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Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	MPC8xx
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	66MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10Mbps (4), 10/100Mbps (1)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	357-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	357-PBGA (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc862tzq66b

Table 7 provides the bus operation timing for the MPC862/857T/857DSL at 33 MHz, 40 Mhz, 50 MHz and 66 Mhz.

The timing for the MPC862/857T/857DSL bus shown assumes a 50-pF load for maximum delays and a 0-pF load for minimum delays.

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
B1	CLKOUT period	30.30	30.30	25.00	30.30	20.00	30.30	15.15	30.30	ns
B1a	EXTCLK to CLKOUT phase skew (EXTCLK > 15 MHz and MF <= 2)	-0.90	0.90	-0.90	0.90	-0.90	0.90	-0.90	0.90	ns
B1b	EXTCLK to CLKOUT phase skew (EXTCLK > 10 MHz and MF < 10)	-2.30	2.30	-2.30	2.30	-2.30	2.30	-2.30	2.30	ns
B1c	CLKOUT phase jitter (EXTCLK > 15 MHz and MF <= 2) [1]	-0.60	0.60	-0.60	0.60	-0.60	0.60	-0.60	0.60	ns
B1d	CLKOUT phase jitter[1]	-2.00	2.00	-2.00	2.00	-2.00	2.00	-2.00	2.00	ns
B1e	CLKOUT frequency jitter (MF < 10) [1]	—	0.50	—	0.50	—	0.50	—	0.50	%
B1f	CLKOUT frequency jitter (10 < MF < 500) [1]	—	2.00	—	2.00	—	2.00	—	2.00	%
B1g	CLKOUT frequency jitter (MF > 500) [1]	—	3.00	—	3.00	—	3.00	—	3.00	%
B1h	Frequency jitter on EXTCLK [2]	—	0.50	—	0.50	—	0.50	—	0.50	%
B2	CLKOUT pulse width low (MIN = 0.040 x B1)	12.10	—	10.00	—	8.00	—	6.10	—	ns
B3	CLKOUT width high (MIN = 0.040 x B1)	12.10	—	10.00	—	8.00	—	6.10	—	ns
B4	CLKOUT rise time [3] (MAX = 0.00 x B1 + 4.00)	—	4.00	—	4.00	—	4.00	—	4.00	ns
B5[33]	CLKOUT fall time[3] (MAX = 0.00 x B1 + 4.00)	—	4.00	—	4.00	—	4.00	—	4.00	ns
B7	CLKOUT to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), RD/$\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{BURST}}$, D(0:31), DP(0:3) invalid (MIN = 0.25 x B1)	7.60	—	6.30	—	5.00	—	3.80	—	ns
B7a	CLKOUT to TSIZ(0:1), $\overline{\text{REG}}$, $\overline{\text{RSV}}$, AT(0:3), $\overline{\text{BDIP}}$, PTR invalid (MIN = 0.25 x B1)	7.60	—	6.30	—	5.00	—	3.80	—	ns
B7b	CLKOUT to $\overline{\text{BR}}$, $\overline{\text{BG}}$, FRZ, VFLS(0:1), VF(0:2) IWP(0:2), LWP(0:1), $\overline{\text{STS}}$ invalid [4] (MIN = 0.25 x B1)	7.60	—	6.30	—	5.00	—	3.80	—	ns
B8	CLKOUT to A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) RD/$\overline{\text{WR}}$, $\overline{\text{BURST}}$, D(0:31), DP(0:3) valid (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 6.3)	7.60	13.80	6.30	12.50	5.00	11.30	3.80	10.00	ns

Table 7. Bus Operation Timings (continued)

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
B32c	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid - as requested by control bit BST3 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 6.80)	7.60	14.30	6.30	13.00	5.00	11.80	3.80	10.50	ns
B32d	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid- as requested by control bit BST1 in the corresponding word in the UPM, EBDF = 1 (MAX = 0.375 x B1 + 6.60)	9.40	18.00	7.60	16.00	13.30	14.10	11.30	12.30	ns
B33	CLKOUT falling edge to $\overline{\text{GPL}}$ valid - as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MAX = 0.00 x B1 + 6.00)	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	1.50	6.00	ns
B33a	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{\text{GPL}}$ Valid - as requested by control bit GxT3 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 6.80)	7.60	14.30	6.30	13.00	5.00	11.80	3.80	10.50	ns
B34	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ valid - as requested by control bit CST4 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MIN = 0.25 x B1 - 2.00)	5.60	—	4.30	—	3.00	—	1.80	—	ns
B34a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ valid - as requested by control bit CST1 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MIN = 0.50 x B1 - 2.00)	13.20	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.60	—	ns
B34b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ valid - as requested by CST2 in the corresponding word in UPM (MIN = 0.75 x B1 - 2.00)	20.70	—	16.70	—	13.00	—	9.40	—	ns
B35	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30) to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ valid - as requested by control bit BST4 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MIN = 0.25 x B1 - 2.00)	5.60	—	4.30	—	3.00	—	1.80	—	ns
B35a	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid - As Requested by BST1 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MIN = 0.50 x B1 - 2.00)	13.20	—	10.50	—	8.00	—	5.60	—	ns
B35b	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{BS}}$ valid - as requested by control bit BST2 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MIN = 0.75 x B1 - 2.00)	20.70	—	16.70	—	13.00	—	9.40	—	ns
B36	A(0:31), BADDR(28:30), and D(0:31) to $\overline{\text{GPL}}$ valid as requested by control bit GxT4 in the corresponding word in the UPM (MIN = 0.25 x B1 - 2.00)	5.60	—	4.30	—	3.00	—	1.80	—	ns

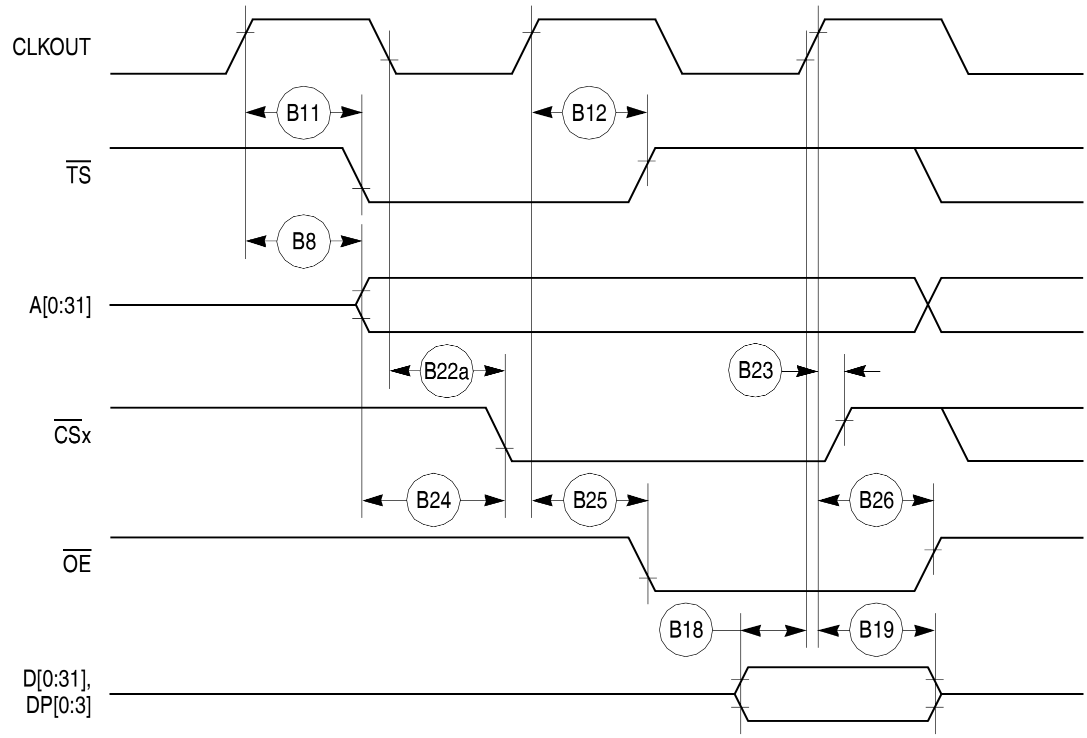


Figure 12. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0, ACS = 10)

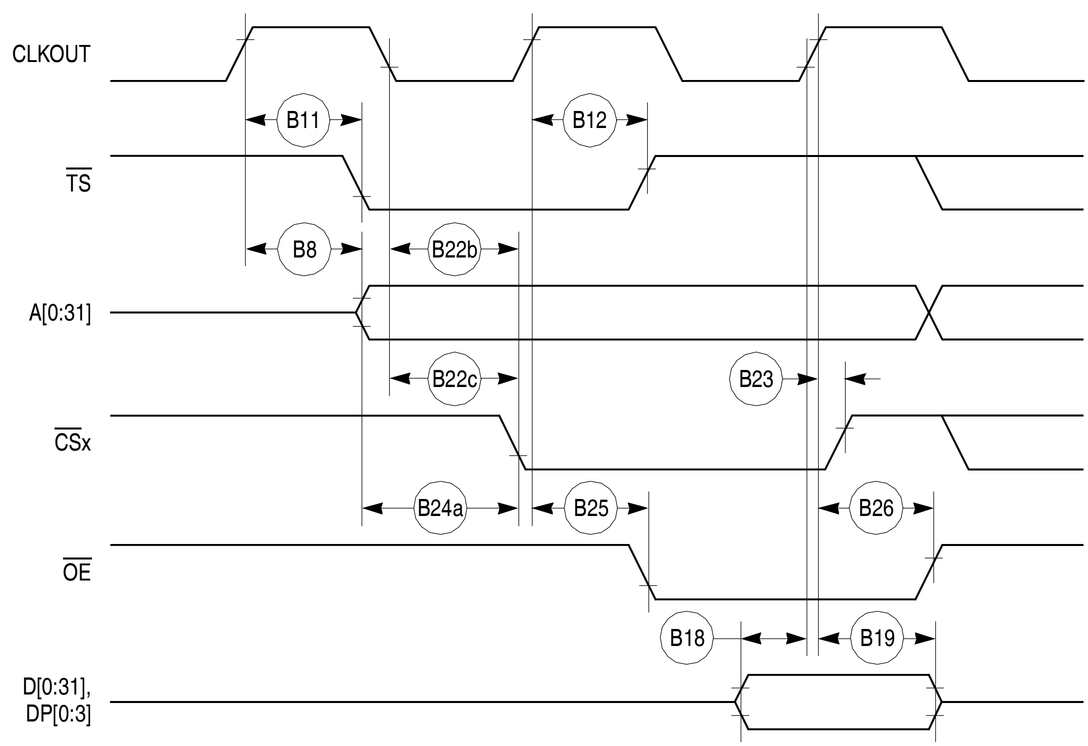


Figure 13. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 0, ACS = 11)

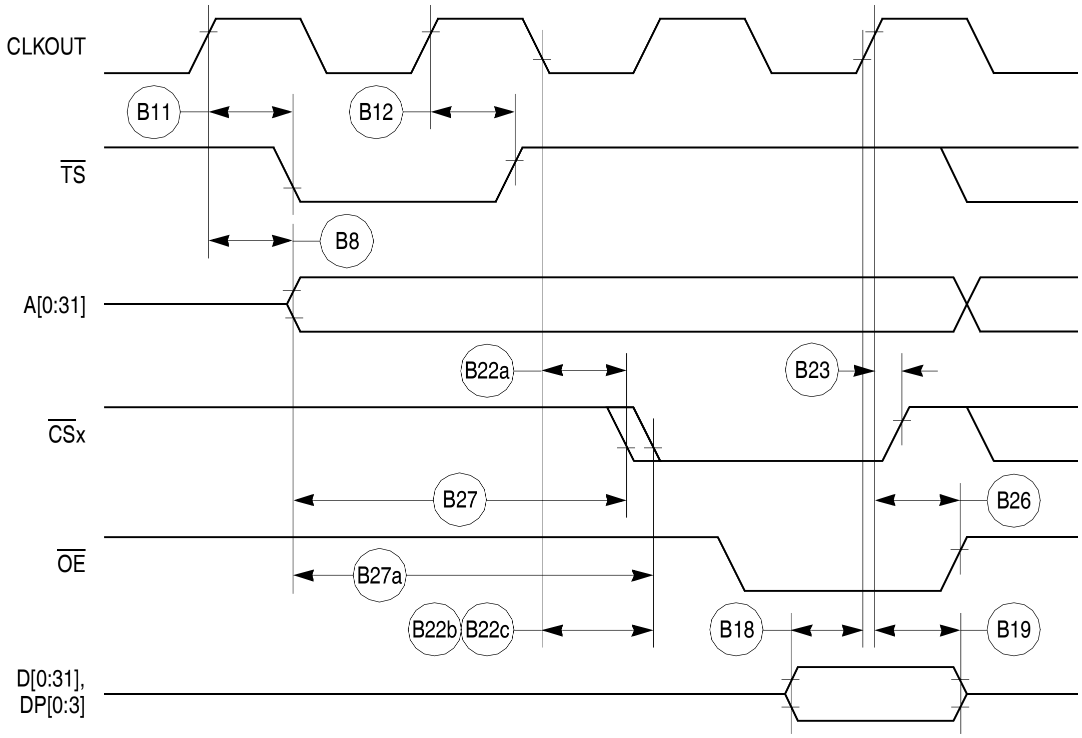


Figure 14. External Bus Read Timing (GPCM Controlled—TRLX = 1, ACS = 10, ACS = 11)

Figure 19 provides the timing for the asynchronous asserted UPWAIT signal controlled by the UPM.

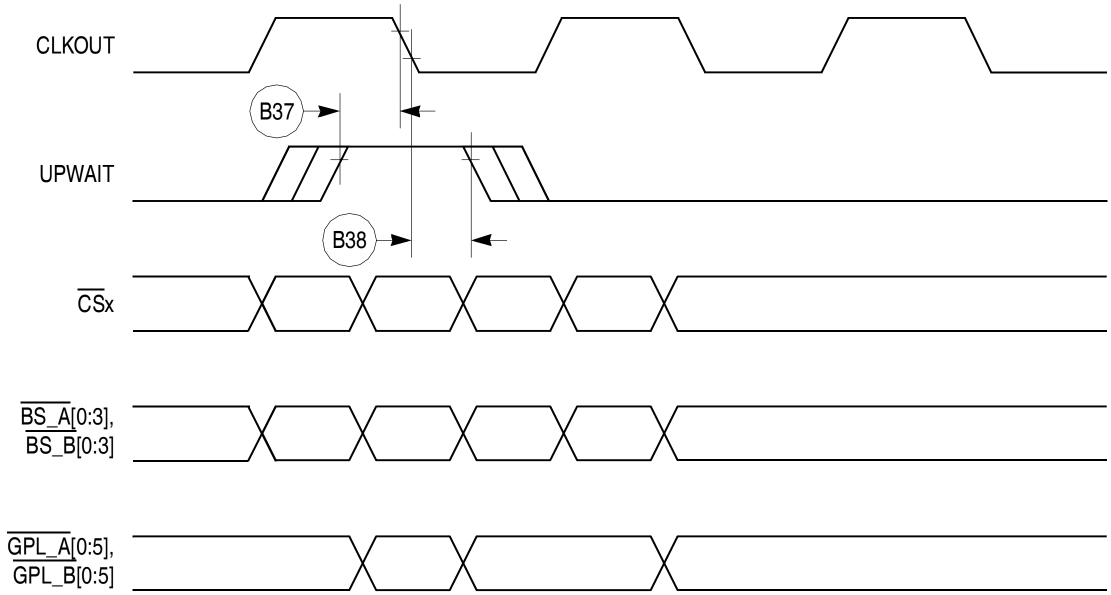


Figure 19. Asynchronous UPWAIT Asserted Detection in UPM Handled Cycles Timing

Figure 20 provides the timing for the asynchronous negated UPWAIT signal controlled by the UPM.

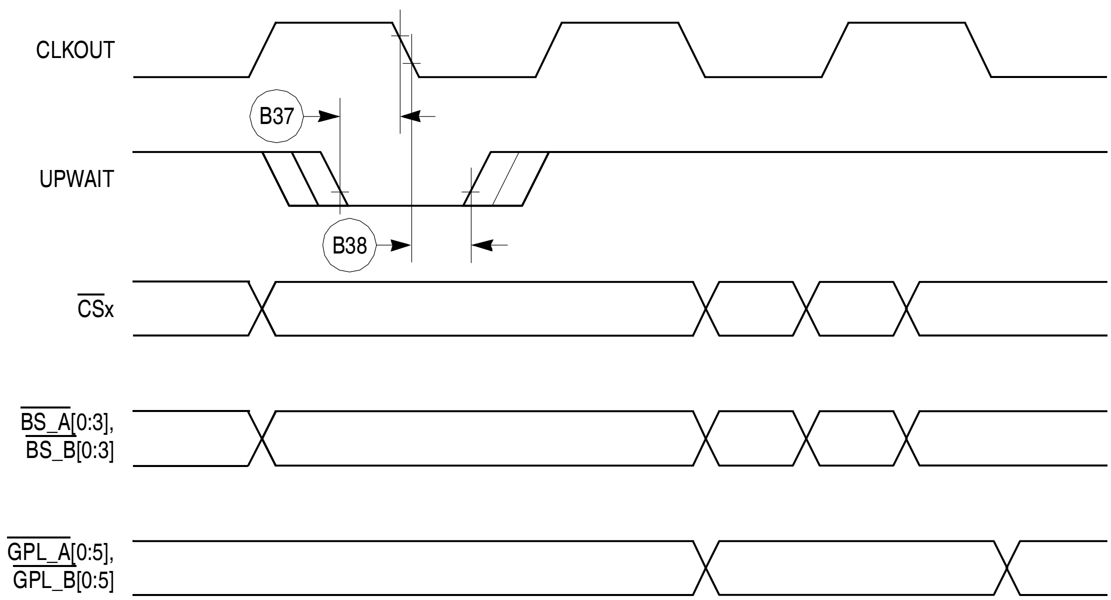


Figure 20. Asynchronous UPWAIT Negated Detection in UPM Handled Cycles Timing

Figure 21 provides the timing for the synchronous external master access controlled by the GPCM.

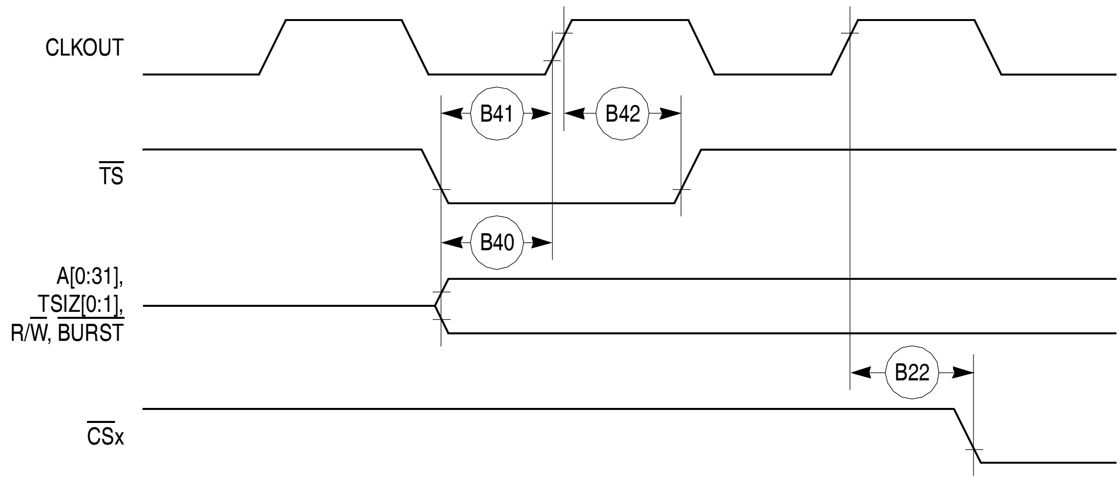


Figure 21. Synchronous External Master Access Timing (GPCM Handled ACS = 00)

Figure 22 provides the timing for the asynchronous external master memory access controlled by the GPCM.

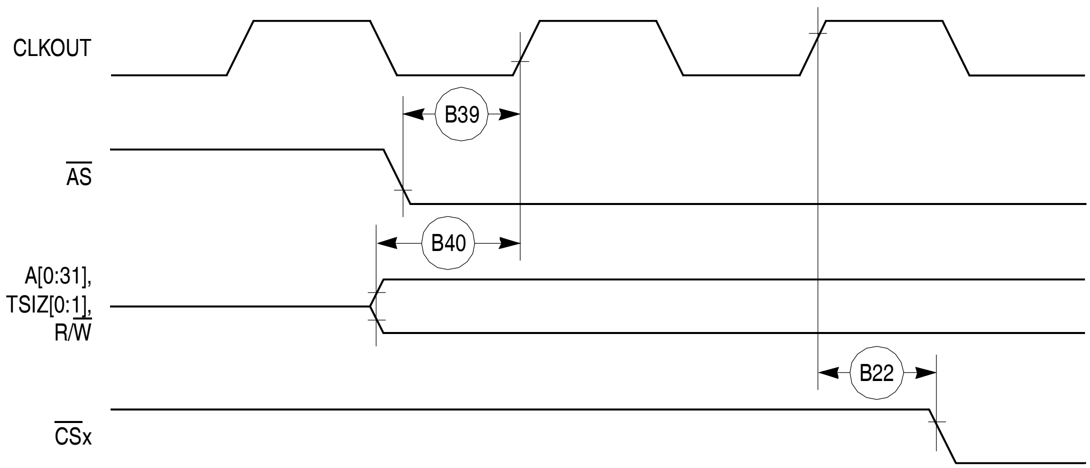


Figure 22. Asynchronous External Master Memory Access Timing (GPCM Controlled—ACS = 00)

Figure 23 provides the timing for the asynchronous external master control signals negation.

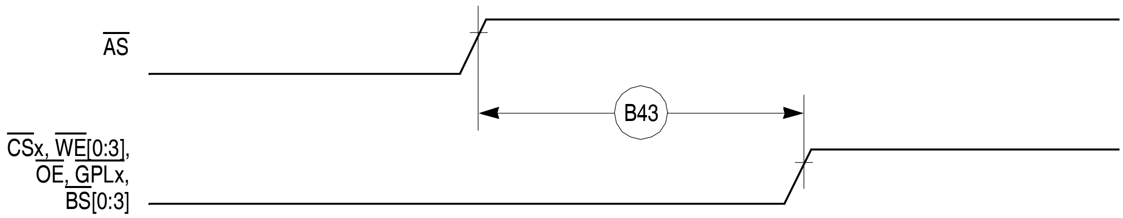


Figure 23. Asynchronous External Master—Control Signals Negation Timing

Table 9 shows the PCMCIA timing for the MPC862/857T/857DSL.

Table 9. PCMCIA Timing

Num	Characteristic	33 MHz		40 MHz		50 MHz		66 MHz		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
P44	A(0:31), $\overline{REG}$ valid to PCMCIA Strobe asserted. [1] (MIN = 0.75 x B1 - 2.00)	20.70	—	16.70	—	13.00	—	9.40	—	ns
P45	A(0:31), $\overline{REG}$ valid to ALE negation.[1] (MIN = 1.00 x B1 - 2.00)	28.30	—	23.00	—	18.00	—	13.20	—	ns
P46	CLKOUT to $\overline{REG}$ valid (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 8.00)	7.60	15.60	6.30	14.30	5.00	13.00	3.80	11.80	ns
P47	CLKOUT to $\overline{REG}$ Invalid. (MIN = 0.25 x B1 + 1.00)	8.60	—	7.30	—	6.00	—	4.80	—	ns
P48	CLKOUT to $\overline{CE1}$, $\overline{CE2}$ asserted. (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 8.00)	7.60	15.60	6.30	14.30	5.00	13.00	3.80	11.80	ns
P49	CLKOUT to $\overline{CE1}$, $\overline{CE2}$ negated. (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 8.00)	7.60	15.60	6.30	14.30	5.00	13.00	3.80	11.80	ns
P50	CLKOUT to $\overline{PCOE}$, $\overline{IORD}$, $\overline{PCWE}$, $\overline{IOWR}$ assert time. (MAX = 0.00 x B1 + 11.00)	—	11.00	—	11.00	—	11.00	—	11.00	ns
P51	CLKOUT to $\overline{PCOE}$, $\overline{IORD}$, $\overline{PCWE}$, $\overline{IOWR}$ negate time. (MAX = 0.00 x B1 + 11.00)	2.00	11.00	2.00	11.00	2.00	11.00	2.00	11.00	ns
P52	CLKOUT to ALE assert time (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 6.30)	7.60	13.80	6.30	12.50	5.00	11.30	3.80	10.00	ns
P53	CLKOUT to ALE negate time (MAX = 0.25 x B1 + 8.00)	—	15.60	—	14.30	—	13.00	—	11.80	ns
P54	$\overline{PCWE}$, $\overline{IOWR}$ negated to D(0:31) invalid.[1] (MIN = 0.25 x B1 - 2.00)	5.60	—	4.30	—	3.00	—	1.80	—	ns
P55	$\overline{WAITA}$ and $\overline{WAITB}$ valid to CLKOUT rising edge.[1] (MIN = 0.00 x B1 + 8.00)	8.00	—	8.00	—	8.00	—	8.00	—	ns
P56	CLKOUT rising edge to $\overline{WAITA}$ and $\overline{WAITB}$ invalid.[1] (MIN = 0.00 x B1 + 2.00)	2.00	—	2.00	—	2.00	—	2.00	—	ns

[1] PSST = 1. Otherwise add PSST times cycle time.
PSHT = 0. Otherwise add PSHT times cycle time.

These synchronous timings define when the $\overline{WAITx}$ signals are detected in order to freeze (or relieve) the PCMCIA current cycle. The $\overline{WAITx}$ assertion will be effective only if it is detected 2 cycles before the PSL timer expiration. See PCMCIA Interface in the *MPC862 PowerQUICC User s Manual*.

Table 11 shows the debug port timing for the MPC862/857T/857DSL.

Table 11. Debug Port Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
D61	DSCK cycle time	3 x $T_{CLOCKOUT}$		-
D62	DSCK clock pulse width	1.25 x $T_{CLOCKOUT}$		-
D63	DSCK rise and fall times	0.00	3.00	ns
D64	DSDI input data setup time	8.00		ns
D65	DSDI data hold time	5.00		ns
D66	DSCK low to DSDO data valid	0.00	15.00	ns
D67	DSCK low to DSDO invalid	0.00	2.00	ns

Figure 31 provides the input timing for the debug port clock.

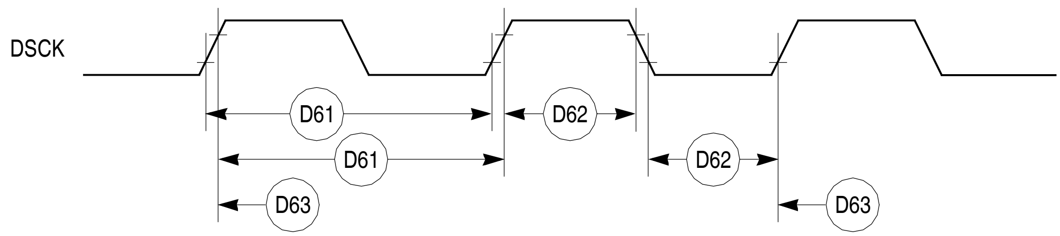


Figure 31. Debug Port Clock Input Timing

Figure 32 provides the timing for the debug port.

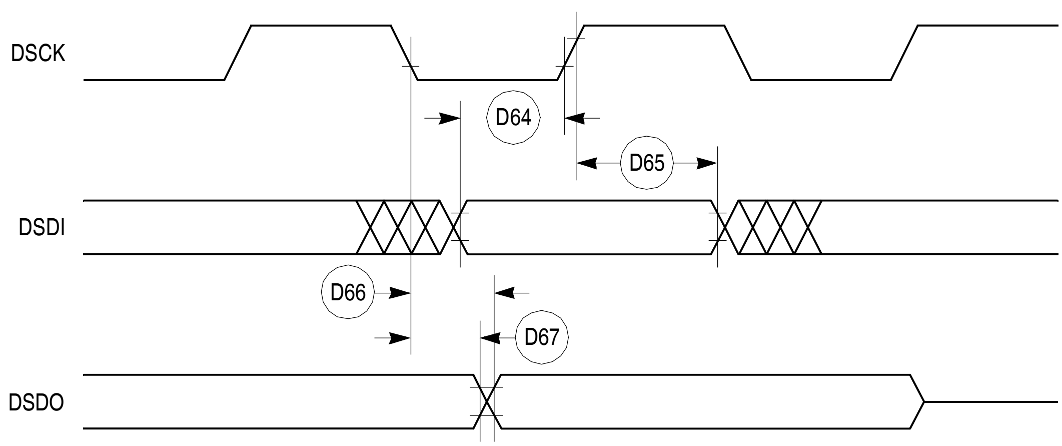


Figure 32. Debug Port Timings

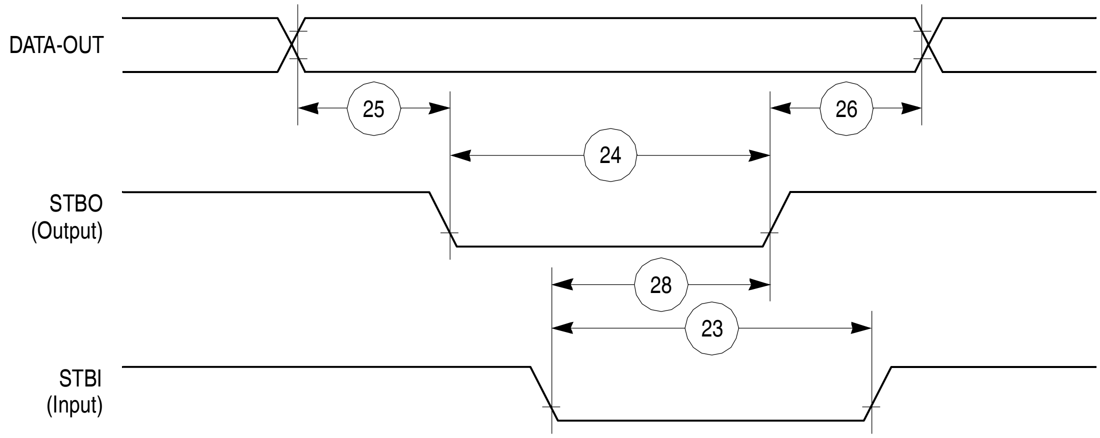


Figure 41. PIP Tx (Interlock Mode) Timing Diagram

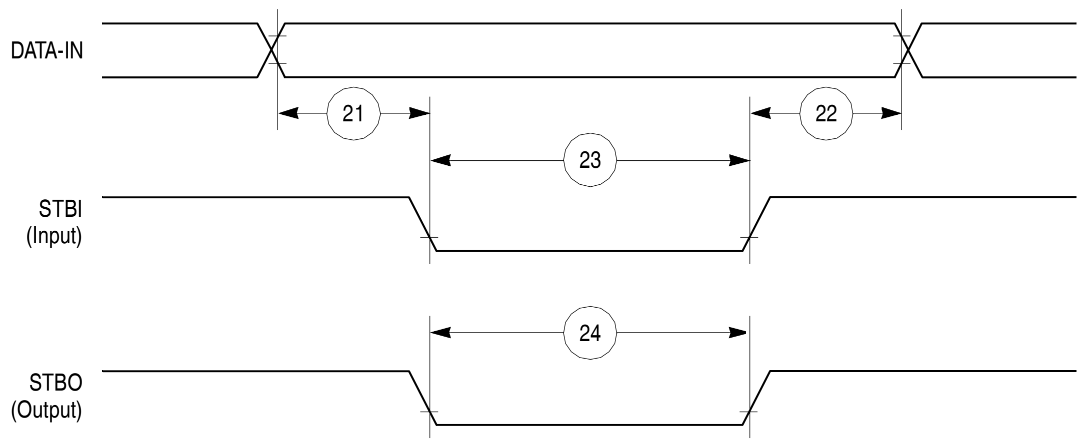


Figure 42. PIP Rx (Pulse Mode) Timing Diagram

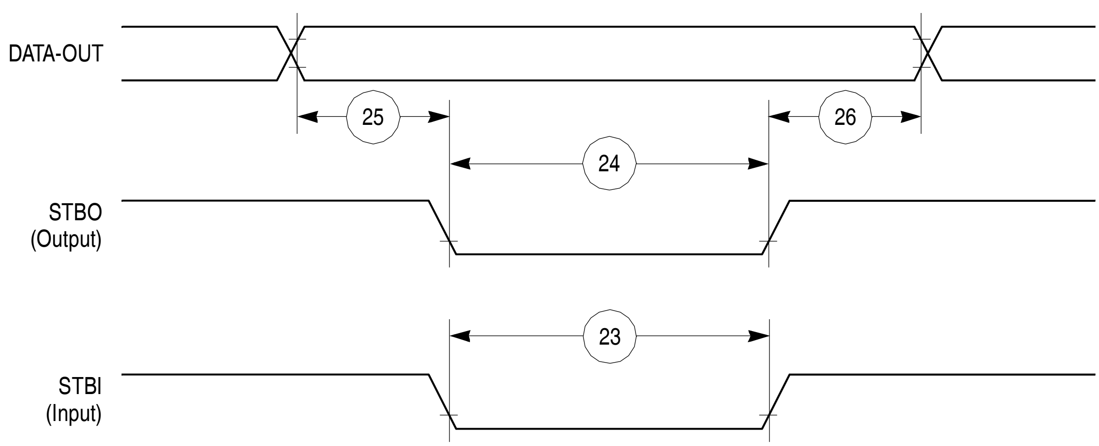


Figure 43. PIP TX (Pulse Mode) Timing Diagram

Table 16. IDMA Controller Timing (continued)

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
43	$\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ negation delay from clock low	—	12	ns
44	$\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ negation delay from $\overline{\text{TA}}$ low	—	20	ns
45	$\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ negation delay from clock high	—	15	ns
46	$\overline{\text{TA}}$ assertion to falling edge of the clock setup time (applies to external $\overline{\text{TA}}$)	7	—	ns

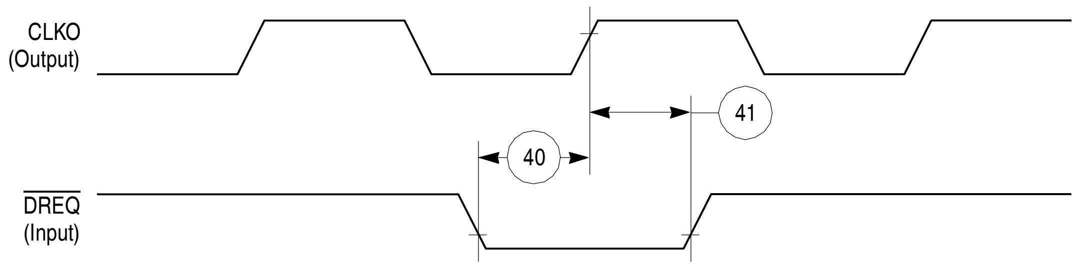


Figure 46. IDMA External Requests Timing Diagram

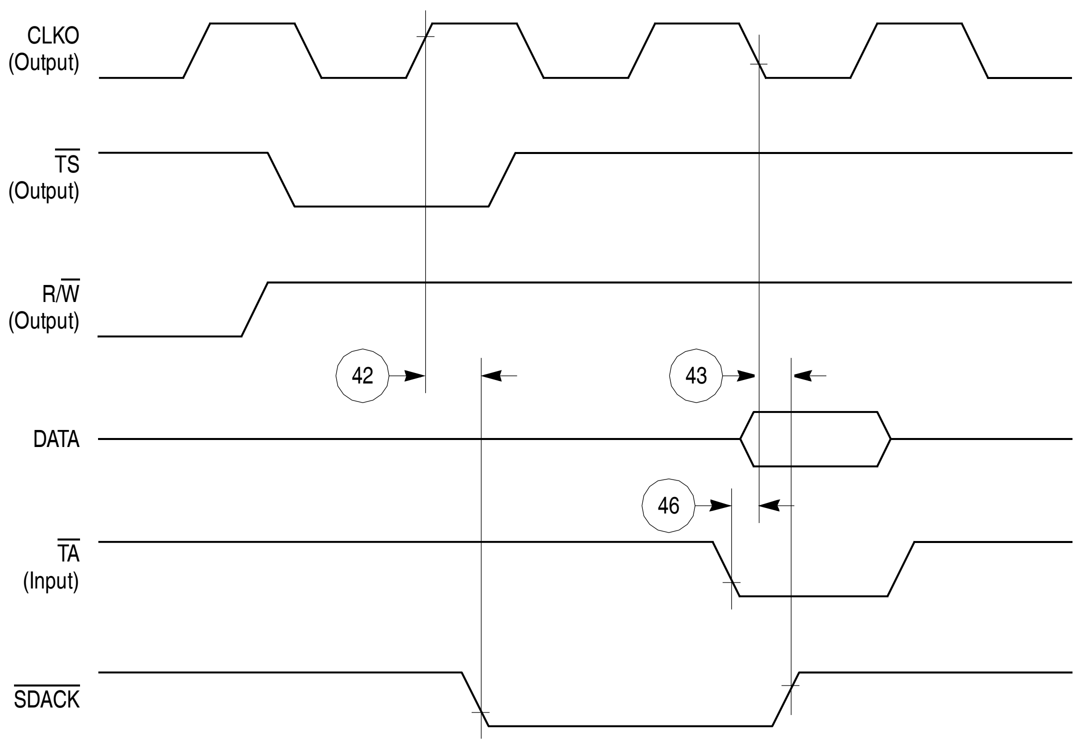


Figure 47. $\overline{\text{SDACK}}$ Timing Diagram—Peripheral Write, Externally-Generated $\overline{\text{TA}}$

11.7 SCC in NMSI Mode Electrical Specifications

Table 20 provides the NMSI external clock timing.

Table 20. NMSI External Clock Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
100	RCLK1 and TCLK1 width high [1]	1/SYNCCLK	—	ns
101	RCLK1 and TCLK1 width low	1/SYNCCLK +5	—	ns
102	RCLK1 and TCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15.00	ns
103	TXD1 active delay (from TCLK1 falling edge)	0.00	50.00	ns
104	$\overline{\text{RTS1}}$ active/inactive delay (from TCLK1 falling edge)	0.00	50.00	ns
105	$\overline{\text{CTS1}}$ setup time to TCLK1 rising edge	5.00	—	ns
106	RXD1 setup time to RCLK1 rising edge	5.00	—	ns
107	RXD1 hold time from RCLK1 rising edge [2]	5.00	—	ns
108	$\overline{\text{CD1}}$ setup Time to RCLK1 rising edge	5.00	—	ns

[1] The ratios SyncCLK/RCLK1 and SyncCLK/TCLK1 must be greater than or equal to 2.25/1.

[2] Also applies to $\overline{\text{CD}}$ and $\overline{\text{CTS}}$ hold time when they are used as an external sync signal.

Table 21 provides the NMSI internal clock timing.

Table 21. NMSI Internal Clock Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
100	RCLK1 and TCLK1 frequency [1]	0.00	SYNCCLK/3	MHz
102	RCLK1 and TCLK1 rise/fall time	—	—	ns
103	TXD1 active delay (from TCLK1 falling edge)	0.00	30.00	ns
104	$\overline{\text{RTS1}}$ active/inactive delay (from TCLK1 falling edge)	0.00	30.00	ns
105	$\overline{\text{CTS1}}$ setup time to TCLK1 rising edge	40.00	—	ns
106	RXD1 setup time to RCLK1 rising edge	40.00	—	ns
107	RXD1 hold time from RCLK1 rising edge [2]	0.00	—	ns
108	$\overline{\text{CD1}}$ setup time to RCLK1 rising edge	40.00	—	ns

[1] The ratios SyncCLK/RCLK1 and SyncCLK/TCLK1 must be greater or equal to 3/1.

[2] Also applies to $\overline{\text{CD}}$ and $\overline{\text{CTS}}$ hold time when they are used as an external sync signals.

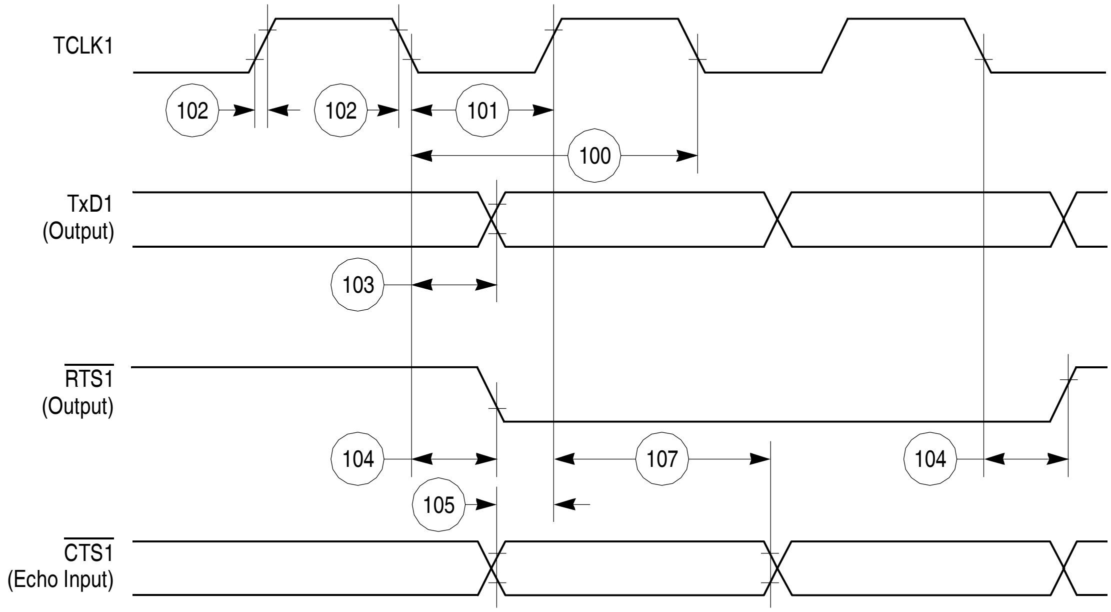


Figure 59. HDLC Bus Timing Diagram

11.8 Ethernet Electrical Specifications

Table 22 provides the Ethernet timings as shown in Figure 60 though Figure 64.

Table 22. Ethernet Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
120	CLSN width high	40	—	ns
121	RCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15	ns
122	RCLK1 width low	40	—	ns
123	RCLK1 clock period [1]	80	120	ns
124	RXD1 setup time	20	—	ns
125	RXD1 hold time	5	—	ns
126	RENA active delay (from RCLK1 rising edge of the last data bit)	10	—	ns
127	RENA width low	100	—	ns
128	TCLK1 rise/fall time	—	15	ns
129	TCLK1 width low	40	—	ns
130	TCLK1 clock period[1]	99	101	ns
131	TXD1 active delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
132	TXD1 inactive delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns
133	TENA active delay (from TCLK1 rising edge)	10	50	ns

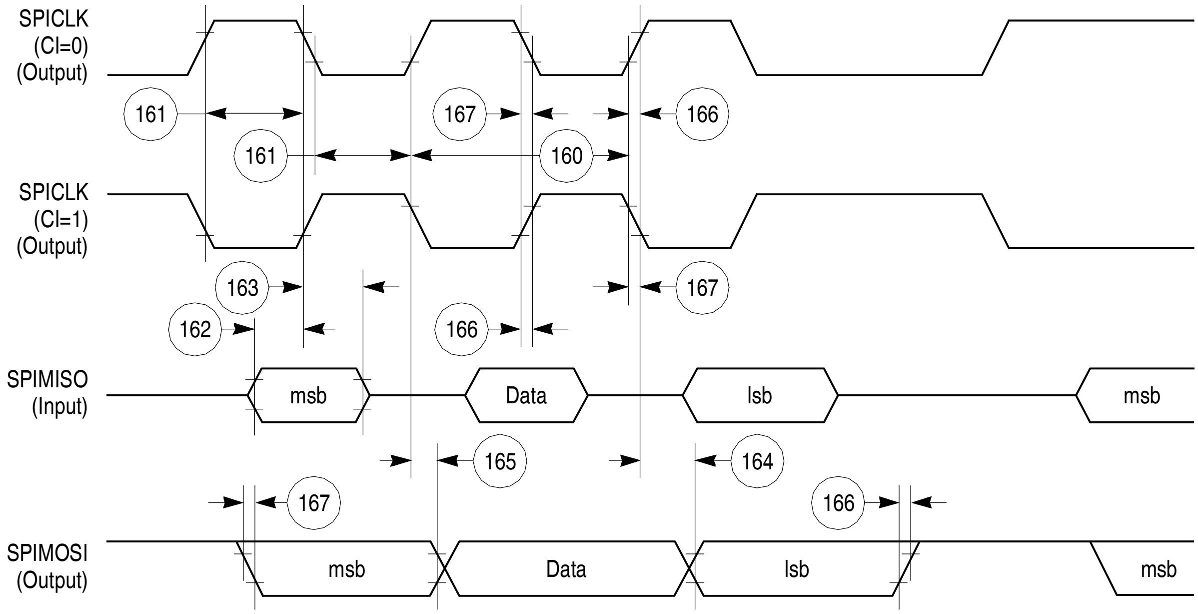


Figure 67. SPI Master (CP = 1) Timing Diagram

11.11 SPI Slave AC Electrical Specifications

Table 25 provides the SPI slave timings as shown in Figure 68 though Figure 69.

Table 25. SPI Slave Timing

Num	Characteristic	All Frequencies		Unit
		Min	Max	
170	Slave cycle time	2	—	t_{cyc}
171	Slave enable lead time	15	—	ns
172	Slave enable lag time	15	—	ns
173	Slave clock (SPICLK) high or low time	1	—	t_{cyc}
174	Slave sequential transfer delay (does not require deselect)	1	—	t_{cyc}
175	Slave data setup time (inputs)	20	—	ns
176	Slave data hold time (inputs)	20	—	ns
177	Slave access time	—	50	ns

Figure 70 shows the I^{2}C bus timing.

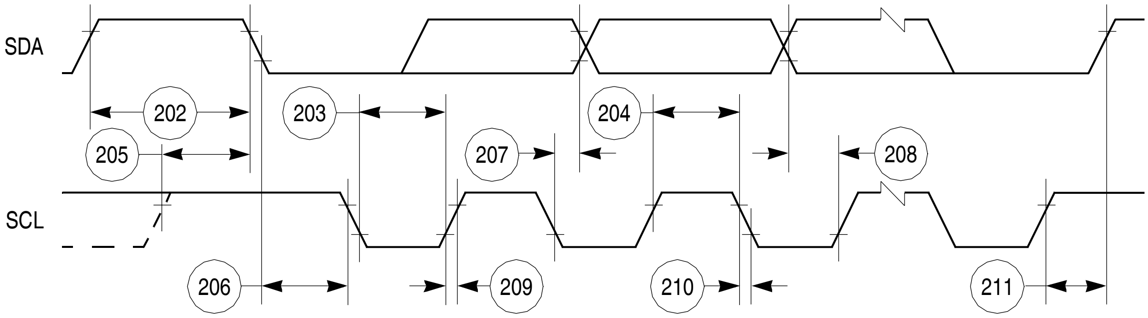


Figure 70. I^{2}C Bus Timing Diagram

12 UTOPIA AC Electrical Specifications

Table 28 shows the AC electrical specifications for the UTOPIA interface.

Table 28. UTOPIA AC Electrical Specifications

Num	Signal Characteristic	Direction	Min	Max	Unit
U1	UtpClk rise/fall time (Internal clock option)	Output		4 ns	ns
	Duty cycle		50	50	%
	Frequency			33	MHz
U1a	UtpClk rise/fall time (external clock option)	Input		4ns	ns
	Duty cycle		40	60	%
	Frequency			33	MHz
U2	$\overline{\text{RxEnb}}$ and $\overline{\text{TxEnb}}$ active delay	Output	2 ns	16 ns	ns
U3	UTPB, SOC, Rxclav and Txclav setup time	Input	4 ns		ns
U4	UTPB, SOC, Rxclav and Txclav hold time	Input	1 ns		ns
U5	UTPB, SOC active delay (and PHREQ and PHSEL active delay in MPHY mode)	Output	2 ns	16 ns	ns

Table 30. MII Transmit Signal Timing (continued)

Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
M7	MII_TX_CLK pulse width high	35%	65%	MII_TX_CLK period
M8	MII_TX_CLK pulse width low	35%	65%	MII_TX_CLK period

Figure 74 shows the MII transmit signal timing diagram.

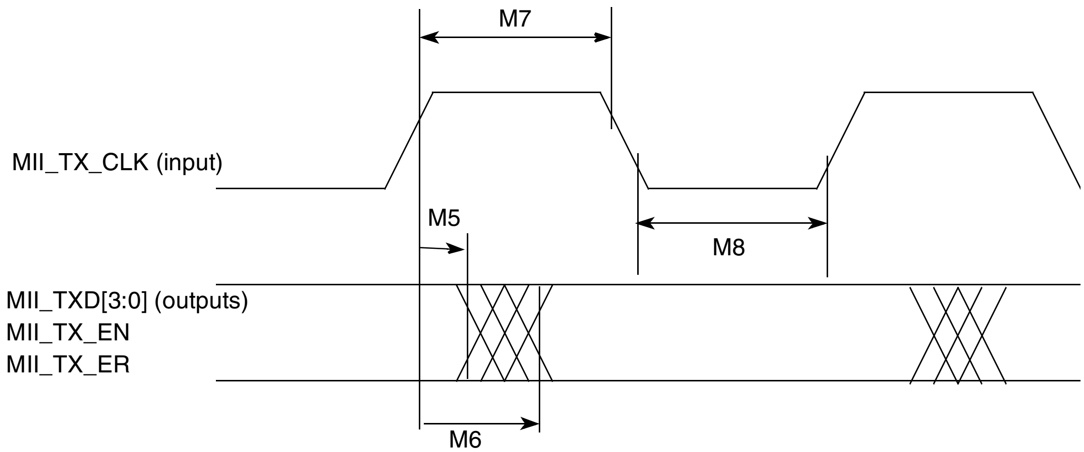


Figure 74. MII Transmit Signal Timing Diagram

13.3 MII Async Inputs Signal Timing (MII_CRS, MII_COL)

Table 31 provides information on the MII async inputs signal timing.

Table 31. MII Async Inputs Signal Timing

Num	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
M9	MII_CRS, MII_COL minimum pulse width	1.5	—	MII_TX_CLK period

Figure 75 shows the MII asynchronous inputs signal timing diagram.

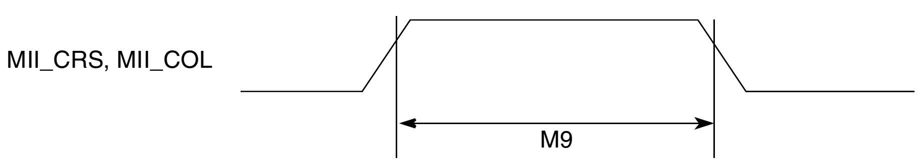


Figure 75. MII Async Inputs Timing Diagram

13.4 MII Serial Management Channel Timing (MII_MDIO, MII_MDC)

Table 32 provides information on the MII serial management channel signal timing. The FEC functions correctly with a maximum MDC frequency in excess of 2.5 MHz. The exact upper bound is under investigation.

Table 35 contains a list of the MPC862 input and output signals and shows multiplexing and pin assignments.

Table 35. Pin Assignments

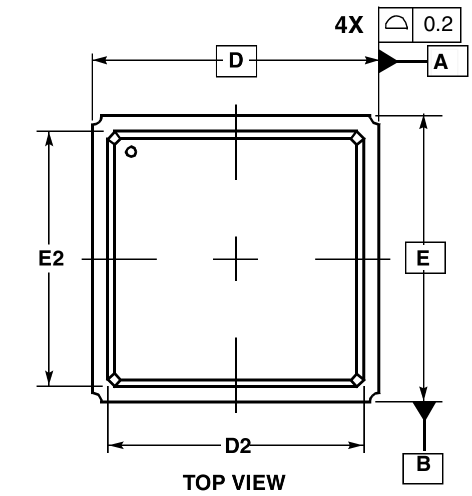
Name	Pin Number	Type
A[0:31]	B19, B18, A18, C16, B17, A17, B16, A16, D15, C15, B15, A15, C14, B14, A14, D12, C13, B13, D9, D11, C12, B12, B10, B11, C11, D10, C10, A13, A10, A12, A11, A9	Bidirectional Three-state
TSIZ0 $\overline{\text{REG}}$	B9	Bidirectional Three-state
TSIZ1	C9	Bidirectional Three-state
RD/$\overline{\text{WR}}$	B2	Bidirectional Three-state
$\overline{\text{BURST}}$	F1	Bidirectional Three-state
$\overline{\text{BDIP}}$ $\overline{\text{GPL\_B5}}$	D2	Output
$\overline{\text{TS}}$	F3	Bidirectional Active Pull-up
$\overline{\text{TA}}$	C2	Bidirectional Active Pull-up
$\overline{\text{TEA}}$	D1	Open-drain
$\overline{\text{BI}}$	E3	Bidirectional Active Pull-up
$\overline{\text{IRQ2}}$ $\overline{\text{RSV}}$	H3	Bidirectional Three-state
$\overline{\text{IRQ4}}$ $\overline{\text{KR}}$ $\overline{\text{RETRY}}$ SPKROUT	K1	Bidirectional Three-state
$\overline{\text{CR}}$ $\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$	F2	Input
D[0:31]	W14, W12, W11, W10, W13, W9, W7, W6, U13, T11, V11, U11, T13, V13, V10, T10, U10, T12, V9, U9, V8, U8, T9, U12, V7, T8, U7, V12, V6, W5, U6, T7	Bidirectional Three-state
DP0 $\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$	V3	Bidirectional Three-state
DP1 $\overline{\text{IRQ4}}$	V5	Bidirectional Three-state
DP2 $\overline{\text{IRQ5}}$	W4	Bidirectional Three-state
DP3 $\overline{\text{IRQ6}}$	V4	Bidirectional Three-state

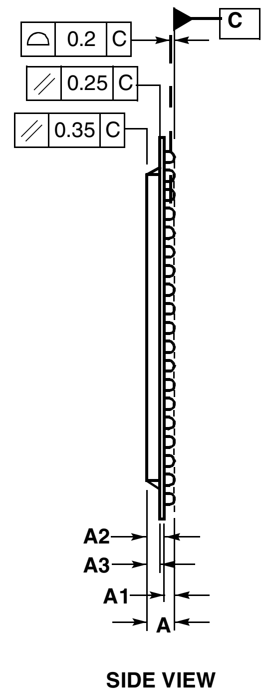
Table 35. Pin Assignments (continued)

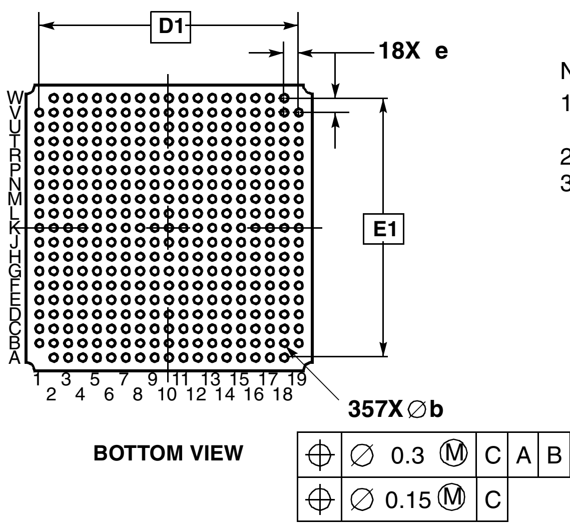
Name	Pin Number	Type
$\overline{BR}$	G4	Bidirectional
$\overline{BG}$	E2	Bidirectional
$\overline{BB}$	E1	Bidirectional Active Pull-up
FRZ $\overline{IRQ6}$	G3	Bidirectional
$\overline{IRQ0}$	V14	Input
$\overline{IRQ1}$	U14	Input
M_TX_CLK $\overline{IRQ7}$	W15	Input
$\overline{CS}$[0:5]	C3, A2, D4, E4, A4, B4	Output
$\overline{CS6}$ $\overline{CE1\_B}$	D5	Output
$\overline{CS7}$ $\overline{CE2\_B}$	C4	Output
$\overline{WE0}$ $\overline{BS\_B0}$ $\overline{IORD}$	C7	Output
$\overline{WE1}$ $\overline{BS\_B1}$ $\overline{IOWR}$	A6	Output
$\overline{WE2}$ $\overline{BS\_B2}$ $\overline{PCOE}$	B6	Output
$\overline{WE3}$ $\overline{BS\_B3}$ $\overline{PCWE}$	A5	Output
$\overline{BS\_A}$[0:3]	D8, C8, A7, B8	Output
$\overline{GPL\_A0}$ $\overline{GPL\_B0}$	D7	Output
$\overline{OE}$ $\overline{GPL\_A1}$ $\overline{GPL\_B1}$	C6	Output
$\overline{GPL\_A}$[2:3] $\overline{GPL\_B}$[2:3] $\overline{CS}$[2–3]	B5, C5	Output
UPWAITA GPL_A4	C1	Bidirectional
UPWAITB GPL_B4	B1	Bidirectional

Table 35. Pin Assignments (continued)

Name	Pin Number	Type
PA2 CLK6 TOUT3 L1RCLKB	R18	Bidirectional
PA1 CLK7 BRGO4 TIN4	T19	Bidirectional
PA0 CLK8 TOUT4 L1TCLKB	U19	Bidirectional
PB31 SPISEL REJECT1	C17	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB30 SPICLK RSTRT2	C19	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB29 SPIMOSI	E16	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB28 SPIMISO BRGO4	D19	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB27 I2CSDA BRGO1	E19	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB26 I2CSCL BRGO2	F19	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB25 RXADDR3[2] SMTXD1	J16	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB24 TXADDR3[2] SMRXD1	J18	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB23 TXADDR2[2] SDACK1 SMSYN1	K17	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)
PB22 TXADDR4[2] SDACK2 SMSYN2	L19	Bidirectional (Optional: Open-drain)







NOTES:

1. Dimensions and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. Dimensions in millimeters.
3. Dimension b is the maximum solder ball diameter measured parallel to datum C.

	MILLIMETERS	
DIM	**MIN**	**MAX**
A	---	2.05
A1	0.50	0.70
A2	0.95	1.35
A3	0.70	0.90
b	0.60	0.90
D	25.00 BSC	
D1	22.86 BSC	
D2	22.40	22.60
e	1.27 BSC	
E	25.00 BSC	
E1	22.86 BSC	
E2	22.40	22.60

Case No. 1103-01

Figure 78. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the PBGA Package

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