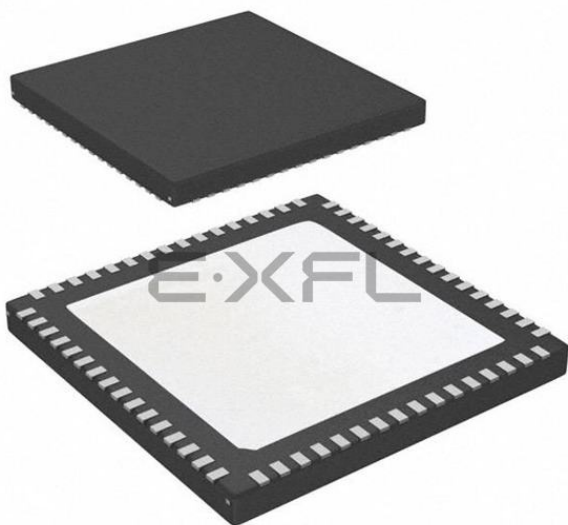




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Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	56
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.85V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-QFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32gg840f512-qfn64

cycles with 256-bit keys. The AES module is an AHB slave which enables efficient access to the data and key registers. All write accesses to the AES module must be 32-bit operations, i.e. 8- or 16-bit operations are not supported.

2.1.27 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

In the EFM32GG840, there are 56 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins, which are divided into ports with up to 16 pins each. These pins can individually be configured as either an output or input. More advanced configurations like open-drain, filtering and drive strength can also be configured individually for the pins. The GPIO pins can also be overridden by peripheral pin connections, like Timer PWM outputs or USART communication, which can be routed to several locations on the device. The GPIO supports up to 16 asynchronous external pin interrupts, which enables interrupts from any pin on the device. Also, the input value of a pin can be routed through the Peripheral Reflex System to other peripherals.

2.1.28 Liquid Crystal Display Driver (LCD)

The LCD driver is capable of driving a segmented LCD display with up to 8x20 segments. A voltage boost function enables it to provide the LCD display with higher voltage than the supply voltage for the device. In addition, an animation feature can run custom animations on the LCD display without any CPU intervention. The LCD driver can also remain active even in Energy Mode 2 and provides a Frame Counter interrupt that can wake-up the device on a regular basis for updating data.

2.2 Configuration Summary

The features of the EFM32GG840 is a subset of the feature set described in the EFM32GG Reference Manual. Table 2.1 (p. 7) describes device specific implementation of the features.

Table 2.1. Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
Cortex-M3	Full configuration	NA
DBG	Full configuration	DBG_SWCLK, DBG_SWDIO, DBG_SWO
MSC	Full configuration	NA
DMA	Full configuration	NA
RMU	Full configuration	NA
EMU	Full configuration	NA
CMU	Full configuration	CMU_OUT0, CMU_OUT1
WDOG	Full configuration	NA
PRS	Full configuration	NA
I2C0	Full configuration	I2C0_SDA, I2C0_SCL
I2C1	Full configuration	I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL
USART0	Full configuration with IrDA	US0_TX, US0_RX, US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	Full configuration with I2S	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	Full configuration with I2S	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
LEUART0	Full configuration	LEU0_TX, LEU0_RX
LEUART1	Full configuration	LEU1_TX, LEU1_RX

Figure 2.2. EFM32GG840 Memory Map with largest RAM and Flash sizes

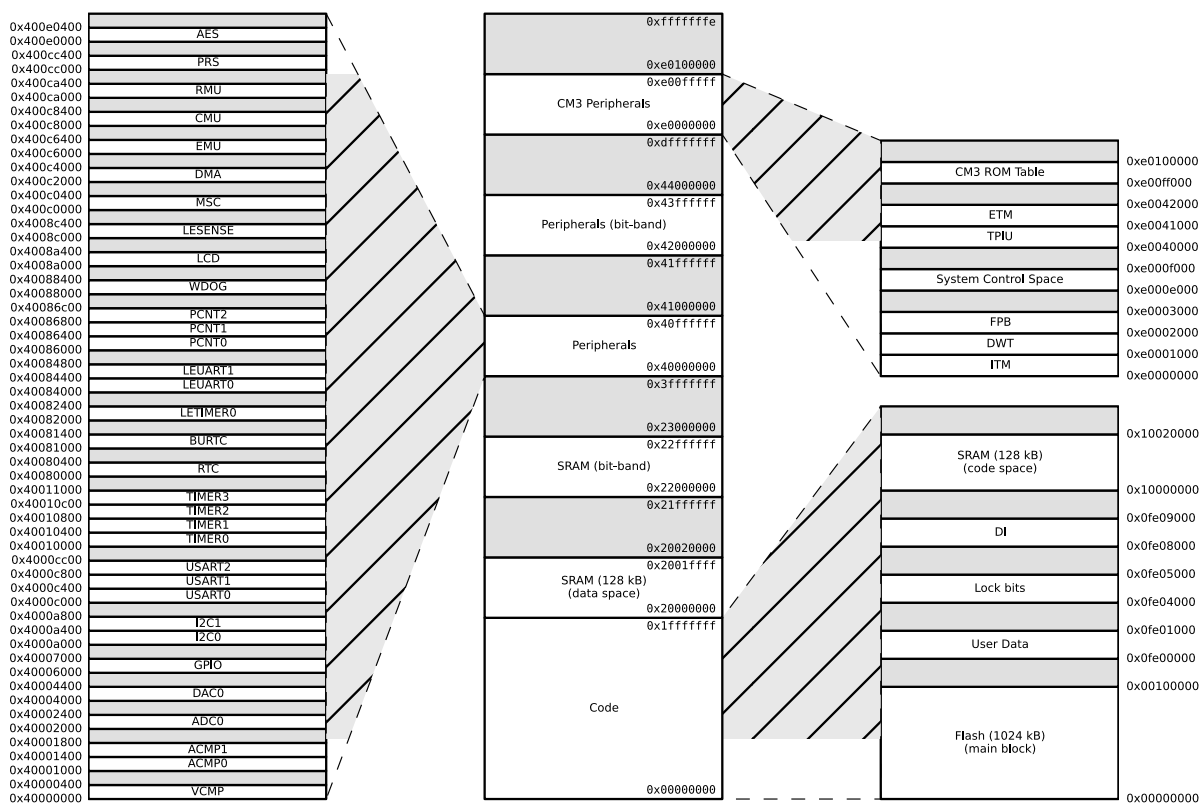


Table 3.5. Power Management

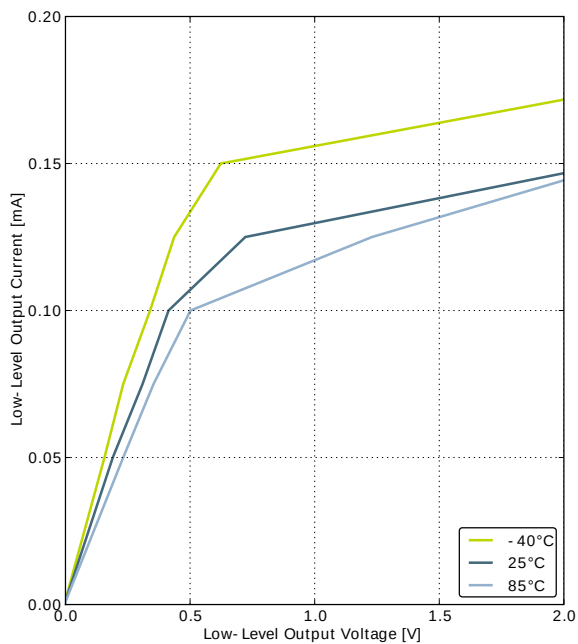
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{BODextthr-}	BOD threshold on falling external supply voltage	EM0	1.74		1.96	V
		EM2	1.74		1.98	V
V _{BODintthr-}	BOD threshold on falling internally regulated supply voltage		1.57		1.70	V
V _{BODextthr+}	BOD threshold on rising external supply voltage			1.85	1.98	V
V _{PORthr+}	Power-on Reset (POR) threshold on rising external supply voltage				1.98	V
t _{RESET}	Delay from reset is released until program execution starts	Applies to Power-on Reset, Brown-out Reset and pin reset.		163		μs
C _{DECOUPLE}	Voltage regulator decoupling capacitor.	X5R capacitor recommended. Apply between DECOUPLE pin and GROUND		1		μF

3.7 Flash

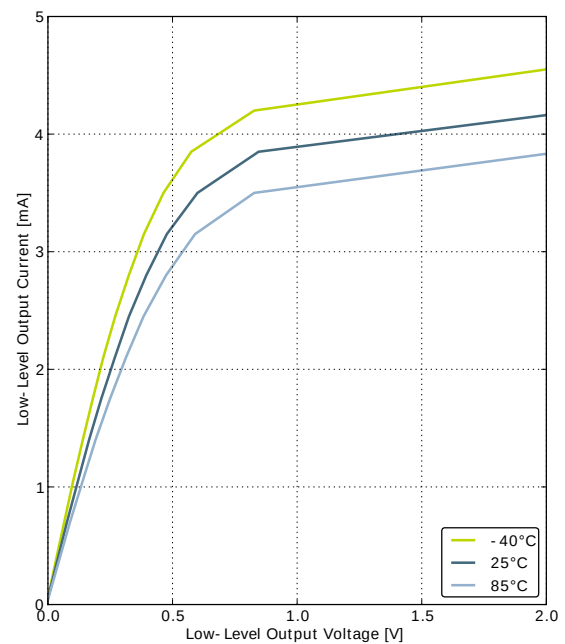
Table 3.6. Flash

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
EC _{FLASH}	Flash erase cycles before failure		20000			cycles
RET _{FLASH}	Flash data retention	T _{AMB} <150°C	10000			h
		T _{AMB} <85°C	10			years
		T _{AMB} <70°C	20			years
t _{W_PROG}	Word (32-bit) programming time		20			μs
t _{PERASE}	Page erase time	LPERASE == 0	20	20.4	20.8	ms
		LPERASE == 1	40	40.4	40.8	ms
t _{DERASE}	Device erase time				161.6	ms
I _{ERASE}	Erase current	LPERASE == 0			14 ¹	mA
		LPERASE == 1			7 ¹	mA
I _{WRITE}	Write current	LPWRITE == 0			14 ¹	mA
		LPWRITE == 1			7 ¹	mA
V _{FLASH}	Supply voltage during flash erase and write		1.98		3.8	V

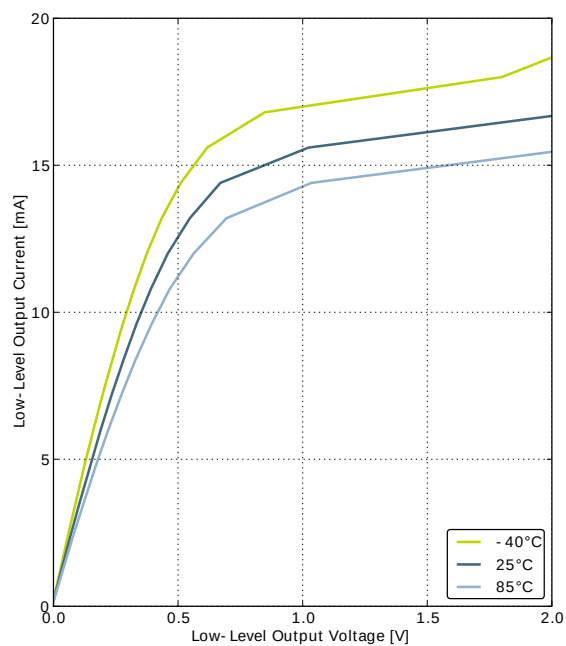
¹ Measured at 25°C

Figure 3.4. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 2V Supply Voltage

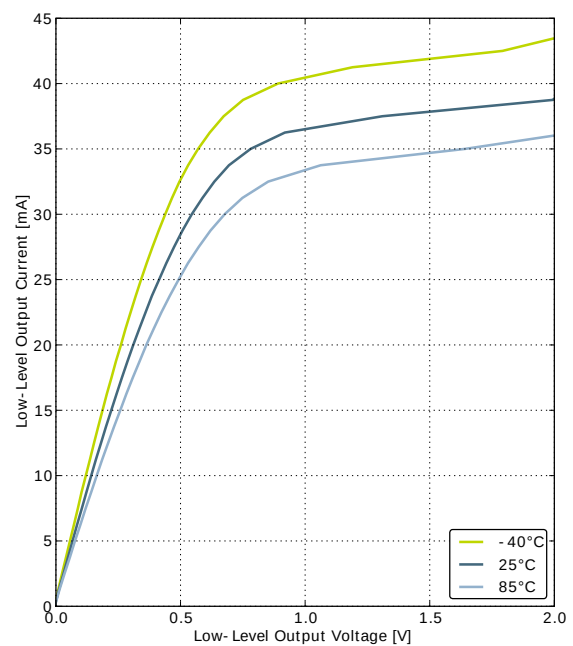
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW

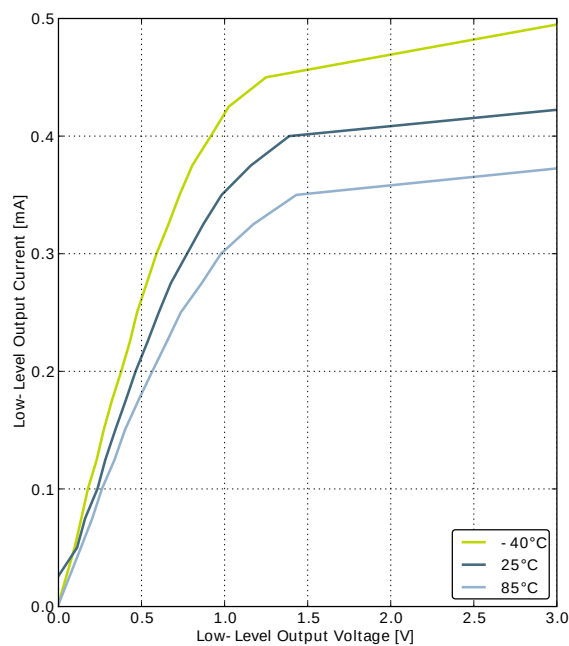


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD

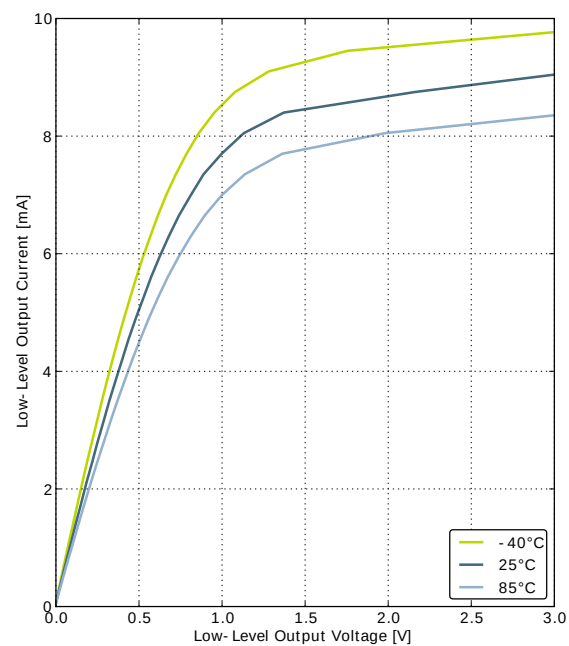


GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

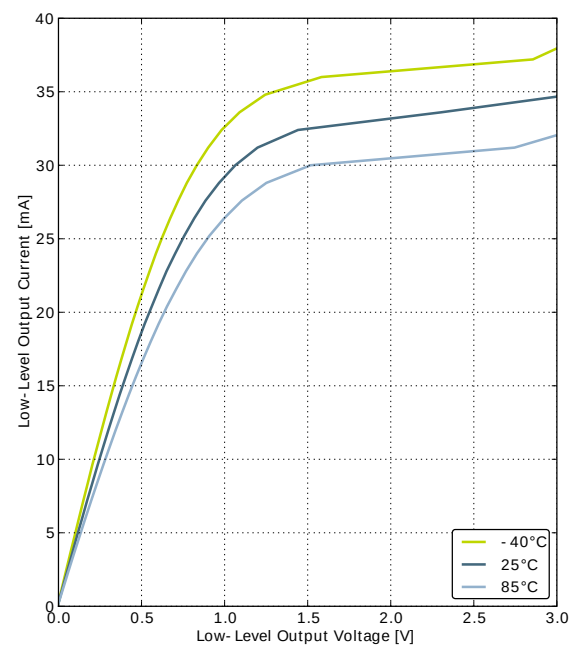
Figure 3.6. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage



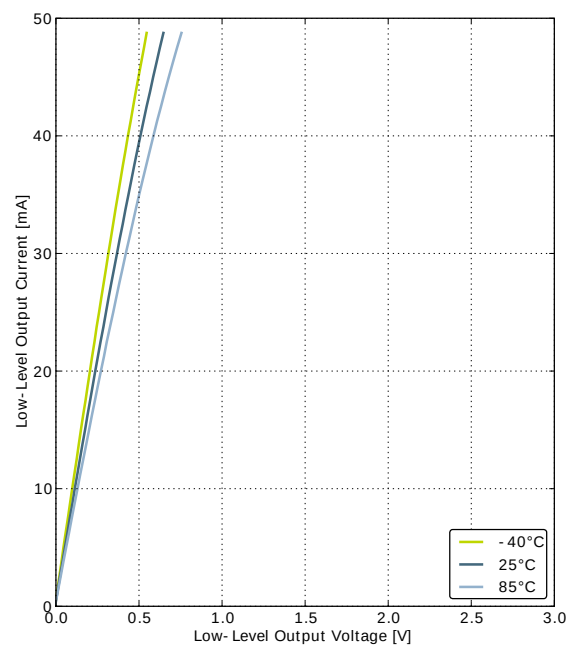
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



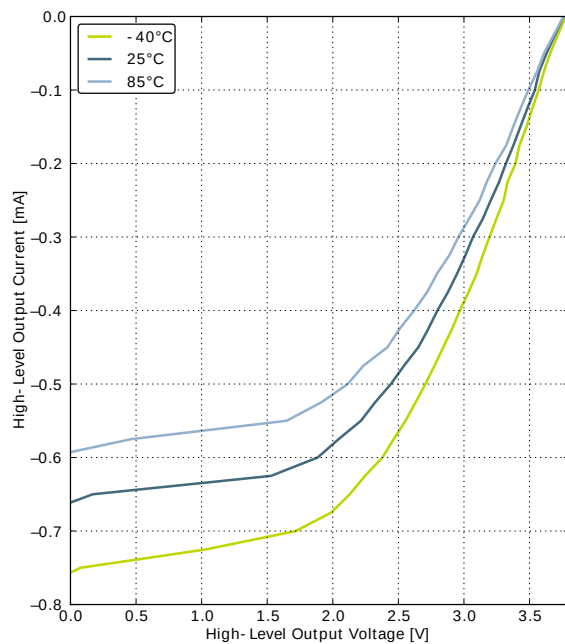
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



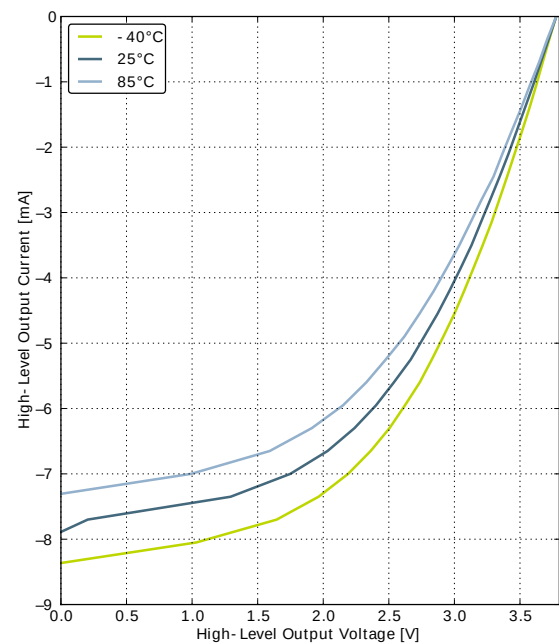
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



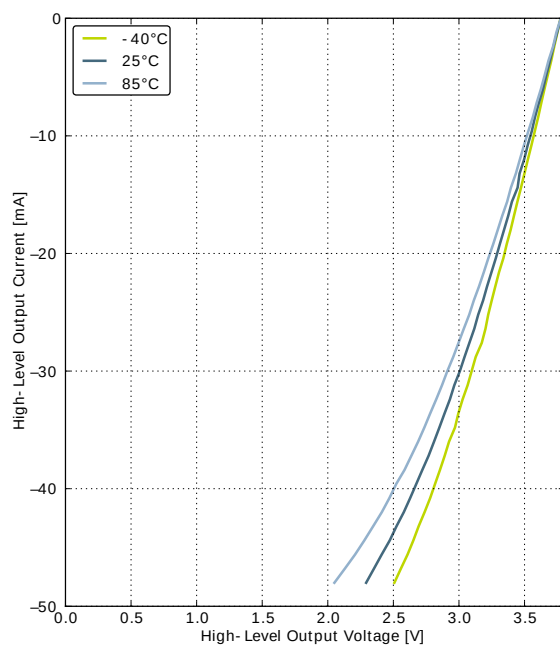
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

Figure 3.9. Typical High-Level Output Current, 3.8V Supply Voltage

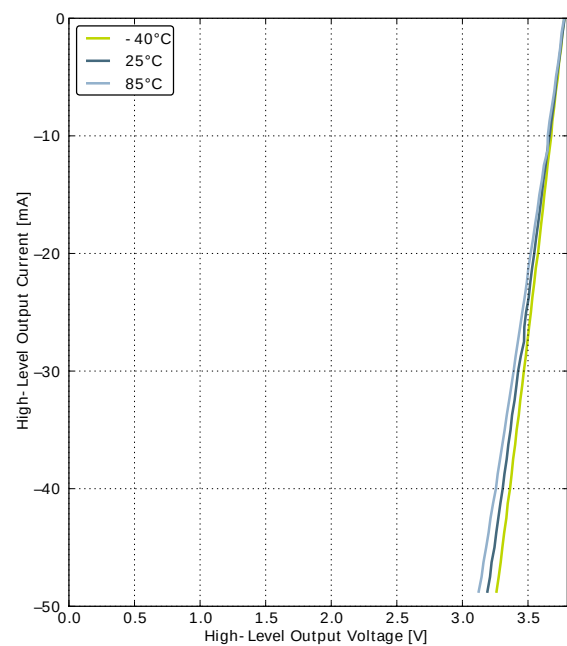
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



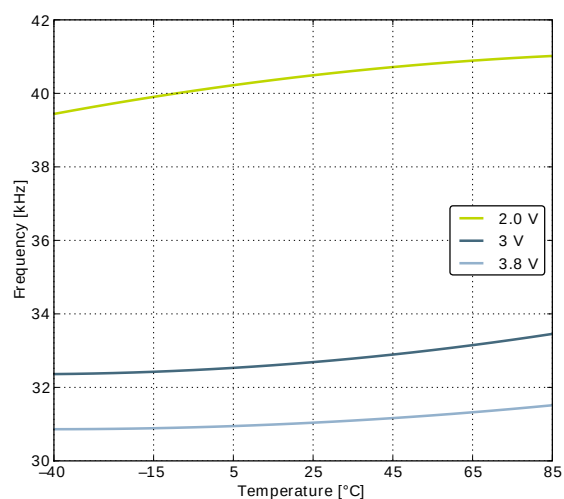
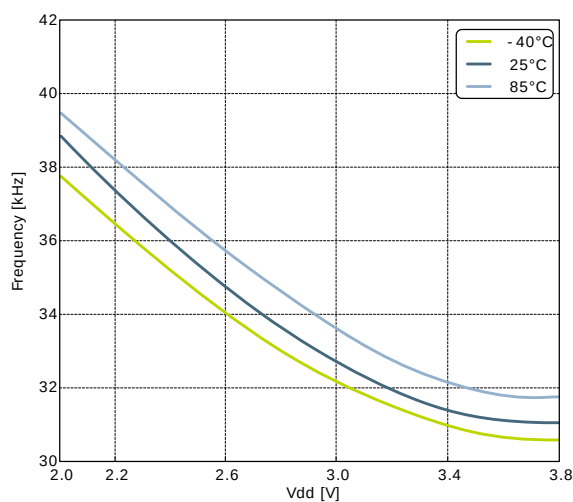
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

3.9.3 LFRCO

Table 3.10. LFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		31.29	32.768	34.28	kHz
t_{LFRCO}	Startup time not including software calibration			150		μs
I_{LFRCO}	Current consumption			300	900	nA
$\text{TUNESTEP}_{\text{LFRCO}}$	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value			1.5		%

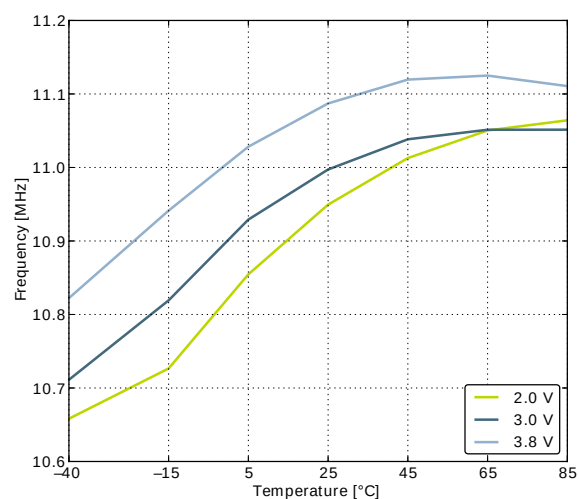
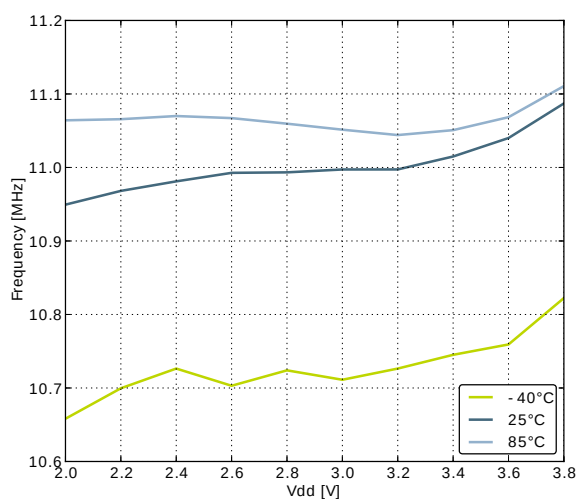
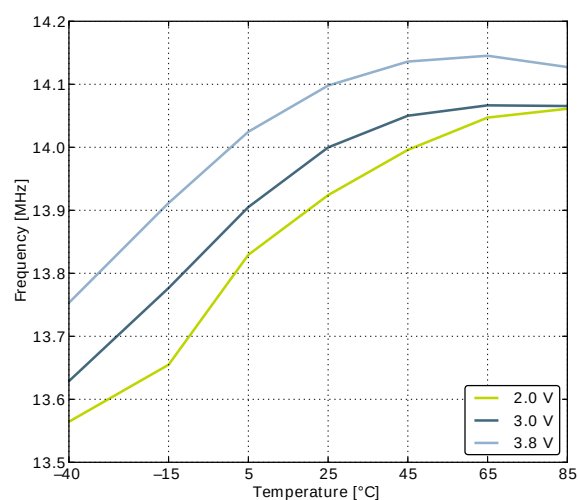
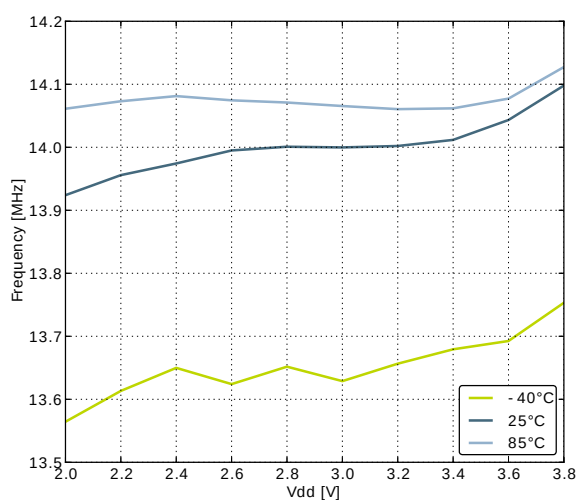
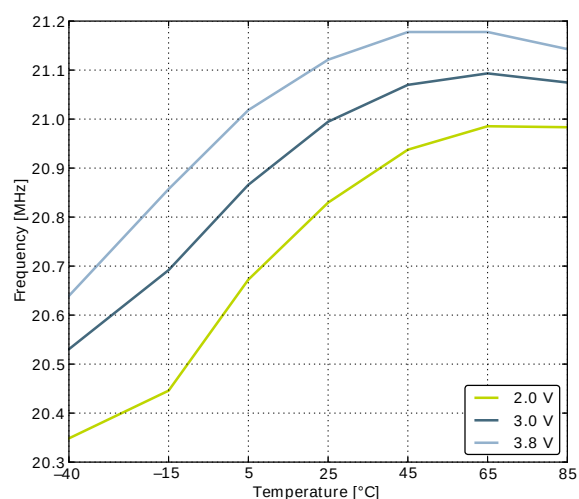
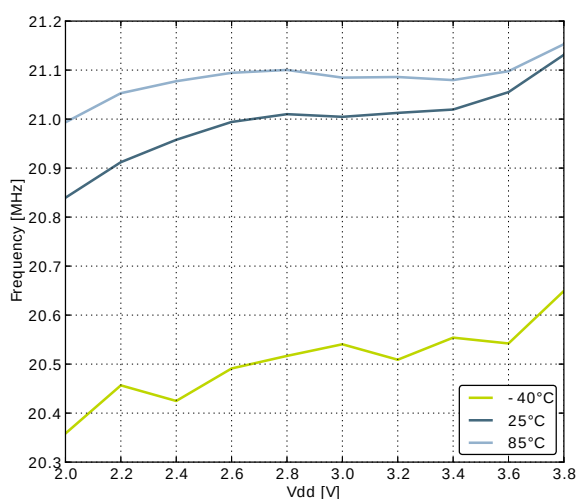
Figure 3.10. Calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs Temperature and Supply Voltage



3.9.4 HFRCO

Table 3.11. HFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	28 MHz frequency band	27.5	28.0	28.5	MHz
		21 MHz frequency band	20.6	21.0	21.4	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.7	14.0	14.3	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.8	11.0	11.2	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.48 ¹	6.60 ¹	6.72 ¹	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.15 ²	1.20 ²	1.25 ²	MHz
$t_{\text{HFRCO_settling}}$	Settling time after start-up	$f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 14 \text{ MHz}$		0.6		Cycles
	Settling time after band switch			25		Cycles

Figure 3.13. Calibrated HFRCO 11 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature**Figure 3.14. Calibrated HFRCO 14 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature****Figure 3.15. Calibrated HFRCO 21 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		62		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		67		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	63	66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2xV_{DD}$ reference		70		dB
SINAD _{ADC}	Signal-to-Noise And Distortion-ratio (SINAD)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		58		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		62		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		60		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		54		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		66		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2xV_{DD}$ reference		68		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		61		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		65		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	62	65		dB

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2 \times V_{DD}$ reference		69		dB
SFDR _{ADC}	Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		64		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		76		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		73		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		66		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		77		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		76		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2 \times V_{DD}$ reference		75		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		69		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		75		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		75		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		76		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		78		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	68	79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2 \times V_{DD}$ reference		79		dBc
V _{ADCOFFSET}	Offset voltage	After calibration, single ended		0.3		mV
		After calibration, differential	-3	0.3	3	mV
TGRAD _{ADCTH}	Thermometer output gradient			-1.92		mV/°C
				-6.3		ADC Codes/°C
DNL _{ADC}	Differential non-linearity (DNL)	$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, external 2.5V reference	-1	±0.7	4	LSB
INL _{ADC}	Integral non-linearity (INL), End point method			±1.2	±3.0	LSB
MC _{ADC}	No missing codes		11.999 ¹	12		bits

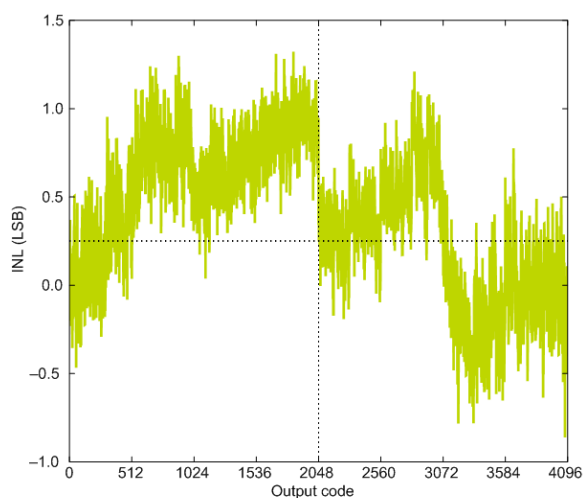
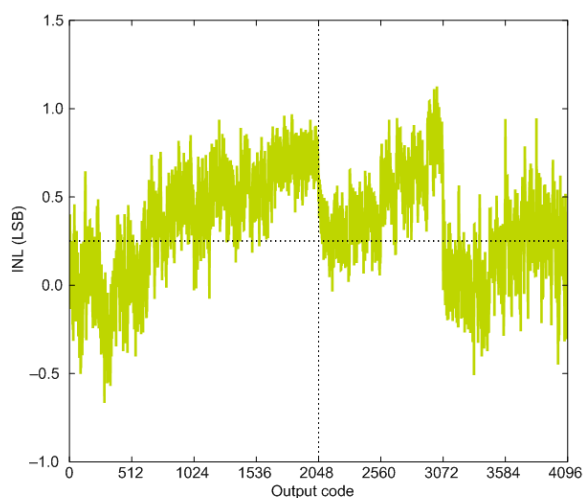
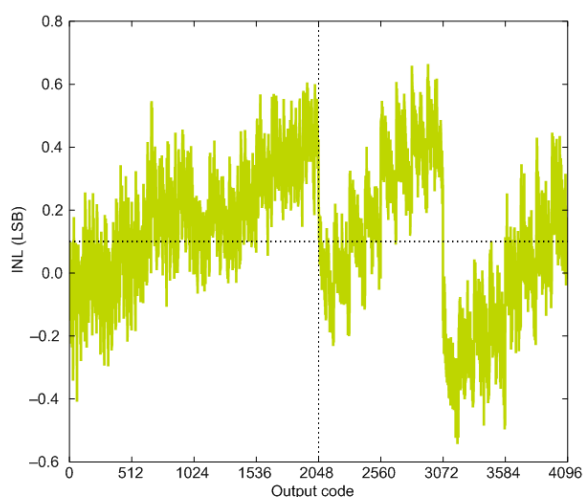
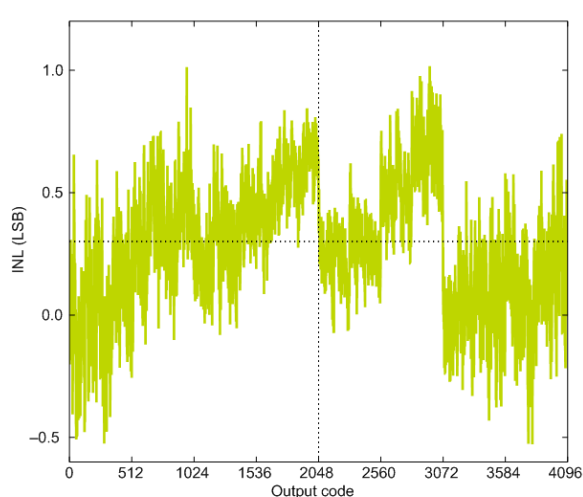
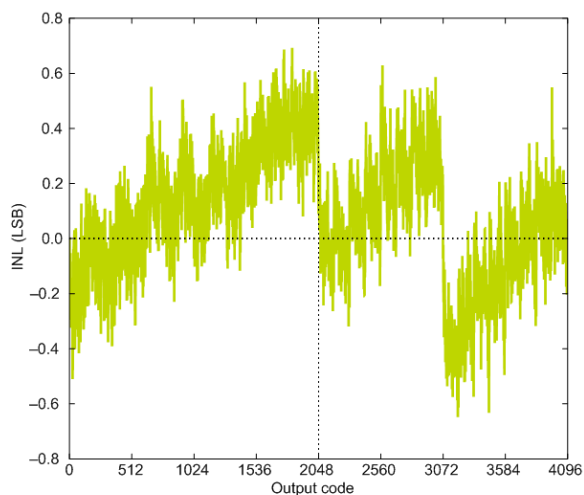
Figure 3.20. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C**1.25V Reference****2.5V Reference****2XVDDVSS Reference****5VDIFF Reference****VDD Reference**

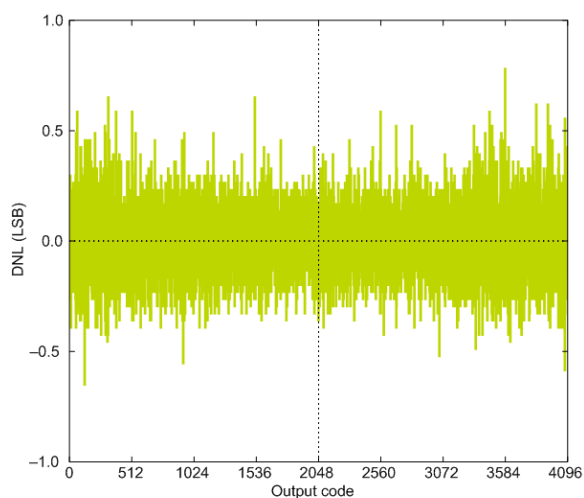
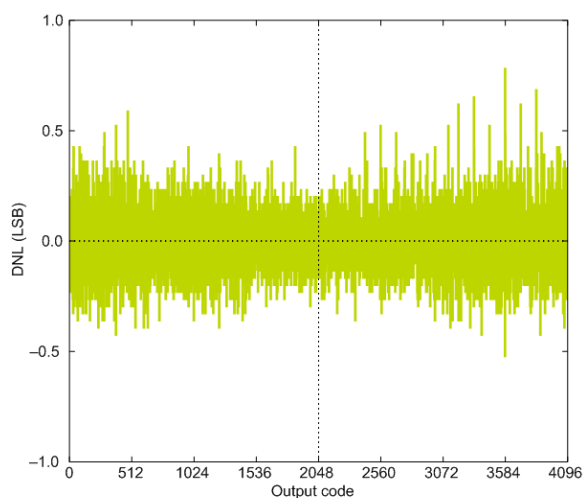
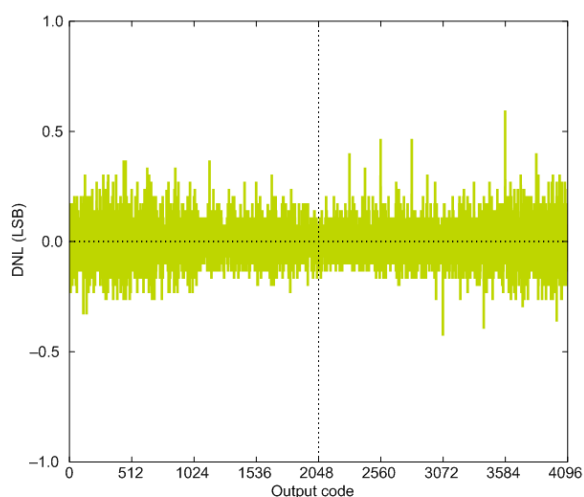
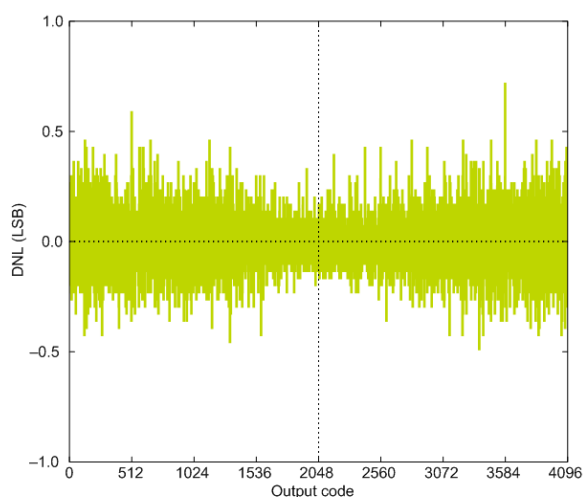
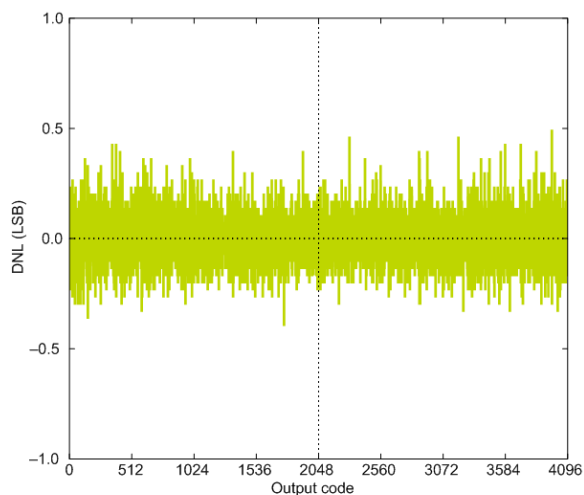
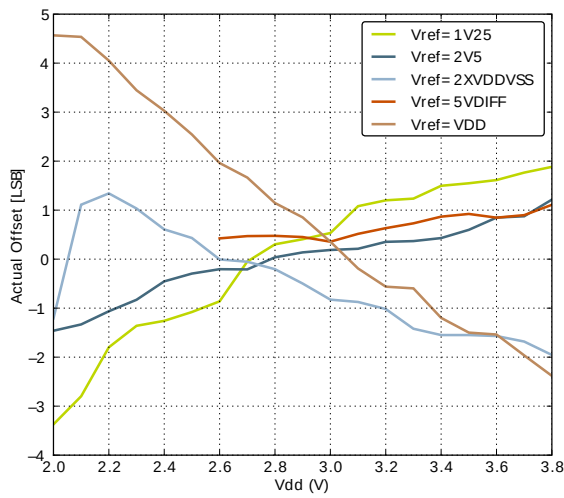
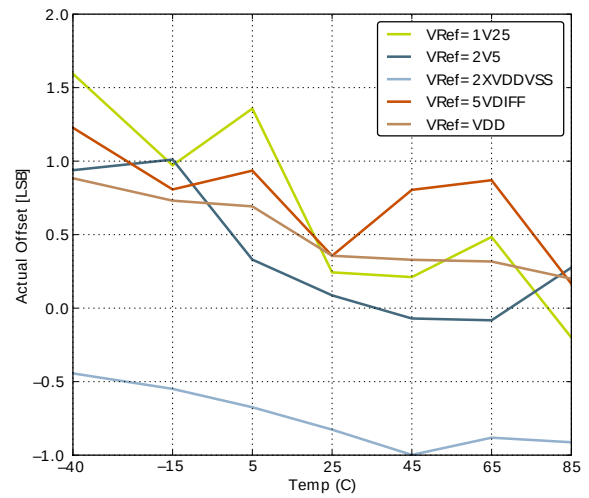
Figure 3.21. ADC Differential Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C**1.25V Reference****2.5V Reference****2XVDDVSS Reference****5VDIFF Reference****VDD Reference**

Figure 3.22. ADC Absolute Offset, Common Mode = $V_{dd}/2$

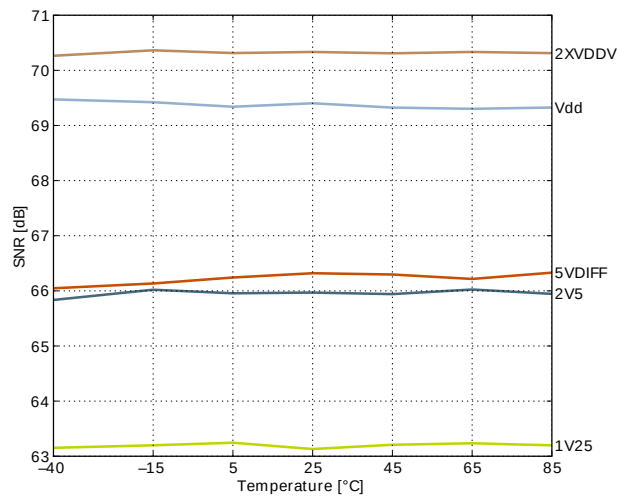


Offset vs Supply Voltage, Temp = 25°C

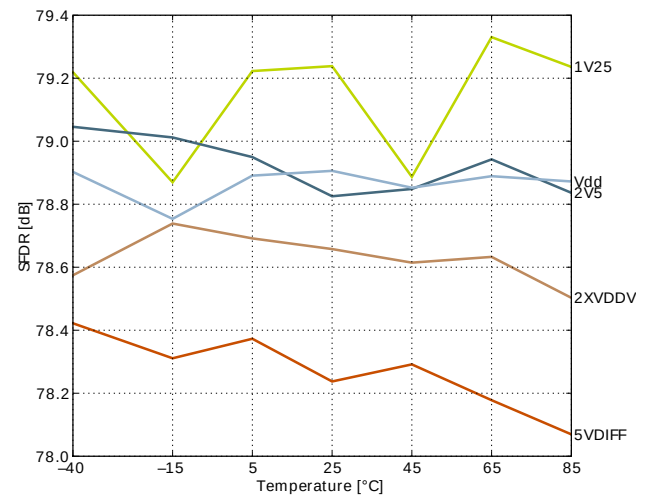


Offset vs Temperature, $V_{dd} = 3V$

Figure 3.23. ADC Dynamic Performance vs Temperature for all ADC References, $V_{dd} = 3V$

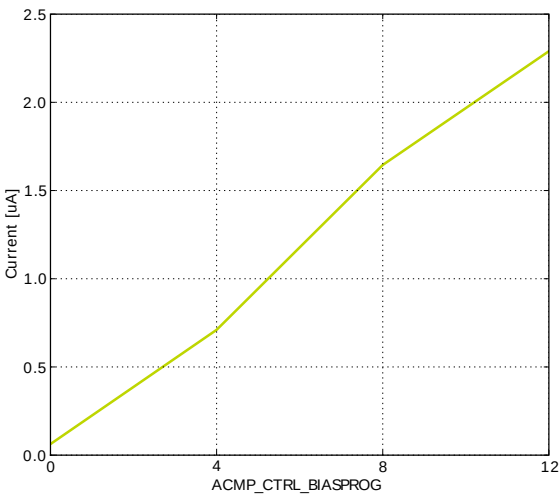


Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)

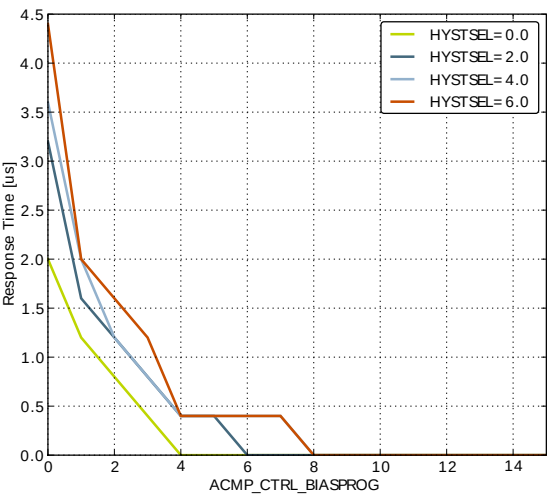


Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)

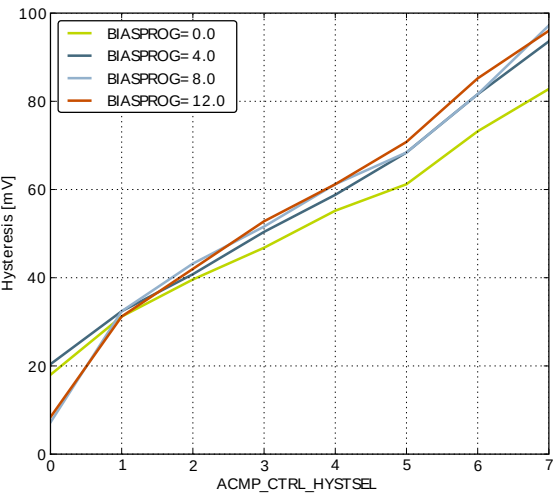
Figure 3.30. ACMP Characteristics, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C, FULLBIAS = 0, HALFBIAS = 1



Current consumption, HYSTSEL = 4



Response time



Hysteresis

3.14 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

Table 3.18. VCMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{VCMPIN}	Input voltage range			V _{DD}		V
V _{VCMP_{CM}}	VCMP Common Mode voltage range			V _{DD}		V
I _{VCMP}	Active current	BIASPROG=0b0000 and HALFBIAS=1 in VCMPn_CTRL register		0.3	0.6	μA
		BIASPROG=0b1111 and HALFBIAS=0 in VCMPn_CTRL register. LPREF=0.		22	30	μA
t _{VCMPREF}	Startup time reference generator	NORMAL		10		μs
V _{VCMP_{OFFSET}}	Offset voltage	Single ended	-230	-40	190	mV
		Differential		10		mV
V _{VCMPHYST}	VCMP hysteresis			40		mV
t _{VCMPSTART}	Startup time				10	μs

The V_{DD} trigger level can be configured by setting the TRIGLEVEL field of the VCMP_CTRL register in accordance with the following equation:

VCMP Trigger Level as a Function of Level Setting

$$V_{DD \text{ Trigger Level}} = 1.667V + 0.034 \times \text{TRIGLEVEL} \quad (3.2)$$

3.15 LCD

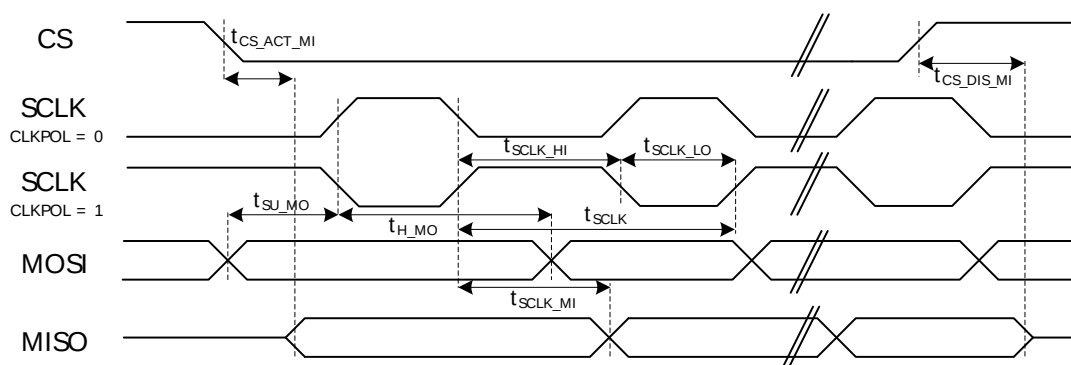
Table 3.19. LCD

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LCDFR}	Frame rate		30		200	Hz
NUM_{SEG}	Number of segments supported			20×8		seg
V_{LCD}	LCD supply voltage range	Internal boost circuit enabled	2.0		3.8	V
I_{LCD}	Steady state current consumption.	Display disconnected, static mode, framerate 32 Hz, all segments on.		250		nA
		Display disconnected, quadruplex mode, framerate 32 Hz, all segments on, bias mode to ONETHIRD in LCD_DISPCTRL register.		550		nA
I_{LCDBOOST}	Steady state Current contribution of internal boost.	Internal voltage boost off		0		μA
		Internal voltage boost on, boosting from 2.2 V to 3.0 V.		8.4		μA
V_{BOOST}	Boost Voltage	VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL0		3.02		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL1		3.15		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL2		3.28		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL3		3.41		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL4		3.54		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL5		3.67		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL6		3.73		V
		VBLEV of LCD_DISPCTRL register to LEVEL7		3.74		V

The total LCD current is given by Equation 3.3 (p. 46) . I_{LCDBOOST} is zero if internal boost is off.

Total LCD Current Based on Operational Mode and Internal Boost

$$I_{\text{LCDTOTAL}} = I_{\text{LCD}} + I_{\text{LCDBOOST}} \quad (3.3)$$

Figure 3.32. SPI Slave Timing**Table 3.24. SPI Slave Timing**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{SCLK_sl}^{1,2}$	SCKL period	$2 * t_{HFER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{SCLK_hi}^{1,2}$	SCLK high period	$3 * t_{HFER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{SCLK_lo}^{1,2}$	SCLK low period	$3 * t_{HFER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS_ACT_MI}^{1,2}$	CS active to MISO	4.00		30.00	ns
$t_{CS_DIS_MI}^{1,2}$	CS disable to MISO	4.00		30.00	ns
$t_{SU_MO}^{1,2}$	MOSI setup time	4.00			ns
$t_{H_MO}^{1,2}$	MOSI hold time	$2 + 2 * t_{HF-PERCLK}$			ns
$t_{SCLK_MI}^{1,2}$	SCLK to MISO	$9 + t_{HFER-CLK}$		$36 + 2 * t_{HF-PERCLK}$	ns

¹Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)

²Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

3.18 Digital Peripherals

Table 3.25. Digital Peripherals

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{USART}	USART current	USART idle current, clock enabled		4.9		$\mu A / MHz$
I_{UART}	UART current	UART idle current, clock enabled		3.4		$\mu A / MHz$
I_{LEUART}	LEUART current	LEUART idle current, clock enabled		140		nA
I_{I2C}	I2C current	I2C idle current, clock enabled		6.1		$\mu A / MHz$
I_{TIMER}	TIMER current	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled		6.9		$\mu A / MHz$
$I_{LETIMER}$	LETIMER current	LETIMER idle current, clock enabled		119		nA

QFN64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
56	PE8	LCD_SEG4	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
57	PE9	LCD_SEG5	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
58	PE10	LCD_SEG6	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
59	PE11	LCD_SEG7	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
60	PE12	LCD_SEG8	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
61	PE13	LCD_SEG9		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
62	PE14	LCD_SEG10	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
63	PE15	LCD_SEG11	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
64	PA15	LCD_SEG12	TIM3_CC2 #0		

4.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in Table 4.2 (p. 54). The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note

Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 4.2. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13		PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH4	PC12							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 4.
ACMP1_CH5	PC13							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 5.
ACMP1_CH6	PC14							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 6.
ACMP1_CH7	PC15							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 7.
ACMP1_O	PF2		PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
LCD_SEG17	PA4							LCD segment line 17. Segments 16, 17, 18 and 19 are controlled by SEGEN4.
LCD_SEG18	PA5							LCD segment line 18. Segments 16, 17, 18 and 19 are controlled by SEGEN4.
LCD_SEG19	PA6							LCD segment line 19. Segments 16, 17, 18 and 19 are controlled by SEGEN4.
LCD_SEG20/ LCD_COM4	PB3							LCD segment line 20. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 4
LCD_SEG21/ LCD_COM5	PB4							LCD segment line 21. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 5
LCD_SEG22/ LCD_COM6	PB5							LCD segment line 22. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 6
LCD_SEG23/ LCD_COM7	PB6							LCD segment line 23. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 7
LES_ALTEX0	PD6							LESENSE alternate exit output 0.
LES_ALTEX1	PD7							LESENSE alternate exit output 1.
LES_ALTEX2	PA3							LESENSE alternate exit output 2.
LES_ALTEX3	PA4							LESENSE alternate exit output 3.
LES_ALTEX4	PA5							LESENSE alternate exit output 4.
LES_ALTEX5	PE11							LESENSE alternate exit output 5.
LES_ALTEX6	PE12							LESENSE alternate exit output 6.
LES_ALTEX7	PE13							LESENSE alternate exit output 7.
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH12	PC12							LESENSE channel 12.
LES_CH13	PC13							LESENSE channel 13.
LES_CH14	PC14							LESENSE channel 14.
LES_CH15	PC15							LESENSE channel 15.
LETIM0_OUT0	PD6	PB11	PF0	PC4				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7	PB12	PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7	PA6						LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN	PC13			PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14			PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	PC4	PB3						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
US2_TX		PB3						USART2 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).

4.3 GPIO Pinout Overview

The specific GPIO pins available in *EFM32GG840* is shown in Table 4.3 (p. 59). Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 4.3. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	PA15	PA14	PA13	PA12	-	-	-	-	-	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	-	PB14	PB13	PB12	PB11	-	-	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	-	-	-
Port C	PC15	PC14	PC13	PC12	-	-	-	-	PC7	PC6	PC5	PC4	-	-	-	-
Port D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PD8	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	PD3	PD2	PD1	PD0
Port E	PE15	PE14	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	PE9	PE8	PE7	PE6	PE5	PE4	-	-	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PF5	PF4	PF3	PF2	PF1	PF0

4.4 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in *EFM32GG840* is shown in Figure 4.2 (p. 59).

Figure 4.2. Opamp Pinout

