

## Microchip Technology - DSPIC33FJ128MC510AT-I/PT Datasheet



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Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPs
Connectivity	CANbus, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, QEI, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 24x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj128mc510at-i-pt

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### TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
Vss	Р	_	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.
VREF+	I	Analog	Analog voltage reference (high) input.
VREF- I Analog			Analog voltage reference (low) input.

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output

Analog = Analog input

P = Power

ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels

O = Output

I = Input

TABLE 4-1:	CPU CORE REGISTERS MAP

SFR Name	SFR Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
WREG0	0000								Working R	egister 0								xxxx
WREG1	0002								Working R	egister 1								xxxx
WREG2	0004								Working R	egister 2								xxxx
WREG3	0006								Working R	egister 3								xxxx
WREG4	8000								Working R	egister 4								xxxx
WREG5	000A								Working R	egister 5								xxxx
WREG6	000C								Working R	egister 6								xxxx
WREG7	000E								Working R	egister 7								xxxx
WREG8	0010								Working R	egister 8								xxxx
WREG9	0012								Working R	egister 9								xxxx
WREG10	0014								Working Re	egister 10								xxxx
WREG11	0016								Working Re	egister 11								xxxx
WREG12	0018								Working Re	egister 12								xxxx
WREG13	001A								Working Re	egister 13								xxxx
WREG14	001C								Working Re	egister 14								xxxx
WREG15	001E								Working Re	egister 15								0800
SPLIM	0020							Sta	ck Pointer L	imit Registe	er							xxxx
ACCAL	0022							Accum	ulator A Lov	w Word Reg	jister							0000
ACCAH	0024							Accum	ulator A Hig	h Word Reg	gister							0000
ACCAU	0026							Accum	ılator A Upp	er Word Re	gister							0000
ACCBL	0028							Accum	ulator B Lov	w Word Reg	jister							0000
ACCBH	002A							Accum	ulator B Hig	h Word Reg	gister							0000
ACCBU	002C							Accum	ılator B Upp	er Word Re	gister							0000
PCL	002E							Progran	n Counter Lo	ow Word Re	egister							0000
PCH	0030	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			Progra	am Counter I	High Byte R	legister			0000
TBLPAG	0032	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			Table	Page Addres	ss Pointer R	Register			0000
PSVPAG	0034	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		Progr	am Memor	y Visibility Pa	age Address	s Pointer R	egister		0000
RCOUNT	0036							Repe	eat Loop Co	unter Regis	ter							xxxx
DCOUNT	0038								DCOUNT	<15:0>								xxxx
DOSTARTL	003A							DOS	TARTL<15	:1>							0	xxxx
DOSTARTH	003C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			DOSTAR	TH<5:0>		•	00xx
DOENDL	003E			•				DO	ENDL<15:1	>							0	xxxx
DOENDH	0040	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			DOE	NDH		•	00xx
SR	0042	OA	OB	SA	SB	OAB	SAB	DA	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	С	0000
CORCON	0044	_	_	_	US	EDT		DL<2:0>		SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3	PSV	RND	IF	0020
MODCON	0046	XMODEN	YMODEN	_	_		BWM	1<3:0>			YWN	l<3:0>			XWM	<3:0>	•	0000
XMODSRT	0048								XS<15:1>					•			0	xxxx
XMODEND	004A								XE<15:1>								1	xxxx

x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal. Legend:

TABLE 4-9: 8-OUTPUT PWM REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Reset State
P1TCON	01C0	PTEN	_	PTSIDL	_	_	_	_	_		PTOPS	S<3:0>		PTCKP	'S<1:0>	PTMOI	D<1:0>	0000 0000 0000 0000
P1TMR	01C2	PTDIR						F	PWM Time	Count Val	ue Registe	r						0000 0000 0000 0000
P1TPER	01C4	_						F	PWM Time	Base Perio	od Registe	r						0000 0000 0000 0000
P1SECMP	01C6	SEVTDIR						PW	M Special	Event Com	pare Regi	ster						0000 0000 0000 0000
PWM1CON1	01C8	-	_	-	ı	- PMOD4 PMOD3 PMOD2 PMOD1 PEN4H PEN3H PEN2H PEN1H PEN4L PEN3L PEN2L PEN1L									0000 0000 1111 1111			
PWM1CON2	01CA	_	_	_	_		SEVOP	S<3:0>		-	1	_	_	_	IUE	OSYNC	UDIS	0000 0000 0000 0000
P1DTCON1	01CC	DTBPS	S<1:0>			DTB<	<5:0>			DTAPS	S<1:0>			DTA	<5:0>			0000 0000 0000 0000
P1DTCON2	01CE	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	DTS4A	DTS4I	DTS3A	DTS3I	DTS2A	DTS2I	DTS1A	DTS1I	0000 0000 0000 0000
P1FLTACON	01D0	FAOV4H	FAOV4L	FAOV3H	FAOV3L	FAOV2H	FAOV2L	FAOV1H	FAOV1L	FLTAM	1	_	_	FAEN4	FAEN3	FAEN2	FAEN1	0000 0000 0000 0000
P1FLTBCON	01D2	FBOV4H	FBOV4L	FBOV3H	FBOV3L	FBOV2H	FBOV2L	FBOV1H	FBOV1L	FLTBM	1	_	_	FBEN4	FBEN3	FBEN2	FBEN1	0000 0000 0000 0000
P10VDCON	01D4	POVD4H	POVD4L	POVD3H	POVD3L	POVD2H	POVD2L	POVD1H	POVD1L	POUT4H	POUT4L	POUT3H	POUT3L	POUT2H	POUT2L	POUT1H	POUT1L	1111 1111 0000 0000
P1DC1	01D6							PWN	□ Duty Cyc	le #1 Regi	ster							0000 0000 0000 0000
P1DC2	01D8							PWN	□ Duty Cyc	le #2 Regi	ster							0000 0000 0000 0000
P1DC3	01DA							PWN	□ Duty Cyc	le #3 Regi	ster							0000 0000 0000 0000
P1DC4	01DC		PWM Duty Cycle #4 Register													0000 0000 0000 0000		

**Legend:** u = uninitialized bit, — = unimplemented, read as '0'

## TABLE 4-28: PORTC REGISTER MAP<sup>(1)</sup>

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISC	02CC	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	1	F01E
PORTC	02CE	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	_	xxxx
LATC	02D0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	_	ı	ı	ı	_	ı	_	LATC4	LATC3	LATC2	LATC1	ı	xxxx

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for high pin count devices.

Note 1: The actual set of I/O port pins varies from one device to another. Please refer to the corresponding pinout diagrams.

### TABLE 4-29: PORTD REGISTER MAP<sup>(1)</sup>

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISD	02D2	TRISD15	TRISD14	TRISD13	TRISD12	TRISD11	TRISD10	TRISD9	TRISD8	TRISD7	TRISD6	TRISD5	TRISD4	TRISD3	TRISD2	TRISD1	TRISD0	FFFF
PORTD	02D4	RD15	RD14	RD13	RD12	RD11	RD10	RD9	RD8	RD7	RD6	RD5	RD4	RD3	RD2	RD1	RD0	xxxx
LATD	02D6	LATD15	LATD14	LATD13	LATD12	LATD11	LATD10	LATD9	LATD8	LATD7	LATD6	LATD5	LATD4	LATD3	LATD2	LATD1	LATD0	xxxx
ODCD	06D2	ODCD15	ODCD14	ODCD13	ODCD12	ODCD11	ODCD10	ODCD9	ODCD8	ODCD7	ODCD6	ODCD5	ODCD4	ODCD3	ODCD2	ODCD1	ODCD0	0000

.egend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for high pin count devices.

Note 1: The actual set of I/O port pins varies from one device to another. Please refer to the corresponding pinout diagrams.

#### TABLE 4-30: PORTE REGISTER MAP<sup>(1)</sup>

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	AII Resets
TRISE	02D8	-	_	_	_	_	_	TRISE9	TRISE8	TRISE7	TRISE6	TRISE5	TRISE4	TRISE3	TRISE2	TRISE1	TRISE0	01FF
PORTE	02DA	-	_	_	_	_	_	RE9	RE8	RE7	RE6	RE5	RE4	RE3	RE2	RE1	RE0	xxxx
LATE	02DC	_		-	_	_	_	LATE9	LATE8	LATE7	LATE6	LATE5	LATE4	LATE3	LATE2	LATE1	LATE0	xxxx

dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for high pin count devices.

Note 1: The actual set of I/O port pins varies from one device to another. Please refer to the corresponding pinout diagrams.

## TABLE 4-31: PORTF REGISTER MAP<sup>(1)</sup>

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISF	02DE	_	_	TRISF13	TRISF12	_	_	_	TRISF8	TRISF7	TRISF6	TRISF5	TRISF4	TRISF3	TRISF2	TRISF1	TRISF0	31FF
PORTF	02E0	_	_	RF13	RF12	_	_		RF8	RF7	RF6	RF5	RF4	RF3	RF2	RF1	RF0	xxxx
LATF	02E2	_	_	LATF13	LATF12	_	-	_	LATF8	LATF7	LATF6	LATF5	LATF4	LATF3	LATF2	LATF1	LATF0	xxxx
ODCF	06DE	_	_	ODCF13	ODCF12	_	1	_	ODCF8	ODCF7	ODCF6	ODCF5	ODCF4	ODCF3	ODCF2	ODCF1	ODCF0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal for high pin count devices.

Note 1: The actual set of I/O port pins varies from one device to another. Please refer to the corresponding pinout diagrams.

TABLE 6-3: RESET DELAY TIMES FOR VARIOUS DEVICE RESETS

Reset Type	Clock Source	SYSRST Delay	System Clock Delay	FSCM Delay	See Notes
POR	EC, FRC, LPRC	TPOR + TSTARTUP + TRST	_	_	1, 2, 3
	ECPLL, FRCPLL	TPOR + TSTARTUP + TRST	TLOCK	TFSCM	1, 2, 3, 5, 6
	XT, HS, SOSC	TPOR + TSTARTUP + TRST	Tost	TFSCM	1, 2, 3, 4, 6
	XTPLL, HSPLL	TPOR + TSTARTUP + TRST	Tost + Tlock	TFSCM	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
BOR	EC, FRC, LPRC	TSTARTUP + TRST	_	_	3
	ECPLL, FRCPLL	TSTARTUP + TRST	TLOCK	TFSCM	3, 5, 6
	XT, HS, SOSC	TSTARTUP + TRST	Tost	TFSCM	3, 4, 6
	XTPLL, HSPLL	TSTARTUP + TRST	Tost + Tlock	TFSCM	3, 4, 5, 6
MCLR	Any Clock	Trst	_	_	3
WDT	Any Clock	Trst	_	_	3
Software	Any Clock	Trst	_	_	3
Illegal Opcode	Any Clock	Trst	_	_	3
Uninitialized W	Any Clock	Trst	_	_	3
Trap Conflict	Any Clock	Trst	_	_	3

- **Note 1:** TPOR = Power-on Reset delay (10  $\mu$ s nominal).
  - 2: TSTARTUP = Conditional POR delay of 20 μs nominal (if on-chip regulator is enabled) or 64 ms nominal Power-up Timer delay (if regulator is disabled). TSTARTUP is also applied to all returns from powered-down states, including waking from Sleep mode if the regulator is enabled.
  - 3: TRST = Internal state Reset time (20  $\mu$ s nominal).
  - **4:** Tost = Oscillator Start-up Timer. A 10-bit counter counts 1024 oscillator periods before releasing the oscillator clock to the system.
  - 5: TLOCK = PLL lock time (20  $\mu$ s nominal).
  - **6:** TFSCM = Fail-Safe Clock Monitor delay (100 μs nominal).

#### 7.0 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPlC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to Section 6. "Interrupts" (DS70184) in the "dsPlC33F/PlC24H Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 "Memory Organization" in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The interrupt controller for the dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices reduces the numerous peripheral interrupt request signals to a single interrupt request signal to the dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A CPU. It has the following features:

- Up to eight processor exceptions and software traps
- Seven user-selectable priority levels
- Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) with up to 118 vectors
- A unique vector for each interrupt or exception source
- Fixed priority within a specified user priority level
- Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) for debug support
- · Fixed interrupt entry and return latencies

#### 7.1 Interrupt Vector Table

The Interrupt Vector Table (IVT) is shown in Figure 7-1. The IVT resides in program memory, starting at location 000004h. The IVT contains 126 vectors consisting of eight nonmaskable trap vectors plus up to 118 sources of interrupt. In general, each interrupt source has its own vector. Each interrupt vector contains a 24-bit wide address. The value programmed into each interrupt vector location is the starting address of the associated Interrupt Service Routine (ISR).

Interrupt vectors are prioritized in terms of their natural priority; this priority is linked to their position in the vector table. All other things being equal, lower addresses have a higher natural priority. For example, the interrupt associated with vector 0 will take priority over interrupts at any other vector address.

The dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices implement up to 67 unique interrupts and five nonmaskable traps. These are summarized in Table 7-1 and Table 7-2.

## 7.1.1 ALTERNATE INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE

The Alternate Interrupt Vector Table (AIVT) is located after the IVT, as shown in Figure 7-1. Access to the AIVT is provided by the ALTIVT control bit (INTCON2<15>). If the ALTIVT bit is set, all interrupt and exception processes use the alternate vectors instead of the default vectors. The alternate vectors are organized in the same manner as the default vectors.

The AIVT supports debugging by providing a means to switch between an application and a support environment without requiring the interrupt vectors to be reprogrammed. This feature also enables switching between applications for evaluation of different software algorithms at run time. If the AIVT is not needed, the AIVT should be programmed with the same addresses used in the IVT.

#### 7.2 Reset Sequence

A device Reset is not a true exception because the interrupt controller is not involved in the Reset process. The dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A device clears its registers in response to a Reset, which forces the PC to zero. The digital signal controller then begins program execution at location 0x000000. The user programs a GOTO instruction at the Reset address, which redirects program execution to the appropriate start-up routine.

Note:

Any unimplemented or unused vector locations in the IVT and AIVT should be programmed with the address of a default interrupt handler routine that contains a RESET instruction.

#### REGISTER 7-10: IEC0: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 0 (CONTINUED)

bit 2 OC1IE: Output Compare Channel 1 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 1 IC1IE: Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

bit 0 **INTOIE:** External Interrupt 0 Enable bit

1 = Interrupt request enabled0 = Interrupt request not enabled

#### REGISTER 7-18: IPC3: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_		DMA1IP<2:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		AD1IP<2:0>		_		U1TXIP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 DMA1IP<2:0>: DMA Channel 1 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 6-4 AD1IP<2:0>: ADC1 Conversion Complete Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0 U1TXIP<2:0>: UART1 Transmitter Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

-

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

#### REGISTER 7-19: IPC4: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_		CNIP<2:0>		_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
_		MI2C1IP<2:0>		_		SI2C1IP<2:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 CNIP<2:0>: Change Notification Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 MI2C1IP<2:0>: I2C1 Master Events Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

.

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-0 SI2C1IP<2:0>: I2C1 Slave Events Interrupt Priority bits

111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)

•

•

001 = Interrupt is priority 1

000 = Interrupt source is disabled

## REGISTER 9-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(1,3)</sup> (CONTINUED)

bit 2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 1 LPOSCEN: Secondary (LP) Oscillator Enable bit

1 = Enable secondary oscillator0 = Disable secondary oscillator

bit 0 **OSWEN:** Oscillator Switch Enable bit

1 = Request oscillator switch to selection specified by NOSC<2:0> bits

0 = Oscillator switch is complete

**Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 7. "Oscillator"** (DS70186) in the "dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual" for details.

- 2: Direct clock switches between any primary oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL modes are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transition clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3: This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

#### 15.0 OUTPUT COMPARE

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the "dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual", Section 13. "Output Compare" (DS70209), which is available on the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

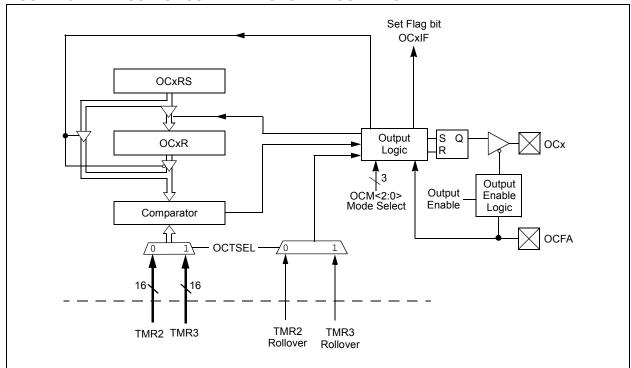
2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 "Memory Organization" in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The output compare module can select either Timer2 or Timer3 for its time base. The module compares the value of the timer with the value of one or two Compare registers depending on the operating mode selected. The state of the output pin changes when the timer value matches the Compare register value. The output compare module generates either a single output pulse, or a sequence of output pulses, by changing the state of the output pin on the compare match events. The output compare module can also generate interrupts on compare match events.

The output compare module has multiple operating modes:

- · Active-Low One-Shot mode
- · Active-High One-Shot mode
- Toggle mode
- · Delayed One-Shot mode
- · Continuous Pulse mode
- · PWM mode without Fault Protection
- · PWM mode with Fault Protection

#### FIGURE 15-1: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### REGISTER 16-11: PXOVDCON: PWMx OVERRIDE CONTROL REGISTER

| R/W-1  |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| POVD4H | POVD4L | POVD3H | POVD3L | POVD2H | POVD2L | POVD1H | POVD1L |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8  |

| R/W-0  |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| POUT4H | POUT4L | POUT3H | POUT3L | POUT2H | POUT2L | POUT1H | POUT1L |
| bit 7  |        |        |        |        |        |        | bit 0  |

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 POVDxH<4:1>:POVDxL<4:1>: PWM Output Override bits

1 = Output on PWMx I/O pin is controlled by the PWM generator

0 = Output on PWMx I/O pin is controlled by the value in the corresponding POUTxH:POUTxL bit

bit 7-0 POUTxH<4:1>:POUTxL<4:1>: PWM Manual Output bits

1 = PWMx I/O pin is driven active when the corresponding POVDxH:POVDxL bit is cleared

0 = PWMx I/O pin is driven inactive when the corresponding POVDxH:POVDxL bit is cleared

# 19.0 INTER-INTEGRATED CIRCUIT (I<sup>2</sup>C™)

# Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to Section 19. "Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C™)" (DS70195) in the "dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 "Memory Organization" in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) module, with its 16-bit interface, provides complete hardware support for both Slave and Multi-Master modes of the I<sup>2</sup>C serial communication standard.

The dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A devices have up to two  $I^2C$  interface modules, denoted as I2C1 and I2C2. Each  $I^2C$  module has a 2-pin interface: the SCLx pin is clock and the SDAx pin is data.

Each  $I^2C$  module 'x' (x = 1 or 2) offers the following key features:

- I<sup>2</sup>C interface supports both master and slave operation
- I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing
- I<sup>2</sup>C Master mode supports 7 and 10-bit addressing
- I<sup>2</sup>C port allows bidirectional transfers between master and slaves
- Serial clock synchronization for the I<sup>2</sup>C port can be used as a handshake mechanism to suspend and resume serial transfer (SCLREL control)
- I<sup>2</sup>C supports multi-master operation; it detects bus collision and will arbitrate accordingly

#### 19.1 Operating Modes

The hardware fully implements all the master and slave functions of the I<sup>2</sup>C Standard and Fast mode specifications, as well as 7 and 10-bit addressing.

The I<sup>2</sup>C module can operate either as a slave or a master on an I<sup>2</sup>C bus.

The following types of I<sup>2</sup>C operation are supported:

- I<sup>2</sup>C slave operation with 7-bit addressing
- I<sup>2</sup>C slave operation with 10-bit addressing
- I<sup>2</sup>C master operation with 7-bit or 10-bit addressing

For details about the communication sequence in each of these modes, please refer to the "dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual".

#### REGISTER 20-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0 HC	R/W-0	R-0	R-1
UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	_	UTXBRK	UTXEN <sup>(1)</sup>	UTXBF	TRMT
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R/C-0	R-0
URXISE	L<1:0>	ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA
bit 7		•					bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable b	oit C	= Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bi	it, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15,13 UTXISEL<1:0>: Transmission Interrupt Mode Selection bits
  - 11 = Reserved; do not use
  - 10 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (TSR), and as a result, the transmit buffer becomes empty
  - 01 = Interrupt when the last character is shifted out of the Transmit Shift Register; all transmit operations are completed
  - 00 = Interrupt when a character is transferred to the Transmit Shift Register (this implies there is at least one character open in the transmit buffer)
- bit 14 UTXINV: Transmit Polarity Inversion bit

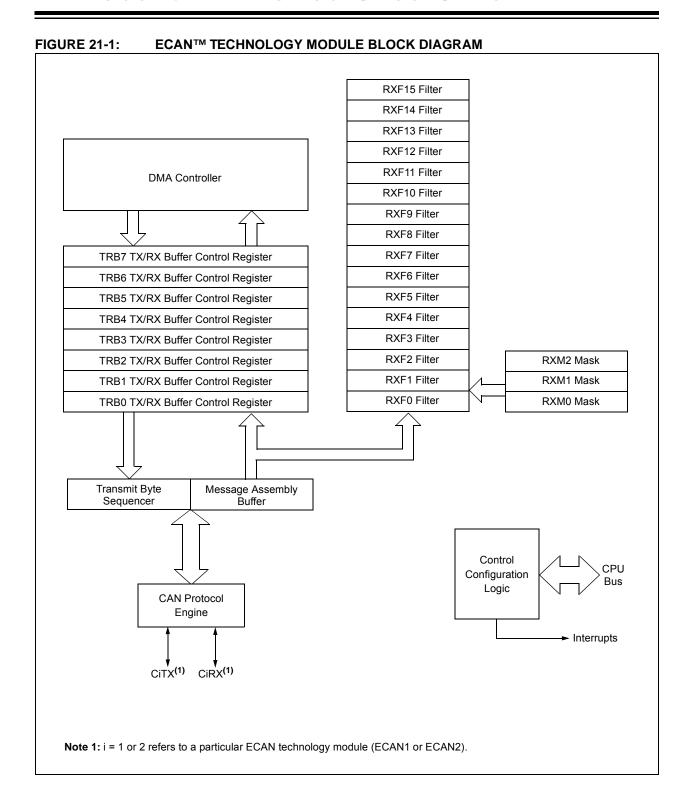
If IREN = 0:

1 = UxTX Idle state is '0'

0 = UxTX Idle state is '1'

#### If IREN = 1:

- 1 = IrDA® encoded UxTX Idle state is '1'
- 0 = IrDA encoded UxTX Idle state is '0'
- bit 12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11 UTXBRK: Transmit Break bit
  - 1 = Send Sync Break on next transmission Start bit, followed by twelve '0' bits, followed by Stop bit; cleared by hardware upon completion
  - 0 = Sync Break transmission disabled or completed
- bit 10 **UTXEN:** Transmit Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 1 = Transmit enabled, UxTX pin controlled by UARTx
  - 0 = Transmit disabled, any pending transmission is aborted and the buffer is reset. UxTX pin controlled by port.
- bit 9 **UTXBF:** Transmit Buffer Full Status bit (read-only)
  - 1 = Transmit buffer is full
  - 0 = Transmit buffer is not full, at least one more character can be written
- bit 8 **TRMT:** Transmit Shift Register Empty bit (read-only)
  - 1 = Transmit Shift Register is empty and the transmit buffer is empty (the last transmission has completed)
  - 0 = Transmit Shift Register is not empty, a transmission is in progress or queued
  - **Note 1:** Refer to **Section 17. "UART"** (DS70188) in the "dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual" for information on enabling the UART module for transmit operation.



#### REGISTER 21-2: CiCTRL2: ECAN™ CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
_	_	_			DNCNT<4:0>		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **DNCNT<4:0>:** DeviceNet™ Filter Bit Number bits

10010-11111 = Invalid selection

10001 = Compare up to data byte 3, bit 6 with EID<17>

•

•

•

00001 = Compare up to data byte 1, bit 7 with EID<0>

00000 = Do not compare data bytes

#### REGISTER 21-9: CICFG1: ECAN™ BAUD RATE CONFIGURATION REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
bit 15							bit 8

| R/W-0 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| SJW   | <1:0> | BRP<  |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-6 **SJW<1:0>:** Synchronization Jump Width bits

11 = Length is 4 x TQ 10 = Length is 3 x TQ 01 = Length is 2 x TQ 00 = Length is 1 x TQ

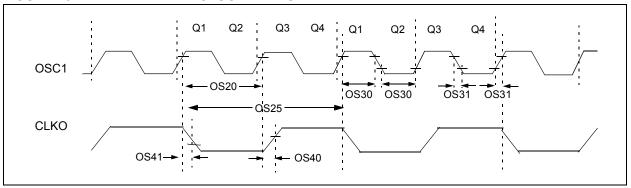
bit 5-0 BRP<5:0>: Baud Rate Prescaler bits

11 1111 = TQ = 2 x 64 x 1/FCAN

•

00 0010 = TQ = 2 x 3 x 1/FCAN 00 0001 = TQ = 2 x 2 x 1/FCAN 00 0000 = TQ = 2 x 1 x 1/FCAN

FIGURE 26-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING



**TABLE 26-16: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS** 

AC CHAI	AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +125^{\circ}C$ for Extended						
Param No.	Symb	Characteristic	Min	Conditions						
OS10	FIN	External CLKI Frequency (External clocks allowed only in EC and ECPLL modes)	DC		40	MHz	EC			
		Oscillator Crystal Frequency	3.5 10 —		10 40 33	MHz MHz kHz	XT HS SOSC			
OS20	Tosc	Tosc = 1/Fosc	12.5	_	DC	ns	_			
OS25	TCY	Instruction Cycle Time <sup>(2)</sup>	25	_	DC	ns	_			
OS30	TosL, TosH	External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time	0.375 x Tosc	_	0.625 x Tosc	ns	EC			
OS31	TosR, TosF	External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time	_	_	20	ns	EC			
OS40	TckR	CLKO Rise Time <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5.2	_	ns	_			
OS41	TckF	CLKO Fall Time <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5.2	_	ns	_			
OS42	Gм	External Oscillator Transconductance <sup>(4)</sup>	14	16	18	mA/V	VDD = 3.3V, TA = +25°C			

- Note 1: Data in "Typ" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.
  - 2: Instruction cycle period (TcY) equals two times the input oscillator time base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKI pin. When an external clock input is used, the "max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.
  - **3:** Measurements are taken in EC mode. The CLKO signal is measured on the OSC2 pin.
  - 4: Data for this parameter is preliminary. This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**TABLE 26-43: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS** 

AC CHA	ARACTER	RISTICS	Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)  Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended										
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Тур	Max.	Units	Conditions						
Device Supply													
AD01	AVDD	Module VDD Supply	Greater of VDD – 0.3 or 3.0	_	Lesser of VDD + 0.3 or 3.6	V	_						
AD02	AVss	Module Vss Supply	Vss - 0.3	ı	Vss + 0.3	>	_						
			Reference	ce Inpu	ts								
AD05	VREFH	Reference Voltage High	AVss + 2.5	I	AVDD	>	_						
AD05a			3.0	_	3.6	V	VREFH = AVDD VREFL = AVSS = 0						
AD06	VREFL	Reference Voltage Low	AVss	_	AVDD - 2.5	V	_						
AD06a			0	_	0	V	VREFH = AVDD VREFL = AVSS = 0						
AD07	VREF	Absolute Reference Voltage	2.5	_	3.6	V	VREF = VREFH - VREFL						
AD08	IREF	Current Drain	_	_	10	μΑ	ADC off						
AD08a	IAD	Operating Current	_	7.0 2.7	9.0 3.2	mA mA	10-bit ADC mode, see <b>Note 1</b> 12-bit ADC mode, see <b>Note 1</b>						
			Analog	g Input									
AD12	VINH	Input Voltage Range Vілн	VINL	_	VREFH	٧	This voltage reflects Sample and Hold Channels 0, 1, 2 and 3 (CH0-CH3), positive input						
AD13	VINL	Input Voltage Range VINL	VREFL	_	AVss + 1V	٧	This voltage reflects Sample and Hold Channels 0, 1, 2 and 3 (CH0-CH3), negative input						
AD17	RIN	Recommended Impedance of Analog Voltage Source	_	_	200 200	Ω Ω	10-bit ADC 12-bit ADC						

Note 1: These parameters are not characterized or tested in manufacturing.

dsPIC33FJXXXMCX06A/X08A/X10A								
NOTES:								