



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, QEI, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj128mc506a-e-pt

dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

Referenced Sources

This device data sheet is based on the following individual chapters of the *dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual*. These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

Note: To access the documents listed below, browse to the documentation section of the dsPIC33FJ256MC710A product page on the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) or select a family reference manual section from the following list.

In addition to parameters, features, and other documentation, the resulting page provides links to the related family reference manual sections.

- **Section 1. “Introduction”** (DS70197)
- **Section 2. “CPU”** (DS70204)
- **Section 3. “Data Memory”** (DS70202)
- **Section 4. “Program Memory”** (DS70203)
- **Section 5. “Flash Programming”** (DS70191)
- **Section 6. “Interrupts”** (DS70184)
- **Section 7. “Oscillator”** (DS70186)
- **Section 8. “Reset”** (DS70192)
- **Section 9. “Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes”** (DS70196)
- **Section 10. “I/O Ports”** (DS70193)
- **Section 11. “Timers”** (DS70205)
- **Section 12. “Input Capture”** (DS70198)
- **Section 13. “Output Compare”** (DS70209)
- **Section 14. “Motor Control PWM”** (DS70187)
- **Section 15. “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)”** (DS70208)
- **Section 16. “Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”** (DS70183)
- **Section 17. “UART”** (DS70188)
- **Section 18. “Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)”** (DS70206)
- **Section 19. “Inter-Integrated Circuit™ (I2C™)”** (DS70195)
- **Section 20. “Data Converter Interface (DCI)”** (DS70288)
- **Section 21. “Enhanced Controller Area Network (ECAN™)”** (DS70185)
- **Section 22. “Direct Memory Access (DMA)”** (DS70182)
- **Section 23. “CodeGuard™ Security”** (DS70199)
- **Section 24. “Programming and Diagnostics”** (DS70207)
- **Section 25. “Device Configuration”** (DS70194)

dsPIC33FJXXMCMX06A/X08A/X10A

2.5 ICSP Pins

The PGECx and PGEDx pins are used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging purposes. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the ICSP connector and the ICSP pins on the device as short as possible. If the ICSP connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the PGECx and PGEDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Flash Programming Specification” (DS70152) for information on capacitive loading limits, and pin input voltage high (V_{IH}) and input low (V_{IL}) requirements.

Ensure that the “Communication Channel Select” (i.e., PGECx/PGEDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to the MPLAB® ICD 3 or REAL ICE™ in-circuit emulator.

For more information on the ICD 3 and REAL ICE in-circuit emulator connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available on the Microchip web site.

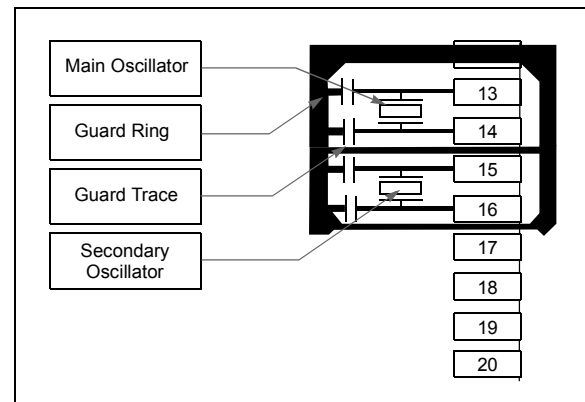
- “Using MPLAB® ICD 3” (poster) (DS51765)
- “MPLAB® ICD 3 Design Advisory” (DS51764)
- “MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator User's Guide” (DS51616)
- “Using MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator” (poster) (DS51749)

2.6 External Oscillator Pins

Many DSCs have options for at least two oscillators: a high-frequency primary oscillator and a low-frequency secondary oscillator (refer to **Section 9.0 “Oscillator Configuration”** for details).

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is shown in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED PLACEMENT OF THE OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT



2.7 Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up

If the PLL of the target device is enabled and configured for the device start-up oscillator, the maximum oscillator source frequency must be limited to ≤ 8 MHz for start-up with PLL enabled to comply with device PLL start-up conditions. This means that if the external oscillator frequency is outside this range, the application must start-up in the FRC mode first. The default PLL settings after a POR with an oscillator frequency outside this range will violate the device operating speed.

Once the device powers up, the application firmware can initialize the PLL SFRs, CLKDIV and PLLDBF to a suitable value, and then perform a clock switch to the oscillator + PLL clock source. Note that clock switching must be enabled in the device Configuration Word.

2.8 Configuration of Analog and Digital Pins During ICSP Operations

If the MPLAB ICD 3 or REAL ICE in-circuit emulator is selected as a debugger, it automatically initializes all of the A/D input pins (ANx) as “digital” pins by setting all bits in the AD1PCFGL register.

The bits in this register that correspond to the A/D pins that are initialized by the MPLAB ICD 3 or REAL ICE in-circuit emulator, must not be cleared by the user application firmware; otherwise, communication errors will result between the debugger and the device.

If your application needs to use certain A/D pins as analog input pins during the debug session, the user application must clear the corresponding bits in the AD1PCFGL register during initialization of the ADC module.

When the MPLAB ICD 3 or REAL ICE in-circuit emulator is used as a programmer, the user application firmware must correctly configure the AD1PCFGL register. Automatic initialization of this register is only done during debugger operation. Failure to correctly configure the register(s) will result in all A/D pins being recognized as analog input pins, resulting in the port value being read as a logic ‘0’, which may affect user application functionality.

2.9 Unused I/Os

Unused I/O pins should be configured as outputs and driven to a logic low state.

Alternatively, connect a 1k to 10k resistor between Vss and the unused pins.

dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

3.3 Special MCU Features

The dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A devices feature a 17-bit by 17-bit, single-cycle multiplier that is shared by both the MCU ALU and DSP engine. The multiplier can perform signed, unsigned and mixed sign multiplication. Using a 17-bit by 17-bit multiplier for 16-bit by 16-bit multiplication not only allows you to perform mixed sign multiplication, it also achieves accurate results for special operations, such as $(-1.0) \times (-1.0)$.

The dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A devices support 16/16 and 32/16 divide operations, both fractional and integer. All divide instructions are iterative operations. They must be executed within a REPEAT loop, resulting in a total execution time of 19 instruction cycles. The divide operation can be interrupted during any of those 19 cycles without a loss of data.

A 40-bit barrel shifter is used to perform up to a 16-bit left or right shift in a single cycle. The barrel shifter can be used by both MCU and DSP instructions.

FIGURE 3-1: dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A CPU CORE BLOCK DIAGRAM

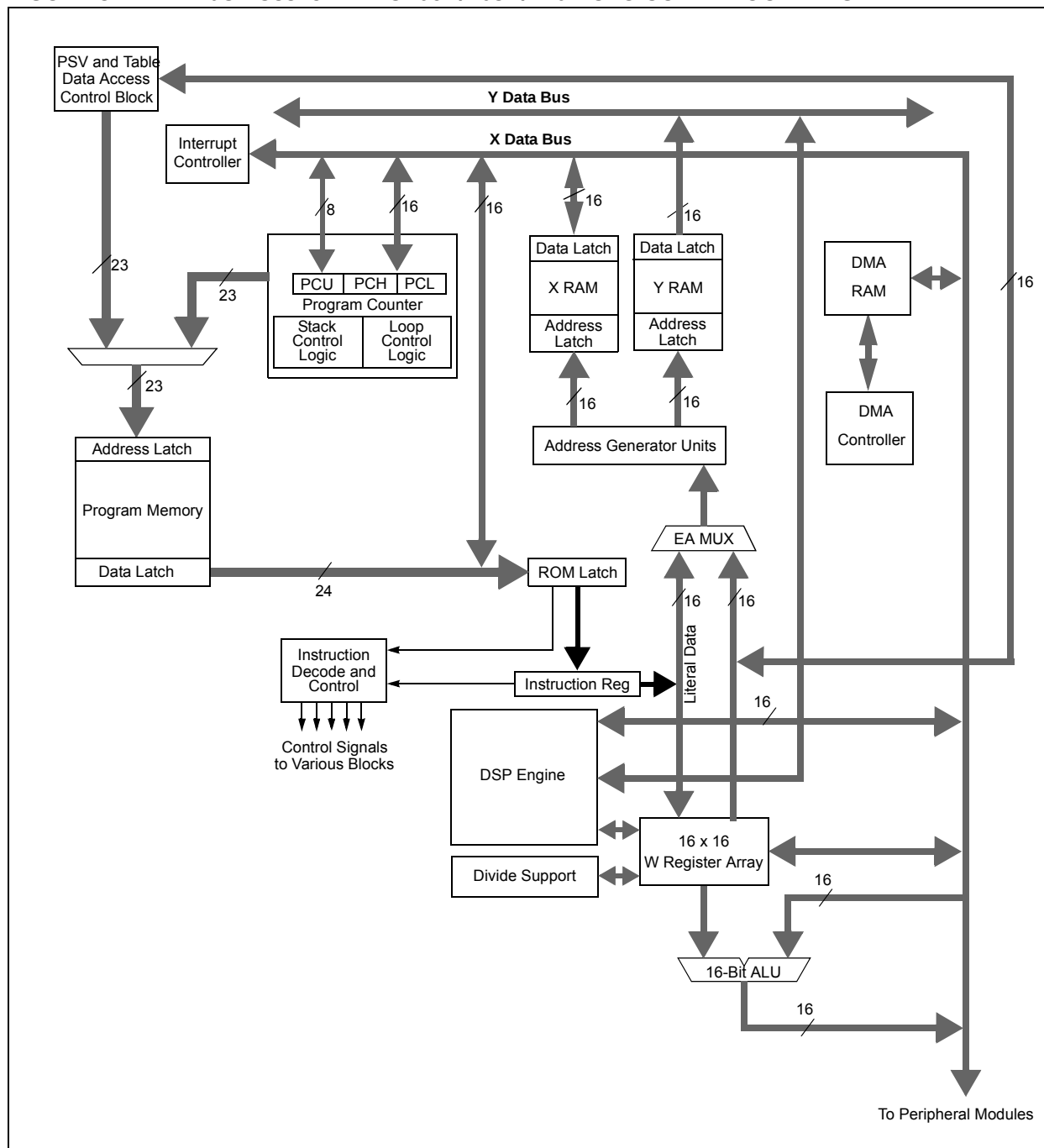


TABLE 4-1: CPU CORE REGISTERS MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
WREG0	0000	Working Register 0																	xxxx
WREG1	0002	Working Register 1																	xxxx
WREG2	0004	Working Register 2																	xxxx
WREG3	0006	Working Register 3																	xxxx
WREG4	0008	Working Register 4																	xxxx
WREG5	000A	Working Register 5																	xxxx
WREG6	000C	Working Register 6																	xxxx
WREG7	000E	Working Register 7																	xxxx
WREG8	0010	Working Register 8																	xxxx
WREG9	0012	Working Register 9																	xxxx
WREG10	0014	Working Register 10																	xxxx
WREG11	0016	Working Register 11																	xxxx
WREG12	0018	Working Register 12																	xxxx
WREG13	001A	Working Register 13																	xxxx
WREG14	001C	Working Register 14																	xxxx
WREG15	001E	Working Register 15																	0000
SPLIM	0020	Stack Pointer Limit Register																	xxxx
ACCAL	0022	Accumulator A Low Word Register																	0000
ACCAH	0024	Accumulator A High Word Register																	0000
ACCAU	0026	Accumulator A Upper Word Register																	0000
ACCBH	0028	Accumulator B Low Word Register																	0000
ACCBH	002A	Accumulator B High Word Register																	0000
ACCBU	002C	Accumulator B Upper Word Register																	0000
PCL	002E	Program Counter Low Word Register																	0000
PCH	0030	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Program Counter High Byte Register								0000	
TBLPAG	0032	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Table Page Address Pointer Register								0000	
PSVPAG	0034	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Program Memory Visibility Page Address Pointer Register								0000	
RCOUNT	0036	Repeat Loop Counter Register																	xxxx
DCOUNT	0038	DCOUNT<15:0>																	xxxx
DOSTARTL	003A	DOSTARTL<15:1>																0	xxxx
DOSTARTH	003C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DOSTARTH<5:0>							00xx	
DOENDL	003E	DOENDL<15:1>																0	xxxx
DOENDH	0040	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DOENDH								00xx	
SR	0042	OA	OB	SA	SB	OAB	SAB	DA	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	C	0000	
CORCON	0044	—	—	—	US	EDT	DL<2:0>			SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3	PSV	RND	IF	0020	
MODCON	0046	XMODEN	YMODEN	—	—	BWM<3:0>				YWM<3:0>				XWM<3:0>				0000	
XMODSRT	0048	XS<15:1>																0	xxxx
XMODEND	004A	XE<15:1>																1	xxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-2: CHANGE NOTIFICATION REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJXXXMCX10A DEVICES

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CNEN1	0060	CN15IE	CN14IE	CN13IE	CN12IE	CN11IE	CN10IE	CN9IE	CN8IE	CN7IE	CN6IE	CN5IE	CN4IE	CN3IE	CN2IE	CN1IE	CN0IE	0000
CNEN2	0062	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN23IE	CN22IE	CN21IE	CN20IE	CN19IE	CN18IE	CN17IE	CN16IE	0000
CNPU1	0068	CN15PUE	CN14PUE	CN13PUE	CN12PUE	CN11PUE	CN10PUE	CN9PUE	CN8PUE	CN7PUE	CN6PUE	CN5PUE	CN4PUE	CN3PUE	CN2PUE	CN1PUE	CN0PUE	0000
CNPU2	006A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN23PUE	CN22PUE	CN21PUE	CN20PUE	CN19PUE	CN18PUE	CN17PUE	CN16PUE	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-3: CHANGE NOTIFICATION REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJXXXMCX08A DEVICES

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CNEN1	0060	CN15IE	CN14IE	CN13IE	CN12IE	CN11IE	CN10IE	CN9IE	CN8IE	CN7IE	CN6IE	CN5IE	CN4IE	CN3IE	CN2IE	CN1IE	CN0IE	0000
CNEN2	0062	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN21IE	CN20IE	CN19IE	CN18IE	CN17IE	CN16IE	0000
CNPU1	0068	CN15PUE	CN14PUE	CN13PUE	CN12PUE	CN11PUE	CN10PUE	CN9PUE	CN8PUE	CN7PUE	CN6PUE	CN5PUE	CN4PUE	CN3PUE	CN2PUE	CN1PUE	CN0PUE	0000
CNPU2	006A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN21PUE	CN20PUE	CN19PUE	CN18PUE	CN17PUE	CN16PUE	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-4: CHANGE NOTIFICATION REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A DEVICES

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CNEN1	0060	CN15IE	CN14IE	CN13IE	CN12IE	CN11IE	CN10IE	CN9IE	CN8IE	CN7IE	CN6IE	CN5IE	CN4IE	CN3IE	CN2IE	CN1IE	CN0IE	0000
CNEN2	0062	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN21IE	CN20IE	—	CN18IE	CN17IE	CN16IE	0000
CNPU1	0068	CN15PUE	CN14PUE	CN13PUE	CN12PUE	CN11PUE	CN10PUE	CN9PUE	CN8PUE	CN7PUE	CN6PUE	CN5PUE	CN4PUE	CN3PUE	CN2PUE	CN1PUE	CN0PUE	0000
CNPU2	006A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CN21PUE	CN20PUE	—	CN18PUE	CN17PUE	CN16PUE	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-8: OUTPUT COMPARE REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
OC1RS	0180	Output Compare 1 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC1R	0182	Output Compare 1 Register																xxxx
OC1CON	0184	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC2RS	0186	Output Compare 2 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC2R	0188	Output Compare 2 Register																xxxx
OC2CON	018A	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC3RS	018C	Output Compare 3 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC3R	018E	Output Compare 3 Register																xxxx
OC3CON	0190	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC4RS	0192	Output Compare 4 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC4R	0194	Output Compare 4 Register																xxxx
OC4CON	0196	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC5RS	0198	Output Compare 5 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC5R	019A	Output Compare 5 Register																xxxx
OC5CON	019C	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC6RS	019E	Output Compare 6 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC6R	01A0	Output Compare 6 Register																xxxx
OC6CON	01A2	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC7RS	01A4	Output Compare 7 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC7R	01A6	Output Compare 7 Register																xxxx
OC7CON	01A8	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	
OC8RS	01AA	Output Compare 8 Secondary Register																xxxx
OC8R	01AC	Output Compare 8 Register																xxxx
OC8CON	01AE	—	—	OCSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFLT	OCTSEL	OCM<2:0>		0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-20: ECAN1 REGISTER MAP WHEN WIN (C1CTRL<0>) = 0 OR 1

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
C1CTRL1	0400	—	—	CSIDL	ABAT	—	REQOP<2:0>			OPMODE<2:0>			—	CANCAP	—	—	WIN	0480
C1CTRL2	0402	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DNCNT<4:0>					0000
C1VEC	0404	—	—	—	FILHIT<4:0>					—	ICODE<6:0>							0000
C1FCTRL	0406	DMABS<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	FSA<4:0>					0000
C1FIFO	0408	—	—	FBP<5:0>						—	—	FNRB<5:0>						0000
C1INTF	040A	—	—	TXBO	TXBP	RXBP	TXWAR	RXWAR	EWARN	IVRIF	WAKIF	ERRIF	—	FIFOIF	RBOVIF	RBIF	TBIF	0000
C1INTE	040C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IVRIE	WAKIE	ERRIE	—	FIFOIE	RBOVIE	RBIE	TBIE	0000
C1EC	040E	TERRCNT<7:0>								RERRCNT<7:0>								0000
C1CFG1	0410	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SJW<1:0>		BRP<5:0>						0000
C1CFG2	0412	—	WAKFIL	—	—	—	SEG2PH<2:0>			SEG2PHTS	SAM	SEG1PH<2:0>			PRSEG<2:0>			0000
C1FEN1	0414	FLTEN15	FLTEN14	FLTEN13	FLTEN12	FLTEN11	FLTEN10	FLTEN9	FLTEN8	FLTEN7	FLTEN6	FLTEN5	FLTEN4	FLTEN3	FLTEN2	FLTEN1	FLTEN0	FFFF
C1FMSKSEL1	0418	F7MSK<1:0>		F6MSK<1:0>		F5MSK<1:0>		F4MSK<1:0>		F3MSK<1:0>		F2MSK<1:0>		F1MSK<1:0>		F0MSK<1:0>		0000
C1FMSKSEL2	041A	F15MSK<1:0>		F14MSK<1:0>		F13MSK<1:0>		F12MSK<1:0>		F11MSK<1:0>		F10MSK<1:0>		F9MSK<1:0>		F8MSK<1:0>		0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-21: ECAN1 REGISTER MAP WHEN WIN (C1CTRL<0>) = 0

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
	0400-041E	See definition when WIN = x																
C1RXFUL1	0420	RXFUL15	RXFUL14	RXFUL13	RXFUL12	RXFUL11	RXFUL10	RXFUL9	RXFUL8	RXFUL7	RXFUL6	RXFUL5	RXFUL4	RXFUL3	RXFUL2	RXFUL1	RXFUL0	0000
C1RXFUL2	0422	RXFUL31	RXFUL30	RXFUL29	RXFUL28	RXFUL27	RXFUL26	RXFUL25	RXFUL24	RXFUL23	RXFUL22	RXFUL21	RXFUL20	RXFUL19	RXFUL18	RXFUL17	RXFUL16	0000
C1RXOVF1	0428	RXOVF15	RXOVF14	RXOVF13	RXOVF12	RXOVF11	RXOVF10	RXOVF9	RXOVF8	RXOVF7	RXOVF6	RXOVF5	RXOVF4	RXOVF3	RXOVF2	RXOVF1	RXOVF0	0000
C1RXOVF2	042A	RXOVF31	RXOVF30	RXOVF29	RXOVF28	RXOVF27	RXOVF26	RXOVF25	RXOVF24	RXOVF23	RXOVF22	RXOVF21	RXOVF20	RXOVF19	RXOVF18	RXOVF17	RXOVF16	0000
C1TR01CON	0430	TXEN1	TXABT1	TXLARB1	TXERR1	TXREQ1	RTREN1	TX1PRI<1:0>		TXEN0	TXABAT0	TXLARB0	TXERR0	TXREQ0	RTREN0	TX0PRI<1:0>		0000
C1TR23CON	0432	TXEN3	TXABT3	TXLARB3	TXERR3	TXREQ3	RTREN3	TX3PRI<1:0>		TXEN2	TXABAT2	TXLARB2	TXERR2	TXREQ2	RTREN2	TX2PRI<1:0>		0000
C1TR45CON	0434	TXEN5	TXABT5	TXLARB5	TXERR5	TXREQ5	RTREN5	TX5PRI<1:0>		TXEN4	TXABAT4	TXLARB4	TXERR4	TXREQ4	RTREN4	TX4PRI<1:0>		0000
C1TR67CON	0436	TXEN7	TXABT7	TXLARB7	TXERR7	TXREQ7	RTREN7	TX7PRI<1:0>		TXEN6	TXABAT6	TXLARB6	TXERR6	TXREQ6	RTREN6	TX6PRI<1:0>		xxxx
C1RXD	0440	ECAN1 Received Data Word																xxxx
C1TXD	0442	ECAN1 Transmit Data Word																xxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-25: ECAN2 REGISTER MAP WHEN WIN (C1CTRL<0>) = 1 FOR dsPIC33FJXXXMC708A/710A DEVICES

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets		
	0500-051E	See definition when WIN = x																		
C2BUFPNT1	0520	F3BP<3:0>				F2BP<3:0>				F1BP<3:0>				F0BP<3:0>				0000		
C2BUFPNT2	0522	F7BP<3:0>				F6BP<3:0>				F5BP<3:0>				F4BP<3:0>				0000		
C2BUFPNT3	0524	F11BP<3:0>				F10BP<3:0>				F9BP<3:0>				F8BP<3:0>				0000		
C2BUFPNT4	0526	F15BP<3:0>				F14BP<3:0>				F13BP<3:0>				F12BP<3:0>				0000		
C2RXM0SID	0530	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXM0EID	0532	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXM1SID	0534	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXM1EID	0536	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXM2SID	0538	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXM2EID	053A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF0SID	0540	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF0EID	0542	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF1SID	0544	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF1EID	0546	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF2SID	0548	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF2EID	054A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF3SID	054C	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF3EID	054E	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF4SID	0550	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF4EID	0552	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF5SID	0554	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF5EID	0556	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF6SID	0558	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF6EID	055A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF7SID	055C	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF7EID	055E	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF8SID	0560	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF8EID	0562	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF9SID	0564	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF9EID	0566	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		
C2RXF10SID	0568	SID<10:3>								SID<2:0>		—	EXIDE	—	EID<17:16>			xxxx		
C2RXF10EID	056A	EID<15:8>								EID<7:0>								xxxx		

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

dsPIC33FJXXMCMC06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 5-1: NVMCON: FLASH MEMORY CONTROL REGISTER

R/SO-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
WR	WREN	WRERR	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15			bit 8				

U-0	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	U-0	U-0	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾
—	ERASE	—	—	NVMOP<3:0> ⁽²⁾			
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:	SO = Settable Only bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **WR:** Write Control bit
1 = Initiates a Flash memory program or erase operation. The operation is self-timed and the bit is cleared by hardware once operation is complete
0 = Program or erase operation is complete and inactive
- bit 14 **WREN:** Write Enable bit
1 = Enable Flash program/erase operations
0 = Inhibit Flash program/erase operations
- bit 13 **WRERR:** Write Sequence Error Flag bit
1 = An improper program or erase sequence attempt, or termination has occurred (bit is set automatically on any set attempt of the WR bit)
0 = The program or erase operation completed normally
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **ERASE:** Erase/Program Enable bit
1 = Perform the erase operation specified by NVMOP<3:0> on the next WR command
0 = Perform the program operation specified by NVMOP<3:0> on the next WR command
- bit 5-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0 **NVMOP<3:0>:** NVM Operation Select bits⁽²⁾
If ERASE = 1:
1111 = Memory bulk erase operation
1110 = Reserved
1101 = Erase General Segment
1100 = Erase Secure Segment
1011 = Reserved
0011 = No operation
0010 = Memory page erase operation
0001 = No operation
0000 = Erase a single Configuration register byte

If ERASE = 0:
1111 = No operation
1110 = Reserved
1101 = No operation
1100 = No operation
1011 = Reserved
0011 = Memory word program operation
0010 = No operation
0001 = Memory row program operation
0000 = Program a single Configuration register byte

Note 1: These bits can only be reset on POR.

2: All other combinations of NVMOP<3:0> are unimplemented.

dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

9.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7. “Oscillator”** (DS70186) in the “*dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

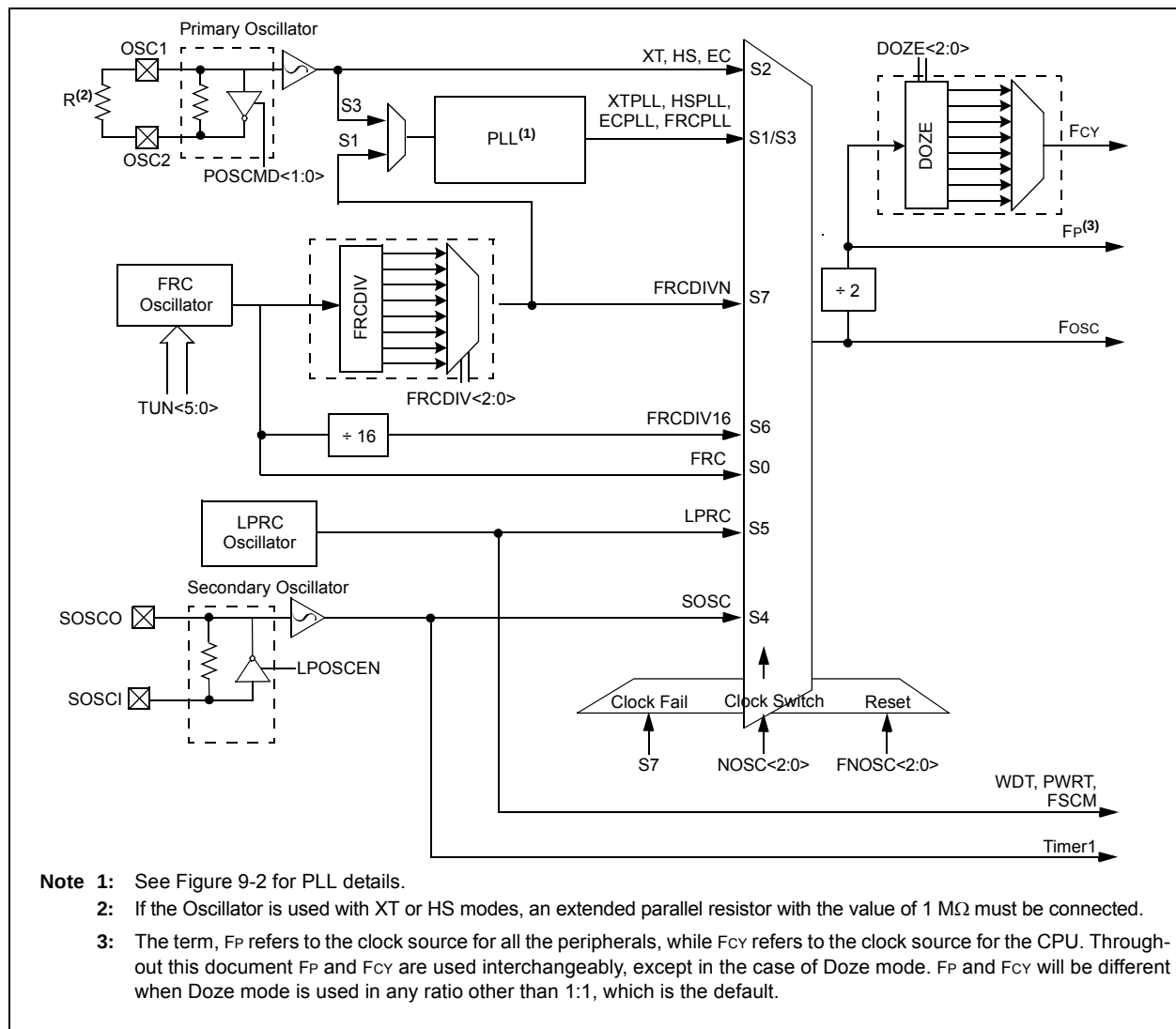
2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A oscillator system provides the following:

- Various external and internal oscillator options as clock sources
- An on-chip PLL to scale the internal operating frequency to the required system clock frequency
- The internal FRC oscillator can also be used with the PLL, thereby allowing full-speed operation without any external clock generation hardware
- Clock switching between various clock sources
- Programmable clock postscaler for system power savings
- A Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and takes fail-safe measures
- A Clock Control register (OSCCON)
- Nonvolatile Configuration bits for main oscillator selection

A simplified diagram of the oscillator system is shown in Figure 9-1.

FIGURE 9-1: dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A OSCILLATOR SYSTEM DIAGRAM



13.0 TIMER2/3, TIMER4/5, TIMER6/7 AND TIMER8/9

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJXXMXX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 11. "Timers"** (DS70205) in the "*dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual*", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Timer2/3, Timer4/5, Timer6/7 and Timer8/9 modules are 32-bit timers that can also be configured as four independent 16-bit timers with selectable operating modes.

As a 32-bit timer, Timer2/3, Timer4/5, Timer6/7 and Timer8/9 operate in three modes:

- Two Independent 16-Bit Timers (e.g., Timer2 and Timer3) with all 16-Bit operating modes (except Asynchronous Counter mode)
- Single 32-Bit Timer
- Single 32-Bit Synchronous Counter

They also support the following features:

- Timer Gate Operation
- Selectable Prescaler Settings
- Timer Operation during Idle and Sleep modes
- Interrupt on a 32-Bit Period Register Match
- Time Base for Input Capture and Output Compare Modules (Timer2 and Timer3 only)
- ADC1 Event Trigger (Timer2/3 only)
- ADC2 Event Trigger (Timer4/5 only)

Individually, all eight of the 16-bit timers can function as synchronous timers or counters. They also offer the features listed above, except for the event trigger; this is implemented only with Timer2/3. The operating modes and enabled features are determined by setting the appropriate bit(s) in the T2CON, T3CON, T4CON, T5CON, T6CON, T7CON, T8CON and T9CON registers. T2CON, T4CON, T6CON and T8CON are shown in generic form in Register 13-1. T3CON, T5CON, T7CON and T9CON are shown in Register 13-2.

For 32-bit timer/counter operation, Timer2, Timer4, Timer6 or Timer8 is the least significant word; Timer3, Timer5, Timer7 or Timer9 is the most significant word of the 32-bit timers.

Note: For 32-bit operation, T3CON, T5CON, T7CON and T9CON control bits are ignored. Only T2CON, T4CON, T6CON and T8CON control bits are used for setup and control. Timer2, Timer4, Timer6 and Timer8 clock and gate inputs are utilized for the 32-bit timer modules, but an interrupt is generated with the Timer3, Timer5, Timer7 and Timer9 interrupt flags.

To configure Timer2/3, Timer4/5, Timer6/7 or Timer8/9 for 32-bit operation, do the following:

1. Set the corresponding T32 control bit.
2. Select the prescaler ratio for Timer2, Timer4, Timer6 or Timer8 using the TCKPS<1:0> bits.
3. Set the Clock and Gating modes using the corresponding TCS and TGATE bits.
4. Load the timer period value. PR3, PR5, PR7 or PR9 contains the most significant word of the value, while PR2, PR4, PR6 or PR8 contains the least significant word.
5. If interrupts are required, set the interrupt enable bit, T3IE, T5IE, T7IE or T9IE. Use the priority bits, T3IP<2:0>, T5IP<2:0>, T7IP<2:0> or T9IP<2:0>, to set the interrupt priority. While Timer2, Timer4, Timer6 or Timer8 control the timer, the interrupt appears as a Timer3, Timer5, Timer7 or Timer9 interrupt.
6. Set the corresponding TON bit.

The timer value at any point is stored in the register pair, TMR3:TMR2, TMR5:TMR4, TMR7:TMR6 or TMR9:TMR8. TMR3, TMR5, TMR7 or TMR9 always contain the most significant word of the count, while TMR2, TMR4, TMR6 or TMR8 contain the least significant word.

To configure any of the timers for individual 16-bit operation, do the following:

1. Clear the T32 bit corresponding to that timer.
2. Select the timer prescaler ratio using the TCKPS<1:0> bits.
3. Set the Clock and Gating modes using the TCS and TGATE bits.
4. Load the timer period value into the PRx register.
5. If interrupts are required, set the interrupt enable bit, TxIE. Use the priority bits, TxIP<2:0>, to set the interrupt priority.
6. Set the TON bit.

A block diagram for a 32-bit timer pair (Timer4/5) example is shown in Figure 13-1, and a timer (Timer4) operating in 16-bit mode example is shown in Figure 13-2.

Note: Only Timer2 and Timer3 can trigger a DMA data transfer.

dsPIC33FJXXMCMX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 20-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0 HC	R/W-0	R-0	R-1
UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN ⁽¹⁾	UTXBF	TRMT
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R/C-0	R-0
URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	C = Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15,13 **UTXISEL<1:0>**: Transmission Interrupt Mode Selection bits
- 11 = Reserved; do not use
 - 10 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (TSR), and as a result, the transmit buffer becomes empty
 - 01 = Interrupt when the last character is shifted out of the Transmit Shift Register; all transmit operations are completed
 - 00 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (this implies there is at least one character open in the transmit buffer)
- bit 14 **UTXINV**: Transmit Polarity Inversion bit
- If IREN = 0:
- 1 = UxTX Idle state is '0'
 - 0 = UxTX Idle state is '1'
- If IREN = 1:
- 1 = IrDA[®] encoded UxTX Idle state is '1'
 - 0 = IrDA encoded UxTX Idle state is '0'
- bit 12 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 11 **UTXBRK**: Transmit Break bit
- 1 = Send Sync Break on next transmission – Start bit, followed by twelve '0' bits, followed by Stop bit; cleared by hardware upon completion
 - 0 = Sync Break transmission disabled or completed
- bit 10 **UTXEN**: Transmit Enable bit⁽¹⁾
- 1 = Transmit enabled, UxTX pin controlled by UARTx
 - 0 = Transmit disabled, any pending transmission is aborted and the buffer is reset. UxTX pin controlled by port.
- bit 9 **UTXBF**: Transmit Buffer Full Status bit (read-only)
- 1 = Transmit buffer is full
 - 0 = Transmit buffer is not full, at least one more character can be written
- bit 8 **TRMT**: Transmit Shift Register Empty bit (read-only)
- 1 = Transmit Shift Register is empty and the transmit buffer is empty (the last transmission has completed)
 - 0 = Transmit Shift Register is not empty, a transmission is in progress or queued

Note 1: Refer to **Section 17. “UART”** (DS70188) in the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual” for information on enabling the UART module for transmit operation.

dsPIC33FJXXMCMC06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 21-2: CICTRL2: ECAN™ CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	DNCNT<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 4-0

DNCNT<4:0>: DeviceNet™ Filter Bit Number bits

10010 - 11111 = Invalid selection

10001 = Compare up to data byte 3, bit 6 with EID<17>

•

•

•

00001 = Compare up to data byte 1, bit 7 with EID<0>

00000 = Do not compare data bytes

dsPIC33FJXXMCMC06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 21-6: CiINTF: ECAN™ INTERRUPT FLAG REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	TXBO	TXBP	RXBP	TXWAR	RXWAR	EWARN
bit 15							
							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	U-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
IVRIF	WAKIF	ERRIF	—	FIFOIF	RBOVIF	RBIF	TBIF
bit 7							
							bit 0

Legend:		C = Clearable bit	
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 13	TXBO: Transmitter in Error State Bus Off bit 1 = Transmitter is in Bus Off state 0 = Transmitter is not in Bus Off state
bit 12	TXBP: Transmitter in Error State Bus Passive bit 1 = Transmitter is in Bus Passive state 0 = Transmitter is not in Bus Passive state
bit 11	RXBP: Receiver in Error State Bus Passive bit 1 = Receiver is in Bus Passive state 0 = Receiver is not in Bus Passive state
bit 10	TXWAR: Transmitter in Error State Warning bit 1 = Transmitter is in Error Warning state 0 = Transmitter is not in Error Warning state
bit 9	RXWAR: Receiver in Error State Warning bit 1 = Receiver is in Error Warning state 0 = Receiver is not in Error Warning state
bit 8	EWARN: Transmitter or Receiver in Error State Warning bit 1 = Transmitter or receiver is in Error Warning state 0 = Transmitter or receiver is not in Error Warning state
bit 7	IVRIF: Invalid Message Received Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 6	WAKIF: Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 5	ERRIF: Error Interrupt Flag bit (multiple sources in CiINTF<13:8> register) 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 4	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3	FIFOIF: FIFO Almost Full Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 2	RBOVIF: RX Buffer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 1	RBIF: RX Buffer Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 0	TBIF: TX Buffer Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

REGISTER 21-31: CiTRBnSTAT: ECAN™ RECEIVE BUFFER n STATUS (n = 0, 1, ..., 31)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	FILHIT<4:0>				
bit 15			bit 8				

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
bit 7								bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **FILHIT<4:0>:** Filter Hit Code bits (only written by module for receive buffers, unused for transmit buffers)
Encodes number of filter that resulted in writing this buffer.

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

dsPIC33FJXXMCMX06A/X08A/X10A

TABLE 26-33: SPIx MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
SP10	TscP	Maximum SCK Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	See Note 3
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	—
SP36	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

TABLE 27-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for High Temperature				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
HDO10	VOL	Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Sink Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} \leq 1.8 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Sink Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} \leq 3.6 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Sink Driver Pins - OSC2, CLK0, RC15	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} \leq 6 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
HDO20	VOH	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Source Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -1.8 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -3 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - OSC2, CLK0, RC15	2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -6 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
HDO20A	VOH1	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 2x Source Driver Pins - All pins not defined by 4x or 8x driver pins	1.5	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -1.9 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -1.85 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -1.4 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage 4x Source Driver Pins - RA2, RA3, RA9, RA10, RA14, RA15, RB0, RB1, RB11, RF4, RF5, RG2, RG3	1.5	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -3.9 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -3.7 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -2 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
		Output High Voltage 8x Source Driver Pins - OSC2, CLK0, RC15	1.5	—	—	V	$I_{OH} \geq -7.5 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			2.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -6.8 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1
			3.0	—	—		$I_{OH} \geq -3 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$ See Note 1

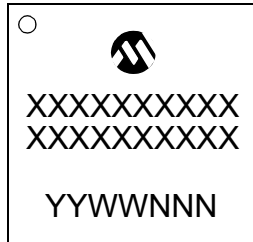
Note 1: Parameters are characterized, but not tested.

dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

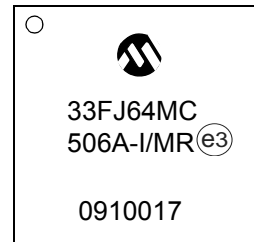
29.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

29.1 Package Marking Information

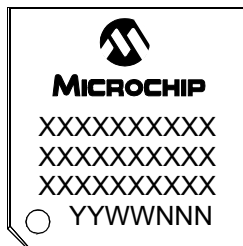
64-Lead QFN (9x9x0.9mm)



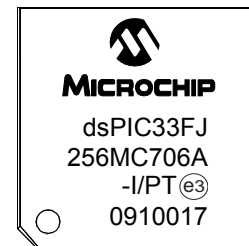
Example



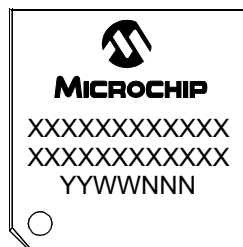
64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



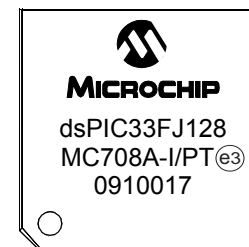
Example



80-Lead TQFP (12x12x1 mm)



Example



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	e3	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

INDEX

A

A/D Converter	245
DMA	245
Initialization	245
Key Features.....	245
AC Characteristics	290, 333
ADC Module.....	336
ADC Module (10-bit Mode)	336
ADC Module (12-bit Mode)	336
Internal RC Accuracy	292
Load Conditions	290, 333
ADC Module	
ADC1 Register Map	52
ADC2 Register Map	52
Alternate Vector Interrupt Table (AIVT)	85
Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU).....	29
Assembler	
MPASM Assembler.....	276

B

Barrel Shifter	33
Bit-Reversed Addressing	66
Example	67
Implementation	66
Sequence Table (16-Entry).....	67
Block Diagrams	
16-Bit Timer1 Module.....	165
A/D Module	246
Connections for On-Chip Voltage Regulator.....	264
Device Clock (Oscillator).....	143
Device Clock (PLL)	145
DSP Engine	30
dsPIC33F.....	14
dsPIC33F CPU Core.....	24
ECAN Technology	218
I ² C Module	204
Input Capture	173
Output Compare	175
Programmer's Model.....	25
PWM Module	180
Quadrature Encoder Interface	193
Reset System.....	79
Shared Port Structure	161
SPI Module	197
Timer2 (16-Bit).....	169
Timer2/3 (32-Bit).....	168
Top Level System Architecture Using Dedicated Transaction Bus	134
UART Module	211
Watchdog Timer (WDT).....	265
Brown-out Reset (BOR).....	264

C

C Compilers	
MPLAB C18	276
Clock Switching.....	151
Enabling	151
Sequence.....	151
Code Examples	
Erasing a Program Memory Page.....	76
Initiating a Programming Sequence.....	77
Loading Write Buffers	77
Port Write/Read	162
PWSAV Instruction Syntax.....	153

Code Protection	259, 266
CodeGuard Security	259, 266
Configuration Bits	259
Configuration Register Map	259
Configuring Analog Port Pins.....	162
CPU	
Control Register.....	26
CPU Clocking System	144
PLL	144
Selection.....	144
Sources	144
Customer Change Notification Service.....	369
Customer Notification Service	369
Customer Support.....	369

D

Data Accumulators and Adder/Subtractor	31
Data Space Write Saturation	33
Overflow and Saturation	31
Round Logic	32
Write Back	32
Data Address Space.....	37
Alignment.....	37
Memory Map for dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A Devices with 16-Kbyte RAM	39
Memory Map for dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A Devices with 30-Kbyte RAM	40
Memory Map for dsPIC33FJXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A Devices with 8-Kbyte RAM	38
Near Data Space	37
Software Stack	63
Width	37
DC and AC Characteristics	339
Graphs and Tables	339
DC Characteristics.....	280
Doze Current (I _{DOZE}).....	285, 331
High Temperature.....	330
I/O Pin Input Specifications	286
I/O Pin Output Specifications.....	288, 332
Idle Current (I _{IDLE}).....	283
Operating Current (I _{DD})	282
Operating MIPS vs. Voltage	330
Power-Down Current (I _{PD}).....	284
Power-down Current (I _{PD})	330
Program Memory	289
Temperature and Voltage	330
Temperature and Voltage Specifications.....	281
Thermal Operating Conditions.....	330
Development Support.....	275
DMA Module	
DMA Register Map	53
DMAC Registers.....	135
DMAxCNT	135
DMAxCON.....	135
DMAxPAD	135
DMAxREQ	135
DMAxSTA.....	135
DMAxSTB.....	135
DSP Engine	29
Multiplier	31