Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	69
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	80-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx04-2vqg80

- VCCA = Power supply in volts (V)
- F = Switching frequency in megahertz (MHz)

3.4.4 Equivalent Capacitance

Equivalent capacitance is calculated by measuring ICCactive at a specified frequency and voltage for each circuit component of interest. Measurements have been made over a range of frequencies at a fixed value of VCC. Equivalent capacitance is frequency-independent, so the results can be used over a wide range of operating conditions. Equivalent capacitance values are shown below.

3.4.5 C_{EQ} Values for Microsemi MX FPGAs

Modules (C_{EQM})3.5

Input Buffers (C_{EQI})6.9

Output Buffers (C_{EQO})18.2

Routed Array Clock Buffer Loads (C_{EQCR})1.4

To calculate the active power dissipated from the complete design, the switching frequency of each part of the logic must be known. The equation below shows a piece-wise linear summation over all components.

$$\text{Power} = VCCA^2 * [(m \times C_{EQM} * f_m)_{modules} + (n * C_{EQI} * f_n)_{inputs} + (p * (C_{EQO} + C_L) * f_p)_{outputs} +$$
$$0.5 * (q_1 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q1})_{routed\_Clk1} + (r_1 * f_{q1})_{routed\_Clk1} +$$
$$0.5 * (q_2 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q2})_{routed\_Clk2} + (r_2 * f_{q2})_{routed\_Clk2} (2)]$$

EQ 3

where:

m = Number of logic modules switching at frequency f_m

n = Number of input buffers switching at frequency f_n

p = Number of output buffers switching at frequency f_p

q_1 = Number of clock loads on the first routed array clock

q_2 = Number of clock loads on the second routed array clock

r_1 = Fixed capacitance due to first routed array clock

r_2 = Fixed capacitance due to second routed array clock

C_{EQM} = Equivalent capacitance of logic modules in pF

C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF

C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF

C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of routed array clock in pF

C_L = Output load capacitance in pF

f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz

f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz

f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz

f_{q1} = Average first routed array clock rate in MHz

Each I/O cell has three boundary-scan register cells, each with a serial-in, serial-out, parallel-in, and parallel-out pin. The serial pins are used to serially connect all the boundary-scan register cells in a device into a boundary-scan register chain, which starts at the TDI pin and ends at the TDO pin. The parallel ports are connected to the internal core logic tile and the input, output and control ports of an I/O buffer to capture and load data into the register to control or observe the logic state of each I/O.

Figure 14 • **42MX IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan Circuitry**

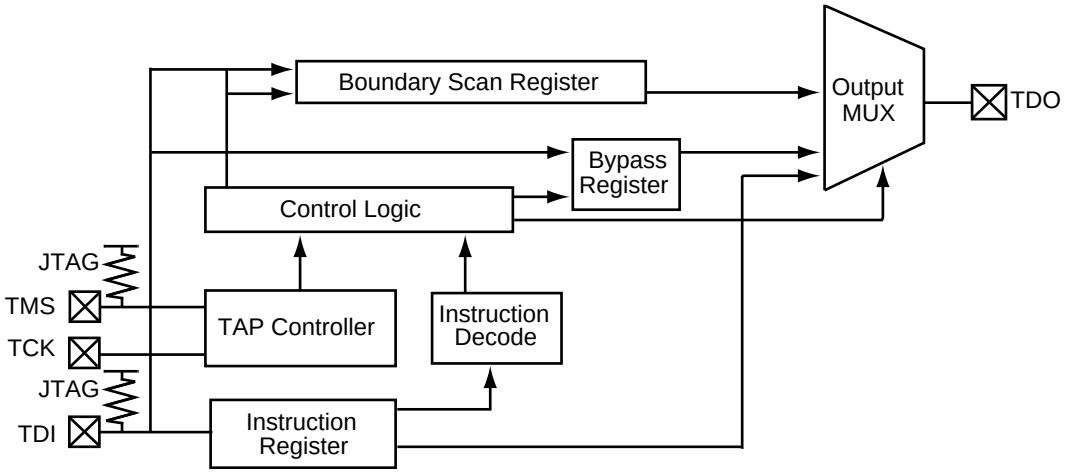

Table 9 • **Test Access Port Descriptions**

Port	Description
TMS (Test Mode Select)	Serial input for the test logic control bits. Data is captured on the rising edge of the test logic clock (TCK).
TCK (Test Clock Input)	Dedicated test logic clock used serially to shift test instruction, test data, and control inputs on the rising edge of the clock, and serially to shift the output data on the falling edge of the clock. The maximum clock frequency for TCK is 20 MHz.
TDI (Test Data Input)	Serial input for instruction and test data. Data is captured on the rising edge of the test logic clock.
TDO (Test Data Output)	Serial output for test instruction and data from the test logic. TDO is set to an Inactive Drive state (high impedance) when data scanning is not in progress.

Table 10 • **Supported BST Public Instructions**

Instruction	IR Code (IR2.IR0)	Instruction Type	Description
EXTEST	000	Mandatory	Allows the external circuitry and board-level interconnections to be tested by forcing a test pattern at the output pins and capturing test results at the input pins.
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	001	Mandatory	Allows a snapshot of the signals at the device pins to be captured and examined during operation
HIGH Z	101	Optional	Tristates all I/Os to allow external signals to drive pins. See the IEEE Standard 1149.1 specification.
CLAMP	110	Optional	Allows state of signals driven from component pins to be determined from the Boundary-Scan Register. See the IEEE Standard 1149.1 specification for details.
BYPASS	111	Mandatory	Enables the bypass register between the TDI and TDO pins. The test data passes through the selected device to adjacent devices in the test chain.

3.4.9 JTAG Mode Activation

The JTAG test logic circuit is activated in the Designer software by selecting **Tools > Device Selection**. This brings up the Device Selection dialog box as shown in the following figure. The JTAG test logic circuit can be enabled by clicking the “Reserve JTAG Pins” check box. The following table explains the pins' behavior in either mode.

Figure 15 • **Device Selection Wizard**

Table 11 • **Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality**

Reserve JTAG	Checked	Unchecked
TCK	BST input; must be terminated to logical HIGH or LOW to avoid floating	User I/O
TDI, TMS	BST input; may float or be tied to HIGH	User I/O
TDO	BST output; may float or be connected to TDI of another device	User I/O

3.4.10 TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset

An active reset (TRST) pin is not supported; however, MX devices contain power-on circuitry that resets the boundary scan circuitry upon power-up. Also, the TMS pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This allows the TAP controller to remain in or return to the Test-Logic-Reset state when there is no input or when a logical 1 is on the TMS pin. To reset the controller, TMS must be HIGH for at least five TCK cycles.

3.4.11 Boundary Scan Description Language (BSDL) File

Conforming to the IEEE Standard 1149.1 requires that the operation of the various JTAG components be documented. The BSDL file provides the standard format to describe the JTAG components that can be used by automatic test equipment software. The file includes the instructions that are supported, instruction bit pattern, and the boundary-scan chain order. For an in-depth discussion on BSDL files, see the *BSDL Files Format Description* application note.

BSDL files are grouped into two categories - generic and device-specific. The generic files assign all user I/Os as inouts. Device-specific files assign user I/Os as inputs, outputs or inouts.

Generic files for MX devices are available on the Microsemi SoC Product Group's website:

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/bsdl.html.

3.5 Development Tool Support

The MX family of FPGAs is fully supported by Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE). Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes SynplifyPro from Synopsys, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics® and Viewdraw.

Libero IDE includes place-and-route and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development, including timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor.

3.8.1 3.3 V LVTTL Electrical Specifications

Table 19 • **3.3V LVTTL Electrical Specifications**

		Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
VOH[1]	IOH = –4 mA	2.15		2.15		2.4		2.4		V
VOL[1]	IOL = 6 mA		0.4		0.4		0.48		0.48	V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX)		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL			–10		–10		–10		–10	µA
IIH			–10		–10		–10		–10	µA
Input Transition Time, T_R and T_F			500		500		500		500	ns
C_{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC[2]	A40MX02, A40MX04		3		25		10		25	mA
	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		15		25		25		25	mA
Low-Power Mode Standby Current	42MX devices only		0.5		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0	mA
IIO, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the *IBIS model* (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min.
2. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND.

3.9 Mixed 5.0 V / 3.3 V Operating Conditions (for 42MX Devices Only)

Table 20 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings***

Symbol	**Parameter**	**Limits**	**Units**
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCCA +0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI + 0.5	V
t_{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device

Figure 22 • **AC Test Loads**

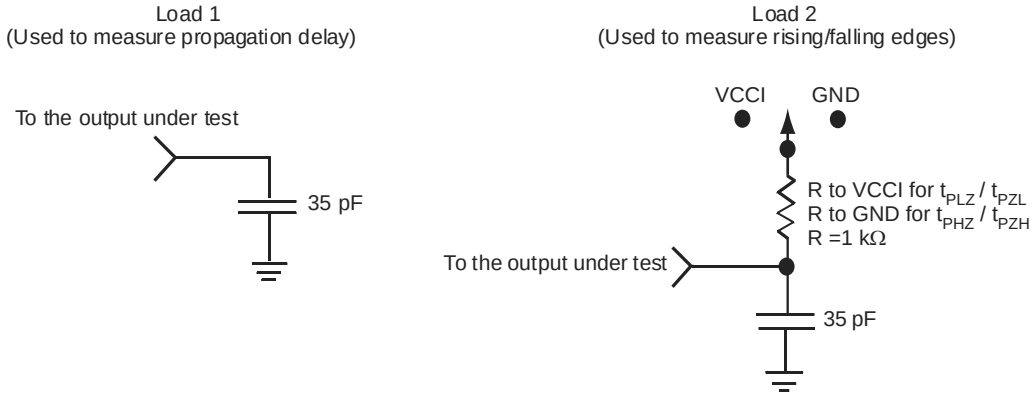

Figure 23 • **Input Buffer Delays**

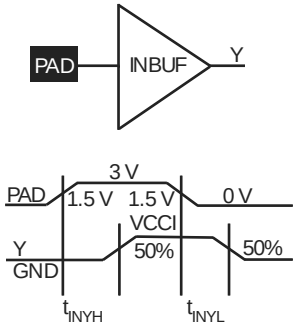

Figure 24 • **Module Delays**

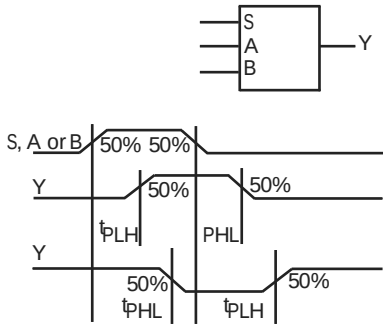

Table 38 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	3.5		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		268		244		224		195		117	MHz

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.5		1.6		1.8		2.17		3.0	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			1.2		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.4	ns
t_{INGH}	G to Y HIGH			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{INGL}	G to Y LOW			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.1		4.5		5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
		FO = 256		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.7		9.3	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.0		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
		FO = 256		5.4		6.0		6.8		8.0		11.2	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
		FO = 256		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
		FO = 256	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.5		7.6		ns
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	5.6		6.2		6.7		7.8		12.9		ns
		FO = 256	6.1		6.8		7.4		8.5		14.2		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		177		161		148		129		77	MHz
		FO = 256		161		146		135		117		70	MHz

Table 40 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3,4]													
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency			215		195		179		156		94	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.1		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t_{INGH}	G to Y HIGH			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{INGL}	G to Y LOW			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		4.0	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			2.6		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			3.6		4.0		4.6		5.4		7.5	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
		FO = 384		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
		FO = 384		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns

Table 40 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
		FO = 384		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 384	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.1		5.5		4.1		5.7		ns
		FO = 384	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	4.2		4.67		5.1		5.8		9.7		ns
		FO = 384	4.6		5.1		5.6		6.4		10.7		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		237		215		198		172		103	MHz
		FO = 384		215		195		179		156		94	MHz

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t_{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t_{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns

Table 43 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.2		3.6		4.0		4.8		6.6	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			4.8		5.3		6.1		7.1		10.0	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.4		4.8		5.5		6.5		9.1	ns
		FO = 486		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		10.0	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.1		5.7		6.4		7.6		10.6	ns
		FO = 486		6.0		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.0		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.0		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6	ns
		FO = 486		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 486	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.0		4.4		5.0		5.9		8.3	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			3.9		4.4		5.0		5.8		8.2	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.2		8.0		9.1		10.7		14.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			6.7		7.5		8.5		9.9		13.9	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns

Table 48 • **PL68**

PL68		
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**
24	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	VCC
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	VCC	VCC
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O
52	CLK, I/O	CLK, I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	MODE	MODE
55	VCC	VCC
56	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
57	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
58	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
59	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
60	I/O	I/O

Table 51 • **PQ144**

PQ144	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	GNDQ
10	GNDI
11	NC
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	VSV
19	VCC
20	VCCI
21	NC
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	I/O
28	GND
29	GNDI
30	NC
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	BININ
38	BINOUT
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O

Table 52 • **PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
21	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
24	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
25	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	NC	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
30	GND	GND	GND
31	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	VCCI	VCCI
36	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
37	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
38	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	GND	GND	GND
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	VCCA	VCCA
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
58	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	NC	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	QCLKA, I/O
66	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
67	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
68	NC	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	GND	GND	GND
79	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
80	NC	VCCI	VCCI
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
86	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	NC	I/O	I/O
90	NC	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	QCLKB, I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
94	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
132	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
133	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O
141	NC	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
150	GND	GND	GND
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	I/O	I/O	I/O
156	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
165	NC	I/O	I/O
166	NC	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

Table 55 • **VQ80**

VQ80		
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**
13	VCC	VCC
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O
18	NC	I/O
19	NC	I/O
20	VCC	VCC
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	VCC
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O
42	NC	I/O
43	NC	I/O
44	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	GND	GND
48	I/O	I/O

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	QCLKC, I/O
210	I/O
211	WD, I/O
212	WD, I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	WD, I/O
216	WD, I/O
217	I/O
218	PRB, I/O
219	I/O
220	CLKB, I/O
221	I/O
222	GND
223	GND
224	VCCA
225	VCCI
226	I/O
227	CLKA, I/O
228	I/O
229	PRA, I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	WD, I/O
233	WD, I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O
237	I/O
238	I/O
239	I/O
240	QCLKD, I/O
241	I/O
242	WD, I/O
243	GND

Table 61 • **PG132**

PG132	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
F2	I/O
F1	I/O
G1	I/O
G4	VSV
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
J1	I/O
K1	I/O
L1	I/O
K2	I/O
M1	I/O
K3	I/O
L2	I/O
N1	I/O
L3	BININ
M2	BINOUT
N2	I/O
M3	I/O
L4	I/O
N3	I/O
M4	I/O
N4	I/O
M5	I/O
K6	I/O
N5	I/O
N6	I/O
L6	I/O
M6	I/O
M7	I/O
N7	I/O
N8	I/O
M8	I/O
L8	I/O
K8	I/O
N9	I/O