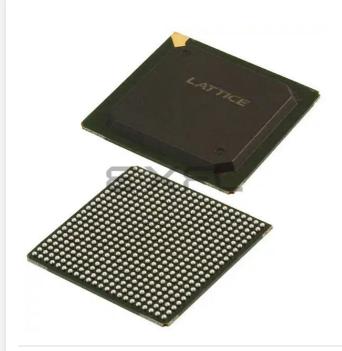
Evy Fattce Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMX02-7000HC-4FG484C Datasheet</u>



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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	858
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6864
Total RAM Bits	245760
Number of I/O	334
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 3.465V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	484-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	484-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-7000hc-4fg484c

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Figure 2-5. Primary Clocks for MachXO2 Devices



Primary clocks for MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.

Note: MachXO2-640 and smaller devices do not have inputs from the Edge Clock Divider or PLL and fewer routing inputs. These devices have 17:1 muxes instead of 27:1 muxes.

Eight secondary high fanout nets are generated from eight 8:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-6. One of the eight inputs to the secondary high fanout net input mux comes from dual function clock pins and the remaining seven come from internal routing. The maximum frequency for the secondary clock network is shown in MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.



This phase shift can be either programmed during configuration or can be adjusted dynamically. In dynamic mode, the PLL may lose lock after a phase adjustment on the output used as the feedback source and not relock until the $t_{I,OCK}$ parameter has been satisfied.

The MachXO2 also has a feature that allows the user to select between two different reference clock sources dynamically. This feature is implemented using the PLLREFCS primitive. The timing parameters for the PLL are shown in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.

The MachXO2 PLL contains a WISHBONE port feature that allows the PLL settings, including divider values, to be dynamically changed from the user logic. When using this feature the EFB block must also be instantiated in the design to allow access to the WISHBONE ports. Similar to the dynamic phase adjustment, when PLL settings are updated through the WISHBONE port the PLL may lose lock and not relock until the t_{LOCK} parameter has been satisfied. The timing parameters for the PLL are shown in the sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.

For more details on the PLL and the WISHBONE interface, see TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide.



Figure 2-7. PLL Diagram

Table 2-4 provides signal descriptions of the PLL block.

Table 2-4. PLL Signal	Descriptions
-----------------------	--------------

Port Name	I/O	Description	
CLKI	I	Input clock to PLL	
CLKFB	I	Feedback clock	
PHASESEL[1:0]	I	Select which output is affected by Dynamic Phase adjustment ports	
PHASEDIR	I	Dynamic Phase adjustment direction	
PHASESTEP	I	Dynamic Phase step – toggle shifts VCO phase adjust by one step.	



The EBR memory supports three forms of write behavior for single or dual port operation:

- 1. **Normal** Data on the output appears only during the read cycle. During a write cycle, the data (at the current address) does not appear on the output. This mode is supported for all data widths.
- 2. Write Through A copy of the input data appears at the output of the same port. This mode is supported for all data widths.
- 3. Read-Before-Write When new data is being written, the old contents of the address appears at the output.

FIFO Configuration

The FIFO has a write port with data-in, CEW, WE and CLKW signals. There is a separate read port with data-out, RCE, RE and CLKR signals. The FIFO internally generates Almost Full, Full, Almost Empty and Empty Flags. The Full and Almost Full flags are registered with CLKW. The Empty and Almost Empty flags are registered with CLKR. Table 2-7 shows the range of programming values for these flags.

Table 2-7. Programmable FIFO Flag Ranges

Flag Name	Programming Range
Full (FF)	1 to max (up to 2^{N} -1)
Almost Full (AF)	1 to Full-1
Almost Empty (AE)	1 to Full-1
Empty (EF)	0

N = Address bit width.

The FIFO state machine supports two types of reset signals: RST and RPRST. The RST signal is a global reset that clears the contents of the FIFO by resetting the read/write pointer and puts the FIFO flags in their initial reset state. The RPRST signal is used to reset the read pointer. The purpose of this reset is to retransmit the data that is in the FIFO. In these applications it is important to keep careful track of when a packet is written into or read from the FIFO.

Memory Core Reset

The memory core contains data output latches for ports A and B. These are simple latches that can be reset synchronously or asynchronously. RSTA and RSTB are local signals, which reset the output latches associated with port A and port B respectively. The Global Reset (GSRN) signal resets both ports. The output data latches and associated resets for both ports are as shown in Figure 2-9.



Figure 2-9. Memory Core Reset



For further information on the sysMEM EBR block, please refer to TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

EBR Asynchronous Reset

EBR asynchronous reset or GSR (if used) can only be applied if all clock enables are low for a clock cycle before the reset is applied and released a clock cycle after the reset is released, as shown in Figure 2-10. The GSR input to the EBR is always asynchronous.

Figure 2-10. EBR Asynchronous Reset (Including GSR) Timing Diagram

Reset	
Clock	
Clock Enable	

If all clock enables remain enabled, the EBR asynchronous reset or GSR may only be applied and released after the EBR read and write clock inputs are in a steady state condition for a minimum of 1/f_{MAX} (EBR clock). The reset release must adhere to the EBR synchronous reset setup time before the next active read or write clock edge.

If an EBR is pre-loaded during configuration, the GSR input must be disabled or the release of the GSR during device wake up must occur before the release of the device I/Os becoming active.

These instructions apply to all EBR RAM, ROM and FIFO implementations. For the EBR FIFO mode, the GSR signal is always enabled and the WE and RE signals act like the clock enable signals in Figure 2-10. The reset timing rules apply to the RPReset input versus the RE input and the RST input versus the WE and RE inputs. Both RST and RPReset are always asynchronous EBR inputs. For more details refer to TN1201, Memory Usage Guide for MachXO2 Devices.

Note that there are no reset restrictions if the EBR synchronous reset is used and the EBR GSR input is disabled.



PIO

The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block and tri-state register block. These blocks contain registers for operating in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

Table 2-8	. PIO	Signal	List
-----------	-------	--------	------

Pin Name	I/О Туре	Description
CE	Input	Clock Enable
D	Input	Pin input from sysIO buffer.
INDD	Output	Register bypassed input.
INCK	Output	Clock input
Q0	Output	DDR positive edge input
Q1	Output	Registered input/DDR negative edge input
D0	Input	Output signal from the core (SDR and DDR)
D1	Input	Output signal from the core (DDR)
TD	Input	Tri-state signal from the core
Q	Output	Data output signals to sysIO Buffer
TQ	Output	Tri-state output signals to sysIO Buffer
DQSR90 ¹	Input	DQS shift 90-degree read clock
DQSW90 ¹	Input	DQS shift 90-degree write clock
DDRCLKPOL ¹	Input	DDR input register polarity control signal from DQS
SCLK	Input	System clock for input and output/tri-state blocks.
RST	Input	Local set reset signal

1. Available in PIO on right edge only.

Input Register Block

The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain delay elements and registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core. In addition to this functionality, the input register blocks for the PIOs on the right edge include built-in logic to interface to DDR memory.

Figure 2-12 shows the input register block for the PIOs located on the left, top and bottom edges. Figure 2-13 shows the input register block for the PIOs on the right edge.

Left, Top, Bottom Edges

Input signals are fed from the sysIO buffer to the input register block (as signal D). If desired, the input signal can bypass the register and delay elements and be used directly as a combinatorial signal (INDD), and a clock (INCK). If an input delay is desired, users can select a fixed delay. I/Os on the bottom edge also have a dynamic delay, DEL[4:0]. The delay, if selected, reduces input register hold time requirements when using a global clock. The input block allows two modes of operation. In single data rate (SDR) the data is registered with the system clock (SCLK) by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock (SCLK) signal, creating two data streams.



Figure 2-21. PC Core Block Diagram



Table 2-15 describes the signals interfacing with the I²C cores.

 Table 2-15.
 PC Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Description
i2c_scl	Bi-directional	Bi-directional clock line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output if the I ² C core is in master mode. The signal is an input if the I ² C core is in slave mode. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_sda	Bi-directional	Bi-directional data line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output when data is transmitted from the I ² C core. The signal is an input when data is received into the I ² C core. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_irqo	Output	Interrupt request output signal of the I ² C core. The intended usage of this signal is for it to be connected to the WISHBONE master controller (i.e. a microcontroller or state machine) and request an interrupt when a specific condition is met. These conditions are described with the I ² C register definitions.
cfg_wake	Output	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I^2C Tab.
cfg_stdby	Output	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the "Wakeup Enable" feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I^2C Tab.

Hardened SPI IP Core

Every MachXO2 device has a hard SPI IP core that can be configured as a SPI master or slave. When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other SPI enabled chips connected to the SPI bus. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to interface to an external SPI master. The SPI IP core on MachXO2 devices supports the following functions:

- Configurable Master and Slave modes
- Full-Duplex data transfer
- Mode fault error flag with CPU interrupt capability
- Double-buffered data register
- Serial clock with programmable polarity and phase
- LSB First or MSB First Data Transfer
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface



Device Subsystem	Feature Description
Bandgap	The bandgap can be turned off in standby mode. When the Bandgap is turned off, ana- log circuitry such as the POR, PLLs, on-chip oscillator, and referenced and differential I/O buffers are also turned off. Bandgap can only be turned off for 1.2 V devices.
Power-On-Reset (POR)	The POR can be turned off in standby mode. This monitors VCC levels. In the event of unsafe V_{CC} drops, this circuit reconfigures the device. When the POR circuitry is turned off, limited power detector circuitry is still active. This option is only recommended for applications in which the power supply rails are reliable.
On-Chip Oscillator	The on-chip oscillator has two power saving features. It may be switched off if it is not needed in your design. It can also be turned off in Standby mode.
PLL	Similar to the on-chip oscillator, the PLL also has two power saving features. It can be statically switched off if it is not needed in a design. It can also be turned off in Standby mode. The PLL will wait until all output clocks from the PLL are driven low before powering off.
I/O Bank Controller	Referenced and differential I/O buffers (used to implement standards such as HSTL, SSTL and LVDS) consume more than ratioed single-ended I/Os such as LVCMOS and LVTTL. The I/O bank controller allows the user to turn these I/Os off dynamically on a per bank selection.
Dynamic Clock Enable for Primary Clock Nets	Each primary clock net can be dynamically disabled to save power.
Power Guard	Power Guard is a feature implemented in input buffers. This feature allows users to switch off the input buffer when it is not needed. This feature can be used in both clock and data paths. Its biggest impact is that in the standby mode it can be used to switch off clock inputs that are distributed using general routing resources.

For more details on the standby mode refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

Power On Reset

MachXO2 devices have power-on reset circuitry to monitor V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO} voltage levels during power-up and operation. At power-up, the POR circuitry monitors V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO0} (controls configuration) voltage levels. It then triggers download from the on-chip configuration Flash memory after reaching the V_{PORUP} level specified in the Power-On-Reset Voltage table in the DC and Switching Characteristics section of this data sheet. For devices without voltage regulators (ZE and HE devices), V_{CCINT} is the same as the V_{CC} supply voltage. For devices with voltage regulators (HC devices), V_{CCINT} is regulated from the V_{CC} supply voltage. From this voltage reference, the time taken for configuration and entry into user mode is specified as Flash Download Time (t_{REFRESH}) in the DC and Switching Characteristics section of this data sheet. Before and during configuration, the I/Os are held in tristate. I/Os are released to user functionality once the device has finished configuration. Note that for HC devices, a separate POR circuit monitors external V_{CC} voltage in addition to the POR circuit that monitors the internal post-regulated power supply voltage level.

Once the device enters into user mode, the POR circuitry can optionally continue to monitor V_{CCINT} levels. If V_{CCINT} drops below $V_{PORDNBG}$ level (with the bandgap circuitry switched on) or below $V_{PORDNSRAM}$ level (with the bandgap circuitry switched off to conserve power) device functionality cannot be guaranteed. In such a situation the POR issues a reset and begins monitoring the V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO} voltage levels. $V_{PORDNBG}$ and $V_{PORDNSRAM}$ are both specified in the Power-On-Reset Voltage table in the DC and Switching Characteristics section of this data sheet.

Note that once a ZE or HE device enters user mode, users can switch off the bandgap to conserve power. When the bandgap circuitry is switched off, the POR circuitry also shuts down. The device is designed such that a minimal, low power POR circuit is still operational (this corresponds to the $V_{PORDNSRAM}$ reset point described in the paragraph above). However this circuit is not as accurate as the one that operates when the bandgap is switched on. The low power POR circuit emulates an SRAM cell and is biased to trip before the vast majority of SRAM cells flip. If users are concerned about the V_{CC} supply dropping below V_{CC} (min) they should not shut down the bandgap or POR circuit.



Static Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁴	Units
Icc	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-256ZE	18	μΑ
		LCMXO2-640ZE	28	μΑ
		LCMXO2-1200ZE	56	μΑ
		LCMXO2-2000ZE	80	μA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	124	μΑ
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	189	μΑ
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁵ $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	All devices	1	μΑ

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off. To estimate the impact of turning each of these items on, please refer to the following table or for more detail with your specific design use the Power Calculator tool.

3. Frequency = 0 MHz.

4. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

5. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

6. To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

Static Power Consumption Contribution of Different Components – ZE Devices

The table below can be used for approximating static power consumption. For a more accurate power analysis for your design please use the Power Calculator tool.

Symbol	Parameter		Units
I _{DCBG}	Bandgap DC power contribution	101	μΑ
IDCPOR	POR DC power contribution	38	μΑ
IDCIOBANKCONTROLLER	DC power contribution per I/O bank controller	143	μA



Static Supply Current – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 6}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁴	Units
		LCMXO2-256HC	1.15	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	1.84	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	3.48	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	3.49	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	4.80	mA
1	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-2000HC	4.80	mA
ICC		LCMXO2-2000UHC	8.44	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	8.45	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	12.87	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	1.39	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	2.55	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	4.06	mA
Іссю	Bank Power Supply⁵ V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes blank pattern with the following characteristics: all outputs are tri-stated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at V_{CCIO} or GND, on-chip oscillator is off, on-chip PLL is off.

3. Frequency = 0 MHz.

4. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

5. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

6. To determine the MachXO2 peak start-up current data, use the Power Calculator tool.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – HC/HE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
		LCMXO2-256HC	14.6	mA
		LCMXO2-640HC	16.1	mA
		LCMXO2-640UHC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200HC	18.8	mA
		LCMXO2-1200UHC	22.1	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HC	22.1	mA
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-2000UHC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HC	26.8	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HC	33.2	mA
		LCMXO2-2000HE	18.3	mA
		LCMXO2-2000UHE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-4000HE	20.4	mA
		LCMXO2-7000HE	23.9	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes all inputs are held at V_{CCIO} or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. $T_J = 25$ °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank. $V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



BLVDS

The MachXO2 family supports the BLVDS standard through emulation. The output is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs. The input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. BLVDS is intended for use when multi-drop and bi-directional multi-point differential signaling is required. The scheme shown in Figure 3-2 is one possible solution for bi-directional multi-point differential signals.

Figure 3-2. BLVDS Multi-point Output Example



Table 3-2. BLVDS DC Conditions¹

Over Recommended	Operating	Conditions
	oporating	00110110110

		Non		
Symbol	Description	Zo = 45	Zo = 90	Units
Z _{OUT}	Output impedance	20	20	Ohms
R _S	Driver series resistance	80	80	Ohms
R _{TLEFT}	Left end termination	45	90	Ohms
R _{TRIGHT}	Right end termination	45	90	Ohms
V _{OH}	Output high voltage	1.376	1.480	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage	1.124	1.020	V
V _{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.253	0.459	V
V _{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.250	1.250	V
I _{DC}	DC output current	11.236	10.204	mA

1. For input buffer, see LVDS table.





			-	6	-	5	-	-4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.42	—	1.59	—	1.96	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.41	—	1.58	—	1.96	—	ns
•	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.63		1.79		2.17		ns
^t SU_DEL	Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.61		1.76		2.13		ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.66	—	1.81	—	2.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.53	—	1.67	—	2.03	—	ns
		MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
•	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns
t _{H_DEL}	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.21	_	-0.21		-0.21	—	ns
f _{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO2 devices	_	388	_	323	_	269	MHz
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Edge C	lock without PLL)		l		l			
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	7.53	—	7.76		8.10	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-2000HC-HE		7.53	—	7.76		8.10	ns
t _{COE}	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE		7.45	—	7.68		8.00	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	_	7.53	—	7.76		8.10	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.19		-0.19	—	-0.19		ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.19		-0.19		-0.19		ns
t _{SUE}	Input Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.16		-0.16		-0.16		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.19		-0.19		-0.19		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24		2.52		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.97	_	2.24		2.52		ns
t _{HE}	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.89		2.16	—	2.43		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.97		2.24	—	2.52		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.56		1.69	—	2.05		ns
	Clock to Data Setup - PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.56		1.69	—	2.05		ns
t _{SU_DELE}	Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.74		1.88		2.25		ns
	Delay	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.66		1.81		2.17		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.23		-0.23	—	-0.23		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23		-0.23		-0.23		ns
t _{H_DELE}	Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.34		-0.34		-0.34		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.29		-0.29		-0.29		ns
General I/O	Pin Parameters (Using Primar								
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	_	5.97	_	6.00	_	6.13	ns
	Clock to Output – PIO Output	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	_	5.98	_	6.01	_	6.14	ns
t _{COPLL} Register		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	_	5.99	_	6.02	_	6.16	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	_	6.02	_	6.06	_	6.20	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.36	_	0.36	_	0.65	_	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.36		0.36		0.63		ns
t _{SUPLL}	Input Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.35		0.35		0.62		ns
	_	MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.34	_	0.34		0.59		ns
			0.01	l	0.01	l	0.00		



			_	-6	_	-5	_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
LPDDR ^{9, 12}			l		L	l		L	<u> </u>
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input		_	0.369	_	0.395	_	0.421	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.529	_	0.530	_	0.527	_	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output	MachXO2-1200/U and	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output	larger devices, right side only. ¹³	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM LPDDR Serial Data Speed		_	280	_	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency			140	—	125		104	MHz
f _{LPDDR}	LPDDR Data Transfer Rate		0	280	0	250	0	208	Mbps
DDR ^{9, 12}			•						
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input		_	0.350	_	0.387	_	0.414	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.545	_	0.538	_	0.532	_	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices, right	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output	side only. ¹³	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed		—	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency		—	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
f _{MEM_DDR}	MEM DDR Data Transfer Rate		N/A	300	N/A	250	N/A	208	Mbps
DDR2 ^{9, 12}									
t _{DVADQ}	Input Data Valid After DQS Input		_	0.360	_	0.378	_	0.406	UI
t _{DVEDQ}	Input Data Hold After DQS Input		0.555	_	0.549	_	0.542	_	UI
t _{DQVBS}	Output Data Invalid Before DQS Output	MachXO2-1200/U and	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
t _{DQVAS}	Output Data Invalid After DQS Output	larger devices, right side only. ¹³	0.25	_	0.25	_	0.25	_	UI
f _{DATA}	MEM DDR Serial Data Speed	1		300		250		208	Mbps
f _{SCLK}	SCLK Frequency	1		150	_	125		104	MHz
f _{MEM_DDR2}	MEM DDR2 Data Transfer Rate		N/A	300	N/A	250	N/A	208	Mbps

1. Exact performance may vary with device and design implementation. Commercial timing numbers are shown at 85 °C and 1.14 V. Other operating conditions, including industrial, can be extracted from the Diamond software.

2. General I/O timing numbers based on LVCMOS 2.5, 8 mA, 0pf load, fast slew rate.

3. Generic DDR timing numbers based on LVDS I/O (for input, output, and clock ports).

4. DDR timing numbers based on SSTL25. DDR2 timing numbers based on SSTL18. LPDDR timing numbers based in LVCMOS18.

5. 7:1 LVDS (GDDR71) uses the LVDS I/O standard (for input, output, and clock ports).

6. For Generic DDRX1 mode $t_{SU} = t_{HO} = (t_{DVE} - t_{DVA} - 0.03 \text{ ns})/2$.

7. The $t_{SU_{DEL}}$ and $t_{H_{DEL}}$ values use the SCLK_ZERHOLD default step size. Each step is 105 ps (-6), 113 ps (-5), 120 ps (-4).

8. This number for general purpose usage. Duty cycle tolerance is +/- 10%.

9. Duty cycle is +/-5% for system usage.

10. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with the device selected.

11. High-speed DDR and LVDS not supported in SG32 (32 QFN) packages.

12. Advance information for MachXO2 devices in 48 QFN packages.

13. DDR memory interface not supported in QN84 (84 QFN) and SG32 (32 QFN) packages.





		M	achXO2-120	00		MachXO2-1200U
	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	25 WLCSP	32 QFN ¹	256 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank	•	•				
Bank 0	18	25	27	11	9	50
Bank 1	21	26	26	0	2	52
Bank 2	20	28	28	7	9	52
Bank 3	20	25	26	0	2	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	79	104	107	18	22	206
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	9	13	14	5	4	25
Bank 1	10	13	13	0	1	26
Bank 2	10	14	14	2	4	26
Bank 3	10	12	13	0	1	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	39	52	54	7	10	103
Dual Function I/O	31	33	33	18	22	33
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	4	7	7	0	0	14
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	4	7	7	0	0	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Avail- able (Bank 2)	5	7	7	0	2	14
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	1	2	2	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 1	2	3	3	0	1	4
Bank 2	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 3	3	3	3	0	1	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	1
VCC	2	4	4	2	2	8
GND	8	10	12	2	2	24
NC	1	1	8	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	100	132	144	25	32	256
1. Lattice recommends soldering the centra						

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.



				MachX	D2-4000			
	84 QFN	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	184 csBGA	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	484 fpBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank								
Bank 0	27	25	27	37	50	50	68	70
Bank 1	10	26	29	37	52	52	68	68
Bank 2	22	28	29	39	52	52	70	72
Bank 3	0	7	9	10	16	16	24	24
Bank 4	9	8	10	12	16	16	16	16
Bank 5	0	10	10	15	20	20	28	28
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	68	104	114	150	206	206	274	278
Differential I/O per Bank								
Bank 0	13	13	14	18	25	25	34	35
Bank 1	4	13	14	18	26	26	34	34
Bank 2	11	14	14	19	26	26	35	36
Bank 3	0	3	4	4	8	8	12	12
Bank 4	4	4	5	6	8	8	8	8
Bank 5	0	5	5	7	10	10	14	14
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	32	52	56	72	103	103	137	139
Dual Function I/O	28	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O				•				
Bank 0	8	8	9	8	18	18	18	18
Gearboxes				•				
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	8	8	9	9	18	18	18	18
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	11	14	14	12	18	18	18	18
DQS Groups	1	1						
Bank 1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins								
Bank 0	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	10
Bank 1	1	3	3	3	4	4	4	10
Bank 2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Bank 4	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
VCC	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	12
GND	4	10	12	16	24	24	27	48
NC	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	105
Reserved for configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
liebel ved for bernigaration								



Ordering Information

MachXO2 devices have top-side markings, for commercial and industrial grades, as shown below:



Notes:

- 1. Markings are abbreviated for small packages.
- 2. See PCN 05A-12 for information regarding a change to the top-side mark logo.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1QN84I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2QN84I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3QN84I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-1FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-2FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000ZE-3FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-1FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-2FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000ZE-3FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144I	1280	2.5 V/ 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200UHC-4FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-5FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-6FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484I	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HC-4TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6TG144I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FTG256I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6BG332I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG400I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	400	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-4FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-5FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HC-6FG484I	6864	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6MG184I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	184	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-4FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-5FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-4000HE-6FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-7000HE-4TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-4FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-5FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-7000HE-6FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
February 2012	01.7	All	Updated document with new corporate logo.
	01.6	—	Data sheet status changed from preliminary to final.
		Introduction	MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table – Removed references to 49-ball WLCSP.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Flash Download Time table.
			Modified Storage Temperature in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section.
			Updated I _{DK} max in Hot Socket Specifications table.
			Modified Static Supply Current tables for ZE and HC/HE devices.
			Updated Power Supply Ramp Rates table.
			Updated Programming and Erase Supply Current tables.
			Updated data in the External Switching Characteristics table.
			Corrected Absolute Maximum Ratings for Dedicated Input Voltage Applied for LCMXO2 HC.
			DC Electrical Characteristics table – Minor corrections to conditions for $\mathbf{I}_{IL}, \mathbf{I}_{IH.}$
		Pinout Information	Removed references to 49-ball WLCSP.
			Signal Descriptions table – Updated description for GND, VCC, and VCCIOx.
	Ordering Information		Updated Pin Information Summary table – Number of VCCIOs, GNDs, VCCs, and Total Count of Bonded Pins for MachXO2-256, 640, and 640U and Dual Function I/O for MachXO2-4000 332caBGA.
		Removed references to 49-ball WLCSP	
August 2011	01.5	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated ESD information.
		Ordering Information	Updated footnote for ordering WLCSP devices.
	01.4	Architecture	Updated information in Clock/Control Distribution Network and sys- CLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs).
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated ${\rm I}_{\rm IL}$ and ${\rm I}_{\rm IH}$ conditions in the DC Electrical Characteristics table.
		Pinout Information	Included number of 7:1 and 8:1 gearboxes (input and output) in the pin information summary tables.
			Updated Pin Information Summary table: Dual Function I/O, DQS Groups Bank 1, Total General Purpose Single-Ended I/O, Differential I/O Per Bank, Total Count of Bonded Pins, Gearboxes.
			Added column of data for MachXO2-2000 49 WLCSP.
		Ordering Information	Updated R1 Device Specifications text section with information on migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard (non-R1) devices.
			Corrected Supply Voltage typo for part numbers: LCMX02-2000UHE- 4FG484I, LCMX02-2000UHE-5FG484I, LCMX02-2000UHE- 6FG484I.
			Added footnote for WLCSP package parts.
		Supplemental Information	Removed reference to Stand-alone Power Calculator for MachXO2 Devices. Added reference to AN8086, Designing for Migration from MachXO2-1200-R1 to Standard (non-R1) Devices.