

Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

E·XFI

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	69
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx04-3plg84i

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Power Matters."

Microsemi Corporate Headquarters One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 USA Within the USA: +1 (800) 713-4113 Outside the USA: +1 (949) 380-6100 Fax: +1 (949) 215-4996 Email: sales.support@microsemi.com www.microsemi.com

© 2016 Microsemi Corporation. All rights reserved. Microsemi and the Microsemi logo are trademarks of Microsemi Corporation. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners. Microsemi makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the information contained herein or the suitability of its products and services for any particular purpose, nor does Microsemi assume any liability whatsoever arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit. The products sold hereunder and any other products sold by Microsemi have been subject to limited testing and should not be used in conjunction with mission-critical equipment or applications. Any performance specifications are believed to be reliable but are not verified, and Buyer must conduct and complete all performance and other testing of the products, alone and together with, or installed in, any end-products. Buyer shall not rely on any data and performance specifications or parameters provided by Microsemi. It is the Buyer's responsibility to independently determine suitability of any products and to test and verify the same. The information provided by Microsemi hereunder is provided "as is, where is" and with all faults, and the entire risk associated with such information is entirely with the Buyer. Microsemi does not grant, explicitly or implicitly, to any party any patent rights, licenses, or any other IP rights, whether with regard to such information itself or anything described by such information. Information provided in this document or to any products and services at any time without notice.

About Microsemi

Microsemi Corporation (Nasdaq: MSCC) offers a comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor and system solutions for aerospace & defense, communications, data center and industrial markets. Products include high-performance and radiation-hardened analog mixed-signal integrated circuits, FPGAs, SoCs and ASICs; power management products; timing and synchronization devices and precise time solutions, setting the world's standard for time; voice processing devices; RF solutions; discrete components; enterprise storage and communication solutions, security technologies and scalable anti-tamper products; Ethernet solutions; Power-over-Ethernet ICs and midspans; as well as custom design capabilities and services. Microsemi is headquartered in Aliso Viejo, California, and has approximately 4,800 employees globally. Learn more at www.microsemi.com.



1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 15.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 15.0 of this document.

- Table 15, page 21 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 22, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 23, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

1.2 Revision 14.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 14.0 of this document.

- Added CQFP package information for A42MX16 device in Product Profile, page 1 and Ceramic Device Resources, page 4 (SAR 79522).
- Added Military (M) and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CPGA 132 Package and added Commercial (C), Military (M), and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CQFP 172 Package in Temperature Grade Offerings, page 5 (SAR 79519)
 - Changed Silicon Sculptor II to Silicon Sculptor in Programming, page 12 (SAR 38754)
- Added Figure 53, page 158 CQ172 package (SAR 79522).

1.3 **Revision 13.0**

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 13.0 of this document.

- Added Figure 42, page 97 PQ144 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)
- Added Figure 52, page 153 PQ132 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)

1.4 **Revision 12.0**

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 12.0 of this document.

- Added information on power-up behavior for A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to the Power Supply, page 13 (SAR 42096
- Corrected the inadvertent mistake in the naming of the PL68 pin assignment table (SARs 48999, 49793)

1.5 **Revision 11.0**

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- The FuseLock logo and accompanying text was removed from the User Security, page 12. This marking is no longer used on Microsemi devices (PCN 0915)
- The Development Tool Support, page 19 was updated (SAR 38512)

1.6 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- Ordering Information, page 3 was updated to include lead-free package ordering codes (SAR 21968)
- The User Security, page 12 was revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 34673)



3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45µm triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.



reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 21 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	-40 to +85	-55 to +125	°C
VCCA	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI	3.14 to 3.47	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.



3.9.1 Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

		Com	mercial	Com	mercial –F	Indu	strial	Milit	ary	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VOH ¹	IOH = -10 mA	2.4		2.4						V
	IOH = -4 mA					2.4		2.4		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 10 mA		0.5		0.5					V
	IOL = 6 mA						0.4		0.4	V
VIL		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
VIH ²		2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	V
IL	VIN = 0.5 V		-10		-10		-10		-10	μA
IH	VIN = 2.7 V		-10		-10		-10		-10	μA
Input Transition Time, T_R and T_F			500		500		500		500	ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current,	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
ICC ³	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		20		25		25		25	mA
Low Power Mode Standby Current			0.5		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0	mA

Table 22 • Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

IIO I/O source sink Can be derived from the *IBIS model* (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html) current

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCCI = min.

2. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

3. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCCI or GND

3.9.2 Output Drive Characteristics for 5.0 V PCI Signaling

MX PCI device I/O drivers were designed specifically for high-performance PCI systems. Figure 16, page 28 shows the typical output drive characteristics of the MX devices. MX output drivers are compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification.

Table 23 • DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling)¹

			PCI		MX		
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	4.75	5.25 ²	V
VIH ³	Input High Voltage		2.0	VCC + 0.5	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70		10	μΑ
IIL	Input Low Leakage Current	VIN=0.5 V		-70		-10	μΑ
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = -2 mA IOUT = -6 mA	2.4		3.84		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.55		0.33	V



A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQ176 package at commercial temperature and still air is given in the following equation

MaximumPowerAllowed =
$$\frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (^{\circ}\text{C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (^{\circ}\text{C})}{\theta_{ja}(^{\circ}(\text{C/W}))} = \frac{150^{\circ}\text{C} - 70^{\circ}\text{C}}{(28^{\circ}\text{C})/\text{W}} = 2.86\text{W}$$

EQ 5

The maximum power dissipation for military-grade devices is a function of θ_{jc} . A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for CQFP 208-pin package at military temperature and still air is given in the following equation

MaximumPowerAllowed =
$$\frac{\text{Max · junction temp · (°C) - Max · ambient temp · (°C)}}{\theta_{jc}(°(C/W))} = \frac{150°C - 125°C}{(6.3°C)/W} = 3.97W$$

EQ 6

Table 27 • Package Thermal Characteristics

			θ_{ja}			
Plastic Packages	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft/min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft/min.	Units
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	12.0	27.8	23.4	21.2	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	144	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	160	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	240	8.5	25.6	22.3	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	44	16.0	20.0	24.5	22.0	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	68	13.0	25.0	21.0	19.4	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	84	12.0	22.5	18.9	17.6	°C/W
Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	176	11.0	24.7	19.9	18.0	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	80	12.0	38.2	31.9	29.4	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	10.0	35.3	29.4	27.1	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array	272	3.0	18.3	14.9	13.9	°C/W
Ceramic Packages						
Ceramic Pin Grid Array	132	4.8	25.0	20.6	18.7	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	208	2.0	22.0	19.8	18.0	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	256	2.0	20.0	16.5	15.0	°C/W



Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

			–3 S	beed	–2 S	peed	–1 Sp	eed	Std S	Speed	–F S	peed	
Paramete	er / Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Input Mo	dule Predicted Routir	ng Delays1											
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	/		2.9		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	/		3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	/		4.4		5.0		5.7		6.7		9.4	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	/		5.1		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			8.0		9.3		10.5		12.4		17.2	ns
Global C	lock Network												
t _{СКН}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128		6.4 6.4		7.4 7.4		8.4 8.4		9.9 9.9		13.8 13.8	ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128		6.8 6.8		7.8 7.8		8.9 8.9		10.4 10.4		14.6 14.6	ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	3.1 3.3		3.6 3.8		4.1 4.3		4.8 5.1		6.7 7.1		ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	3.1 3.3		3.6 3.8		4.1 4.3		4.8 5.1		6.7 7.1		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16 FO = 128		0.6 0.8		0.6 0.9		0.7 1.0		0.8 1.2		1.2 1.6	ns
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 16 FO = 128	6.5 6.8		7.5 7.8		8.5 8.9		10.1 10.4		14.1 14.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16 FO = 128		113 109		105 101		96 92		83 80		50 48	MHz
TTL Outp	put Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIG	4		5.2		6.0		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW	1		6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to 2	Z		11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to 2	7		8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF



Table 38 •A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued) (Worst-Case Commercial
Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

		–3 Sp	beed	–2 Sp	beed	–1 Sp	beed	Std S	Speed	–F S	peed	
Paramet	ter / Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	3.5		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency	у	268		244		224		195		117	MHz



Table 42 •A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued) (Worst-Case Commercial
Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

		–3 S	peed	–2 Sp	beed	–1 S	peed	Std S	peed	–F S	peed	
Paramete	er / Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Input Mo	dule Propagation Delays											
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns



Table 42 •A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued) (Worst-Case Commercial
Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

			-3 S	peed	–2 Sp	beed	–1 S	peed	Std S	peed	–F S	peed	
Parameter	r / Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Input Mod	ule Predicted Routing	Delays ²											
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
Global Clo	ock Network												
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32 FO = 486		2.6 2.9		2.9 3.2		3.3 3.6		3.9 4.3		5.4 5.9	ns ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32 FO = 486		3.7 4.3		4.1 4.7		4.6 5.4		5.4 6.3		7.6 8.8	ns ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32 FO = 486	2.2 2.4		2.4 2.6		2.7 3.0		3.2 3.5		4.5 4.9		ns ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32 FO = 486	2.2 2.4		2.4 2.6		2.7 3.0		3.2 3.5		4.5 4.9		ns ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32 FO = 486		0.5 0.5		0.6 0.6		0.7 0.7		0.8 0.8		1.1 1.1	ns ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32 FO = 486	0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		ns ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32 FO = 486	2.8 3.3		3.1 3.7		3.5 4.2		4.1 4.9		5.7 6.9		ns ns
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32 FO = 486	4.7 5.1		5.2 5.7		5.7 6.2		6.5 7.1		10.9 11.9		ns ns



Input, output, tristate or bidirectional buffer. Input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL and CMOS specifications. Unused I/Os pins are configured by the Designer software as shown in Table 46, page 84.

Device	Configuration
A40MX02, A40MX04	Pulled LOW
A42MX09, A42MX16	Pulled LOW
A42MX24, A42MX36	Tristated

Table 46 • Configuration of Unused I/Os

In all cases, it is recommended to tie all unused MX I/O pins to LOW on the board. This applies to all dual-purpose pins when configured as I/Os as well.

LP, Low Power Mode

Controls the low power mode of all 42MX devices. The device is placed in the low power mode by connecting the LP pin to logic HIGH. In low power mode, all I/Os are tristated, all input buffers are turned OFF, and the core of the device is turned OFF. To exit the low power mode, the LP pin must be set LOW. The device enters the low power mode 800 ns after the LP pin is driven to a logic HIGH. It will resume normal operation in 200 µs after the LP pin is driven to a logic LOW.

MODE, Mode

Controls the use of multifunction pins (DCLK, PRA, PRB, SDI, TDO). The MODE pin is held HIGH to provide verification capability. The MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a $10k\Omega$ resistor so that the MODE pin can be pulled HIGH when required.

NC, No Connection

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

PRA, I/O

PRB, I/OProbe A/B

The Probe pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. Each diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the other probe pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when verification has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality. The Probe pin is accessible when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

QCLKA/B/C/D, I/O Quadrant Clock

Quadrant clock inputs for A42MX36 devices. When not used as a register control signal, these pins can function as user I/Os.

SDI, I/OSerial Data Input

Serial data input for diagnostic probe and device programming. SDI is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

SDO, I/OSerial Data Output

Serial data output for diagnostic probe and device programming. SDO is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW. SDO is available for 42MX devices only.

When Silicon Explorer II is being used, SDO will act as an output while the "checksum" command is run. It will return to user I/O when "checksum" is complete.

TCK, I/O Test Clock



Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O



<i>Table 54</i> • PQ240	
PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
126	WD, I/O
127	I/O
128	VCCI
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	I/O
132	WD, I/O
133	WD, I/O
134	I/O
135	QCLKB, I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	WD, I/O
143	WD, I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	VCCI
151	VCCA
152	GND
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	I/O
159	WD, I/O
160	WD, I/O
161	I/O
162	I/O



VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	VCCA	VCCA
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O
50	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O
51	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	GND	GND
56	I/O	I/O



Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	VCCI	VCCI
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
57	NC	NC	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
60	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	NC	I/O	I/O
67	GND	GND	GND
68	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
69	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
70	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	NC	WD, I/O
78	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	NC	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	NC	VCCI	VCCI
83	I/O	I/O	I/O



CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	GND
2	VCCA
3	MODE
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	VCCA
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	GND
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	VCCI
29	VCCA
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	VCCA
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O



CQ208		
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function	
185	I/O	
186	CLKB, I/O	
187	I/O	
188	PRB, I/O	
189	I/O	
190	WD, I/O	
191	WD, I/O	
192	I/O	
193	I/O	
194	WD, I/O	
195	WD, I/O	
196	QCLKC, I/O	
197	I/O	
198	I/O	
199	I/O	
200	I/O	
201	I/O	
202	VCCI	
203	WD, I/O	
204	WD, I/O	
205	I/O	
206	I/O	
207	DCLK, I/O	
208	I/O	



Table 60 • BG272	
BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
V16	I/O
V17	I/O
V18	SDO, TDO, I/O
V19	I/O
V20	I/O
W1	GND
W2	GND
W3	I/O
W4	TMS, I/O
W5	I/O
W6	I/O
W7	I/O
W8	WD, I/O
W9	WD, I/O
W10	I/O
W11	I/O
W12	I/O
W13	WD, I/O
W14	I/O
W15	I/O
W16	WD, I/O
W17	I/O
W18	WD, I/O
W19	GND
W20	GND
Y1	GND
Y2	GND
Y3	I/O
Y4	TDI, I/O
Y5	WD, I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	QCLKA, I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O
Y12	I/O



Table 61 • PG132 PG132		
N10	I/O	
M10	I/O	
N11	I/O	
L10	I/O	
M11	I/O	
N12	SDO	
M12	I/O	
L11	I/O	
N13	I/O	
M13	I/O	
K11	I/O	
L12	I/O	
L13	I/O	
K13	I/O	
H10	I/O	
J12	I/O	
J13	I/O	
H11	I/O	
H12	I/O	
H13	VKS	
G13	VPP	



<i>Table 61</i> • PG132	
PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
G12	VSV
F13	I/O
F12	I/O
F11	I/O
F10	I/O
E13	I/O
D13	I/O
D12	I/O
C13	I/O
B13	I/O
D11	I/O
C12	I/O
A13	I/O
C11	I/O
B12	SDI
B11	I/O
C10	I/O
A12	I/O
A11	I/O
B10	I/O
D8	I/O
A10	I/O
C8	I/O
A9	I/O
B8	PRBA
A8	I/O
B7	CLKA
A7	I/O
B6	CLKB
A6	I/O
C6	PRBB
A5	I/O
D6	I/O
A4	I/O
B4	I/O
A3	I/O
C4	I/O