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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

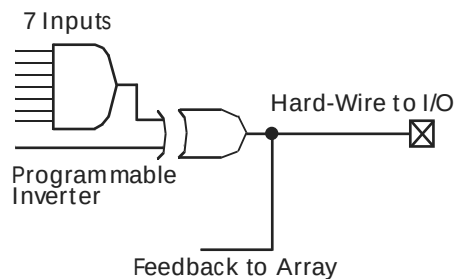
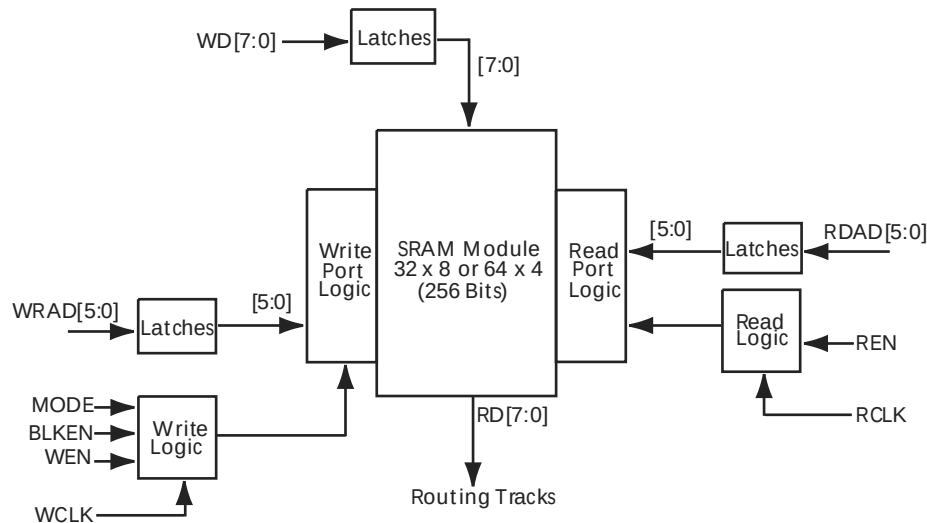
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	57
Number of Gates	3000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	68-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	68-PLCC (24.23x24.23)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx02-pl68

Figure 5 • A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation**Figure 6 • A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block**

3.2.3 Routing Structure

The MX architecture uses vertical and horizontal routing tracks to interconnect the various logic and I/O modules. These routing tracks are metal interconnects that may be continuous or split into segments. Varying segment lengths allow the interconnect of over 90% of design tracks to occur with only two antifuse connections. Segments can be joined together at the ends using antifuses to increase their lengths up to the full length of the track. All interconnects can be accomplished with a maximum of four antifuses.

3.2.3.1 Horizontal Routing

Horizontal routing tracks span the whole row length or are divided into multiple segments and are located in between the rows of modules. Any segment that spans more than one-third of the row length is considered a long horizontal segment. A typical channel is shown in Figure 7, page 10. Within horizontal routing, dedicated routing tracks are used for global clock networks and for power and ground tie-off tracks. Non-dedicated tracks are used for signal nets.

3.2.3.2 Vertical Routing

Another set of routing tracks run vertically through the module. There are three types of vertical tracks: input, output, and long. Long tracks span the column length of the module, and can be divided into multiple segments. Each segment in an input track is dedicated to the input of a particular module; each segment in an output track is dedicated to the output of a particular module. Long segments are uncommitted and can be assigned during routing.

Each output segment spans four channels (two above and two below), except near the top and bottom of the array, where edge effects occur. Long vertical tracks contain either one or two segments. An example of vertical routing tracks and segments is shown in Figure 7, page 10.

3.9.1 Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

Table 22 • Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial –F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH ¹	IOH = –10 mA	2.4		2.4						V
	IOH = –4 mA					2.4		2.4		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 10 mA	0.5		0.5						V
	IOL = 6 mA					0.4		0.4		V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH ²		2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	V
IL	VIN = 0.5 V	–10		–10		–10		–10		μA
IH	VIN = 2.7 V	–10		–10		–10		–10		μA
Input Transition Time, TR and TF		500		500		500		500		ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance		10		10		10		10		pF
Standby Current, ICC ³	A42MX09	5		25		25		25		mA
	A42MX16	6		25		25		25		mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36	20		25		25		25		mA
Low Power Mode Standby Current		0.5		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		mA
I/O I/O source sink current Can be derived from the <i>IBIS model</i> (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)										

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCCI = min.

2. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

3. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCCI or GND

3.9.2 Output Drive Characteristics for 5.0 V PCI Signaling

MX PCI device I/O drivers were designed specifically for high-performance PCI systems. Figure 16, page 28 shows the typical output drive characteristics of the MX devices. MX output drivers are compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification.

Table 23 • DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling)¹

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	4.75	5.25 ²	V
VIH ³	Input High Voltage		2.0	VCC + 0.5	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		–0.5	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70	—	10	μA
IIL	Input Low Leakage Current	VIN=0.5 V		–70	—	–10	μA
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = –2 mA IOUT = –6 mA	2.4		3.84		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.55	—	0.33	V

3.9.3 Output Drive Characteristics for 3.3 V PCI Signaling

Table 25 • DC Specification (3.3 V PCI Signaling)¹

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		3.0	3.6	3.0	3.6 ²	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		0.5	VCC + 0.5	0.5	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		−0.5	0.8	−0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70		10	μA
IIL	Input Leakage Current			−70		−10	μA
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = −2 mA	0.9		3.3		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.1		0.1 VCCI	V
CIN	Input Pin Capacitance			10		10	pF
CLK	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12		10	pF
L _{PIN}	Pin Inductance			20		< 8 nH ³	nH

1. PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.2.1.

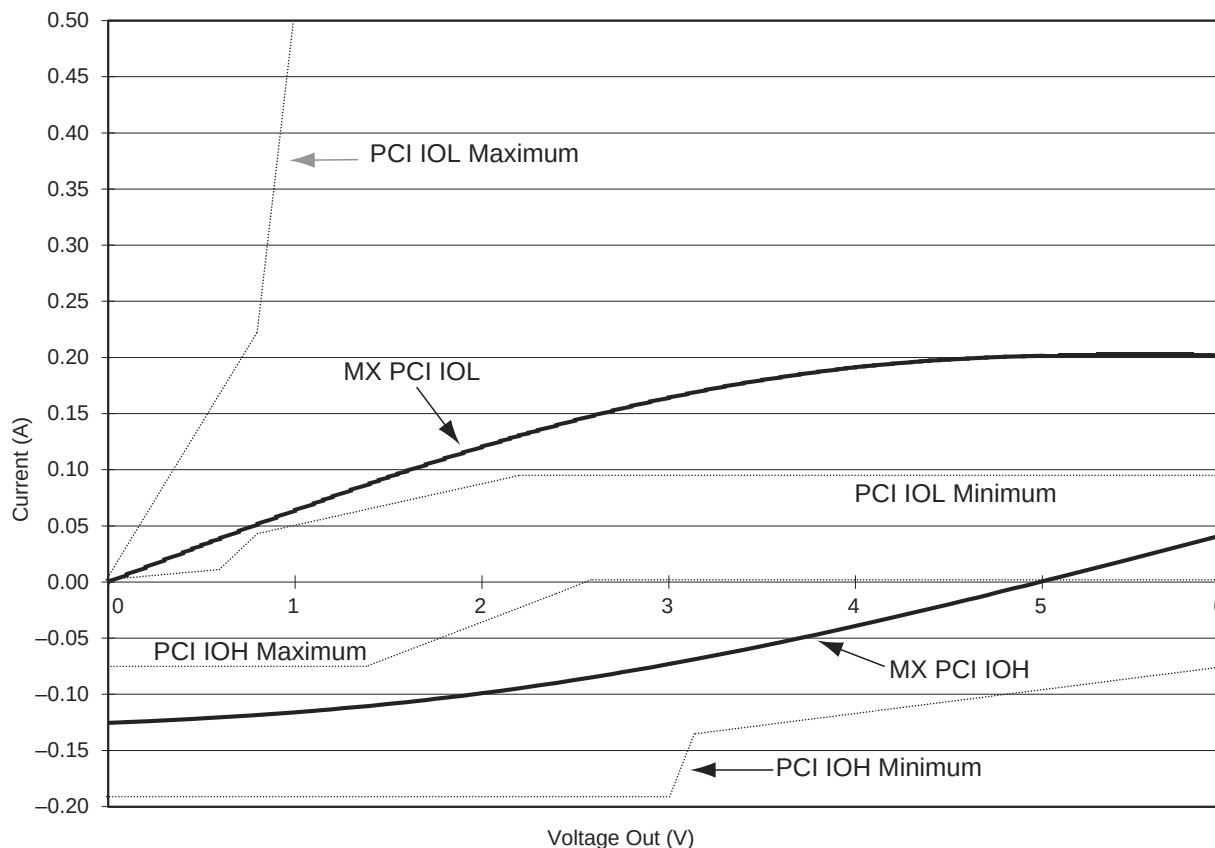
2. Maximum rating for VCCI −0.5 V to 7.0V.

3. Dependent upon the chosen package. PCI recommends QFP and BGA packaging to reduce pin inductance and capacitance.

Table 26 • AC Specifications for (3.3 V PCI Signaling)*

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
ICL	Low Clamp Current	−5 < VIN ≤ −1	−25 + (VIN + 1) / 0.015		−60	−10	mA
Slew (r)	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.2 V to 0.6 V load	1	4	1.8	2.8	V/ns
Slew (f)	Output Fall Slew Rate	0.6 V to 0.2 V load	1	4	2.8	4.0	V/ns

Note: *PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.2.2.

Figure 16 • Typical Output Drive Characteristics (Based Upon Measured Data)

3.9.4 Junction Temperature (T_J)

The temperature variable in the Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because the heat generated from dynamic power consumption is usually hotter than the ambient temperature. The following equation can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$\text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_a(1)$$

EQ 4

where:

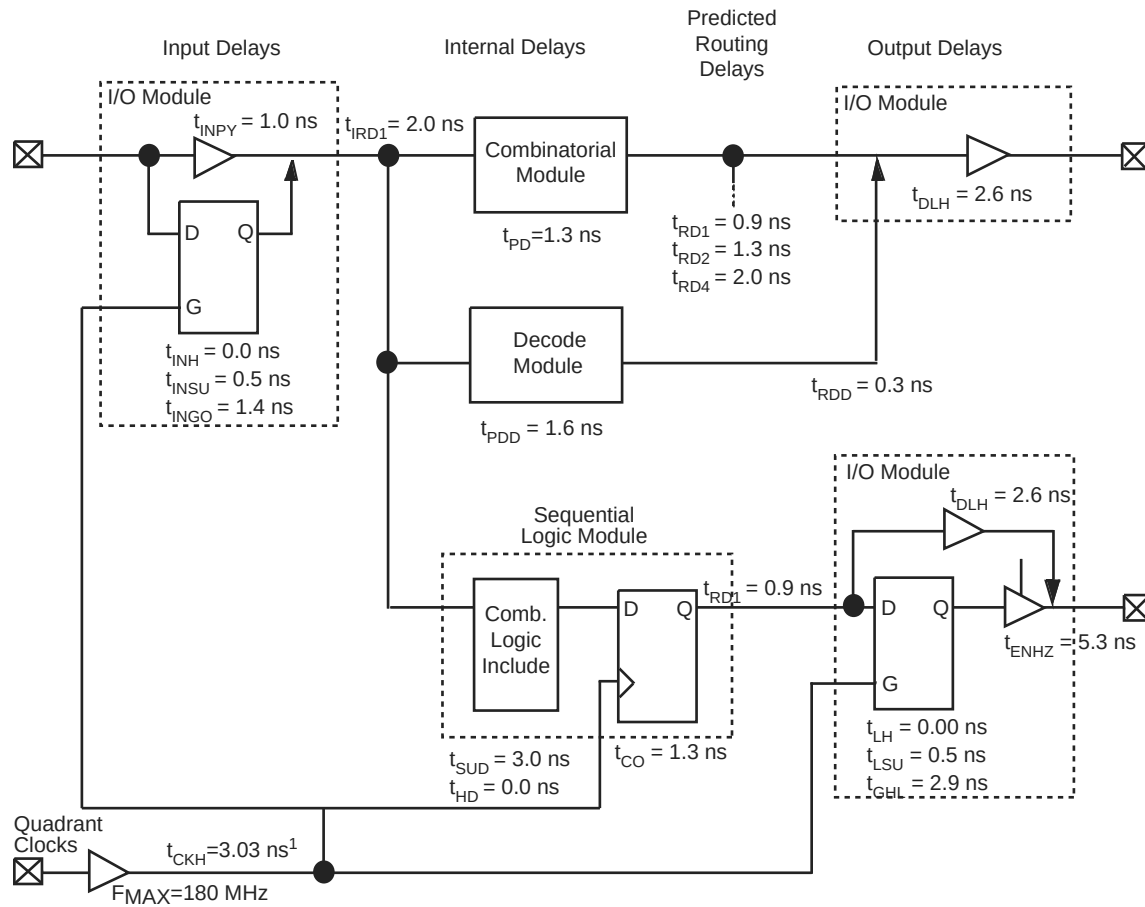
- T_a = Ambient Temperature
- ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient
- $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$ (2)
- P = Power
- θ_{ja} = Junction to ambient of package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in Table 27, page 29.

3.9.5 Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction-to-case thermal characteristic is θ_{jc} , and the junction-to-ambient air characteristic is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown with two different air flow rates.

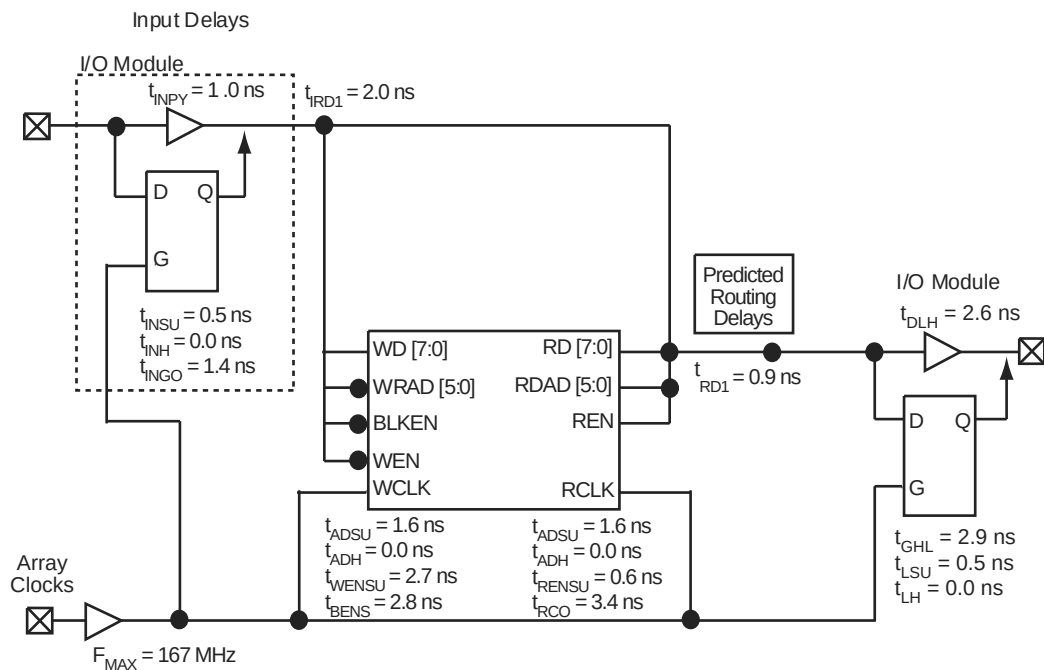
The maximum junction temperature is 150°C.

Maximum power dissipation for commercial- and industrial-grade devices is a function of θ_{ja} .

Figure 19 • 42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks)

Note: 1. Load-dependent

Note: 2. Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions

Figure 20 • 42MX Timing Model (SRAM Functions)

Note: Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

3.10.1 Parameter Measurement

The following figures show parameter measurement details.

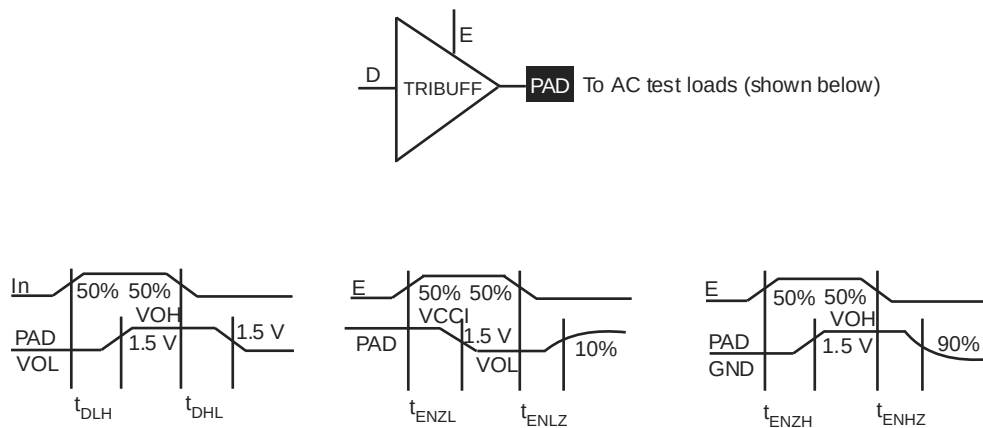
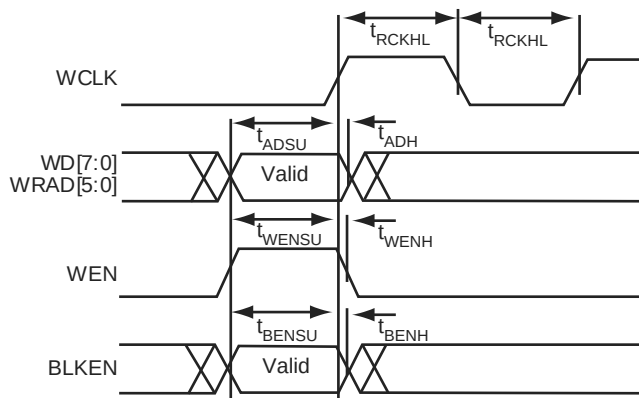
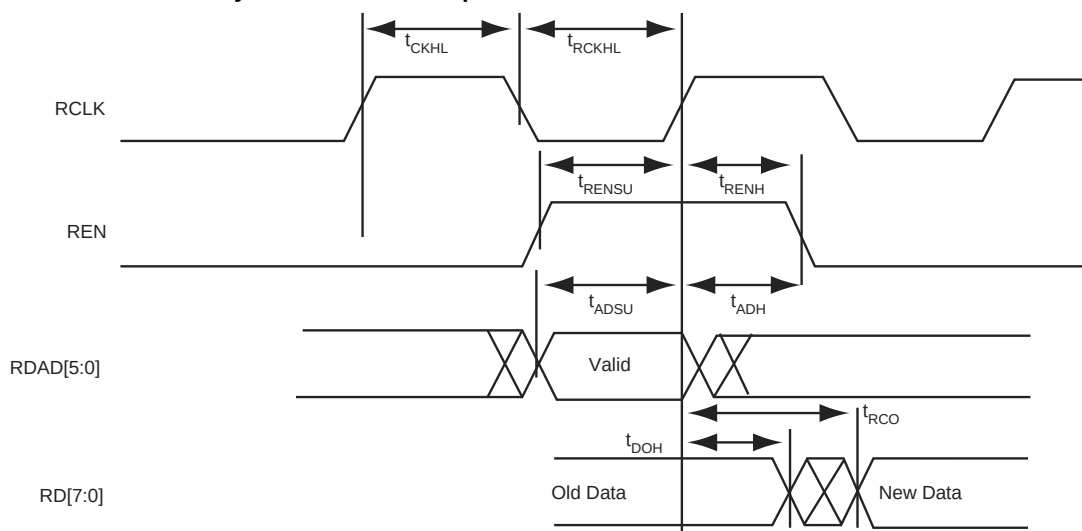
Figure 21 • Output Buffer Delays

Figure 30 • 42MX SRAM Write Operation

Note: Identical timing for falling edge clock

Figure 31 • 42MX SRAM Synchronous Read Operation

Note: Identical timing for falling edge clock

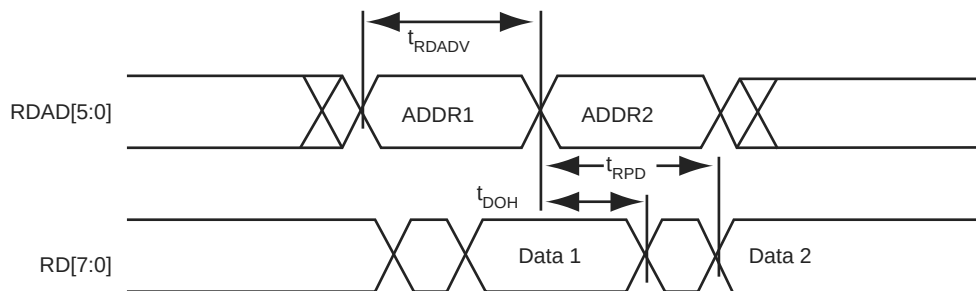
Figure 32 • 42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 1 (Read Address Controlled)

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		5.5		6.4		7.2		8.5		11.9	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.8		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		4.7		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		6.8		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility.
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		2.3		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ¹												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.2		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.9		3.4		3.9		4.5		6.3	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.0		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing ²												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t _{HD} ³	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns

Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3,4}												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1	ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		215		195		179		156		94	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.1		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y HIGH		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y LOW		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²												
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		4.0	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.6		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.6		4.0		4.6		5.4		7.5	ns
Global Clock Network												
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
		FO = 384	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
		FO = 384	4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6	ns

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	5.3		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0		ns
		FO = 384	6.2		6.9		7.9		9.2		12.9		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
		FO = 384		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 384	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0		ns
		FO = 384	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t _p	Minimum Period	FO = 32	7.0		7.8		8.4		9.7		16.2		ns
		FO = 384	7.7		8.6		9.3		10.7		17.8		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		142		129		119		103		62	MHz
		FO = 384		129		117		108		94		56	MHz
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.6		8.4		9.5		11.2		15.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			7.0		7.8		8.8		10.4		14.5	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			8.0		8.9		10.1		11.9		16.7	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW			0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.3	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.6		8.4		9.5		11.2		15.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			7.0		7.8		8.8		10.4		14.5	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			7.1		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			7.1		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			8.0		8.9		10.1		11.9		16.7	ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.8		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
		FO = 486	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		5.9		ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
		FO = 486	4.3		4.7		5.4		6.3		8.8		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.2	2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns	
		FO = 486	2.4	2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9		ns	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.2	2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns	
		FO = 486	2.4	2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9		ns	
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
		FO = 486	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
		FO = 486	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8	3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns	
		FO = 486	3.3	3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns	
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	4.7	5.2		5.7		6.5		10.9		ns	
		FO = 486	5.1	5.7		6.2		7.1		11.9		ns	

4 Package Pin Assignments

The following figures and tables give the details of the package pin assignments.

Figure 38 • PL44

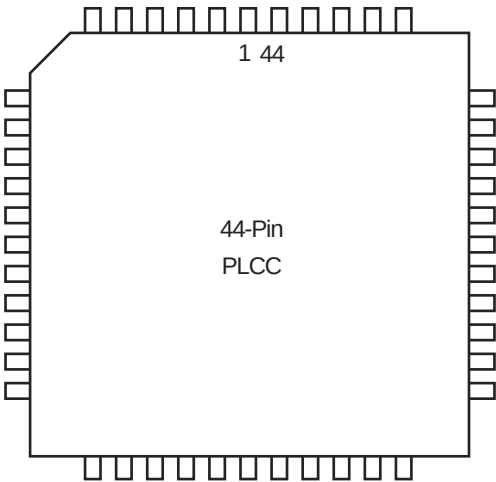


Table 47 • PL44

PL44		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	VCC	VCC
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	GND	GND
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	VCC	VCC
15	I/O	I/O
16	VCC	VCC
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
117	GNDI
118	NC
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	PROBA
124	I/O
125	CLKA
126	VCC
127	VCCI
128	NC
129	I/O
130	CLKB
131	I/O
132	PROBB
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	GND
137	GNDI
138	NC
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	DCLK

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	GND
53	GND
54	TMS, I/O
55	TDI, I/O
56	I/O
57	WD, I/O
58	WD, I/O
59	I/O
60	VCCI
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	QCLKA, I/O
66	WD, I/O
67	WD, I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	WD, I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	GND
127	I/O
128	TCK, I/O
129	LP
130	VCCA
131	GND
132	VCCI
133	VCCA
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCA
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	GND
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	GND
158	I/O
159	SDI, I/O
160	I/O
161	WD, I/O
162	WD, I/O
163	I/O
164	VCCI
165	I/O
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	WD, I/O
169	WD, I/O
170	I/O
171	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	WD, I/O
177	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O
179	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O
181	I/O
182	VCCI
183	VCCA
184	GND

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
G12	VSV
F13	I/O
F12	I/O
F11	I/O
F10	I/O
E13	I/O
D13	I/O
D12	I/O
C13	I/O
B13	I/O
D11	I/O
C12	I/O
A13	I/O
C11	I/O
B12	SDI
B11	I/O
C10	I/O
A12	I/O
A11	I/O
B10	I/O
D8	I/O
A10	I/O
C8	I/O
A9	I/O
B8	PRBA
A8	I/O
B7	CLKA
A7	I/O
B6	CLKB
A6	I/O
C6	PRBB
A5	I/O
D6	I/O
A4	I/O
B4	I/O
A3	I/O
C4	I/O

Figure 53 • CQ172

Table 62 • CQ172

CQ172	
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function
1	MODE
2	I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	GND
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	VCC
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	GND
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O