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[Understanding Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	858
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	6864
Total RAM Bits	245760
Number of I/O	206
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-CABGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lcmxo2-7000ze-1bg256c

The logic blocks, Programmable Functional Unit (PFU) and sysMEM EBR blocks, are arranged in a two-dimensional grid with rows and columns. Each row has either the logic blocks or the EBR blocks. The PIO cells are located at the periphery of the device, arranged in banks. The PFU contains the building blocks for logic, arithmetic, RAM, ROM, and register functions. The PIOs utilize a flexible I/O buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer that supports operation with a variety of interface standards. The blocks are connected with many vertical and horizontal routing channel resources. The place and route software tool automatically allocates these routing resources.

In the MachXO2 family, the number of sysIO banks varies by device. There are different types of I/O buffers on the different banks. Refer to the details in later sections of this document. The sysMEM EBRs are large, dedicated fast memory blocks; these blocks are found in MachXO2-640/U and larger devices. These blocks can be configured as RAM, ROM or FIFO. FIFO support includes dedicated FIFO pointer and flag “hard” control logic to minimize LUT usage.

The MachXO2 registers in PFU and sysI/O can be configured to be SET or RESET. After power up and device is configured, the device enters into user mode with these registers SET/RESET according to the configuration setting, allowing device entering to a known state for predictable system function.

The MachXO2 architecture also provides up to two sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loop (PLL) blocks on MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices. These blocks are located at the ends of the on-chip Flash block. The PLLs have multiply, divide, and phase shifting capabilities that are used to manage the frequency and phase relationships of the clocks.

MachXO2 devices provide commonly used hardened functions such as SPI controller, I²C controller and timer/counter. MachXO2-640/U and higher density devices also provide User Flash Memory (UFM). These hardened functions and the UFM interface to the core logic and routing through a WISHBONE interface. The UFM can also be accessed through the SPI, I²C and JTAG ports.

Every device in the family has a JTAG port that supports programming and configuration of the device as well as access to the user logic. The MachXO2 devices are available for operation from 3.3 V, 2.5 V and 1.2 V power supplies, providing easy integration into the overall system.

PFU Blocks

The core of the MachXO2 device consists of PFU blocks, which can be programmed to perform logic, arithmetic, distributed RAM and distributed ROM functions. Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices numbered 0 to 3 as shown in Figure 2-3. Each slice contains two LUTs and two registers. There are 53 inputs and 25 outputs associated with each PFU block.

PIO

The PIO contains three blocks: an input register block, output register block and tri-state register block. These blocks contain registers for operating in a variety of modes along with the necessary clock and selection logic.

Table 2-8. PIO Signal List

Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
CE	Input	Clock Enable
D	Input	Pin input from sysIO buffer.
INDD	Output	Register bypassed input.
INCK	Output	Clock input
Q0	Output	DDR positive edge input
Q1	Output	Registered input/DDR negative edge input
D0	Input	Output signal from the core (SDR and DDR)
D1	Input	Output signal from the core (DDR)
TD	Input	Tri-state signal from the core
Q	Output	Data output signals to sysIO Buffer
TQ	Output	Tri-state output signals to sysIO Buffer
DQSR90 ¹	Input	DQS shift 90-degree read clock
DQSW90 ¹	Input	DQS shift 90-degree write clock
DDRCLKPOL ¹	Input	DDR input register polarity control signal from DQS
SCLK	Input	System clock for input and output/tri-state blocks.
RST	Input	Local set reset signal

1. Available in PIO on right edge only.

Input Register Block

The input register blocks for the PIOs on all edges contain delay elements and registers that can be used to condition high-speed interface signals before they are passed to the device core. In addition to this functionality, the input register blocks for the PIOs on the right edge include built-in logic to interface to DDR memory.

Figure 2-12 shows the input register block for the PIOs located on the left, top and bottom edges. Figure 2-13 shows the input register block for the PIOs on the right edge.

Left, Top, Bottom Edges

Input signals are fed from the sysIO buffer to the input register block (as signal D). If desired, the input signal can bypass the register and delay elements and be used directly as a combinatorial signal (INDD), and a clock (INCK). If an input delay is desired, users can select a fixed delay. I/Os on the bottom edge also have a dynamic delay, DEL[4:0]. The delay, if selected, reduces input register hold time requirements when using a global clock. The input block allows two modes of operation. In single data rate (SDR) the data is registered with the system clock (SCLK) by one of the registers in the single data rate sync register block. In Generic DDR mode, two registers are used to sample the data on the positive and negative edges of the system clock (SCLK) signal, creating two data streams.

Table 2-13. Supported Output Standards

Output Standard	V_{CCIO} (Typ.)
Single-Ended Interfaces	
LVTTL	3.3
LVCMOS33	3.3
LVCMOS25	2.5
LVCMOS18	1.8
LVCMOS15	1.5
LVCMOS12	1.2
LVCMOS33, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS25, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS18, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS15, Open Drain	—
LVCMOS12, Open Drain	—
PCI33	3.3
SSTL25 (Class I)	2.5
SSTL18 (Class I)	1.8
HSTL18(Class I)	1.8
Differential Interfaces	
LVDS ^{1,2}	2.5, 3.3
BLVDS, MLVDS, RSRS ²	2.5
LVPECL ²	3.3
MIPI ²	2.5
Differential SSTL18	1.8
Differential SSTL25	2.5
Differential HSTL18	1.8

1. MachXO2-640U, MachXO2-1200/U and larger devices have dedicated LVDS buffers.

2. These interfaces can be emulated with external resistors in all devices.

sysIO Buffer Banks

The numbers of banks vary between the devices of this family. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U and higher density devices have six I/O banks (one bank on the top, right and bottom side and three banks on the left side). The MachXO2-1200 and lower density devices have four banks (one bank per side). Figures 2-18 and 2-19 show the sysIO banks and their associated supplies for all devices.

Figure 2-18. MachXO2-1200U, MachXO2-2000/U, MachXO2-4000 and MachXO2-7000 Banks

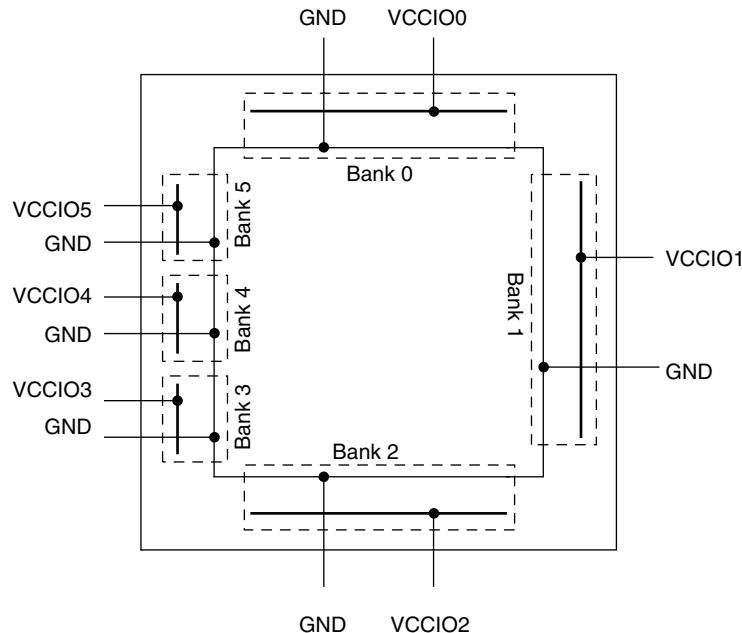


Figure 2-19. MachXO2-256, MachXO2-640/U and MachXO2-1200 Banks

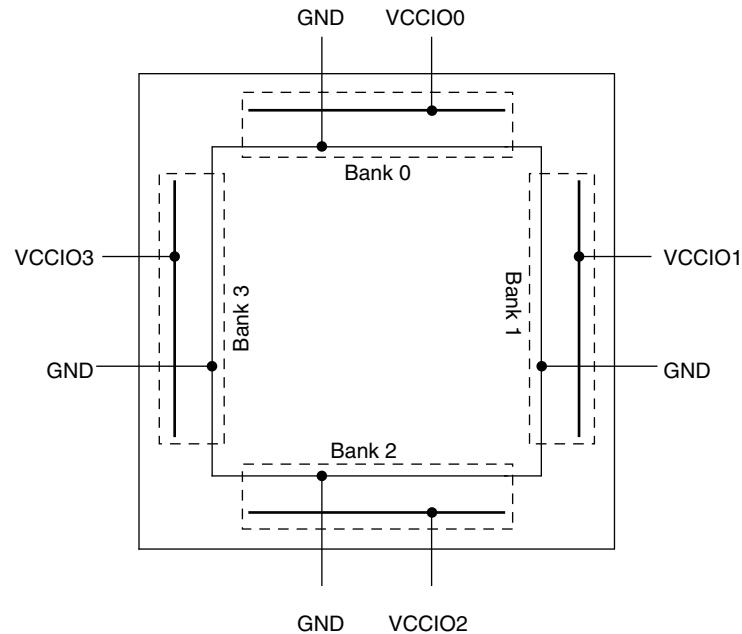


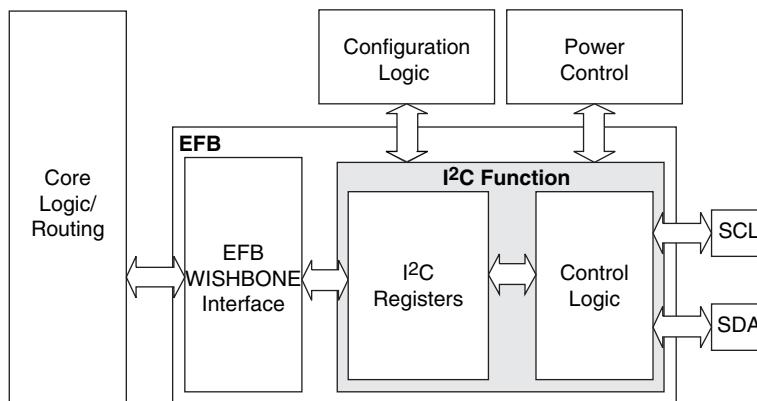
Figure 2-21. I²C Core Block Diagram


Table 2-15 describes the signals interfacing with the I²C cores.

Table 2-15. I²C Core Signal Description

Signal Name	I/O	Description
i2c_scl	Bi-directional	Bi-directional clock line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output if the I ² C core is in master mode. The signal is an input if the I ² C core is in slave mode. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_sda	Bi-directional	Bi-directional data line of the I ² C core. The signal is an output when data is transmitted from the I ² C core. The signal is an input when data is received into the I ² C core. MUST be routed directly to the pre-assigned I/O of the chip. Refer to the Pinout Information section of this document for detailed pad and pin locations of I ² C ports in each MachXO2 device.
i2c_irqo	Output	Interrupt request output signal of the I ² C core. The intended usage of this signal is for it to be connected to the WISHBONE master controller (i.e. a microcontroller or state machine) and request an interrupt when a specific condition is met. These conditions are described with the I ² C register definitions.
cfg_wake	Output	Wake-up signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the “Wakeup Enable” feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I ² C Tab.
cfg_stby	Output	Stand-by signal – To be connected only to the power module of the MachXO2 device. The signal is enabled only if the “Wakeup Enable” feature has been set within the EFB GUI, I ² C Tab.

Hardened SPI IP Core

Every MachXO2 device has a hard SPI IP core that can be configured as a SPI master or slave. When the IP core is configured as a master it will be able to control other SPI enabled chips connected to the SPI bus. When the core is configured as the slave, the device will be able to interface to an external SPI master. The SPI IP core on MachXO2 devices supports the following functions:

- Configurable Master and Slave modes
- Full-Duplex data transfer
- Mode fault error flag with CPU interrupt capability
- Double-buffered data register
- Serial clock with programmable polarity and phase
- LSB First or MSB First Data Transfer
- Interface to custom logic through 8-bit WISHBONE interface

Configuration and Testing

This section describes the configuration and testing features of the MachXO2 family.

IEEE 1149.1-Compliant Boundary Scan Testability

All MachXO2 devices have boundary scan cells that are accessed through an IEEE 1149.1 compliant test access port (TAP). This allows functional testing of the circuit board, on which the device is mounted, through a serial scan path that can access all critical logic nodes. Internal registers are linked internally, allowing test data to be shifted in and loaded directly onto test nodes, or test data to be captured and shifted out for verification. The test access port consists of dedicated I/Os: TDI, TDO, TCK and TMS. The test access port shares its power supply with V_{CCIO} Bank 0 and can operate with LVC MOS3.3, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, and 1.2 standards.

For more details on boundary scan test, see AN8066, [Boundary Scan Testability with Lattice sysIO Capability](#) and TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#).

Device Configuration

All MachXO2 devices contain two ports that can be used for device configuration. The Test Access Port (TAP), which supports bit-wide configuration and the sysCONFIG port which supports serial configuration through I²C or SPI. The TAP supports both the IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan specification and the IEEE Standard 1532 In-System Configuration specification. There are various ways to configure a MachXO2 device:

1. Internal Flash Download
2. JTAG
3. Standard Serial Peripheral Interface (Master SPI mode) – interface to boot PROM memory
4. System microprocessor to drive a serial slave SPI port (SSPI mode)
5. Standard I²C Interface to system microprocessor

Upon power-up, the configuration SRAM is ready to be configured using the selected sysCONFIG port. Once a configuration port is selected, it will remain active throughout that configuration cycle. The IEEE 1149.1 port can be activated any time after power-up by sending the appropriate command through the TAP port. Optionally the device can run a CRC check upon entering the user mode. This will ensure that the device was configured correctly.

The sysCONFIG port has 10 dual-function pins which can be used as general purpose I/Os if they are not required for configuration. See TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#) for more information about using the dual-use pins as general purpose I/Os.

Lattice design software uses proprietary compression technology to compress bit-streams for use in MachXO2 devices. Use of this technology allows Lattice to provide a lower cost solution. In the unlikely event that this technology is unable to compress bitstreams to fit into the amount of on-chip Flash memory, there are a variety of techniques that can be utilized to allow the bitstream to fit in the on-chip Flash memory. For more details, refer to TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

The Test Access Port (TAP) has five dual purpose pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK and JTAGENB). These pins are dual function pins - TDI, TDO, TMS and TCK can be used as general purpose I/O if desired. For more details, refer to TN1204, [MachXO2 Programming and Configuration Usage Guide](#).

TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration)

TransFR is a unique Lattice technology that allows users to update their logic in the field without interrupting system operation using a simple push-button solution. For more details refer to TN1087, [Minimizing System Interruption During Configuration Using TransFR Technology](#) for details.

Programming and Erase Flash Supply Current – ZE Devices^{1, 2, 3, 4}

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ. ⁵	Units
I _{CC}	Core Power Supply	LCMXO2-256ZE	13	mA
		LCMXO2-640ZE	14	mA
		LCMXO2-1200ZE	15	mA
		LCMXO2-2000ZE	17	mA
		LCMXO2-4000ZE	18	mA
		LCMXO2-7000ZE	20	mA
I _{CCIO}	Bank Power Supply ⁶	All devices	0	mA

1. For further information on supply current, please refer to TN1198, [Power Estimation and Management for MachXO2 Devices](#).

2. Assumes all inputs are held at V_{CCIO} or GND and all outputs are tri-stated.

3. Typical user pattern.

4. JTAG programming is at 25 MHz.

5. TJ = 25 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.

6. Per bank. V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V. Does not include pull-up/pull-down.

sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics^{1, 2}

Input/Output Standard	V_{IL}		V_{IH}		$V_{OL\ Max.}(V)$	$V_{OH\ Min.}(V)$	$I_{OL\ Max.}^4(mA)$	$I_{OH\ Max.}^4(mA)$
	Min. (V) ³	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVCMOS 3.3 LVTTL	-0.3	0.8	2.0	3.6	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
							16	-16
							24	-24
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
							16	-16
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS 1.8	-0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	3.6	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4	-4
							8	-8
							12	-12
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS 1.5	-0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	3.6	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4	-4
							8	-8
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVCMOS 1.2	-0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	3.6	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4	-2
							8	-6
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
PCI	-0.3	$0.3V_{CCIO}$	$0.5V_{CCIO}$	3.6	$0.1V_{CCIO}$	$0.9V_{CCIO}$	1.5	-0.5
SSTL25 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.18$	$V_{REF} + 0.18$	3.6	0.54	$V_{CCIO} - 0.62$	8	8
SSTL25 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.18$	$V_{REF} + 0.18$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
SSTL18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	3.6	0.40	$V_{CCIO} - 0.40$	8	8
SSTL18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
HSTL18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.40	$V_{CCIO} - 0.40$	8	8
HSTL18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS25R33	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R33	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS18R25	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R33	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS15R25	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
LVCMOS12R33	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS12R25	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain
LVCMOS10R33	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	3.6	0.40	NA Open Drain	24, 16, 12, 8, 4	NA Open Drain

RSDS

The MachXO2 family supports the differential RSDS standard. The output standard is emulated using complementary LVCMS outputs in conjunction with resistors across the driver outputs on all the devices. The RSDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3-4 is one possible solution for RSDS standard implementation. Use LVDS25E mode with suggested resistors for RSDS operation. Resistor values in Figure 3-4 are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

Figure 3-4. RSDS (Reduced Swing Differential Standard)

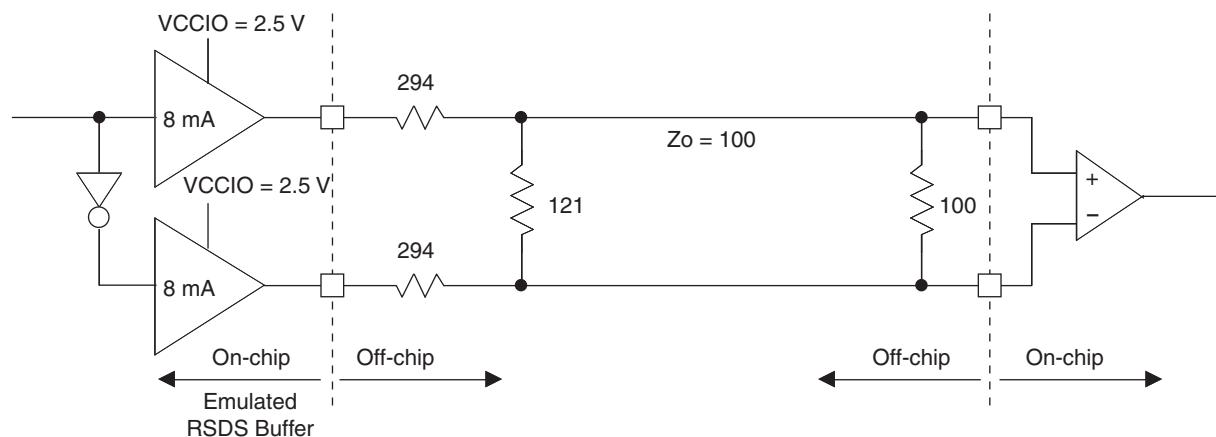


Table 3-4. RSDS DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Units
Z_{OUT}	Output impedance	20	Ohms
R_S	Driver series resistor	294	Ohms
R_P	Driver parallel resistor	121	Ohms
R_T	Receiver termination	100	Ohms
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	1.35	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	1.15	V
V_{OD}	Output differential voltage	0.20	V
V_{CM}	Output common mode voltage	1.25	V
Z_{BACK}	Back impedance	101.5	Ohms
I_{DC}	DC output current	3.66	mA

Parameter	Description	Device	-6		-5		-4		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{SU_DEL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-256HC-HE	1.42	—	1.59	—	1.96	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	1.41	—	1.58	—	1.96	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.63	—	1.79	—	2.17	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.61	—	1.76	—	2.13	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.66	—	1.81	—	2.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.53	—	1.67	—	2.03	—	ns
t_{H_DEL}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-256HC-HE	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns
		MachXO2-640HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	-0.24	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	-0.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.21	—	-0.21	—	-0.21	—	ns
f_{MAX_IO}	Clock Frequency of I/O and PFU Register	All MachXO2 devices	—	388	—	323	—	269	MHz

General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Edge Clock without PLL)

t_{COE}	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	7.53	—	7.76	—	8.10	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	7.53	—	7.76	—	8.10	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	—	7.45	—	7.68	—	8.00	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	7.53	—	7.76	—	8.10	ns
t_{SUE}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.19	—	-0.19	—	-0.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.19	—	-0.19	—	-0.19	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.16	—	-0.16	—	-0.16	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.19	—	-0.19	—	-0.19	—	ns
t_{HE}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.97	—	2.24	—	2.52	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.97	—	2.24	—	2.52	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.89	—	2.16	—	2.43	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.97	—	2.24	—	2.52	—	ns
t_{SU_DELE}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register with Data Input Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	1.56	—	1.69	—	2.05	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	1.56	—	1.69	—	2.05	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	1.74	—	1.88	—	2.25	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	1.66	—	1.81	—	2.17	—	ns
t_{H_DELE}	Clock to Data Hold – PIO Input Register with Input Data Delay	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	-0.23	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	-0.34	—	-0.34	—	-0.34	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	-0.29	—	-0.29	—	-0.29	—	ns

General I/O Pin Parameters (Using Primary Clock with PLL)

t_{COPPL}	Clock to Output – PIO Output Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	—	5.97	—	6.00	—	6.13	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	—	5.98	—	6.01	—	6.14	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	—	5.99	—	6.02	—	6.16	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	—	6.02	—	6.06	—	6.20	ns
t_{SUPPL}	Clock to Data Setup – PIO Input Register	MachXO2-1200HC-HE	0.36	—	0.36	—	0.65	—	ns
		MachXO2-2000HC-HE	0.36	—	0.36	—	0.63	—	ns
		MachXO2-4000HC-HE	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.62	—	ns
		MachXO2-7000HC-HE	0.34	—	0.34	—	0.59	—	ns

I²C Port Timing Specifications^{1,2}

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum SCL clock frequency	—	400	kHz

1. MachXO2 supports the following modes:
 - Standard-mode (Sm), with a bit rate up to 100 kbit/s (user and configuration mode)
 - Fast-mode (Fm), with a bit rate up to 400 kbit/s (user and configuration mode)
2. Refer to the I²C specification for timing requirements.

SPI Port Timing Specifications¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum SCK clock frequency	—	45	MHz

1. Applies to user mode only. For configuration mode timing specifications, refer to sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications table in this data sheet.

Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3-13 shows the output test load used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are shown in Table 3-5.

Figure 3-13. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMS Standards

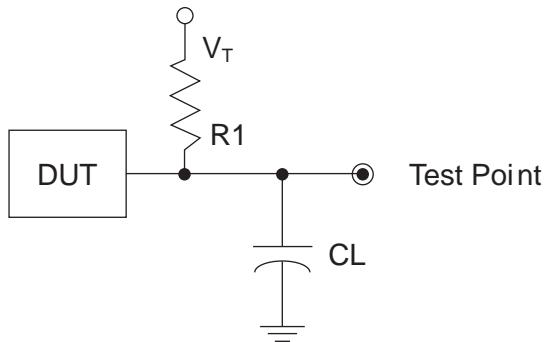


Table 3-5. Test Fixture Required Components, Non-Terminated Interfaces

Test Condition	R1	CL	Timing Ref.	VT
LVTTL and LVCMS settings (L -> H, H -> L)	∞	0pF	LVTTL, LVCMS 3.3 = 1.5 V	—
			LVCMS 2.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMS 1.8 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMS 1.5 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
			LVCMS 1.2 = $V_{CCIO}/2$	—
LVTTL and LVCMS 3.3 (Z -> H)	188	0pF	1.5 V	V_{OL}
LVTTL and LVCMS 3.3 (Z -> L)			1.5 V	V_{OH}
Other LVCMS (Z -> H)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OL}
Other LVCMS (Z -> L)			$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{OH}
LVTTL + LVCMS (H -> Z)			$V_{OH} - 0.15$ V	V_{OL}
LVTTL + LVCMS (L -> Z)			$V_{OL} - 0.15$ V	V_{OH}

Note: Output test conditions for all other interfaces are determined by the respective standards.

	MachXO2-1200					MachXO2-1200U
	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	25 WLCSP	32 QFN ¹	256 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	18	25	27	11	9	50
Bank 1	21	26	26	0	2	52
Bank 2	20	28	28	7	9	52
Bank 3	20	25	26	0	2	16
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	16
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	20
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	79	104	107	18	22	206
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	9	13	14	5	4	25
Bank 1	10	13	13	0	1	26
Bank 2	10	14	14	2	4	26
Bank 3	10	12	13	0	1	8
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	8
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	39	52	54	7	10	103
Dual Function I/O	31	33	33	18	22	33
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	4	7	7	0	0	14
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	4	7	7	0	0	14
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	5	7	7	0	2	14
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	1	2	2	0	0	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 1	2	3	3	0	1	4
Bank 2	2	3	3	1	2	4
Bank 3	3	3	3	0	1	1
Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	2
Bank 5	0	0	0	0	0	1
VCC	2	4	4	2	2	8
GND	8	10	12	2	2	24
NC	1	1	8	0	0	1
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	100	132	144	25	32	256

1. Lattice recommends soldering the central thermal pad onto the top PCB ground for improved thermal resistance.

	MachXO2-2000						MachXO2-2000U
	49 WLCSP	100 TQFP	132 csBGA	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	484 ftBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank							
Bank 0	19	18	25	27	50	50	70
Bank 1	0	21	26	28	52	52	68
Bank 2	13	20	28	28	52	52	72
Bank 3	0	6	7	8	16	16	24
Bank 4	0	6	8	10	16	16	16
Bank 5	6	8	10	10	20	20	28
Total General Purpose Single-Ended I/O	38	79	104	111	206	206	278
Differential I/O per Bank							
Bank 0	7	9	13	14	25	25	35
Bank 1	0	10	13	14	26	26	34
Bank 2	6	10	14	14	26	26	36
Bank 3	0	3	3	4	8	8	12
Bank 4	0	3	4	5	8	8	8
Bank 5	3	4	5	5	10	10	14
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	16	39	52	56	103	103	139
Dual Function I/O	24	31	33	33	33	33	37
High-speed Differential I/O							
Bank 0	5	4	8	9	14	14	18
Gearboxes							
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	5	4	8	9	14	14	18
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	6	10	14	14	14	14	18
DQS Groups							
Bank 1	0	1	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins							
Bank 0	2	2	3	3	4	4	10
Bank 1	0	2	3	3	4	4	10
Bank 2	1	2	3	3	4	4	10
Bank 3	0	1	1	1	1	1	3
Bank 4	0	1	1	1	2	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
VCC							
VCC	2	2	4	4	8	8	12
GND	4	8	10	12	24	24	48
NC	0	1	1	4	1	1	105
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	v	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	39	100	132	144	256	256	484

	MachXO2-7000					
	144 TQFP	256 caBGA	256 ftBGA	332 caBGA	400 caBGA	484 fpBGA
General Purpose I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	27	50	50	68	83	82
Bank 1	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 2	29	52	52	70	84	84
Bank 3	9	16	16	24	28	28
Bank 4	10	16	16	16	24	24
Bank 5	10	20	20	30	32	32
Total General Purpose Single Ended I/O	114	206	206	278	335	334
Differential I/O per Bank						
Bank 0	14	25	25	34	42	41
Bank 1	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 2	14	26	26	35	42	42
Bank 3	4	8	8	12	14	14
Bank 4	5	8	8	8	12	12
Bank 5	5	10	10	15	16	16
Total General Purpose Differential I/O	56	103	103	139	168	167
Dual Function I/O	37	37	37	37	37	37
High-speed Differential I/O						
Bank 0	9	20	20	21	21	21
Gearboxes						
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Output Gearbox Available (Bank 0)	9	20	20	21	21	21
Number of 7:1 or 8:1 Input Gearbox Available (Bank 2)	14	20	20	21	21	21
DQS Groups						
Bank 1	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCIO Pins						
Bank 0	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 1	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 2	3	4	4	4	5	10
Bank 3	1	1	1	2	2	3
Bank 4	1	2	2	1	2	4
Bank 5	1	1	1	2	2	3
VCC	4	8	8	8	10	12
GND	12	24	24	27	33	48
NC	1	1	1	1	0	49
Reserved for Configuration	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Count of Bonded Pins	144	256	256	332	400	484

**High-Performance Commercial Grade Devices with Voltage Regulator, Halogen Free
(RoHS) Packaging**

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG32C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6SG48C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free uCBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free uCBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6UMG64C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free uCBGA	64	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6TG100C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-4MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-5MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-256HC-6MG132C	256	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640HC-4SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6SG48C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	48	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-4TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6TG100C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-4MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-5MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-640HC-6MG132C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-640UHC-4TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-640UHC-5TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-640UHC-6TG144C	640	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484C	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-4000HC-4QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6QN84C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	84	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6MG132C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6TG144C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FTG256C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6BG332C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-4FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-5FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM
LCMXO2-4000HC-6FG484C	4320	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	COM

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1QN84I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2QN84I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3QN84I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free QFN	84	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3MG132I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3TG144I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3BG256I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3FTG256I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3BG332I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-1FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-2FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMxo2-4000ZE-3FG484I	4320	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMxo2-7000ZE-1TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-2TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-3TG144I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-1BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-2BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-3BG256I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-1FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-2FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-3FTG256I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-1BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-2BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-3BG332I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free caBGA	332	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-1FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-1	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-2FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-2	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMxo2-7000ZE-3FG484I	6864	1.2 V	-3	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200HC-4SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6SG32I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free QFN	32	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG100I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6MG132I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-4TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-5TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-1200HC-6TG144I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-1200UHC-4FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-5FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-1200UHC-6FTG256I	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG100I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6MG132I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6TG144I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6BG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free caBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-4FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-5FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND
LCMXO2-2000HC-6FTG256I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free ftBGA	256	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMXO2-2000UHC-4FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-5FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND
LCMXO2-2000UHC-6FG484I	2112	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free fpBGA	484	IND

Part Number	LUTs	Supply Voltage	Grade	Package	Leads	Temp.
LCMxo2-1200HC-4TG100IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-5TG100IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-6TG100IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	100	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-4MG132IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-5MG132IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-6MG132IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free csBGA	132	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-4TG144IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-4	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-5TG144IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-5	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND
LCMxo2-1200HC-6TG144IR1 ¹	1280	2.5 V / 3.3 V	-6	Halogen-Free TQFP	144	IND

1. Specifications for the “LCMxo2-1200HC-speed package IR1” are the same as the “LCMxo2-1200ZE-speed package I” devices respectively, except as specified in the [R1 Device Specifications](#) section of this data sheet.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
May 2014	2.5	Architecture	Updated TransFR (Transparent Field Reconfiguration) section. Updated TransFR description for PLL use during background Flash programming.
February 2014	02.4	Introduction	Included the 49 WLCSP package in the MachXO2 Family Selection Guide table.
		Architecture	Added information to Standby Mode and Power Saving Options section.
		Pinout Information	Added the XO2-2000 49 WLCSP in the Pinout Information Summary table.
		Ordering Information	Added UW49 package in MachXO2 Part Number Description. Added and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49CTR in Ultra Low Power Commercial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section. Added and LCMXO2-2000ZE-1UWG49ITR in Ultra Low Power Industrial Grade Devices, Halogen Free (RoHS) Packaging section.
December 2013	02.3	Architecture	Updated information on CLKOS output divider in sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Static Supply Current – ZE Devices table.
			Updated footnote 4 in sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table; Updated V_{IL} Max. (V) data for LVCMOS 25 and LVCMOS 28.
			Updated V_{OS} test condition in sysIO Differential Electrical Characteristics - LVDS table.
September 2013	02.2	Architecture	Removed I ² C Clock-Stretching feature per PCN #10A-13.
		Removed information on PDPR memory in RAM Mode section.	
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Supported Input Standards table.
June 2013	02.1	Architecture	Architecture Overview – Added information on the state of the register on power up and after configuration. sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section – Added missing cross reference to sysCLOCK PLL Timing table.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Added slew rate information to footnote 2 of the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – HC/HE Devices and the MachXO2 External Switching Characteristics – ZE Devices tables.
			Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels table – Added symbols.