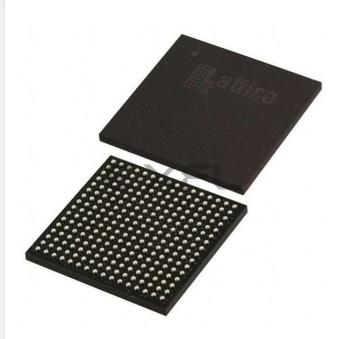
# E · Clattice Semiconductor Corporation - <u>LCMXO2-7000HE-4FTG256C Datasheet</u>



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	858
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6864
Total RAM Bits	245760
Number of I/O	206
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FTBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-7000he-4ftg256c

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# MachXO2 Family Data Sheet Introduction

May 2016

### **Features**

- Flexible Logic Architecture
  - Six devices with 256 to 6864 LUT4s and 18 to 334 I/Os
- Ultra Low Power Devices
  - Advanced 65 nm low power process
  - As low as 22  $\mu$ W standby power
  - Programmable low swing differential I/Os
  - · Stand-by mode and other power saving options

### Embedded and Distributed Memory

- Up to 240 kbits sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM
- Up to 54 kbits Distributed RAM
- Dedicated FIFO control logic
- On-Chip User Flash Memory
  - Up to 256 kbits of User Flash Memory
  - 100,000 write cycles
  - Accessible through WISHBONE, SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C and JTAG interfaces
  - Can be used as soft processor PROM or as Flash memory

### Pre-Engineered Source Synchronous I/O

- DDR registers in I/O cells
- Dedicated gearing logic
- 7:1 Gearing for Display I/Os
- Generic DDR, DDRX2, DDRX4
- Dedicated DDR/DDR2/LPDDR memory with DQS support

### ■ High Performance, Flexible I/O Buffer

- Programmable syslO<sup>™</sup> buffer supports wide range of interfaces:
  - LVCMOS 3.3/2.5/1.8/1.5/1.2
  - LVTTL
  - PCI
  - LVDS, Bus-LVDS, MLVDS, RSDS, LVPECL
  - SSTL 25/18
  - HSTL 18
  - Schmitt trigger inputs, up to 0.5 V hysteresis
- I/Os support hot socketing
- On-chip differential termination
- · Programmable pull-up or pull-down mode

- Flexible On-Chip Clocking
  - · Eight primary clocks
  - Up to two edge clocks for high-speed I/O interfaces (top and bottom sides only)
  - Up to two analog PLLs per device with fractional-n frequency synthesis
    - Wide input frequency range (7 MHz to 400 MHz)

Data Sheet DS1035

- Non-volatile, Infinitely Reconfigurable
  - Instant-on powers up in microseconds
  - Single-chip, secure solution
  - Programmable through JTAG, SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C
  - Supports background programming of non-volatile memory
  - Optional dual boot with external SPI memory
- TransFR<sup>™</sup> Reconfiguration
  - In-field logic update while system operates

### Enhanced System Level Support

- On-chip hardened functions: SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C, timer/ counter
- On-chip oscillator with 5.5% accuracy
- Unique TraceID for system tracking
- One Time Programmable (OTP) mode
- Single power supply with extended operating range
- IEEE Standard 1149.1 boundary scan
- IEEE 1532 compliant in-system programming
- Broad Range of Package Options
  - TQFP, WLCSP, ucBGA, csBGA, caBGA, ftBGA, fpBGA, QFN package options
  - Small footprint package options
    As small as 2.5 mm x 2.5 mm
  - · Density migration supported
  - Advanced halogen-free packaging



### Figure 2-5. Primary Clocks for MachXO2 Devices



Primary clocks for MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices.

Note: MachXO2-640 and smaller devices do not have inputs from the Edge Clock Divider or PLL and fewer routing inputs. These devices have 17:1 muxes instead of 27:1 muxes.

Eight secondary high fanout nets are generated from eight 8:1 muxes as shown in Figure 2-6. One of the eight inputs to the secondary high fanout net input mux comes from dual function clock pins and the remaining seven come from internal routing. The maximum frequency for the secondary clock network is shown in MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics table.



### Figure 2-6. Secondary High Fanout Nets for MachXO2 Devices



### sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs)

The sysCLOCK PLLs provide the ability to synthesize clock frequencies. The MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have one or more sysCLOCK PLL. CLKI is the reference frequency input to the PLL and its source can come from an external I/O pin or from internal routing. CLKFB is the feedback signal to the PLL which can come from internal routing or an external I/O pin. The feedback divider is used to multiply the reference frequency and thus synthesize a higher frequency clock output.

The MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLLs support high resolution (16-bit) fractional-N synthesis. Fractional-N frequency synthesis allows the user to generate an output clock which is a non-integer multiple of the input frequency. For more information about using the PLL with Fractional-N synthesis, please see TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide.

Each output has its own output divider, thus allowing the PLL to generate different frequencies for each output. The output dividers can have a value from 1 to 128. The output dividers may also be cascaded together to generate low frequency clocks. The CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 outputs can all be used to drive the MachXO2 clock distribution network directly or general purpose routing resources can be used.

The LOCK signal is asserted when the PLL determines it has achieved lock and de-asserted if a loss of lock is detected. A block diagram of the PLL is shown in Figure 2-7.

The setup and hold times of the device can be improved by programming a phase shift into the CLKOS, CLKOS2, and CLKOS3 output clocks which will advance or delay the output clock with reference to the CLKOP output clock.



These gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the high-speed input data by the high-speed edge clock on its rising and falling edges. The second stage registers perform data alignment based on the control signals UPDATE and SEL0 from the control block. The third stage pipeline registers pass the data to the device core synchronized to the low-speed system clock. Figure 2-16 shows a block diagram of the input gearbox.

### Figure 2-16. Input Gearbox





More information on the input gearbox is available in TN1203, Implementing High-Speed Interfaces with MachXO2 Devices.

# **Output Gearbox**

Each PIC on the top edge has a built-in 8:1 output gearbox. Each of these output gearboxes may be programmed as a 7:1 serializer or as one ODDRX4 (8:1) gearbox or as two ODDRX2 (4:1) gearboxes. Table 2-10 shows the gearbox signals.

### Table 2-10. Output Gearbox Signal List

Name	I/O Type	Description
Q	Output	High-speed data output
D[7:0]	Input	Low-speed data from device core
Video TX(7:1): D[6:0]		
GDDRX4(8:1): D[7:0]		
GDDRX2(4:1)(IOL-A): D[3:0]		
GDDRX2(4:1)(IOL-C): D[7:4]		
SCLK	Input	Slow-speed system clock
ECLK [1:0]	Input	High-speed edge clock
RST	Input	Reset

The gearboxes have three stage pipeline registers. The first stage registers sample the low-speed input data on the low-speed system clock. The second stage registers transfer data from the low-speed clock registers to the high-speed clock registers. The third stage pipeline registers controlled by high-speed edge clock shift and mux the high-speed data out to the sysIO buffer. Figure 2-17 shows the output gearbox block diagram.



# Hot Socketing

The MachXO2 devices have been carefully designed to ensure predictable behavior during power-up and powerdown. Leakage into I/O pins is controlled to within specified limits. This allows for easy integration with the rest of the system. These capabilities make the MachXO2 ideal for many multiple power supply and hot-swap applications.

# **On-chip Oscillator**

Every MachXO2 device has an internal CMOS oscillator. The oscillator output can be routed as a clock to the clock tree or as a reference clock to the sysCLOCK PLL using general routing resources. The oscillator frequency can be divided by internal logic. There is a dedicated programming bit and a user input to enable/disable the oscillator. The oscillator frequency ranges from 2.08 MHz to 133 MHz. The software default value of the Master Clock (MCLK) is nominally 2.08 MHz. When a different MCLK is selected during the design process, the following sequence takes place:

- 1. Device powers up with a nominal MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.
- 2. During configuration, users select a different master clock frequency.
- 3. The MCLK frequency changes to the selected frequency once the clock configuration bits are received.
- 4. If the user does not select a master clock frequency, then the configuration bitstream defaults to the MCLK frequency of 2.08 MHz.

Table 2-14 lists all the available MCLK frequencies.

Table 2-14. Available MCLK Frequencies

MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)	MCLK (MHz, Nominal)
2.08 (default)	9.17	33.25
2.46	10.23	38
3.17	13.3	44.33
4.29	14.78	53.2
5.54	20.46	66.5
7	26.6	88.67
8.31	29.56	133

# Embedded Hardened IP Functions and User Flash Memory

All MachXO2 devices provide embedded hardened functions such as SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C and Timer/Counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These embedded blocks interface through the WISHBONE interface with routing as shown in Figure 2-20.



# Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – ZE Devices<sup>1, 2, 3, 4</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.⁵	Units
		LCMXO2-256ZE	13	mA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	14	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-1200ZE	15	mA
	Core Fower Supply	LCMXO2-2000ZE	17	mA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	18	mA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	20	mA
ICCIO	Bank Power Supply <sup>6</sup>	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices.

2. Assumes all inputs are held at  $V_{\mbox{CCIO}}$  or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. TJ = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank.  $V_{CCIO}$  = 2.5 V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.



# sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)	
Standard	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
LVCMOS 3.3	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVCMOS 2.5	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.5	1.425	1.5	1.575	—	—	—
LVCMOS 1.2	1.14	1.2	1.26	—	—	_
LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
PCI <sup>3</sup>	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
SSTL25	2.375	2.5	2.625	1.15	1.25	1.35
SSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
HSTL18	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.816	0.9	1.08
LVCMOS25R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	1.1	1.25	1.4
LVCMOS18R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS18R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.75	0.9	1.05
LVCMOS15R33	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS15R25	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.6	0.75	0.9
LVCMOS12R334	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS12R254	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.45	0.6	0.75
LVCMOS10R334	3.135	3.3	3.6	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVCMOS10R254	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.35	0.5	0.65
LVDS25 <sup>1, 2</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	_
LVDS33 <sup>1, 2</sup>	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
LVPECL <sup>1</sup>	3.135	3.3	3.6	—	—	—
BLVDS <sup>1</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
RSDS <sup>1</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—
SSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—
SSTL25D	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	
HSTL18D	1.71	1.8	1.89	—	—	—

1. Inputs on-chip. Outputs are implemented with the addition of external resistors.

2. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

3. Input on the bottom bank of the MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices only.

4. Supported only for inputs and BIDIs for all ZE devices, and -6 speed grade for HE and HC devices.



Input/Output			V <sub>IL</sub>		V <sub>OL</sub> Max.	V <sub>OH</sub> Min.	I <sub>OL</sub> Max.⁴	I <sub>OH</sub> Max.⁴
Standard	Min. (V) <sup>3</sup>	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	(۷)	(V)	ິ(mA)	(mA)
LVCMOS10R25	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

MachXO2 devices allow LVCMOS inputs to be placed in I/O banks where V<sub>CCIO</sub> is different from what is specified in the applicable JEDEC specification. This is referred to as a ratioed input buffer. In a majority of cases this operation follows or exceeds the applicable JEDEC specification. The cases where MachXO2 devices do not meet the relevant JEDEC specification are documented in the table below.

2. MachXO2 devices allow for LVCMOS referenced I/Os which follow applicable JEDEC specifications. For more details about mixed mode operation please refer to TN1202, MachXO2 sysIO Usage Guide.

3. The dual function I<sup>2</sup>C pins SCL and SDA are limited to a  $V_{IL}$  min of -0.25 V or to -0.3 V with a duration of <10 ns.

4. For electromigration, the average DC current sourced or sinked by I/O pads between two consecutive VCCIO or GND pad connections, or between the last VCCIO or GND in an I/O bank and the end of an I/O bank, as shown in the Logic Signal Connections table (also shown as I/O grouping) shall not exceed a maximum of n \* 8 mA. "n" is the number of I/O pads between the two consecutive bank VCCIO or GND connections or between the last VCCIO and GND in a bank and the end of a bank. IO Grouping can be found in the Data Sheet Pin Tables, which can also be generated from the Lattice Diamond software.

Input Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	V <sub>IL</sub> Max. (V)
LVCMOS 33	1.5	0.685
LVCMOS 25	1.5	0.687
LVCMOS 18	1.5	0.655

### sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics

The LVDS differential output buffers are available on the top side of MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and higher density devices in the MachXO2 PLD family.

### LVDS

### Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V V	Input Voltage	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.3 V	0		2.605	V
V <sub>INP</sub> V <sub>INM</sub>	input voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	0		2.05	V
V <sub>THD</sub>	Differential Input Threshold		±100	_		mV
V.	Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.3 V	0.05		2.6	V
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V$	0.05		2.0	V
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input current	Power on	_	_	±10	μA
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage for V <sub>OP</sub> or V <sub>OM</sub>	R <sub>T</sub> = 100 Ohm	_	1.375		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage for $V_{OP}$ or $V_{OM}$	R <sub>T</sub> = 100 Ohm	0.90	1.025		V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output voltage differential	(V <sub>OP</sub> - V <sub>OM</sub> ), R <sub>T</sub> = 100 Ohm	250	350	450	mV
$\Delta V_{OD}$	Change in V <sub>OD</sub> between high and low		_		50	mV
V <sub>OS</sub>	Output voltage offset	$(V_{OP} + V_{OM})/2, R_{T} = 100 \text{ Ohm}$	1.125	1.20	1.395	V
$\Delta V_{OS}$	Change in V <sub>OS</sub> between H and L		—	—	50	mV
I <sub>OSD</sub>	Output short circuit current	$V_{OD} = 0 V$ driver outputs shorted	_		24	mA



# Typical Building Block Function Performance – ZE Devices<sup>1</sup>

### Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25 12 mA Drive)

Function	–3 Timing	Units
Basic Functions		
16-bit decoder	13.9	ns
4:1 MUX	10.9	ns
16:1 MUX	12.0	ns

### **Register-to-Register Performance**

–3 Timing	Units
191	MHz
134	MHz
148	MHz
77	MHz
90	MHz
214	MHz
	191 134 148 77 90

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Diamond design tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.

# **Derating Logic Timing**

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.



			_	6	; _:		_	4	
Parameter	Description	Device	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.41		0.48		0.55		ns
	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.42		0.49		0.56		ns
t <sub>HPLL</sub>	Register	MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.43		0.50		0.58		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.46		0.54		0.62		ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	2.88	—	3.19	—	3.72	—	ns
	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	2.87	—	3.18	—	3.70	—	ns
t <sub>SU_DELPLL</sub> Input Register with Delay		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	2.96	—	3.28	—	3.81	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	3.05	—	3.35	—	3.87	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
+	PLL Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	-0.83	—	ns
<sup>t</sup> H_DELPLL		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.87		-0.87	—	-0.87		ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.91		-0.91		-0.91		ns
Generic DDRX1 Inputs with Clock and Data Aligned at Pin Using PCLK Pin for				for Cloc	k Input –	GDDR	(1_RX.S	CLK.Ali	gned <sup>9, 12</sup>
t <sub>DVA</sub>	Input Data Valid After CLK		—	0.317		0.344		0.368	UI
t <sub>DVE</sub>	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2 devices, all sides	0.742		0.702		0.668		UI
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDRX1 Input Data Speed			300		250		208	Mbps
f <sub>DDRX1</sub>	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	150	—	125	—	104	MHz
Generic DDF	X1 Inputs with Clock and Data C	Centered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	1_RX.SC	LK.Cen	tered <sup>9, 12</sup>
t <sub>SU</sub>	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.566		0.560		0.538		ns
t <sub>HO</sub>	Input Data Hold After CLK	All MachXO2 devices,	0.778	—	0.879		1.090	—	ns
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDRX1 Input Data Speed	all sides	_	300	—	250	—	208	Mbps
f <sub>DDRX1</sub>	DDRX1 SCLK Frequency		_	150	—	125		104	MHz
Generic DDF	RX2 Inputs with Clock and Data	Aligned at Pin Using PC	LK Pin 1	or Clock	< Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.E	CLK.Ali	gned <sup>9, 12</sup>
t <sub>DVA</sub>	Input Data Valid After CLK		—	0.316		0.342		0.364	UI
t <sub>DVE</sub>	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U,	0.710	—	0.675		0.679	—	UI
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed	MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	_	664	_	554	_	462	Mbps
f <sub>DDRX2</sub>	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only <sup>11</sup>	_	332	—	277	—	231	MHz
f <sub>SCLK</sub>	SCLK Frequency			166	—	139	—	116	MHz
Generic DDF	X2 Inputs with Clock and Data C	entered at Pin Using PC	LK Pin f	or Clock	Input –	GDDRX	2_RX.EC	LK.Cent	tered <sup>9, 12</sup>
t <sub>SU</sub>	Input Data Setup Before CLK		0.233	—	0.219	—	0.198	—	ns
t <sub>HO</sub>	Input Data Hold After CLK	MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices,	0.287		0.287	—	0.344		ns
f <sub>DATA</sub>	DDRX2 Serial Input Data Speed			664	_	554		462	Mbps
4	DDRX2 ECLK Frequency	bottom side only <sup>11</sup>		332		277	_	231	MHz
f <sub>DDRX2</sub>	DDI INZ LOLIN I TEQUEILUS			00Z		211		201	



# sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)		7	400	MHz
fout	Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS, CLKOS2)		1.5625	400	MHz
fout2	Output Frequency (CLKOS3 cascaded from CLKOS2)		0.0122	400	MHz
f <sub>VCO</sub>	PLL VCO Frequency		200	800	MHz
f <sub>PFD</sub>	Phase Detector Input Frequency		7	400	MHz
AC Characteri	stics	•			
t <sub>DT</sub>	Output Clock Duty Cycle	Without duty trim selected <sup>3</sup>	45	55	%
t <sub>DT_TRIM</sub> <sup>7</sup>	Edge Duty Trim Accuracy		-75	75	%
t <sub>PH</sub> ⁴	Output Phase Accuracy		-6	6	%
	Output Clock Pariad littar	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	150	ps p-p
	Output Clock Period Jitter	f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	0.007	UIPP
	Output Olaski Ousla ta susla littari	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	_	180	ps p-p
t <sub>opjit</sub> 1,8	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.009	UIPP
	Output Clask Dhass litter	f <sub>PFD</sub> > 100 MHz	—	160	ps p-p
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	f <sub>PFD</sub> < 100 MHz	—	0.011	UIPP
	Output Clock Devied Litter (Exectional N)	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	230	ps p-p
	Output Clock Period Jitter (Fractional-N)	f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	0.12	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-cycle Jitter	f <sub>OUT</sub> > 100 MHz	—	230	ps p-p
	(Fractional-N)	f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz	_	0.12	UIPP
t <sub>SPO</sub>	Static Phase Offset	Divider ratio = integer	-120	120	ps
t <sub>W</sub>	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10% <sup>3</sup>	0.9	—	ns
tLOCK <sup>2, 5</sup>	PLL Lock-in Time		_	15	ms
t <sub>UNLOCK</sub>	PLL Unlock Time		_	50	ns
<b>.</b> 6	Innut Clask Daviad Littar	f <sub>PFD</sub> ≥ 20 MHz	—	1,000	ps p-p
t <sub>IPJIT</sub> <sup>6</sup>	Input Clock Period Jitter	f <sub>PFD</sub> < 20 MHz	—	0.02	UIPP
t <sub>HI</sub>	Input Clock High Time	90% to 90%	0.5	—	ns
t <sub>LO</sub>	Input Clock Low Time	10% to 10%	0.5	—	ns
t <sub>STABLE</sub> <sup>5</sup>	STANDBY High to PLL Stable			15	ms
t <sub>RST</sub>	RST/RESETM Pulse Width		1		ns
t <sub>RSTREC</sub>	RST Recovery Time		1		ns
t <sub>RST_DIV</sub>	RESETC/D Pulse Width		10		ns
t <sub>RSTREC_DIV</sub>	RESETC/D Recovery Time		1		ns
t <sub>ROTATE-SETUP</sub>	PHASESTEP Setup Time		10		ns

### **Over Recommended Operating Conditions**



# sysCLOCK PLL Timing (Continued)

### **Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
t <sub>ROTATE_WD</sub>	PHASESTEP Pulse Width		4	_	VCO Cycles

1. Period jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples of the primary PLL output with a clean reference clock. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is taken over 1000 cycles. Phase jitter is taken over 2000 cycles. All values per JESD65B.

2. Output clock is valid after  $t_{LOCK}$  for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.

3. Using LVDS output buffers.

4. CLKOS as compared to CLKOP output for one phase step at the maximum VCO frequency. See TN1199, MachXO2 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide for more details.

5. At minimum  $f_{PFD}$  As the  $f_{PFD}$  increases the time will decrease to approximately 60% the value listed.

6. Maximum allowed jitter on an input clock. PLL unlock may occur if the input jitter exceeds this specification. Jitter on the input clock may be transferred to the output clocks, resulting in jitter measurements outside the output specifications listed in this table.

7. Edge Duty Trim Accuracy is a percentage of the setting value. Settings available are 70 ps, 140 ps, and 280 ps in addition to the default value of none.

8. Jitter values measured with the internal oscillator operating. The jitter values will increase with loading of the PLD fabric and in the presence of SSO noise.











	MachXO2-1200					MachXO2-1200U
	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	25 WLCSP	32 QFN <sup>1</sup>	256 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank	•					
Bank 0	18	25	27	11	9	50
Bank 1	21	26	26	0	2	52
Bank 2	20	28	28	7	9	52
Bank 3	20	25	26	0	2	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	79	104	107	18	22	206
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	9	13	14	5	4	25
Bank 1	10	13	13	0	1	26
Bank 2	10	14	14	2	4	26
Bank 3	10	12	13	0	1	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	39	52	54	7	10	103
Dual Function I/O	31	33	33	18	22	33
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	4	7	7	0	0	14
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	4	7	7	0	0	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Avail- able (Bank 2)	5	7	7	0	2	14
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	1	2	2	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 1	2	3	3	0	1	4
Bank 2	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 3	3	3	3	0	1	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	1
VCC	2	4	4	2	2	8
GND	8	10	12	2	2	24
NC	1	1	8	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	100	132	144	25	32	256
1. Lattice recommends soldering the centra						

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.



# **For Further Information**

For further information regarding logic signal connections for various packages please refer to the MachXO2 Device Pinout Files.

# **Thermal Management**

Thermal management is recommended as part of any sound FPGA design methodology. To assess the thermal characteristics of a system, Lattice specifies a maximum allowable junction temperature in all device data sheets. Users must complete a thermal analysis of their specific design to ensure that the device and package do not exceed the junction temperature limits. Refer to the Thermal Management document to find the device/package specific thermal values.

### For Further Information

For further information regarding Thermal Management, refer to the following:

- Thermal Management document
- TN1198, Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices
- The Power Calculator tool is included with the Lattice design tools, or as a standalone download from www.latticesemi.com/software



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR50 <sup>3</sup>	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR1K <sup>2</sup>	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free WLCSP	49	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-1FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-2FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000ZE-3FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

1. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 5,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 10,000 units. Order quantities must be in increments of 5,000 units. For example, a 10,000 unit order will be shipped in two reels with one reel containing 5,000 units and the other reel with less than 5,000 units (depending on test yields). Unserviced backlog will be canceled.

2. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 1,000 units with a minimum order quantity of 1,000. Order quantities must be in increments of 1,000 units. For example, a 5,000 unit order will be shipped as 5 reels of 1000 units each.

3. This part number has a tape and reel quantity of 50 units with a minimum order quantity of 50. Order quantities must be in increments of 50 units. For example, a 1,000 unit order will be shipped as 20 reels of 50 units each.



Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144I	1280	2.5 V/ 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200UHC-4FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-5FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-6FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



# High Performance Industrial Grade Devices Without Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG100I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6MG132I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6TG144I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6BG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-4FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-5FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HE-6FTG256I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHE-4FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-5FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHE-6FG484I	2112	1.2 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND



Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
December 2014	2.9	Introduction	Updated the Features section. Revised Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Removed XO2-4000U data. — Removed 400-ball ftBGA. — Removed 25-ball WLCSP value for XO2-2000U.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for $V_{CC}$ and $V_{CCIO}$
			Updated the sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions section. Adjusted Max. values for LVCMOS 3.3, LVTTL, PCI, LVDS33 and LVPECL.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Removed MachXO2-4000U.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Removed BG400 package.
			Updated the High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Volt- age Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
			Updated the High-Performance Industrial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Removed LCMXO2-4000UHC part numbers.
November 2014	lovember 2014 2.8	Introduction	Updated the Features section. — Revised I/Os under Flexible Logic Architecture. — Revised standby power under Ultra Low Power Devices. — Revise input frequency range under Flexible On-Chip Clocking.
			Updated Table 1-1, MachXO2 Family Selection Guide. — Added XO2-4000U data. — Removed HE and ZE device options for XO2-4000. — Added 400-ball ftBGA.
		Pinout Information	Updated the Pinout Information Summary section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400.
		Ordering Information	Updated the MachXO2 Part Number Description section. Added BG400 package.
			Updated the Ordering Information section. Added MachXO2-4000U caBGA400 and MachXO2-7000 caBGA400 part numbers.
October 2014	2.7	Ordering Information	Updated the Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Fixed typo in LCMXO2-2000ZE- 1UWG49ITR part number package.
		Architecture	Updated the Supported Standards section. Added MIPI information to Table 2-12. Supported Input Standards and Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated the BLVDS section. Changed output impedance nominal values in Table 3-2, BLVDS DC Condition.
			Updated the LVPECL section. Changed output impedance nominal value in Table 3-3, LVPECL DC Condition.
			Updated the sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. Updated INITN low time values.
July 2014	2.6	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics <sup>1, 2</sup> section. Updated footnote 4.
			Updated Register-to-Register Performance section. Updated foot- note.
		Ordering Information	Updated UW49 package to UWG49 in MachXO2 Part Number Description.
			Updated LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR package in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging.