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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

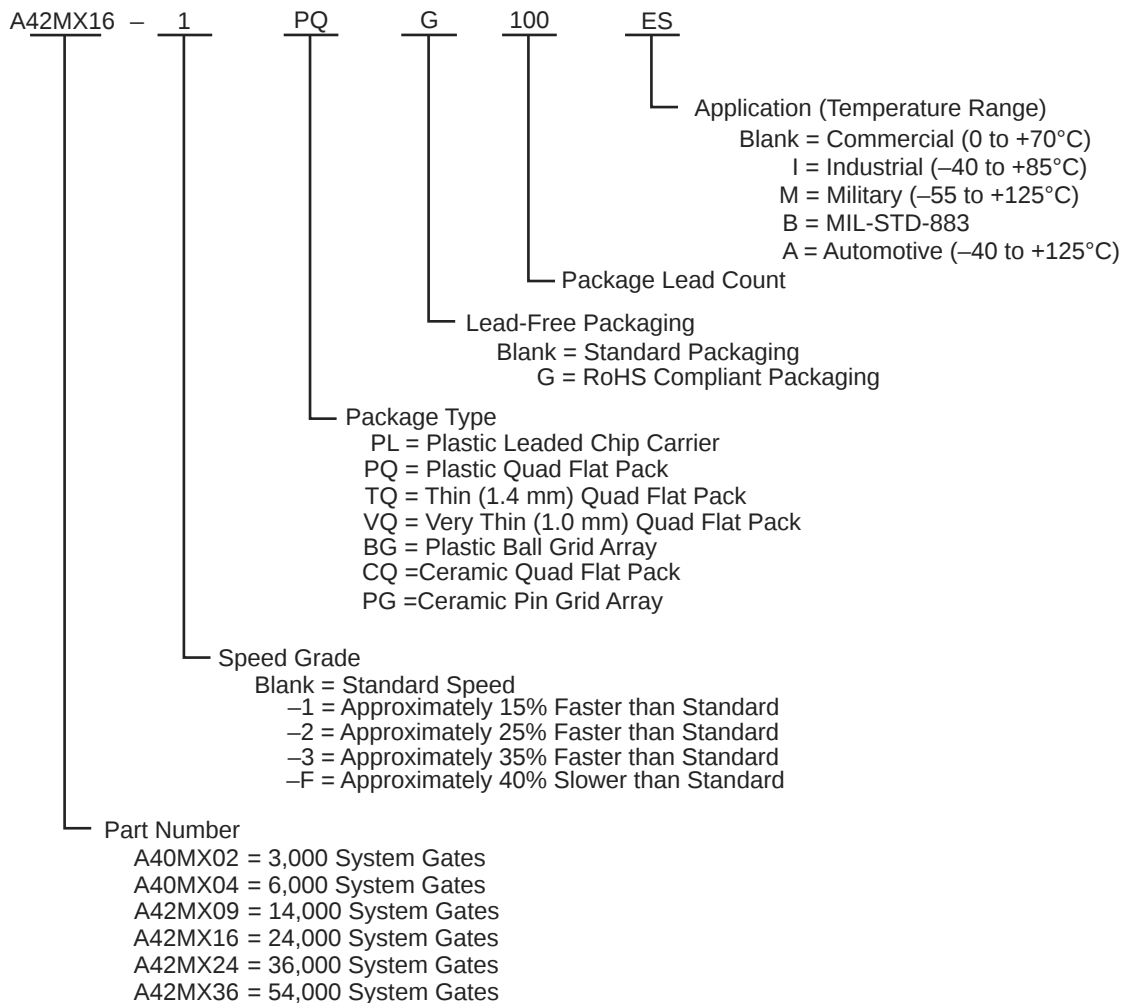
Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	34
Number of Gates	3000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	44-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	44-PLCC (16.59x16.59)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx02-2plg44

2.3 Ordering Information

The following figure shows ordering information. All the following tables show plastic and ceramic device resources, temperature and speed grade offerings.

Figure 1 • Ordering Information



f_{q2} = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz)

Table 7 • Fixed Capacitance Values for MX FPGAs (pF)

Device Type	r1 routed_Clk1	r2 routed_Clk2
A40MX02	41.4	N/A
A40MX04	68.6	N/A
A42MX09	118	118
A42MX16	165	165
A42MX24	185	185
A42MX36	220	220

3.4.6 Test Circuitry and Silicon Explorer II Probe

MX devices contain probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, via the use of Silicon Explorer II. Silicon Explorer II is an integrated hardware and software solution that, in conjunction with the Designer software, allow users to examine any of the internal nets of the device while it is operating in a prototyping or a production system. The user can probe into an MX device without changing the placement and routing of the design and without using any additional resources. Silicon Explorer II's noninvasive method does not alter timing or loading effects, thus shortening the debug cycle and providing a true representation of the device under actual functional situations.

Silicon Explorer II samples data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

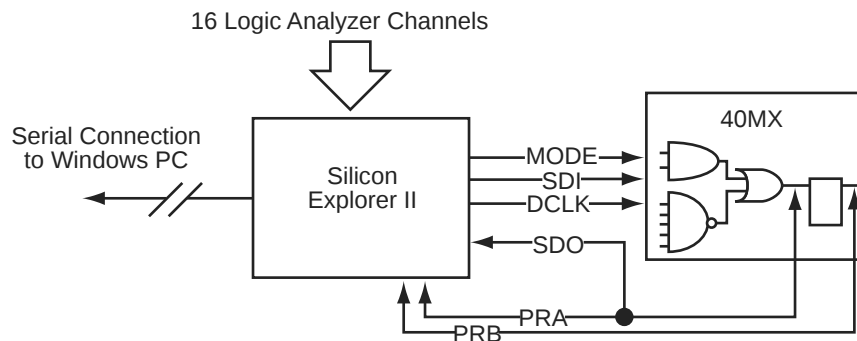
Silicon Explorer II is used to control the MODE, DCLK, SDI and SDO pins in MX devices to select the desired nets for debugging. The user simply assigns the selected internal nets in the Silicon Explorer II software to the PRA/PRB output pins for observation. Probing functionality is activated when the MODE pin is held HIGH.

Figure 12, page 16 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 40MX devices, while Figure 13, page 17 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 42MX devices

To allow for probing capabilities, the security fuses must not be programmed. (See User Security, page 12 for the security fuses of 40MX and 42MX devices). Table 8, page 17 summarizes the possible device configurations for probing.

PRA and PRB pins are dual-purpose pins. When the "Reserve Probe Pin" is checked in the Designer software, PRA and PRB pins are reserved as dedicated outputs for probing. If PRA and PRB pins are required as user I/Os to achieve successful layout and "Reserve Probe Pin" is checked, the layout tool will override the option and place user I/Os on PRA and PRB pins.

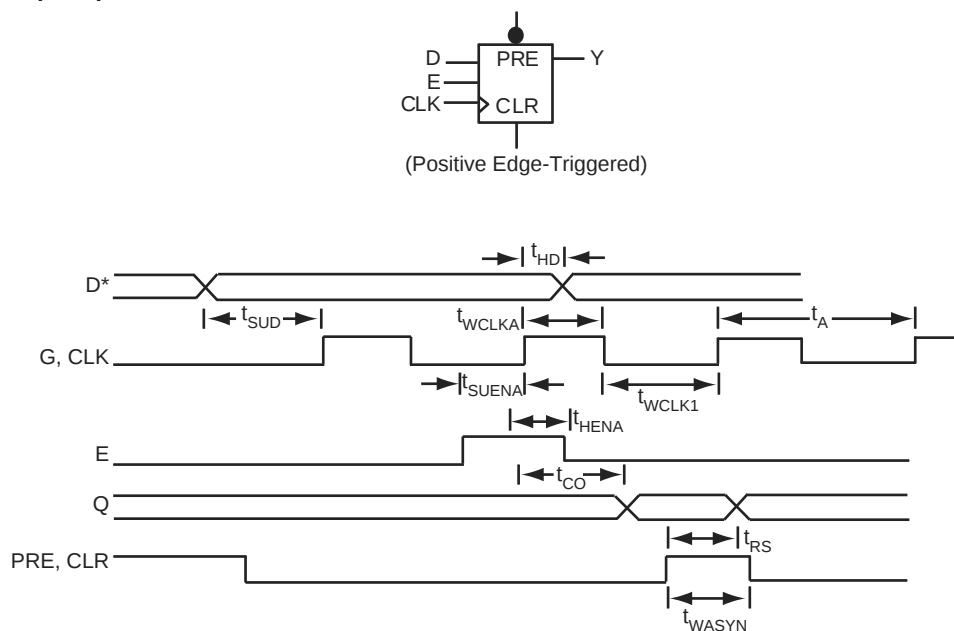
Figure 12 • Silicon Explorer II Setup with 40MX



3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

Figure 25 • Flip-Flops and Latches



Note: *D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

Figure 26 • Input Buffer Latches

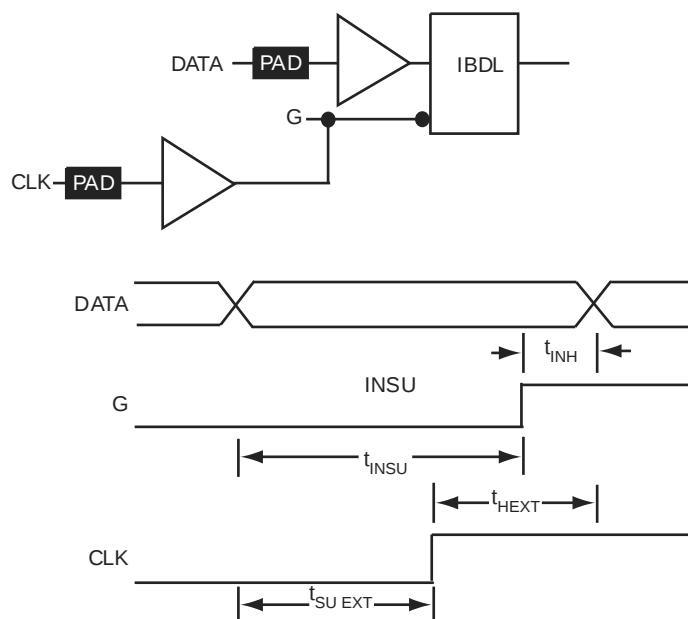


Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.2	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.8		8.0	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.1	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.05		8.5	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.9		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.0	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35pF loading

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ¹												

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.2		3.7		4.3		6.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.3		5.9		6.7		7.9		11.1	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays ¹												
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros use tPD1 + tRD1 + taped, to + tRD1 + taped, or tPD1 + tRD1 + tusk, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions ¹												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1	ns
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.3		6.5		9.0		ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns

Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.2		3.6		4.0		4.8		6.6		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.8		5.3		6.1		7.1		10.0		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	4.4		4.8		5.5		6.5		9.1		ns
		FO = 486	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		10.0		ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	5.1		5.7		6.4		7.6		10.6		ns
		FO = 486	6.0		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.0	3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns	
		FO = 486	3.3	3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.0	3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns	
		FO = 486	3.3	3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns	
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6		ns
		FO = 486	0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6		ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
		FO = 486	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0		4.4		5.0		5.9		8.3		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		3.9		4.4		5.0		5.8		8.2		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.2		8.0		9.1		10.7		14.9		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.7		7.5		8.5		9.9		13.9		ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0		ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0		ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6	ns
t _{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations												
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6		ns
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6		ns
t _{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t _{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.8		ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO} Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5	ns
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3	ns
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t _{GLH} G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{GHL} G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{LSU} I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH} I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO} I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK, I/O Diagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

I/O, Input/Output

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
126	WD, I/O
127	I/O
128	VCCI
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	I/O
132	WD, I/O
133	WD, I/O
134	I/O
135	QCLKB, I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	WD, I/O
143	WD, I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	VCCI
151	VCCA
152	GND
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	I/O
159	WD, I/O
160	WD, I/O
161	I/O
162	I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
57	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	LP	LP
63	VCCA	VCCA
64	VCCI	VCCI
65	VCCA	VCCA
66	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O
70	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	GND	GND
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
88	VCCA	VCCA
89	I/O	I/O
90	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
91	I/O	I/O
92	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	VCCI	VCCI
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
57	NC	NC	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
60	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	NC	I/O	I/O
67	GND	GND	GND
68	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
69	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
70	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	NC	WD, I/O
78	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	NC	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	NC	VCCI	VCCI
83	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
85	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
86	NC	I/O	I/O
87	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	NC	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	NC	NC	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	GND	GND	GND
107	NC	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	TCK, I/O
109	LP	LP	LP
110	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
111	GND	GND	GND
112	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
113	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
114	NC	I/O	I/O
115	NC	I/O	I/O
116	NC	VCCA	VCCA
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
121	NC	NC	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O
126	NC	NC	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	I/O	I/O	I/O
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	I/O	I/O	I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	GND	GND	GND
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
136	NC	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
138	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	NC	VCCI	VCCI
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
144	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
145	NC	NC	WD, I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
151	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
152	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
155	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
156	GND	GND	GND
157	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
185	I/O
186	CLKB, I/O
187	I/O
188	PRB, I/O
189	I/O
190	WD, I/O
191	WD, I/O
192	I/O
193	I/O
194	WD, I/O
195	WD, I/O
196	QCLKC, I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	I/O
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	VCCI
203	WD, I/O
204	WD, I/O
205	I/O
206	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
170	VCCA
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	I/O
179	I/O
180	GND
181	I/O
182	I/O
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	MODE
189	VCCA
190	GND
191	NC
192	NC
193	NC
194	I/O
195	DCLK, I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	WD, I/O
200	WD, I/O
201	VCCI
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	GND

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
N10	I/O
M10	I/O
N11	I/O
L10	I/O
M11	I/O
N12	SDO
M12	I/O
L11	I/O
N13	I/O
M13	I/O
K11	I/O
L12	I/O
L13	I/O
K13	I/O
H10	I/O
J12	I/O
J13	I/O
H11	I/O
H12	I/O
H13	VKS
G13	VPP

Table 62 • CQ172

21	I/O
22	GND
23	VCCI
24	VSV
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	VCC
28	I/O
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	GND
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	GND
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	BININ
45	BINOUT
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	VCCI
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	GND
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O