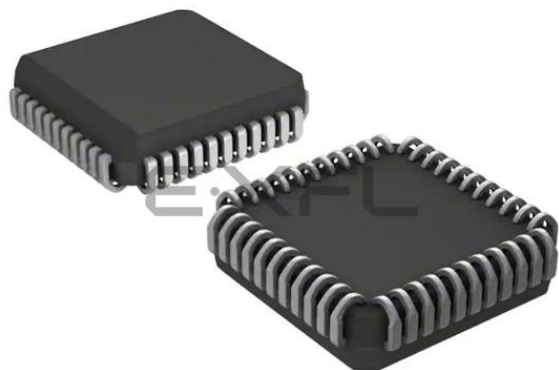




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	34
Number of Gates	3000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	44-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	44-PLCC (16.59x16.59)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx02-1pl44

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1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 15.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 15.0 of this document.

- Table 15, page 21 is edited to add the footnote, $V_{IH}(\text{Min})$ is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 22, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, $V_{IH}(\text{Min})$ is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 23, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, $V_{IH}(\text{Min})$ is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

1.2 Revision 14.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 14.0 of this document.

- Added CQFP package information for A42MX16 device in Product Profile, page 1 and Ceramic Device Resources, page 4 (SAR 79522).
- Added Military (M) and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CPGA 132 Package and added Commercial (C), Military (M), and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CQFP 172 Package in Temperature Grade Offerings, page 5 (SAR 79519)
- Changed Silicon Sculptor II to Silicon Sculptor in Programming, page 12 (SAR 38754)
- Added Figure 53, page 158 CQ172 package (SAR 79522).

1.3 Revision 13.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 13.0 of this document.

- Added Figure 42, page 97 PQ144 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)
- Added Figure 52, page 153 PQ132 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)

1.4 Revision 12.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 12.0 of this document.

- Added information on power-up behavior for A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to the Power Supply, page 13 (SAR 42096)
- Corrected the inadvertent mistake in the naming of the PL68 pin assignment table (SARs 48999, 49793)

1.5 Revision 11.0

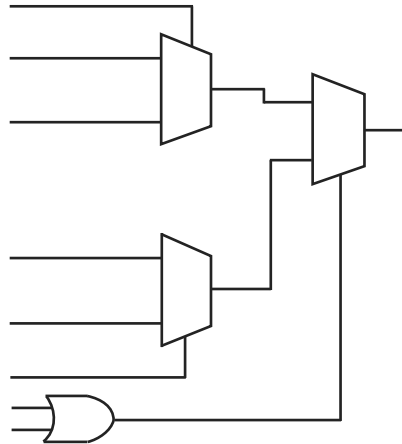
The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- The FuseLock logo and accompanying text was removed from the User Security, page 12. This marking is no longer used on Microsemi devices (PCN 0915)
- The Development Tool Support, page 19 was updated (SAR 38512)

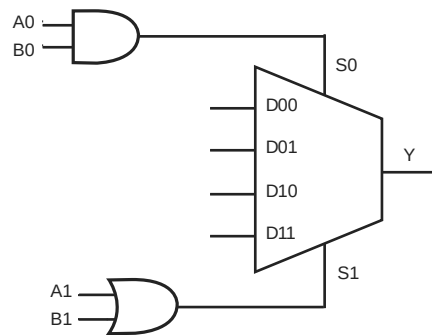
1.6 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- Ordering Information, page 3 was updated to include lead-free package ordering codes (SAR 21968)
- The User Security, page 12 was revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 34673)

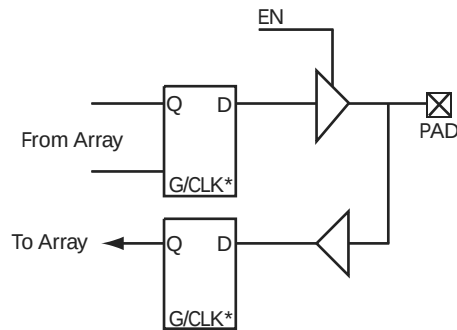
Figure 2 • 42MX C-Module Implementation

The 42MX devices contain three types of logic modules: combinatorial (C-modules), sequential (S-modules) and decode (D-modules). The following figure illustrates the combinatorial logic module. The S-module, shown in Figure 4, page 8, implements the same combinatorial logic function as the C-module while adding a sequential element. The sequential element can be configured as either a D-flip-flop or a transparent latch. The S-module register can be bypassed so that it implements purely combinatorial logic.

Figure 3 • 42MX C-Module Implementation

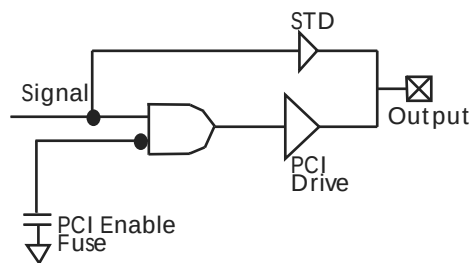
Designer software development tools provide a design library of I/O macro functions that can implement all I/O configurations supported by the MX FPGAs.

Figure 10 • 42MX I/O Module



Note: *Can be configured as a Latch or D Flip-Flop (Using C-Module)

Figure 11 • PCI Output Structure of A42MX24 and A42MX36 Devices



3.3 Other Architectural Features

The following sections cover other architectural features of 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

3.3.1 Performance

MX devices can operate with internal clock frequencies of 250 MHz, enabling fast execution of complex logic functions. MX devices are live on power-up and do not require auxiliary configuration devices and thus are an optimal platform to integrate the functionality contained in multiple programmable logic devices. In addition, designs that previously would have required a gate array to meet performance can be integrated into an MX device with improvements in cost and time-to-market. Using timing-driven place-and-route (TDPR) tools, designers can achieve highly deterministic device performance.

3.3.2 User Security

Microsemi FuseLock provides robust security against design theft. Special security fuses are hidden in the fabric of the device and protect against unauthorized users attempting to access the programming and/or probe interfaces. It is virtually impossible to identify or bypass these fuses without damaging the device, making Microsemi antifuse FPGAs protected with the highest level of security available from both invasive and noninvasive attacks.

Special security fuses in 40MX devices include the Probe Fuse and Program Fuse. The former disables the probing circuitry while the latter prohibits further programming of all fuses, including the Probe Fuse. In 42MX devices, there is the Security Fuse which, when programmed, both disables the probing circuitry and prohibits further programming of the device.

3.3.3 Programming

Device programming is supported through the Silicon Sculptor series of programmers. Silicon Sculptor is a compact, robust, single-site and multi-site device programmer for the PC. With standalone software, Silicon Sculptor is designed to allow concurrent programming of multiple units from the same PC.

f_{q2} = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz)

Table 7 • Fixed Capacitance Values for MX FPGAs (pF)

Device Type	r1 routed_Clk1	r2 routed_Clk2
A40MX02	41.4	N/A
A40MX04	68.6	N/A
A42MX09	118	118
A42MX16	165	165
A42MX24	185	185
A42MX36	220	220

3.4.6 Test Circuitry and Silicon Explorer II Probe

MX devices contain probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, via the use of Silicon Explorer II. Silicon Explorer II is an integrated hardware and software solution that, in conjunction with the Designer software, allow users to examine any of the internal nets of the device while it is operating in a prototyping or a production system. The user can probe into an MX device without changing the placement and routing of the design and without using any additional resources. Silicon Explorer II's noninvasive method does not alter timing or loading effects, thus shortening the debug cycle and providing a true representation of the device under actual functional situations.

Silicon Explorer II samples data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

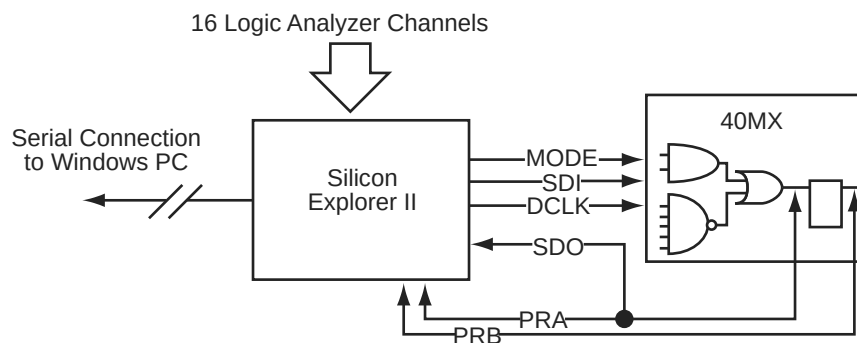
Silicon Explorer II is used to control the MODE, DCLK, SDI and SDO pins in MX devices to select the desired nets for debugging. The user simply assigns the selected internal nets in the Silicon Explorer II software to the PRA/PRB output pins for observation. Probing functionality is activated when the MODE pin is held HIGH.

Figure 12, page 16 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 40MX devices, while Figure 13, page 17 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 42MX devices

To allow for probing capabilities, the security fuses must not be programmed. (See User Security, page 12 for the security fuses of 40MX and 42MX devices). Table 8, page 17 summarizes the possible device configurations for probing.

PRA and PRB pins are dual-purpose pins. When the "Reserve Probe Pin" is checked in the Designer software, PRA and PRB pins are reserved as dedicated outputs for probing. If PRA and PRB pins are required as user I/Os to achieve successful layout and "Reserve Probe Pin" is checked, the layout tool will override the option and place user I/Os on PRA and PRB pins.

Figure 12 • Silicon Explorer II Setup with 40MX



3. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND

3.8 3.3 V Operating Conditions

The following table shows 3.3 V operating conditions.

Table 16 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 17 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 18 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCC (40MX)	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
VCCA (42MX)	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
VCCI (42MX)	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

All the following tables show various specifications and operating conditions of 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

3.8.1 3.3 V LVTTTL Electrical Specifications

Table 19 • 3.3V LVTTTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH ¹	IOH = -4 mA	2.15		2.15		2.4		2.4		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 6 mA		0.4		0.4		0.48		0.48	V
VIL		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX)		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL			-10		-10		-10		-10	μA
IIH			-10		-10		-10		-10	μA
Input Transition Time, T _R and T _F			500		500		500		500	ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC ²	A40MX02, A40MX04		3		25		10		25	mA
	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		15		25		25		25	mA
Low-Power Mode Standby Current	42MX devices only		0.5		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0	mA
IIO, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the <i>IBIS model</i> (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min.
2. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND.

3.9 Mixed 5.0 V / 3.3 V Operating Conditions (for 42MX Devices Only)

Table 20 • Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCCA + 0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI + 0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _p	Minimum Period	FO = 16	6.5		7.5		8.5		10.1		14.1		ns
		FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16		113		105		96		83		50	MHz
		FO = 128		109		101		92		80		48	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁴													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			5.2		6.0		6.8		8.1		11.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.9	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.6		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.4	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		2.1		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		3.4		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.2		3.0	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.8		1.9		2.2		2.6		3.6	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5		7.3		8.2		9.7		13.5		ns

Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵ (continued)													
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O			7.7		8.5		9.6		11.3		15.9	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O			14.8		16.5		18.7		22.0		30.8	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH			0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.8		5.3		5.5		6.4		9.0	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			3.5		3.9		4.1		4.9		6.8	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			3.4		4.0		5.0		5.8		8.2	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.2		8.0		9.0		10.7		14.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			6.7		7.5		8.5		9.9		13.9	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.2	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.2	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O			7.7		8.5		9.6		11.3		15.9	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O			14.8		16.5		18.7		22.0		30.8	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH			0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.1		ns
		FO = 486	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	7.8		8.7		9.5		10.8		18.2		ns
		FO = 486	8.6		9.5		10.4		11.9		19.9		ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.5		3.9		4.5		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.3		6.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.3		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions ¹												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD5} FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6	ns
t _{RDD} Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}											
t _{CO} Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{GO} Latch Gate-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{SUD} Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD} Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO} Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{SUENA} Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0		ns
t _{HENA} Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA} Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t _{WASYN} Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations											
t _{RC} Read Cycle Time		9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6	ns
t _{WC} Write Cycle Time		9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6	ns
t _{RCKHL} Clock HIGH/LOW Time		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t _{RCO} Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t _{ADSU} Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.8		ns

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O

Table 50 • PQ 100

PQ100				
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
93	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
94	VCC	VCC	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
95	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	NC	I/O	GND	GND
97	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O
99	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O
100	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 44 • PQ208

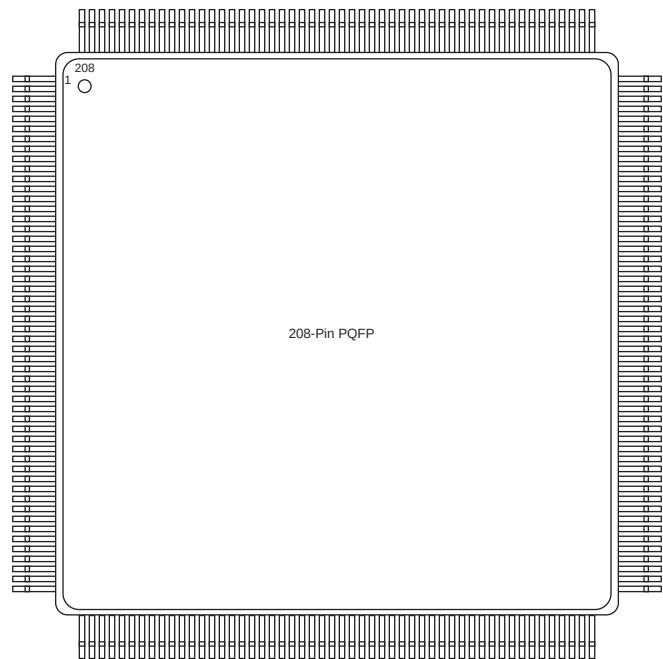


Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
3	MODE	MODE	MODE
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	NC	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	NC	I/O	I/O
17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
57	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	LP	LP
63	VCCA	VCCA
64	VCCI	VCCI
65	VCCA	VCCA
66	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O
70	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	GND	GND
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
88	VCCA	VCCA
89	I/O	I/O
90	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
91	I/O	I/O
92	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	GND
53	GND
54	TMS, I/O
55	TDI, I/O
56	I/O
57	WD, I/O
58	WD, I/O
59	I/O
60	VCCI
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	QCLKA, I/O
66	WD, I/O
67	WD, I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	WD, I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M17	I/O
M18	I/O
M19	I/O
M20	I/O
N1	I/O
N2	I/O
N3	I/O
N4	VCCI
N17	VCCI
N18	I/O
N19	I/O
N20	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	VCCA
P17	I/O
P18	I/O
P19	I/O
P20	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	VCCI
R17	VCCI
R18	I/O
R19	I/O
R20	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T17	VCCA
T18	I/O

Table 62 • CQ172

138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	GND
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	PROBA
149	I/O
150	CLKA
151	VCC
152	GND
153	I/O
154	CLKB
155	I/O
156	PROBB
157	I/O
158	I/O
159	I/O
160	I/O
161	GND
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	I/O
166	VCCI
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O
170	I/O
171	DCLK