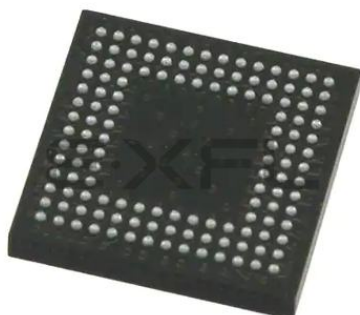




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	80
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	640
Total RAM Bits	18432
Number of I/O	79
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	132-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	132-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-640hc-5mg132i

Features

■ Flexible Logic Architecture

- Six devices with 256 to 6864 LUT4s and 18 to 334 I/Os

■ Ultra Low Power Devices

- Advanced 65 nm low power process
- As low as 22 μ W standby power
- Programmable low swing differential I/Os
- Stand-by mode and other power saving options

■ Embedded and Distributed Memory

- Up to 240 kbits sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM
- Up to 54 kbits Distributed RAM
- Dedicated FIFO control logic

■ On-Chip User Flash Memory

- Up to 256 kbits of User Flash Memory
- 100,000 write cycles
- Accessible through WISHBONE, SPI, I²C and JTAG interfaces
- Can be used as soft processor PROM or as Flash memory

■ Pre-Engineered Source Synchronous I/O

- DDR registers in I/O cells
- Dedicated gearing logic
- 7:1 Gearing for Display I/Os
- Generic DDR, DDRX2, DDRX4
- Dedicated DDR/DDR2/LPDDR memory with DQS support

■ High Performance, Flexible I/O Buffer

- Programmable sysIO™ buffer supports wide range of interfaces:
 - LVCMOS 3.3/2.5/1.8/1.5/1.2
 - LVTTTL
 - PCI
 - LVDS, Bus-LVDS, MLVDS, RSDS, LVPECL
 - SSTL 25/18
 - HSTL 18
 - Schmitt trigger inputs, up to 0.5 V hysteresis
- I/Os support hot socketing
- On-chip differential termination
- Programmable pull-up or pull-down mode

■ Flexible On-Chip Clocking

- Eight primary clocks
- Up to two edge clocks for high-speed I/O interfaces (top and bottom sides only)
- Up to two analog PLLs per device with fractional-n frequency synthesis
 - Wide input frequency range (7 MHz to 400 MHz)

■ Non-volatile, Infinitely Reconfigurable

- Instant-on – powers up in microseconds
- Single-chip, secure solution
- Programmable through JTAG, SPI or I²C
- Supports background programming of non-volatile memory
- Optional dual boot with external SPI memory

■ TransFR™ Reconfiguration

- In-field logic update while system operates

■ Enhanced System Level Support

- On-chip hardened functions: SPI, I²C, timer/counter
- On-chip oscillator with 5.5% accuracy
- Unique TraceID for system tracking
- One Time Programmable (OTP) mode
- Single power supply with extended operating range
- IEEE Standard 1149.1 boundary scan
- IEEE 1532 compliant in-system programming

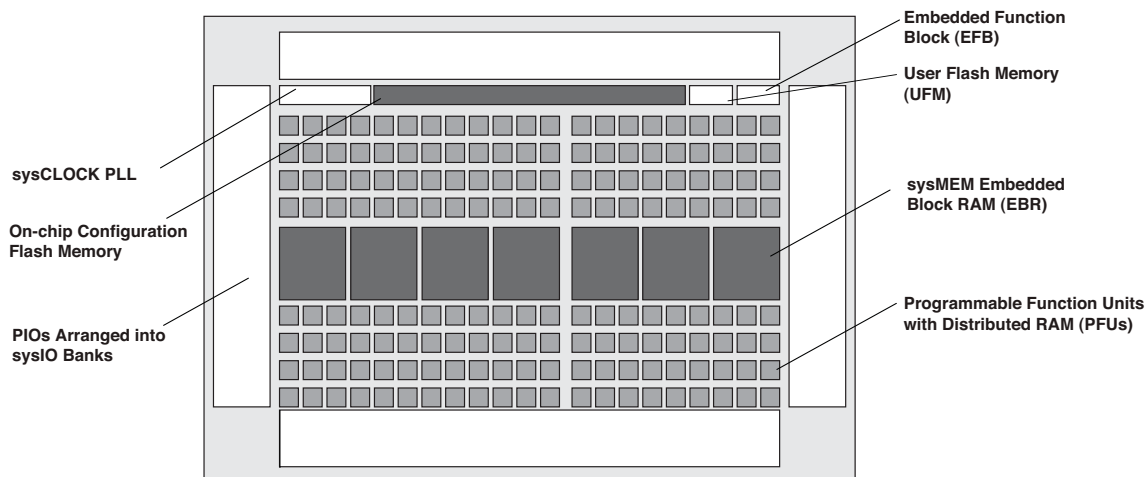
■ Broad Range of Package Options

- TQFP, WLCSP, ucBGA, csBGA, caBGA, ftBGA, fpBGA, QFN package options
- Small footprint package options
 - As small as 2.5 mm x 2.5 mm
- Density migration supported
- Advanced halogen-free packaging

Architecture Overview

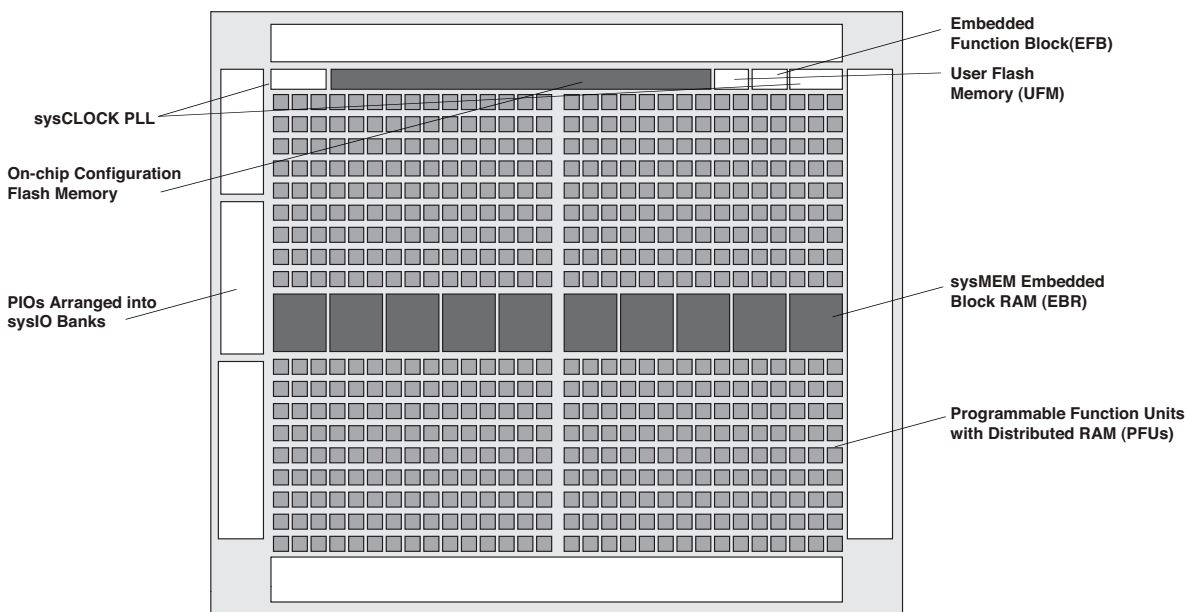
The MachXO2 family architecture contains an array of logic blocks surrounded by Programmable I/O (PIO). The larger logic density devices in this family have sysCLOCK™ PLLs and blocks of sysMEM Embedded Block RAM (EBRs). Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 show the block diagrams of the various family members.

Figure 2-1. Top View of the MachXO2-1200 Device



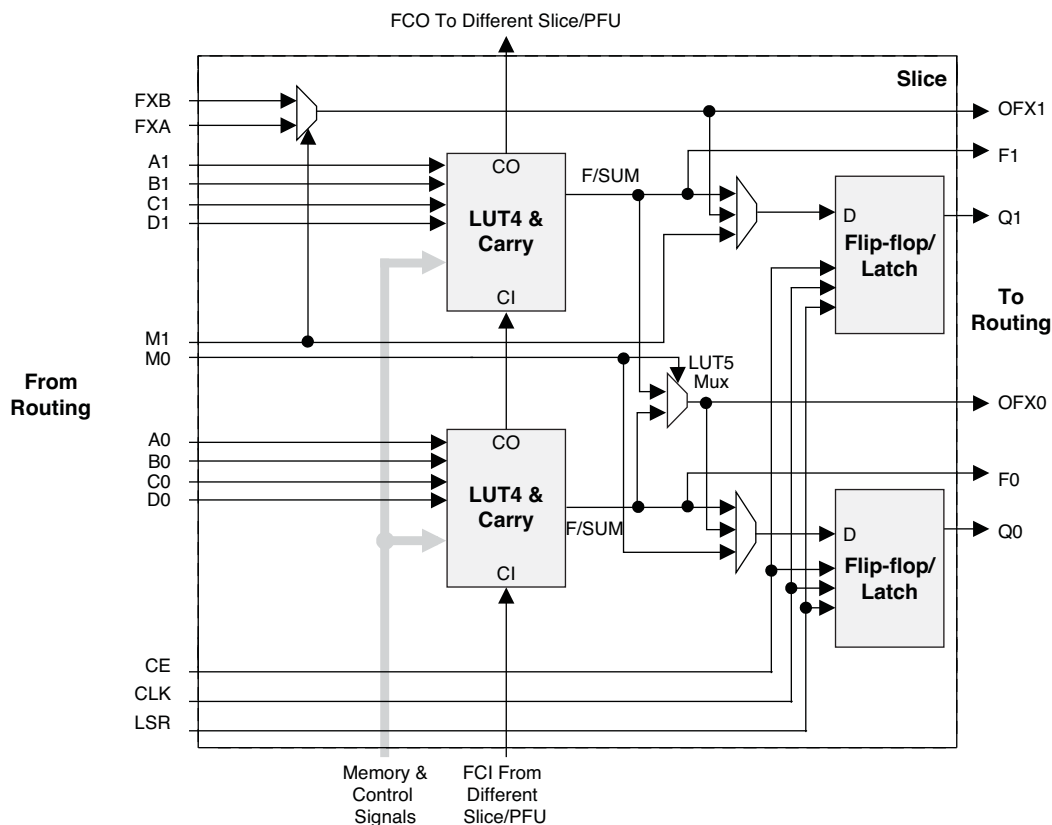
Note: MachXO2-256, and MachXO2-640/U are similar to MachXO2-1200. MachXO2-256 has a lower LUT count and no PLL or EBR blocks. MachXO2-640 has no PLL, a lower LUT count and two EBR blocks. MachXO2-640U has a lower LUT count, one PLL and seven EBR blocks.

Figure 2-2. Top View of the MachXO2-4000 Device



Note: MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and MachXO2-7000 are similar to MachXO2-4000. MachXO2-1200U and MachXO2-2000 have a lower LUT count, one PLL, and eight EBR blocks. MachXO2-2000U has a lower LUT count, two PLLs, and 10 EBR blocks. MachXO2-7000 has a higher LUT count, two PLLs, and 26 EBR blocks.

Figure 2-4. Slice Diagram



For Slices 0 and 1, memory control signals are generated from Slice 2 as follows:

- WCK is CLK
- WRE is from LSR
- DI[3:2] for Slice 1 and DI[1:0] for Slice 0 data from Slice 2
- WAD [A:D] is a 4-bit address from slice 2 LUT input

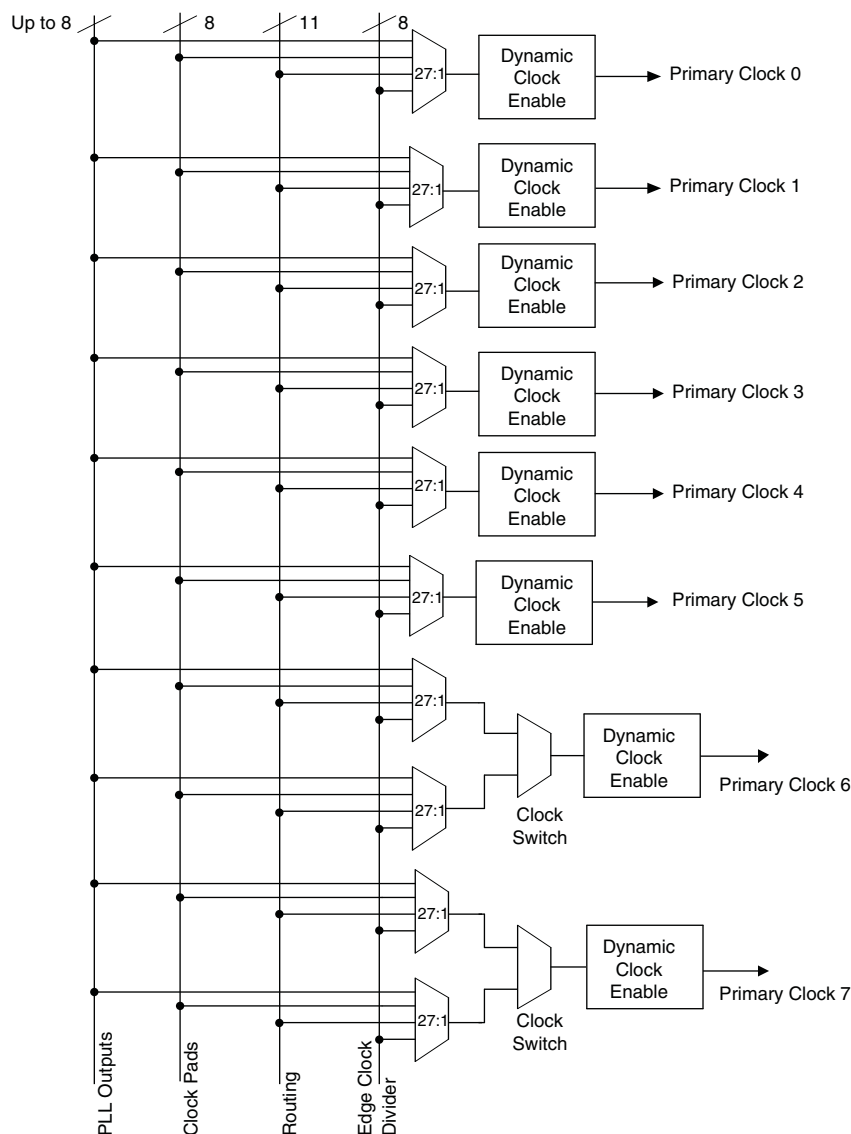
Table 2-2. Slice Signal Descriptions

Function	Type	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	A0, B0, C0, D0	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Data signal	A1, B1, C1, D1	Inputs to LUT4
Input	Multi-purpose	M0/M1	Multi-purpose input
Input	Control signal	CE	Clock enable
Input	Control signal	LSR	Local set/reset
Input	Control signal	CLK	System clock
Input	Inter-PFU signal	FCIN	Fast carry in ¹
Output	Data signals	F0, F1	LUT4 output register bypass signals
Output	Data signals	Q0, Q1	Register outputs
Output	Data signals	OFX0	Output of a LUT5 MUX
Output	Data signals	OFX1	Output of a LUT6, LUT7, LUT8 ² MUX depending on the slice
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCO	Fast carry out ¹

1. See Figure 2-3 for connection details.

2. Requires two PFUs.

Figure 2-5. Primary Clocks for MachXO2 Devices

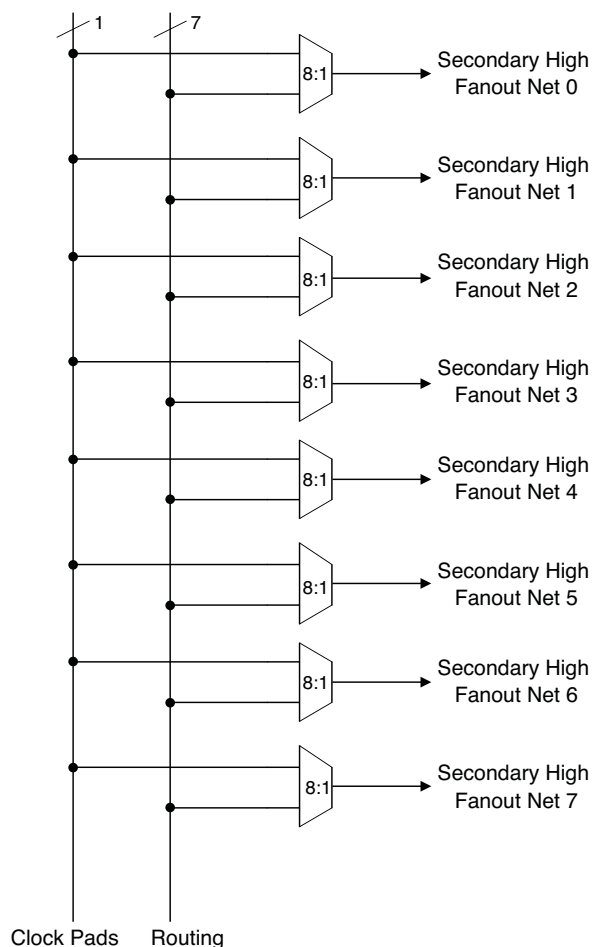


Primary clocks for MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.

Note: MachXO2-640 and smaller devices do not have inputs from the Edge Clock Divider or PLL and fewer routing inputs. These devices have 17:1 muxes instead of 27:1 muxes.

Eight secondary high fanout nets are generated from eight 8:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-6. One of the eight inputs to the secondary high fanout net input mux comes from dual function clock pins and the remaining seven come from internal routing. The maximum frequency for the secondary clock network is shown in MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.

Figure 2-6. Secondary High Fanout Nets for MachXO2 Devices



sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. The MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have one or more sysCLOCK PLL. CLKI is the reference frequency input to the PLL and its source can come from an external I/O pin or from internal routing. CLKFB is the feedback signal to the PLL which can come from internal routing or an external I/O pin. The feedback divider is used to multiply the reference frequency and thus synthesize a higher frequency clock output.

The MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLLs support high resolution (16-bit) fractional-N synthesis. Fractional-N frequency synthesis allows the user to generate an output clock which is a non-integer multiple of the input frequency. For more information about using the PLL with Fractional-N synthesis, please see TN1199, [MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide](#).

Each output has its own output divider, thus allowing the PLL to generate different frequencies for each output. The output dividers can have a value from 1 to 128. The output dividers may also be cascaded together to generate low frequency clocks. The CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 outputs can all be used to drive the MachXO2 clock distribution network directly or general purpose routing resources can be used.

The LOCK signal is asserted when the PLL determines it has achieved lock and de-asserted if a loss of lock is detected. A block diagram of the PLL is shown in Figure 2-7.

The setup and hold times of the device can be improved by programming a phase shift into the CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 output clocks which will advance or delay the output clock with reference to the CLKOP output clock.

Figure 2-8. sysMEM Memory Primitives

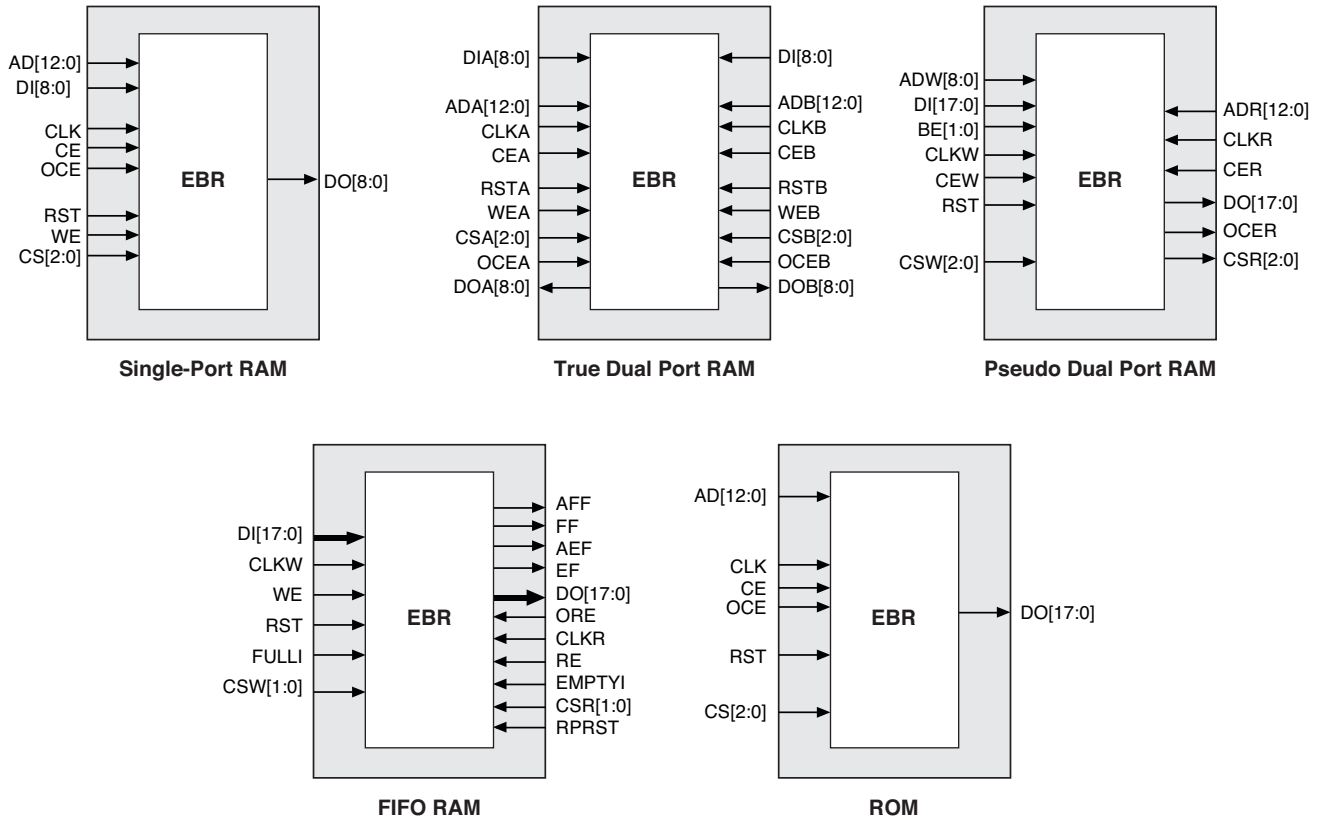


Table 2-6. EBR Signal Descriptions

Port Name	Description	Active State
CLK	Clock	Rising Clock Edge
CE	Clock Enable	Active High
OCE ¹	Output Clock Enable	Active High
RST	Reset	Active High
BE ¹	Byte Enable	Active High
WE	Write Enable	Active High
AD	Address Bus	—
DI	Data In	—
DO	Data Out	—
CS	Chip Select	Active High
AFF	FIFO RAM Almost Full Flag	—
FF	FIFO RAM Full Flag	—
AEF	FIFO RAM Almost Empty Flag	—
EF	FIFO RAM Empty Flag	—
RPRST	FIFO RAM Read Pointer Reset	—

1. Optional signals.

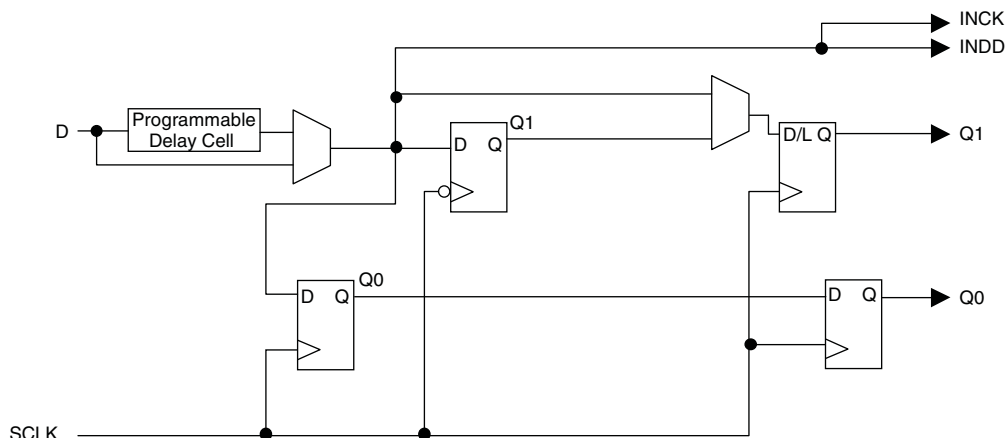
2. For dual port EBR primitives a trailing 'A' or 'B' in the signal name specifies the EBR port A or port B respectively.

3. For FIFO RAM mode primitive, a trailing 'R' or 'W' in the signal name specifies the FIFO read port or write port respectively.

4. For FIFO RAM mode primitive FULLI has the same function as CSW(2) and EMPTYI has the same function as CSR(2).

5. In FIFO mode, CLKW is the write port clock, CSW is the write port chip select, CLKR is the read port clock, CSR is the read port chip select, ORE is the output read enable.

Figure 2-12. MachXO2 Input Register Block Diagram (PIO on Left, Top and Bottom Edges)



Right Edge

The input register block on the right edge is a superset of the same block on the top, bottom, and left edges. In addition to the modes described above, the input register block on the right edge also supports DDR memory mode.

In DDR memory mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the modified DQS (DQSR90) in the DDR Memory mode creating two data streams. Before entering the core, these two data streams are synchronized to the system clock to generate two data streams.

The signal DDRCLKPOL controls the polarity of the clock used in the synchronization registers. It ensures adequate timing when data is transferred to the system clock domain from the DQS domain. The DQSR90 and DDRCLKPOL signals are generated in the DQS read-write block.

Figure 2-13. MachXO2 Input Register Block Diagram (PIO on Right Edge)

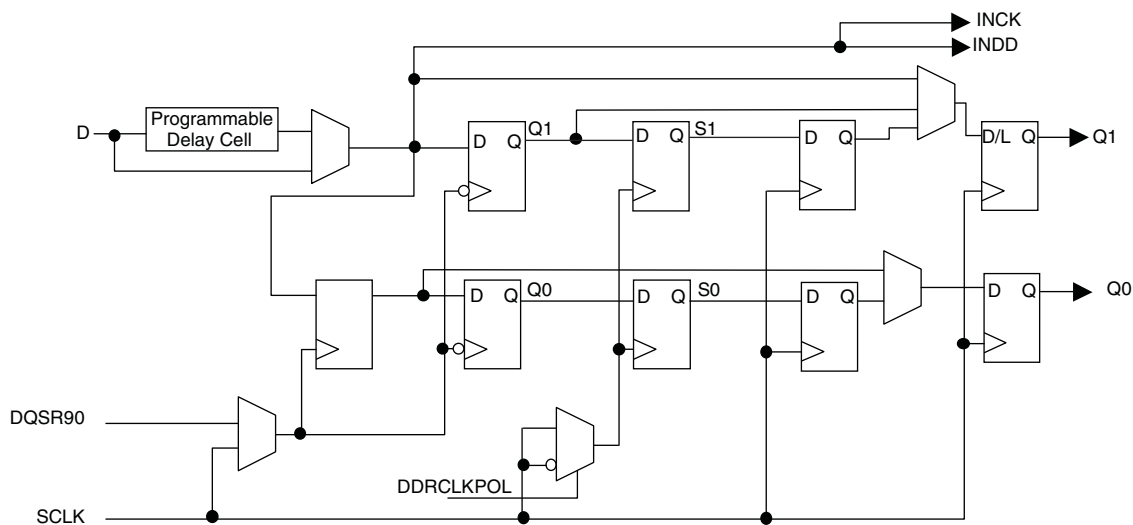
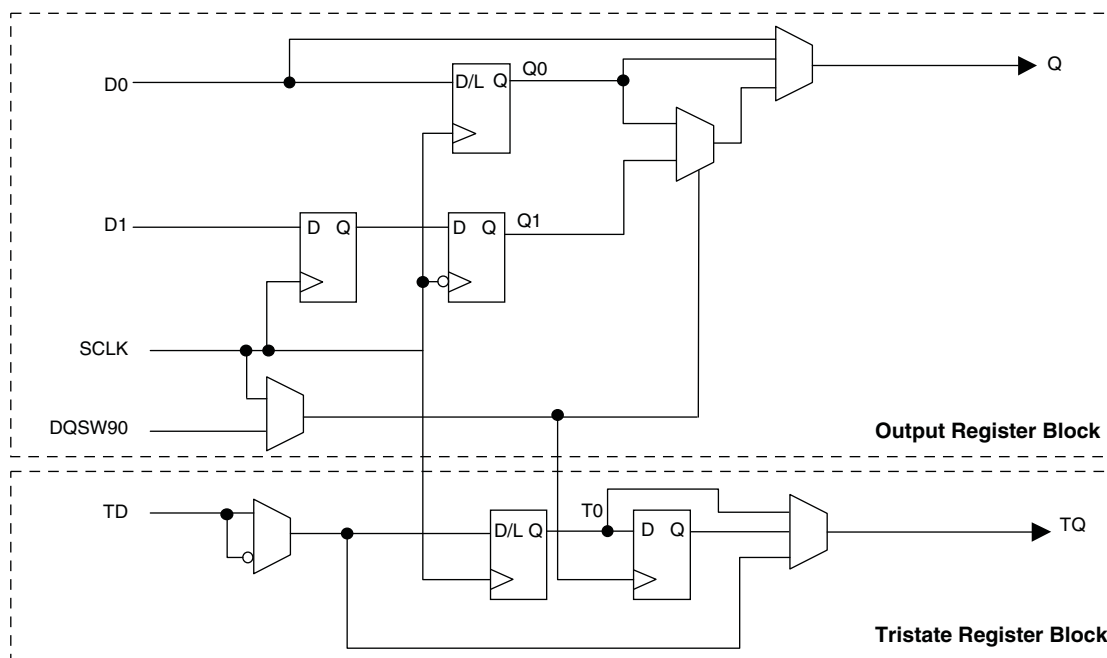


Figure 2-15. MachXO2 Output Register Block Diagram (PIO on the Right Edges)



Tri-state Register Block

The tri-state register block registers tri-state control signals from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers. The block contains a register for SDR operation. In SDR, TD input feeds one of the flip-flops that then feeds the output.

The tri-state register blocks on the right edge contain an additional register for DDR memory operation. In DDR memory mode, the register TS input is fed into another register that is clocked using the DQSW90 signal. The output of this register is used as a tri-state control.

Input Gearbox

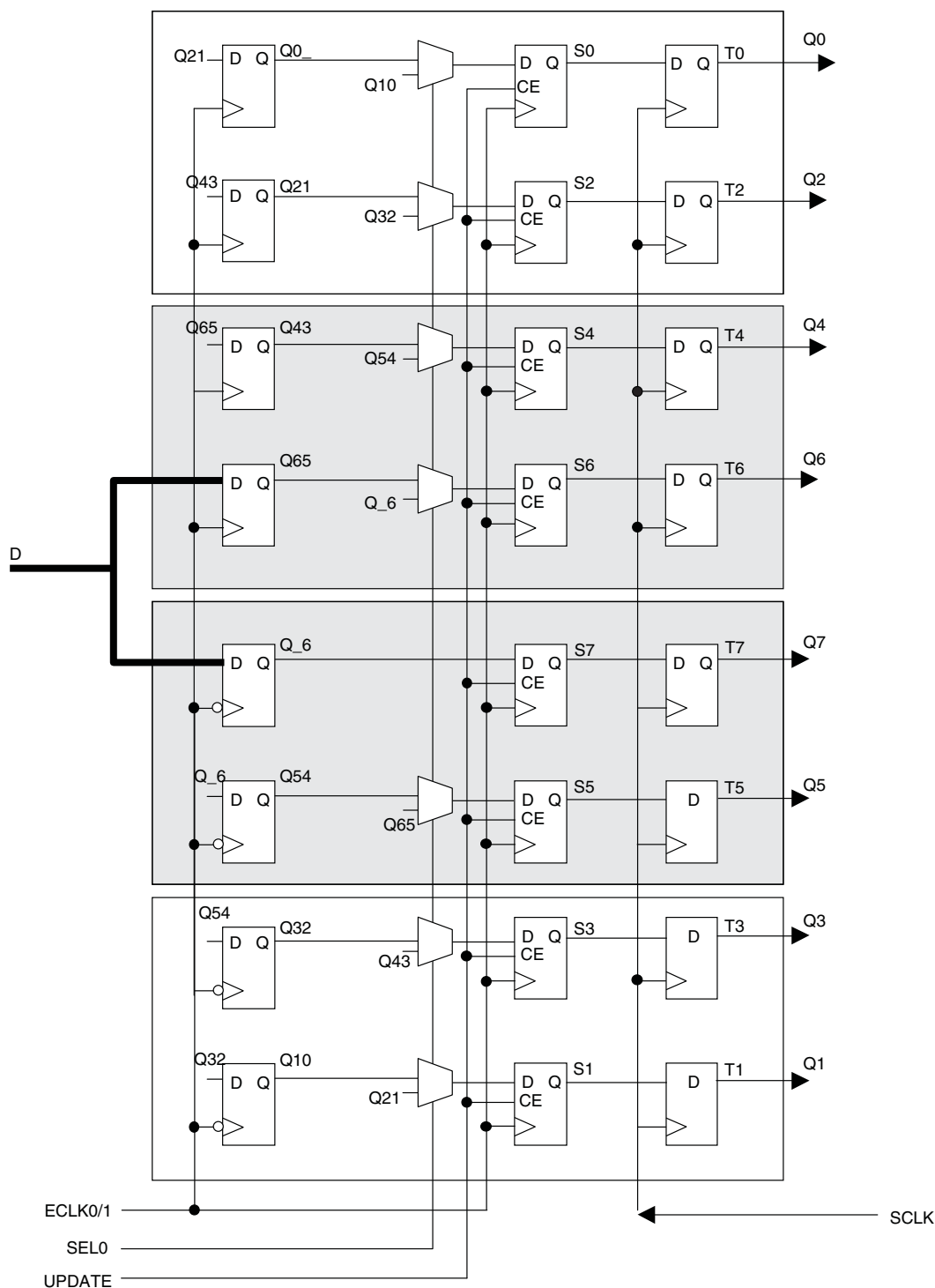
Each PIC on the bottom edge has a built-in 1:8 input gearbox. Each of these input gearboxes may be programmed as a 1:7 de-serializer or as one IDDRX4 (1:8) gearbox or as two IDDRX2 (1:4) gearboxes. Table 2-9 shows the gearbox signals.

Table 2-9. Input Gearbox Signal List

Name	I/O Type	Description
D	Input	High-speed data input after programmable delay in PIO A input register block
ALIGNWD	Input	Data alignment signal from device core
SCLK	Input	Slow-speed system clock
ECLK[1:0]	Input	High-speed edge clock
RST	Input	Reset
Q[7:0]	Output	Low-speed data to device core: Video RX(1:7): Q[6:0] GDDR4(1:8): Q[7:0] GDDR2(1:4)(IOL-A): Q4, Q5, Q6, Q7 GDDR2(1:4)(IOL-C): Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3

These gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the high-speed input data by the high-speed edge clock on its rising and falling edges. The second stage registers perform data alignment based on the control signals UPDATE and SEL0 from the control block. The third stage pipeline registers pass the data to the device core synchronized to the low-speed system clock. Figure 2-16 shows a block diagram of the input gearbox.

Figure 2-16. Input Gearbox



Absolute Maximum Ratings^{1, 2, 3}

	MachXO2 ZE/HE (1.2 V)	MachXO2 HC (2.5 V / 3.3 V)
Supply Voltage V_{CC}	–0.5 V to 1.32 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Output Supply Voltage V_{CCIO}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
I/O Tri-state Voltage Applied ^{4, 5}	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Dedicated Input Voltage Applied ⁴	–0.5 V to 3.75 V	–0.5 V to 3.75 V
Storage Temperature (Ambient)	–55 °C to 125 °C	–55 °C to 125 °C
Junction Temperature (T_J)	–40 °C to 125 °C	–40 °C to 125 °C

1. Stress above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice [Thermal Management](#) document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.
4. Overshoot and undershoot of –2 V to ($V_{IHMAX} + 2$) volts is permitted for a duration of <20 ns.
5. The dual function I²C pins SCL and SDA are limited to –0.25 V to 3.75 V or to –0.3 V with a duration of <20 ns.

Recommended Operating Conditions¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{CC}^1	Core Supply Voltage for 1.2 V Devices	1.14	1.26	V
	Core Supply Voltage for 2.5 V / 3.3 V Devices	2.375	3.6	V
$V_{CCIO}^{1, 2, 3}$	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	1.14	3.6	V
t_{JCOM}	Junction Temperature Commercial Operation	0	85	°C
t_{JIND}	Junction Temperature Industrial Operation	–40	100	°C

1. Like power supplies must be tied together. For example, if V_{CCIO} and V_{CC} are both the same voltage, they must also be the same supply.
2. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in subsequent table.
3. V_{CCIO} pins of unused I/O banks should be connected to the V_{CC} power supply on boards.

Power Supply Ramp Rates¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp rates for all power supplies.	0.01	—	100	V/ms

1. Assumes monotonic ramp rates.

sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
LVC MOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVC MOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVC MOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
LVC MOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	—	—
LVC MOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	—
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
PCI ³	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
SSTL25	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.15	1.25	1.35
SSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
HSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.816	0.9	1.08
LVC MOS25R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	1.1	1.25	1.4
LVC MOS18R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVC MOS18R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVC MOS15R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVC MOS15R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVC MOS12R33 ⁴	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVC MOS12R25 ⁴	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVC MOS10R33 ⁴	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVC MOS10R25 ⁴	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVDS25 ^{1, 2}	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVDS33 ^{1, 2}	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVPECL ¹	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
BLVDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
RSDS ¹	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
SSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
SSTL25D	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
HSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—

1. Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

2. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

3. Input on the bottom bank of the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices only.

4. Supported only for inputs and BIDs for all ZE devices, and –6 speed grade for HE and HC devices.

Typical Building Block Function Performance – HC/HE Devices¹

Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	-6 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	8.9	ns
4:1 MUX	7.5	ns
16:1 MUX	8.3	ns

Register-to-Register Performance

Function	-6 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16:1 MUX	412	MHz
16-bit adder	297	MHz
16-bit counter	324	MHz
64-bit counter	161	MHz
Embedded Memory Functions		
1024x9 True-Dual Port RAM (Write Through or Normal, EBR output registers)	183	MHz
Distributed Memory Functions		
16x4 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM (one PFU)	500	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

Parameter	Description	Device	-3		-2		-1		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Generic DDR4 Inputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR4_RX.ECLK.Centered ^{9, 12}									
t _{SU}	Input Data Setup Before ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	0.434	—	0.535	—	0.630	—	ns
t _{HO}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.385	—	0.395	—	0.463	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR4 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f _{DDR4}	DDR4 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	53	—	44	—	37	MHz
7:1 LVDS Inputs – GDDR71_RX.ECLK.7.1 ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVA}	Input Data Valid After ECLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, bottom side only ¹¹	—	0.307	—	0.316	—	0.326	UI
t _{DVE}	Input Data Hold After ECLK		0.662	—	0.650	—	0.649	—	UI
f _{DATA}	DDR71 Serial Input Data Speed		—	420	—	352	—	292	Mbps
f _{DDR71}	DDR71 ECLK Frequency		—	210	—	176	—	146	MHz
f _{CLKIN}	7:1 Input Clock Frequency (SCLK) (minimum limited by PLL)		—	60	—	50	—	42	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR1_TX.SCLK.Aligned ^{9, 12}									
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	—	0.850	—	0.910	—	0.970	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.850	—	0.910	—	0.970	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR1 Output Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f _{DDR1}	DDR1 SCLK frequency		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDR Outputs with Clock and Data Centered at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR1_TX.SCLK.Centered ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVB}	Output Data Valid Before CLK Output	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	2.720	—	3.380	—	4.140	—	ns
t _{DVA}	Output Data Valid After CLK Output		2.720	—	3.380	—	4.140	—	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR1 Output Data Speed		—	140	—	116	—	98	Mbps
f _{DDR1}	DDR1 SCLK Frequency (minimum limited by PLL)		—	70	—	58	—	49	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Outputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for Clock Input – GDDR2_TX.ECLK.Aligned ^{9, 12}									
t _{DIA}	Output Data Invalid After CLK Output	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, top side only	—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
t _{DIB}	Output Data Invalid Before CLK Output		—	0.270	—	0.300	—	0.330	ns
f _{DATA}	DDR2 Serial Output Data Speed		—	280	—	234	—	194	Mbps
f _{DDR2}	DDR2 ECLK frequency		—	140	—	117	—	97	MHz
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	70	—	59	—	49	MHz

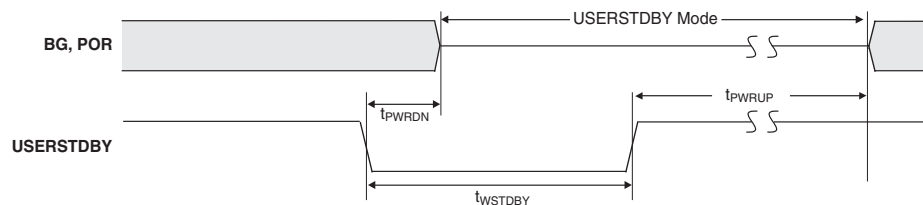
MachXO2 Oscillator Output Frequency

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
f_{MAX}	Oscillator Output Frequency (Commercial Grade Devices, 0 to 85°C)	125.685	133	140.315	MHz
	Oscillator Output Frequency (Industrial Grade Devices, -40 °C to 100 °C)	124.355	133	141.645	MHz
t_{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	43	50	57	%
t_{OPJIT}^1	Output Clock Period Jitter	0.01	0.012	0.02	UIPP
$t_{STABLEOSC}$	STDBY Low to Oscillator Stable	0.01	0.05	0.1	μs

1. Output Clock Period Jitter specified at 133 MHz. The values for lower frequencies will be smaller UIPP. The typical value for 133 MHz is 95 ps and for 2.08 MHz the typical value is 1.54 ns.

MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – HC/HE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
t_{PWRDN}	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	—	—	9	ns
t_{PWRUP}	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-256		—		μs
		LCMXO2-640		—		μs
		LCMXO2-640U		—		μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	—	50	μs
		LCMXO2-1200U		—		μs
		LCMXO2-2000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-2000U		—		μs
		LCMXO2-4000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-7000		—		μs
t_{WSTDBY}	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	18	—	—	ns



MachXO2 Standby Mode Timing – ZE Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units
t_{PWRDN}	USERSTDBY High to Stop	All	—	—	13	ns
t_{PWRUP}	USERSTDBY Low to Power Up	LCMXO2-256		—		μs
		LCMXO2-640		—		μs
		LCMXO2-1200	20	—	50	μs
		LCMXO2-2000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-4000		—		μs
		LCMXO2-7000		—		μs
t_{WSTDBY}	USERSTDBY Pulse Width	All	19	—	—	ns
$t_{BNDGAPSTBL}$	USERSTDBY High to Bandgap Stable	All	—	—	15	ns

sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
All Configuration Modes					
t _{PRGM}	PROGRAMN low pulse accept		55	—	ns
t _{PRGMJ}	PROGRAMN low pulse rejection		—	25	ns
t _{INITL}	INITN low time	LCMXO2-256	—	30	μs
		LCMXO2-640	—	35	μs
		LCMXO2-640U/ LCMXO2-1200	—	55	μs
		LCMXO2-1200U/ LCMXO2-2000	—	70	μs
		LCMXO2-2000U/ LCMXO2-4000	—	105	μs
		LCMXO2-7000	—	130	μs
t _{DPPINIT}	PROGRAMN low to INITN low		—	150	ns
t _{DPPDONE}	PROGRAMN low to DONE low		—	150	ns
t _{IODISS}	PROGRAMN low to I/O disable		—	120	ns
Slave SPI					
f _{MAX}	CCLK clock frequency		—	66	MHz
t _{CCLKH}	CCLK clock pulse width high		7.5	—	ns
t _{CCLKL}	CCLK clock pulse width low		7.5	—	ns
t _{STSU}	CCLK setup time		2	—	ns
t _{STH}	CCLK hold time		0	—	ns
t _{STCO}	CCLK falling edge to valid output		—	10	ns
t _{STOZ}	CCLK falling edge to valid disable		—	10	ns
t _{STOV}	CCLK falling edge to valid enable		—	10	ns
t _{SCS}	Chip select high time		25	—	ns
t _{SCSS}	Chip select setup time		3	—	ns
t _{SCSH}	Chip select hold time		3	—	ns
Master SPI					
f _{MAX}	MCLK clock frequency		—	133	MHz
t _{MCLKH}	MCLK clock pulse width high		3.75	—	ns
t _{MCLKL}	MCLK clock pulse width low		3.75	—	ns
t _{STSU}	MCLK setup time		5	—	ns
t _{STH}	MCLK hold time		1	—	ns
t _{CSSPI}	INITN high to chip select low		100	200	ns
t _{MCLK}	INITN high to first MCLK edge		0.75	1	μs

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4SG32C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5SG32C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6SG32C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200UHC-4FTG256C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-1200UHC-5FTG256C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-1200UHC-6FTG256C	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG100C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG100C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG100C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4MG132C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5MG132C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6MG132C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG144C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG144C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG144C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4BG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5BG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6BG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-4FTG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-5FTG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-2000HC-6FTG256C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG332C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FG484C	4320	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HE-4TG144C	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5TG144C	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6TG144C	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG256C	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG256C	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG256C	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FTG256C	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG332C	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG332C	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG332C	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FG484C	6864	1.2 V	–4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FG484C	6864	1.2 V	–5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FG484C	6864	1.2 V	–6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR ¹	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 ³	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K ²	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100I	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100I	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100I	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132I	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132I	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132I	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144I	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144I	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144I	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256I	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256I	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256I	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	–1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	–2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	–3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.
2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.
3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2016	3.2	All	Moved designation for 84 QFN package information from 'Advanced' to 'Final'.
		Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 'Advanced' 48 QFN package. — Revised footnote 6. — Added footnote 9.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
			Updated the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices section. Added footnote 12.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Signal Descriptions section. Added information on GND signal.
			Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-256 48 QFN values. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-640 48 QFN values. — Added footnote to GND. — Added footnotes 2 and 3.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added 'Advanced' SG48 package and revised footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 'Advanced' QFN 48 package.
March 2016	3.1	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added 32 QFN value for XO2-1200. — Added 84 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm, 0.5 mm) package. — Modified package name to 100-pin TQFP. — Modified package name to 144-pin TQFP. — Added footnote.
		Architecture	Updated the Typical I/O Behavior During Power-up section. Removed reference to TN1202.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Revised t _{DPPDONE} and t _{DPPINIT} Max. values per PCN 03A-16, released March 2016.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. — Added MachXO2-1200 32 QFN values. — Added 'Advanced' MachXO2-4000 84 QFN values.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added 'Advanced' QN84 package and footnote.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. — Added part numbers for 1280 LUTs QFN 32 package. — Added part numbers for 4320 LUTs QFN 84 package.
March 2015	3.0	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Changed 64-ball ucBGA dimension.
		Architecture	Updated the Device Configuration section. Added JTAGENB to TAP dual purpose pins.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2014	2.5	Architecture	Updated TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration) section. Updated TransFR description for PLL use during background Flash programming.
February 2014	02.4	Introduction	Included the 49 WLCSP package in the MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Added information to Standby Mode and Power Saving Options section.
		Pinout Information	Added the XO2-2000 49 WLCSP in the Pinout Information Summary table.
		Ordering Information	Added UW49 package in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
			Added and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section.
December 2013	02.3	Architecture	Added and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR in Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section.
			Updated information on CLKOS output divider in sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Static Supply Current – ZE Devices table.
			Updated footnote 4 in sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table; Updated V_{IL} Max. (V) data for LVCMOS 25 and LVCMOS 28.
September 2013	02.2	Architecture	Updated V_{OS} test condition in sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics - LVDS table.
			Removed I ² C Clock-Stretching feature per PCN #10A-13.
			Removed information on PDPR memory in RAM Mode section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Supported Input Standards table.
June 2013	02.1	Architecture	Updated Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table.
			Architecture Overview – Added information on the state of the register on power up and after configuration.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section – Added missing cross reference to sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
			Added slew rate information to footnote 2 of the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices and the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices tables.
			Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table – Added symbols.