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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	168MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	48
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	24K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 29x12b; D/A 1x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mkv46f128vlh16

Table 5. Power mode transition operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t_{POR}	After a POR event, amount of time from the point V_{DD} reaches 1.71 V to execution of the first instruction across the operating temperature range of the chip.	—	—	300	μs	
	• VLLS0 → RUN	—	—	173	μs	
	• VLLS1 → RUN	—	—	172	μs	
	• VLLS2 → RUN	—	—	96	μs	
	• VLLS3 → RUN	—	—	96	μs	
	• VLPS → RUN	—	—	5.4	μs	
	• STOP → RUN	—	—	5.4	μs	

2.2.5 Power consumption operating behaviors

NOTE

The maximum values represent characterized results equivalent to the mean plus three times the standard deviation (mean+3 σ)

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (All IDD's are Target values)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DD_RUN}	Run mode current — all peripheral clocks disabled, code executing from flash, excludes IDDA					Core frequency of 25 MHz.
	• @ 1.8V	—	6.8	17.2	mA	
	• @ 3.0V	—	6.9	17.4	mA	
I_{DD_RUN}	Run mode current — all peripheral clocks disabled, code executing from flash, excludes IDDA					Core frequency of 50 MHz.
	• @ 1.8V					
	• @ 3.0V	—	9.9	19.7	mA	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (All IDD's are Target values) (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	@ -40 to 25°C @ 70°C @ 105°C	—	2.7	3.3	μA	
		—	6.6	12.2	μA	
		—	25.9	50.5	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS1}	Very low-leakage stop mode 1 current at 3.0 V @ -40 to 25°C @ 70°C @ 105°C	—	740	1200	nA	
		—	2.5	10.6	μA	
		—	11.1	26.5	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS0B}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POR detect circuit enabled @ -40 to 25°C @ 70°C @ 105°C	—	420	832	nA	
		—	1.9	9.4	μA	
		—	10.8	26.3	μA	
I _{DD_VLLS0A}	Very low-leakage stop mode 0 current at 3.0 V with POR detect circuit disabled @ -40 to 25°C @ 70°C @ 105°C	—	200	599	nA	
		—	1.8	10.5	μA	
		—	10.8	26.3	μA	

Table 7. Low power mode peripheral adders — typical value

Symbol	Description	Temperature (°C)						Unit
		-40	25	50	70	85	105	
I _{IREFSTEN4MHZ}	4 MHz internal reference clock (IRC) adder. Measured by entering STOP or VLPS mode with 4 MHz IRC enabled.	56	56	56	56	56	56	μA
I _{IREFSTEN32KHz}	32 kHz internal reference clock (IRC) adder. Measured by entering STOP mode with the 32 kHz IRC enabled.	52	52	52	52	52	52	μA
I _{IREFSTEN4MHZ}	External 4 MHz crystal clock adder. Measured by entering STOP or VLPS mode with the crystal enabled.	206	228	237	245	251	258	uA
I _{IREFSTEN32KHz}	External 32 kHz crystal clock adder by means of the OSC0_CR[EREFSSTEN and EREFSTEN] bits. Measured by entering all modes with the crystal enabled.							nA
	VLLS1							
	VLLS3	440	490	540	560	570	580	
	VLPS	440	490	540	560	570	580	
	STOP	510	560	560	560	610	680	

Table continues on the next page...

General

1. Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, *Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions* and IEC Standard 61967-2, *Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 2: Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method*. Measurements were made while the microcontroller was running basic application code. The reported emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the measured orientations in each frequency range.
2. $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_{OSC} = 10\text{ MHz}$ (crystal), $f_{SYS} = 75\text{ MHz}$, $f_{BUS} = 25\text{ MHz}$
3. Specified according to Annex D of IEC Standard 61967-2, *Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method*

2.2.7 Designing with radiated emissions in mind

To find application notes that provide guidance on designing your system to minimize interference from radiated emissions:

1. Go to www.nxp.com.
2. Perform a keyword search for “EMC design.”

2.2.8 Capacitance attributes

Table 9. Capacitance attributes

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
C_{IN_A}	Input capacitance: analog pins	—	7	pF
C_{IN_D}	Input capacitance: digital pins	—	7	pF

2.3 Switching specifications

2.3.1 Typical device clock specifications

Table 10. Typical device clock specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
High Speed RUN mode					
f_{SYS}	System and core clock	—	168	MHz	
f_{BUS}	Bus and Flash clock	—	24	MHz	
f_{FPC}	Fast peripheral clock	—	84	MHz	
f_{NANO}	Nano-edge clock	—	168	MHz	
Normal run mode					
f_{SYS}	System and core clock	—	100	MHz	
f_{BUS}	Bus and Flash clock	—	25	MHz	

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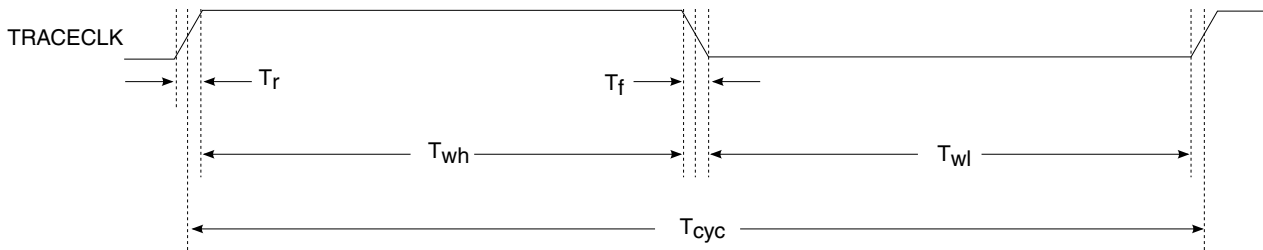


Figure 7. TRACE_CLKOUT specifications

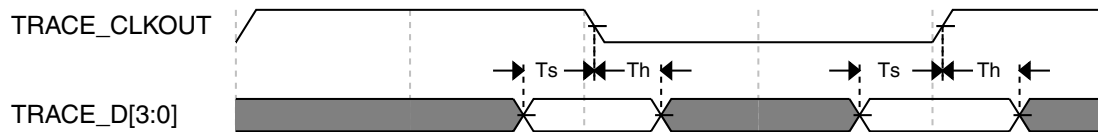


Figure 8. Trace data specifications

3.1.3 JTAG electricals

Table 16. JTAG limited voltage range electricals

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
J1	TCLK frequency of operation - Boundary Scan - JTAG and CJTAG - Serial Wire Debug	0 0 0	10 25 50	MHz
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/J1	—	ns
J3	TCLK clock pulse width - Boundary Scan - JTAG and CJTAG - Serial Wire Debug	50 20 10	— — —	ns ns ns
J4	TCLK rise and fall times	—	3	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	—	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	2.0	—	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	—	28	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	—	25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	—	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1	—	ns

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Table 16. JTAG limited voltage range electricals (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	—	19	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	—	17	ns
J13	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ assert time	100	—	ns
J14	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	—	ns

Table 17. JTAG full voltage range electricals

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
J1	TCLK frequency of operation • Boundary Scan • JTAG and CJTAG • Serial Wire Debug	0 0 0	10 20 40	MHz
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/J1	—	ns
J3	TCLK clock pulse width • Boundary Scan • JTAG and CJTAG • Serial Wire Debug	50 25 12.5	— — —	ns ns ns
J4	TCLK rise and fall times	—	3	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	—	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	2.0	—	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	—	30.6	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	—	25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	—	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1.0	—	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	—	19.0	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	—	17.0	ns
J13	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ assert time	100	—	ns
J14	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	—	ns

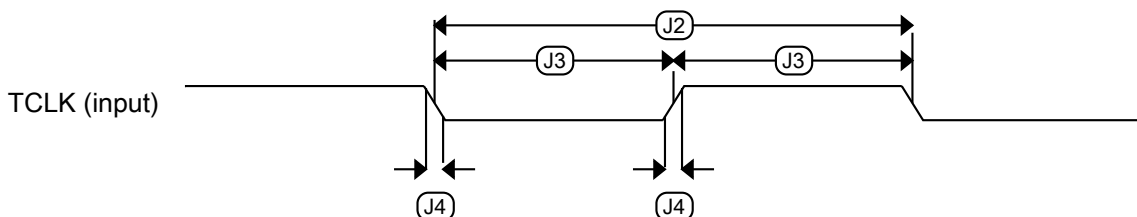
**Figure 9. Test clock input timing**

Table 19. Oscillator DC electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	8 MHz 16 MHz 24 MHz 32 MHz	—	500	—	μA	
		—	2.5	—	mA	
		—	3	—	mA	
		—	4	—	mA	
C _x	EXTAL load capacitance	—	—	—		2, 3
C _y	XTAL load capacitance	—	—	—		2, 3
R _F	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	MΩ	2, 4
	Feedback resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	10	—	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	MΩ	
	Feedback resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	1	—	MΩ	
R _S	Series resistor — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	kΩ	
	Series resistor — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	200	—	kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	—	—	kΩ	
	Series resistor — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	0	—	kΩ	
V _{pp} ⁵	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	0.6	—	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — low-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	V _{DD}	—	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, low-power mode (HGO=0)	—	0.6	—	V	
	Peak-to-peak amplitude of oscillation (oscillator mode) — high-frequency, high-gain mode (HGO=1)	—	V _{DD}	—	V	

1. V_{DD}=3.3 V, Temperature =25 °C
2. See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation
3. C_x,C_y can be provided by using the integrated capacitors when the low frequency oscillator (RANGE = 00) is used. For all other cases external capacitors must be used.
4. When low power mode is selected, R_F is integrated and must not be attached externally.
5. The EXTAL and XTAL pins should only be connected to required oscillator components and must not be connected to any other devices.

3.4.1.2 Flash timing specifications — commands

Table 22. Flash command timing specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
$t_{rd1sec4k}$	Read 1s Section execution time (flash sector)	—	—	60	μ s	1
t_{pgmchk}	Program Check execution time	—	—	45	μ s	1
t_{rdsrc}	Read Resource execution time	—	—	30	μ s	1
t_{pgm4}	Program Longword execution time	—	65	145	μ s	—
t_{ersscr}	Erase Flash Sector execution time	—	14	114	ms	2
t_{rd1all}	Read 1s All Blocks execution time	—	—	0.9	ms	1
t_{rdonce}	Read Once execution time	—	—	25	μ s	1
$t_{pgmonce}$	Program Once execution time	—	65	—	μ s	—
t_{ersall}	Erase All Blocks execution time	—	280	2100	ms	2
t_{vfykey}	Verify Backdoor Access Key execution time	—	—	30	μ s	1

1. Assumes 25 MHz flash clock frequency.
2. Maximum times for erase parameters based on expectations at cycling end-of-life.

3.4.1.3 Flash high voltage current behaviors

Table 23. Flash high voltage current behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{DD_PGM}	Average current adder during high voltage flash programming operation	—	2.5	6.0	mA
I_{DD_ERS}	Average current adder during high voltage flash erase operation	—	1.5	4.0	mA

3.4.1.4 Reliability specifications

Table 24. NVM reliability specifications

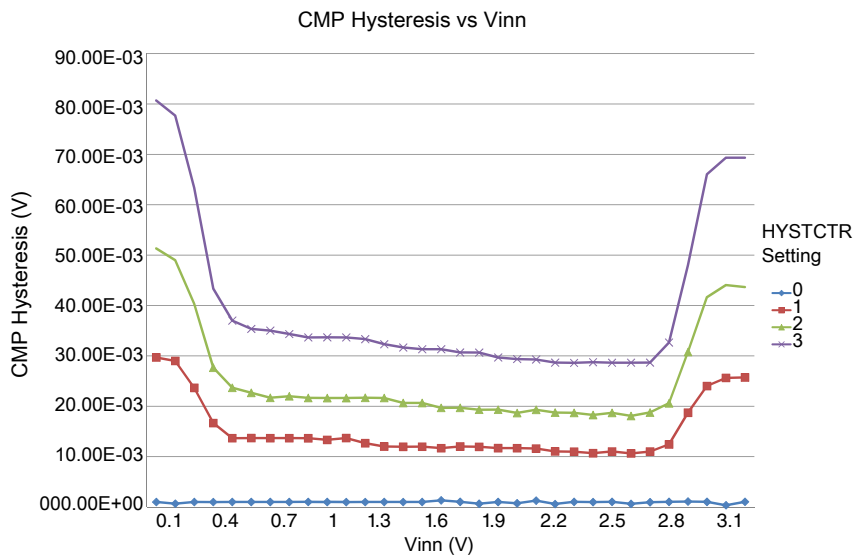
Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
Program Flash						
$t_{nv mretp10k}$	Data retention after up to 10 K cycles	5	50	—	years	—
$t_{nv mretp1k}$	Data retention after up to 1 K cycles	20	100	—	years	—
$n_{nv mcycp}$	Cycling endurance	10 K	50 K	—	cycles	2

1. Typical data retention values are based on measured response accelerated at high temperature and derated to a constant 25 °C use profile. Engineering Bulletin EB618 does not apply to this technology. Typical endurance defined in Engineering Bulletin EB619.
2. Cycling endurance represents number of program/erase cycles at $-40\text{ °C} \leq T_j \leq 125\text{ °C}$.

Table 26. Comparator and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	CR0[HYSTCTR] = 00	—	5	—	mV
	CR0[HYSTCTR] = 01	—	10	—	mV
	CR0[HYSTCTR] = 10	—	20	—	mV
	CR0[HYSTCTR] = 11	—	30	—	mV
V_{CMPOH}	Output high	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V
V_{CMPOI}	Output low	—	—	0.5	V
t_{DHS}	Propagation delay, high-speed mode (EN = 1, PMODE = 1)	20	50	200	ns
t_{DLS}	Propagation delay, low-speed mode (EN = 1, PMODE = 0)	80	250	600	ns
	Analog comparator initialization delay ²	—	—	40	μs
I_{DAC6b}	6-bit DAC current adder (enabled)	—	7	—	μA
INL	6-bit DAC integral non-linearity	−0.5	—	0.5	LSB ³
DNL	6-bit DAC differential non-linearity	−0.3	—	0.3	LSB

1. Typical hysteresis is measured with input voltage range limited to 0.7 to $V_{DD} - 0.7$ V.
2. Comparator initialization delay is defined as the time between software writes to change control inputs (writes to DACEN, VRSEL, PSEL, MSEL, VOSEL) and the comparator output settling to a stable level.
3. 1 LSB = $V_{reference}/64$

**Figure 14. Typical hysteresis vs. Vin level ($V_{DD} = 3.3$ V, PMODE = 0)**

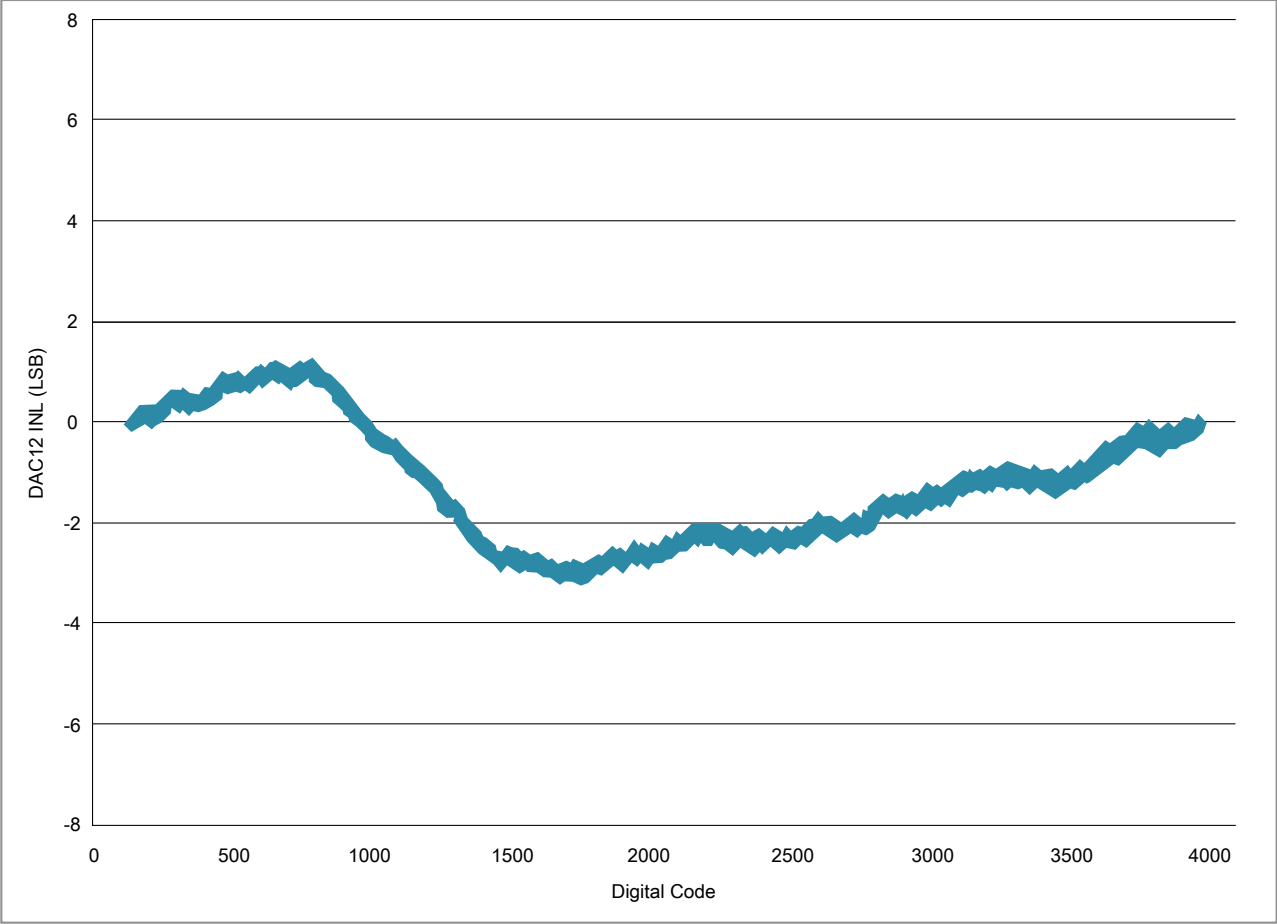


Figure 16. Typical INL error vs. digital code

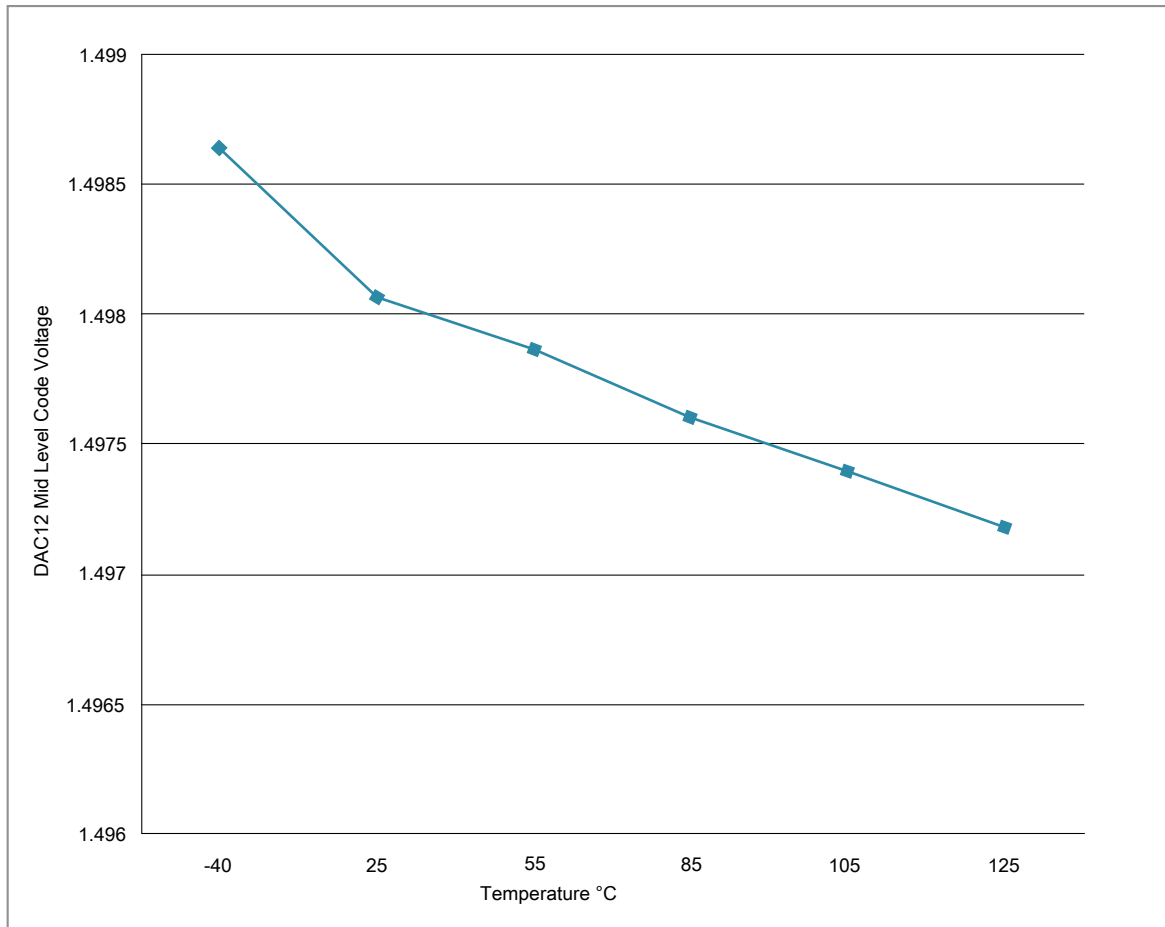


Figure 17. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

3.7 Timers

See [General switching specifications](#).

3.8 Enhanced NanoEdge PWM characteristics

Table 29. NanoEdge PWM timing parameters - 100 Mhz operating frequency

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
PWM clock frequency			100		MHz
NanoEdge Placement (NEP) Step Size ^{1, 2}	pwmp		312		ps

Table continues on the next page...

Table 29. NanoEdge PWM timing parameters - 100 Mhz operating frequency (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Delay for fault input activating to PWM output deactivated		1			ns
Power-up Time ³	t_{pu}		25		μs

1. Reference 100 MHz in NanoEdge Placement mode.
2. Temperature and voltage variations do not affect NanoEdge Placement step size.
3. Powerdown to NanoEdge mode transition.

Table 30. NanoEdge PWM timing parameters - 84 Mhz operating frequency

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
PWM clock frequency			84		MHz
NanoEdge Placement (NEP) Step Size ^{1, 2}	pwmp		372		ps
Delay for fault input activating to PWM output deactivated		1			ns
Power-up Time ³	t_{pu}		30		μs

1. Reference 84 MHz in NanoEdge Placement mode.
2. Temperature and voltage variations do not affect NanoEdge Placement step size.
3. Powerdown to NanoEdge mode transition.

3.9 Communication interfaces

3.9.1 SPI (DSPI) switching specifications (limited voltage range)

The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provide DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

NOTE

Fast pads:

- SIN: PTE19
- SOUT: PTE18
- SCK: PTE17
- PCS: PTE16

Open drain pads:

- SIN: PTC7
- SOUT: PTC6

Table 31. Master mode DSPI timing for normal pads (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	25	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$2 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 2$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 2$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCS _n to DSPI_SCK output valid	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 2$	—	ns	1
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS _n output hold	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 2$	—	ns	2
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	8.5	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-2	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	17	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

Table 32. Master mode DSPI timing for fast pads (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	37.5	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$2 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 2$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 2$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCS _n to DSPI_SCK output valid	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 2$	—	ns	1
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS _n output hold	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 2$	—	ns	2
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	8.5	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-2	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	13	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

Table 33. Master mode DSPI timing for open drain pads (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	

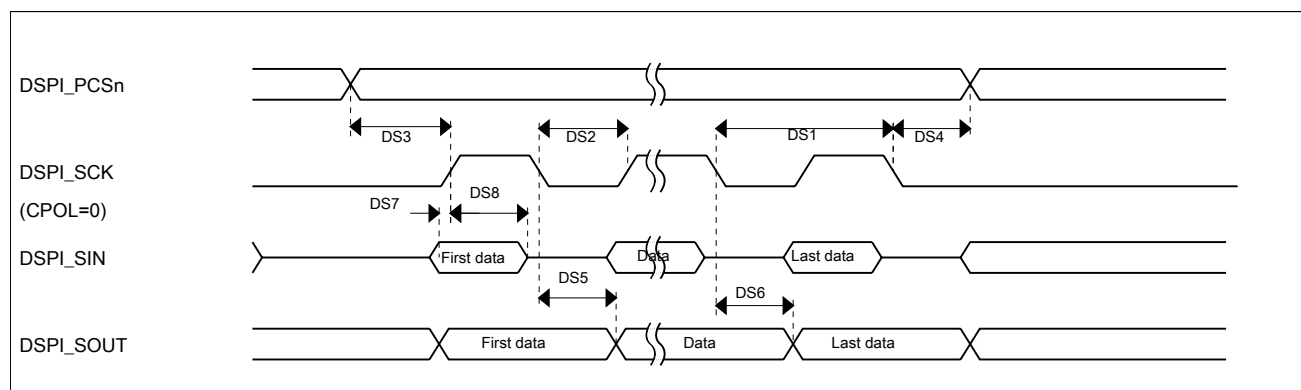
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Table 33. Master mode DSPI timing for open drain pads (limited voltage range) (continued)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Frequency of operation	—	25	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$2 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 2$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 2$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCSn to DSPI_SCK output valid	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 2$	—	ns	1
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCSn output hold	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 2$	—	ns	2
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	15.5	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	—3	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	17	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].

2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

**Figure 18. DSPI classic SPI timing — master mode****Table 34. Slave mode DSPI timing for normal pads (limited voltage range)**

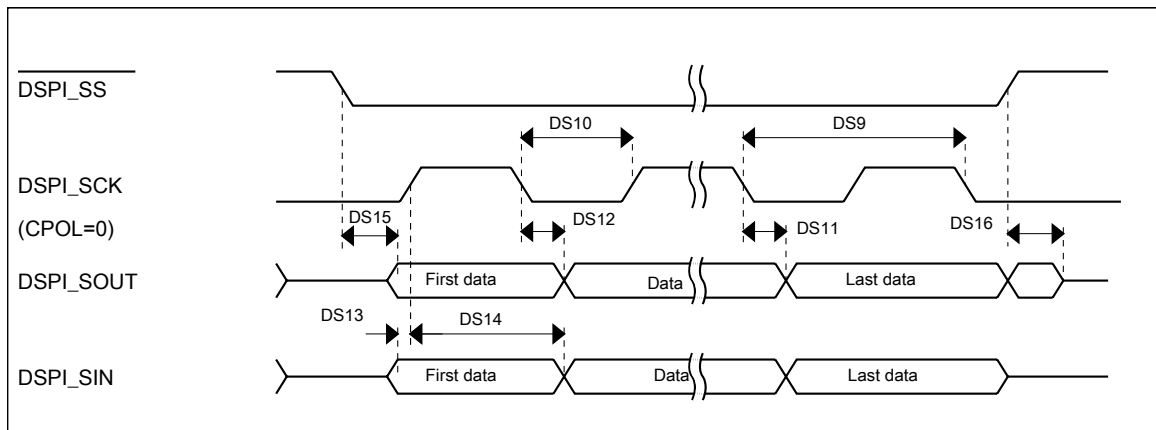
Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation		12.5	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	$4 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 2$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 2$	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	21	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	—	ns
DS15	DSPI_SS active to DSPI_SOUT driven	—	15	ns
DS16	DSPI_SS inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	—	15	ns

Table 35. Slave mode DSPI timing for fast pads (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation		25	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	$4 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 2$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 2$	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	17	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	—	ns
DS15	$\overline{\text{DSPI_SS}}$ active to DSPI_SOUT driven	—	11	ns
DS16	$\overline{\text{DSPI_SS}}$ inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	—	11	ns

Table 36. Slave mode DSPI timing for open drain pads (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation		12.5	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	$4 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 2$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 2$	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	28	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	—	ns
DS15	$\overline{\text{DSPI_SS}}$ active to DSPI_SOUT driven	—	22	ns
DS16	$\overline{\text{DSPI_SS}}$ inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	—	22	ns

**Figure 19. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave mode**

3.9.2 SPI (DSPI) switching specifications (full voltage range)

The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provides DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

NOTE

Fast pads:

- SIN: PTE19
- SOUT: PTE18
- SCK: PTE17
- PCS: PTE16

Open drain pads:

- SIN: PTC7
- SOUT: PTC6

Table 37. Master mode DSPI timing for normal pads (full voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	—	18.75	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$4 \times t_{BUS}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{SCK}/2) - 4$	$(t_{SCK}/2) + 4$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCS _n valid to DSPI_SCK delay	$(t_{BUS} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	2
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS _n invalid delay	$(t_{BUS} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	3
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	10	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-7.8	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	24	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The DSPI module can operate across the entire operating voltage for the processor, but to run across the full voltage range the maximum frequency of operation is reduced.
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
3. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

Table 38. Master mode DSPI timing fast pads (full voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	—	25	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$4 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 4$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 4$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCS _n valid to DSPI_SCK delay	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	2
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS _n invalid delay	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	3
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	10	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-7.8	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	17	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The DSPI module can operate across the entire operating voltage for the processor, but to run across the full voltage range the maximum frequency of operation is reduced.
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
3. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

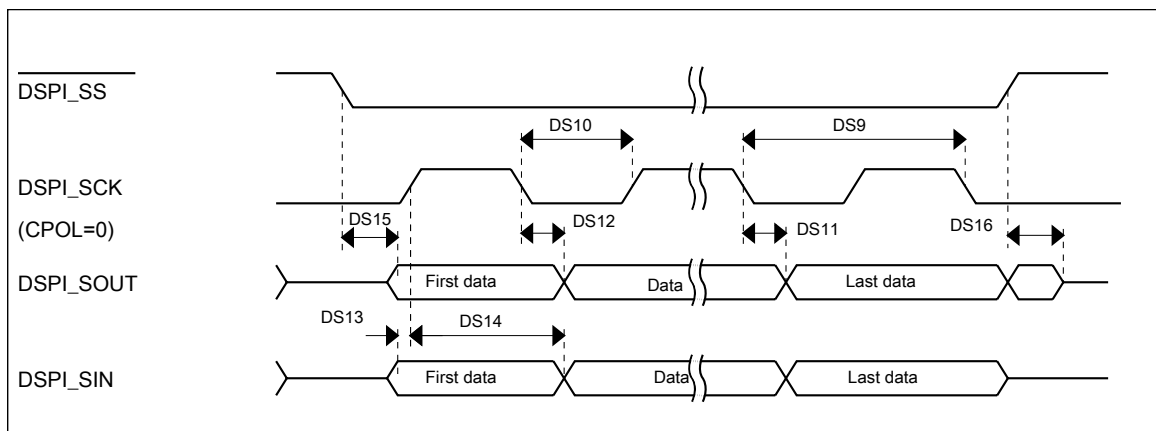
Table 39. Master mode DSPI timing open drain pads (full voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	1
	Frequency of operation	—	18.75	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	$4 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 4$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 4$	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCS _n valid to DSPI_SCK delay	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	2
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS _n invalid delay	$(t_{\text{BUS}} \times 2) - 4$	—	ns	3
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	26	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	-7.8	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	24	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The DSPI module can operate across the entire operating voltage for the processor, but to run across the full voltage range the maximum frequency of operation is reduced.
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
3. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

Table 42. Slave mode DSPI timing for open drain pads (full voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation	—	9.375	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	$8 \times t_{\text{BUS}}$	—	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) - 4$	$(t_{\text{SCK}}/2) + 4$	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	43.5	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2.5	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	—	ns
DS15	DSPI_SS active to DSPI_SOUT driven	—	38	ns </td
DS16	DSPI_SS inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven	—	38	ns

**Figure 21. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave mode**

3.9.3 I²C

See [General switching specifications](#).

3.9.4 UART

See [General switching specifications](#).

3.10 Kinetis Motor Suite (KMS)

100 LQFP	64 LQFP	48 LQFP	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7
1	1	—	PTE0/ CLKOUT32K	ADCB_CH6f	ADCB_CH6f	PTE0/ CLKOUT32K		UART1_TX	XBAR0_ OUT10	XBAR0_IN11		
2	2	—	PTE1/ LLWU_P0	ADCB_CH7f	ADCB_CH7f	PTE1/ LLWU_P0		UART1_RX	XBAR0_ OUT11	XBAR0_IN7		
3	—	—	PTE2/ LLWU_P1	ADCB_CH6g	ADCB_CH6g	PTE2/ LLWU_P1		UART1_ CTS_b				
4	—	—	PTE3	ADCB_CH7g	ADCB_CH7g	PTE3		UART1_ RTS_b				
5	—	—	PTE4/ LLWU_P2	DISABLED		PTE4/ LLWU_P2						
6	—	—	PTE5	DISABLED		PTE5					FTM3_CH0	
7	—	—	PTE6/ LLWU_P16	DISABLED		PTE6/ LLWU_P16					FTM3_CH1	
8	3	1	VDD	VDD	VDD							
9	4	2	VSS	VSS	VSS							
10	5	3	PTE16	ADCA_CH0	ADCA_CH0	PTE16	SPI0_PCS0	UART1_TX	FTM_CLKIN0		FTM0_FLT3	
11	6	4	PTE17/ LLWU_P19	ADCA_CH1	ADCA_CH1	PTE17/ LLWU_P19	SPI0_SCK	UART1_RX	FTM_CLKIN1		LPTMR0_ ALT3	
12	7	5	PTE18/ LLWU_P20	ADCB_CH0	ADCB_CH0	PTE18/ LLWU_P20	SPI0_SOUT	UART1_ CTS_b	I2C0_SDA			
13	8	6	PTE19	ADCB_CH1	ADCB_CH1	PTE19	SPI0_SIN	UART1_ RTS_b	I2C0_SCL		CMP3_OUT	
14	—	—	ADCA_CH6a	ADCA_CH6a	ADCA_CH6a							
15	—	—	ADCA_CH7a	ADCA_CH7a	ADCA_CH7a							
16	—	7	PTE20	ADCA_CH6b	ADCA_CH6b	PTE20		FTM1_CH0	UART0_TX			
17	—	8	PTE21	ADCA_CH7b	ADCA_CH7b	PTE21		FTM1_CH1	UART0_RX			
18	9	—	ADCA_CH2	ADCA_CH2	ADCA_CH2							
19	10	—	ADCA_CH3	ADCA_CH3	ADCA_CH3							
20	11	—	ADCA_CH6c	ADCA_CH6c	ADCA_CH6c							
21	12	—	ADCA_CH7c	ADCA_CH7c	ADCA_CH7c							
22	13	9	VDDA	VDDA	VDDA							
23	14	10	VREFH	VREFH	VREFH							
24	15	11	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL							
25	16	12	VSSA	VSSA	VSSA							
26	17	13	PTE29	ADCA_CH4/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5	ADCA_CH4/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5	PTE29		FTM0_CH2		FTM_CLKIN0		
27	18	14	PTE30	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADCA_CH5	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADCA_CH5	PTE30		FTM0_CH3		FTM_CLKIN1		
28	19	—	ADCA_CH6d/ CMP0_IN4/ CMP2_IN3	ADCA_CH6d/ CMP0_IN4/ CMP2_IN3	ADCA_CH6d/ CMP0_IN4/ CMP2_IN3							
29	—	—	VSS	VSS	VSS							

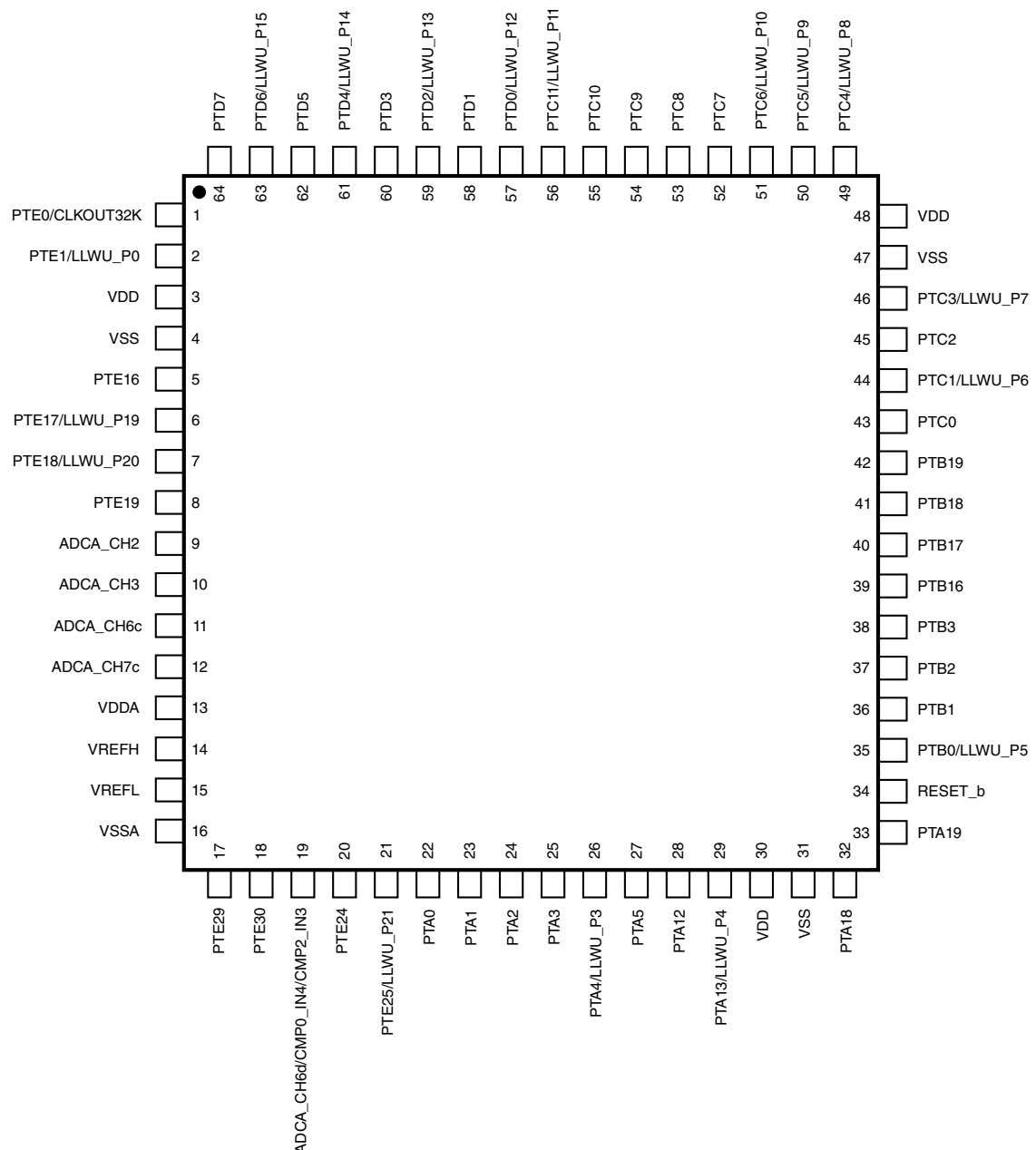


Figure 23. 64-pin LQFP

Table 43. Revision history (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		• Obtaining package dimensions • Pinout • In table "Power consumption operating behaviors", removed the text "Maximum core frequency of 150 Mhz" from note for I_{DDA}. • In table "Typical device clock specifications", removed information about High Speed run mode.
2	8/2015	• Updated instances of operating frequency from 150 MHz to 168 Mhz • Changed document number from "KV4XP100M150" to "KV4XP100M168" due to the change in operating frequency • Part numbers ending with "15" changed to ending with "16" • Removed instances of MKV45, MKV43, and MKV40 part numbers • Updated MKV41 part numbers to MKV42 • Added part numbers MKV44F256VLL16 and MKV44F256VLH16 • Updated table "Orderable part numbers summary" • In table Recommended Operating Conditions : • Updated minimum digital supply voltage to 1.71 V • Added footnote numbers 2 and 3 • Removed rows for I_{OH}, I_{OL}, N_F, T_R, and t_{FLRET} • Updated table Voltage and current operating behaviors • Updated table Power mode transition operating behaviors • Updated table Power consumption operating behaviors • Updated table EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors • Updated table Typical device clock specifications • Updated table Thermal attributes • Updated the PLL section of table MCG specifications • Updated t_{ersall} value in table Flash timing specifications — commands • Added note to section 12-bit cyclic Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) parameters • Updated I_{DDA_DACLP} and I_{DDA_DACHP} values in table 12-bit DAC operating behaviors • Updated the pinouts • Added section Enhanced NanoEdge PWM characteristics
3	06/2016	• Changed occurrences of Freescale to NXP • In the features list, added a section for "Kinetis Motor Suite" • Added section Kinetis Motor Suite (KMS) • In table 12-bit ADC electrical specifications, changed typical value of ENOB from 9.5 to 9.1