



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	57
Number of Gates	3000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx02-1pq100i

Figures

Figure 1	Ordering Information	3
Figure 2	42MX C-Module Implementation	7
Figure 3	42MX C-Module Implementation	7
Figure 4	42MX S-Module Implementation	8
Figure 5	A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation	9
Figure 6	A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block	9
Figure 7	MX Routing Structure	10
Figure 8	Clock Networks of 42MX Devices	11
Figure 9	Quadrant Clock Network of A42MX36 Devices	11
Figure 10	42MX I/O Module	12
Figure 11	PCI Output Structure of A42MX24 and A42MX36 Devices	12
Figure 12	Silicon Explorer II Setup with 40MX	16
Figure 13	Silicon Explorer II Setup with 42MX	17
Figure 14	42MX IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan Circuitry	18
Figure 15	Device Selection Wizard	19
Figure 16	Typical Output Drive Characteristics (Based Upon Measured Data)	28
Figure 17	40MX Timing Model*	30
Figure 18	42MX Timing Model	30
Figure 19	42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks)	31
Figure 20	42MX Timing Model (SRAM Functions)	32
Figure 21	Output Buffer Delays	32
Figure 22	AC Test Loads	33
Figure 23	Input Buffer Delays	33
Figure 24	Module Delays	33
Figure 25	Flip-Flops and Latches	34
Figure 26	Input Buffer Latches	34
Figure 27	Output Buffer Latches	35
Figure 28	Decode Module Timing	35
Figure 29	SRAM Timing Characteristics	35
Figure 30	42MX SRAM Write Operation	36
Figure 31	42MX SRAM Synchronous Read Operation	36
Figure 32	42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 1 (Read Address Controlled)	36
Figure 33	42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 2 (Write Address Controlled)	37
Figure 34	42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $VCCA = 5.0\text{ V}$)	38
Figure 35	40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $VCC = 5.0\text{ V}$)	39
Figure 36	42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $VCCA = 3.3\text{ V}$)	39
Figure 37	40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $VCC = 3.3\text{ V}$)	40
Figure 38	PL44	86
Figure 39	PL68	88
Figure 40	PL84	90
Figure 41	PQ100	93
Figure 42	PQ144	97
Figure 43	PQ160	102
Figure 44	PQ208	107
Figure 45	PQ240	113
Figure 46	VQ80	120
Figure 47	VQ100	123
Figure 48	TQ176	126
Figure 49	CQ208	131
Figure 50	CQ256	138

Figure 51	BG272	145
Figure 52	PG132	153
Figure 53	CQ172	158

3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45 μ m triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

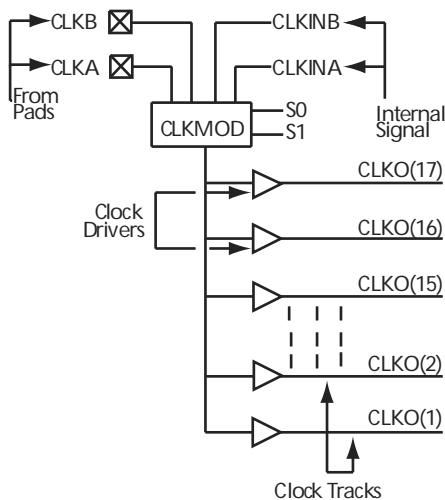
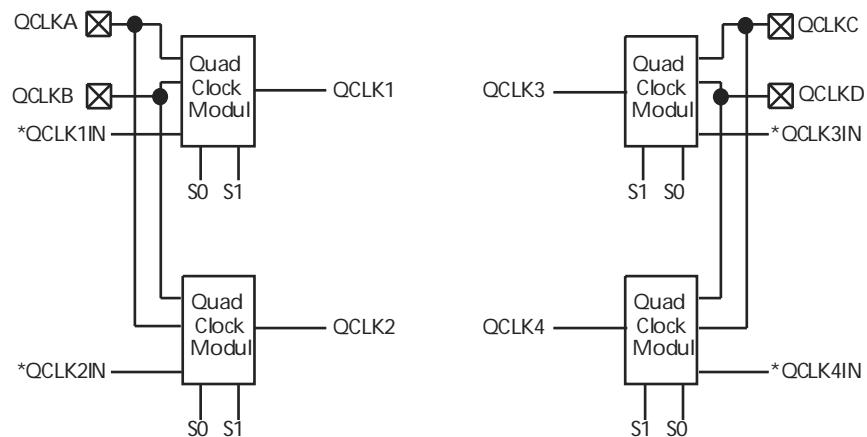
3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

Figure 8 • Clock Networks of 42MX Devices**Figure 9 • Quadrant Clock Network of A42MX36 Devices**

Note: *QCLK1IN, QCLK2IN, QCLK3IN, and QCLK4IN are internally-generated signals.

3.2.5 MultiPlex I/O Modules

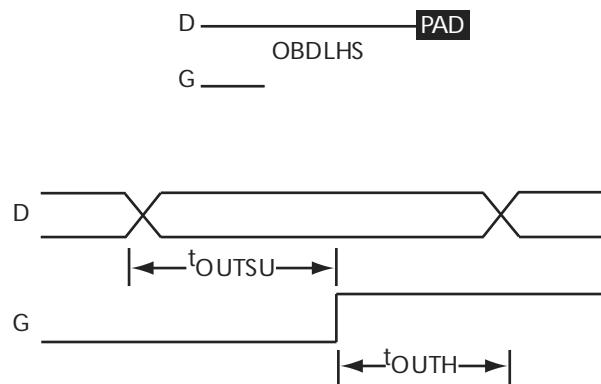
42MX devices feature Multiplex I/Os and support 5.0 V, 3.3 V, and mixed 3.3 V/5.0 V operations.

The MultiPlex I/O modules provide the interface between the device pins and the logic array. Figure 10, page 12 is a block diagram of the 42MX I/O module. A variety of user functions, determined by a library macro selection, can be implemented in the module. (See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more information.) All 42MX I/O modules contain tristate buffers, with input and output latches that can be configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation.

All 42MX devices contain flexible I/O structures, where each output pin has a dedicated output-enable control (Figure 10, page 12). The I/O module can be used to latch input or output data, or both, providing fast set-up time. In addition, the Designer software tools can build a D-type flip-flop using a C-module combined with an I/O module to register input and output signals. See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more details.

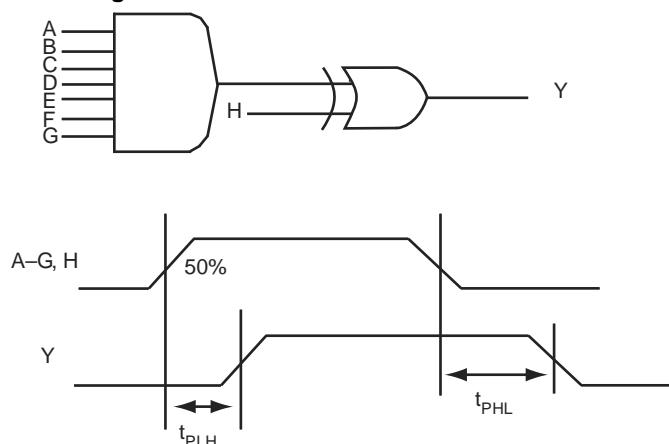
A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also offer selectable PCI output drives, enabling 100% compliance with version 2.1 of the PCI specification. For low-power systems, all inputs and outputs are turned off to reduce current consumption to below 500 μ A.

To achieve 5.0 V or 3.3 V PCI-compliant output drives on A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices, a chip-wide PCI fuse is programmed via the Device Selection Wizard in the Designer software (Figure 11, page 12). When the PCI fuse is not programmed, the output drive is standard.

Figure 27 • Output Buffer Latches

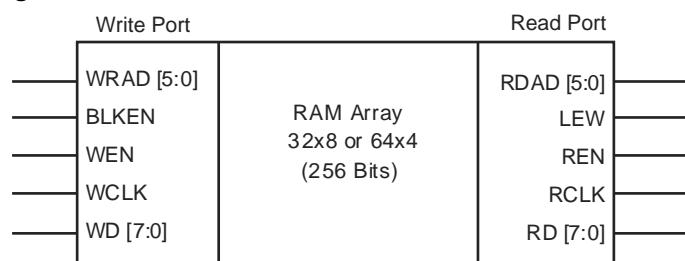
3.10.4 Decode Module Timing

The following figure shows decode module timing.

Figure 28 • Decode Module Timing

3.10.5 SRAM Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows SRAM timing characteristics.

Figure 29 • SRAM Timing Characteristics

3.10.6 Dual-Port SRAM Timing Waveforms

The following figures show dual-port SRAM timing waveforms.

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _P Minimum Period	FO = 16	6.5		7.5		8.5		10.1		14.1	ns
	FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	
f _{MAX} Maximum Frequency	FO = 16		113		105		96		83		50 MHz
	FO = 128		109		101		92		80		48
TTL Output Module Timing⁴											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0 ns
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0 ns
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH			5.2		6.0		6.8		8.1		11.3 ns
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW			6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1 ns
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z			11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9 ns
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z			8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7 ns
d _{TLH} Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06 ns/pF
d _{THL} Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08 ns/pF

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		
Parameter / Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns	
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns	
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns	
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.5	7.5	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		181	167	154	134	80	80	80	80	MHz	
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	ns	
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	ns	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays¹												
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.1	2.4	2.2	3.2	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	ns	
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	ns	
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.1	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	ns	
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.6	4.2	4.8	5.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	ns	
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.7	6.6	7.5	8.8	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	ns	
Global Clock Network												
t _{CKH}	Input Low to HIGH	FO = 16	4.6	5.3	6.0	7.0	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	ns	
		FO = 128	4.6	5.3	6.0	7.0	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	ns	
t _{CKL}	Input High to LOW	FO = 16	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
		FO = 128	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	ns	
		FO = 128	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	ns	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	ns	
		FO = 128	2.4	2.7	3.01	3.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	ns	
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns	
		FO = 128	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	ns	
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 16	4.7	5.4	6.1	7.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	ns	
		FO = 128	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.5	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16	188	175	160	139	83	83	83	83	MHz	
		FO = 128	181	168	154	134	80	80	80	80	ns	
TTL Output Module Timing⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.3	3.8	4.3	5.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	ns	
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0	4.6	5.2	6.1	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	ns	
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7	4.3	4.9	5.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	ns	
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.7	5.4	6.1	7.2	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	ns	
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9	9.1	10.4	12.2	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	ns	

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns				
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.3	6.1	ns				
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	4.9	5.4	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.9	11.1	ns				
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	5.3	ns				
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	5.3	ns				
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	5.2	5.8	6.6	7.7	10.8	ns				
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	7.4	8.2	9.3	10.9	15.3	ns				
d _{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1 ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0		4.5		5.1		6.1		8.3 ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.6		5.5		7.6 ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.5		5.1		6.1		8.5 ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		6.9		7.6		8.6		10.2		14.2 ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		7.5		8.3		9.4		11.1		15.5 ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.8		6.5		7.3		8.6		12.0 ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.8		6.5		7.3		8.6		12.0 ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		8.7		9.7		10.9		12.9		18.0 ns
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		12.2		13.5		15.4		18.1		25.3 ns
d _{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.10		0.01	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.09		0.10		0.10		0.10		0.10	ns/pF

Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7 ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2 ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3 ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3,4}											
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7 ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1	ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency	215		195		179		156		94	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays											
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.1		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2 ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7 ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y HIGH		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y LOW		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9 ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		4.0 ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3 ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9 ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.6		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.4 ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.6		4.0		4.6		5.4		7.5 ns
Global Clock Network											
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4 ns
		FO = 384	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0 ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8 ns
		FO = 384	4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2 ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6 ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6 ns

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing⁵ (Continued)											
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns				
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns				
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	5.7	6.3	7.1	8.4	11.8	ns				
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	7.8	8.6	9.8	11.5	16.1	ns				
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF				

Table 50 • PQ 100

PQ100	Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
56	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O	
57	I/O	I/O	GND	GND	
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
60	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
61	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
63	GND	GND	I/O	I/O	
64	I/O	I/O	LP	LP	
65	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	
66	I/O	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	
67	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	
68	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
69	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O	
70	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
72	I/O	I/O	GND	GND	
73	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
75	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
76	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
77	NC	NC	I/O	I/O	
78	NC	NC	I/O	I/O	
79	NC	NC	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	
80	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O	
81	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O	
82	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O	
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
84	I/O	I/O	GND	GND	
85	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
86	GND	GND	I/O	I/O	
87	GND	GND	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	
88	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
89	I/O	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	
90	CLK, I/O	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	
91	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
92	MODE	MODE	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
80	GNDI
81	NC
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VKS
89	VPP
90	VCC
91	VCCI
92	NC
93	VSV
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	GND
101	GNDI
102	NC
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	I/O
110	SDI
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	GNDQ

Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160	Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
	21	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
	22	I/O	I/O	I/O
	23	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
	24	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
	25	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	26	I/O	I/O	I/O
	27	I/O	I/O	I/O
	28	NC	I/O	I/O
	29	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	30	GND	GND	GND
	31	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
	32	I/O	I/O	I/O
	33	I/O	I/O	I/O
	34	I/O	I/O	I/O
	35	NC	VCCI	VCCI
	36	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	37	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	38	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
	39	I/O	I/O	I/O
	40	GND	GND	GND
	41	I/O	I/O	I/O
	42	I/O	I/O	I/O
	43	I/O	I/O	I/O
	44	GND	GND	GND
	45	I/O	I/O	I/O
	46	I/O	I/O	I/O
	47	I/O	I/O	I/O
	48	I/O	I/O	I/O
	49	GND	GND	GND
	50	I/O	I/O	I/O
	51	I/O	I/O	I/O
	52	NC	I/O	I/O
	53	I/O	I/O	I/O
	54	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	55	I/O	I/O	I/O
	56	I/O	I/O	I/O
	57	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160	Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
	132	I/O	I/O	I/O
	133	I/O	I/O	I/O
	134	I/O	I/O	I/O
	135	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	136	I/O	I/O	I/O
	137	I/O	I/O	I/O
	138	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	139	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	140	GND	GND	GND
	141	NC	I/O	I/O
	142	I/O	I/O	I/O
	143	I/O	I/O	I/O
	144	I/O	I/O	I/O
	145	GND	GND	GND
	146	NC	I/O	I/O
	147	I/O	I/O	I/O
	148	I/O	I/O	I/O
	149	I/O	I/O	I/O
	150	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	151	NC	I/O	I/O
	152	NC	I/O	I/O
	153	NC	I/O	I/O
	154	NC	I/O	I/O
	155	GND	GND	GND
	156	I/O	I/O	I/O
	157	I/O	I/O	I/O
	158	I/O	I/O	I/O
	159	MODE	MODE	MODE
	160	GND	GND	GND

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	GND
79	VCCA
80	VCCI
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	WD, I/O
86	WD, I/O
87	I/O
88	I/O
89	I/O
90	I/O
91	QCLKB, I/O
92	I/O
93	WD, I/O
94	WD, I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	VCCI
99	I/O
100	WD, I/O
101	WD, I/O
102	I/O
103	TDO, I/O
104	I/O
105	GND
106	VCCA
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	I/O
110	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	GND
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	GND
158	I/O
159	SDI, I/O
160	I/O
161	WD, I/O
162	WD, I/O
163	I/O
164	VCCI
165	I/O
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	WD, I/O
169	WD, I/O
170	I/O
171	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	WD, I/O
177	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O
179	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O
181	I/O
182	VCCI
183	VCCA
184	GND

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M17	I/O
M18	I/O
M19	I/O
M20	I/O
N1	I/O
N2	I/O
N3	I/O
N4	VCCI
N17	VCCI
N18	I/O
N19	I/O
N20	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	VCCA
P17	I/O
P18	I/O
P19	I/O
P20	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	VCCI
R17	VCCI
R18	I/O
R19	I/O
R20	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T17	VCCA
T18	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
V16	I/O
V17	I/O
V18	SDO, TDO, I/O
V19	I/O
V20	I/O
W1	GND
W2	GND
W3	I/O
W4	TMS, I/O
W5	I/O
W6	I/O
W7	I/O
W8	WD, I/O
W9	WD, I/O
W10	I/O
W11	I/O
W12	I/O
W13	WD, I/O
W14	I/O
W15	I/O
W16	WD, I/O
W17	I/O
W18	WD, I/O
W19	GND
W20	GND
Y1	GND
Y2	GND
Y3	I/O
Y4	TDI, I/O
Y5	WD, I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	QCLKA, I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O
Y12	I/O

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
G12	VSV
F13	I/O
F12	I/O
F11	I/O
F10	I/O
E13	I/O
D13	I/O
D12	I/O
C13	I/O
B13	I/O
D11	I/O
C12	I/O
A13	I/O
C11	I/O
B12	SDI
B11	I/O
C10	I/O
A12	I/O
A11	I/O
B10	I/O
D8	I/O
A10	I/O
C8	I/O
A9	I/O
B8	PRBA
A8	I/O
B7	CLKA
A7	I/O
B6	CLKB
A6	I/O
C6	PRBB
A5	I/O
D6	I/O
A4	I/O
B4	I/O
A3	I/O
C4	I/O