Infineon Technologies - MB90347ESPMC-GS-583E1 Datasheet

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	F²MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, LINbus, SCI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	82
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	Mask ROM
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x8/10b
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90347espmc-gs-583e1

Part Number / Parameter	MB90V340E-101, MB90V340E-102	MB90F342E(S), MB90F342CE(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90F345CE(S), MB90F346E(S), MB90F346CE(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90F347CE(S), MB90F349E(S), MB90F349CE(S)	MB90341E(S), MB90341CE(S), MB90342E(S), MB90342CE(S), MB90346E(S), MB90346CE(S), MB90347E(S), MB90347CE(S), MB90348E(S), MB90348CE(S), MB90349E(S), MB90349CE(S)
A/D Converter	24 input channels	Devices with a C suffix in the part number : 24 channels Devices without a C suffix in the part number : 16 channels	
	10-bit or 8-bit resolution Conversion time : Min 3 μs include sample time (per one channel)		
16-bit Reload Timer (4 channels)	Operation clock frequency : fsys/2^1, fsys/2^3, fsys/2^5 (fsys = Machine clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function		
16-bit Free-run Timer (2 channels)	Generates an interrupt signal on overflow Supports Timer Clear when the output compare finds a match Operation clock freq. : fsys, fsys/2^1, fsys/2^2, fsys/2^3, fsys/2^4, fsys/2^5, fsys/2^6, fsys/2^7 (fsys = Machine clock freq.) Free-run Timer 0 (clock input FRCK0) corresponds to ICU 0/1/2/3, OCU 0/1/2/3 Free-run Timer 1 (clock input FRCK1) corresponds to ICU 4/5/6/7, OCU 4/5/6/7		
16-bit Output Compare (8 channels)	Generates an interrupt signal when one of the 16-bit free-run timer matches the output compare register A pair of compare registers can be used to generate an output signal.		
16-bit Input Capture (8 channels)	Captures the value of the 16-bit free-run timer and generates an interrupt when triggered by a pin input (rising edge, falling edge, or both rising and falling edges).		
8/16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator	8 channels (16-bit) /16 channels (8-bit) Sixteen 8-bit reload counters Sixteen 8-bit reload registers for L pulse width Sixteen 8-bit reload registers for H pulse width		
	Supports 8-bit and 16-bit operation modes A pair of 8-bit reload counters can be configured as one 16-bit reload counter or as 8-bit prescaler plus 8-bit reload counter Operating clock freq. : fsys, fsys/2^1, fsys/2^2, fsys/2^3, fsys/2^4 or 128 μs@fosc = 4 MHz (fsys = Machine clock frequency, fosc = Oscillation clock frequency)		
CAN Interface	3 channels	2 channels : MB90F342E(S), MB90F342CE(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90F345CE(S) 1 channel : MB90F346E(S), MB90F346CE(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90F347CE(S), MB90F349E(S), MB90F349CE(S)	2 channels : MB90341E(S), MB90341CE(S), MB90342E(S), MB90342CE(S) 1 channel : MB90346E(S), MB90346CE(S), MB90347E(S), MB90347CE(S), MB90348E(S), MB90348CE(S), MB90349E(S), MB90349CE(S)
	Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B Automatic re-transmission in case of error Automatic transmission in response to Remote Frames Prioritized 16 message buffers for data and ID's Supports multiple messages Flexible configuration of acceptance filtering : Full bit compare/Full bit mask/Two partial bit masks Supports up to 1 Mbps		

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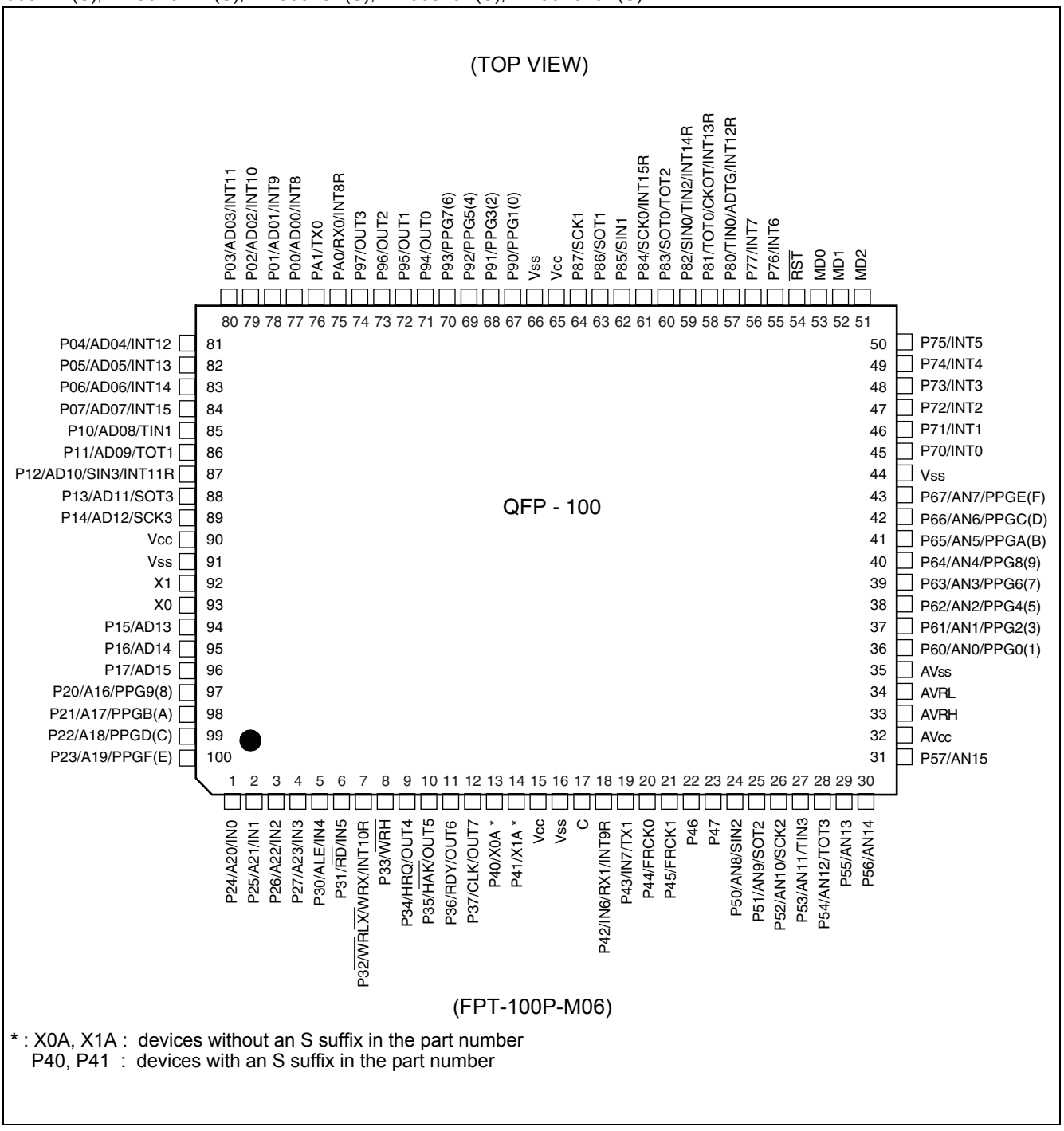
Part Number / Parameter	MB90V340E-101, MB90V340E-102	MB90F342E(S), MB90F342CE(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90F345CE(S), MB90F346E(S), MB90F346CE(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90F347CE(S), MB90F349E(S), MB90F349CE(S)	MB90341E(S), MB90341CE(S), MB90342E(S), MB90342CE(S), MB90346E(S), MB90346CE(S), MB90347E(S), MB90347CE(S), MB90348E(S), MB90348CE(S), MB90349E(S), MB90349CE(S)
External Interrupt (16 channels)	Can be used rising edge, falling edge, starting up by H/L level input, external interrupt, expanded intelligent I/O services (EI^{2}OS) and DMA		
D/A Converter	2 channels	—	
Sub clock (maximum 100 kHz)	Only for MB90V340E-102	Devices with sub clock : devices without an S suffix in the part number Devices without sub clock : devices with an S suffix in the part number	
I/O Ports	Virtually all external pins can be used as general purpose I/O port All ports are push-pull outputs Bit-wise settable as input/output or peripheral signal Can be configured 8 as CMOS schmitt trigger/ automotive inputs (in blocks of 8 pins) TTL input level settable for external bus (32-pin only for external bus)		
Flash Memory	—	Supports automatic programming, Embedded Algorithm Write/Erase/Erase-Suspend/Resume commands A flag indicating completion of the algorithm Number of erase cycles : 10000 cycles Data retention time : 20 years Boot block configuration Erase can be performed on each block Block protection with external programming voltage Flash Security Feature for protecting the content of the Flash (except for MB90F346E(S) and MB90F346CE (S))	

* : It is setting of Jumper switch (TOOL VCC) when Emulator (MB2147-01-E) is used.
Please refer to the Emulator operation manual for details.

2. Pin Assignments

■ MB90341E(S), MB90342E(S), MB90F342E(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90346E(S), MB90F346E(S), MB90347E(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90348E(S), MB90349E(S), MB90F349E(S)



(FPT-100P-M06)

***** : X0A, X1A : devices without an S suffix in the part number
P40, P41 : devices with an S suffix in the part number

(Continued)

Pin No.		Pin name	I/O Circuit type*3	Function
QFP100*1	LQFP100*2			
9	7	P34	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled either in single-chip mode or when the hold function is disabled.
		HRQ		Hold request input pin. This function is enabled when both the external bus and the hold function are enabled.
		OUT4		Waveform output pin for output compare.
10	8	P35	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled either in single-chip mode or when the hold function is disabled.
		$\overline{\text{HAK}}$		Hold acknowledge output pin. This function is enabled when both the external bus and the hold function are enabled.
		OUT5		Waveform output pin for output compare.
11	9	P36	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled either in single-chip mode or when the external ready function is disabled.
		RDY		External ready input pin. This function is enabled when both the external bus and the external ready function are enabled.
		OUT6		Waveform output pin for output compare.
12	10	P37	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled either in single-chip mode or when the clock output is disabled.
		CLK		Clock output pin. This function is enabled when both the external bus and clock output are enabled.
		OUT7		Waveform output pin for output compare
13, 14	11, 12	P40, P41	F	General purpose I/O pins. (devices with an S suffix in the part number and or MB90V340E-101)
		X0A, X1A	B	Oscillation pins for sub clock (devices without an S suffix in the part number and or MB90V340E-102)
15	13	V_{CC}	—	Power (3.5 V to 5.5 V) input pin
16	14	V_{SS}	—	GND pin
17	15	C	K	This is the power supply stabilization capacitor This pin should be connected to a ceramic capacitor with a capacitance greater than or equal to 0.1 µF.
18	16	P42	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		IN6		Trigger input pin for input capture.
		RX1		RX input pin for CAN1 Interface (MB90341E/342E/F342E/F345E only)
		INT9R		External interrupt request input pin

(Continued)

Pin No.		Pin name	I/O Circuit type*3	Function
QFP100*1	LQFP100*2			
33	31	AVRH	L	Reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AVRH is applied to AV_{CC}.
34	32	AVRL	K	Lower reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter
35	33	AV_{SS}	K	Analog GND pin for the A/D Converter
36 to 43	34 to 41	P60 to P67	I	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN0 to AN7		Analog input pins for the A/D converter
		PPG0, 2, 4, 6, 8, A, C, E		Output pins for PPGs
44	42	V_{SS}	—	GND pin
45 to 50	43 to 48	P70 to P75	I	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN16 to AN21		Analog input pins for the A/D converter (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
		INT0 to INT5		External interrupt request input pins
51	49	MD2	D	Input pin for specifying the operating mode.
52, 53	50, 51	MD1, MD0	C	Input pins for specifying the operating mode.
54	52	$\overline{RST}$	E	Reset input pin
55, 56	53, 54	P76, P77	I	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN22, AN23		Analog input pins for the A/D converter (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
		INT6, INT7		External interrupt request input pins
57	55	P80	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		TIN0		Event input pin for the reload timer
		ADTG		Trigger input pin for the A/D converter
		INT12R		External interrupt request input pin
58	56	P81	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		TOT0		Output pin for the reload timer
		CKOT		Output pin for the clock monitor
		INT13R		External interrupt request input pin
59	57	P82	M	General purpose I/O pin.
		SIN0		Serial data input pin for UART0
		TIN2		Event input pin for the reload timer
		INT14R		External interrupt request input pin
60	58	P83	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		SOT0		Serial data output pin for UART0
		TOT2		Output pin for the reload timer

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Pin No.		Pin name	I/O Circuit type*3	Function
QFP100*1	LQFP100*2			
86	84	P11	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		AD09		I/O pin for the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
		TOT1		Output pin for the reload timer
87	85	P12	N	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		AD10		I/O pin for the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
		SIN3		Serial data input pin for UART3
		INT11R		External interrupt request input pin
88	86	P13	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		AD11		I/O pin for the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
		SOT3		Serial data output pin for UART3
89	87	P14	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		AD12		I/O pin for the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
		SCK3		Clock I/O pin for UART3
90	88	V_{CC}	—	Power (3.5 V to 5.5 V) input pin
91	89	V_{SS}	—	GND pin
92	90	X1	A	Main clock output pin
93	91	X0		Main clock input pin
94	92	P15	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		AD13		I/O pin for the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
95	93	P16	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		AD14		I/O pin for the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.

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5. Handling Devices

1. Preventing latch-up

CMOS IC may suffer latch-up under the following conditions:

- A voltage higher than V_{CC} or lower than V_{SS} is applied to an input or output pin.
- A voltage higher than the rated voltage is applied between V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins.
- The AV_{CC} power supply is applied before the V_{CC} voltage.

Latch-up may increase the power supply current drastically, causing thermal damage to the device.

For the same reason, also be careful not to let the analog power-supply voltage (AV_{CC}, AVRH) exceed the digital power-supply voltage.

2. Handling unused pins

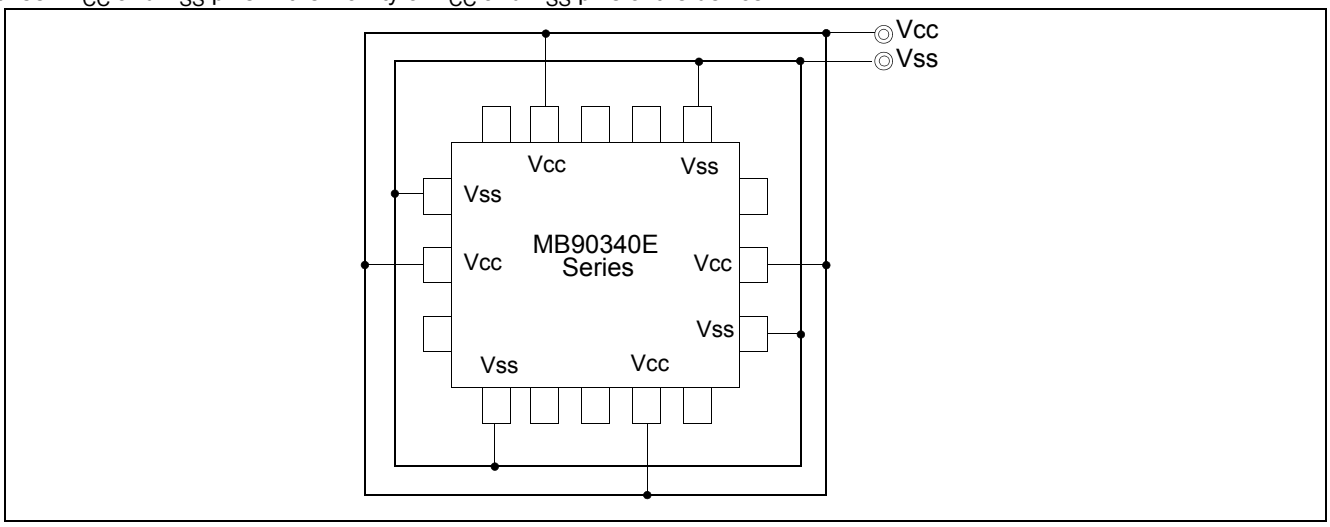
Leaving unused input terminals open may lead to permanent damage due to malfunction and latch-up; pull up or pull down the terminals through the resistors of 2 kΩ or more.

3. Power supply pins (V_{CC}/V_{SS})

- If there are multiple V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins, from the point of view of device design, pins to be of the same potential are connected inside of the device to prevent malfunction such as latch-up.

To reduce unnecessary radiation, prevent malfunctioning of the strobe signal due to the rise of ground level, and observe the standard for total output current, be sure to connect the V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins to the power supply and ground externally.
Connect V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins to the device from the current supply source at a possibly low impedance.

- As a measure against power supply noise, it is recommended to connect a capacitor of about 0.1 µF as a bypass capacitor between V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins in the vicinity of V_{CC} and V_{SS} pins of the device.



4. Mode Pins (MD0 to MD2)

Connect the mode pins directly to V_{CC} or V_{SS} pins. To prevent the device unintentionally entering test mode due to noise, lay out the printed circuit board so as to minimize the distance from the mode pins to V_{CC} or V_{SS} pins and to provide a low-impedance connection.

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
000060_H	Timer Control Status 0	TMCSR0	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 0	00000000_B
000061_H	Timer Control Status 0	TMCSR0	R/W		$XXXX0000_B$
000062_H	Timer Control Status 1	TMCSR1	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 1	00000000_B
000063_H	Timer Control Status 1	TMCSR1	R/W		$XXXX0000_B$
000064_H	Timer Control Status 2	TMCSR2	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 2	00000000_B
000065_H	Timer Control Status 2	TMCSR2	R/W		$XXXX0000_B$
000066_H	Timer Control Status 3	TMCSR3	R/W	16-bit Reload Timer 3	00000000_B
000067_H	Timer Control Status 3	TMCSR3	R/W		$XXXX0000_B$
000068_H	A/D Control Status 0	ADCS0	R/W	A/D Converter	$000XXXX0_B$
000069_H	A/D Control Status 1	ADCS1	R/W		$0000000X_B$
$00006A_H$	A/D Data 0	ADCR0	R		00000000_B
$00006B_H$	A/D Data 1	ADCR1	R		$XXXXXX00_B$
$00006C_H$	ADC Setting 0	ADSR0	R/W		00000000_B
$00006D_H$	ADC Setting 1	ADSR1	R/W		00000000_B
$00006E_H$	Reserved				
$00006F_H$	ROM Mirror Function Select	ROMM	W	ROM Mirror	$XXXXXXX1_B$
000070_H to $00008F_H$	Reserved for CAN Controller 0/1. Refer to "CAN Controllers"				
000090_H to $00009A_H$	Reserved				
$00009B_H$	DMA Descriptor Channel Specified Register	DCSR	R/W	DMA	00000000_B
$00009C_H$	DMA Status L Register	DSRL	R/W		00000000_B
$00009D_H$	DMA Status H Register	DSRH	R/W		00000000_B
$00009E_H$	Address Detect Control Register 0	PACSR0	R/W	Address Match Detection 0	00000000_B
$00009F_H$	Delayed Interrupt Trigger/Release Register	DIRR	R/W	Delayed Interrupt	$XXXXXXX0_B$
$0000A0_H$	Low-power Mode Control Register	LPMCR	W,R/W	Low Power Control Circuit	00011000_B
$0000A1_H$	Clock Selection Register	CKSCR	R,R/W	Low Power Control Circuit	11111100_B
$0000A2_H$, $0000A3_H$	Reserved				
$0000A4_H$	DMA Stop Status Register	DSSR	R/W	DMA	00000000_B

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Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
007900_H	Reload Register L0	PRLL0	R/W	16-bit PPG 0/1	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007901_H	Reload Register H0	PRLH0	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007902_H	Reload Register L1	PRLL1	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007903_H	Reload Register H1	PRLH1	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007904_H	Reload Register L2	PRLL2	R/W	16-bit PPG 2/3	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007905_H	Reload Register H2	PRLH2	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007906_H	Reload Register L3	PRLL3	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007907_H	Reload Register H3	PRLH3	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007908_H	Reload Register L4	PRLL4	R/W	16-bit PPG 4/5	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007909_H	Reload Register H4	PRLH4	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790A_H$	Reload Register L5	PRLL5	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790B_H$	Reload Register H5	PRLH5	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790C_H$	Reload Register L6	PRLL6	R/W	16-bit PPG 6/7	$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790D_H$	Reload Register H6	PRLH6	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790E_H$	Reload Register L7	PRLL7	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790F_H$	Reload Register H7	PRLH7	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007910_H	Reload Register L8	PRLL8	R/W	16-bit PPG 8/9	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007911_H	Reload Register H8	PRLH8	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007912_H	Reload Register L9	PRLL9	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007913_H	Reload Register H9	PRLH9	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007914_H	Reload Register LA	PRLLA	R/W	16-bit PPG A/B	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007915_H	Reload Register HA	PRLHA	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007916_H	Reload Register LB	PRLLB	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007917_H	Reload Register HB	PRLHB	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007918_H	Reload Register LC	PRLLC	R/W	16-bit PPG C/D	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007919_H	Reload Register HC	PRLHC	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791A_H$	Reload Register LD	PRLLD	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791B_H$	Reload Register HD	PRLHD	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791C_H$	Reload Register LE	PRLLE	R/W	16-bit PPG E/F	$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791D_H$	Reload Register HE	PRLHE	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791E_H$	Reload Register LF	PRLLF	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791F_H$	Reload Register HF	PRLHF	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007920_H	Input Capture 0	IPCP0	R	Input Capture 0/1	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007921_H	Input Capture 0	IPCP0	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007922_H	Input Capture 1	IPCP1	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007923_H	Input Capture 1	IPCP1	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$

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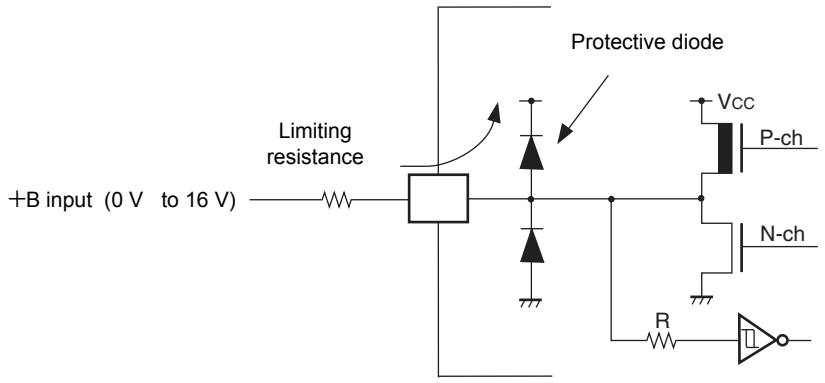
- Note that if a +B signal is input when the microcontroller power supply is off (not fixed at 0 V) , the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the +B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on reset.
- Care must be taken not to leave the +B input pin open.
- Sample recommended circuits:

■ Input/output equivalent circuits



*6: The maximum output current is defined as the peak value of the current of any one of the corresponding pins.

*7: The average output current is defined as the value of the average current flowing over 100 ms at any one of the corresponding pins.

*8: The average total output current is defined as the value of the average current flowing over 100 ms at all of the corresponding pins.

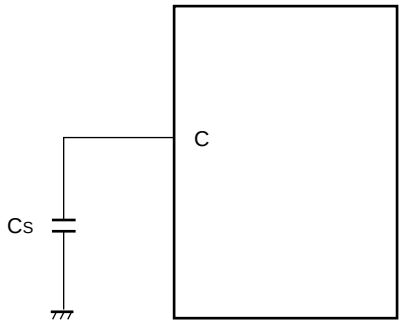
WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

11.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

(V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}, AV_{CC}	4.0	5.0	5.5	V	Under normal operation
		3.5	5.0	5.5	V	Under normal operation, when not using the A/D converter and not Flash programming.
		4.5	5.0	5.5	V	When External bus is used.
		3.0	—	5.5	V	Maintains RAM data in stop mode
Smoothing capacitor	C_S	0.1	—	1.0	µF	Use a ceramic capacitor or capacitor of better AC characteristics. Capacitor at the V_{CC} should be greater than this capacitor.
Operating temperature	T_A	−40	—	+105	°C	

C Pin Connection Diagram

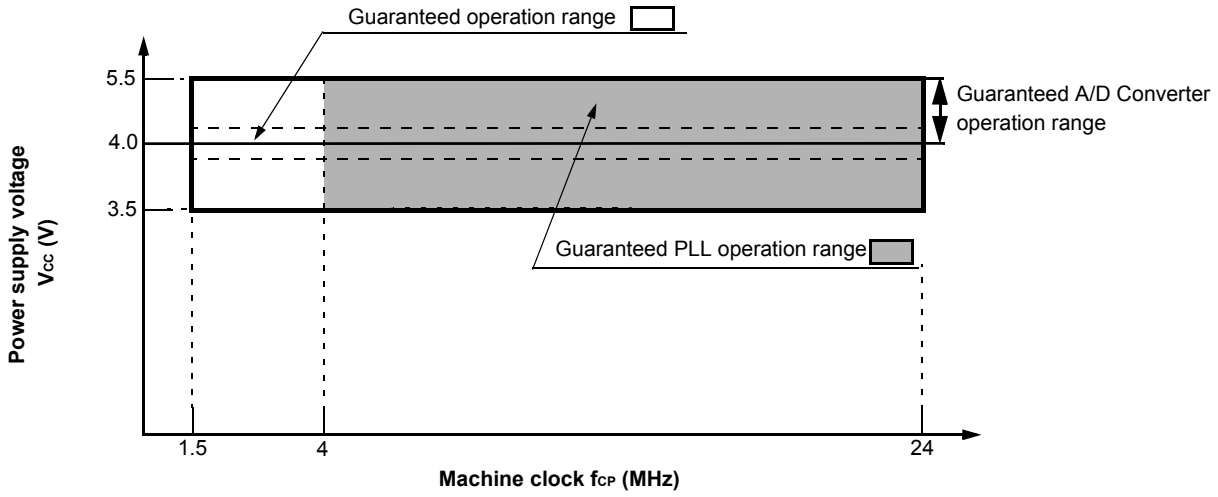


WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

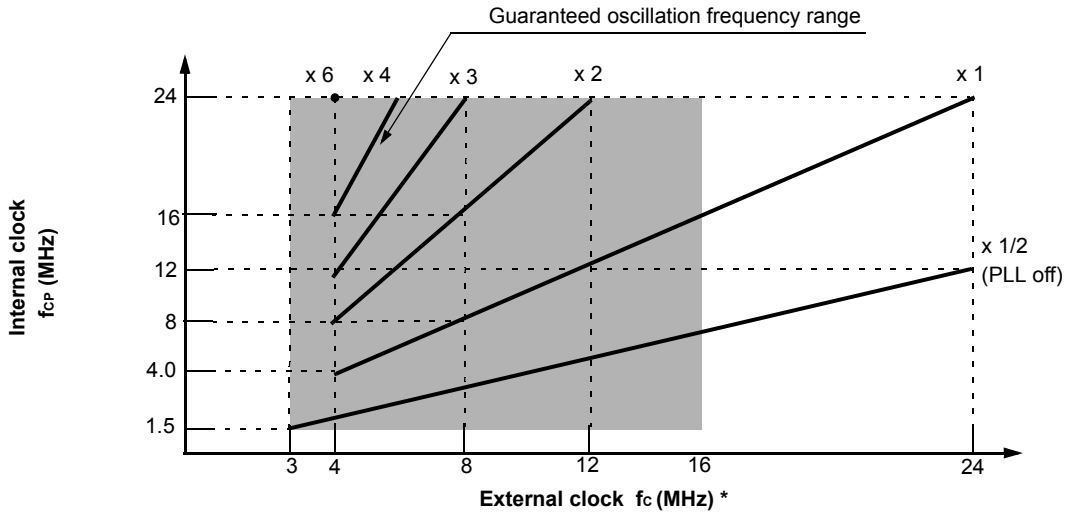
Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

Guaranteed PLL operation range



Guaranteed operation range of MB90340E series

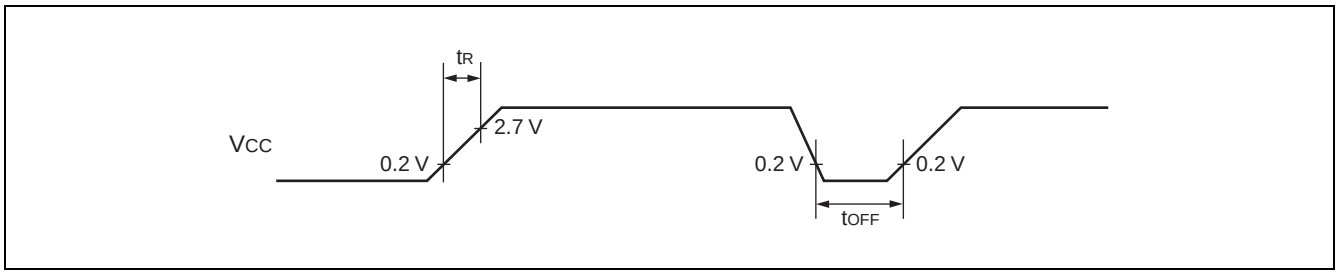


* : When using a crystal oscillator or ceramic oscillator, the maximum oscillation clock frequency is 16 MHz

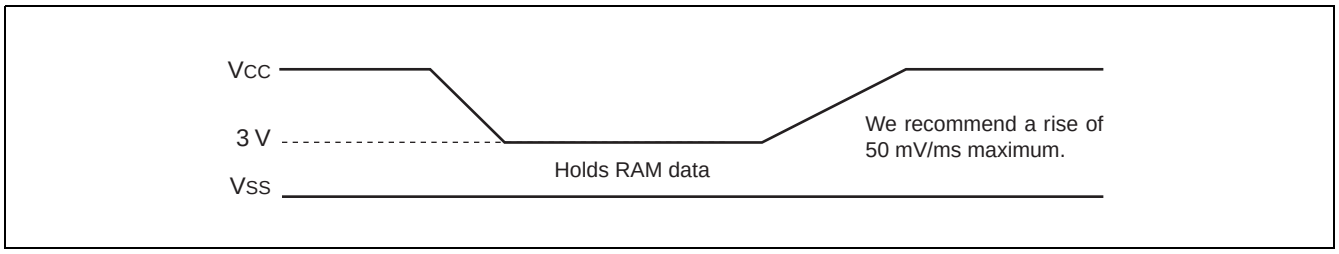
11.4.3 Power On Reset

(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Power on rise time	t_R	V_{CC}	—	0.05	30	ms	
Power off time	t_{OFF}	V_{CC}		1	—	ms	Waiting time until power-on



Note: : If you change the power supply voltage too rapidly, a power on reset may occur. We recommend that you startup smoothly by restraining voltages when changing the power supply voltage during operation, as shown in the figure below. Perform while not using the PLL clock. However, if voltage drops are within 1 V/s, you can operate while using the PLL clock.



11.4.4 Clock Output Timing

(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0.0 V, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz)

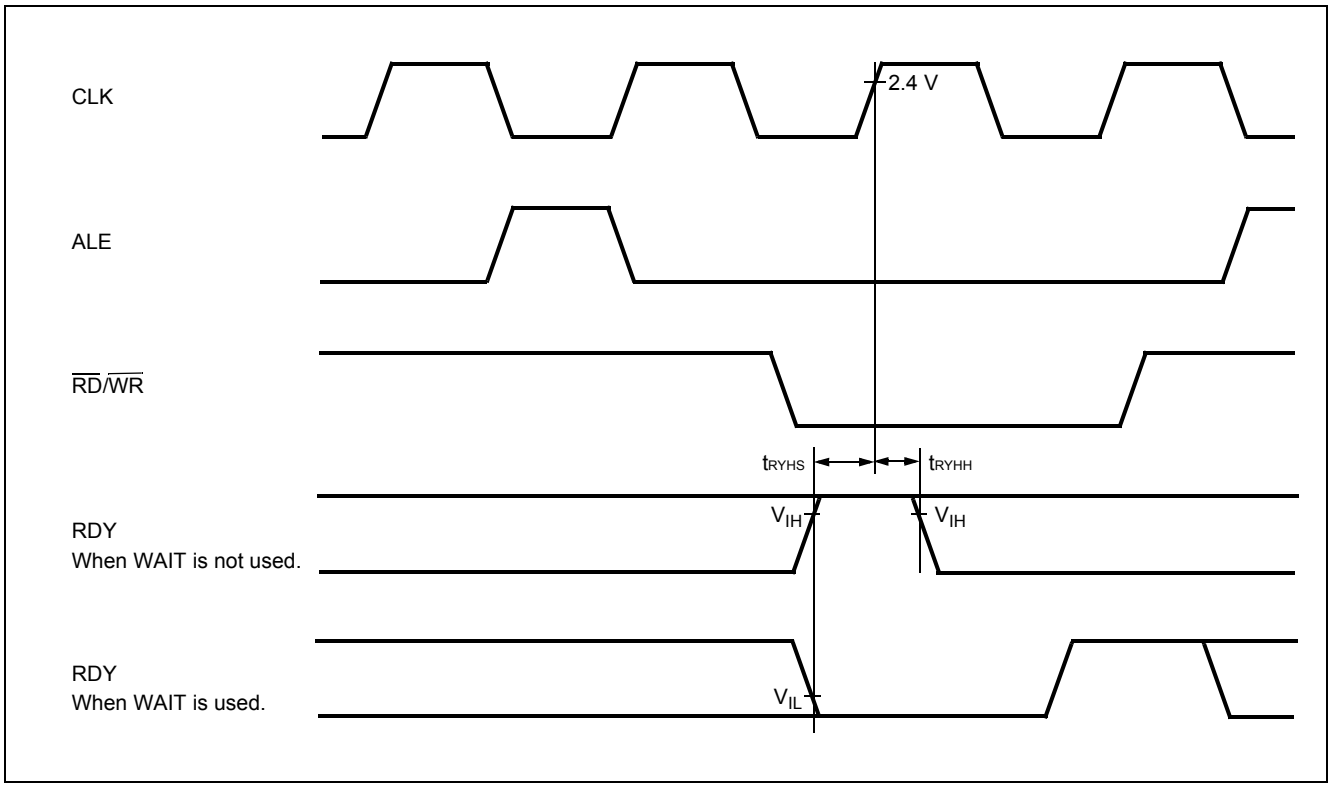
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Cycle time	t_{CYC}	CLK	—	62.5	—	ns	f_{CP} = 16 MHz
				41.67	—	ns	f_{CP} = 24 MHz
CLK ↑ → CLK ↓	t_{CHCL}	CLK	—	20	—	ns	f_{CP} = 16 MHz
				13	—	ns	f_{CP} = 24 MHz

11.4.7 Ready Input Timing

(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0.0 V, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Test Condition	Rated Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
RDY setup time	t_{RYHS}	RDY	—	45	—	ns	f_{CP} = 16 MHz
				32	—	ns	f_{CP} = 24 MHz
RDY hold time	t_{RYHH}	RDY		0	—	ns	

Note: : If the RDY setup time is insufficient, use the auto-ready function.

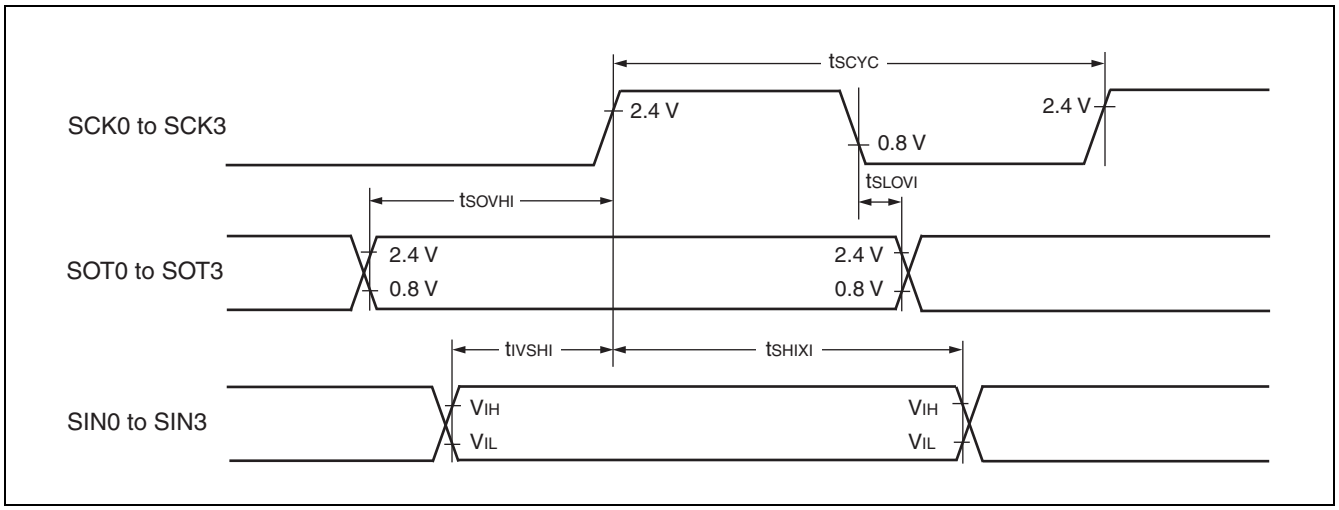


■ **Bit setting: ESCR:SCES = 1, ECCR:SCDE = 1**

(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit
				Min	Max	
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	SCK0 to SCK3	Internal clock operation output pins are C_L = 80 pF + 1 TTL.	5 t_{CP}	—	ns
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	t_{SLOVI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SOT0 to SOT3		−50	+50	ns
Valid SIN → SCK ↑	t_{IVSHI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SIN0 to SIN3		t_{CP} + 80	—	ns
SCK ↑ → Valid SIN hold time	t_{SHIXI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SIN0 to SIN3		0	—	ns
SOT → SCK ↑ delay time	t_{SOVHI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SOT0 to SOT3		3 t_{CP} − 70	—	ns

Note:
- C_L is load capacity value of pins when testing.
- t_{CP} is internal operating clock cycle time (machine clock) . Refer to "Clock Timing".



11.6 Definition of A/D Converter Terms

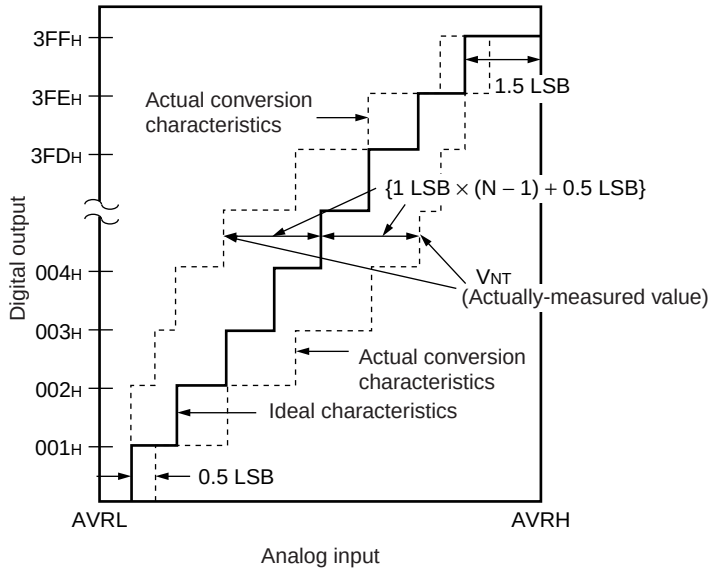
Resolution : Analog variation that is recognized by the A/D converter.

Non linearity error : The deviation between the actual conversion characteristics and a line that joins the zero-transition line (“00 0000 0000” ← → “00 0000 0001”) to the full-scale transition line (“11 1111 1110” ← → “11 1111 1111”) .

Differential linearity error : Deviation of input voltage, which is required for changing output code by 1 LSB, from an ideal value.

Total error : Difference between the actual value and the ideal value. The total error includes zero transition error, full-scale transition error, and linear error.

Total error



$$\text{Total error of digital output “N”} = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1\ \text{LSB} \times (N - 1) + 0.5\ \text{LSB}\}}{1\ \text{LSB}}\ [\text{LSB}]$$

$$1\ \text{LSB (Ideal value)} = \frac{\text{AVRH} - \text{AVRL}}{1024}\ [\text{V}]$$

N : Value of the digital output from the A/D converter

V_{OT} (Ideal value) = AVRL + 0.5 LSB [V]

V_{FST} (Ideal value) = AVRH − 1.5 LSB [V]

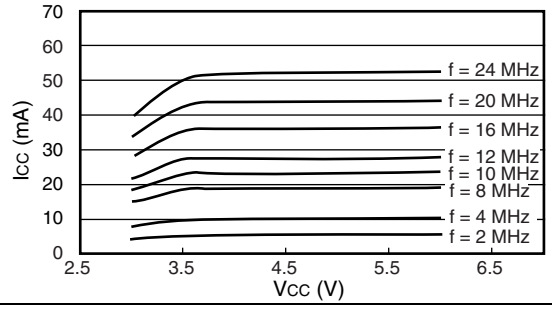
V_{NT} : A voltage at which the digital output transitions from $(N - 1)_H$ to N_H.

(Continued)

■ MB90F347E, MB90F347ES, MB90F347CE, MB90F347CES

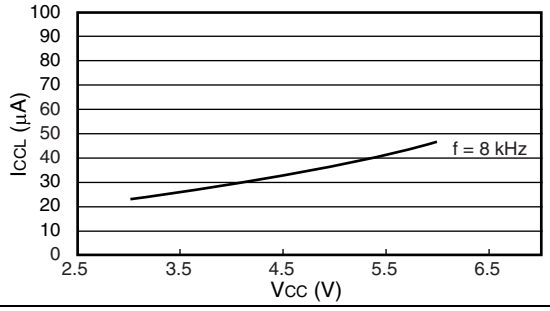
$I_{CC} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



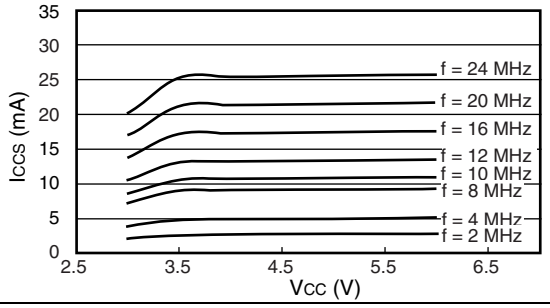
$I_{CCL} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



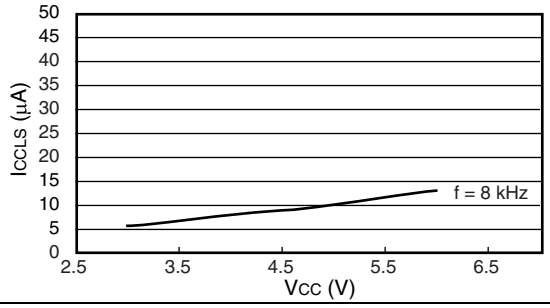
$I_{CCS} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



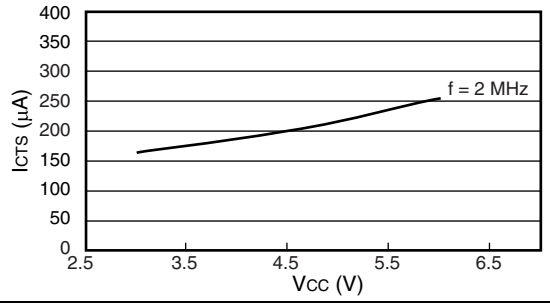
$I_{CCLS} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



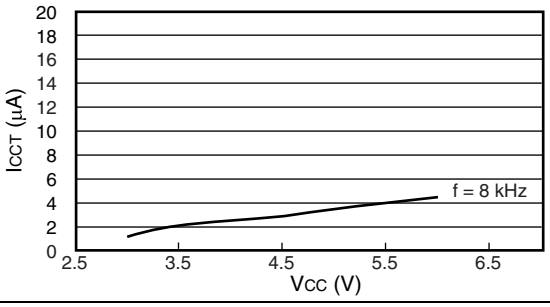
$I_{CTS} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



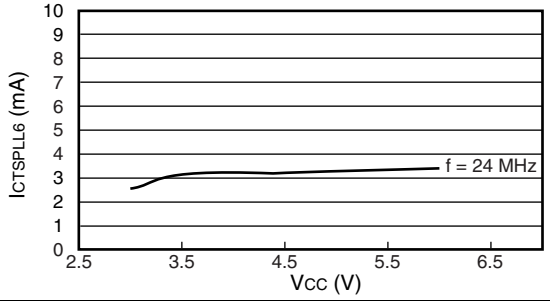
$I_{CCT} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



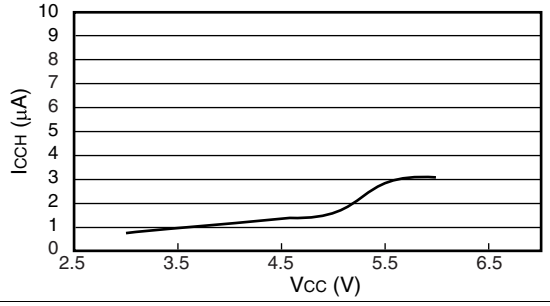
$I_{CTSPLL6} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



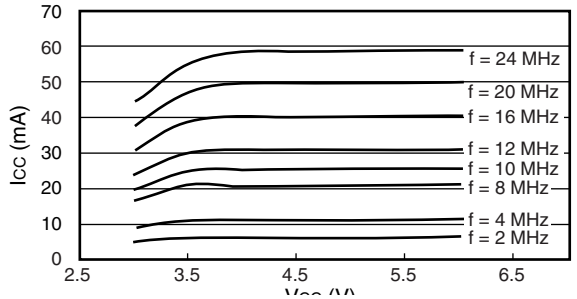
$I_{CCH} - V_{CC}$

$T_A = +25°C$, stopped

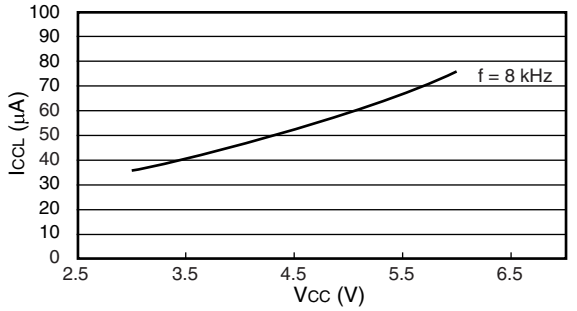


■ MB90F345E, MB90F345ES, MB90F345CE, MB90F345CES

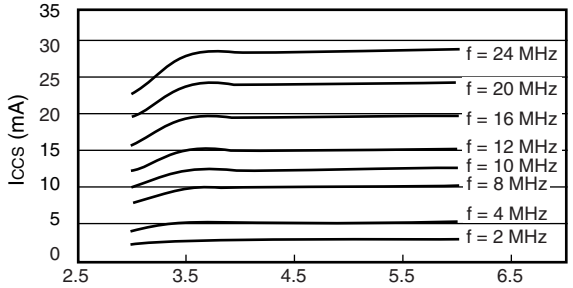
$I_{CC} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



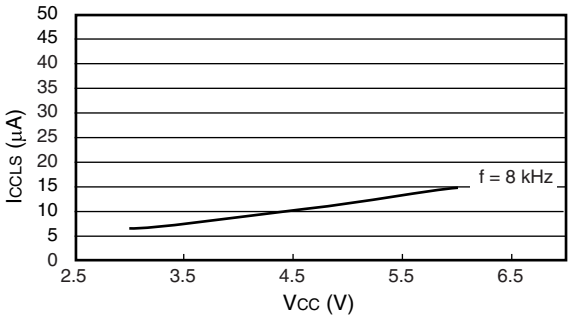
$I_{CCL} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



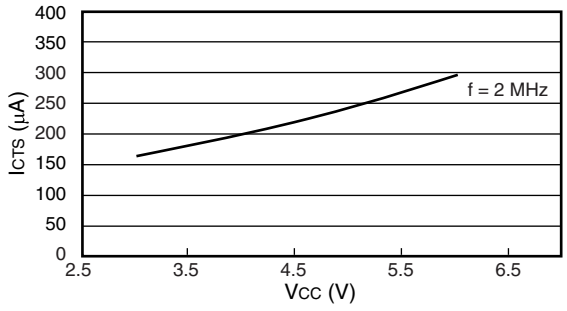
$I_{CCS} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



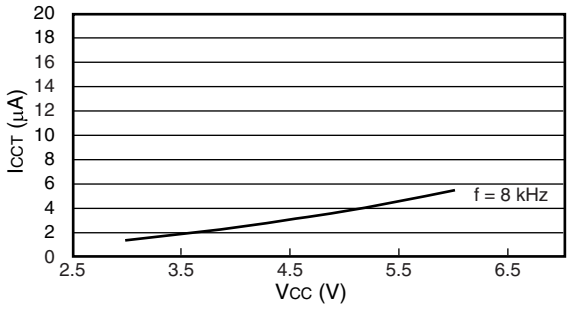
$I_{CCLS} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



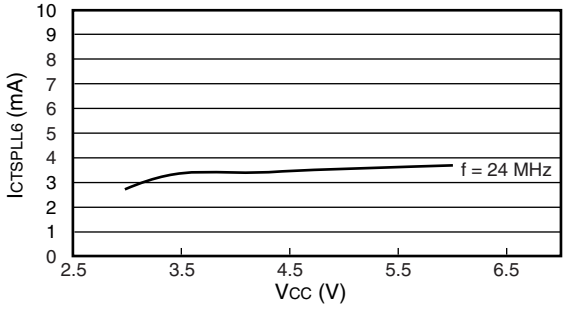
$I_{CTS} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



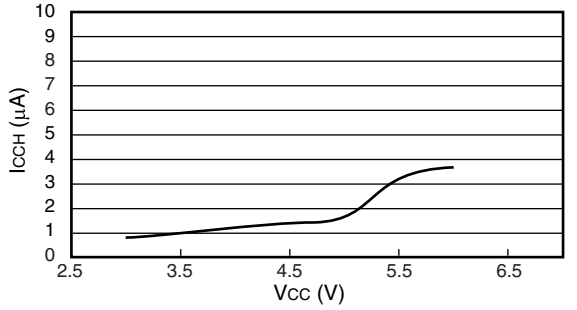
$I_{CCT} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



$I_{CTSPLL6} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



$I_{CCH} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, stopped



(Continued)

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90346EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90346ESPF		
MB90346CEPF		
MB90346CESPF		
MB90346EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90346ESPMC		
MB90346CEPMC		
MB90346CESPMC		
MB90347EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90347ESPF		
MB90347CEPF		
MB90347CESPF		
MB90347EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90347ESPMC		
MB90347CEPMC		
MB90347CESPMC		
MB90348EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90348ESPF		
MB90348CEPF		
MB90348CESPF		
MB90348EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90348ESPMC		
MB90348CEPMC		
MB90348CESPMC		
MB90349EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90349ESPF		
MB90349CEPF		
MB90349CESPF		
MB90349EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90349ESPMC		
MB90349CEPMC		
MB90349CESPMC		
MB90V340E-101CR	299-pin ceramic PGA (PGA-299C-A01)	For evaluation
MB90V340E-102CR		

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