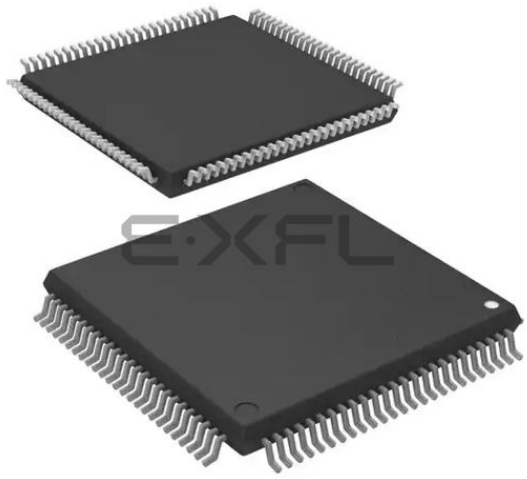

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Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	M16C/60
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IEBus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	31K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 26x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LFQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/m30626fjpgp-u3c

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Table 1.8 Product Code of Flash Memory version and ROMless version for M16C/62P

	Product Code	Package	Internal ROM (User ROM Area Without Block A, Block 1)		Internal ROM (Block A, Block 1)		Operating Ambient Temperature
			Program and Erase Endurance	Temperature Range	Program and Erase Endurance	Temperature Range	
Flash memory Version	D3	Lead-included	100	0°C to 60°C	100	0°C to 60°C	-40°C to 85°C
	D5						-20°C to 85°C
	D7		1,000		10,000	-40°C to 85°C	-40°C to 85°C
	D9					-20°C to 85°C	-20°C to 85°C
	U3	Lead-free	100		100	0°C to 60°C	-40°C to 85°C
	U5						-20°C to 85°C
	U7		1,000		10,000	-40°C to 85°C	-40°C to 85°C
	U9					-20°C to 85°C	-20°C to 85°C
ROM-less version	D3	Lead-included	–	–	–	–	-40°C to 85°C
	D5						-20°C to 85°C
	U3	Lead-free	–	–	–	–	-40°C to 85°C
	U5						-20°C to 85°C

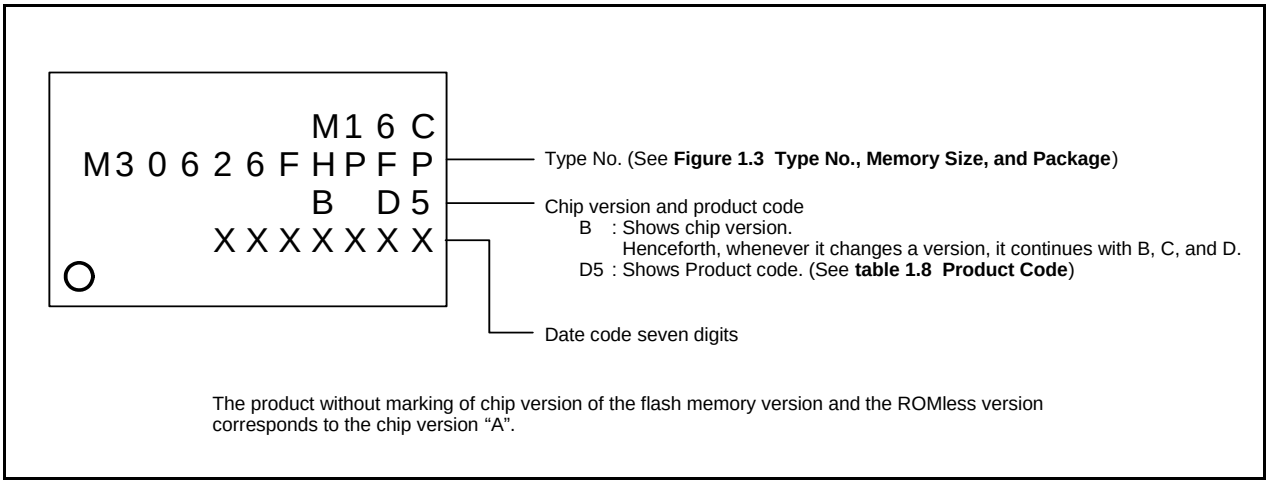


Figure 1.4 Marking Diagram of Flash Memory version and ROM-less version for M16C/62P (Top View)

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

The register A0 consists of 16 bits, and is used for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. They also are used for transfers and logic/logic operations. A1 is the same as A0.
In some instructions, registers A1 and A0 can be combined for use as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is configured with 16 bits, and is used for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is configured with 20 bits, indicating the start address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is configured with 20 bits, indicating the address of an instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

Stack pointer (SP) comes in two types: USP and ISP, each configured with 16 bits.
Your desired type of stack pointer (USP or ISP) can be selected by the U flag of FLG.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is configured with 16 bits, and is used for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG consists of 11 bits, indicating the CPU status.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C Flag)

This flag retains a carry, borrow, or shift-out bit that has occurred in the arithmetic/logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D Flag)

The D flag is used exclusively for debugging purpose. During normal use, it must be set to “0”.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z Flag)

This flag is set to “1” when an arithmetic operation resulted in 0; otherwise, it is “0”.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S Flag)

This flag is set to “1” when an arithmetic operation resulted in a negative value; otherwise, it is “0”.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B Flag)

Register bank 0 is selected when this flag is “0” ; register bank 1 is selected when this flag is “1”.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O Flag)

This flag is set to “1” when the operation resulted in an overflow; otherwise, it is “0”.

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I Flag)

This flag enables a maskable interrupt.
Maskable interrupts are disabled when the I flag is “0”, and are enabled when the I flag is “1”. The I flag is cleared to “0” when the interrupt request is accepted.

Table 4.4 SFR Information (4) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0340h	Timer B3, 4, 5 Count Start Flag	TBSR	000XXXXXb
0341h			
0342h	Timer A1-1 Register	TA11	XXh
0343h			XXh
0344h	Timer A2-1 Register	TA21	XXh
0345h			XXh
0346h	Timer A4-1 Register	TA41	XXh
0347h			XXh
0348h	Three-Phase PWM Control Register 0	INVC0	00h
0349h	Three-Phase PWM Control Register 1	INVC1	00h
034Ah	Three-Phase Output Buffer Register 0	IDB0	00h
034Bh	Three-Phase Output Buffer Register 1	IDB1	00h
034Ch	Dead Time Timer	DTT	XXh
034Dh	Timer B2 Interrupt Occurrence Frequency Set Counter	ICTB2	XXh
034Eh			
034Fh			
0350h	Timer B3 Register	TB3	XXh
0351h			XXh
0352h	Timer B4 Register	TB4	XXh
0353h			XXh
0354h	Timer B5 Register	TB5	XXh
0355h			XXh
0356h			
0357h			
0358h			
0359h			
035Ah			
035Bh	Timer B3 Mode Register	TB3MR	00XX0000b
035Ch	Timer B4 Mode Register	TB4MR	00XX0000b
035Dh	Timer B5 Mode Register	TB5MR	00XX0000b
035Eh	Interrupt Factor Select Register 2	IFSR2A	00XXXXXXb
035Fh	Interrupt Factor Select Register	IFSR	00h
0360h	SI/O3 Transmit/Receive Register	S3TRR	XXh
0361h			
0362h	SI/O3 Control Register	S3C	01000000b
0363h	SI/O3 Bit Rate Generator	S3BRG	XXh
0364h	SI/O4 Transmit/Receive Register	S4TRR	XXh
0365h			
0366h	SI/O4 Control Register	S4C	01000000b
0367h	SI/O4 Bit Rate Generator	S4BRG	XXh
0368h			
0369h			
036Ah			
036Bh			
036Ch	UART0 Special Mode Register 4	U0SMR4	00h
036Dh	UART0 Special Mode Register 3	U0SMR3	000X0X0Xb
036Eh	UART0 Special Mode Register 2	U0SMR2	X0000000b
036Fh	UART0 Special Mode Register	U0SMR	X0000000b
0370h	UART1 Special Mode Register 4	U1SMR4	00h
0371h	UART1 Special Mode Register 3	U1SMR3	000X0X0Xb
0372h	UART1 Special Mode Register 2	U1SMR2	X0000000b
0373h	UART1 Special Mode Register	U1SMR	X0000000b
0374h	UART2 Special Mode Register 4	U2SMR4	00h
0375h	UART2 Special Mode Register 3	U2SMR3	000X0X0Xb
0376h	UART2 Special Mode Register 2	U2SMR2	X0000000b
0377h	UART2 Special Mode Register	U2SMR	X0000000b
0378h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U2MR	00h
0379h	UART2 Bit Rate Generator	U2BRG	XXh
037Ah	UART2 Transmit Buffer Register	U2TB	XXh
037Bh			XXh
037Ch	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U2C0	00001000b
037Dh	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U2C1	00000010b
037Eh	UART2 Receive Buffer Register	U2RB	XXh
037Fh			XXh

NOTES:
1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

X : Nothing is mapped to this bit

Table 5.4 A/D Conversion Characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter		Measuring Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Resolution		$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}$				10	Bits
INL	Integral Non-Linearity Error	10bit	$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}=5V$	AN0 to AN7 input, AN0_0 to AN0_7 input, AN2_0 to AN2_7 input, ANEX0, ANEX1 input			±3	LSB
				External operation amp connection mode			±7	LSB
			$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}=3.3V$	AN0 to AN7 input, AN0_0 to AN0_7 input, AN2_0 to AN2_7 input, ANEX0, ANEX1 input			±5	LSB
				External operation amp connection mode			±7	LSB
		8bit	$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}$=5V, 3.3V				±2	LSB
–	Absolute Accuracy	10bit	$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}=5V$	AN0 to AN7 input, AN0_0 to AN0_7 input, AN2_0 to AN2_7 input, ANEX0, ANEX1 input			±3	LSB
				External operation amp connection mode			±7	LSB
			$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}=3.3V$	AN0 to AN7 input, AN0_0 to AN0_7 input, AN2_0 to AN2_7 input, ANEX0, ANEX1 input			±5	LSB
				External operation amp connection mode			±7	LSB
		8bit	$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}$=5V, 3.3V				±2	LSB
–	Tolerance Level Impedance					3		kΩ
DNL	Differential Non-Linearity Error						±1	LSB
–	Offset Error						±3	LSB
–	Gain Error						±3	LSB
R_{LADDER}	Ladder Resistance		$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}$		10		40	kΩ
t_{CONV}	10-bit Conversion Time, Sample & Hold Available		$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}$=5V, ϕAD=12MHz		2.75			µs
t_{CONV}	8-bit Conversion Time, Sample & Hold Available		$V_{REF}=V_{CC1}$=5V, ϕAD=12MHz		2.33			µs
t_{SAMP}	Sampling Time				0.25			µs
V_{REF}	Reference Voltage				2.0		V_{CC1}	V
V_{IA}	Analog Input Voltage				0		V_{REF}	V

NOTES:
1. Referenced to $V_{CC1}=AV_{CC}=V_{REF}$=3.3 to 5.5V, $V_{SS}=AV_{SS}$=0V at T_{opr} = −20 to 85°C / −40 to 85°C unless otherwise specified.
2. If $V_{CC1} > V_{CC2}$, do not use AN0_0 to AN0_7 and AN2_0 to AN2_7 as analog input pins.
3. ϕAD frequency must be 12 MHz or less. And divide the fAD if V_{CC1} is less than 4.0V, and ϕAD frequency into 10 MHz or less.
4. When sample & hold is disabled, ϕAD frequency must be 250 kHz or more, in addition to the limitation in Note 3.
   When sample & hold is enabled, ϕAD frequency must be 1MHz or more, in addition to the limitation in Note 3.

Table 5.9 Low Voltage Detection Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{det4}	Low Voltage Detection Voltage (1)	V_{CC1}=0.8V to 5.5V	3.3	3.8	4.4	V
V_{det3}	Reset Level Detection Voltage (1, 2)		2.2	2.8	3.6	V
V_{det4}-V_{det3}	Electric potential difference of Low Voltage Detection and Reset Level Detection		0.3			V
V_{det3s}	Low Voltage Reset Retention Voltage				0.8	V
V_{det3r}	Low Voltage Reset Release Voltage (3)		2.2	2.9	4.0	V

NOTES:
1. $V_{det4} > V_{det3}$.
2. Where reset level detection voltage is less than 2.7 V, if the supply power voltage is greater than the reset level detection voltage, the microcomputer operates with f(BCLK) ≤ 10MHz.
3. $V_{det3r} > V_{det3}$ is not guaranteed.
4. The voltage detection circuit is designed to use when VCC1 is set to 5V.

Table 5.10 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Measuring Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_{d(P-R)}$	Time for Internal Power Supply Stabilization During Powering-On	V_{CC1}=2.7V to 5.5V			2	ms
$t_{d(R-S)}$	STOP Release Time				150	µs
$t_{d(W-S)}$	Low Power Dissipation Mode Wait Mode Release Time				150	µs
$t_{d(S-R)}$	Brown-out Detection Reset (Hardware Reset 2) Release Wait Time	V_{CC1}=V_{det3r} to 5.5V		6 (1)	20	ms
$t_{d(E-A)}$	Low Voltage Detection Circuit Operation Start Time	V_{CC1}=2.7V to 5.5V			20	µs

NOTES:
1. When V_{CC1} = 5V.

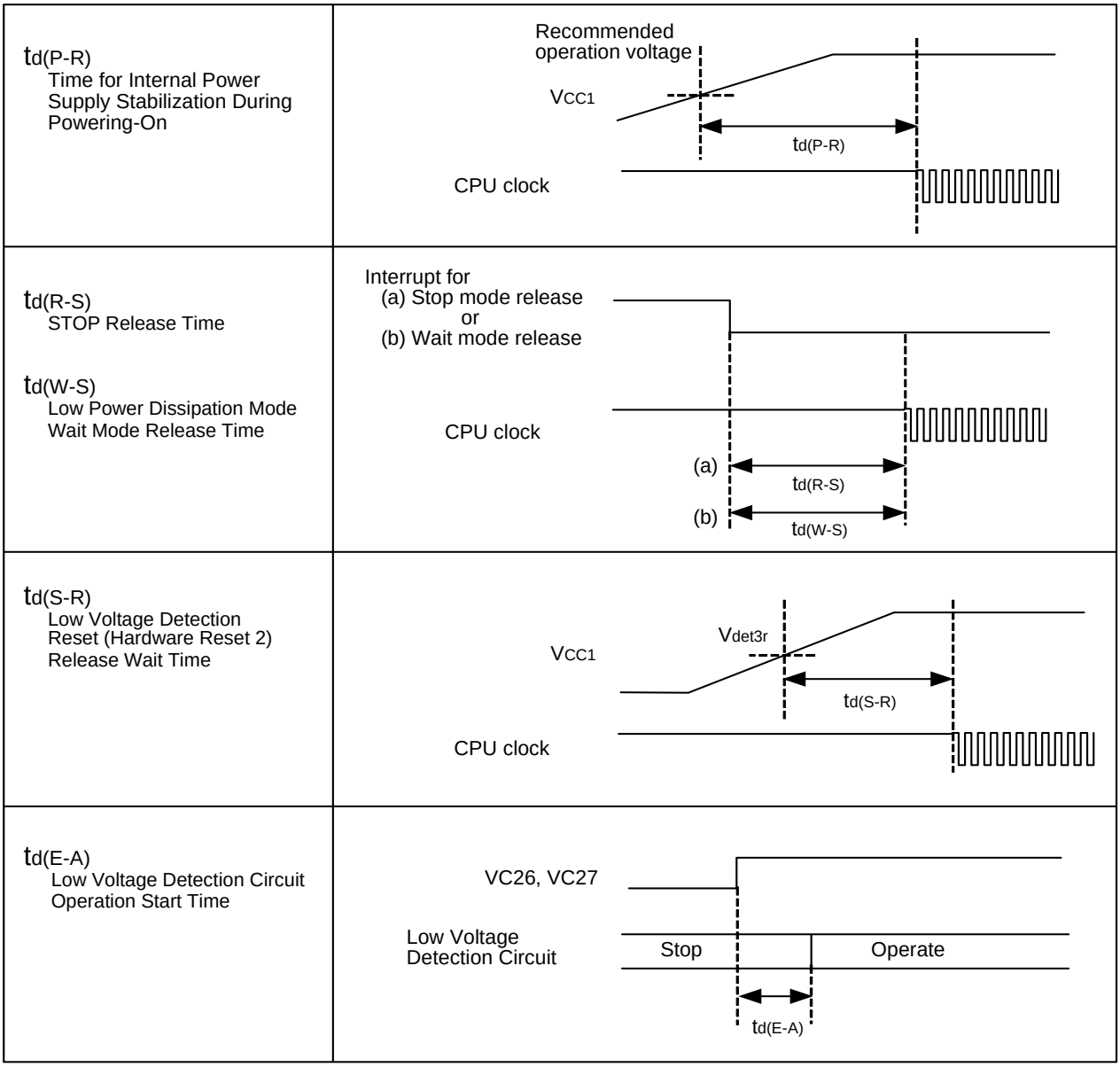


Figure 5.1 Power Supply Circuit Timing Diagram

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

Table 5.11 Electrical Characteristics (1) (1)

Symbol	Parameter			Measuring Condition	Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	HIGH Output Voltage (3)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1		I_{OH}=−5mA	V_{CC1}−2.0		V_{CC1}	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7		I_{OH}=−5mA (2)	V_{CC2}−2.0		V_{CC2}	
V_{OH}	HIGH Output Voltage (3)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1		I_{OH}=−200μA	V_{CC1}−0.3		V_{CC1}	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7		I_{OH}=−200μA (2)	V_{CC2}−0.3		V_{CC2}	
V_{OH}	HIGH Output Voltage XOUT		HIGHPOWER	I_{OH}=−1mA	V_{CC1}−2.0		V_{CC1}	V
			LOWPOWER	I_{OH}=−0.5mA	V_{CC1}−2.0		V_{CC1}	
	HIGH Output Voltage XCOUT		HIGHPOWER	With no load applied		2.5		V
			LOWPOWER	With no load applied		1.6		
V_{OL}	LOW Output Voltage (3)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1		I_{OL}=5mA			2.0	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7		I_{OL}=5mA (2)			2.0	
V_{OL}	LOW Output Voltage (3)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1		I_{OL}=200μA			0.45	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7		I_{OL}=200μA (2)			0.45	
V_{OL}	LOW Output Voltage XOUT		HIGHPOWER	I_{OL}=1mA			2.0	V
			LOWPOWER	I_{OL}=0.5mA			2.0	
	LOW Output Voltage XCOUT		HIGHPOWER	With no load applied		0		V
			LOWPOWER	With no load applied		0		
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{HOLD}$, $\overline{RDY}$, TA0IN to TA4IN, TB0IN to TB5IN, $\overline{INT0}$ to $\overline{INT5}$, $\overline{NMI}$, $\overline{ADTRG}$, $\overline{CTS0}$ to $\overline{CTS2}$, CLK0 to CLK4, TA0OUT to TA4OUT, $\overline{KI0}$ to $\overline{KI3}$, RXD0 to RXD2, SCL0 to SCL2, SDA0 to SDA2, SIN3, SIN4			0.2		1.0	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	$\overline{RESET}$			0.2		2.5	V
I_{IH}	HIGH Input Current (3)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1, XIN, $\overline{RESET}$, CNVSS, BYTE		V_I=5V			5.0	μA
I_{IL}	LOW Input Current (3)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7,P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1, XIN, $\overline{RESET}$, CNVSS, BYTE		V_I=0V			−5.0	μA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-Up Resistance (3)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7,P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1		V_I=0V	30	50	170	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback Resistance XIN					1.5		MΩ
R_{fXCIN}	Feedback Resistance XCIN					15		MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM Retention Voltage			At stop mode	2.0			V

NOTES:
1. Referenced to V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=4.2 to 5.5V, V_{SS} = 0V at T_{opr} = −20 to 85°C / −40 to 85°C, f(BCLK)=24MHz unless otherwise specified.
2. Where the product is used at V_{CC1} = 5 V and V_{CC2} = 3 V, refer to the 3 V version value for the pin specified value on V_{CC2} port side.
3. There is no external connections for port P1_0 to P1_7, P4_4 to P4_7, P7_2 to P7_5 and P9_1 in 80-pin version.

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

Timing Requirements
(V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V, V_{SS} = 0V, at T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C / –40 to 85°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 5.15 Timer A Input (Counter Input in Event Counter Mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TA)}$	TAiIN Input Cycle Time	100		ns
$t_{w(TAH)}$	TAiIN Input HIGH Pulse Width	40		ns
$t_{w(TAL)}$	TAiIN Input LOW Pulse Width	40		ns

Table 5.16 Timer A Input (Gating Input in Timer Mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TA)}$	TAiIN Input Cycle Time	400		ns
$t_{w(TAH)}$	TAiIN Input HIGH Pulse Width	200		ns
$t_{w(TAL)}$	TAiIN Input LOW Pulse Width	200		ns

Table 5.17 Timer A Input (External Trigger Input in One-shot Timer Mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TA)}$	TAiIN Input Cycle Time	200		ns
$t_{w(TAH)}$	TAiIN Input HIGH Pulse Width	100		ns
$t_{w(TAL)}$	TAiIN Input LOW Pulse Width	100		ns

Table 5.18 Timer A Input (External Trigger Input in Pulse Width Modulation Mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(TAH)}$	TAiIN Input HIGH Pulse Width	100		ns
$t_{w(TAL)}$	TAiIN Input LOW Pulse Width	100		ns

Table 5.19 Timer A Input (Counter Increment/Decrement Input in Event Counter Mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(UP)}$	TAiOUT Input Cycle Time	2000		ns
$t_{w(UPH)}$	TAiOUT Input HIGH Pulse Width	1000		ns
$t_{w(UPL)}$	TAiOUT Input LOW Pulse Width	1000		ns
$t_{su(UP-TIN)}$	TAiOUT Input Setup Time	400		ns
$t_{h(TIN-UP)}$	TAiOUT Input Hold Time	400		ns

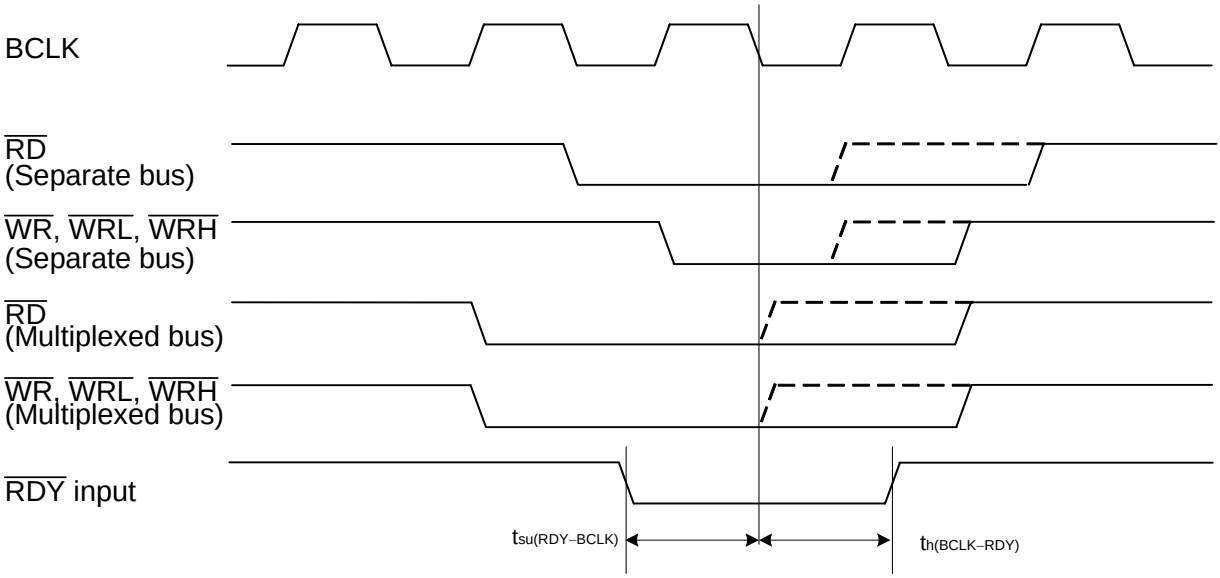
Table 5.20 Timer A Input (Two-phase Pulse Input in Event Counter Mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TA)}$	TAiIN Input Cycle Time	800		ns
$t_{su(TAIN-TAOUT)}$	TAiOUT Input Setup Time	200		ns
$t_{su(TAOUT-TAIN)}$	TAiIN Input Setup Time	200		ns

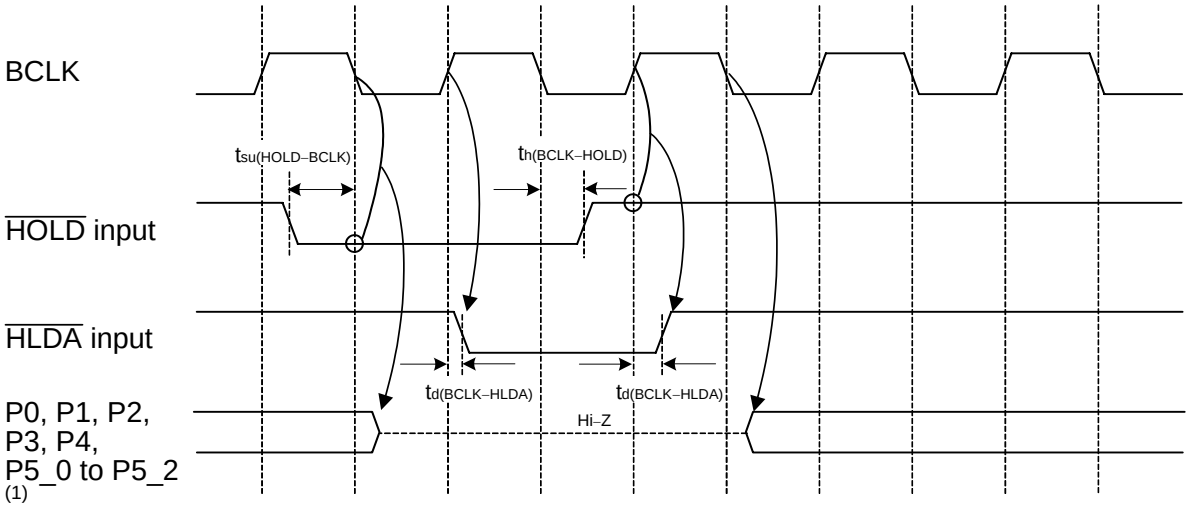
$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

Memory Expansion Mode, Microprocessor Mode

(Effective for setting with wait**)**



(Common to setting with wait and setting without wait**)**



NOTES:

1. These pins are set to high-impedance regardless of the input level of the BYTE pin, PM06 bit in PM0 register and PM11 bit in PM1 register.

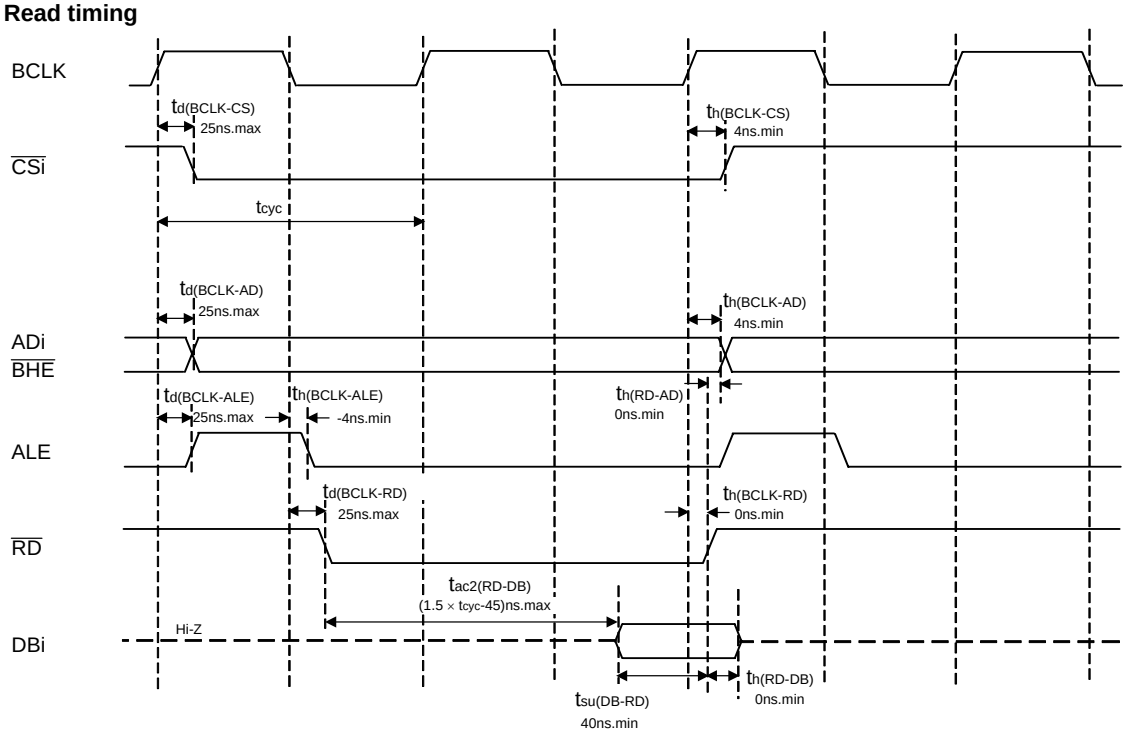
· Measuring conditions :
· $V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$
· Input timing voltage : Determined with $V_{IL}=1.0V$, $V_{IH}=4.0V$
· Output timing voltage : Determined with $V_{OL}=2.5V$, $V_{OH}=2.5V$

Figure 5.5 Timing Diagram (3)

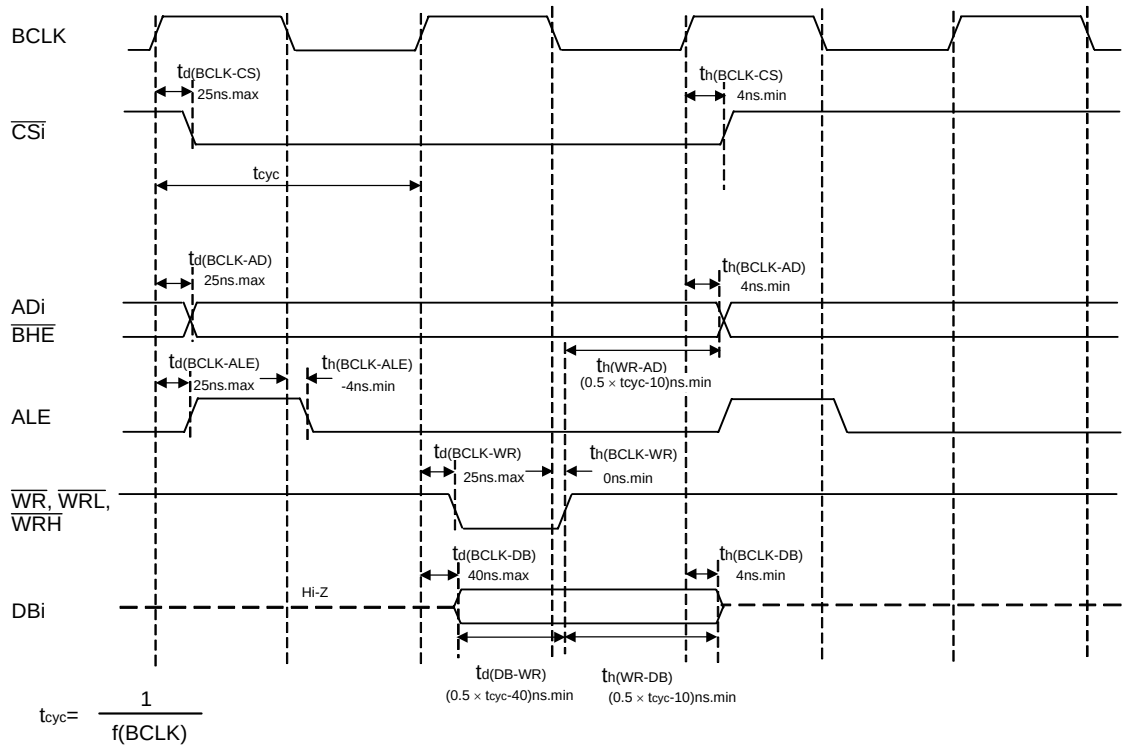
$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

Memory Expansion Mode, Microprocessor Mode
(for 1-wait setting and external area access**)**

Read timing



Write timing



$$t_{cyc}=\frac{1}{f(BCLK)}$$

Measuring conditions
· $V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$
· Input timing voltage : $V_{IL}=0.8V$, $V_{IH}=2.0V$
· Output timing voltage : $V_{OL}=0.4V$, $V_{OH}=2.4V$

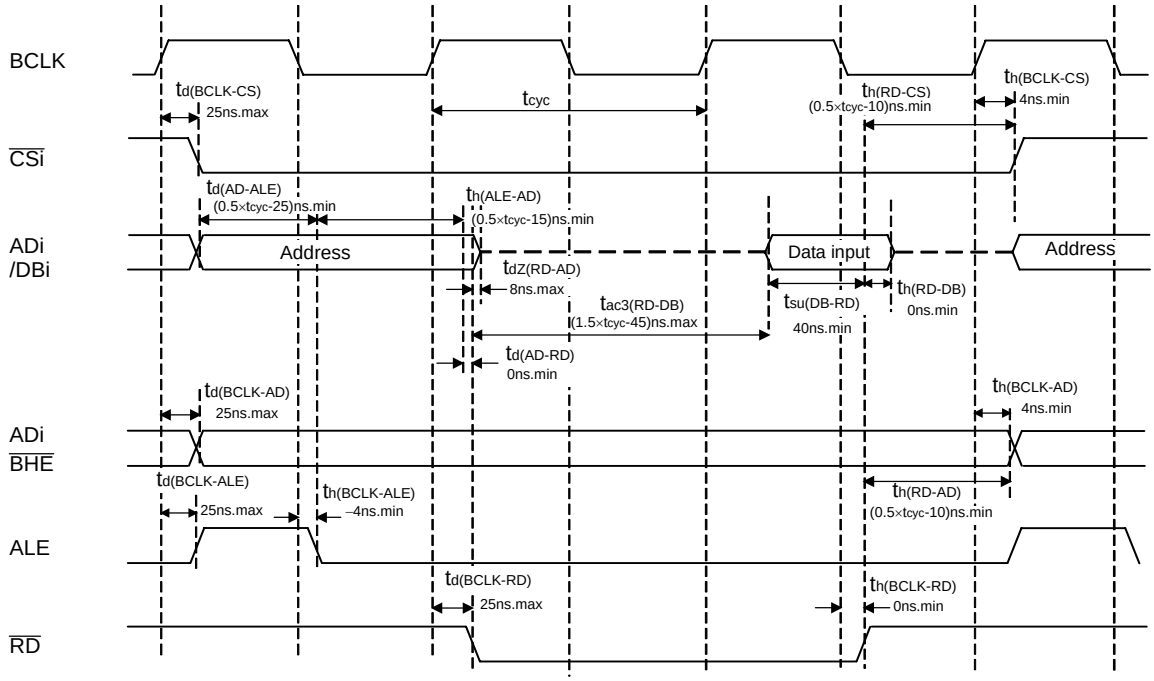
Figure 5.7 Timing Diagram (5)

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

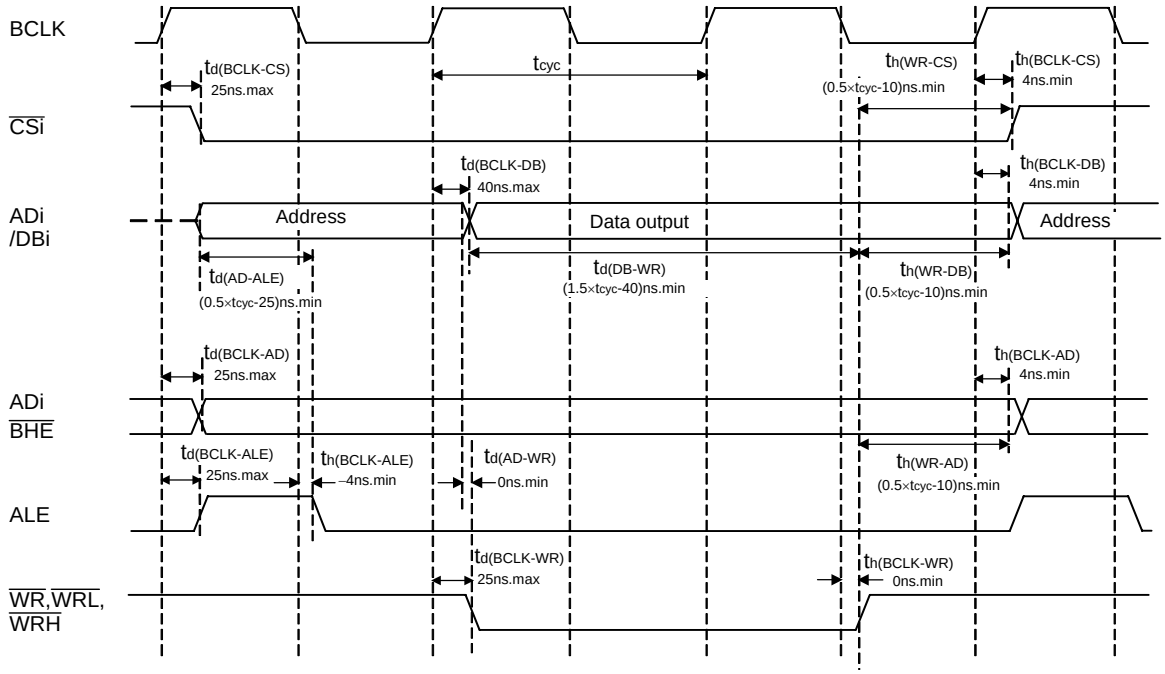
Memory Expansion Mode, Microprocessor Mode

(For 1- or 2-wait setting, external area access and multiplex bus selection**)**

Read timing



Write timing



Measuring conditions
· $V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$
· Input timing voltage : $V_{IL}=0.8V$, $V_{IH}=2.0V$
· Output timing voltage : $V_{OL}=0.4V$, $V_{OH}=2.4V$

Figure 5.10 Timing Diagram (8)

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=3V$

Switching Characteristics

(V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V, V_{SS} = 0V, at T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C / –40 to 85°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 5.47 Memory Expansion and Microprocessor Modes (for 1- to 3-wait setting and external area access)

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
$t_{d(BCLK-AD)}$	Address Output Delay Time	See **Figure 5.12**		30	ns
$t_{h(BCLK-AD)}$	Address Output Hold Time (in relation to BCLK)		4		ns
$t_{h(RD-AD)}$	Address Output Hold Time (in relation to RD)		0		ns
$t_{h(WR-AD)}$	Address Output Hold Time (in relation to WR)		(NOTE 2)		ns
$t_{d(BCLK-CS)}$	Chip Select Output Delay Time			30	ns
$t_{h(BCLK-CS)}$	Chip Select Output Hold Time (in relation to BCLK)		4		ns
$t_{d(BCLK-ALE)}$	ALE Signal Output Delay Time			25	ns
$t_{h(BCLK-ALE)}$	ALE Signal Output Hold Time		-4		ns
$t_{d(BCLK-RD)}$	RD Signal Output Delay Time			30	ns
$t_{h(BCLK-RD)}$	RD Signal Output Hold Time		0		ns
$t_{d(BCLK-WR)}$	WR Signal Output Delay Time			30	ns
$t_{h(BCLK-WR)}$	WR Signal Output Hold Time		0		ns
$t_{d(BCLK-DB)}$	Data Output Delay Time (in relation to BCLK)			40	ns
$t_{h(BCLK-DB)}$	Data Output Hold Time (in relation to BCLK) (3)		4		ns
$t_{d(DB-WR)}$	Data Output Delay Time (in relation to WR)		(NOTE 1)		ns
th(WR-DB)	Data Output Hold Time (in relation to WR)(3)		(NOTE 2)		ns
$t_{d(BCLK-HLDA)}$	HLDA Output Delay Time			40	ns

NOTES:

1. Calculated according to the BCLK frequency as follows:

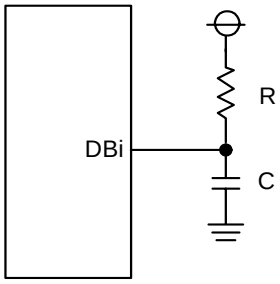
$$\frac{(n-0.5)\times 10^9}{f(BCLK)} - 40[ns]$$

n is “1” for 1-wait setting, “2” for 2-wait setting and “3” for 3-wait setting.
(BCLK) is 12.5MHz or less.

2. Calculated according to the BCLK frequency as follows:

$$\frac{0.5\times 10^9}{f(BCLK)} - 10[ns]$$

3. This standard value shows the timing when the output is off, and does not show hold time of data bus.
Hold time of data bus varies with capacitor volume and pull-up (pull-down) resistance value.
Hold time of data bus is expressed in
$t = -CR \times \ln(1 - V_{OL} / V_{CC2})$
by a circuit of the right figure.
For example, when V_{OL} = 0.2V_{CC2}, C = 30pF, R = 1kΩ, hold time of output ”L” level is
$t = -30pF \times 1k\Omega \times \ln(1 - 0.2V_{CC2} / V_{CC2})$
= 6.7ns.



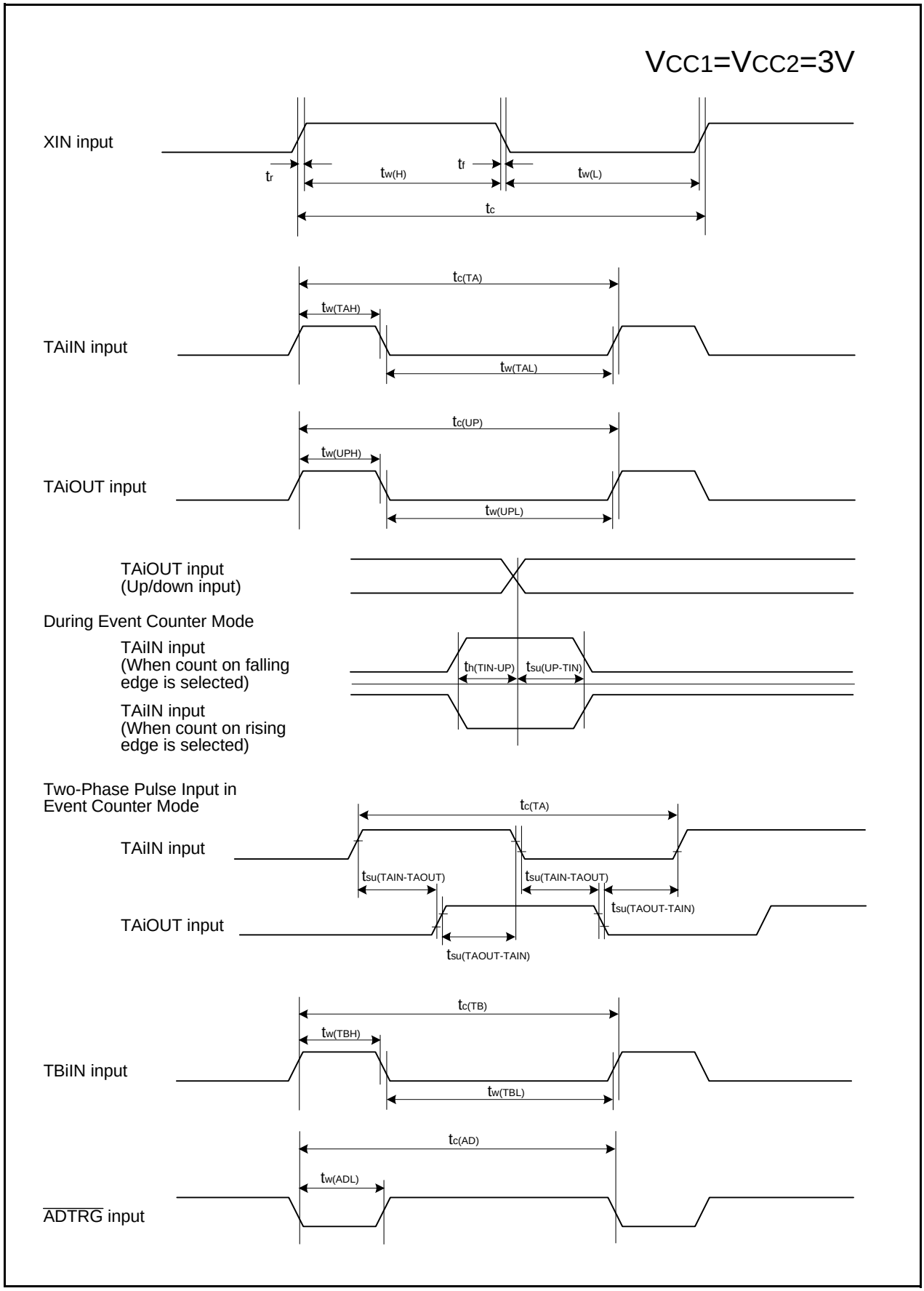
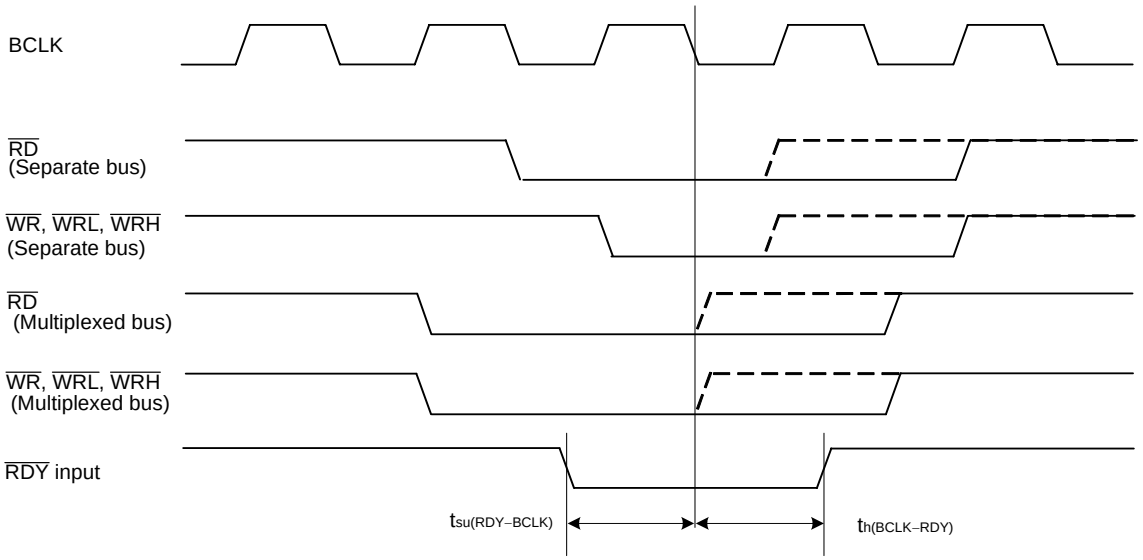


Figure 5.13 Timing Diagram (1)

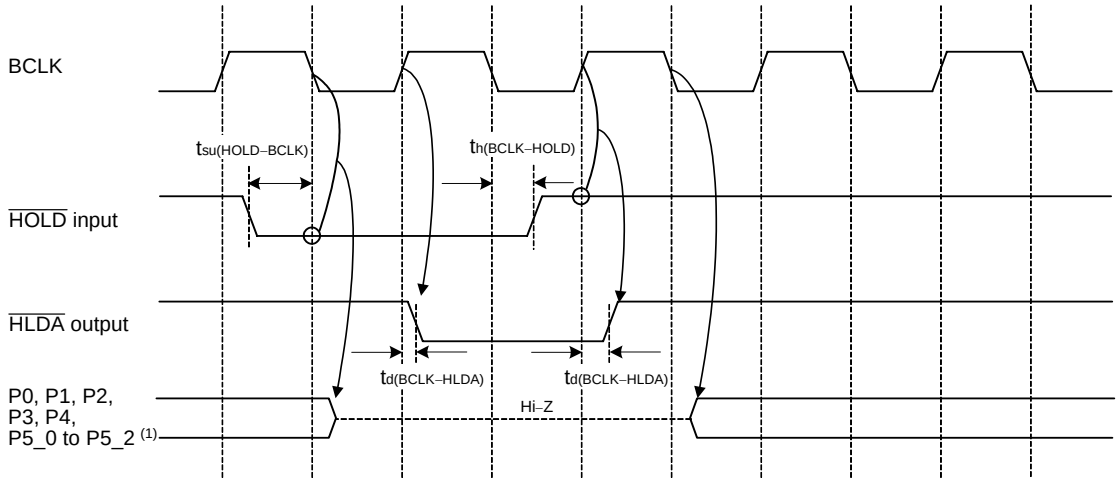
Memory Expansion Mode, Microprocessor Mode

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=3V$

(Effective for setting with wait)



(Common to setting with wait and setting without wait)



NOTES:
1. These pins are set to high-impedance regardless of the input level of the BYTE pin, PM06 bit in PM0 register and PM11 bit in PM1 register.

Measuring conditions :
· $V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=3V$
· Input timing voltage : Determined with $V_{IL}=0.6V$, $V_{IH}=2.4V$
· Output timing voltage : Determined with $V_{OL}=1.5V$, $V_{OH}=1.5V$

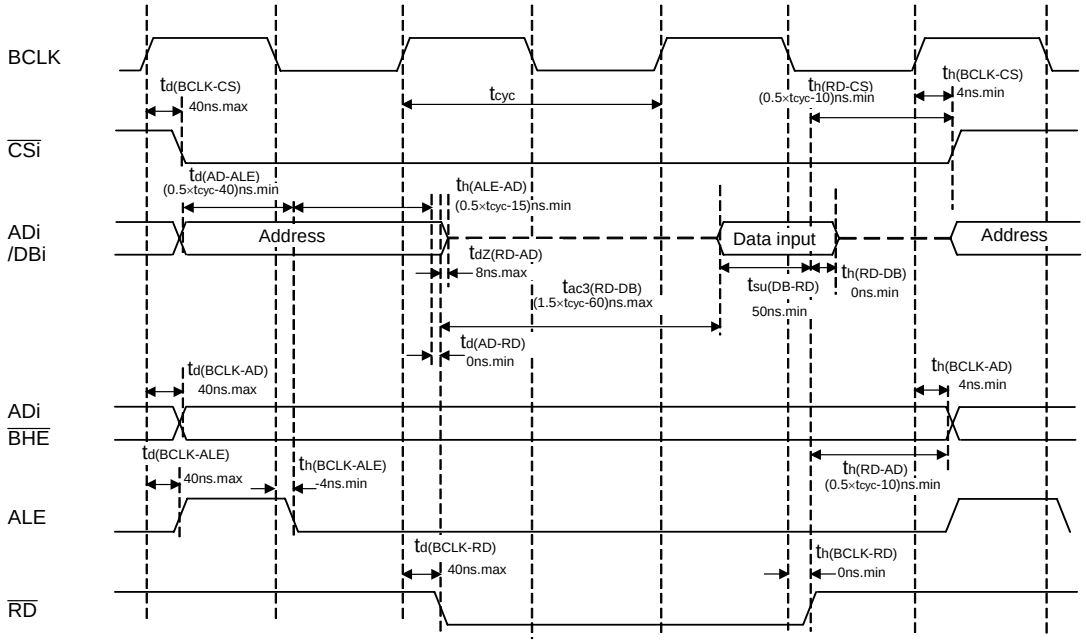
Figure 5.15 Timing Diagram (3)

Memory Expansion Mode, Microprocessor Mode

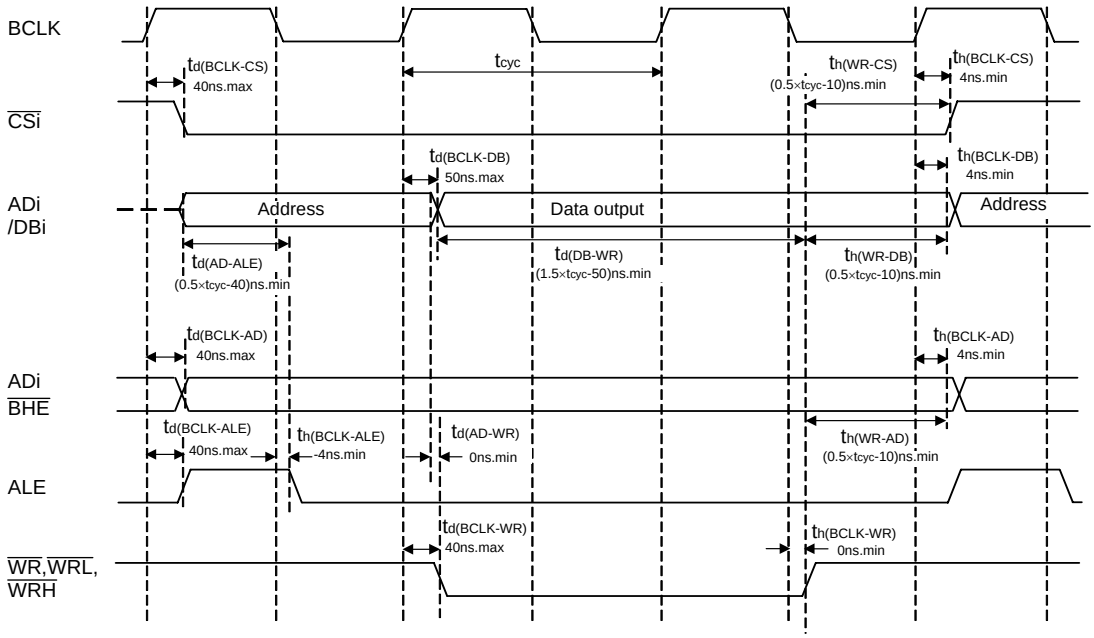
$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=3V$

(For 2-wait setting, external area access and multiplex bus selection**)**

Read timing



Write timing



$$t_{cyc}=\frac{1}{f(BCLK)}$$

Measuring conditions
- $V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=3V$
- Input timing voltage : $V_{IL}=0.6V$, $V_{IH}=2.4V$
- Output timing voltage : $V_{OL}=1.5V$, $V_{OH}=1.5V$

Figure 5.20 Timing Diagram (8)

Table 5.50 Recommended Operating Conditions (1) (1)

Symbol	Parameter		Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{CC1}, V_{CC2}	Supply Voltage (V_{CC1} = V_{CC2})		4.0	5.0	5.5	V
AVcc	Analog Supply Voltage			V_{CC1}		V
Vss	Supply Voltage			0		V
AVss	Analog Supply Voltage			0		V
V_{IH}	HIGH Input Voltage (4)	P3_1 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7	0.8V_{CC2}		V_{CC2}	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 (during single-chip mode)	0.8V_{CC2}		V_{CC2}	V
		P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1, XIN, RESET, CNVSS, BYTE	0.8V_{CC1}		V_{CC1}	V
		P7_0, P7_1	0.8V_{CC1}		6.5	V
V_{IL}	LOW Input Voltage (4)	P3_1 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7	0		0.2V_{CC2}	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 (during single-chip mode)	0		0.2V_{CC2}	V
		P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1, XIN, RESET, CNVSS, BYTE	0		0.2Vcc	V
$I_{OH(peak)}$	HIGH Peak Output Current (4)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1			–10.0	mA
$I_{OH(avg)}$	HIGH Average Output Current (4)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1			–5.0	mA
$I_{OL(peak)}$	LOW Peak Output Current (4)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1			10.0	mA
$I_{OL(avg)}$	LOW Average Output Current (4)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1			5.0	mA
f(XIN)	Main Clock Input Oscillation Frequency	V_{CC1}=4.0V to 5.5V	0		16	MHz
f(XCIN)	Sub-Clock Oscillation Frequency			32.768	50	kHz
f(Ring)	On-chip Oscillation Frequency		0.5	1	2	MHz
f(PLL)	PLL Clock Oscillation Frequency	V_{CC1}=4.0V to 5.5V	10		24	MHz
f(BCLK)	CPU Operation Clock		0		24	MHz
t_{SU}(PLL)	PLL Frequency Synthesizer Stabilization Wait Time	V_{CC1}=5.5V			20	ms

NOTES:

1. Referenced to V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 4.7 to 5.5V at T_{opr} = –40 to 85°C / –40 to 125°C unless otherwise specified.
   T version = –40 to 85 °C, V version= –40 to 125 °C.
2. The Average Output Current is the mean value within 100ms.
3. The total $I_{OL(peak)}$ for ports P0, P1, P2, P8_6, P8_7, P9, P10 P1, P14_0 and P14_1 must be 80mA max. The total $I_{OL(peak)}$ for ports P3, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8_0 to P8_4, P12, and P13 must be 80mA max. The total $I_{OH(peak)}$ for ports P0, P1, and P2 must be –40mA max. The total $I_{OH(peak)}$ for ports P3, P4, P5, P12, and P13 must be –40mA max. The total $I_{OH(peak)}$ for ports P6, P7, and P8_0 to P8_4 must be –40mA max. The total $I_{OH(peak)}$ for ports P8_6, P8_7, P9 , P10, P11, P14_0, and P14_1 must be –40mA max.
   As for 80-pin version, the total $I_{OL(peak)}$ for all ports and $I_{OH(peak)}$ must be 80mA. max. due to one V_{CC} and one V_{SS}.
4. There is no external connections for port P1_0 to P1_7, P4_4 to P4_7, P7_2 to P7_5 and P9_1 in 80-pin version.

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

Table 5.57 Electrical Characteristics (1) (1)

Symbol	Parameter		Measuring Condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_{OH}	HIGH Output Voltage (2)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1	I_{OH}=–5mA	V_{CC1}–2.0		V_{CC1}	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7	I_{OH}=–5mA	V_{CC2}–2.0		V_{CC2}	
V_{OH}	HIGH Output Voltage (2)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1	I_{OH}=–200μA	V_{CC1}–0.3		V_{CC1}	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7	I_{OH}=–200μA	V_{CC2}–0.3		V_{CC2}	
V_{OH}	HIGH Output Voltage XOUT	HIGHPOWER	I_{OH}=–1mA	V_{CC1}–2.0		V_{CC1}	V
		LOWPOWER	I_{OH}=–0.5mA	V_{CC1}–2.0		V_{CC1}	
	HIGH Output Voltage XCOUT	HIGHPOWER	With no load applied		2.5		V
		LOWPOWER	With no load applied		1.6		
V_{OL}	LOW Output Voltage (2)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1	I_{OL}=5mA			2.0	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7	I_{OL}=5mA			2.0	
V_{OL}	LOW Output Voltage (2)	P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P14_0, P14_1	I_{OL}=200μA			0.45	V
		P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7	I_{OL}=200μA			0.45	
V_{OL}	LOW Output Voltage XOUT	HIGHPOWER	I_{OL}=1mA			2.0	V
		LOWPOWER	I_{OL}=0.5mA			2.0	
	LOW Output Voltage XCOUT	HIGHPOWER	With no load applied		0		V
		LOWPOWER	With no load applied		0		
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	HOLD, RDY, TA0IN to TA4IN, TB0IN to TB5IN, INT0 to INT5, NMI, ADTRG, CTS0 to CTS2, CLK0 to CLK4, TA0OUT to TA4OUT, KI0 to KI3, RXD0 to RXD2, SCL0 to SCL2, SDA0 to SDA2, SIN3, SIN4		0.2		1.0	V
V_{T+}-V_{T-}	Hysteresis	RESET		0.2		2.5	V
I_{IH}	HIGH Input Current (2)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7, P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1, XIN, RESET, CNVSS, BYTE	V_I=5V			5.0	μA
I_{IL}	LOW Input Current (2)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7,P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1, XIN, RESET, CNVSS, BYTE	V_I=0V			–5.0	μA
R_{PULLUP}	Pull-Up Resistance (2)	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_0 to P4_7, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_2 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_4, P8_6, P8_7, P9_0 to P9_7, P10_0 to P10_7, P11_0 to P11_7,P12_0 to P12_7, P13_0 to P13_7, P14_0, P14_1	V_I=0V	30	50	170	kΩ
R_{fXIN}	Feedback Resistance XIN				1.5		MΩ
R_{fXCIN}	Feedback Resistance XCIN				15		MΩ
V_{RAM}	RAM Retention Voltage		At stop mode	2.0			V

NOTES:
1. Referenced to $V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}$=4.0 to 5.5V, V_{SS} = 0V at T_{opr} = –40 to 85°C / –40 to 125°C, f(BCLK)=24MHz unless otherwise specified. T version = –40 to 85°C, V version =–40 to 125°C.
2. There is no external connections for port P1_0 to P1_7, P4_4 to P4_7, P7_2 to P7_5 and P9_1 in 80-pin version.

$V_{CC1}=V_{CC2}=5V$

Timing Requirements
(V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 5V, V_{SS} = 0V, at T_{opr} = –40 to 85°C (T version) / –40 to 125°C (V version) unless otherwise specified)

Table 5.59 External Clock Input (XIN input)

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
t_c	External Clock Input Cycle Time	62.5		ns
$t_{w(H)}$	External Clock Input HIGH Pulse Width	25		ns
$t_{w(L)}$	External Clock Input LOW Pulse Width	25		ns
t_r	External Clock Rise Time		15	ns
t_f	External Clock Fall Time		15	ns

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