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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	34
Number of Gates	3000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	44-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	44-PLCC (16.59x16.59)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx02-2plg44i

Figure 51	BG272	145
Figure 52	PG132	153
Figure 53	CQ172	158

2.6 Temperature Grade Offerings

Table 4 • Temperature Grade Offerings

Package	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
PLCC 44	C, I, M	C, I, M				
PLCC 68	C, I, A, M	C, I, M				
PLCC 84		C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, M	C, I, M	
PQFP 100	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, M		
PQFP 144			C			
PQFP 160			C, I, A, M	C, I, M	C, I, A, M	
PQFP 208				C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M
PQFP 240						C, I, A, M
VQFP 80	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M				
VQFP 100			C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M		
TQFP 176			C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	
PBGA 272						C, I, M
CQFP 172				C, M, B		
CQFP 208						C, M, B
CQFP 256						C, M, B
CPGA 132			C, M, B			

Note: C = Commercial
I = Industrial
A = Automotive
M = Military
B = MIL-STD-883 Class B

2.7 Speed Grade Offerings

Table 5 • Speed Grade Offerings

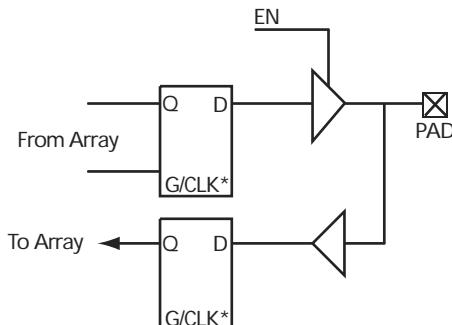
	-F	Std	-1	-2	-3
C	P	P	P	P	P
I		P	P	P	P
A		P			
M		P	P		
B		P	P		

Note: See the 40MX and 42MX Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet for details on automotive-grade MX offerings.

Contact your local *Microsemi Sales representative* for device availability.

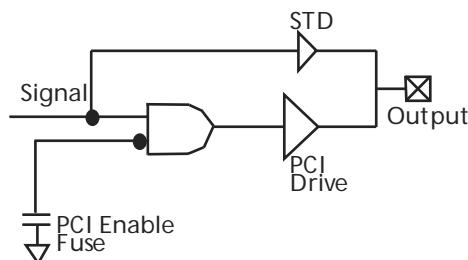
Designer software development tools provide a design library of I/O macro functions that can implement all I/O configurations supported by the MX FPGAs.

Figure 10 • 42MX I/O Module



Note: *Can be configured as a Latch or D Flip-Flop (Using C-Module)

Figure 11 • PCI Output Structure of A42MX24 and A42MX36 Devices



3.3 Other Architectural Features

The following sections cover other architectural features of 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

3.3.1 Performance

MX devices can operate with internal clock frequencies of 250 MHz, enabling fast execution of complex logic functions. MX devices are live on power-up and do not require auxiliary configuration devices and thus are an optimal platform to integrate the functionality contained in multiple programmable logic devices. In addition, designs that previously would have required a gate array to meet performance can be integrated into an MX device with improvements in cost and time-to-market. Using timing-driven place-and-route (TDPR) tools, designers can achieve highly deterministic device performance.

3.3.2 User Security

Microsemi FuseLock provides robust security against design theft. Special security fuses are hidden in the fabric of the device and protect against unauthorized users attempting to access the programming and/or probe interfaces. It is virtually impossible to identify or bypass these fuses without damaging the device, making Microsemi antifuse FPGAs protected with the highest level of security available from both invasive and noninvasive attacks.

Special security fuses in 40MX devices include the Probe Fuse and Program Fuse. The former disables the probing circuitry while the latter prohibits further programming of all fuses, including the Probe Fuse. In 42MX devices, there is the Security Fuse which, when programmed, both disables the probing circuitry and prohibits further programming of the device.

3.3.3 Programming

Device programming is supported through the Silicon Sculptor series of programmers. Silicon Sculptor is a compact, robust, single-site and multi-site device programmer for the PC. With standalone software, Silicon Sculptor is designed to allow concurrent programming of multiple units from the same PC.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQ176 package at commercial temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (\text{°C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (\text{°C})}{\theta_{ja}(\text{°C/W})} = \frac{150\text{°C} - 70\text{°C}}{(28\text{°C})/\text{W}} = 2.86\text{W}$$

EQ 5

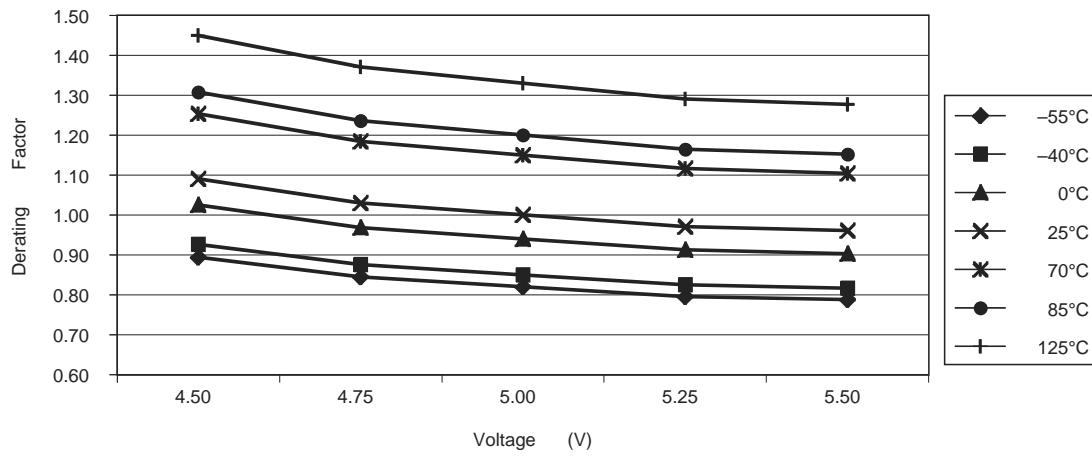
The maximum power dissipation for military-grade devices is a function of θ_{jc} . A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for CQFP 208-pin package at military temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (\text{°C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (\text{°C})}{\theta_{jc}(\text{°C/W})} = \frac{150\text{°C} - 125\text{°C}}{(6.3\text{°C})/\text{W}} = 3.97\text{W}$$

EQ 6

Table 27 • Package Thermal Characteristics

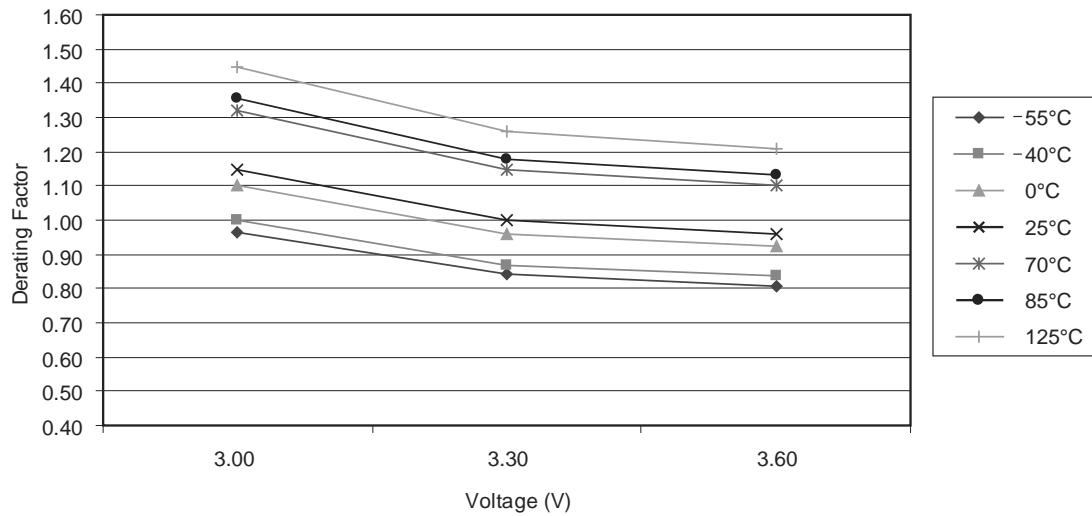
Plastic Packages	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja}			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft/min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft/min.	
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	12.0	27.8	23.4	21.2	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	144	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	160	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	240	8.5	25.6	22.3	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	44	16.0	20.0	24.5	22.0	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	68	13.0	25.0	21.0	19.4	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	84	12.0	22.5	18.9	17.6	°C/W
Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	176	11.0	24.7	19.9	18.0	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	80	12.0	38.2	31.9	29.4	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	10.0	35.3	29.4	27.1	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array	272	3.0	18.3	14.9	13.9	°C/W
Ceramic Packages						
Ceramic Pin Grid Array	132	4.8	25.0	20.6	18.7	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	208	2.0	22.0	19.8	18.0	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	256	2.0	20.0	16.5	15.0	°C/W

Figure 35 • 40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 5.0 V)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 30 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	0.97	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.32	1.36	1.45
3.30	0.84	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.26
3.60	0.81	0.84	0.92	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.21

Figure 36 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 31 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 3.3 V)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	1.08	1.12	1.21	1.26	1.50	1.64	2.00
3.30	0.86	0.89	0.96	1.00	1.19	1.30	1.59

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PWL} Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.8	11.0	ns				
	FO = 384	6.2	6.9	7.9	9.2	12.9	ns				
t _{CKSW} Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns			
	FO = 384		2.2	2.4	2.7	3.2	4.5	ns			
t _{SUEXT} Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
	FO = 384	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t _{HEXT} Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.9	4.3	4.9	5.7	8.0	ns				
	FO = 384	4.5	4.9	5.6	6.6	9.2	ns				
t _P Minimum Period	FO = 32	7.0	7.8	8.4	9.7	16.2	ns				
	FO = 384	7.7	8.6	9.3	10.7	17.8	ns				
f _{MAX} Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		142	129	119	103	62	MHz			
	FO = 384		129	117	108	94	56	MHz			
TTL Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.5	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.3	ns			
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW			4.1	4.6	5.2	6.1	8.6	ns			
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.8	4.2	4.8	5.6	7.8	ns			
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.2	4.6	5.3	6.2	8.7	ns			
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.6	8.4	9.5	11.2	15.7	ns			
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z			7.0	7.8	8.8	10.4	14.5	ns			
t _{GLH} G-to-Pad HIGH			4.8	5.3	6.0	7.2	10.0	ns			
t _{GHL} G-to-Pad LOW			4.8	5.3	6.0	7.2	10.0	ns			
t _{LCO} I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			8.0	8.9	10.1	11.9	16.7	ns			
t _{ACO} Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			11.3	12.5	14.2	16.7	23.3	ns			
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH			0.04	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.08	ns/pF			
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW			0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.10	ns/pF			
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.5	5.0	5.6	6.6	9.3	ns			
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW			3.4	3.8	4.3	5.1	7.1	ns			
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.8	4.2	4.8	5.6	7.8	ns			
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.2	4.6	5.3	6.2	8.7	ns			
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.6	8.4	9.5	11.2	15.7	ns			
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z			7.0	7.8	8.8	10.4	14.5	ns			
t _{GLH} G-to-Pad HIGH			7.1	7.9	8.9	10.5	14.7	ns			
t _{GHL} G-to-Pad LOW			7.1	7.9	8.9	10.5	14.7	ns			
t _{LCO} I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			8.0	8.9	10.1	11.9	16.7	ns			

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.5		3.9		4.5		5.2		7.3 ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1 ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.5 ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.3		6.1 ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.3		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9 ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2 ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4 ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4 ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8 ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1 ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14 ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14 ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions¹											
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay	1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay	2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	4.1	5.7	ns		
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		3.2	3.5	4.1	4.8	4.8	6.7	ns		
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.7	4.1	4.7	5.5	5.5	7.7	ns		
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		4.2	4.6	5.3	6.2	6.2	8.7	ns		
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		6.1	6.8	7.7	9.0	9.0	12.6	ns		
Global Clock Network											
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	4.6	5.1	5.7	6.7	6.7	9.3	ns		
		FO = 635	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.4	7.4	10.3	ns		
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.8	7.8	11.0	ns		
		FO = 635	6.8	7.6	8.6	10.1	10.1	14.1	ns		
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	3.6	5.1	ns		
		FO = 635	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	4.1	5.7	ns		
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	3.6	5.1	ns		
		FO = 635	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	4.1	5.7	ns		
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	2.2	ns		
		FO = 635	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	2.2	ns		
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns		
		FO = 635	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns		
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	4.0	4.4	5.0	5.9	5.9	8.2	ns		
		FO = 635	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.9	6.9	9.6	ns		
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	9.2	10.2	11.1	12.7	12.7	21.2	ns		
		FO = 635	9.9	11.0	12.0	13.8	13.8	23.0	ns		
f _{MAX}	Maximum Datapath Frequency	FO = 32	108	98	90	79	79	47	MHz		
		FO = 635	100	91	83	73	73	44	MHz		
TTL Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.6	4.0	4.5	5.3	5.3	7.4	ns		
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.2	4.6	5.2	6.2	6.2	8.6	ns		
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7	4.2	4.7	5.5	5.5	7.7	ns		
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1	4.6	5.2	6.1	6.1	8.5	ns		
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.34	8.2	9.3	10.9	10.9	15.3	ns		
TTL Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9	7.6	8.7	10.2	10.2	14.3	ns		
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	7.3	10.2	ns		
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	7.3	10.2	ns		
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	ns		
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns		
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9	8.8	10.0	11.8	11.8	16.5	ns		

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5 ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20 ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20 ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3 ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1 ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7 ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5 ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3 ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3 ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6 ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6 ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4 ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5 ns

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
- Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
- Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.*
- Delays based on 35 pF loading.

3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK, I/O Diagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

I/O, Input/Output

Clock signal to shift the Boundary Scan Test (BST) data into the device. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TDI, I/OTest Data In

Serial data input for BST instructions and data. Data is shifted in on the rising edge of TCK. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TDO, I/OTest Data Out

Serial data output for BST instructions and test data. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TMS, I/OTest Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set LOW, the TCK, TDI and TDO pins are boundary scan pins. Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The "logic reset" state is reached 5 TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set HIGH. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications. IEEE JTAG specification recommends a 10kΩ pull-up resistor on the pin. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

VCC, Supply Voltage

Input supply voltage for 40MX devices

VCCA, Supply Voltage

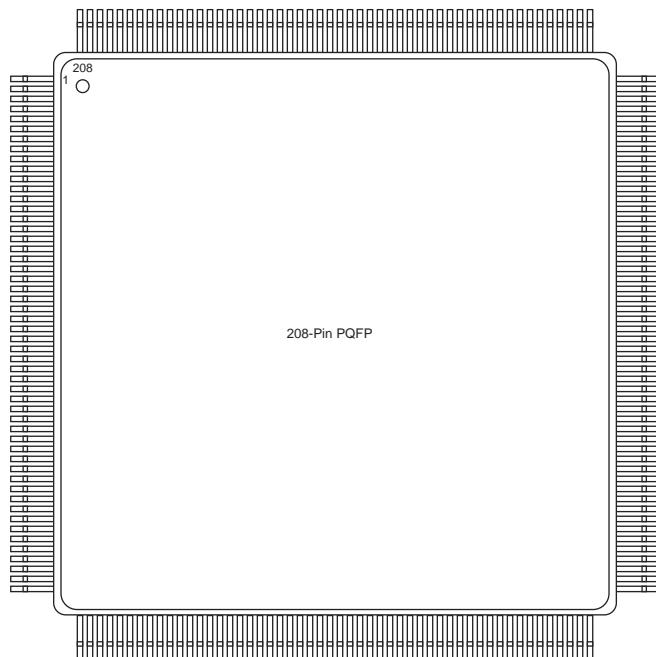
Supply voltage for array in 42MX devices

VCCI, Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for I/Os in 42MX devices

WD, IOWide Decode Output

When a wide decode module is used in a 42MX device this pin can be used as a dedicated output from the wide decode module. This direct connection eliminates additional interconnect delays associated with regular logic modules. To implement the direct I/O connection, connect an output buffer of any type to the output of the wide decode macro and place this output on one of the reserved WD pins.

Figure 44 • PQ208**Table 53 • PQ208**

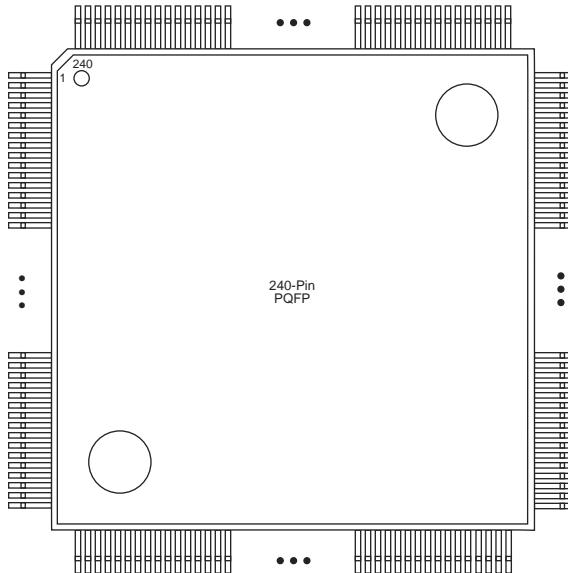
PQ208	Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
	1	GND	GND	GND
	2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	3	MODE	MODE	MODE
	4	I/O	I/O	I/O
	5	I/O	I/O	I/O
	6	I/O	I/O	I/O
	7	I/O	I/O	I/O
	8	I/O	I/O	I/O
	9	NC	I/O	I/O
	10	NC	I/O	I/O
	11	NC	I/O	I/O
	12	I/O	I/O	I/O
	13	I/O	I/O	I/O
	14	I/O	I/O	I/O
	15	I/O	I/O	I/O
	16	NC	I/O	I/O
	17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	18	I/O	I/O	I/O
	19	I/O	I/O	I/O
	20	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208	Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
	132	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	133	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	134	I/O	I/O	I/O
	135	I/O	I/O	I/O
	136	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	137	I/O	I/O	I/O
	138	I/O	I/O	I/O
	139	I/O	I/O	I/O
	140	I/O	I/O	I/O
	141	NC	I/O	I/O
	142	I/O	I/O	I/O
	143	I/O	I/O	I/O
	144	I/O	I/O	I/O
	145	I/O	I/O	I/O
	146	NC	I/O	I/O
	147	NC	I/O	I/O
	148	NC	I/O	I/O
	149	NC	I/O	I/O
	150	GND	GND	GND
	151	I/O	I/O	I/O
	152	I/O	I/O	I/O
	153	I/O	I/O	I/O
	154	I/O	I/O	I/O
	155	I/O	I/O	I/O
	156	I/O	I/O	I/O
	157	GND	GND	GND
	158	I/O	I/O	I/O
	159	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
	160	I/O	I/O	I/O
	161	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
	162	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
	163	I/O	I/O	I/O
	164	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	165	NC	I/O	I/O
	166	NC	I/O	I/O
	167	I/O	I/O	I/O
	168	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 45 • PQ240

Note: This figure shows the 240-Pin PQFP Package top view.

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	WD, I/O
7	WD, I/O
8	VCCI
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

Table 55 • VQ80

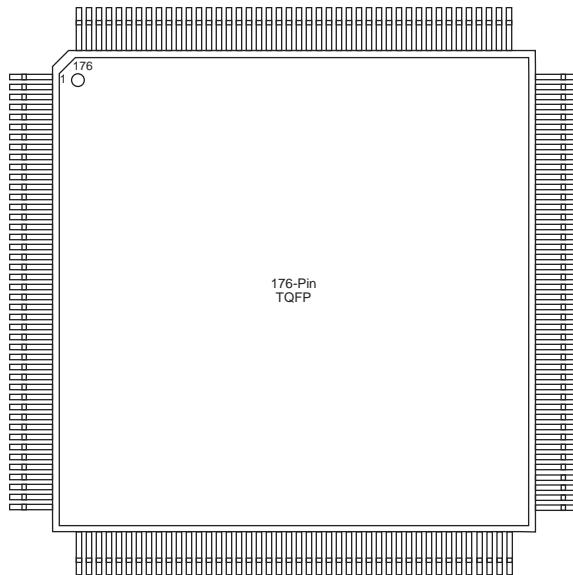
VQ80		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
13	VCC	VCC
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O
18	NC	I/O
19	NC	I/O
20	VCC	VCC
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	VCC
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O
42	NC	I/O
43	NC	I/O
44	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	GND	GND
48	I/O	I/O

Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
57	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	LP	LP
63	VCCA	VCCA
64	VCCI	VCCI
65	VCCA	VCCA
66	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O
70	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	GND	GND
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
88	VCCA	VCCA
89	I/O	I/O
90	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
91	I/O	I/O
92	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
93	I/O	I/O
94	GND	GND
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

Figure 48 • TQ176**Table 57 • TQ176**

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	MODE	MODE	MODE
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	NC	NC	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	GND
2	VCCA
3	MODE
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	VCCA
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	GND
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	VCCI
29	VCCA
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	VCCA
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
96	VCCA
97	GND
98	GND
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	WD, I/O
106	WD, I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	WD, I/O
110	WD, I/O
111	I/O
112	QCLKA, I/O
113	I/O
114	GND
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	VCCI
120	I/O
121	WD, I/O
122	WD, I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	GND
128	NC
129	NC
130	NC
131	GND
132	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
D20	I/O
E1	I/O
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	VCCA
E17	VCCI
E18	I/O
E19	I/O
E20	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	I/O
F3	I/O
F4	VCCI
F17	I/O
F18	I/O
F19	I/O
F20	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	VCCI
G17	VCCI
G18	I/O
G19	I/O
G20	I/O
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	VCCA
H17	I/O
H18	I/O
H19	I/O
H20	I/O
J1	I/O
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	VCCI