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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1232
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	11088
Total RAM Bits	811008
Number of I/O	248
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	456-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	456-FBGA (23x23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc2vp7-5fgg456c

Output Swing and Emphasis

The output swing and emphasis levels are fully programmable. Each is controlled via attributes at configuration, and can be modified via the PMA attribute programming bus.

The programmable output swing control can adjust the differential peak-to-peak output level between 200 mV and 1600 mV.

With emphasis, the differential voltage swing is boosted to create a stronger rising or falling waveform. This method compensates for high frequency loss in the transmission media that would otherwise limit the magnitude of this waveform. Lossy transmission lines cause the dissipation of electrical energy. This emphasis technique extends the distance that signals can be driven down lossy line media and increases the signal-to-noise ratio at the receiver.

Emphasis can be described from two perspectives, additive to the smaller voltage (V_{SM}) (pre-emphasis) or subtractive from the larger voltage (V_{LG}) (de-emphasis). The resulting benefits in compensating for channel loss are identical. It is simply a relative way of specifying the effect at the transmitter.

The equations for calculating pre-emphasis as a percentage and dB are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Pre-Emphasis}_{\%} &= ((V_{LG} - V_{SM}) / V_{SM}) \times 100 \\ \text{Pre-Emphasis}_{dB} &= 20 \log(V_{LG}/V_{SM})\end{aligned}$$

The equations for calculating de-emphasis as a percentage and dB are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{De-Emphasis}_{\%} &= (V_{LG} - V_{SM}) / V_{LG} \times 100 \\ \text{De-Emphasis}_{dB} &= 20 \log(V_{SM}/V_{LG})\end{aligned}$$

The pre-emphasis amount can be programmed in discrete steps between 0% and 500%. The de-emphasis amount can be programmed in discrete steps between 0% and 83%.

Serializer

The serializer multiplies the reference frequency provided on REFCLK by 10, 16, 20, 32, or 40, depending on the operation mode. The multiplication of the clock is achieved by using an embedded PLL.

Data is converted from parallel to serial format and transmitted on the TXP and TXN differential outputs. The electrical connection of TXP and TXN can be interchanged through configuration. This option can be controlled by an input (TXPOLARITY) at the FPGA transmitter interface.

Deserializer

Synchronous serial data reception is facilitated by a clock and data recovery (CDR) circuit. This circuit uses a fully monolithic Phase Lock Loop (PLL), which does not require any external components. The CDR circuit extracts both phase and frequency from the incoming data stream.

The derived clock, RXRECCLK, is generated and locked to as long as it remains within the specified component range.

This clock is presented to the FPGA fabric at $1/10$, $1/16$, $1/20$, $1/32$, or $1/40$ the incoming data rate depending on the operating mode.

A sufficient number of transitions must be present in the data stream for CDR to work properly. The CDR circuit is guaranteed to work with 8B/10B and 64B/66B encoding. Further, CDR requires approximately 5,000 transitions upon power-up to guarantee locking to the incoming data rate. Once lock is achieved, up to 75 missing transitions can be tolerated before lock to the incoming data stream is lost.

Another feature of CDR is its ability to accept an external precision reference clock, REFCLK, which either acts to clock incoming data or to assist in synchronizing the derived RXRECCLK.

For further clarity, the TXUSRCLK is used to clock data from the FPGA fabric to the TX FIFO. The FIFO depth accounts for the slight phase difference between these two clocks. If the clocks are locked in frequency, then the FIFO acts much like a pass-through buffer.

The receiver can be configured to reverse the RXP and RXN inputs. This can be useful in the event that printed circuit board traces have been reversed.

Receiver Lock Control

The CDR circuits will lock to the reference clock automatically if the data is not present. For proper operation, the frequency of the reference clock must be within ± 100 ppm of the nominal frequency.

During normal operation, the receiver PLL automatically locks to incoming data (when present) or to the local reference clock (when data is not present). This is the default configuration for all primitives. This function can be overridden via the PMARXLOCKSEL port

When receive PLL lock is forced to the local reference, phase information from the incoming data stream is ignored. Data continues to be sampled, but synchronous to the local reference rather than relative to edges in the data stream.

Receive Equalization

In addition to transmit emphasis, the RocketIO X MGT provides a programmable active receive equalization feature to further compensate the effects of channel attenuation at high frequencies.

By adjusting RXFER, the right amount of equalization can be added to reverse the signal degradation caused by a printed circuit board, a backplane, or a line/switch card. RXFER can be set through software configuration or the PMA Attribute Bus.

Receiver Termination

On-chip termination is provided at the receiver, eliminating the need for external termination. The receiver termination supply (V_{TRX}) is the center tap of differential termination to

- Single-cycle and multi-cycle mode option for I-side and D-side interfaces
- Single cycle = one CPU clock cycle;
multi-cycle = minimum of two and maximum of eight CPU clock cycles
- FPGA configurable DCR addresses within DSOCM and ISOCM.
- Independent 16 MB logical memory space available within PPC405 memory map for each of the DSOCM and ISOCM. The number of block RAMs in the device might limit the maximum amount of OCM supported.
- Maximum of 64K and 128K bytes addressable from DSOCM and ISOCM interfaces, respectively, using address outputs from OCM directly without additional decoding logic.

Data-Side OCM (DSOCM)

- 32-bit Data Read bus and 32-bit Data Write bus
- Byte write access to DSBRAM support
- Second port of dual port DSBRAM is available to read/write from an FPGA interface
- 22-bit address to DSBRAM port
- 8-bit DCR Registers: DSCNTL, DSARC
- Three alternatives to write into DSBRAM: BRAM initialization, CPU, FPGA H/W using second port

Instruction-Side OCM (ISOCM)

The ISOCM interface contains a 64-bit read only port, for instruction fetches, and a 32-bit write only port, to initialize or test the ISBRAM. When implementing the read only port, the user must deassert the write port inputs. The preferred method of initializing the ISBRAM is through the configuration bitstream.

- 64-bit Data Read Only bus (two instructions per cycle)
- 32-bit Data Write Only bus (through DCR)
- Separate 21-bit address to ISBRAM
- 8-bit DCR Registers: ISCNTL, ISARC
- 32-bit DCR Registers: ISINIT, ISFILL
- Two alternatives to write into ISBRAM: BRAM initialization, DCR and write instruction

Clock/Control Interface Logic

The clock/control interface logic provides proper initialization and connections for PPC405 clock/power management, resets, PLB cycle control, and OCM interfaces. It also couples user signals between the FPGA fabric and the embedded PPC405 CPU core.

The processor clock connectivity is similar to CLB clock pins. It can connect either to global clock nets or general routing resources. Therefore the processor clock source can come from DCM, CLB, or user package pin.

CPU-FPGA Interfaces

All Processor Block user pins link up with the general FPGA routing resources through the CPU-FPGA interface. Therefore processor signals have the same routability as other

non-Processor Block user signals. Longlines and hex lines travel across the Processor Block both vertically and horizontally, allowing signals to route through the Processor Block.

Processor Local Bus (PLB) Interfaces

The PPC405 core accesses high-speed system resources through PLB interfaces on the instruction and data cache controllers. The PLB interfaces provide separate 32-bit address/64-bit data buses for the instruction and data sides.

The cache controllers are both PLB masters. PLB arbiters are implemented in the FPGA fabric and are available as soft IP cores.

Device Control Register (DCR) Bus Interface

The device control register (DCR) bus has 10 bits of address space for components external to the PPC405 core. Using the DCR bus to manage status and configuration registers reduces PLB traffic and improves system integrity. System resources on the DCR bus are protected or isolated from wayward code since the DCR bus is not part of the system memory map.

External Interrupt Controller (EIC) Interface

Two level-sensitive user interrupt pins (critical and non-critical) are available. They can be either driven by user defined logic or Xilinx soft interrupt controller IP core outside the Processor Block.

Clock/Power Management (CPM) Interface

The CPM interface supports several methods of clock distribution and power management. Three modes of operation that reduce power consumption below the normal operational level are available.

Reset Interface

There are three user reset input pins (core, chip, and system) and three user reset output pins for different levels of reset, if required.

Debug Interface

Debugging interfaces on the embedded PPC405 core, consisting of the JTAG and Trace ports, offer access to resources internal to the core and assist in software development. The JTAG port provides basic JTAG chip testing functionality as well as the ability for external debug tools to gain control of the processor for debug purposes. The Trace port furnishes programmers with a mechanism for acquiring instruction execution traces.

The JTAG port is compatible with IEEE Std 1149.1, which defines a test access port (TAP) and Boundary-Scan architecture. Extensions to the JTAG interface provide debuggers with processor control that includes stopping, starting, and stepping the PPC405 core. These extensions are compliant with the IEEE 1149.1 specifications for vendor-specific extensions.

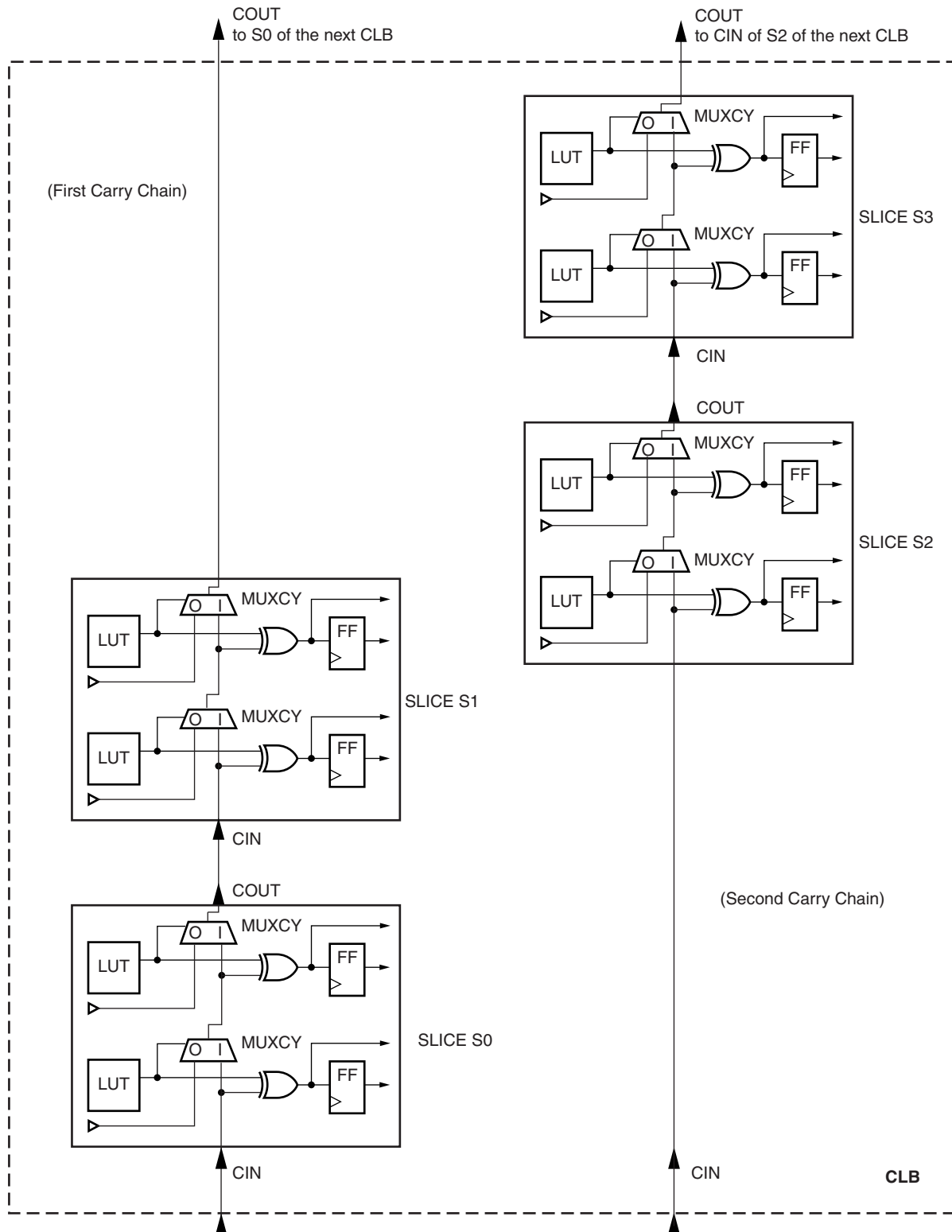


Figure 42: Fast Carry Logic Path

Each block SelectRAM+ cell is a fully synchronous memory, as illustrated in Figure 48. The two ports have independent inputs and outputs and are independently clocked.

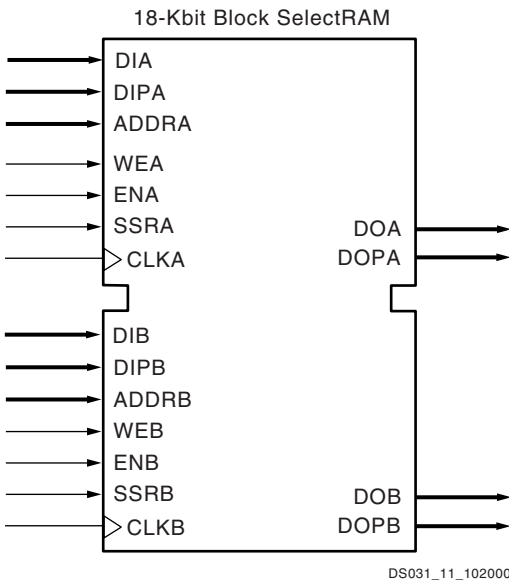


Figure 48: 18 Kb Block SelectRAM+ in Dual-Port Mode

Port Aspect Ratios

Table 23 shows the depth and the width aspect ratios for the 18 Kb block SelectRAM+ resource. Virtex-II Pro block SelectRAM+ also includes dedicated routing resources to provide an efficient interface with CLBs, block SelectRAM+, and multipliers.

Table 23: 18 Kb Block SelectRAM+ Port Aspect Ratio

Width	Depth	Address Bus	Data Bus	Parity Bus
1	16,384	ADDR[13:0]	DATA[0]	N/A
2	8,192	ADDR[12:0]	DATA[1:0]	N/A
4	4,096	ADDR[11:0]	DATA[3:0]	N/A
9	2,048	ADDR[10:0]	DATA[7:0]	Parity[0]
18	1,024	ADDR[9:0]	DATA[15:0]	Parity[1:0]
36	512	ADDR[8:0]	DATA[31:0]	Parity[3:0]

Read/Write Operations

The Virtex-II Pro block SelectRAM+ read operation is fully synchronous. An address is presented, and the read operation is enabled by control signal ENA or ENB. Then, depending on clock polarity, a rising or falling clock edge causes the stored data to be loaded into output registers.

The write operation is also fully synchronous. Data and address are presented, and the write operation is enabled by control signals WEA and WEB in addition to ENA or ENB. Then, again depending on the clock input mode, a rising or falling clock edge causes the data to be loaded into the memory cell addressed.

A write operation performs a simultaneous read operation. Three different options are available, selected by configuration:

1. WRITE_FIRST

The WRITE_FIRST option is a transparent mode. The same clock edge that writes the data input (DI) into the memory also transfers DI into the output registers DO, as shown in Figure 49.

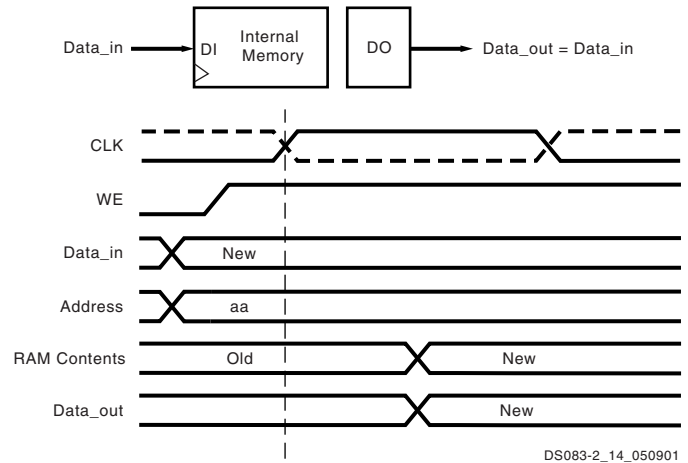


Figure 49: WRITE_FIRST Mode

2. READ_FIRST

The READ_FIRST option is a read-before-write mode.

The same clock edge that writes data input (DI) into the memory also transfers the prior content of the memory cell addressed into the data output registers DO, as shown in Figure 50.

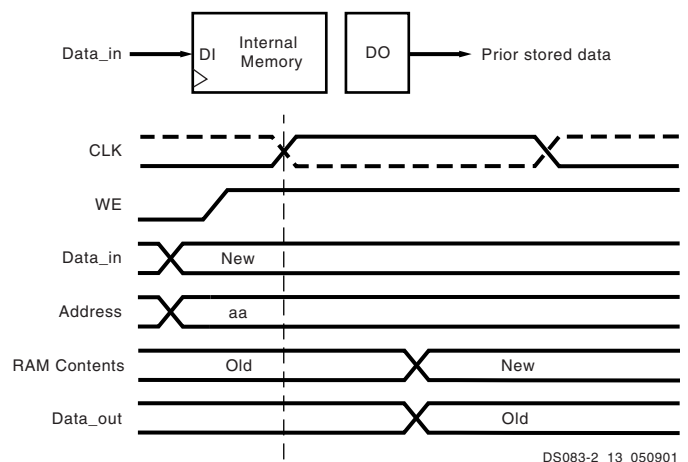


Figure 50: READ_FIRST Mode

Table 46: Pipelined Multiplier Switching Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Speed Grade			Units
		-7	-6	-5	
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock					
Data Inputs	$T_{MULIDCK}/T_{MULCKID}$	1.86/ 0.00	2.06/ 0.00	2.31/ 0.00	ns, max
Clock Enable	$T_{MULIDCK_CE}/T_{MULCKID_CE}$	0.23/ 0.00	0.25/ 0.00	0.28/ 0.00	ns, max
Reset	$T_{MULIDCK_RST}/T_{MULCKID_RST}$	0.21/–0.09	0.24/–0.09	0.26/–0.10	ns, max
Clock to Output Pin					
Clock to Pin35	T_{MULTCK_P35}	2.45	2.92	3.27	ns, max
Clock to Pin34	T_{MULTCK_P34}	2.36	2.82	3.16	ns, max
Clock to Pin33	T_{MULTCK_P33}	2.28	2.72	3.05	ns, max
Clock to Pin32	T_{MULTCK_P32}	2.20	2.62	2.93	ns, max
Clock to Pin31	T_{MULTCK_P31}	2.12	2.52	2.82	ns, max
Clock to Pin30	T_{MULTCK_P30}	2.03	2.42	2.71	ns, max
Clock to Pin29	T_{MULTCK_P29}	1.95	2.32	2.60	ns, max
Clock to Pin28	T_{MULTCK_P28}	1.87	2.22	2.48	ns, max
Clock to Pin27	T_{MULTCK_P27}	1.79	2.12	2.37	ns, max
Clock to Pin26	T_{MULTCK_P26}	1.70	2.02	2.26	ns, max
Clock to Pin25	T_{MULTCK_P25}	1.62	1.92	2.15	ns, max
Clock to Pin24	T_{MULTCK_P24}	1.54	1.82	2.03	ns, max
Clock to Pin23	T_{MULTCK_P23}	1.46	1.71	1.92	ns, max
Clock to Pin22	T_{MULTCK_P22}	1.37	1.61	1.81	ns, max
Clock to Pin21	T_{MULTCK_P21}	1.29	1.51	1.69	ns, max
Clock to Pin20	T_{MULTCK_P20}	1.21	1.41	1.58	ns, max
Clock to Pin19	T_{MULTCK_P19}	1.13	1.31	1.47	ns, max
Clock to Pin18	T_{MULTCK_P18}	1.04	1.21	1.36	ns, max
Clock to Pin17	T_{MULTCK_P17}	0.96	1.11	1.24	ns, max
Clock to Pin16	T_{MULTCK_P16}	0.88	1.01	1.13	ns, max
Clock to Pin15	T_{MULTCK_P15}	0.80	0.91	1.02	ns, max
Clock to Pin14	T_{MULTCK_P14}	0.71	0.81	0.91	ns, max
Clock to Pin13	T_{MULTCK_P13}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin12	T_{MULTCK_P12}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin11	T_{MULTCK_P11}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin10	T_{MULTCK_P10}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin9	T_{MULTCK_P9}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin8	T_{MULTCK_P8}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin7	T_{MULTCK_P7}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin6	T_{MULTCK_P6}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin5	T_{MULTCK_P5}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin4	T_{MULTCK_P4}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin3	T_{MULTCK_P3}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin2	T_{MULTCK_P2}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin1	T_{MULTCK_P1}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max
Clock to Pin0	T_{MULTCK_P0}	0.63	0.71	0.79	ns, max

Table 5: FG256/FGG256 — XC2VP2 and XC2VP4

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number
7	VCCO_7	G6
N/A	CCLK	N15
N/A	PROG_B	D1
N/A	DONE	P16
N/A	M0	N3
N/A	M1	N2
N/A	M2	P1
N/A	TCK	D16
N/A	TDI	E1
N/A	TDO	E16
N/A	TMS	C16
N/A	PWRDWN_B	N14
N/A	HSWAP_EN	C1
N/A	RSVD	D14
N/A	VBATT	D15
N/A	DXP	D2
N/A	DXN	D3
N/A	AVCCAUXTX6	B5
N/A	VTTXPAD6	B4
N/A	TXNPAD6	A4
N/A	TXPPAD6	A5
N/A	GND A6	C6
N/A	RXPPAD6	A6
N/A	RXNPAD6	A7
N/A	VTRXPAD6	B6
N/A	AVCCAUXRX6	B7
N/A	AVCCAUXTX7	B11
N/A	VTTXPAD7	B10
N/A	TXNPAD7	A10
N/A	TXPPAD7	A11
N/A	GND A7	C11
N/A	RXPPAD7	A12
N/A	RXNPAD7	A13
N/A	VTRXPAD7	B12

Table 6: FG456/FGG456 — XC2VP2, XC2VP4, and XC2VP7

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects		
			XC2VP2	XC2VP4	XC2VP7
N/A	AVCCAUXTX18	AA14			
N/A	AVCCAUXRX19	AA10			
N/A	VTRXPAD19	AA9			
N/A	RXNPAD19	AB10			
N/A	RXPPAD19	AB9			
N/A	GNDA19	Y9			
N/A	TXPPAD19	AB8			
N/A	TXNPAD19	AB7			
N/A	VTTXPAD19	AA7			
N/A	AVCCAUXTX19	AA8			
N/A	AVCCAUXRX21	AA6	NC	NC	
N/A	VTRXPAD21	AA5	NC	NC	
N/A	RXNPAD21	AB6	NC	NC	
N/A	RXPPAD21	AB5	NC	NC	
N/A	GNDA21	Y6	NC	NC	
N/A	TXPPAD21	AB4	NC	NC	
N/A	TXNPAD21	AB3	NC	NC	
N/A	VTTXPAD21	AA3	NC	NC	
N/A	AVCCAUXTX21	AA4	NC	NC	
N/A	VCCINT	U6			
N/A	VCCINT	U17			
N/A	VCCINT	T8			
N/A	VCCINT	T7			
N/A	VCCINT	T16			
N/A	VCCINT	T15			
N/A	VCCINT	R7			
N/A	VCCINT	R16			
N/A	VCCINT	H7			
N/A	VCCINT	H16			
N/A	VCCINT	G8			
N/A	VCCINT	G7			
N/A	VCCINT	G16			
N/A	VCCINT	G15			
N/A	VCCINT	F6			
N/A	VCCINT	F17			
N/A	VCCAUX	M22			

Table 7: FG676/FGG676 — XC2VP20, XC2VP30, and XC2VP40

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects		
			XC2VP20	XC2VP30	XC2VP40
6	IO_L23N_6	Y6	NC		
6	IO_L24P_6	AA4	NC		
6	IO_L24N_6	AA3	NC		
6	IO_L31P_6	AA2			
6	IO_L31N_6	AA1			
6	IO_L33P_6	Y5			
6	IO_L33N_6/VREF_6	W5			
6	IO_L35P_6	Y4			
6	IO_L35N_6	Y3			
6	IO_L36P_6	Y2			
6	IO_L36N_6	Y1			
6	IO_L37P_6	W7			
6	IO_L37N_6	W6			
6	IO_L39P_6	W2			
6	IO_L39N_6/VREF_6	W1			
6	IO_L41P_6	V8			
6	IO_L41N_6	V7			
6	IO_L42P_6	V6			
6	IO_L42N_6	V5			
6	IO_L43P_6	V4			
6	IO_L43N_6	V3			
6	IO_L45P_6	V2			
6	IO_L45N_6/VREF_6	V1			
6	IO_L47P_6	U8			
6	IO_L47N_6	T8			
6	IO_L48P_6	U5			
6	IO_L48N_6	U4			
6	IO_L49P_6	U3			
6	IO_L49N_6	T3			
6	IO_L51P_6	U2			
6	IO_L51N_6/VREF_6	U1			
6	IO_L53P_6	T7			
6	IO_L53N_6	R7			
6	IO_L54P_6	T6			
6	IO_L54N_6	T5			

Table 8: FF672 — XC2VP2, XC2VP4, and XC2VP7

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects		
			XC2VP2	XC2VP4	XC2VP7
1	IO_L06N_1	E9			
1	IO_L06P_1	E8			
1	IO_L05_1/No_Pair	F8			
1	IO_L03N_1/VREF_1	D7			
1	IO_L03P_1	E7			
1	IO_L02N_1	C6			
1	IO_L02P_1	D6			
1	IO_L01N_1/VRP_1	A3			
1	IO_L01P_1/VRN_1	B3			
2	IO_L01N_2/VRP_2	C4			
2	IO_L01P_2/VRN_2	D3			
2	IO_L02N_2	A2			
2	IO_L02P_2	B1			
2	IO_L03N_2	C2			
2	IO_L03P_2	C1			
2	IO_L04N_2/VREF_2	D2			
2	IO_L04P_2	D1			
2	IO_L05N_2	E4			
2	IO_L05P_2	E3			
2	IO_L06N_2	E2			
2	IO_L06P_2	E1			
2	IO_L40N_2/VREF_2	F5	NC	NC	NC
2	IO_L40P_2	F4	NC	NC	NC
2	IO_L42N_2	F3	NC	NC	NC
2	IO_L42P_2	F2	NC	NC	NC
2	IO_L43N_2	G6	NC		
2	IO_L43P_2	G5	NC		
2	IO_L44N_2	G4	NC		
2	IO_L44P_2	G3	NC		
2	IO_L45N_2	F1	NC		
2	IO_L45P_2	G1	NC		
2	IO_L46N_2/VREF_2	H6	NC		
2	IO_L46P_2	H5	NC		
2	IO_L47N_2	H4	NC		
2	IO_L47P_2	H3	NC		
2	IO_L48N_2	H2	NC		

Table 9: FF896 — XC2VP7, XC2VP20, XC2VPX20, and XC2VP30

Bank	Pin Description		Pin Number	No Connects		
	Virtex-II Pro devices	XC2VPX20 (if Different)		XC2VP7	XC2VP20, XC2VPX20	XC2VP30
1	VCCO_1		K13			
1	VCCO_1		K12			
1	VCCO_1		K11			
1	VCCO_1		K10			
1	VCCO_1		J13			
1	VCCO_1		J12			
1	VCCO_1		J11			
1	VCCO_1		J10			
2	VCCO_2		R10			
2	VCCO_2		P10			
2	VCCO_2		N10			
2	VCCO_2		N9			
2	VCCO_2		M10			
2	VCCO_2		M9			
2	VCCO_2		L10			
2	VCCO_2		L9			
2	VCCO_2		K9			
2	VCCO_2		J9			
3	VCCO_3		AB9			
3	VCCO_3		AA9			
3	VCCO_3		Y10			
3	VCCO_3		Y9			
3	VCCO_3		W10			
3	VCCO_3		W9			
3	VCCO_3		V10			
3	VCCO_3		V9			
3	VCCO_3		U10			
3	VCCO_3		T10			
4	VCCO_4		AB13			
4	VCCO_4		AB12			
4	VCCO_4		AB11			
4	VCCO_4		AB10			
4	VCCO_4		AA15			
4	VCCO_4		AA14			
4	VCCO_4		AA13			
4	VCCO_4		AA12			

Table 9: FF896 — XC2VP7, XC2VP20, XC2VPX20, and XC2VP30

Bank	Pin Description		Pin Number	No Connects		
	Virtex-II Pro devices	XC2VPX20 (if Different)		XC2VP7	XC2VP20, XC2VPX20	XC2VP30
N/A	GND		N17			
N/A	GND		N16			
N/A	GND		N15			
N/A	GND		N14			
N/A	GND		N13			
N/A	GND		N12			
N/A	GND		M19			
N/A	GND		M18			
N/A	GND		M17			
N/A	GND		M16			
N/A	GND		M15			
N/A	GND		M14			
N/A	GND		M13			
N/A	GND		M12			
N/A	GND		L28			
N/A	GND		L25			
N/A	GND		L20			
N/A	GND		L11			
N/A	GND		L6			
N/A	GND		L3			
N/A	GND		H30			
N/A	GND		H1			
N/A	GND		F25			
N/A	GND		F18			
N/A	GND		F13			
N/A	GND		F6			
N/A	GND		E26			
N/A	GND		E5			
N/A	GND		D27			
N/A	GND		D22			
N/A	GND		D19			
N/A	GND		D12			
N/A	GND		D9			
N/A	GND		D4			
N/A	GND		C28			
N/A	GND		C17			

Table 10: FF1152 — XC2VP20, XC2VP30, XC2VP40, and XC2VP50

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects			
			XC2VP20	XC2VP30	XC2VP40	XC2VP50
4	IO_L73P_4	AG17				
4	IO_L74N_4/GCLK3S	AH17				
4	IO_L74P_4/GCLK2P	AJ17				
4	IO_L75N_4/GCLK1S	AK17				
4	IO_L75P_4/GCLK0P	AL17				
5	IO_L75N_5/GCLK7S	AL18				
5	IO_L75P_5/GCLK6P	AK18				
5	IO_L74N_5/GCLK5S	AJ18				
5	IO_L74P_5/GCLK4P	AH18				
5	IO_L73N_5	AG18				
5	IO_L73P_5	AF18				
5	IO_L69N_5/VREF_5	AL19				
5	IO_L69P_5	AK19				
5	IO_L68N_5	AJ19				
5	IO_L68P_5	AH19				
5	IO_L67N_5	AE18				
5	IO_L67P_5	AD18				
5	IO_L57N_5/VREF_5	AL20				
5	IO_L57P_5	AL21				
5	IO_L56N_5	AJ20				
5	IO_L56P_5	AH20				
5	IO_L55N_5	AG19				
5	IO_L55P_5	AF19				
5	IO_L54N_5	AM22				
5	IO_L54P_5	AM21				
5	IO_L53_5/No_Pair	AK21				
5	IO_L50_5/No_Pair	AJ21				
5	IO_L49N_5	AE19				
5	IO_L49P_5	AD19				
5	IO_L48N_5	AL23				
5	IO_L48P_5	AL22				
5	IO_L47N_5	AH21				
5	IO_L47P_5	AG21				
5	IO_L46N_5	AF20				
5	IO_L46P_5	AE20				
5	IO_L45N_5/VREF_5	AM24				
5	IO_L45P_5	AL24				

Table 11: FF1148 — XC2VP40 and XC2VP50

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects	
			XC2VP40	XC2VP50
N/A	GND	AP5		
N/A	GND	AK5		
N/A	GND	AF5		
N/A	GND	AB5		
N/A	GND	W5		
N/A	GND	T5		
N/A	GND	N5		
N/A	GND	J5		
N/A	GND	E5		
N/A	GND	A5		
N/A	GND	AM3		
N/A	GND	C3		
N/A	GND	AN2		
N/A	GND	B2		
N/A	GND	AK1		
N/A	GND	AF1		
N/A	GND	AB1		
N/A	GND	W1		
N/A	GND	V1		
N/A	GND	T1		
N/A	GND	N1		
N/A	GND	J1		
N/A	GND	E1		

Notes:

1. See [Table 4](#) for an explanation of the signals available on this pin.

Table 12: FF1517 — XC2VP50 and XC2VP70

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects	
			XC2VP50	XC2VP70
1	IO_L36N_1/VREF_1	E13	NC	
1	IO_L36P_1	D13	NC	
1	IO_L35N_1	K15	NC	
1	IO_L35P_1	J15	NC	
1	IO_L34N_1	G13	NC	
1	IO_L34P_1	F12	NC	
1	IO_L30N_1	J13	NC	
1	IO_L30P_1	H13	NC	
1	IO_L29N_1	L15	NC	
1	IO_L29P_1	L14	NC	
1	IO_L28N_1	E12	NC	
1	IO_L28P_1	D12	NC	
1	IO_L27N_1/VREF_1	J12		
1	IO_L27P_1	H12		
1	IO_L26N_1	K14		
1	IO_L26P_1	J14		
1	IO_L25N_1	D11		
1	IO_L25P_1	C11		
1	IO_L21N_1	F11		
1	IO_L21P_1	E11		
1	IO_L20N_1	M14		
1	IO_L20P_1	M13		
1	IO_L19N_1	H11		
1	IO_L19P_1	G11		
1	IO_L09N_1/VREF_1	J11		
1	IO_L09P_1	J10		
1	IO_L08N_1	L13		
1	IO_L08P_1	L12		
1	IO_L07N_1	D10		
1	IO_L07P_1	C10		
1	IO_L06N_1	F10		
1	IO_L06P_1	E10		
1	IO_L05_1/No_Pair	K10		
1	IO_L03N_1/VREF_1	H10		
1	IO_L03P_1	G10		
1	IO_L02N_1	K12		
1	IO_L02P_1	K11		
1	IO_L01N_1/VRP_1	E9		

Table 12: FF1517 — XC2VP50 and XC2VP70

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects	
			XC2VP50	XC2VP70
7	IO_L86N_7	W28		
7	IO_L85P_7	W34		
7	IO_L85N_7	W35		
7	IO_L60P_7	W32		
7	IO_L60N_7	W33		
7	IO_L59P_7	W29		
7	IO_L59N_7	W30		
7	IO_L58P_7	V38		
7	IO_L58N_7/VREF_7	V39		
7	IO_L57P_7	V36		
7	IO_L57N_7	V37		
7	IO_L56P_7	V28		
7	IO_L56N_7	V29		
7	IO_L55P_7	V34		
7	IO_L55N_7	V35		
7	IO_L54P_7	V32		
7	IO_L54N_7	V33		
7	IO_L53P_7	V30		
7	IO_L53N_7	V31		
7	IO_L52P_7	U38		
7	IO_L52N_7/VREF_7	U39		
7	IO_L51P_7	T36		
7	IO_L51N_7	U36		
7	IO_L50P_7	V27		
7	IO_L50N_7	U27		
7	IO_L49P_7	U34		
7	IO_L49N_7	U35		
7	IO_L48P_7	T37		
7	IO_L48N_7	T38		
7	IO_L47P_7	U30		
7	IO_L47N_7	U31		
7	IO_L46P_7	T33		
7	IO_L46N_7/VREF_7	T34		
7	IO_L45P_7	R38		
7	IO_L45N_7	R39		
7	IO_L44P_7	T32		
7	IO_L44N_7	U32		
7	IO_L43P_7	R36		

Table 12: FF1517 — XC2VP50 and XC2VP70

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects	
			XC2VP50	XC2VP70
4	VCCO_4	AP17		
4	VCCO_4	AK17		
4	VCCO_4	AF17		
4	VCCO_4	AG16		
4	VCCO_4	AF16		
4	VCCO_4	AG15		
4	VCCO_4	AF15		
4	VCCO_4	AG14		
4	VCCO_4	AP13		
4	VCCO_4	AK13		
3	VCCO_3	AE14		
3	VCCO_3	AD14		
3	VCCO_3	AC14		
3	VCCO_3	AB14		
3	VCCO_3	AA14		
3	VCCO_3	Y14		
3	VCCO_3	AF13		
3	VCCO_3	AG12		
3	VCCO_3	AC11		
3	VCCO_3	AP8		
3	VCCO_3	AL8		
3	VCCO_3	AG8		
3	VCCO_3	AC7		
3	VCCO_3	AR4		
3	VCCO_3	AL4		
3	VCCO_3	AG4		
3	VCCO_3	AC3		
3	VCCO_3	AR1		
2	VCCO_2	W14		
2	VCCO_2	V14		
2	VCCO_2	U14		
2	VCCO_2	T14		
2	VCCO_2	R14		
2	VCCO_2	P13		
2	VCCO_2	N12		
2	VCCO_2	U11		
2	VCCO_2	N8		
2	VCCO_2	J8		

Table 12: FF1517 — XC2VP50 and XC2VP70

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects	
			XC2VP50	XC2VP70
N/A	GND A18	AU16		
N/A	TXPPAD18	AW18		
N/A	TXNPAD18	AW19		
N/A	VTTXPAD18	AV19		
N/A	AVCCAUXTX18	AV18		
N/A	AVCCAUXRX19	AV21		
N/A	VTRXPAD19	AV22		
N/A	RXNPAD19	AW21		
N/A	RXPPAD19	AW22		
N/A	GND A19	AU24		
N/A	TXPPAD19	AW23		
N/A	TXNPAD19	AW24		
N/A	VTTXPAD19	AV24		
N/A	AVCCAUXTX19	AV23		
N/A	AVCCAUXRX20	AV25		
N/A	VTRXPAD20	AV26		
N/A	RXNPAD20	AW25		
N/A	RXPPAD20	AW26		
N/A	GND A20	AU27		
N/A	TXPPAD20	AW27		
N/A	TXNPAD20	AW28		
N/A	VTTXPAD20	AV28		
N/A	AVCCAUXTX20	AV27		
N/A	AVCCAUXRX21	AV29		
N/A	VTRXPAD21	AV30		
N/A	RXNPAD21	AW29		
N/A	RXPPAD21	AW30		
N/A	GND A21	AU31		
N/A	TXPPAD21	AW31		
N/A	TXNPAD21	AW32		
N/A	VTTXPAD21	AV32		
N/A	AVCCAUXTX21	AV31		
N/A	AVCCAUXRX23	AV33		
N/A	VTRXPAD23	AV34		
N/A	RXNPAD23	AW33		
N/A	RXPPAD23	AW34		
N/A	GND A23	AU34		
N/A	TXPPAD23	AW35		

Table 13: FF1704 — XC2VP70, XC2VPX70, and XC2VP100

Bank	Pin Description		Pin Number	No Connects	
	Virtex-II Pro Devices	XC2VPX70 (if Different)		XC2VP70, XC2VPX70	XC2VP100
2	IO_L86P_2		Y12		
2	IO_L87N_2		AA9		
2	IO_L87P_2		AA10		
2	IO_L88N_2/VREF_2		AA6		
2	IO_L88P_2		AA7		
2	IO_L89N_2		AA12		
2	IO_L89P_2		AB12		
2	IO_L90N_2		AA3		
2	IO_L90P_2		AA4		
3	IO_L90N_3		AB3		
3	IO_L90P_3		AB4		
3	IO_L89N_3		AB6		
3	IO_L89P_3		AB7		
3	IO_L88N_3		AB9		
3	IO_L88P_3		AB10		
3	IO_L87N_3/VREF_3		AC3		
3	IO_L87P_3		AC4		
3	IO_L86N_3		AC11		
3	IO_L86P_3		AC12		
3	IO_L85N_3		AC6		
3	IO_L85P_3		AC7		
3	IO_L60N_3		AC9		
3	IO_L60P_3		AC10		
3	IO_L59N_3		AD9		
3	IO_L59P_3		AD10		
3	IO_L58N_3		AD1		
3	IO_L58P_3		AD2		
3	IO_L57N_3/VREF_3		AD3		
3	IO_L57P_3		AD4		
3	IO_L56N_3		AD11		
3	IO_L56P_3		AD12		
3	IO_L55N_3		AD5		
3	IO_L55P_3		AD6		
3	IO_L54N_3		AD7		
3	IO_L54P_3		AD8		

Table 14: FF1696 — XC2VP100

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects
			XC2VP100
1	IO_L87N_1/VREF_1	C15	
1	IO_L87P_1	C16	
1	IO_L86N_1	K15	
1	IO_L86P_1	J15	
1	IO_L85N_1	F15	
1	IO_L85P_1	E15	
1	IO_L84N_1	G15	
1	IO_L84P_1	G16	
1	IO_L83_1/No_Pair	M15	
1	IO_L80_1/No_Pair	L15	
1	IO_L79N_1	B14	
1	IO_L79P_1	A14	
1	IO_L78N_1	C14	
1	IO_L78P_1	D15	
1	IO_L77N_1	K14	
1	IO_L77P_1	J14	
1	IO_L76N_1	F14	
1	IO_L76P_1	E14	
1	IO_L36N_1/VREF_1	G14	
1	IO_L36P_1	H15	
1	IO_L35N_1	M14	
1	IO_L35P_1	L14	
1	IO_L34N_1	C13	
1	IO_L34P_1	B13	
1	IO_L30N_1	G13	
1	IO_L30P_1	F13	
1	IO_L29N_1	L13	
1	IO_L29P_1	K13	
1	IO_L28N_1	C12	
1	IO_L28P_1	B12	
1	IO_L27N_1/VREF_1	D12	
1	IO_L27P_1	D13	
1	IO_L26N_1	J12	
1	IO_L26P_1	H12	
1	IO_L25N_1	F12	
1	IO_L25P_1	E12	
1	IO_L21N_1	G12	

Table 14: FF1696 — XC2VP100

Bank	Pin Description	Pin Number	No Connects
			XC2VP100
N/A	GND	AC25	
N/A	GND	AB25	
N/A	GND	AA25	
N/A	GND	Y25	
N/A	GND	W25	
N/A	GND	V25	
N/A	GND	U25	
N/A	GND	AL24	
N/A	GND	AF24	
N/A	GND	AE24	
N/A	GND	AD24	
N/A	GND	AC24	
N/A	GND	AB24	
N/A	GND	AA24	
N/A	GND	Y24	
N/A	GND	W24	
N/A	GND	V24	
N/A	GND	U24	
N/A	GND	M24	
N/A	GND	BB23	
N/A	GND	AV23	
N/A	GND	AP23	
N/A	GND	AF23	
N/A	GND	AE23	
N/A	GND	AD23	
N/A	GND	AC23	
N/A	GND	AB23	
N/A	GND	AA23	
N/A	GND	Y23	
N/A	GND	W23	
N/A	GND	V23	
N/A	GND	U23	
N/A	GND	J23	
N/A	GND	E23	
N/A	GND	A23	
N/A	GND	AF22	
N/A	GND	AE22	