Infineon Technologies - MB90347ESPMC-GS-617E1 Datasheet

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	F²MC-16LX
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, LINbus, SCI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	82
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	Mask ROM
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	6K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3.5V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x8/10b
Oscillator Type	External
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/mb90347espmc-gs-617e1

Part Number / Parameter	MB90V340E-101, MB90V340E-102	MB90F342E(S), MB90F342CE(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90F345CE(S), MB90F346E(S), MB90F346CE(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90F347CE(S), MB90F349E(S), MB90F349CE(S)	MB90341E(S), MB90341CE(S), MB90342E(S), MB90342CE(S), MB90346E(S), MB90346CE(S), MB90347E(S), MB90347CE(S), MB90348E(S), MB90348CE(S), MB90349E(S), MB90349CE(S)
A/D Converter	24 input channels	Devices with a C suffix in the part number : 24 channels Devices without a C suffix in the part number : 16 channels	
	10-bit or 8-bit resolution Conversion time : Min 3 μs include sample time (per one channel)		
16-bit Reload Timer (4 channels)	Operation clock frequency : fsys/2^1, fsys/2^3, fsys/2^5 (fsys = Machine clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function		
16-bit Free-run Timer (2 channels)	Generates an interrupt signal on overflow Supports Timer Clear when the output compare finds a match Operation clock freq. : fsys, fsys/2^1, fsys/2^2, fsys/2^3, fsys/2^4, fsys/2^5, fsys/2^6, fsys/2^7 (fsys = Machine clock freq.) Free-run Timer 0 (clock input FRCK0) corresponds to ICU 0/1/2/3, OCU 0/1/2/3 Free-run Timer 1 (clock input FRCK1) corresponds to ICU 4/5/6/7, OCU 4/5/6/7		
16-bit Output Compare (8 channels)	Generates an interrupt signal when one of the 16-bit free-run timer matches the output compare register A pair of compare registers can be used to generate an output signal.		
16-bit Input Capture (8 channels)	Captures the value of the 16-bit free-run timer and generates an interrupt when triggered by a pin input (rising edge, falling edge, or both rising and falling edges).		
8/16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator	8 channels (16-bit) /16 channels (8-bit) Sixteen 8-bit reload counters Sixteen 8-bit reload registers for L pulse width Sixteen 8-bit reload registers for H pulse width		
	Supports 8-bit and 16-bit operation modes A pair of 8-bit reload counters can be configured as one 16-bit reload counter or as 8-bit prescaler plus 8-bit reload counter Operating clock freq. : fsys, fsys/2^1, fsys/2^2, fsys/2^3, fsys/2^4 or 128 μs@fosc = 4 MHz (fsys = Machine clock frequency, fosc = Oscillation clock frequency)		
CAN Interface	3 channels	2 channels : MB90F342E(S), MB90F342CE(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90F345CE(S) 1 channel : MB90F346E(S), MB90F346CE(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90F347CE(S), MB90F349E(S), MB90F349CE(S)	2 channels : MB90341E(S), MB90341CE(S), MB90342E(S), MB90342CE(S) 1 channel : MB90346E(S), MB90346CE(S), MB90347E(S), MB90347CE(S), MB90348E(S), MB90348CE(S), MB90349E(S), MB90349CE(S)
	Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B Automatic re-transmission in case of error Automatic transmission in response to Remote Frames Prioritized 16 message buffers for data and ID's Supports multiple messages Flexible configuration of acceptance filtering : Full bit compare/Full bit mask/Two partial bit masks Supports up to 1 Mbps		

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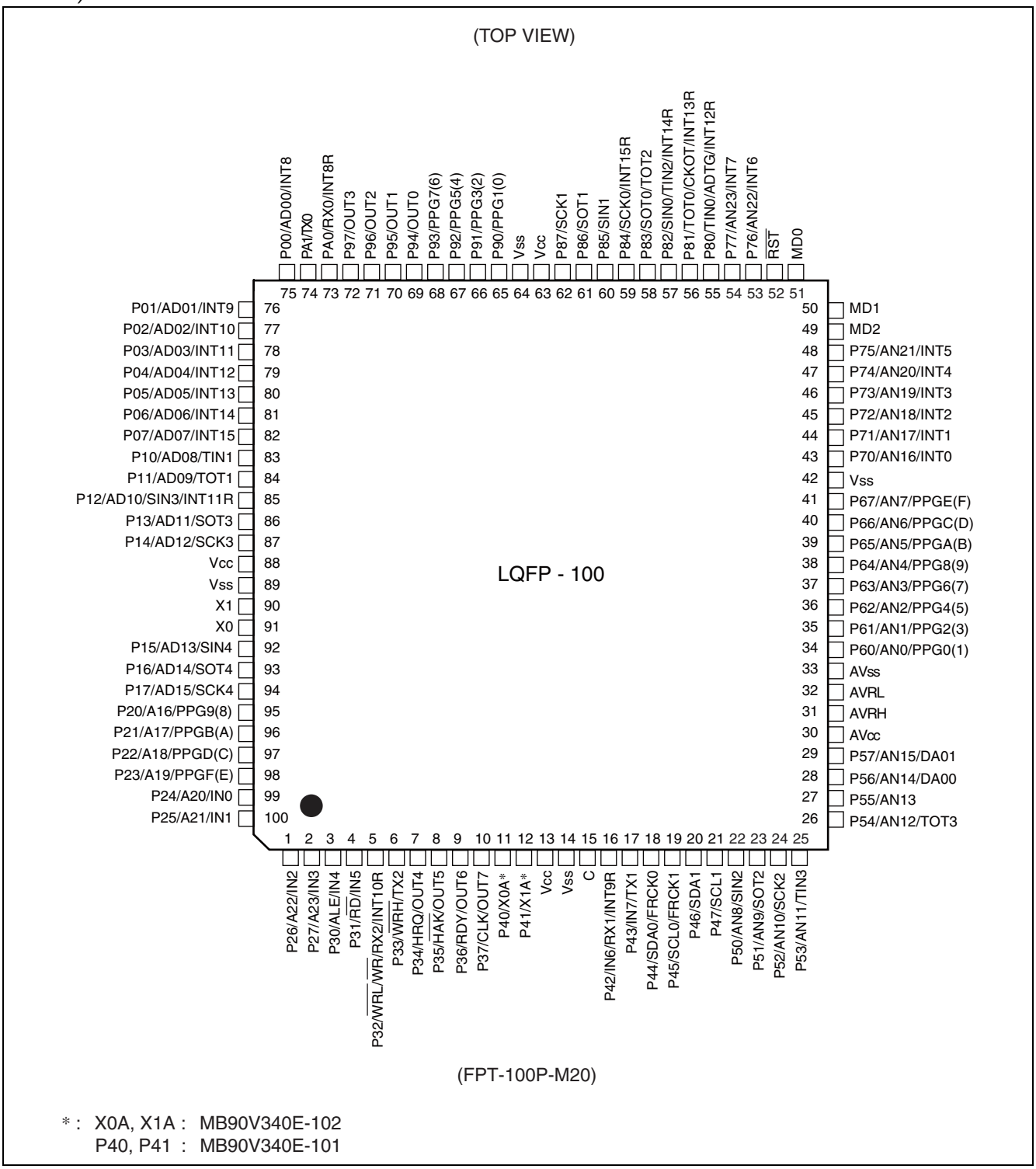

This pin assignment is for using MB90V340E-101/102 via probecable as MB90340E.

3. Pin Description

Pin No.		Pin name	I/O Circuit type*3	Function
QFP100*1	LQFP100*2			
1 to 4	99 to 2	P24 to P27	G	General purpose I/O pins. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor.In external bus mode, the pin is enabled as a general-purpose I/O port when the corresponding bit in the external address output control register (HACR) is 1.
		A20 to A23		Output pins of the external address bus. When the corresponding bit in the external address output control register (HACR) is 0, the pins are enabled as high address output pins (A20 to A23).
		IN0 to IN3		Trigger input pins for input captures.
5	3	P30	G	General purpose I/O pin.The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		ALE		Address latch enable output pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
		IN4		Trigger input pin for input capture.
6	4	P31	G	General purpose I/O pin.The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled in single-chip mode.
		$\overline{RD}$		External read strobe output pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
		IN5		Trigger input pin for input capture.
7	5	P32	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor. This function is enabled either in single-chip mode or when the WR/WRL pin output is disabled.
		$\overline{WR}$ / $\overline{WRL}$		Write strobe output pin for the external data bus. This function is enabled when both the external bus and the WR/WRL pin output are enabled. $\overline{WRL}$ is used to write-strobe 8 lower bits of the data bus in 16-bit access while $\overline{WR}$ is used to write-strobe 8 bits of the data bus in 8-bit access.
		INT10R		External interrupt request input pin.
8	6	P33	G	General purpose I/O pin. The register can be set to select whether to use a pull-up resistor.This function is enabled either in single-chip mode or when the WRH pin output is disabled.
		$\overline{WRH}$		Write strobe output pin for the upper 8 bits of the external data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled, when the external bus 16-bit mode is selected, and when the $\overline{WRH}$ output pin is enabled.

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Pin No.		Pin name	I/O Circuit type*3	Function
QFP100*1	LQFP100*2			
19	17	P43	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		IN7		Trigger input pin for input capture.
		TX1		TX Output pin for CAN1 (MB90341E/342E/F342E/F345E only)
20	18	P44	H	General purpose I/O pin.
		SDA0		Serial data I/O pin for I^2C (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
		FRCK0		Input pin for the 16-bit Free-run Timer 0
21	19	P45	H	General purpose I/O pin.
		SCL0		Serial clock I/O pin for I^2C (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
		FRCK1		Input pin for the 16-bit Free-run Timer
22	20	P46	H	General purpose I/O pin.
		SDA1		Serial data I/O pin for I^2C (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
23	21	P47	H	General purpose I/O pin.
		SCL1		Serial clock I/O pin for I^2C (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
24	22	P50	O	General purpose I/O pin.
		AN8		Analog input pin for the A/D converter
		SIN2		Serial data input pin for UART2
25	23	P51	I	General purpose I/O pin.
		AN9		Analog input pin for the A/D converter
		SOT2		Serial data output pin for UART2
26	24	P52	I	General purpose I/O pin.
		AN10		Analog input pin for the A/D converter
		SCK2		Clock I/O pin for UART2
27	25	P53	I	General purpose I/O pin.
		AN11		Analog input pin for the A/D converter
		TIN3		Event input pin for the reload timer
28	26	P54	I	General purpose I/O pin.
		AN12		Analog input pin for the A/D converter
		TOT3		Output pin for the reload timer
29	27	P55	I	General purpose I/O pin.
		AN13		Analog input pin for the A/D converter
30, 31	28, 29	P56, P57	J	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN14, AN15		Analog input pins for the A/D converter
32	30	AV_{CC}	K	Analog power input pin for the A/D Converter

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Pin No.		Pin name	I/O Circuit type*3	Function
QFP100*1	LQFP100*2			
33	31	AVRH	L	Reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AVRH is applied to AV_{CC}.
34	32	AVRL	K	Lower reference voltage input pin for the A/D Converter
35	33	AV_{SS}	K	Analog GND pin for the A/D Converter
36 to 43	34 to 41	P60 to P67	I	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN0 to AN7		Analog input pins for the A/D converter
		PPG0, 2, 4, 6, 8, A, C, E		Output pins for PPGs
44	42	V_{SS}	—	GND pin
45 to 50	43 to 48	P70 to P75	I	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN16 to AN21		Analog input pins for the A/D converter (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
		INT0 to INT5		External interrupt request input pins
51	49	MD2	D	Input pin for specifying the operating mode.
52, 53	50, 51	MD1, MD0	C	Input pins for specifying the operating mode.
54	52	$\overline{RST}$	E	Reset input pin
55, 56	53, 54	P76, P77	I	General purpose I/O pins.
		AN22, AN23		Analog input pins for the A/D converter (devices with a C suffix in the part number)
		INT6, INT7		External interrupt request input pins
57	55	P80	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		TIN0		Event input pin for the reload timer
		ADTG		Trigger input pin for the A/D converter
		INT12R		External interrupt request input pin
58	56	P81	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		TOT0		Output pin for the reload timer
		CKOT		Output pin for the clock monitor
		INT13R		External interrupt request input pin
59	57	P82	M	General purpose I/O pin.
		SIN0		Serial data input pin for UART0
		TIN2		Event input pin for the reload timer
		INT14R		External interrupt request input pin
60	58	P83	F	General purpose I/O pin.
		SOT0		Serial data output pin for UART0
		TOT2		Output pin for the reload timer

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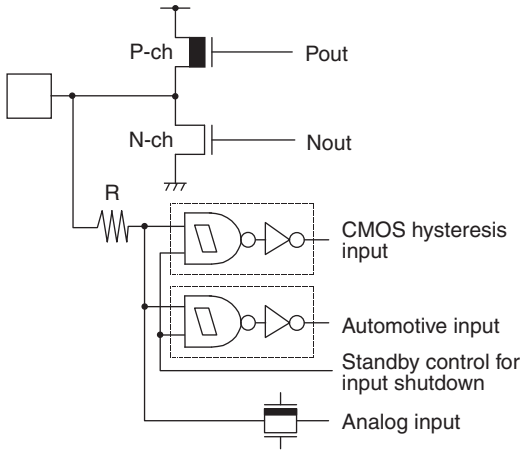
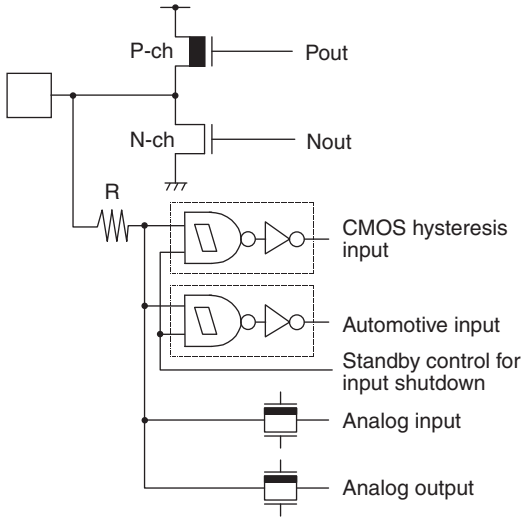
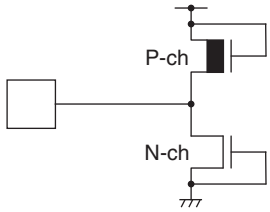
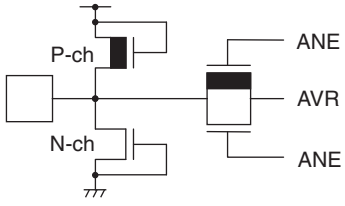
Type	Circuit	Remarks
I		■ CMOS level output (I_{OL} = 4 mA, I_{OH} = –4 mA) ■ CMOS hysteresis input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ Automotive input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ A/D converter analog input
J		■ CMOS level output (I_{OL} = 4 mA, I_{OH} = –4 mA) ■ D/A analog output ■ CMOS hysteresis input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ Automotive input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ A/D converter analog input
K		Power supply input protection circuit
L		■ A/D converter reference voltage power supply input pin, with the protection circuit ■ Flash memory devices do not have a protection circuit against V_{CC} for pin AVRH

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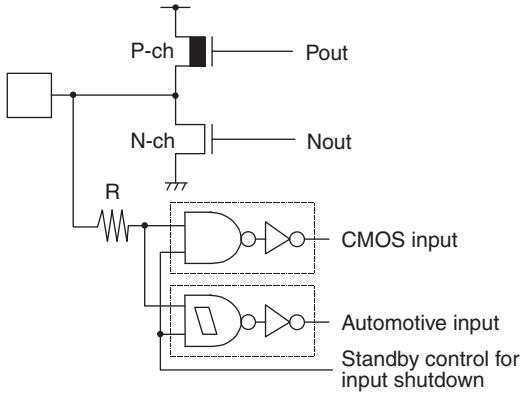
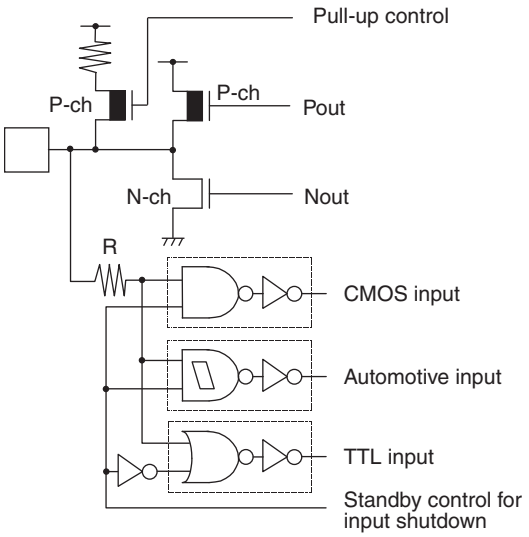
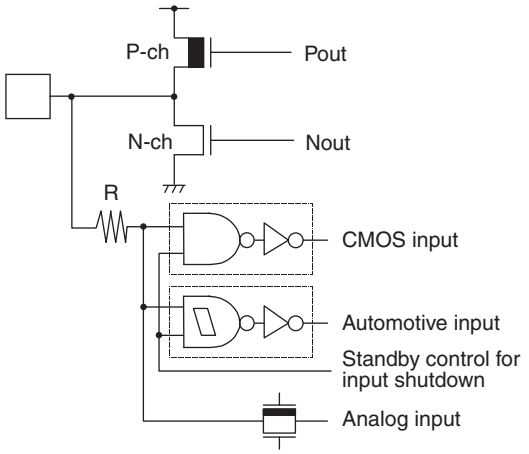
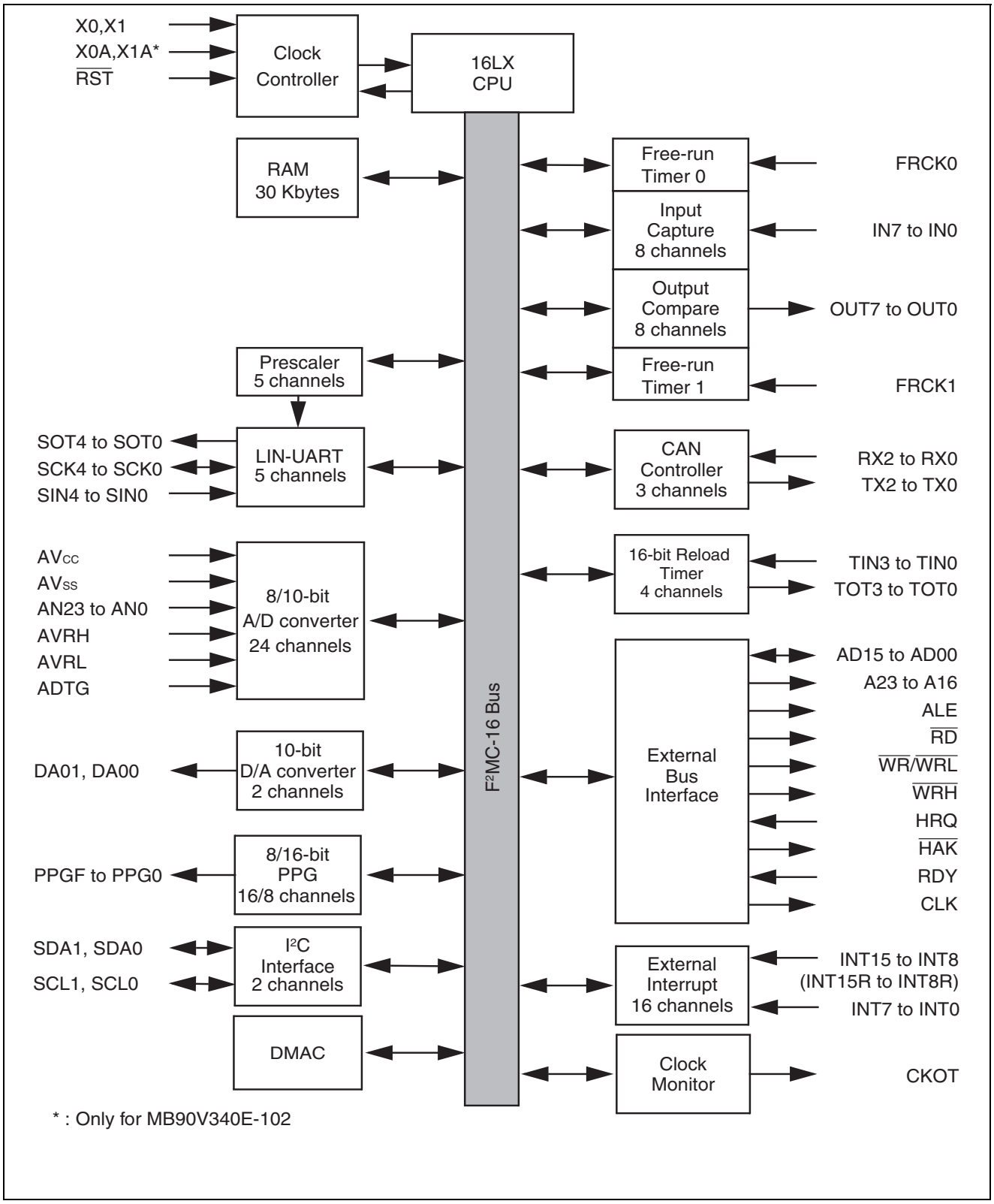
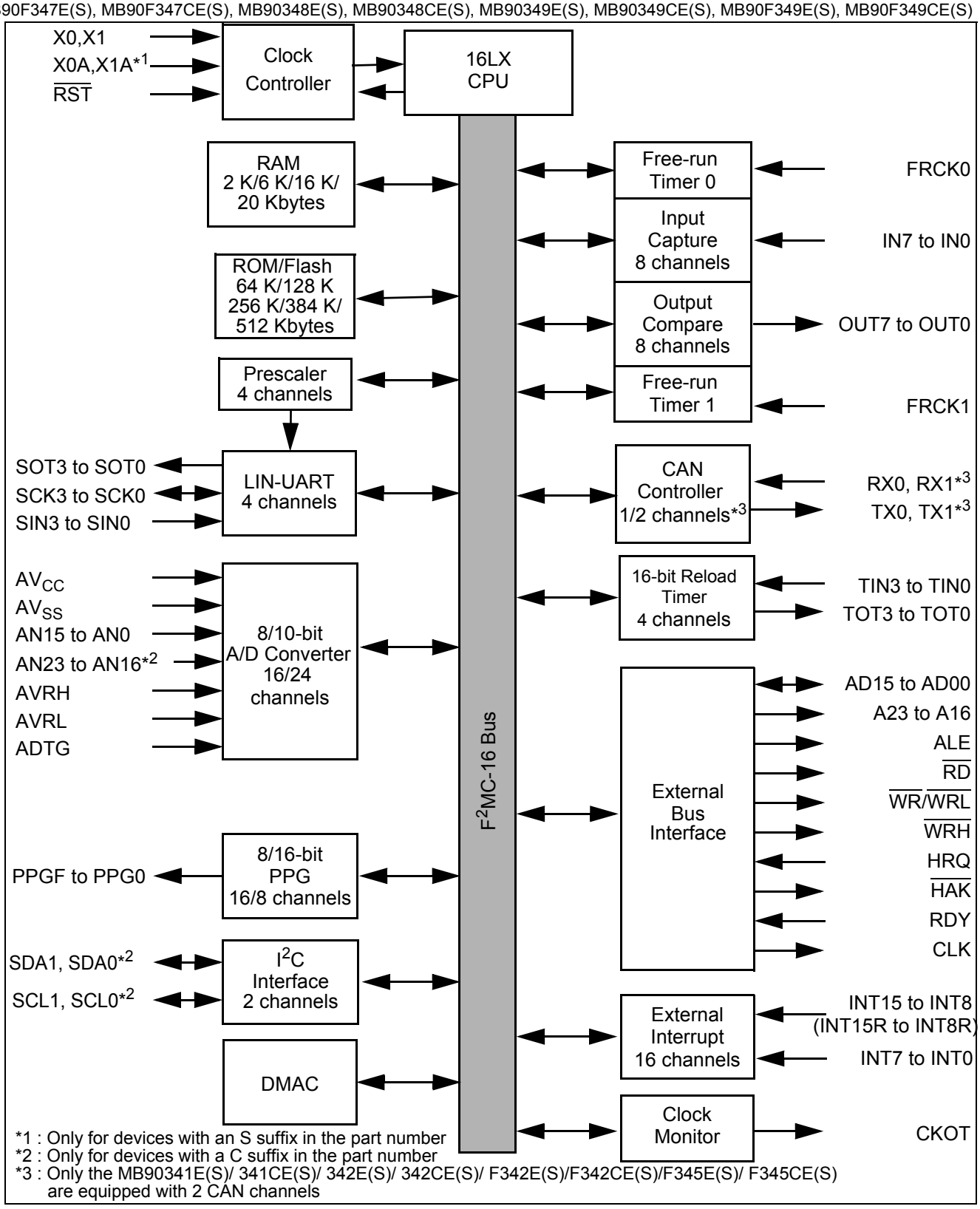
Type	Circuit	Remarks
M		■ CMOS level output (I_{OL} = 4 mA, I_{OH} = −4 mA) ■ CMOS input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ Automotive input (with function to disconnect input during standby)
N		■ CMOS level output (I_{OL} = 4 mA, I_{OH} = −4 mA) ■ CMOS input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ Automotive input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ TTL input (with function to disconnect input during standby) Programmable pull-up resistor: 50 kΩ approx
O		■ CMOS level output (I_{OL} = 4 mA, I_{OH} = −4 mA) ■ CMOS input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ Automotive input (with function to disconnect input during standby) ■ A/D converter analog input

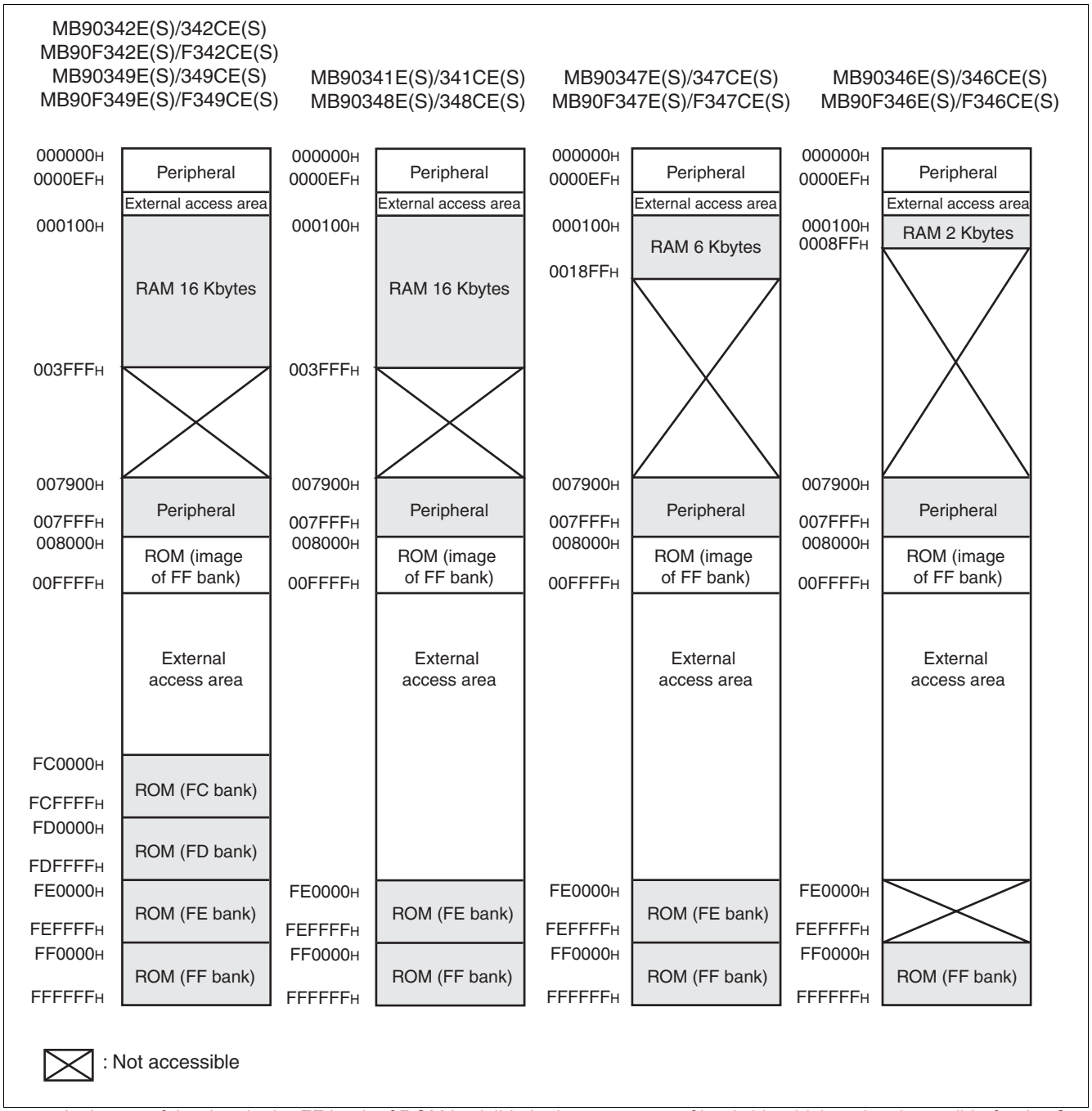
6. Block Diagrams

- MB90V340E-101/102



■ MB90341E(S), MB90341CE(S), MB90342E(S), MB90342CE(S), MB90F342E(S), MB90F342CE(S), MB90F345E(S), MB90F345CE(S), MB90346E(S), MB90346CE(S), MB90F346E(S), MB90F346CE(S), MB90347E(S), MB90347CE(S), MB90F347E(S), MB90F347CE(S), MB90348E(S), MB90348CE(S), MB90349E(S), MB90349CE(S), MB90F349E(S), MB90F349CE(S)





Note: :An image of the data in the FF bank of ROM is visible in the upper part of bank 00, which makes it possible for the C compiler to use the small memory model. The lower 16 bits of addresses in the FF bank are the same as the lower 16 bits of addresses in the 00 bank so that tables stored in the ROM can be accessed without using the far specifier in the pointer declaration.
For example, when the address $00C000_H$ is accessed, the data at $FFC000_H$ in ROM is actually accessed.
The ROM area in bank FF exceeds 32 Kbytes, and its entire image cannot be shown in bank 00.
As a result, the image between $FF8000_H$ and $FFFFFF_H$ is visible in bank 00, while the image between $FF0000_H$ and $FF7FFF_H$ is visible only in bank FF.

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
007900_H	Reload Register L0	PRLL0	R/W	16-bit PPG 0/1	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007901_H	Reload Register H0	PRLH0	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007902_H	Reload Register L1	PRLL1	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007903_H	Reload Register H1	PRLH1	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007904_H	Reload Register L2	PRLL2	R/W	16-bit PPG 2/3	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007905_H	Reload Register H2	PRLH2	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007906_H	Reload Register L3	PRLL3	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007907_H	Reload Register H3	PRLH3	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007908_H	Reload Register L4	PRLL4	R/W	16-bit PPG 4/5	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007909_H	Reload Register H4	PRLH4	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790A_H$	Reload Register L5	PRLL5	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790B_H$	Reload Register H5	PRLH5	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790C_H$	Reload Register L6	PRLL6	R/W	16-bit PPG 6/7	$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790D_H$	Reload Register H6	PRLH6	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790E_H$	Reload Register L7	PRLL7	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00790F_H$	Reload Register H7	PRLH7	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007910_H	Reload Register L8	PRLL8	R/W	16-bit PPG 8/9	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007911_H	Reload Register H8	PRLH8	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007912_H	Reload Register L9	PRLL9	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007913_H	Reload Register H9	PRLH9	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007914_H	Reload Register LA	PRLLA	R/W	16-bit PPG A/B	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007915_H	Reload Register HA	PRLHA	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007916_H	Reload Register LB	PRLLB	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007917_H	Reload Register HB	PRLHB	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007918_H	Reload Register LC	PRLLC	R/W	16-bit PPG C/D	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007919_H	Reload Register HC	PRLHC	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791A_H$	Reload Register LD	PRLLD	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791B_H$	Reload Register HD	PRLHD	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791C_H$	Reload Register LE	PRLLE	R/W	16-bit PPG E/F	$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791D_H$	Reload Register HE	PRLHE	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791E_H$	Reload Register LF	PRLLF	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00791F_H$	Reload Register HF	PRLHF	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007920_H	Input Capture 0	IPCP0	R	Input Capture 0/1	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007921_H	Input Capture 0	IPCP0	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007922_H	Input Capture 1	IPCP1	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007923_H	Input Capture 1	IPCP1	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$

(Continued)

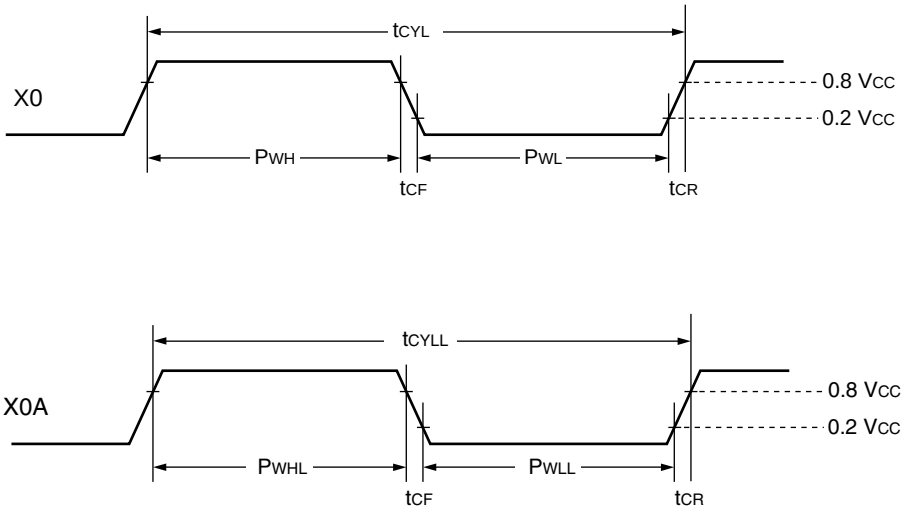
Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Resource name	Initial value
007924_H	Input Capture 2	IPCP2	R	Input Capture 2/3	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007925_H	Input Capture 2	IPCP2	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007926_H	Input Capture 3	IPCP3	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007927_H	Input Capture 3	IPCP3	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007928_H	Input Capture 4	IPCP4	R	Input Capture 4/5	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007929_H	Input Capture 4	IPCP4	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00792A_H$	Input Capture 5	IPCP5	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00792B_H$	Input Capture 5	IPCP5	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00792C_H$	Input Capture 6	IPCP6	R	Input Capture 6/7	$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00792D_H$	Input Capture 6	IPCP6	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00792E_H$	Input Capture 7	IPCP7	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00792F_H$	Input Capture 7	IPCP7	R		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007930_H	Output Compare 0	OCCP0	R/W	Output Compare 0/1	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007931_H	Output Compare 0	OCCP0	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007932_H	Output Compare 1	OCCP1	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007933_H	Output Compare 1	OCCP1	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007934_H	Output Compare 2	OCCP2	R/W	Output Compare 2/3	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007935_H	Output Compare 2	OCCP2	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007936_H	Output Compare 3	OCCP3	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007937_H	Output Compare 3	OCCP3	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007938_H	Output Compare 4	OCCP4	R/W	Output Compare 4/5	$XXXXXXXX_B$
007939_H	Output Compare 4	OCCP4	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00793A_H$	Output Compare 5	OCCP5	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00793B_H$	Output Compare 5	OCCP5	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00793C_H$	Output Compare 6	OCCP6	R/W	Output Compare 6/7	$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00793D_H$	Output Compare 6	OCCP6	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00793E_H$	Output Compare 7	OCCP7	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
$00793F_H$	Output Compare 7	OCCP7	R/W		$XXXXXXXX_B$
007940_H	Timer Data 0	TCDT0	R/W	Free-run Timer 0	00000000_B
007941_H	Timer Data 0	TCDT0	R/W		00000000_B
007942_H	Timer Control Status 0	TCCSL0	R/W		00000000_B
007943_H	Timer Control Status 0	TCCSH0	R/W		$0XXXXXXX_B$
007944_H	Timer Data 1	TCDT1	R/W	Free-run Timer 1	00000000_B
007945_H	Timer Data 1	TCDT1	R/W		00000000_B
007946_H	Timer Control Status 1	TCCSL1	R/W		00000000_B
007947_H	Timer Control Status 1	TCCSH1	R/W		$0XXXXXXX_B$

(Continued)

List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers) (3)

Address		Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1				
$007AF0_H$ to $007AF7_H$	$007CF0_H$ to $007CF7_H$	Data Register 14 (8 bytes)	DTR14	R/W	$XXXXXXXX_B$ to $XXXXXXXX_B$
$007AF8_H$ to $007AFF_H$	$007CF8_H$ to $007CFF_H$	Data Register 15 (8 bytes)	DTR15	R/W	$XXXXXXXX_B$ to $XXXXXXXX_B$

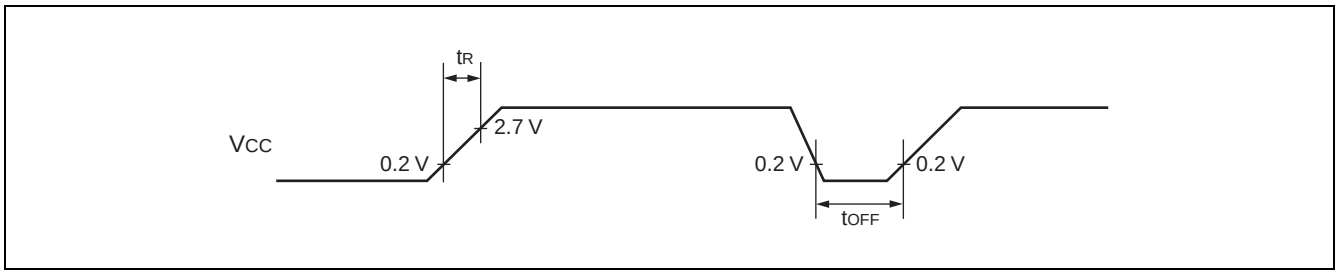
Clock Timing



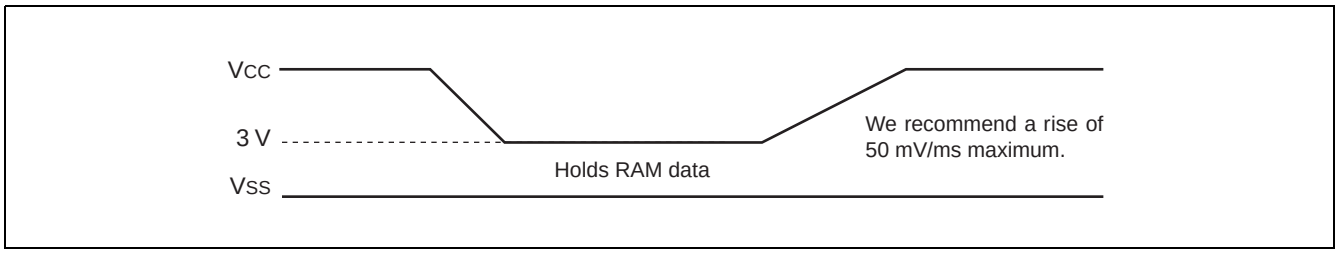
11.4.3 Power On Reset

(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz, V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Power on rise time	t_R	V_{CC}	—	0.05	30	ms	
Power off time	t_{OFF}	V_{CC}		1	—	ms	Waiting time until power-on



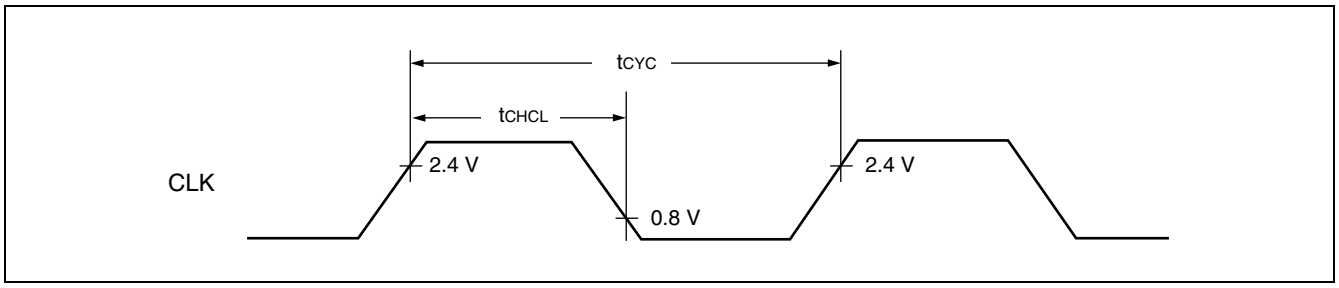
Note: : If you change the power supply voltage too rapidly, a power on reset may occur. We recommend that you startup smoothly by restraining voltages when changing the power supply voltage during operation, as shown in the figure below. Perform while not using the PLL clock. However, if voltage drops are within 1 V/s, you can operate while using the PLL clock.



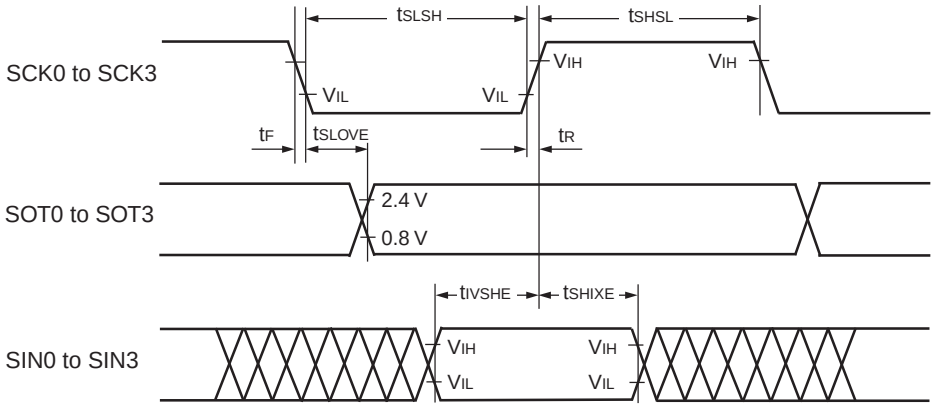
11.4.4 Clock Output Timing

(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, V_{SS} = 0.0 V, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Cycle time	t_{CYC}	CLK	—	62.5	—	ns	f_{CP} = 16 MHz
				41.67	—	ns	f_{CP} = 24 MHz
CLK ↑ → CLK ↓	t_{CHCL}	CLK	—	20	—	ns	f_{CP} = 16 MHz
				13	—	ns	f_{CP} = 24 MHz


tCYC
tCHCL
CLK
2.4 V
2.4 V
0.8 V

- External Shift Clock Mode



■ **Bit setting: ESCR:SCES = 1, ECCR:SCDE = 0**

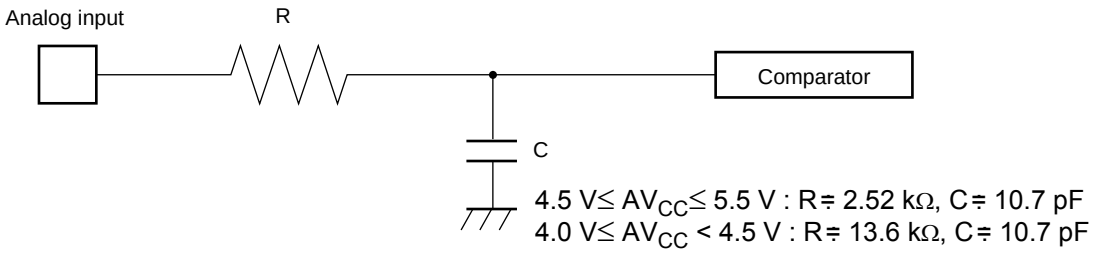
(T_A = −40°C to +105°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, f_{CP} ≤ 24 MHz, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit
				Min	Max	
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	SCK0 to SCK3	Internal shift clock mode output pins are C_L = 80 pF + 1 TTL.	5 t_{CP}	—	ns
SCK ↑ → SOT delay time	t_{SHOVI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SOT0 to SOT3		−50	+50	ns
Valid SIN → SCK ↓	t_{IVSLI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SIN0 to SIN3		t_{CP} + 80	—	ns
SCK ↓ → Valid SIN hold time	t_{SLIXI}	SCK0 to SCK3, SIN0 to SIN3		0	—	ns
Serial clock “H” pulse width	t_{SHSL}	SCK0 to SCK3	External shift clock mode output pins are C_L = 80 pF + 1 TTL.	3 t_{CP} - t_R	—	ns
Serial clock “L” pulse width	t_{SLSH}	SCK0 to SCK3		t_{CP} + 10	—	ns
SCK ↑ → SOT delay time	t_{SHOVE}	SCK0 to SCK3, SOT0 to SOT3		—	2 t_{CP} + 60	ns
Valid SIN → SCK ↓	t_{IVSLE}	SCK0 to SCK3, SIN0 to SIN3		30	—	ns
SCK ↓ → Valid SIN hold time	t_{SLIXE}	SCK0 to SCK3, SIN0 to SIN3		t_{CP} + 30	—	ns
SCK fall time	t_F	SCK0 to SCK3		—	10	ns
SCK rise time	t_R	SCK0 to SCK3		—	10	ns

Note:
- C_L is load capacity value of pins when testing.
- t_{CP} is internal operating clock cycle time (machine clock) . Refer to “Clock Timing”.

If the output impedance of the external circuit is too high, a sampling period for an analog voltage may be insufficient.

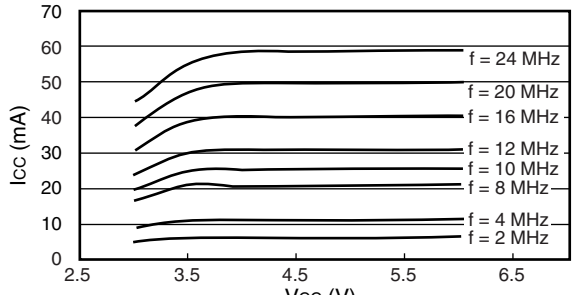
- Analog input circuit model



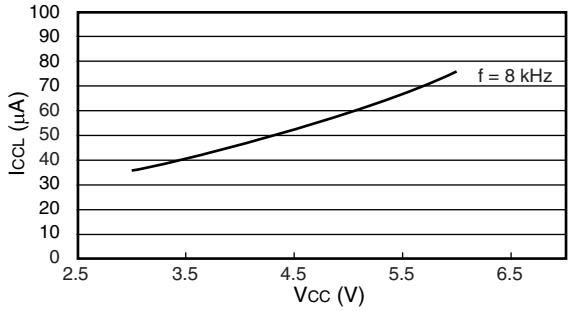
Note: : Use the values in the figure only as a guideline.

■ MB90F345E, MB90F345ES, MB90F345CE, MB90F345CES

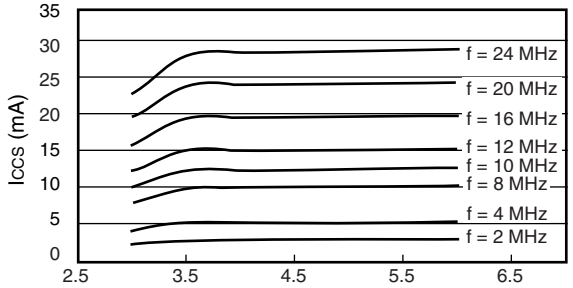
$I_{CC} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



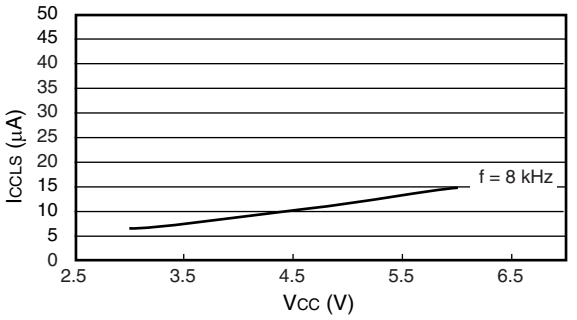
$I_{CCL} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



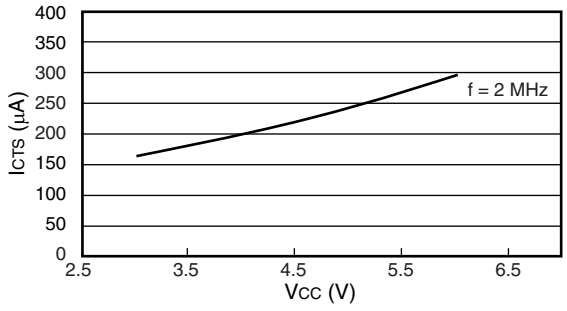
$I_{CCS} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



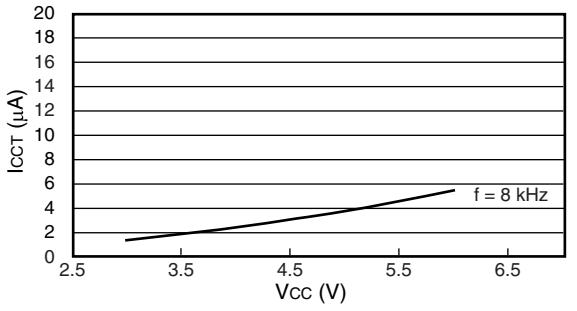
$I_{CCLS} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



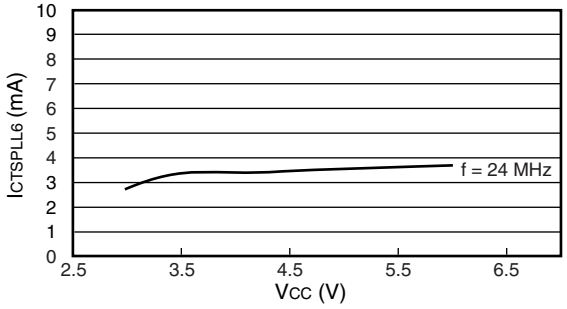
$I_{CTS} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



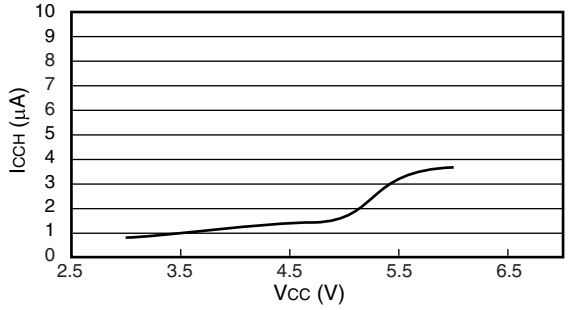
$I_{CCT} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



$I_{CTSPLL6} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, external clock operation f = Internal operation frequency



$I_{CCH} - V_{CC}$
$T_A = +25°C$, stopped



(Continued)

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90346EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90346ESPF		
MB90346CEPF		
MB90346CESPF		
MB90346EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90346ESPMC		
MB90346CEPMC		
MB90346CESPMC		
MB90347EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90347ESPF		
MB90347CEPF		
MB90347CESPF		
MB90347EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90347ESPMC		
MB90347CEPMC		
MB90347CESPMC		
MB90348EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90348ESPF		
MB90348CEPF		
MB90348CESPF		
MB90348EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90348ESPMC		
MB90348CEPMC		
MB90348CESPMC		
MB90349EPF	100-pin plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90349ESPF		
MB90349CEPF		
MB90349CESPF		
MB90349EPMC	100-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M20)	
MB90349ESPMC		
MB90349CEPMC		
MB90349CESPMC		
MB90V340E-101CR	299-pin ceramic PGA (PGA-299C-A01)	For evaluation
MB90V340E-102CR		