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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	RX
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I²C, SCI, SPI
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	20K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.62V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f52105bdfl-30

Table 1.2 Comparison of Functions for Different Packages

Module/Functions		RX210 Group				
		144, 145 Pins	**100 Pins**	**80 Pins**	**64, 69 Pins**	**48 Pins**
External bus	External bus width	16 bits		Not supported		
Interrupt	External interrupts	NMI, IRQ0 to IRQ7			NMI, IRQ0 to IRQ2, IRQ4 to IRQ7	NMI, IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQ4 to IRQ7
DMA	DMA controller	4 channels (DMAC0 to DMAC3)				
	Data transfer controller	Supported				
Timers	16-bit timer pulse unit	6 channels (TPU0 to TPU5)	Not supported			
	Multi-function timer pulse unit 2	6 channels (MTU0 to MTU5)				
	Port output enable 2	POE0# to POE3#, POE8#				
	8-bit timer	2 channels × 2 units				
	Compare match timer	2 channels × 2 units				
	Realtime clock	Supported				Not supported
	Watchdog timer	Supported				
	Independent watchdog timer	Supported				
Communication functions	Serial communications interface (SCIc)	12 channels (SCI0 to 11)	6 channels (SCI0, 1, 5, 6, 8, 9)		5 channels (SCI1, 5, 6, 8, 9)	4 channels (SCI1, 5, 6, 8)
	Serial communications interface (SCId)	1 channel (SCI12)				
	I^2C bus interface	1 channel				
	Serial peripheral interface	1 channel				
12-bit A/D converter		16 channels (AN000 to AN015)		14 channels (AN000 to AN013)	12 channels (AN000 to AN004, AN006, AN008 to AN013)	8 channels (AN000 to AN002, AN006, AN009 to AN012)
Temperature sensor		Supported				
D/A converter		2 channels				Not supported
CRC calculator		Supported				
Event link controller		Supported				
Comparator A		2 channels				
Comparator B		2 channels				
Packages		145-pin TFLGA 144-pin LQFP	100-pin TFLGA 100-pin LQFP	80-pin LQFP	69-pin WLBGA 64-pin TFLGA 64-pin LQFP	48-pin LQFP

1.2 List of Products

Table 1.3 to Table 1.7 are a list of products, and Figure 1.1 shows how to read the product part no., memory capacity, and package type.

Table 1.3 List of Products Chip Version A: D Version (Ta = –40 to +85°C)

Group	Part No.	Orderable Part No.	Package	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	E2 DataFlash	Operating Frequency (Max.)	Operating Temperature
RX210	R5F52108ADFP	R5F52108ADFP#V0	PLQP0100KB-A	512 Kbytes	64 Kbytes	8 Kbytes	50 MHz	–40 to +85°C
	R5F52108ADFN	R5F52108ADFN#V0	PLQP0080KB-A					
	R5F52108ADFM	R5F52108ADFM#V0	PLQP0064KB-A					
	R5F52108ADLJ	R5F52108ADLJ#U0	PTLG0100JA-A					
	R5F52107ADFP	R5F52107ADFP#V0	PLQP0100KB-A	384 Kbytes				
	R5F52107ADFN	R5F52107ADFN#V0	PLQP0080KB-A					
	R5F52107ADFM	R5F52107ADFM#V0	PLQP0064KB-A					
	R5F52107ADLJ	R5F52107ADLJ#U0	PTLG0100JA-A					
	R5F52106ADFP	R5F52106ADFP#V0	PLQP0100KB-A	256 Kbytes	32 Kbytes			
	R5F52106ADFN	R5F52106ADFN#V0	PLQP0080KB-A					
	R5F52106ADFM	R5F52106ADFM#V0	PLQP0064KB-A					
	R5F52106ADLJ	R5F52106ADLJ#U0	PTLG0100JA-A					
	R5F52105ADFP	R5F52105ADFP#V0	PLQP0100KB-A	128 Kbytes	20 Kbytes			
	R5F52105ADFN	R5F52105ADFN#V0	PLQP0080KB-A					
	R5F52105ADFM	R5F52105ADFM#V0	PLQP0064KB-A					
	R5F52105ADLJ	R5F52105ADLJ#U0	PTLG0100JA-A					

Note: • Orderable part numbers are current as of when this manual was published. Please make sure to refer to the relevant product page on the Renesas website for the latest part numbers.

Table 1.11 List of Pins and Pin Functions (100-Pin TFLGA) (2 / 3)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	External Bus	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communications (SCIc, SCId, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
E6		PA2	A2		RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/ SSLA3	
E7		PA6	A6	MTIC5V/MTCLKB/ TMCI3/POE2#	CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/ MOSIA	
E8		PA4	A4	MTIC5U/MTCLKA/ TMRI0	TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/ SSLA0	IRQ5-DS/CVREFB1
E9		PA5	A5		RSPCKA	
E10		PA3	A3	MTIOC0D/MTCLKD	RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5	IRQ6-DS/CMPB1
F1	EXTAL	P36				
F2	VCC					
F3		P35				NMI
F4		P32		MTIOC0C/TMO3	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ2-DS/RTCOUT/ RTCIC2
F5		P12		TMCI1	SCL	IRQ2
F6		PB3	A11	MTIOC0A/MTIOC4A/ TMO0/POE3#	SCK6	
F7		PB2	A10		CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#	
F8		PB0	A8	MTIC5W	RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/ RSPCKA	
F9		PA7	A7		MISOA	
F10	VSS					
G1		P33		MTIOC0D/TMRI3/ POE3#	RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6	IRQ3-DS
G2		P31		MTIOC4D/TMCI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	IRQ1-DS/RTCIC1
G3		P30		MTIOC4B/TMRI3/ POE8#	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	IRQ0-DS/RTCIC0
G4		P27	CS3#	MTIOC2B/TMCI3	SCK1	
G5	BCLK	P53				
G6		P52	RD#			
G7		PB5	A13	MTIOC2A/MTIOC1B/ TMRI1/POE1#	SCK9	
G8		PB4	A12		CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#	
G9		PB1	A9	MTIOC0C/MTIOC4C/ TMCI0	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ4-DS
G10	VCC					
H1		P26	CS2#	MTIOC2A/TMO1	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	
H2		P25	CS1#	MTIOC4C/MTCLKB		ADTRG0#
H3		P16		MTIOC3C/MTIOC3D/ TMO2	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/ MOSIA/SCL-DS	IRQ6/RTCOUT/ ADTRG0#
H4		P15		MTIOC0B/MTCLKB/ TMCI2	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	IRQ5
H5		P55	WAIT#	MTIOC4D/TMO3		
H6		P54	ALE	MTIOC4B/TMCI1		
H7		PC7	A23/CS0#	MTIOC3A/TMO2/ MTCLKB	TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/ MISOA	CACREF
H8		PC6	A22/CS1#	MTIOC3C/MTCLKA/ TMCI2	RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/ MOSIA	
H9		PB6	A14	MTIOC3D	RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9	
H10		PB7	A15	MTIOC3B	TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9	
J1		P24	CS0#	MTIOC4A/MTCLKA/ TMRI1		
J2		P21		MTIOC1B/TMCI0	RXD0/SMISO0/SSCL0	
J3		P17		MTIOC3A/MTIOC3B/ TMO1/POE8#	SCK1/MISOA/ SDA-DS	IRQ7

Table 1.11 List of Pins and Pin Functions (100-Pin TFLGA) (3 / 3)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	External Bus	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communications (SCIc, SCId, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
J4		P13		MTIOC0B/TMO3	SDA	IRQ3
J5		PH0				CACREF
J6		PH3		TMCI0		
J7		P50	WR0#/WR#			
J8		PC4	A20/CS3#	MTIOC3D/MTCLKC/ TMCI1/POE0#	SCK5/CTS8#/RTS8#/ SS8#/SSLA0	
J9		PC0	A16	MTIOC3C	CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/ SSLA1	
J10		PC1	A17	MTIOC3A	SCK5/SSLA2	
K1		P23		MTIOC3D/MTCLKD	CTS0#/RTS0#/SS0#	
K2		P22		MTIOC3B/MTCLKC/ TMO0	SCK0	
K3		P20		MTIOC1A/TMRI0	TXD0/SMOSI0/SSDA0	
K4		P14		MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/ TMRI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	IRQ4
K5		PH2		TMRI0		IRQ1
K6		PH1		TMO0		IRQ0
K7		P51	WR1#/BC1#/WAIT#			
K8		PC5	A21/CS2#/WAIT#	MTIOC3B/MTCLKD/ TMRI2	SCK8/RSPCKA	
K9		PC3	A19	MTIOC4D	TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5	
K10		PC2	A18	MTIOC4B	RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/ SSLA3	

Note: • Pin names to which –DS is appended are for pins that can be used to trigger release from deep software standby mode.

Table 1.14 List of Pins and Pin Functions (69-Pin WLBGA) (1 / 2)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communications (SCIc, SCId, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
A1	NC				
A2		PE2	MTIOC4A	RXD12/RXDX12/SMISO12/ SSCL12	IRQ7-DS/AN010/ CVREFB0
A3	VREFL				
A4	VREFH				
A5		P43			AN003
A6	VREFL0				
A7	AVCC0				
A8	AVSS0				
A9	AVSS0				
B1		PE5	MTIOC4C/MTIOC2B		IRQ5/AN013
B2		PE4	MTIOC4D/MTIOC1A		AN012/CMPA2
B3		PE3	MTIOC4B/POE8#	CTS12#/RTS12#/SS12#	AN011/CMPA1
B4		P46			AN006
B5		P44			AN004
B6		P41			AN001
B7	VREFH0				
B8		P05			DA1
B9	VCL				
C1		PA3	MTIOC0D/MTCLKD	RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5	IRQ6-DS/CMPB1
C2		PA4	MTIC5U/MTCLKA/TMRI0	TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/SSLA0	IRQ5-DS/CVREFB1
C3		PA0	MTIOC4A	SSLA1	CACREF
C4		PE1	MTIOC4C	TXD12/TXDX12/SIOX12/ SMOSI12/SSDA12	AN009/CMPB0
C5		PE0		SCK12	AN008
C6		P42			AN002
C7		P40			AN000
C8		P03			DA0
C9	XCIN				
D1		PA6	MTIC5V/MTCLKB/TMCI3/ POE2#	CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/MOSIA	
D2		PB0	MTIC5W	RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/ RSPCKA	
D3		PA1	MTIOC0B/MTCLKC	SCK5/SSLA2	CVREFA
D7	MD				FINED
D8	RES#				
D9	XCOUT				
E1	VSS				
E2		PB1	MTIOC0C/MTIOC4C/TMCI0	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ4-DS
E8	XTAL	P37			
E9	VSS				
F1	VCC				
F2		PB3	MTIOC0A/MTIOC4A/TMO0/ POE3#	SCK6	
F7		P31	MTIOC4D/TMCI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	IRQ1-DS/RTCIC1
F8	EXTAL	P36			
F9	VCC				
G1		PB5	MTIOC2A/MTIOC1B/TMRI1/ POE1#	SCK9	
G2		PB6	MTIOC3D	RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9	

Table 1.15 List of Pins and Pin Functions (64-Pin TFLGA) (2 / 2)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communication (SCIc, SCId, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
F5		P15	MTIOC0B/MTCLKB/TMCI2	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	IRQ5
F6		PB1	MTIOC0C/MTIOC4C/TMCI0	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ4-DS
F7		PB5	MTIOC2A/MTIOC1B/TMRI1/ POE1#	SCK9	
F8		PB3	MTIOC0A/MTIOC4A/TMO0/ POE3#	SCK6	
G1	EXTAL	P36			
G2		P26	MTIOC2A/TMO1	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	
G3		PH3	TMCI0		
G4		PH0			CACREF
G5		PC7	MTIOC3A/TMO2/MTCLKB	TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/MISOA	CACREF
G6		PC6	MTIOC3C/MTCLKA/TMCI2	RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/MOSIA	
G7		PC3	MTIOC4D	TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5	
G8		PB6	MTIOC3D	RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9	
H1	XTAL	P37			
H2		P17	MTIOC3A/MTIOC3B/TMO1/ POE8#	SCK1/MISOA/SDA-DS	IRQ7
H3		PH2	TMRI0		IRQ1
H4		PH1	TMO0		IRQ0
H5		P55	MTIOC4D/TMO3		
H6		P54	MTIOC4B/TMCI1		
H7		PC2	MTIOC4B	RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/SSLA3	
H8		PB7	MTIOC3B	TXD9/SMOSI9/SSDA9	

Note: • Pin names to which -DS is appended are for pins that can be used to trigger release from deep software standby mode.

Table 1.17 List of Pins and Pin Functions (48-Pin LQFP) (1 / 2)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communication (SCIc, SCId, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
1	VCL				
2	MD				FINED
3	RES#				
4	XTAL	P37			
5	VSS				
6	EXTAL	P36			
7	VCC				
8		P35			NMI
9		P31	MTIOC4D/TMCI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	IRQ1-DS
10		P30	MTIOC4B/TMRI3/POE8#	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	IRQ0-DS
11		P27	MTIOC2B/TMCI3	SCK1	
12		P26	MTIOC2A/TMO1	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1	
13		P17	MTIOC3A/MTIOC3B/TMO1/ POE8#	SCK1/MISOA/SDA-DS	IRQ7
14		P16	MTIOC3C/MTIOC3D/TMO2	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/MOSIA/ SCL-DS	IRQ6/ADTRG0#
15		P15	MTIOC0B/MTCLKB/TMCI2	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	IRQ5
16		P14	MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/TMRI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	IRQ4
17		PH3	TMCI0		
18		PH2	TMRI0		IRQ1
19		PH1	TMO0		IRQ0
20		PH0			CACREF
21		PC7	MTIOC3A/TMO2/MTCLKB	TXD8/SMOSI8/SSDA8/MISOA	CACREF
22		PC6	MTIOC3C/MTCLKA/TMCI2	RXD8/SMISO8/SSCL8/MOSIA	
23		PC5	MTIOC3B/MTCLKD/TMRI2	SCK8/RSPCKA	
24		PC4	MTIOC3D/MTCLKC/TMCI1/ POE0#	SCK5/CTS8#/RTS8#/SS8#/ SSLA0	
25		PB5	MTIOC2A/MTIOC1B/TMRI1/ POE1#		
26		PB3	MTIOC0A/MTIOC4A/TMO0/ POE3#	SCK6	
27		PB1	MTIOC0C/MTIOC4C/TMCI0	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ4-DS
28	VCC				
29		PB0	MTIC5W	RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RSPCKA	
30	VSS				
31		PA6	MTIC5V/MTCLKB/TMCI3/ POE2#	CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/MOSIA	
32		PA4	MTIC5U/MTCLKA/TMRI0	TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/SSLA0	IRQ5-DS/CVREFB1
33		PA3	MTIOC0D/MTCLKD	RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5	IRQ6-DS/CMPB1
34		PA1	MTIOC0B/MTCLKC	SCK5/SSLA2	CVREFA
35		PE4	MTIOC4D/MTIOC1A		AN012/CMPA2
36		PE3	MTIOC4B/POE8#	CTS12#/RTS12#	AN011/CMPA1
37		PE2	MTIOC4A	RXD12/RXDX12/SSCL12	IRQ7-DS/AN010/ CVREFB0
38		PE1	MTIOC4C	TXD12/TXDX12/SIOX12/ SSDA12	AN009/CMPB0
39	VREFL				
40		P46			AN006
41	VREFH				
42		P42			AN002
43		P41			AN001

2.1 General-Purpose Registers (R0 to R15)

This CPU has sixteen general-purpose registers (R0 to R15). R1 to R15 can be used as data registers or address registers. R0, a general-purpose register, also functions as the stack pointer (SP). The stack pointer is switched to operate as the interrupt stack pointer (ISP) or user stack pointer (USP) by the value of the stack pointer select bit (U) in the processor status word (PSW).

2.2 Control Registers

(1) Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)/User Stack Pointer (USP)

The stack pointer (SP) can be either of two types, the interrupt stack pointer (ISP) or the user stack pointer (USP). Whether the stack pointer operates as the ISP or USP depends on the value of the stack pointer select bit (U) in the processor status word (PSW).
Set the ISP or USP to a multiple of four, as this reduces the numbers of cycles required to execute interrupt sequences and instructions entailing stack manipulation.

(2) Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

The interrupt table register (INTB) specifies the address where the relocatable vector table starts.

(3) Program Counter (PC)

The program counter (PC) indicates the address of the instruction being executed.

(4) Processor Status Word (PSW)

The processor status word (PSW) indicates the results of instruction execution or the state of the CPU.

(5) Backup PC (BPC)

The backup PC (BPC) is provided to speed up response to interrupts.
After a fast interrupt has been generated, the contents of the program counter (PC) are saved in the BPC register.

(6) Backup PSW (BPSW)

The backup PSW (BPSW) is provided to speed up response to interrupts.
After a fast interrupt has been generated, the contents of the processor status word (PSW) are saved in the BPSW. The allocation of bits in the BPSW corresponds to that in the PSW.

(7) Fast Interrupt Vector Register (FINTV)

The fast interrupt vector register (FINTV) is provided to speed up response to interrupts.
The FINTV register specifies a branch destination address when a fast interrupt has been generated.

2.3 Register Associated with DSP Instructions

(1) Accumulator (ACC)

The accumulator (ACC) is a 64-bit register used for DSP instructions. The accumulator is also used for the multiply and multiply-and-accumulate instructions; EMUL, EMULU, MUL, and RMPA, in which case the prior value in the accumulator is modified by execution of the instruction.
Use the MVTACHI and MVTACLO instructions for writing to the accumulator. The MVTACHI and MVTACLO instructions write data to the higher-order 32 bits (bits 63 to 32) and the lower-order 32 bits (bits 31 to 0), respectively.
Use the MVFACHI and MVFACMI instructions for reading data from the accumulator. The MVFACHI and MVFACMI instructions read data from the higher-order 32 bits (bits 63 to 32) and the middle 32 bits (bits 47 to 16), respectively.

3. Address Space

3.1 Address Space

This LSI has a 4-Gbyte address space, consisting of the range of addresses from 0000 0000h to FFFF FFFFh. That is, linear access to an address space of up to 4 Gbytes is possible, and this contains both program and data areas.
Figure 3.1 shows the memory maps in the respective operating modes. Accessible areas will differ according to the operating mode and states of control bits.

4. I/O Registers

This section gives information on the on-chip I/O register addresses and bit configuration. The information is given as shown below. Notes on writing to registers are also given at the end.

(1) I/O register addresses (address order)

- Registers are listed from the lower allocation addresses.
- Registers are classified according to module symbols.
- Numbers of cycles for access indicate numbers of cycles of the given base clock.
- Among the internal I/O register area, addresses not listed in the list of registers are reserved. Reserved addresses must not be accessed. Do not access these addresses; otherwise, the operation when accessing these bits and subsequent operations cannot be guaranteed.

(2) Notes on writing to I/O registers

When writing to an I/O register, the CPU starts executing the subsequent instruction before completing I/O register write. This may cause the subsequent instruction to be executed before the post-update I/O register value is reflected on the operation.
As described in the following examples, special care is required for the cases in which the subsequent instruction must be executed after the post-update I/O register value is actually reflected.

[Examples of cases requiring special care]

- The subsequent instruction must be executed while an interrupt request is disabled with the IENj bit in IERn of the ICU (interrupt request enable bit) cleared to 0.
- A WAIT instruction is executed immediately after the preprocessing for causing a transition to the low power consumption state.

In the above cases, after writing to an I/O register, wait until the write operation is completed using the following procedure and then execute the subsequent instruction.

(a) Write to an I/O register.
(b) Read the value from the I/O register to a general register.
(c) Execute the operation using the value read.
(d) Execute the subsequent instruction.

[Instruction examples]

- Byte-size I/O registers

```
MOV.L  #SFR_ADDR, R1
MOV.B  #SFR_DATA, [R1]
CMP    [R1].UB, R1
;; Next process
```

- Word-size I/O registers

```
MOV.L  #SFR_ADDR, R1
MOV.W  #SFR_DATA, [R1]
CMP    [R1].W, R1
;; Next process
```

- Longword-size I/O registers

```
MOV.L  #SFR_ADDR, R1
MOV.L  #SFR_DATA, [R1]
CMP    [R1].L, R1
;; Next process
```

If multiple registers are written to and a subsequent instruction should be executed after the write operations are entirely completed, only read the I/O register that was last written to and execute the operation using the value; it is not necessary to read or execute operation for all the registers that were written to.

(3) Number of Access Cycles to I/O Registers

For numbers of clock cycles for access to I/O registers, see Table 4.1, List of I/O Registers (Address Order).
The number of access cycles to I/O registers is obtained by following equation.*1

Number of access cycles to I/O registers = Number of bus cycles for internal main bus 1 +
Number of divided clock synchronization cycles +
Number of bus cycles for internal peripheral bus 1 to 6

The number of bus cycles of internal peripheral bus 1 to 6 differs according to the register to be accessed.
When peripheral functions connected to internal peripheral bus 2 to 6 or registers for the external bus control unit (except for bus error related registers) are accessed, the number of divided clock synchronization cycles is added.
The number of divided clock synchronization cycles differs depending on the frequency ratio between ICLK and PCLK (or FCLK, BCLK) or bus access timing.
In the peripheral function unit, when the frequency ratio of ICLK is equal to or greater than that of PCLK (or FCLK), the sum of the number of bus cycles for internal main bus 1 and the number of the divided clock synchronization cycles will be one cycle of PCLK (or FCLK) at a maximum. Therefore, one PCLK (or FCLK) has been added to the number of access cycles shown in Table 4.1.
When the frequency ratio of ICLK is lower than that of PCLK (or FCLK), the subsequent bus access is started from the ICLK cycle following the completion of the access to the peripheral functions. Therefore, the access cycles are described on an ICLK basis.
In the external bus control unit, the sum of the number of bus cycles for internal main bus 1 and the number of divided clock synchronization cycles will be one cycle of BCLK at a maximum. Therefore, one BCLK is added to the number of access cycles shown in Table 4.1.

Note 1. This applies to the number of cycles when the access from the CPU does not conflict with the instruction fetching to the external memory or bus access from the different bus master (DMAC or DTC).

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (4 / 29)

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles ICLK ≥ PCLK	Number of Access Cycles ICLK < PCLK
0008 7076h	ICU	Interrupt request register 118	IR118	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7077h	ICU	Interrupt request register 119	IR119	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7078h	ICU	Interrupt request register 120	IR120	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7079h	ICU	Interrupt request register 121	IR121	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 707Ah	ICU	Interrupt request register 122	IR122	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 707Bh	ICU	Interrupt request register 123	IR123	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 707Ch	ICU	Interrupt request register 124	IR124	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 707Dh	ICU	Interrupt request register 125	IR125	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 707Eh	ICU	Interrupt request register 126	IR126	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 707Fh	ICU	Interrupt request register 127	IR127	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7080h	ICU	Interrupt request register 128	IR128	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7081h	ICU	Interrupt request register 129	IR129	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7082h	ICU	Interrupt request register 130	IR130	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7083h	ICU	Interrupt request register 131	IR131	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7084h	ICU	Interrupt request register 132	IR132	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7085h	ICU	Interrupt request register 133	IR133	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7086h	ICU	Interrupt request register 134	IR134	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7087h	ICU	Interrupt request register 135	IR135	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7088h	ICU	Interrupt request register 136	IR136	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7089h	ICU	Interrupt request register 137	IR137	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 708Ah	ICU	Interrupt request register 138	IR138	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 708Bh	ICU	Interrupt request register 139	IR139	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 708Ch	ICU	Interrupt request register 140	IR140	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 708Dh	ICU	Interrupt request register 141	IR141	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 708Eh	ICU	Interrupt request register 142	IR142	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 708Fh	ICU	Interrupt request register 143	IR143	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7090h	ICU	Interrupt request register 144	IR144	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7091h	ICU	Interrupt request register 145	IR145	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7092h	ICU	Interrupt request register 146	IR146	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7093h	ICU	Interrupt request register 147	IR147	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7094h	ICU	Interrupt request register 148	IR148	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7095h	ICU	Interrupt request register 149	IR149	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7096h	ICU	Interrupt request register 150	IR150	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7097h	ICU	Interrupt request register 151	IR151	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7098h	ICU	Interrupt request register 152	IR152	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 7099h	ICU	Interrupt request register 153	IR153	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 709Ah	ICU	Interrupt request register 154	IR154	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 709Bh	ICU	Interrupt request register 155	IR155	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 709Ch	ICU	Interrupt request register 156	IR156	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 709Dh	ICU	Interrupt request register 157	IR157	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 709Eh	ICU	Interrupt request register 158	IR158	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 709Fh	ICU	Interrupt request register 159	IR159	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A0h	ICU	Interrupt request register 160	IR160	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A1h	ICU	Interrupt request register 161	IR161	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A2h	ICU	Interrupt request register 162	IR162	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A3h	ICU	Interrupt request register 163	IR163	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A4h	ICU	Interrupt request register 164	IR164	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A5h	ICU	Interrupt request register 165	IR165	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A6h	ICU	Interrupt request register 166	IR166	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70A7h	ICU	Interrupt request register 167	IR167	8	8		2 ICLK
0008 70AAh	ICU	Interrupt request register 170	IR170	8	8		2 ICLK

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (20 / 29)

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles: ICLK ≥ PCLK	Number of Access Cycles: ICLK < PCLK
0008 A148h	SCI10	Noise filter setting register	SNFR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A149h	SCI10	I²C mode register 1	SIMR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A14Ah	SCI10	I²C mode register 2	SIMR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A14Bh	SCI10	I²C mode register 3	SIMR3	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A14Ch	SCI10	I²C status register	SISR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A14Dh	SCI10	SPI mode register	SPMR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A160h	SCI11	Serial mode register	SMR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A161h	SCI11	Bit rate register	BRR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A162h	SCI11	Serial control register	SCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A163h	SCI11	Transmit data register	TDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A164h	SCI11	Serial status register	SSR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A165h	SCI11	Receive data register	RDR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A166h	SCI11	Smart card mode register	SCMR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A167h	SCI11	Serial extended mode register	SEMR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A168h	SCI11	Noise filter setting register	SNFR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A169h	SCI11	I²C mode register 1	SIMR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A16Ah	SCI11	I²C mode register 2	SIMR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A16Bh	SCI11	I²C mode register 3	SIMR3	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A16Ch	SCI11	I²C status register	SISR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 A16Dh	SCI11	SPI mode register	SPMR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B000h	CAC	CAC control register 0	CACR0	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B001h	CAC	CAC control register 1	CACR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B002h	CAC	CAC control register 2	CACR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B003h	CAC	CAC interrupt control register	CAICR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B004h	CAC	CAC status register	CASTR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B006h	CAC	CAC upper-limit value setting register	CAULVR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B008h	CAC	CAC lower-limit value setting register	CALLVR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B00Ah	CAC	CAC counter buffer register	CACNTBR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B080h	DOC	DOC control register	DOCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B082h	DOC	DOC data input register	DODIR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B084h	DOC	DOC data setting register	DODSR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B100h	ELC	Event link control register	ELCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B102h	ELC	Event link setting register 1	ELSR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B103h	ELC	Event link setting register 2	ELSR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B104h	ELC	Event link setting register 3	ELSR3	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B105h	ELC	Event link setting register 4	ELSR4	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B108h	ELC	Event link setting register 7	ELSR7	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B10Bh	ELC	Event link setting register 10	ELSR10	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B10Dh	ELC	Event link setting register 12	ELSR12	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B110h	ELC	Event link setting register 15	ELSR15	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B111h	ELC	Event link setting register 16	ELSR16	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B113h	ELC	Event link setting register 18	ELSR18	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B114h	ELC	Event link setting register 19	ELSR19	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B115h	ELC	Event link setting register 20	ELSR20	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B116h	ELC	Event link setting register 21	ELSR21	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B117h	ELC	Event link setting register 22	ELSR22	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B118h	ELC	Event link setting register 23	ELSR23	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B119h	ELC	Event link setting register 24	ELSR24	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B11Ah	ELC	Event link setting register 25	ELSR25	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B11Bh	ELC	Event link setting register 26	ELSR26	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 B11Ch	ELC	Event link setting register 27	ELSR27	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK

Table 5.4 DC Characteristics (3)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 1.62 to 5.5 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL = VREFL0 = 0 V, T_a = –40 to +105°C

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Input leakage current	RES#, MD pin, P35/NMI	$\lvert I_{in} \rvert$	—	—	1.0	µA	V_{in} = 0 V, VCC
Three-state leakage current (off-state)	Port 4	$\lvert I_{TSI} \rvert$	—	—	1.0	µA	V_{in} = 0 V, VCC
	Other pins except for ports for 5 V tolerant and port 4		—	—	0.2		
	Ports for 5 V tolerant		—	—	1.0		V_{in} = 0 V, 5.8 V
Input capacitance	All input pins (except for ports 12, 13, 16, 17, 4, A1, A3, A4, and E)	C_{in}	—	—	15	pF	V_{in} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T_a = 25°C
	Ports 12, 13, 16, 17, 4, A1, A3, A4, and E		—	—	30		

Table 5.5 DC Characteristics (4)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 1.62 to 5.5 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL = VREFL0 = 0 V, T_a = –40 to +105°C

Item		Symbol	VCC						Unit	Test Conditions
			1.62 to 2.7 V		2.7 to 4.0 V		4.0 to 5.5 V			
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Input pull-up MOS current	All ports (except for port 35)	I_p	–150	–5	–200	–10	–400	–50	µA	V_{in} = 0 V

[Chip version A]

Table 5.6 DC Characteristics (5)

Conditions: VCC = AVCC0 = 2.7 to 5.5 V, VSS = AVSS0 = VREFL = VREFL0 = 0 V, T_a = –40 to +105°C

Item					Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Supply current*1	High-speed operating mode	Normal operating mode	No peripheral operation*2	ICLK = 50 MHz	I_{CC}	10	—	mA	
			All peripheral operation: Normal*3	ICLK = 50 MHz		31.5	—		
			All peripheral operation: Max.*3	ICLK = 50 MHz		—	55		
		Sleep mode	No peripheral operation	ICLK = 50 MHz		7.5	—		
			All peripheral operation: Normal	ICLK = 50 MHz		17.5	—		
		All-module clock stop mode		ICLK = 50 MHz		6.7	—		
		Increase during BGO operation*4				25	—		

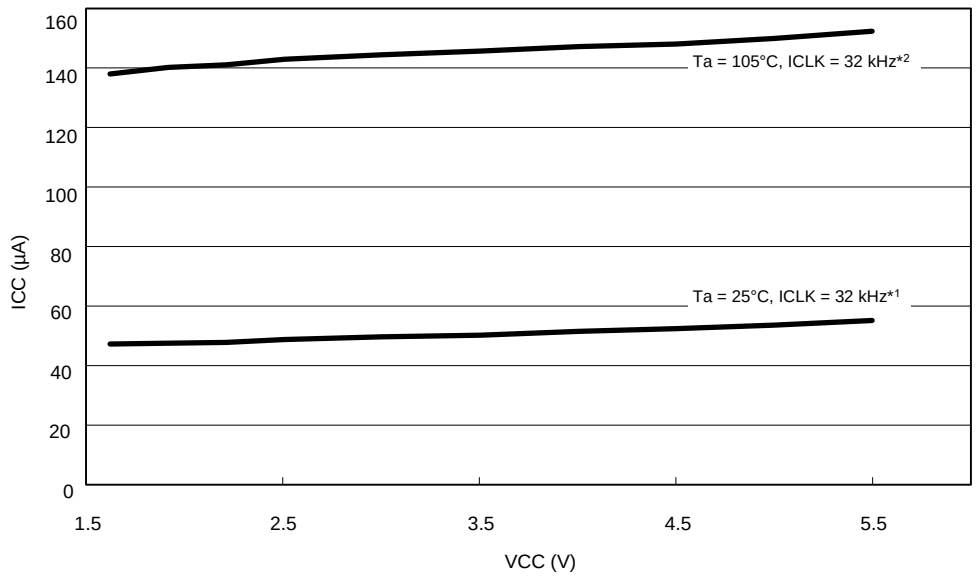
Note 1. Supply current values do not include output charge/discharge current from all pins. The values apply when internal pull-up MOSs are in the off state.

Note 2. Clock supply to the peripheral functions is stopped. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is PLL and the VCO oscillation frequency is 100 MHz. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are set to divided by 64.

Note 3. Clocks are supplied to the peripheral functions. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is PLL and the VCO oscillation frequency is 100 MHz. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are ICLK divided by 2.

Note 4. This is the increase if data is programmed to or erasing from the ROM or E2 DataFlash during program execution.

Note 5. Clocks are supplied to the peripheral functions. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is HOCO and the oscillation frequency is 40 MHz. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are ICLK divided by 1.
Note 6. This is the increase if data is programmed to or erasing from the ROM or E2 DataFlash during program execution.
Note 7. Clock supply to the peripheral functions is stopped. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is HOCO and the oscillation frequency is 32 MHz. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are set to divided by 64.
Note 8. Clocks are supplied to the peripheral functions. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is HOCO and the oscillation frequency is 32 MHz. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are ICLK divided by 1.
Note 9. Clock supply to the peripheral functions is stopped. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is the sub oscillation circuit. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are set to divided by 64.
Note 10. Clocks are supplied to the peripheral functions. This does not include BGO operation. The clock source is the sub oscillation circuit. BCLK, FCLK, and PCLK are ICLK divided by 1.
Note 11. Value when the main clock continues oscillating at 12.5 MHz.



Note 1. All peripheral operation is normal.
Average value of the tested middle samples during product evaluation.
Note 2. All peripheral operation is maximum.
Average value of the tested upper-limit samples during product evaluation.

Figure 5.21 Voltage Dependency in Low-Speed Operating Mode 2 (Reference Data) for Chip Version B with 256 Kbytes or Less of Flash Memory and 48 to 100 Pins

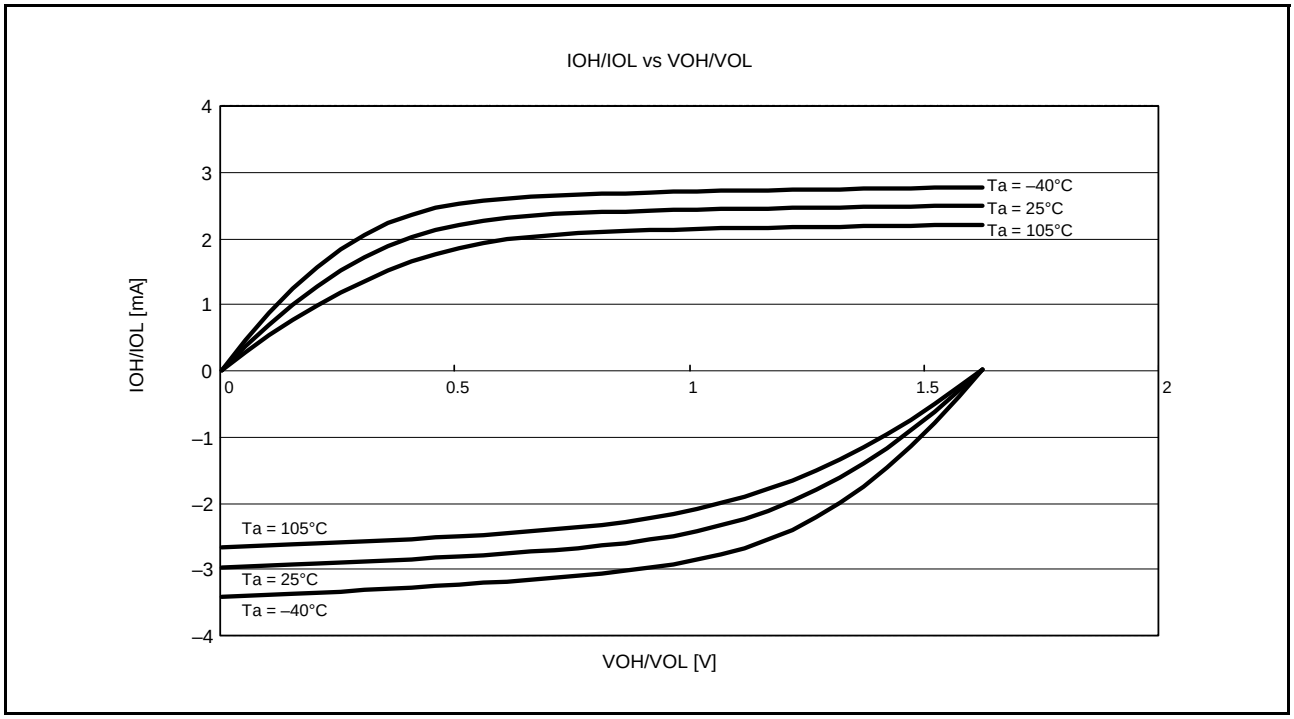


Figure 5.46 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 1.62 V when Normal Output is Selected (Reference Data)

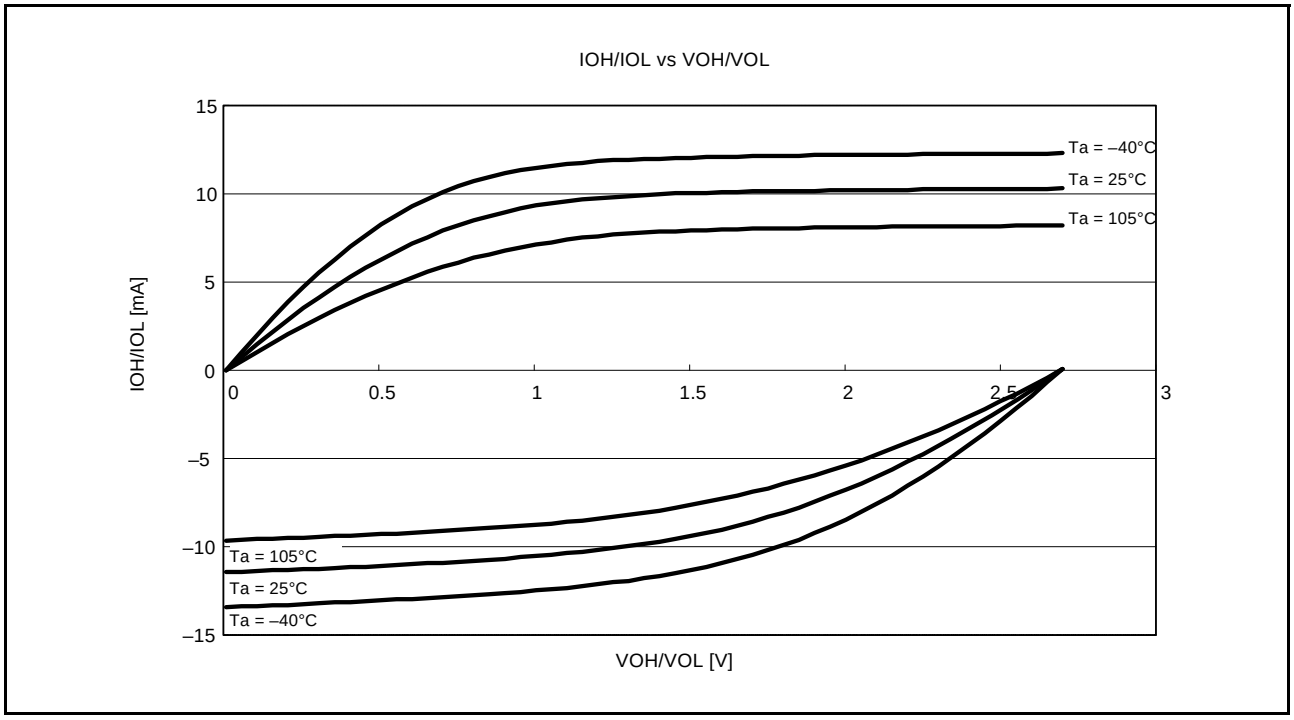


Figure 5.47 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 2.7 V when Normal Output is Selected (Reference Data)

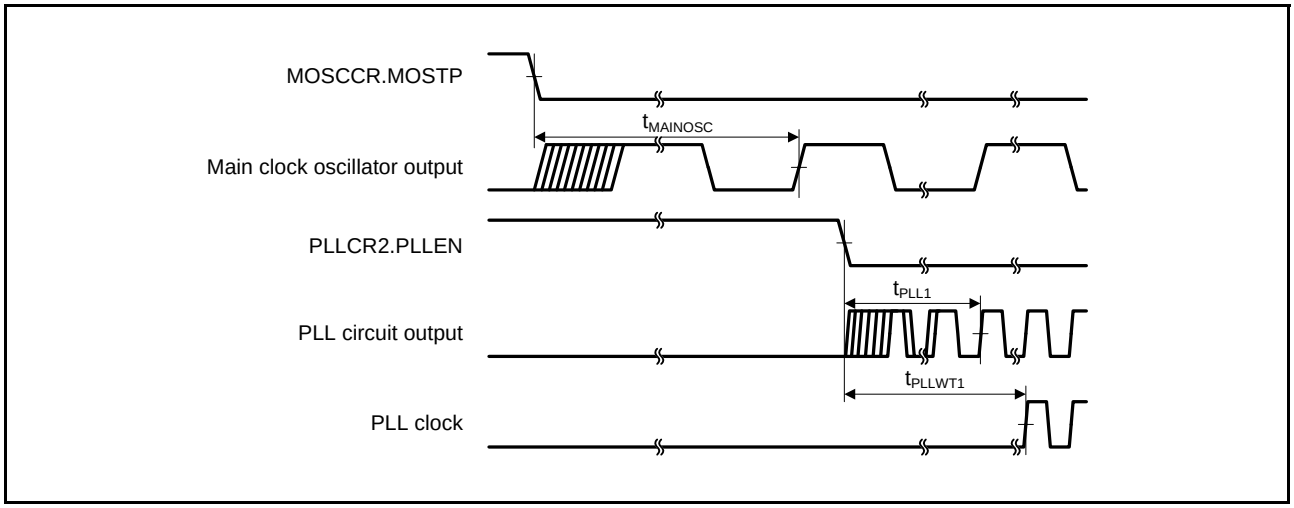


Figure 5.66 PLL Clock Oscillation Start Timing (PLL is Operated after Main Clock Oscillation Has Settled)

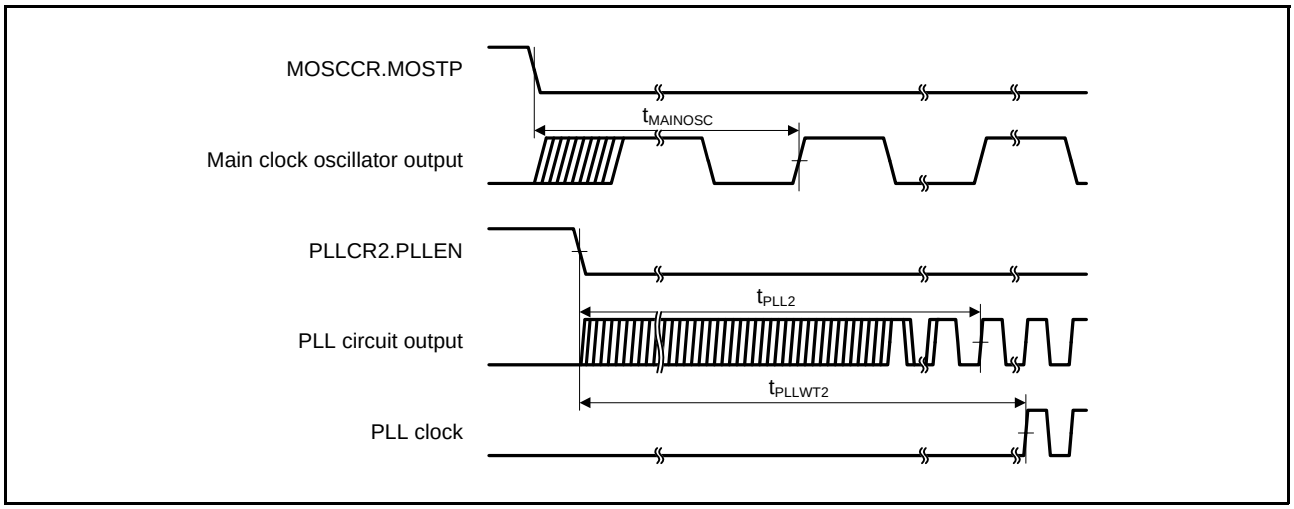


Figure 5.67 PLL Clock Oscillation Start Timing (PLL is Operated before Main Clock Oscillation Has Settled)

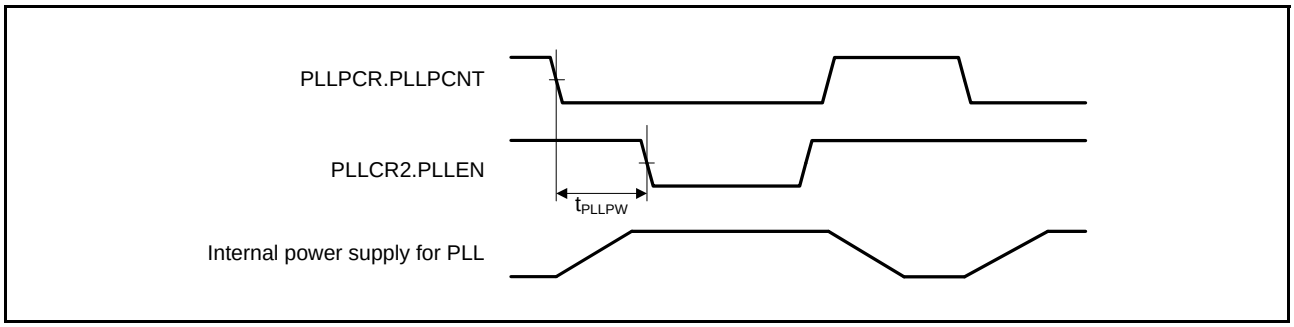
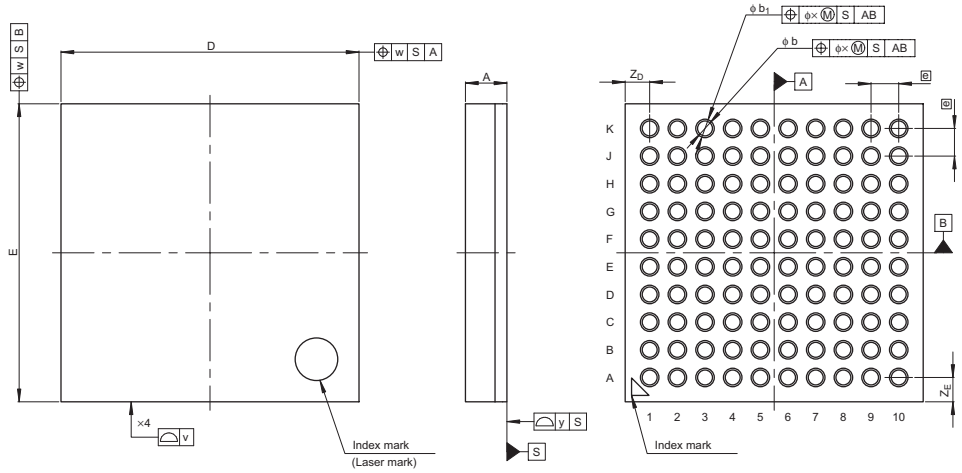


Figure 5.68 PLL Power Control Timing

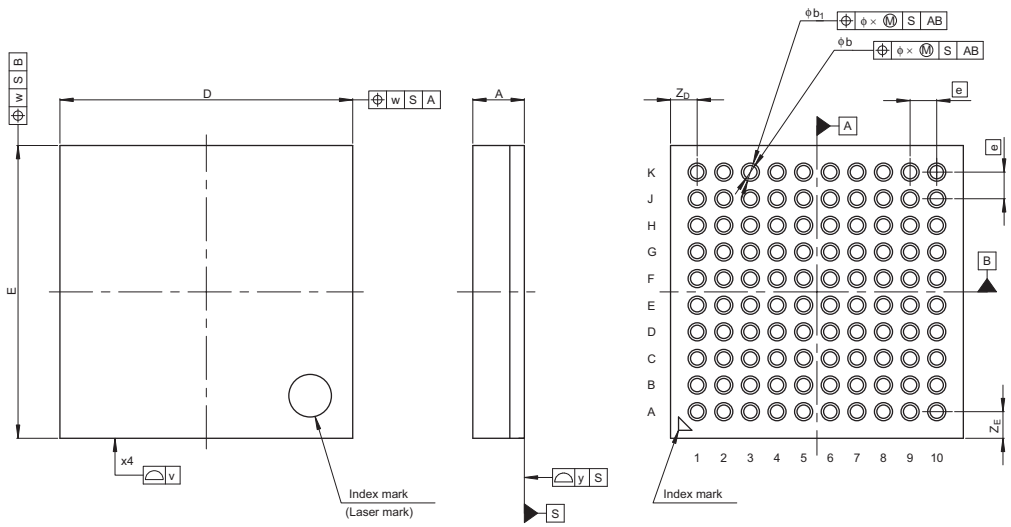
JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS[Typ.]
P-TFLGA100-7x7-0.65	PTLG0100JA-A	100F0G	0.1g



Reference Symbol	Dimension in Millimeters		
	Min	Nom	Max
D	—	7.0	—
E	—	7.0	—
v	—	—	0.15
w	—	—	0.20
A	—	—	1.05
e	—	0.65	—
b	0.31	0.35	0.39
b_1	0.385	0.435	0.485
x	—	—	0.08
y	—	—	0.10
Z_D	—	0.575	—
Z_E	—	0.575	—

Figure C 100-Pin TFLGA (PTLG0100JA-A)

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS[Typ.]
P-TFLGA100-5.5x5.5-0.50	PTLG0100KA-A	100F0M	0.1g



Reference Symbol	Dimension in Millimeters		
	Min	Nom	Max
D	—	5.5	—
E	—	5.5	—
v	—	—	0.15
w	—	—	0.20
A	—	—	1.05
e	—	0.5	—
b	0.21	0.25	0.29
b_1	0.29	0.34	0.39
x	—	—	0.08
y	—	—	0.08
Z_D	—	0.5	—
Z_E	—	0.5	—

Figure D 100-Pin TFLGA (PTLG0100KA-A)