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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	69
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx04-2pl84i

2.6 Temperature Grade Offerings

Table 4 • Temperature Grade Offerings

Package	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
PLCC 44	C, I, M	C, I, M				
PLCC 68	C, I, A, M	C, I, M				
PLCC 84		C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, M	C, I, M	
PQFP 100	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, M		
PQFP 144			C			
PQFP 160			C, I, A, M	C, I, M	C, I, A, M	
PQFP 208				C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M
PQFP 240						C, I, A, M
VQFP 80	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M				
VQFP 100			C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M		
TQFP 176			C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	
PBGA 272						C, I, M
CQFP 172				C, M, B		
CQFP 208						C, M, B
CQFP 256						C, M, B
CPGA 132			C, M, B			

Note: C = Commercial
 I = Industrial
 A = Automotive
 M = Military
 B = MIL-STD-883 Class B

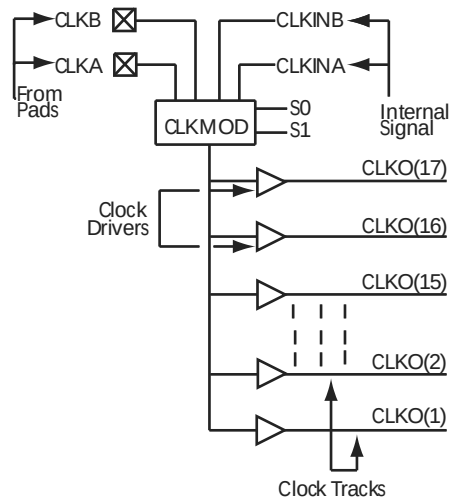
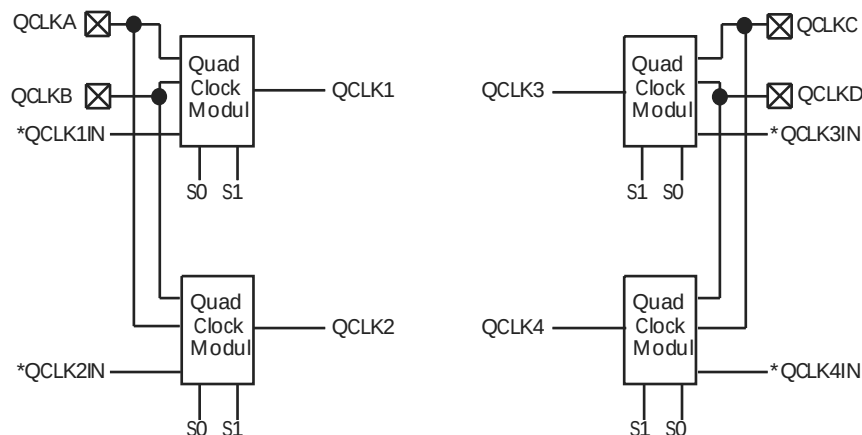
2.7 Speed Grade Offerings

Table 5 • Speed Grade Offerings

	– F	Std	–1	–2	–3
C	P	P	P	P	P
I		P	P	P	P
A		P			
M		P	P		
B		P	P		

Note: See the 40MX and 42MX Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet for details on automotive-grade MX offerings.

Contact your local *Microsemi Sales representative* for device availability.

Figure 8 • Clock Networks of 42MX Devices**Figure 9 • Quadrant Clock Network of A42MX36 Devices**

Note: *QCLK1IN, QCLK2IN, QCLK3IN, and QCLK4IN are internally-generated signals.

3.2.5 MultiPlex I/O Modules

42MX devices feature Multiplex I/Os and support 5.0 V, 3.3 V, and mixed 3.3 V/5.0 V operations.

The MultiPlex I/O modules provide the interface between the device pins and the logic array. Figure 10, page 12 is a block diagram of the 42MX I/O module. A variety of user functions, determined by a library macro selection, can be implemented in the module. (See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more information.) All 42MX I/O modules contain tristate buffers, with input and output latches that can be configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation.

All 42MX devices contain flexible I/O structures, where each output pin has a dedicated output-enable control (Figure 10, page 12). The I/O module can be used to latch input or output data, or both, providing fast set-up time. In addition, the Designer software tools can build a D-type flip-flop using a C-module combined with an I/O module to register input and output signals. See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more details.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also offer selectable PCI output drives, enabling 100% compliance with version 2.1 of the PCI specification. For low-power systems, all inputs and outputs are turned off to reduce current consumption to below 500 μ A.

To achieve 5.0 V or 3.3 V PCI-compliant output drives on A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices, a chip-wide PCI fuse is programmed via the Device Selection Wizard in the Designer software (Figure 11, page 12). When the PCI fuse is not programmed, the output drive is standard.

3.4.9 JTAG Mode Activation

The JTAG test logic circuit is activated in the Designer software by selecting **Tools > Device Selection**. This brings up the Device Selection dialog box as shown in the following figure. The JTAG test logic circuit can be enabled by clicking the “Reserve JTAG Pins” check box. The following table explains the pins' behavior in either mode.

Figure 15 • Device Selection Wizard

Table 11 • Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality

Reserve JTAG	Checked	Unchecked
TCK	BST input; must be terminated to logical HIGH or LOW to avoid floating	User I/O
TDI, TMS	BST input; may float or be tied to HIGH	User I/O
TDO	BST output; may float or be connected to TDI of another device	User I/O

3.4.10 TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset

An active reset (TRST) pin is not supported; however, MX devices contain power-on circuitry that resets the boundary scan circuitry upon power-up. Also, the TMS pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This allows the TAP controller to remain in or return to the Test-Logic-Reset state when there is no input or when a logical 1 is on the TMS pin. To reset the controller, TMS must be HIGH for at least five TCK cycles.

3.4.11 Boundary Scan Description Language (BSDL) File

Conforming to the IEEE Standard 1149.1 requires that the operation of the various JTAG components be documented. The BSDL file provides the standard format to describe the JTAG components that can be used by automatic test equipment software. The file includes the instructions that are supported, instruction bit pattern, and the boundary-scan chain order. For an in-depth discussion on BSDL files, see the *BSDL Files Format Description* application note.

BSDL files are grouped into two categories - generic and device-specific. The generic files assign all user I/Os as inouts. Device-specific files assign user I/Os as inputs, outputs or inouts.

Generic files for MX devices are available on the Microsemi SoC Product Group's website:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/bsdl.html>.

3.5 Development Tool Support

The MX family of FPGAs is fully supported by Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE). Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes SynplifyPro from Synopsys, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics® and Viewdraw.

Libero IDE includes place-and-route and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development, including timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor.

Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Microsemi's integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Libero software is the SmartGen macro builder, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design.

Microsemi's Libero software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synopsys, and Cadence design systems.

See the Libero IDE web content at www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx for further information on licensing and current operating system support.

3.6 Related Documents

The following sections give the list of related documents which can be referred for this datasheet.

3.6.1 Application Notes

- *AC278: BSDL Files Format Description*
- *AC225: Programming Antifuse Devices*
- *AC168: Implementation of Security in Microsemi Antifuse FPGAs*

3.6.2 User Guides and Manuals

- *Antifuse Macro Library Guide*
- *Silicon Sculptor Programmers User Guide*

3.6.3 Miscellaneous

Libero IDE Flow Diagram

3.7 5.0 V Operating Conditions

The following tables show 5.0 V operating conditions.

Table 12 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	−0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	−0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	−0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	−65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

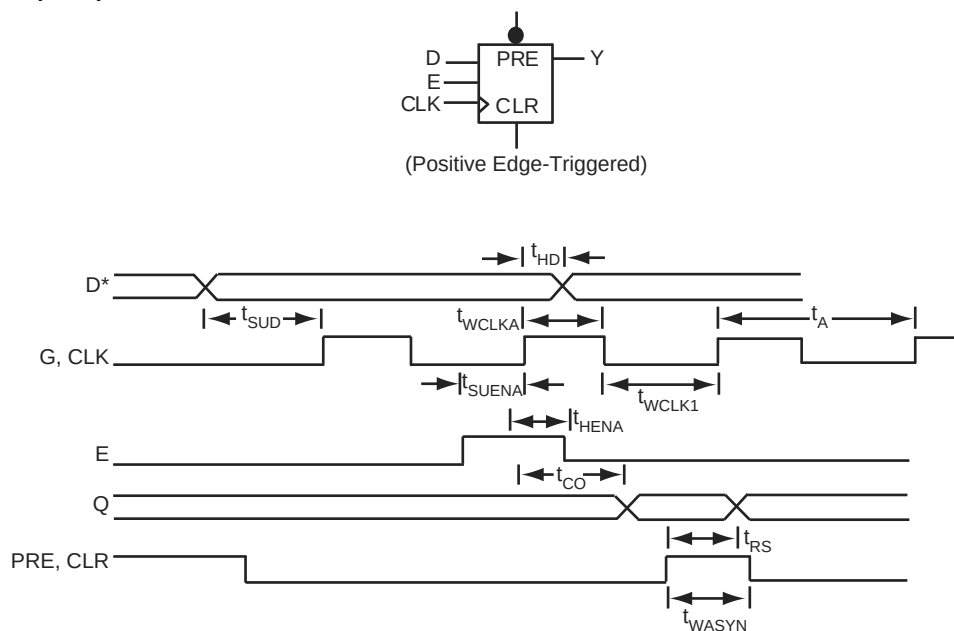
Table 13 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	−0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	−0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	−0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	−0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	−65 to +150	°C

3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

Figure 25 • Flip-Flops and Latches



Note: *D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

Figure 26 • Input Buffer Latches

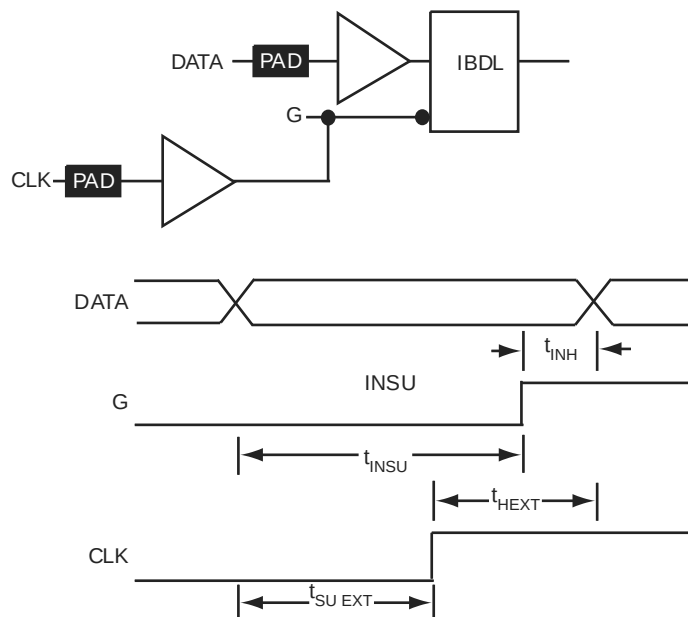
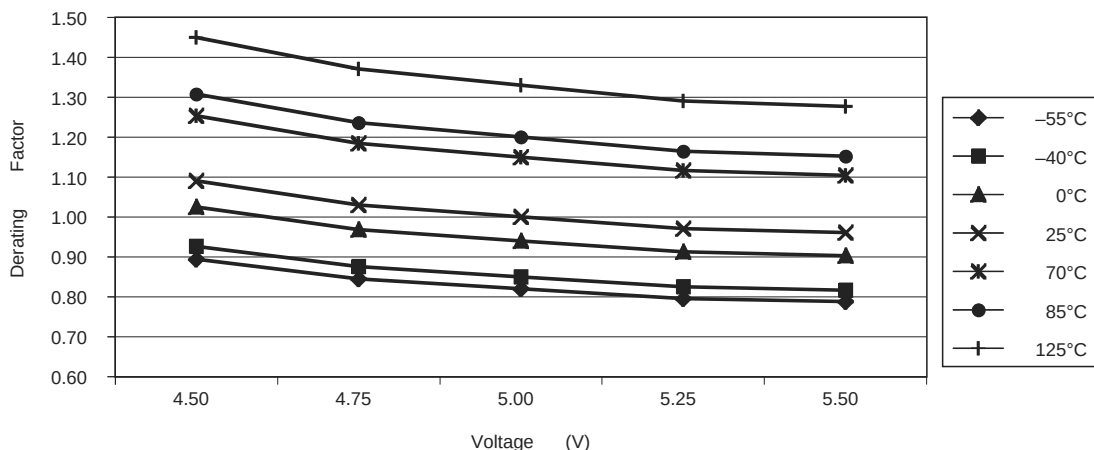
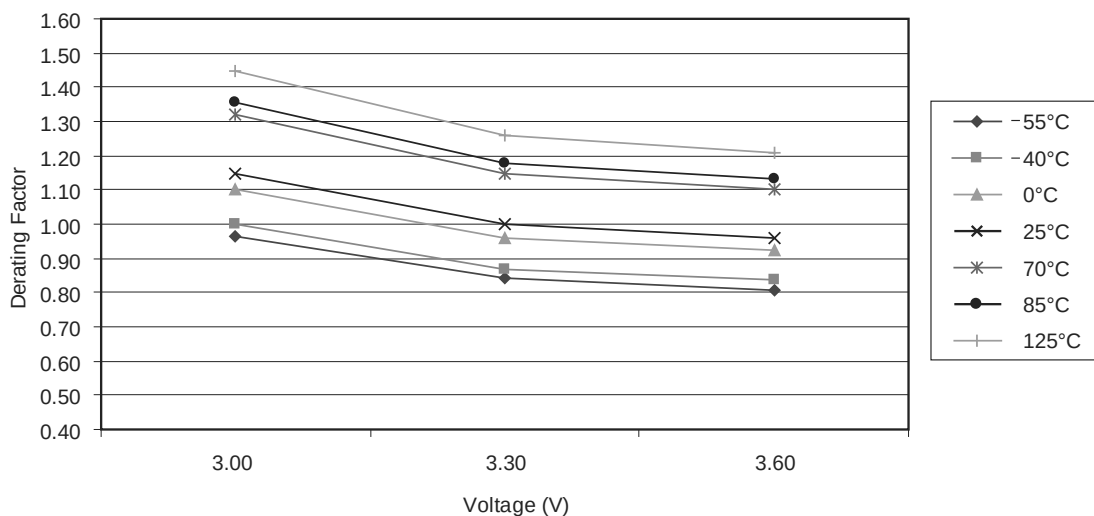


Figure 35 • 40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 30 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	0.97	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.32	1.36	1.45
3.30	0.84	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.26
3.60	0.81	0.84	0.92	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.21

Figure 36 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 31 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	1.08	1.12	1.21	1.26	1.50	1.64	2.00
3.30	0.86	0.89	0.96	1.00	1.19	1.30	1.59

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.1		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.8	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.5		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions ¹												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		2.0		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.1		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.7		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.3	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.0		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.1		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.7	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.8		3.7		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)												
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up	0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.8		ns
t _{RENH}	Read Enable Hold	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up	3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0		ns
t _{BENH}	Block Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Asynchronous SRAM Operations												
t _{RPD}	Asynchronous Access Time		11.3		12.6		14.3		16.8		23.5	ns
t _{RDADV}	Read Address Valid	12.3		13.7		15.5		18.2		25.5		ns
t _{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.8		ns
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RENSUA}	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid	0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.8		ns
t _{RENHA}	Read Enable Hold	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{DOH}	Data Out Hold Time		1.8		2.0		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5		7.3		8.2		9.7		13.5		ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		3.2		3.5		4.1		4.8		6.7		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	4.6		5.1		5.7		6.7		9.3		ns
		FO = 635	5.0		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.3		ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	5.3		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0		ns
		FO = 635	6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1		ns
		FO = 635	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1		ns
		FO = 635	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.2		ns
		FO = 635	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.2		ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 635	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	4.0		4.4		5.0		5.9		8.2		ns
		FO = 635	4.6		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.6		ns
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	9.2		10.2		11.1		12.7		21.2		ns
		FO = 635	9.9		11.0		12.0		13.8		23.0		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Datapath Frequency	FO = 32	108		98		90		79		47		MHz
		FO = 635	100		91		83		73		44		MHz
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.2		8.6		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.2		4.7		5.5		7.7		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.34		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3		ns
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3		ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2		ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2		ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5		ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO} Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5	ns
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3	ns
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t _{GLH} G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{GHL} G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{LSU} I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH} I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO} I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK, I/O Diagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

I/O, Input/Output

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
10	I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	NC	MODE	MODE	MODE
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	VCCA	VCCI	VCCI
23	I/O	VCCI	VCCA	VCCA
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
40	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
46	VCC	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	GND	GND	GND
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND	GND
28	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
29	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	NC	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	NC	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	GND	GND	GND
54	I/O	TMS, I/O	TMS, I/O
55	I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
132	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
133	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O
141	NC	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
150	GND	GND	GND
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	I/O	I/O	I/O
156	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
165	NC	I/O	I/O
166	NC	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 55 • VQ80

VQ80		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
49	I/O	I/O
50	CLK, I/O	CLK, I/O
51	I/O	I/O
52	MODE	MODE
53	VCC	VCC
54	NC	I/O
55	NC	I/O
56	NC	I/O
57	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
58	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
59	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
60	NC	NC
61	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O
68	GND	GND
69	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	VCC	VCC
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O

Figure 47 • VQ100

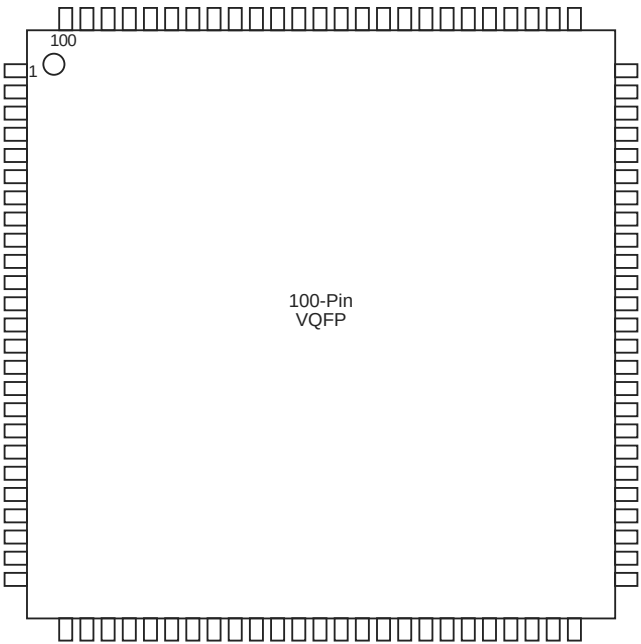


Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	MODE	MODE
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	GND	GND
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	VCCA	NC
15	VCCI	VCCI
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	GND	GND

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	GND
2	VCCA
3	MODE
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	VCCA
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	GND
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	VCCI
29	VCCA
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	VCCA
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
59	I/O
60	VCCA
61	GND
62	GND
63	NC
64	NC
65	NC
66	I/O
67	SDO, TDO, I/O
68	I/O
69	WD, I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	I/O
72	VCCI
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	WD, I/O
77	GND
78	WD, I/O
79	I/O
80	QCLKB, I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	WD, I/O
88	WD, I/O
89	I/O
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	VCCI

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
170	VCCA
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	I/O
179	I/O
180	GND
181	I/O
182	I/O
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	MODE
189	VCCA
190	GND
191	NC
192	NC
193	NC
194	I/O
195	DCLK, I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	WD, I/O
200	WD, I/O
201	VCCI
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	GND

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
244	WD, I/O
245	I/O
246	I/O
247	I/O
248	VCCI
249	I/O
250	WD, I/O
251	WD, I/O
252	I/O
253	SDI, I/O
254	I/O
255	GND
256	NC

Figure 51 • BG272

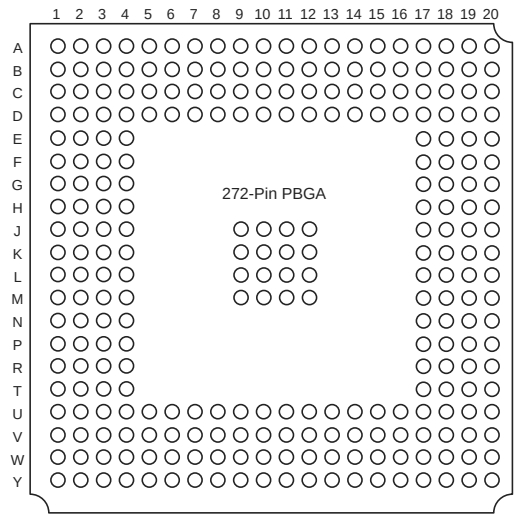


Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	I/O
A4	WD, I/O
A5	I/O

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
B3	I/O
A2	I/O
C3	DCLK
B5	GND A
E12	GND A
J2	GND A
M9	GND A
B9	GND I
C5	GND I
E11	GND I
F4	GND I
J3	GND I
J11	GND I
L5	GND I
L9	GND I
C9	GND Q
E3	GND Q
K12	GND Q
D7	VCCA
G3	VCCA
G10	VCCA
L7	VCCA
C7	VCCI
G2	VCCI
G11	VCCI
K7	VCCI