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Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

D-1-11-	
Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	S08
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	128 x 8
RAM Size	512 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	16-TSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	16-TSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mc9s08pa4vtg

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## 1 Ordering parts

#### 1.1 Determining valid orderable parts

Valid orderable part numbers are provided on the web. To determine the orderable part numbers for this device, go to nxp.com and perform a part number search for the following device numbers: PA4.

#### 2 Part identification

#### 2.1 Description

Part numbers for the chip have fields that identify the specific part. You can use the values of these fields to determine the specific part you have received.

#### 2.2 Format

Part numbers for this device have the following format:

MC 9 S08 PA AA (V) B CC

#### 2.3 Fields

This table lists the possible values for each field in the part number (not all combinations are valid):

Field	Description	Values
MC	Qualification status	MC = fully qualified, general market flow
9	Memory	9 = flash based
S08	Core	• S08 = 8-bit CPU
PA	Device family	• PA
AA	Approximate flash size in KB	• 4 = 4 KB
(V)	Mask set version	<ul> <li>(blank) = Any version<sup>1</sup></li> <li>A = Rev. 2 or later version, this is recommended for new design<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>

Table continues on the next page...

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## 4 Ratings

#### 4.1 Thermal handling ratings

Symbol	Description		Max.	Unit	Notes
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	<b>-</b> 55	150	°C	1
T <sub>SDR</sub>	Solder temperature, lead-free	_	260	°C	2

- 1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life.
- Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices.

### 4.2 Moisture handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
MSL	Moisture sensitivity level	_	3	_	1

 Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices.

#### 4.3 ESD handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
$V_{HBM}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model	-6000	+6000	V	1
V <sub>CDM</sub>	Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model		+500	V	2
I <sub>LAT</sub>	Latch-up current at ambient temperature of 125°C	-100	+100	mA	3

- Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Human Body Model (HBM).
- 2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components.
- 3. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD78D, IC Latch-up Test.
  - Test was performed at 125 °C case temperature (Class II).
  - I/O pins pass +100/-100 mA I-test with  $I_{DD}$  current limit at 200 mA.
  - I/O pins pass +20/-100 mA I-test with I<sub>DD</sub> current limit at 1000mA.
  - Supply groups pass 1.5 Vccmax.
  - RESET pin was only tested with negative I-test due to product conditioning requirement.

#### 4.4 Voltage and current operating ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maxima is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in below table may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the remaining tables in this document.

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltages higher than maximum-rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for instance, either  $V_{SS}$  or  $V_{DD}$ ) or the programmable pullup resistor associated with the pin is enabled.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply voltage	-0.3	6.0	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Maximum current into V <sub>DD</sub>	_	120	mA
V <sub>DIO</sub>	Digital input voltage (except RESET, EXTAL, XTAL, or true open drain pin PTB0)	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
	Digital input voltage (true open drain pin PTB0)	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>AIO</sub>	Analog <sup>1</sup> , RESET, EXTAL, and XTAL input voltage	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
I <sub>D</sub>	Instantaneous maximum current single pin limit (applies to all port pins)	-25	25	mA
$V_{DDA}$	Analog supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V

<sup>1.</sup> All digital I/O pins, except open-drain pin PTB0, are internally clamped to V<sub>SS</sub> and V<sub>DD</sub>. PTB0 is only clamped to V<sub>SS</sub>.

## General

#### Nonswitching electrical specifications 5.1

#### 5.1.1 **DC** characteristics

This section includes information about power supply requirements and I/O pin characteristics.

Table 2. DC characteristics

Symbol	С		Descriptions			Typical <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
_	_	Oper	ating voltage	_	2.7	_	5.5	٧
V <sub>OH</sub>	С	Output high voltage	All I/O pins, standard- drive strength	5 V, I <sub>load</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.8	_	_	V
	С			3 V, I <sub>load</sub> = -2.5 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.8	_	_	V
	С		High current drive pins, high-drive	5 V, I <sub>load</sub> = -20 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.8	_	_	V
	С		strength <sup>2</sup>	3 V, I <sub>load</sub> = -10 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.8	_	_	V
I <sub>OHT</sub>	D	Output high	Max total I <sub>OH</sub> for all	5 V	_	_	-100	mA
		current	ports	3 V	_	_	-50	
V <sub>OL</sub>	С	Output low voltage	All I/O pins, standard- drive strength	5 V, I <sub>load</sub> = 5 mA	_	_	0.8	V
	С			3 V, I <sub>load</sub> = 2.5 mA	_	_	0.8	V
	С		High current drive pins, high-drive	5 V, I <sub>load</sub> =20 mA	_	_	0.8	V
	С		strength <sup>2</sup>	3 V, I <sub>load</sub> = 10 mA	_	_	0.8	V
I <sub>OLT</sub>	D	Output low	Max total I <sub>OL</sub> for all	5 V	_	_	100	mA
		current	ports	3 V	_	_	50	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Р	Input high	All digital inputs	V <sub>DD</sub> >4.5V	$0.70 \times V_{DD}$	_	_	V
	С	voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> >2.7V	$0.75 \times V_{DD}$	_	_	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Р	Input low	All digital inputs	V <sub>DD</sub> >4.5V	_	_	$0.30 \times V_{DD}$	V
	С	voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> >2.7V	_	_	$0.35 \times V_{DD}$	1
V <sub>hys</sub>	С	Input hysteresis	All digital inputs	_	$0.06 \times V_{DD}$	_	_	mV
II <sub>In</sub> I	Р	Input leakage current	All input only pins (per pin)	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$	_	0.1	1	μA

Table continues on the next page...

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Table 2. DC characteristics (continued)

Symbol	С		Descriptions		Min	Typical <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
ll <sub>OZ</sub> l	Р	Hi-Z (off- state) leakage current	All input/output (per pin)	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$	_	0.1	1	μА
ll <sub>OZTOT</sub> l	С	Total leakage combined for all inputs and Hi-Z pins	All input only and I/O	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$	_	_	2	μА
R <sub>PU</sub>	Р	Pullup resistors	All digital inputs, when enabled (all I/O pins other than PTB0)	_	30.0	_	50.0	kΩ
R <sub>PU</sub> <sup>3</sup>	Р	Pullup resistors	PTB0 pin	_	30.0	_	60.0	kΩ
I <sub>IC</sub>	D	DC injection	Single pin limit	$V_{IN} < V_{SS}$	-0.2	_	2	mA
		current <sup>4, 5, 6</sup>	Total MCU limit, includes sum of all stressed pins	$V_{IN} > V_{DD}$	-5	_	25	
C <sub>In</sub>	С	Input capacitance, all pins		_	_	_	7	pF
$V_{RAM}$	С	RAM re	etention voltage	_	2.0	_	_	V

- 1. Typical values are measured at 25 °C. Characterized, not tested.
- 2. Only PTB4, PTB5 support ultra high current output.
- 3. The specified resistor value is the actual value internal to the device. The pullup value may appear higher when measured externally on the pin.
- 4. All functional non-supply pins, except for PTB0, are internally clamped to  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{DD}$ .
- 5. Input must be current-limited to the value specified. To determine the value of the required current-limiting resistor, calculate resistance values for positive and negative clamp voltages, then use the large one.
- 6. Power supply must maintain regulation within operating V<sub>DD</sub> range during instantaneous and operating maximum current conditions. If the positive injection current (V<sub>In</sub> > V<sub>DD</sub>) is higher than I<sub>DD</sub>, the injection current may flow out of V<sub>DD</sub> and could result in external power supply going out of regulation. Ensure that external V<sub>DD</sub> load will shunt current higher than maximum injection current when the MCU is not consuming power, such as no system clock is present, or clock rate is very low (which would reduce overall power consumption).

Table 3. LVD and POR Specification

Symbol	С	Desc	ription	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{POR}$	D	POR re-arm	n voltage <sup>1, 2</sup>	1.5	1.75	2.0	V
V <sub>LVDH</sub>	С	threshold - hig	Falling low-voltage detect threshold - high range (LVDV = 1) <sup>3</sup>		4.3	4.4	V
V <sub>LVW1H</sub>	С	Falling low- voltage	Level 1 falling (LVWV = 00)	4.3	4.4	4.5	V
V <sub>LVW2H</sub>	С	warning threshold - high range	Level 2 falling (LVWV = 01)	4.5	4.5	4.6	V
V <sub>LVW3H</sub>	С	riigir rarige	Level 3 falling (LVWV = 10)	4.6	4.6	4.7	V
V <sub>LVW4H</sub>	С		Level 4 falling (LVWV = 11)	4.7	4.7	4.8	V
V <sub>HYSH</sub>	С		High range low-voltage detect/warning hysteresis		100	_	mV

Table continues on the next page...

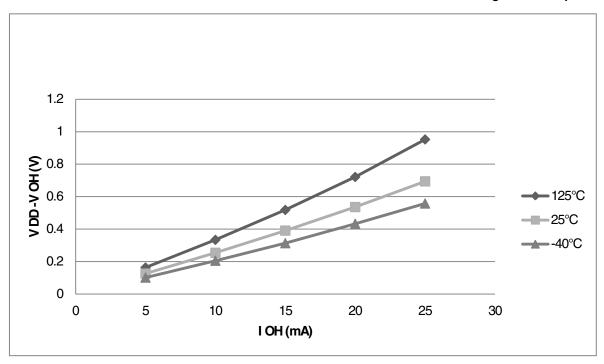


Figure 4. Typical  $I_{OH}$  Vs.  $V_{DD}$ - $V_{OH}$  (high drive strength) ( $V_{DD}$  = 3 V)

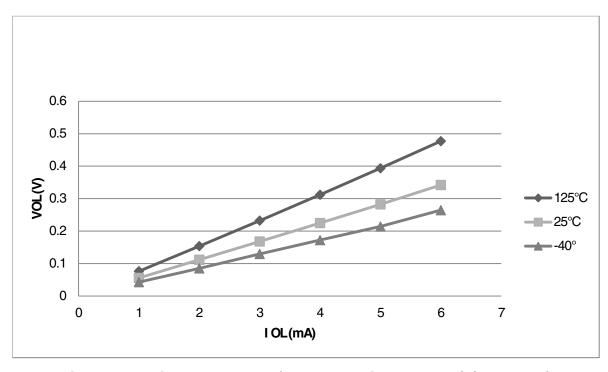


Figure 5. Typical  $I_{OL}$  Vs.  $V_{OL}$  (standard drive strength) ( $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ )

#### Nonswitching electrical specifications

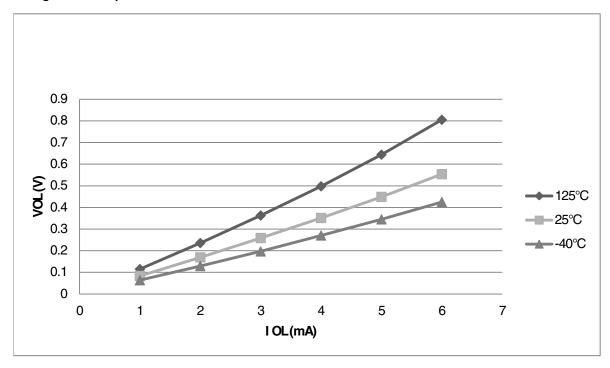


Figure 6. Typical  $I_{OL}$  Vs.  $V_{OL}$  (standard drive strength) ( $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$ )

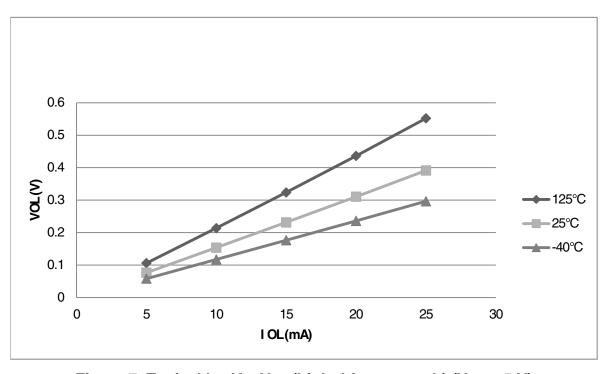


Figure 7. Typical  $I_{OL}$  Vs.  $V_{OL}$  (high drive strength) ( $V_{DD} = 5$  V)

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# 5.1.3.1 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors Table 5. EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors for 20-pin SOIC package

Symbol	Description	Frequency band (MHz)	Тур.	Unit	Notes
V <sub>RE1</sub>	Radiated emissions voltage, band 1	0.15–50	7	dΒμV	1, 2
V <sub>RE2</sub>	Radiated emissions voltage, band 2	50–150	9	dΒμV	
V <sub>RE3</sub>	Radiated emissions voltage, band 3	150–500	8	dΒμV	
V <sub>RE4</sub>	Radiated emissions voltage, band 4	500-1000	5	dΒμV	
V <sub>RE_IEC</sub>	IEC level	0.15-1000	N	_	2, 3

- Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, Integrated Circuits Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150
  kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions and IEC Standard 61967-2, Integrated Circuits Measurement of
  Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 2: Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband
  TEM Cell Method. Measurements were made while the microcontroller was running basic application code. The reported
  emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the
  measured orientations in each frequency range.
- 2.  $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_{OSC} = 10 \,^{\circ}\text{MHz}$  (crystal),  $f_{SYS} = 20 \,^{\circ}\text{MHz}$ ,  $f_{BUS} = 20 \,^{\circ}\text{MHz}$
- 3. Specified according to Annex D of IEC Standard 61967-2, Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method

### 5.2 Switching specifications

#### 5.2.1 Control timing

Table 6. Control timing

Num	С	Rating	J	Symbol	Min	Typical <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
1	Р	Bus frequency (t <sub>cyc</sub> = 1/f <sub>Bus</sub> )	f <sub>Bus</sub>	DC	_	20	MHz	
2	Р	Internal low power oscillato	r frequency	f <sub>LPO</sub>	0.67	1.0	1.25	KHz
3	D	External reset pulse width <sup>2</sup>		t <sub>extrst</sub>	1.5 ×	_	_	ns
					t <sub>cyc</sub>			
4	D	Reset low drive		t <sub>rstdrv</sub>	$34 \times t_{cyc}$	_	_	ns
5	D	BKGD/MS setup time after debug force reset to enter u	t <sub>MSSU</sub>	500	_	_	ns	
6	D	BKGD/MS hold time after is debug force reset to enter u	t <sub>MSH</sub>	100	_	_	ns	
7	D	IRQ pulse width	Asynchronous path <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>ILIH</sub>	100	_	_	ns
	D		Synchronous path <sup>4</sup>	t <sub>IHIL</sub>	$1.5 \times t_{cyc}$	_	_	ns
8	D	Keyboard interrupt pulse width	Asynchronous path <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>ILIH</sub>	100	_	_	ns
	D		Synchronous path	t <sub>IHIL</sub>	$1.5 \times t_{cyc}$	_		ns
9	С	Port rise and fall time -	_	t <sub>Rise</sub>	_	10.2	_	ns
	С	standard drive strength (load = 50 pF) <sup>5</sup>		t <sub>Fall</sub>	_	9.5	_	ns

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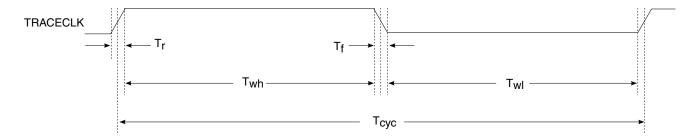


Figure 11. TRACE\_CLKOUT specifications

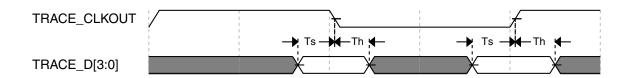


Figure 12. Trace data specifications

#### 5.2.3 FTM module timing

Synchronizer circuits determine the shortest input pulses that can be recognized or the fastest clock that can be used as the optional external source to the timer counter. These synchronizers operate from the current bus rate clock.

No.	С	Function	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	D	External clock frequency	f <sub>TCLK</sub>	0	f <sub>Bus</sub> /4	Hz
2	D	External clock period	t <sub>TCLK</sub>	4	_	t <sub>cyc</sub>
3	D	External clock high time	t <sub>clkh</sub>	1.5	_	t <sub>cyc</sub>
4	D	External clock low time	t <sub>clkl</sub>	1.5	_	t <sub>cyc</sub>
5	D	Input capture pulse width	t <sub>ICPW</sub>	1.5	_	t <sub>cyc</sub>

Table 8. FTM input timing

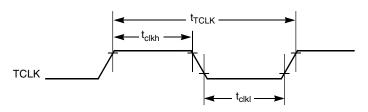


Figure 13. Timer external clock

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1. Maximum TA can be exceeded only if the user ensures that TJ does not exceed the maximum. The simplest method to determine  $T_J$  is:  $T_J = T_A + R_{\theta JA} x$  chip power dissipation.

# Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

#### External oscillator (XOSC) and ICS characteristics 6.1

Table 10. XOSC and ICS specifications in operating temperature range

Num	С	C	haracteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
1	С	Oscillator	Low range (RANGE = 0)	f <sub>lo</sub>	31.25	32.768	39.0625	kHz
	С	crystal or resonator	High range (RANGE = 1) FEE or FBE mode <sup>2</sup>	f <sub>hi</sub>	4	_	20	MHz
	С		High range (RANGE = 1), high gain (HGO = 1), FBELP mode	f <sub>hi</sub>	4	_	20	MHz
	С		High range (RANGE = 1), low power (HGO = 0), FBELP mode	f <sub>hi</sub>	4	_	20	MHz
2	D	Lo	oad capacitors	C1, C2		See Note <sup>3</sup>		
3	D	Feedback resistor	Low Frequency, Low-Power Mode <sup>4</sup>	$R_{F}$	_	_	_	ΜΩ
			Low Frequency, High-Gain Mode		_	10	_	ΜΩ
		High Frequency, Low- Power Mode		_	1	_	ΜΩ	
			High Frequency, High-Gain Mode		_	1	_	ΜΩ
4	D	Series resistor -	Low-Power Mode <sup>4</sup>	R <sub>S</sub>	_	_	_	kΩ
		Low Frequency	High-Gain Mode		_	200	_	kΩ
5	D	Series resistor - High Frequency	Low-Power Mode <sup>4</sup>	$R_S$	_	_	_	kΩ
	D	Series resistor -	4 MHz		_	0	_	kΩ
	D	High Frequency,	8 MHz		_	0	_	kΩ
	D	High-Gain Mode	16 MHz		_	0	_	kΩ
6	С	Crystal start-up	Low range, low power	t <sub>CSTL</sub>	_	1000	_	ms
	С	time Low range = 32.768 kHz	Low range, high power		_	800	_	ms
	C	crystal; High	High range, low power	t <sub>CSTH</sub>	_	3	_	ms
	С	range = 20 MHz crystal <sup>5</sup> , <sup>6</sup>	range = 20 MHz High range, high power		_	1.5	_	ms
7	Т	Internal re	eference start-up time	t <sub>IRST</sub>	_	20	50	μs
8	D	Square wave	FEE or FBE mode <sup>2</sup>	f <sub>extal</sub>	0.03125	_	5	MHz
	D	input clock frequency	FBELP mode		0	_	20	MHz

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Table 10. XOSC and ICS specifications in operating temperature range (continued)

Num	С	Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Typical <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
9	Р	Average internal reference frequency - trimmed		f <sub>int_t</sub>	_	31.25	_	kHz
10	Р	DCO output fi	requency range - trimmed	f <sub>dco_t</sub>	16	_	20	MHz
11	Р	Total deviation of DCO output	Over full voltage and temperature range	$\Delta f_{dco\_t}$	_	_	±2.0	%f <sub>dco</sub>
	С	from trimmed frequency <sup>5</sup>	Over fixed voltage and temperature range of 0 to 70 °C				±1.0	
12	С	FLL acquisition time <sup>5</sup> , <sup>7</sup>		t <sub>Acquire</sub>	_	_	2	ms
13	С	Long term jitter of DCO output clock (averaged over 2 ms interval) <sup>8</sup>		C <sub>Jitter</sub>	_	0.02	0.2	%f <sub>dco</sub>

- 1. Data in Typical column was characterized at 5.0 V, 25 °C or is typical recommended value.
- 2. When ICS is configured for FEE or FBE mode, input clock source must be divisible using RDIV to within the range of 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz.
- 3. See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation.
- Load capacitors (C<sub>1</sub>,C<sub>2</sub>), feedback resistor (R<sub>F</sub>) and series resistor (R<sub>S</sub>) are incorporated internally when RANGE = HGO = 0.
- 5. This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device.
- 6. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.
- 7. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value changed, or changing from FLL disabled (FBELP, FBILP) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
- 8. Jitter is the average deviation from the programmed frequency measured over the specified interval at maximum f<sub>Bus</sub>. Measurements are made with the device powered by filtered supplies and clocked by a stable external clock signal. Noise injected into the FLL circuitry via V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> and variation in crystal oscillator frequency increase the C<sub>Jitter</sub> percentage for a given interval.

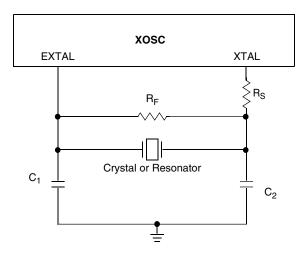


Figure 15. Typical crystal or resonator circuit

## 6.2 NVM specifications

This section provides details about program/erase times and program/erase endurance for the flash and EEPROM memories.

Table 11. Flash characteristics

С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min <sup>1</sup>	Typical <sup>2</sup>	Max <sup>3</sup>	Unit <sup>4</sup>
D	Supply voltage for program/erase in the operating temperature range	V <sub>prog/erase</sub>	2.7	_	5.5	V
D	Supply voltage for read operation	V <sub>Read</sub>	2.7	_	5.5	V
D	NVM Bus frequency	f <sub>NVMBUS</sub>	1	_	25	MHz
D	NVM Operating frequency	f <sub>NVMOP</sub>	0.8	1	1.05	MHz
D	Erase Verify All Blocks	t <sub>VFYALL</sub>	_	_	17338	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Erase Verify Flash Block	t <sub>RD1BLK</sub>	_	_	16913	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Erase Verify EEPROM Block	t <sub>RD1BLK</sub>	_	_	810	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Erase Verify Flash Section	t <sub>RD1SEC</sub>	_	_	484	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Erase Verify EEPROM Section	t <sub>DRD1SEC</sub>	_	_	555	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Read Once	t <sub>RDONCE</sub>	_	_	450	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Program Flash (2 word)	t <sub>PGM2</sub>	0.12	0.12	0.29	ms
D	Program Flash (4 word)	t <sub>PGM4</sub>	0.20	0.21	0.46	ms
D	Program Once	t <sub>PGMONCE</sub>	0.20	0.21	0.21	ms
D	Program EEPROM (1 Byte)	t <sub>DPGM1</sub>	0.10	0.10	0.27	ms
D	Program EEPROM (2 Byte)	t <sub>DPGM2</sub>	0.17	0.18	0.43	ms
D	Program EEPROM (3 Byte)	t <sub>DPGM3</sub>	0.25	0.26	0.60	ms
D	Program EEPROM (4 Byte)	t <sub>DPGM4</sub>	0.32	0.33	0.77	ms
D	Erase All Blocks	t <sub>ERSALL</sub>	96.01	100.78	101.49	ms
D	Erase Flash Block	t <sub>ERSBLK</sub>	95.98	100.75	101.44	ms
D	Erase Flash Sector	t <sub>ERSPG</sub>	19.10	20.05	20.08	ms
D	Erase EEPROM Sector	t <sub>DERSPG</sub>	4.81	5.05	20.57	ms
D	Unsecure Flash	t <sub>UNSECU</sub>	96.01	100.78	101.48	ms
D	Verify Backdoor Access Key	t <sub>VFYKEY</sub>	_	_	464	t <sub>cyc</sub>
D	Set User Margin Level	t <sub>MLOADU</sub>	_	_	407	t <sub>cyc</sub>
С	FLASH Program/erase endurance $T_L$ to $T_H$ in the operating temperature range	n <sub>FLPE</sub>	10 k	100 k	_	Cycles
С	EEPROM Program/erase endurance TL to TH in the operating temperature range	N <sub>FLPE</sub>	50 k	500 k	_	Cycles
С	Data retention at an average junction temperature of T <sub>Javg</sub> = 85°C after up to 10,000 program/erase cycles	t <sub>D_ret</sub>	15	100	_	years

<sup>1.</sup> Minimum times are based on maximum  $f_{NVMOP}$  and maximum  $f_{NVMBUS}$ 

<sup>2.</sup> Typical times are based on typical  $f_{\text{NVMOP}}$  and maximum  $f_{\text{NVMBUS}}$ 

<sup>3.</sup> Maximum times are based on typical  $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize NVMOP}}$  and typical  $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize NVMBUS}}$  plus aging

<sup>4.</sup>  $t_{cyc} = 1 / f_{NVMBUS}$ 

#### Peripheral operating requirements and behaviors

Program and erase operations do not require any special power sources other than the normal  $V_{DD}$  supply. For more detailed information about program/erase operations, see the Memory section.

## 6.3 Analog

#### 6.3.1 ADC characteristics

Table 12. 5 V 12-bit ADC operating conditions

Characteri stic	Conditions	Symb	Min	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Comment
Supply	Absolute	$V_{DDA}$	2.7	_	5.5	V	_
voltage	Delta to V <sub>DD</sub> (V <sub>DD</sub> -V <sub>DDAD</sub> )	$\Delta V_{DDA}$	-100	0	+100	mV	
Ground voltage	Delta to V <sub>SS</sub> (V <sub>SS</sub> -V <sub>SSA</sub> ) <sup>2</sup>	$\Delta V_{SSA}$	-100	0	+100	mV	
Input voltage		V <sub>ADIN</sub>	V <sub>REFL</sub>	_	V <sub>REFH</sub>	V	
Input capacitance		C <sub>ADIN</sub>	_	4.5	5.5	pF	
Input resistance		R <sub>ADIN</sub>	_	3	5	kΩ	_
Analog source	12-bit mode • f <sub>ADCK</sub> > 4 MHz	R <sub>AS</sub>	_	_	2	kΩ	External to MCU
resistance	• f <sub>ADCK</sub> < 4 MHz		_	_	5		
	<ul><li>10-bit mode</li><li>f<sub>ADCK</sub> &gt; 4 MHz</li></ul>		_	_	5		
	• f <sub>ADCK</sub> < 4 MHz		_	_	10		
	8-bit mode		_	_	10		
	(all valid f <sub>ADCK</sub> )						
ADC	High speed (ADLPC=0)	f <sub>ADCK</sub>	0.4	_	8.0	MHz	_
conversion clock frequency	Low power (ADLPC=1)		0.4	_	4.0		

<sup>1.</sup> Typical values assume V<sub>DDA</sub> = 5.0 V, Temp = 25°C, f<sub>ADCK</sub>=1.0 MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.

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<sup>2.</sup> DC potential difference.

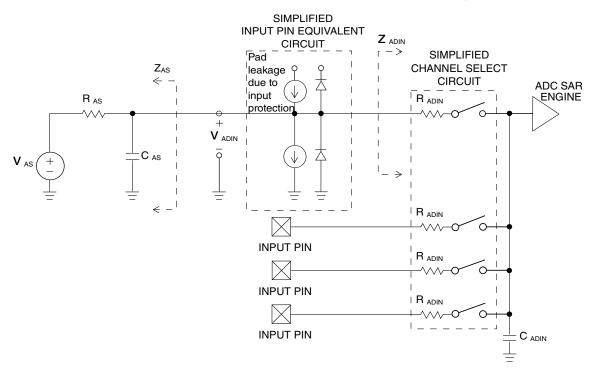


Figure 16. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

Table 13. 12-bit ADC Characteristics ( $V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$ ,  $V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}$ )

Characteristic	Conditions	С	Symb	Min	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit
Supply current		T	I <sub>DDA</sub>	_	133	_	μΑ
ADLPC = 1							
ADLSMP = 1							
ADCO = 1							
Supply current		Т	I <sub>DDA</sub>	_	218	_	μΑ
ADLPC = 1							
ADLSMP = 0							
ADCO = 1							
Supply current		Т	I <sub>DDA</sub>	_	327	_	μΑ
ADLPC = 0							
ADLSMP = 1							
ADCO = 1							
Supply current		Т	I <sub>DDAD</sub>	_	582	990	μΑ
ADLPC = 0							
ADLSMP = 0							
ADCO = 1							
Supply current	Stop, reset, module off	Т	I <sub>DDA</sub>	_	0.011	1	μΑ
ADC asynchronous clock source	High speed (ADLPC = 0)	Р	f <sub>ADACK</sub>	2	3.3	5	MHz

Table continues on the next page...

### 6.3.2 Analog comparator (ACMP) electricals

Table 14. Comparator electrical specifications

С	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
D	Supply voltage	$V_{DDA}$	2.7	_	5.5	V
Т	Supply current (Operation mode)	I <sub>DDA</sub>	_	10	20	μΑ
D	Analog input voltage	V <sub>AIN</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	_	$V_{DDA}$	V
Р	Analog input offset voltage	V <sub>AIO</sub>	_	_	40	mV
С	Analog comparator hysteresis (HYST=0)	$V_{H}$	_	15	20	mV
С	Analog comparator hysteresis (HYST=1)	V <sub>H</sub>	_	20	30	mV
Т	Supply current (Off mode)	I <sub>DDAOFF</sub>	_	60	_	nA
С	Propagation Delay	t <sub>D</sub>	_	0.4	1	μs

#### 7 Dimensions

## 7.1 Obtaining package dimensions

Package dimensions are provided in package drawings.

To find a package drawing, go to nxp.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

If you want the drawing for this package	Then use this document number
8-pin DFN	98ASA00448D
8-pin SOIC	98ASB42564B
16-pin TSSOP	98ASH70247A
20-pin SOIC	98ASB42343B

### 8 Pinout

### 8.1 Signal multiplexing and pin assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.

Table 15. Pin availability by package pin-count

	Pin Number		Lowest Priority <> Highest					
20-SOIC/ TSSOP	16-TSSOP	8-DFN/SOIC	Port Pin	Alt 1	Alt 2	Alt 3	Alt 4	
1	1	1	PTA5	IRQ	FTM1CH0	_	RESET	
2	2	2	PTA4	_	ACMPO	BKGD	MS	
3	3	3	_	_	_	_	$V_{DD}$	
4	4	4	<del>_</del>	_	_	_	V <sub>SS</sub>	
5	5	_	PTB7	_	_	_	EXTAL	
6	6	_	PTB6	_	_	_	XTAL	
7	7	_	PTB5 <sup>1</sup>	_	FTM1CH1	_	_	
8	8	_	PTB4 <sup>1</sup>	_	FTM1CH0	_	_	
9	_	_	PTC3	_	_	_	_	
10	_	_	PTC2	_	_	_	_	
11	_	_	PTC1	_	_	_	_	
12	_	_	PTC0	_	_	_	_	
13	9	_	PTB3	KBI0P7	_	TCLK1	ADP7	
14	10	_	PTB2	KBI0P6	_	_	ADP6	
15	11	_	PTB1	KBI0P5	TxD0	_	ADP5	
16	12	_	PTB0 <sup>2</sup>	KBI0P4	RxD0	TCLK0	ADP4	
17	13	5	PTA3	KBI0P3	FTM0CH1	TxD0	ADP3	
18	14	6	PTA2	KBI0P2	FTM0CH0	RxD0	ADP2	
19	15	7	PTA1	KBI0P1	FTM0CH1	ACMP1	ADP1	
20	16	8	PTA0	KBI0P0	FTM0CH0	ACMP0	ADP0	

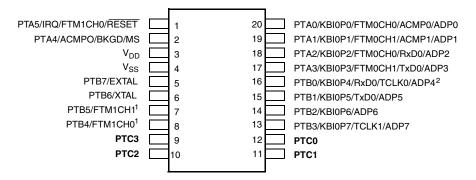
<sup>1.</sup> This is a high current drive pin when operated as output.

#### **Note**

When an alternative function is first enabled, it is possible to get a spurious edge to the module. User software must clear any associated flags before interrupts are enabled. The table above illustrates the priority if multiple modules are enabled. The highest priority module will have control over the pin. Selecting a higher priority pin function with a lower priority function already enabled can cause spurious edges to the lower priority module. Disable all modules that share a pin before enabling another module.

### 8.2 Device pin assignment

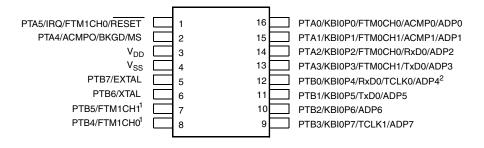
<sup>2.</sup> This is a true open-drain pin when operated as output.



Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

- 1. High source/sink current pins
- 2. True open drain pins

Figure 17. MC9S08PA4 20-pin SOIC/TSSOP packages



Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

- 1. High source/sink current pins
- 2. True open drain pins

Figure 18. 16-pin TSSOP package

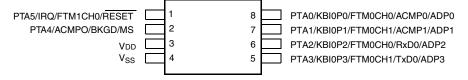


Figure 19. 8-pin DFN/SOIC packages

## 9 Revision history

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 16. Revision history

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
2	12/2012	Initial public release
3	5/2014	<ul> <li>Renamed the low drive strength to standard drive strength.</li> <li>Updated V<sub>DIO</sub>.</li> <li>Added footnote on the S3I<sub>DD</sub></li> </ul>

Table continues on the next page...

MC9S08PA4 Data Sheet, Rev. 8, 08/2018

#### **Revision history**

## Table 16. Revision history (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		Updated EMC test conditions to be f <sub>OSC</sub> = 10 MHz and f <sub>SYS</sub> = 20 MHz  Updated f <sub>int_t</sub> Updated Flash characteristics Updated the rating descriptions for t <sub>Rise</sub> and t <sub>Fall</sub> Updated footnote on t <sub>Acquire</sub> Added new part of MC9S08PA4MTG with operating tempature range from -40 to 125 °C Updated I <sub>LAT</sub>
3.1	09/2014	<ul> <li>Updated the part number format to add new field for new part numbers in Fields.</li> </ul>
4	06/2015	<ul> <li>Corrected the Min. of the t<sub>extrst</sub> in Control timing</li> <li>Updated Thermal characteristics to add footnote to the T<sub>A</sub> and removed redundant information</li> </ul>
5	01/2017	Updated to add FTM2 module.
6	08/2017	Updated to add new package of 8-pin DFN.
7	12/2017	Updated to add new packages of 20-pin TSSOP and 8-pin SOIC.
8	08/2018	Add a note in Fields.

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