}	Primary Clock Skew Within a Device	MachXO2-256ZE	—	1250	—	1272	—	1296	ps
		MachXO2-640ZE	—	1161	—	1183	—	1206	ps
		MachXO2-1200ZE	—	1213	—	1267	—	1322	ps
		MachXO2-2000ZE	—	1204	—	1250	—	1296	ps
		MachXO2-4000ZE	—	1195	—	1233	—	1269	ps
		MachXO2-7000ZE	—	1243	—	1268	—	1296	ps
Edge Clock									
f _{MAX_EDGE} ⁸	Frequency for Edge Clock	MachXO2-1200 and larger devices	—	210	—	175	—	146	MHz
Pin-LUT-Pin Propagation Delay									
t _{PD}	Best case propagation delay through one LUT-4	All MachXO2 devices	—	9.35	—	9.78	—	10.21	ns
General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock without PLL)									
t _{CO}	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-256ZE	—	10.46	—	10.86	—	11.25	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	—	10.52	—	10.92	—	11.32	ns
		MachXO2-1200ZE	—	11.24	—	11.68	—	12.12	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	—	11.27	—	11.71	—	12.16	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	—	11.28	—	11.78	—	12.28	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	—	11.22	—	11.76	—	12.30	ns
t _{SU}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-256ZE	–0.21	—	–0.21	—	–0.21	—	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	–0.22	—	–0.22	—	–0.22	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200ZE	–0.25	—	–0.25	—	–0.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	–0.27	—	–0.27	—	–0.27	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	–0.31	—	–0.31	—	–0.31	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	–0.33	—	–0.33	—	–0.33	—	ns
t _H	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-256ZE	3.96	—	4.25	—	4.65	—	ns
		MachXO2-640ZE	4.01	—	4.31	—	4.71	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200ZE	3.95	—	4.29	—	4.73	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000ZE	3.94	—	4.29	—	4.74	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000ZE	3.96	—	4.36	—	4.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000ZE	3.93	—	4.37	—	4.91	—	ns

Parameter	Description	Device	-3		-2		-1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX2_TX.ECLK.Centered ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only	1.445	—	1.760	—	2.140	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		1.445	—	1.760	—	2.140	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f _{DDRX2}	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Aligned ^{9, 12}									
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only	—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz
Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDRX4_TX.ECLK.Centered ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only	0.873	—	1.067	—	1.319	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		0.873	—	1.067	—	1.319	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDRX4 Serial Output Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f _{DDRX4}	DDRX4 ECLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz
7:1 LVDS Outputs – GDDR71_TX.ECLK.7:1 ^{9, 12}									
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only.	—	0.240	—	0.270	—	0.300	ns
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output		—	0.240	—	0.270	—	0.300	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Output Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f _{CLKOUT}	7:1 Output Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	60	—	50	—	42	MHz

Parameter	Description	Device	-3		-2		-1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
LPDDR ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only. ¹³	—	0.349	—	0.381	—	0.396	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.665	—	0.630	—	0.613	—	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM LPDDR Serial Data Speed		—	120	—	110	—	96	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	60	—	55	—	48	MHz
f _{LPDDR}	LPDDR Data Transfer Rate		0	120	0	110	0	96	Mbps
DDR ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only. ¹³	—	0.347	—	0.374	—	0.393	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.665	—	0.637	—	0.616	—	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
f _{MEM_DDR}	MEM DDR Data Transfer Rate		N/A	140	N/A	116	N/A	98	Mbps
DDR2 ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right side only. ¹³	—	0.372	—	0.394	—	0.410	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.690	—	0.658	—	0.618	—	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output		0.25	—	0.25	—	0.25	—	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
f _{MEM_DDR2}	MEM DDR2 Data Transfer Rate		N/A	140	N/A	116	N/A	98	Mbps

- Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.
- General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0 pF load, fast slew rate.
- Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).
- DDR timing numbers based on SSTL25. DDR2 timing numbers based on SSTL18. LPDDR timing numbers based in LVCMOS18.
- 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).
- For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 \text{ ns})/2$.
- The t_{SU_DEL} and t_{H_DEL} values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 167 ps (–3), 182 ps (–2), 195 ps (–1).
- This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/-10%.
- Duty cycle is +/- 5% for system usage.
- The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.
- High-speed DDR and LVDS not supported in SG32 (32-Pin QFN) packages.
- Advance information for MachXO2 devices in 48 QFN packages.
- DDR memory interface not supported in QN84 (84 QFN) and SG32 (32 QFN) packages.

The diagram illustrates the timing relationships for the JTAG TAP controller signals. The signals shown are TMS, TDI, TCK, TDO, and Data to be captured from I/O / Data to be driven out to I/O. The timing parameters are defined as follows:

- t_{BTS} : Time from the start of TDI to the start of TDO.
- t_{BTH} : Time from the start of TDI to the start of TDO.
- t_{BTCPL} : Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- t_{BTCRH} : Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- t_{BTCOEN} : Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- $t_{BTCODIS}$: Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- t_{BTCO} : Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- $t_{BTCODIS}$: Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- $t_{BTUPOEN}$: Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- t_{BUTCO} : Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.
- $t_{BTUODIS}$: Time from the start of TCK to the start of TDO.

	MachXO2-2000						MachXO2-2000U
	49 WLCSP	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	484 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank							
Bank 0	19	18	25	27	50	50	70
Bank 1	0	21	26	28	52	52	68
Bank 2	13	20	28	28	52	52	72
Bank 3	0	6	7	8	16	16	24
Bank 4	0	6	8	10	16	16	16
Bank 5	6	8	10	10	20	20	28
Total General Purpose Single-Ended I/O	38	79	104	111	206	206	278
Differential I/O per Bank							
Bank 0	7	9	13	14	25	25	35
Bank 1	0	10	13	14	26	26	34
Bank 2	6	10	14	14	26	26	36
Bank 3	0	3	3	4	8	8	12
Bank 4	0	3	4	5	8	8	8
Bank 5	3	4	5	5	10	10	14
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	16	39	52	56	103	103	139
Dual Function I/O							
	24	31	33	33	33	33	37
High-speed Differential I/O							
Bank 0	5	4	8	9	14	14	18
Gearboxes							
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	5	4	8	9	14	14	18
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	6	10	14	14	14	14	18
DQS Groups							
Bank 1	0	1	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins							
Bank 0	2	2	3	3	4	4	10
Bank 1	0	2	3	3	4	4	10
Bank 2	1	2	3	3	4	4	10
Bank 3	0	1	1	1	1	1	3
Bank 4	0	1	1	1	2	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
VCC	2	2	4	4	8	8	12
GND	4	8	10	12	24	24	48
NC	0	1	1	4	1	1	105
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	v	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	39	100	132	144	256	256	484

For Further Information

For further information regarding logic signal connections for various packages please refer to the MachXO2 Device Pinout Files.

Thermal Management

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Users must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- [Thermal Management](#) document
- TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#)
- The Power Calculator tool is included with the Lattice design tools, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1TG144C	6864	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2TG144C	6864	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3TG144C	6864	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG256C	6864	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG256C	6864	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG256C	6864	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG332C	6864	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG332C	6864	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG332C	6864	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FG484C	6864	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FG484C	6864	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FG484C	6864	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144CR1 ¹	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

1. Specifications for the “LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package CR1” are the same as the “LCMXO2-1200ZE-speed package C” devices respectively, except as specified in the [R1 Device Specifications](#) section of this data sheet.

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HC-4TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6TG144C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FTG256C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG332C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG400C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG484C	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144CR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

1. Specifications for the “LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package CR1” are the same as the “LCMXO2-1200HC-speed package C” devices respectively, except as specified in the [R1 Device Specifications](#) section of this data sheet.

Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256ZE-1SG32I	256	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2SG32I	256	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3SG32I	256	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1UMG64I	256	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2UMG64I	256	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3UMG64I	256	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ucBGA	64	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1TG100I	256	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2TG100I	256	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3TG100I	256	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-1MG132I	256	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-2MG132I	256	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-256ZE-3MG132I	256	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640ZE-1TG100I	640	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-2TG100I	640	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-3TG100I	640	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-1MG132I	640	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-2MG132I	640	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-640ZE-3MG132I	640	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR ¹	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR50 ³	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1UWG25ITR1K ²	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	25	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1SG32I	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2SG32I	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3SG32I	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG100I	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG100I	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG100I	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1MG132I	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2MG132I	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3MG132I	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-1TG144I	1280	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-2TG144I	1280	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200ZE-3TG144I	1280	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.
2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.
3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HC-4TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

R1 Device Specifications

The LCMXO2-1200ZE/HC “R1” devices have the same specifications as their Standard (non-R1) counterparts except as listed below. For more details on the R1 to Standard migration refer to AN8086, [Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard Non-R1\) Devices](#).

- The User Flash Memory (UFM) cannot be programmed through the internal WISHBONE interface. It can still be programmed through the JTAG/SPI/I²C ports.
- The on-chip differential input termination resistor value is higher than intended. It is approximately 200Ω as opposed to the intended 100Ω. It is recommended to use external termination resistors for differential inputs. The on-chip termination resistors can be disabled through Lattice design software.
- Soft Error Detection logic may not produce the correct result when it is run for the first time after configuration. To use this feature, discard the result from the first operation. Subsequent operations will produce the correct result.
- Under certain conditions, I_{IH} exceeds data sheet specifications. The following table provides more details:

Condition	Clamp	Pad Rising I _{IH} Max.	Pad Falling I _{IH} Min.	Steady State Pad High I _{IH}	Steady State Pad Low I _{IL}
VPAD > VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 μA
VPAD = VCCIO	ON	10 μA	–10 μA	10 μA	10 μA
VPAD = VCCIO	OFF	1 mA	–1 mA	1 mA	10 μA
VPAD < VCCIO	OFF	10 μA	–10 μA	10 μA	10 μA

- The user SPI interface does not operate correctly in some situations. During master read access and slave write access, the last byte received does not generate the RRDY interrupt.
- In GDDR2, GDDR4 and GDDR71 modes, ECLKSYNC may have a glitch in the output under certain conditions, leading to possible loss of synchronization.
- When using the hard I²C IP core, the I²C status registers I2C_1_SR and I2C_2_SR may not update correctly.
- PLL Lock signal will glitch high when coming out of standby. This glitch lasts for about 10 μsec before returning low.
- Dual boot only available on HC devices, requires tying VCC and VCCIO2 to the same 3.3 V or 2.5 V supply.

For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the MachXO2 family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#)
- TN1199, [MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide](#)
- TN1201, [Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices](#)
- TN1202, [MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide](#)
- TN1203, [Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices](#)
- TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#)
- TN1205, [Using User Flash Memory and Hardened Control Functions in MachXO2 Devices](#)
- TN1206, [MachXO2 SRAM CRC Error Detection Usage Guide](#)
- TN1207, [Using TraceID in MachXO2 Devices](#)
- TN1074, [PCB Layout Recommendations for BGA Packages](#)
- TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#)
- AN8086, [Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard \(non-R1\) Devices](#)
- AN8066, [Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability](#)
- [MachXO2 Device Pinout Files](#)
- [Thermal Management](#) document
- [Lattice design tools](#)

For further information on interface standards, refer to the following web sites:

- JEDEC Standards (LVTTTL, LVCMOS, LVDS, DDR, DDR2, LPDDR): www.jedec.org
- PCI: www.pcisig.com

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2011	01.3	Multiple	Replaced “SED” with “SRAM CRC Error Detection” throughout the document.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added footnote 1 to Program Erase Specifications table.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary tables.
			Signal name SO/SISPISO changed to SO/SPISO in the Signal Descriptions table.
April 2011	01.2	—	Data sheet status changed from Advance to Preliminary.
		Introduction	Updated MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Updated Supported Input Standards table.
			Updated sysMEM Memory Primitives diagram.
			Added differential SSTL and HSTL IO standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updates following parameters: POR voltage levels, DC electrical characteristics, static supply current for ZE/HE/HC devices, static power consumption contribution of different components – ZE devices, programming and erase Flash supply current.
			Added VREF specifications to sysIO recommended operating conditions.
			Updating timing information based on characterization.
			Added differential SSTL and HSTL IO standards.
		Ordering Information	Added Ordering Part Numbers for R1 devices, and devices in WLCSP packages.
			Added R1 device specifications.
January 2011	01.1	All	Included ultra-high I/O devices.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Recommended Operating Conditions table – Added footnote 3.
			DC Electrical Characteristics table – Updated data for I_{IL} , I_{IH} , V_{HYST} typical values updated.
			Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDR2_TX.ECLK.Aligned) Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input tables – Updated data for T_{DIA} and T_{DIB} .
			Generic DDRX4 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin (GDDR4_TX.ECLK.Aligned) Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input tables – Updated data for T_{DIA} and T_{DIB} .
			Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table - clarified note 3.
			Clarified VCCIO related recommended operating conditions specifications.
			Added power supply ramp rate requirements.
			Added Power Supply Ramp Rates table.
			Updated Programming/Erase Specifications table.
			Removed references to V_{CCP} .
		Pinout Information	Included number of 7:1 and 8:1 gearboxes (input and output) in the pin information summary tables.
			Removed references to V_{CCP} .
November 2010	01.0	—	Initial release.